

SOME NEWS NOTES OF THE CITY

Charles V. Aspinwall of Seattle was a business visitor in Olympia Friday afternoon.

Dr. Henri L. Petit and wife of Chehalis called on friends in Olympia Sunday evening.

Victor McKenzie and Joseph Ramsauer of this city went to California this week to visit the expositions.

Miss Bess Van Eaton went to Rochester the fore part of this week to visit her sister, Mrs. George A. Wright.

Mr. and Mrs. Leopold F. Schmidt, Jr., and family moved to their summer home down the bay at Butler's cove this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Grant Talcott left Wednesday for tour through California, during which they expect to visit San Francisco and Los Angeles.

Mr. and Mrs. F. M. McKinney of West Eighteenth street had as recent guests Miss Emma McKinney of Waltsburg and Mrs. Howard Ford of California.

Miss Rosa Ficken of Sherwood, Ore., has arrived in Olympia for an indefinite stay at the home of Rev. Mr. Ficken.

In one of the classiest games of the season, the Olympia Senators, with Boatman pitching, defeated the Jaffe team from Seattle by a score of 3 to 0 last Sunday.

Some 70 persons, comprising members of the Olympia Motorboat club and their friends, participated in the first regatta of the season at Boston Harbor last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. M. W. Washington and son Samuel returned to their home in Coulee City Wednesday, after spending a few days here as the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Preston Uhler.

Mr. John Alexander, Dr. J. H. Johnson and father, of Chehalis, and Miss Johnson of Seattle spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. O. A. Torgerson.

M. Kramer of Los Angeles, Calif., is visiting his son, Martin, and expects to spend about two months here, after which he will go to Vancouver, B. C., to visit relatives there.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. McCann have gone to Louisville, Ky., where the former's relatives live, on account of his health. Mr. McCann was employed in the freight office at Percival's dock for several years.

County Superintendent L. A. Kibbe spent two days at Puyallup this week, attending the superintendents' session of the summer school.

Frank M. Kenney, cashier of the Olympia National bank, contributed an instructive article on fire insurance to the current number of the Pacific Northwest Banker, a Seattle publication, which refers to him most highly.

Forty thousand baby cutthroat trout were "planted" in feeding pens in the Des Chutes river by the county game commission last Friday and 40,000 more will be "planted" soon. They are furnished from the state hatcheries.

A 10-pound baby girl was born last Thursday to Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Wood of Seattle. Mrs. Wood was formerly Miss Margaret Eastman of this city, niece of Mrs. Walter Crosby.

Dr. and Mrs. J. W. Mowell had as their guests this week Mrs. Mowell's brother, Roderick Sprague, and wife, former Olympia residents who have been living on a ranch near White Bluffs for the last four or five years.

After visiting his sister, Mrs. George H. Menke, at Sacramento and taking in the San Francisco exposition, Hugh Ross, the druggist returned home last Saturday from a month's California trip.

Quite a number of the prominent club women of Olympia went to Tacoma last Saturday night to hear the lecture delivered by Mrs. Percy V. Pennybacker of Austin, Texas, president of the national organization of Women's clubs.

Only two persons have been convicted of violating the game laws in this county so far this year, compared with 60 last year, which leads Game Warden James Fennell to believe that hunters and fishermen are paying more attention to the law this year.

NOTE TO GERMANY WILL BE SPECIFIC

Continued From Page One

reference to Germany's refusal to allow the sinking of the Lusitania.

Something Specific Expected.

Something much more specific and positive than has yet been said in the notes which the United States has sent since the submarine war zone was declared is now expected.

Officials gave the impression that there would be no further argument on the principles involved, that the note would be very brief and state a general policy which the American government intends to follow with respect to violations that have already occurred, or shall take place in the war zone.

In German quarters here the situation is not viewed as critical. Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, believes that the way to further negotiations has been opened by the emphasis which Germany in its note placed upon the establishment of the freedom of the seas.

