

THE RED CLOUD CHIEF.

A. C. ROSENER, Publisher. RED CLOUD, NEBRASKA. CURRENT COMMENT.

EMIN PASHA recently had a relapse. There was a secondary hemorrhage from the ear and great anxiety was felt.

WHEN Congress reassembles President Harrison, it is said, will send a special message adverse to the further coinage of silver.

JOSEPH G. FOX, professor of civil topographical engineering in Lafayette College, Easton, Pa., died the other night of paralysis.

COUNT KAROLYI, formerly Austrian Ambassador to Great Britain and Germany, died suddenly while hunting on his estate at Pressburg, Hungary.

THE Governor of Texas had information recently that a riot was threatened in Tyler County and ordered out the militia to aid the sheriff in keeping the peace.

THE United States Supreme Court has granted the State of Virginia leave to file complaint against the State of Tennessee in regard to the disputed boundary line.

THE Warren Avenue Baptist Church, Boston, has voted to call Rev. George O. Lorimer, D. D., of Chicago, to the pastorate, made vacant by the resignation of Rev. O. P. Gifford.

THE Secretary of the Navy has adopted a new design for the flag of the navy, to take effect July 1, 1891. It will be applied to both the flag and the union jack of the navy and consists of a rectangular arrangement of the forty-two stars.

AT present when a drummer from a foreign country visits Mexico he is compelled to pay a Federal, State and municipal tax, which completely closes him out, as the taxes altogether amount to nearly \$200 a trip in any one State. Mexican buyers have to purchase by catalogue or go abroad in person to procure foreign goods.

HERBERT WARD, the African explorer, denies the story that Major Bartolot was killed by a native because he struck a native woman. Ward says Stanley has been deceived on many points, and that he will probably modify many of his statements about Bartolot and Ward when he learns all the facts.

IN the Western College fire at Toledo, Iowa, the collection of curios of the late S. H. Thomson, of Chicago, was totally destroyed. It cost in cash over \$125,000 and was the property of his brother-in-law, Charles Mason, of Toledo, to whose wife it was bequeathed. Not a single relic of the valuable collection was saved.

REV. MR. TITWORTH, of the New Plymouth Church at Milwaukee, Wis., has made an innovation in the usual Sunday evening services, delivering up his pulpit to laymen, who are permitted to discuss in all manner of themes, while he acts as umpire. His church is open every day of the year, and is fitted up with a gymnasium, a reading room and a restaurant.

THE National Zeitung, of Berlin, attacks Stanley's statements in regard to Emin Pasha. It says these statements seem to be made with the intention of replying to the reproach that Emin's embarrassments were caused in part by Stanley's appearance and his determination to rescue one who did not desire to be rescued and that Emin must be heard in his own defence before conclusions can be reached.

SOLICITOR HERBURN has returned to Washington from New York, and is engaged in the preparation of his report on the condition of affairs in Castle Garden. It is understood that he will recommend certain changes in the present immigration system with a view to reconciling the long prevailing differences between the Federal and municipal authorities in charge of immigration affairs at the port of New York.

SPRINKLING about the Union Pacific Refunding bill, Charles Francis Adams recently said he had been waiting nine years for Congressional action upon the Union Pacific debt, and he had got used to waiting. His maternal family connections had waited ninety years for Congressional action upon the French spoliation claims, and the virtue of patience when dealing with Providence or the United States Government had been fully impressed upon him.

THEODORE T. CONKLIN, the Clark street saloonkeeper and particular friend of Dr. Cronin, has filed in the Chicago probate court an inventory of Dr. Cronin's estate. Conklin is the administrator to collect, and his reports show that the only property left by the murdered man consists of a library worth \$900 and surgical instruments worth \$100. The inventory was approved, but no final disposition was made of the property, which will go to Conklin as a creditor and Dr. Cronin's brother in Arkansas.

THE contractors for the construction of the new cruiser, Baltimore, have notified the Navy Department that the vessel is completed, and Secretary Tracy has formally instructed Captain Schley to accept her conditionally upon the completion by the contractors of any work remaining to be done under the contract. The Baltimore is the eighth vessel accepted by the Government since it undertook the construction of the new navy. All the vessels are built of steel, of which the Essex cruiser was the beginning.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Gleaned by Telegraph and Mail.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL. PRESIDENT CARNOT, of France, who is suffering from influenza, is slightly better.

DISCOURAGING rumors existed on the 23d of Samuel J. Randall's health.

EDWARD T. WAITE, son of the late Chief Justice Waite, died at his mother's home in Washington on the 23d of Bright's disease.

AN old speech of Lord Salisbury's has been unearthed, in which he blamed England for Ireland's misery.