Disappointment Apparent Immediately.

The air of disappointment over the note pervaded official circles immediately after its publication for, although eloquent in its protestations of friendship for America, it flatly rejected every vital thing the president had demanded and left all disputed points in connection with Germany's submarine warfare just as they were when the Lusitania was sunk. Germany, in fact, not only assumes all responsibility for that disaster but defended it in the note, declaring it to have been a necessary reprisal for England's method of war against her.

On no material point did Germany make any concession. She stands squarely on her declaration that her submarine warfare was forced on her by her enemies. She says her national existence depends on its continuance. She admits the desirability of protecting neutrals but declares she has promised already all she can do in this connection.

Stripped of diplomatic language, it was recognized that the German note was a refusal to modify her submarine warfare. The kaiser's position is that all enemy shipping is fair prey for his under-sea boats. He declares his enemies "have obliterated all distinctions between merchant and war craft."

Claiming this, he enunciates a new principle of international law—that the imperial government is "unable to admit that American citizens can protect any enemy ship through the mere fact of their presence on board."

Important Features of Note. The chief points in the note were: England practically completely intercepted legitimate neutral navigation to Germany. Thus Germany was driven to submarine war on trade.

Since March 1 England has been taking from neutral ships without further formality all merchandise proceeding to Germany, as well as all merchandise coming from Germany, even when neutral property.

The German people are now to be given the choice of perishing from starvation, with their women and children, or of relinquishing their independence.

We are conducting a war in self-defense for our national existence and for the sake of a peace of an assured permanency.

It is the sacred duty of the imperial government to do all in its power to protect and save the lives of German subjects.

If the Lusitania had been spared, thousands of cases of ammunitions would have been sent to Germany's enemies and thereby thousands of German mothers and children robbed of their bread-winners.

American ships will not be hindered in the prosecution of legitimate shipping.

Lives of American citizens in neutral vessels shall not be placed in jeopardy.

The imperial government is unable to admit that American citizens can protect an enemy ship through the mere fact of their presence on board.

While the note was being received with great disappointment in official circles in this country, Germany was jubilant over it, one official being quoted as saying:

"Germany has not granted everything that America asked, but she has conceded all that should reasonably be expected of her. We are confident that the German reply will meet with approval at Washington and that the negotiations shortly will be satisfactorily ended."

Pleading guilty to vagrancy and receiving a sentence of 16 days in the county jail, having already served 16 days, "Boxcar" Kelley, his head still bandaged to protect the wounds inflicted by the Northern Pacific watchman, was relieved of the charge of attempting to rob the Northern Pacific depot two weeks ago, after a hearing before Justice Crosby Tuesday afternoon.

\$5

Cotosuet Prize Winners

The judges in the Cotosuet Recipe Contest have awarded prizes as follows:

Jane Wakefield, Olympia, Wash.—\$5 Mrs. W. C. Meacham, Olympia, Wash.—\$5

Read what the prize winners say about Swift's Cotosuet and try their recipes

Swift & Company Gentlemen:—Until lately I always used butter for shortening and basting and frying. It was extravagant. For a time I bought leaf lard and suet and tried them out myself. It was no cheaper and I had my trouble, and the disagreeable odor besides. Butter became so high that I yielded to a friend's urging and tried Cotosuet. She had tried all kinds of shortening and preferred it for everything requiring fat, so I changed to Cotosuet. I find I need less of it than any other shortening. It makes all breads and cakes so tender. It gives off no disagreeable odor when frying. It must be clean and wholesome, or it would not be so good. Yours truly, JANE WAKEFIELD.

Olympia, Wash., June 7, 1915

Swift & Co. Olympia, Wash., June 8, 1915 Dear Sirs:—I have used several hundreds of pounds of your Cotosuet in the last seven years. It is almost perfect for puff paste as it takes the place of butter. I have wished for the privilege of demonstrating cooking with Cotosuet. It is such a good shortening. MRS. W. C. MEACHAM

PLAIN PUFF PASTE

3 cups flour, 1 teaspoonful salt, 1 cup Cotosuet, 1 egg, ¼ cup cold water. Sift flour and salt into bowl. Work in ¼ of the Cotosuet with a knife. Add the beaten egg and water gradually. Do not knead. Divide into parts. Roll out and line deep pie pan with paste. For the tarts use the remainder of paste. Roll out and spread with ¼ cup Cotosuet over the dough evenly. Fold the dough three times until there are three layers and roll. Then fold again three times and roll out. Cut with biscuit cutter and bake 20 minutes.

READY TO USE SAUSAGE Buy cheapest pieces beef and pork, equal quantities. Grind twice. Season with sage, salt and pepper. Make into patties. Fry until underdone keeping pressed flat in frying pan. Cool. Fill crock. Pour melted Cotosuet over and set away for summer use. After using sausage Cotosuet is good as ever for other purposes.

These recipes were prepared to use Swift's Cotosuet. A shortening having different consistency will not give the same satisfactory results. Swift & Company, U. S. A.



WE PAY HIGHEST MARKET PRICES AT ALL TIMES

for First-class Live Poultry, Dressed Veal and Pork.

Call, or Phone 93, 94.

Palace Market Olympia, Wash.

FOR SALE Nice Dry Slab WOOD

\$450 PER LOAD. Call Phone 1675.

HERE'S PROOF.

An Olympia Citizen Tells of His Experience.

You have a right to doubt statements of people living far away but can you doubt Olympia endorsement? Read it:

W. A. Kelly, farmer, R. F. D. No. 2, Olympia, says: "One of my family had severe attacks of backache off and on for several years. Although different medicines were tried, none gave as good results as Doan's Kidney Pills. The user doesn't like to be without them in the house and says they are pleasant to take, act quickly and always give prompt relief." (Statement given Dec. 26, 1907).

OVER FIVE YEARS LATER Mr. Kelly said: "I have used Doan's Kidney Pills myself and have found they are all they are claimed to be." Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Kelly twice recommends. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

To Continue "First Aid" Work. The industrial insurance commission will endeavor to have a field worker of the American Red Cross detailed for permanent "first aid" work in the logging camps of Washington, Commissioner Clarence Parker has announced. The work thus far done by Drs. W. T. Davis and W. N. Lipscomb, with their Red Cross car, is regarded as successful beyond all anticipations of the commission in arranging the tour.

The county commissioners this week set aside \$50 with which to send a girl to the home of the Pacific Coast Rescue and Protection Society in Seattle, where she is to be cared for, and also appropriated \$30 for the burial of Harry Endrass, the lad who prior to his death here June 14 said he was the son of a Valparaiso, Chile, banker. The authorities have been unable to locate his relatives.

SWANTOWN SEWER IS AGAIN IN COURT

LOCAL PROJECT, LONG A STORM CENTER, ENTERS ANOTHER CAREER OF LITIGATION.

With a suit brought by Attorney C. D. King, representing Scott Shaser and other property owners, attacking the validity of the assessment, and with a notice from City Attorney George R. Bigelow that he would appeal from the decision giving Mallory & Martin, the contractors, an "even break" with the city in the receipts from the assessments and the bonds issued, the long-promised fight on the Swantown sewer assessments is under way and this local project, which has been the storm center of litigation for the last three or four years, has entered upon another career of court proceedings.

The principal irregularities in council proceedings alleged in the Shaser suit are that the ordinance passed in 1910 did not specify the abutting property and that much property assessed is not abutting; that the city failed to notify property owners that the work was completed, to permit them to make objections, and that consequently the contract was never finished; that the sewer was constructed in private property and not in public streets and may later be ousted; that the assessment roll was made by outside persons and not the city engineer, as the ordinance required, and that the compromise between the city and the contractors over the amount due the latter, is illegal.

The difficulty between the city and Mallory & Martin over the distribution of cash and bonds arose when neither could agree on which should receive the last series of bonds to be issued, for fear that they might not be paid. The contractors brought suit to compel the city to issue them the first bonds and after a hearing in the local superior court Judge Wright ruled that the cash and bonds should be divided equally. It is from this decision that the city, maintaining that it should receive the first bonds issued in re-payment of the cash it advanced on the project, has served notice it will appeal.

Reports received from Seattle the fore part of the week that two local iron works had been given contracts to make shrapnel for the Russian government, were denied by the proprietors of the concerns, who said they had heard nothing about it.

MARKET REPORTS

(Furnished by Olympia merchants)

THURSDAY, JULY 15.

WHOLESALE.

Beef—Prime beef steers, 12c to 13c per lb. Mutton—13c to 15c. Spring lamb—15c to 16c. Hides—Salted, 9c per lb. Eggs—Strictly fresh, 22 ½ c. Poultry—Average 10c to 12c lb. Dressed pork—8c to 10c per lb. Dressed veal—Small, 9c to 12c. Ranch butter—22 ½ c. Separator butter—27 ½ c. Onions—1 ½ c per lb. New potatoes (local)—\$30 a ton. Oats—\$28 a ton. Wheat—\$31 a ton. Cabbage—\$20 to \$25 ton. Other vegetables—Average, \$1 per 100-lb. sack; \$20 a ton.

RETAIL.

Lard—5-lb. pail, 85c; 10-lb pail, \$1.65. Bacon—25c per lb. Hams—19c per lb. Picnic hams—13c per lb. Flour—\$1.75 per sack. Sugar—13 lbs. for \$1.00; \$7.25 per 100-lb. sack.

Test Suit on Capitol Bonds.

Before attempting issuance of \$1,500,000 of the total \$4,000,000 capitol building bond issue authorized by the last legislature, the state capitol commission will seek legal advice of New York bond experts in regard to a possible test suit to establish the validity of the proposed issue, the commission has decided following a meeting the latter part of last week with representatives of leading bond houses. At this meeting Gwin Hicks, proposing to take \$50,000 worth of the bonds himself, urged the commission to offer the bonds for public subscription. The suggestion was taken under advisement.

Peters to Erect New Building.

Work will be started about August 1 on the new one-story concrete building to be erected by J. L. Peters on the east side of Washington street on the 60x120 foot lot adjoining the alley between Fourth and Fifth streets, and the job of tearing down the old wooden structure now occupying half of the property will be started within the next few days. Plans for the new structure are being drawn by Architect Joseph Wohleb, the front half to be divided into office rooms while the rear will be used as a warehouse by Reder &

The Bank of Service & Courtesy

"Modern Fables"

(The Mountain.)

Sir Bank Account rode through a deep and rocky valley. Here he encountered a man of dejected mien, whose heart was full of bitterness towards all things. "Why must I ever remain in this hot and choking valley," the man complained, "when others, no better than I, hold high carnival and forever rejoice upon yon cool mountain summit?"

"Why do you not join and commingle with them?" asked Sir Bank Account. "Would you not be then as happy as they?"

"I have tried," grieved the unfortunate, "but always have I slipped back into the barren, rocky valley. Can you not point me out an easier way?"

"To the summit of yon mountain height there is no royal road," said the Knight. "You can only win by striving. But this I will tell you: Have you not noticed that all the rocks and briars are near the bottom, and as your vision travels higher the way appears more smooth? The mountain of success is not like the other mountains of the world; the pitfalls, rocks and thorns are all at base. Here is a charm called 'Bank Book' that will give you courage along the way. Take it and try once more to scale the mountain height, and this time persevere."

MORAL: Saving, hard at first, becomes easier as you go along.

Olympia National

The Bank of Service & Courtesy

Phillips' grocery. The building will be equipped with an oil-burning steam heating plant, which will also heat the building at Fifth and Washington streets erected by Mr. Peters a year ago.