REV. MR. STURGEON has had another severe attack of gout.

DR. SCHWEINFURTH, in a letter from Cairo, urges the German Government to secure the services of Emin Pasha and send him to the interior of Africa to conciliate the Arabs and create a commercial center at Lake Tanganyika.

ITALIAN Anarchists have posted placards in Lugano calling upon Italians to follow the example of Brazil and overthrow the monarchy.

THE funeral services over the late Henry W. Grady took place at Atlanta, Ga., on Christmas day. His remains were interred in Oakland cemetery.

THE widow of General George H. Thomas died suddenly at Washington on the 25th.

THE President accompanied by Senators Edmunds and Hawley and others left on the 26th for a three days' duck hunting trip to the mouth of the Potomac and along Chesapeake Bay. They went in Commodore Bateman's steam yacht.

GENERAL BOULANGER denies that he has been engaged to lecture in the United States or has ever thought of such a thing.

MISCELLANEOUS. At Mare Island navy yard, San Francisco, the other night a boat was upset and four men were drowned, five being rescued. Among the drowned was a sailor of the Trenton, who escaped dire peril at Samoa.

A MALIGNANT outbreak of diphtheria is reported in the Russian settlement of Eureka, McPherson county, S. D.

NOTICE has been given to the steel mill and blast employees of the Lackawanna Coal and Iron Company that on January 1 an advance of wages of from 5 to 10 per cent. will go into effect. This affects over 3,000 men and is justified by the increased price of steel rails.

AT Yaquina City, Ore., five persons were swept overboard and drowned by a heavy sea as the steam schooner Farallone was being towed across the bar.

THE London Daily News says that Germany will send an ironclad to Brazil to protect the German colonists on the Rio Grande.

JOSEPH STOTT, forty-three years of age, a jewelry merchant of Providence, R. I., who has been ill some time, left his house early the other morning and went to the track of the Old Colony railroad, waited for the Short Line train, placed his neck across the rails and was beheaded.

MADAME BONNEMAIN an enthusiastic supporter of General Boulanger, has just inherited \$1,500,000, the bulk of which she will devote to the General's cause.

THE City Council of St. Louis has appointed a committee to give the recent passage of the gas bill, which is alleged to be a big swindle and steal, a thorough overhauling and to ascertain if possible whether any "hoodle" was used and by whom. A majority of the committee is composed of the opponents of the bill.

THE Secretary of the Interior has allowed \$5,770 of the original claim of Smith & Smith, of Gove county, Kan., amounting to \$17,153 for depredations committed by the Northern Cheyenne Indians in 1878.

J. D. REVELL, formerly station agent at Wilmette, Ill., and his wife and child, while crossing the tracks, were struck by a passing train and all killed.

BY a tail end collision of freight trains on the Lake Erie & Western road near Glenwood, the other morning, thirteen cars of grain and two carloads of hogs were completely wrecked and the locomotive badly damaged. Traffic was delayed nearly all day.

A SERIOUS race riot occurred at Jessup, Ga., on Christmas day. Two whites and several negroes were killed and many wounded.

THE insurrection in Brazil in favor of the monarchy was suppressed after some trouble.

SEVEN prisoners escaped from the penitentiary at Kingston, Ont., on Christmas eve, after overcoming and gagging their keepers.

SOUTHERN Ute Indians of Colorado are anxious for their speedy removal to Utah.

WHILE returning from a Christmas eve dance Miss Mamie Campbell and her escort, Benjamin Lovett, were struck by the oyster express on the Pennsylvania railroad, near Pittsburgh, Pa. Miss Campbell received injuries that resulted in her death in a few hours, and Lovett was fatally hurt.

A MAN answering the description of Silcott has been traced to Ottawa, Ont. He was greatly changed in appearance; his hair was dark brown. By inquiries he made it was thought he was trying to leave the country via British Columbia. He had plenty of money.

CHRISTMAS day, 1889, will long be remembered in the United States for the phenomenal mildness of the weather.

WILLIAM GRAHAM, of Cartersville, Ga., stenographer of the Cherokee judicial circuit, and Anna Jones were married recently. The bride is seventeen years old and is a daughter of Rev. Sam Jones. The parents opposed the marriage.

SWITZER, NEWITT & Co. and other firms were burned out at Vicksburg, Miss., on the night of the 24th. The loss was \$170,000.

WHILE a number of men and women were skating on the Ruhr at Warden, Rhenish Prussia, the other day the ice gave way and three of the skaters were swept under the ice and drowned.

IT is reported that horses in Austria are afflicted with the prevailing influenza.

HEAVY storms were reported on the 25th from various places in New York, Pennsylvania and New Jersey, accompanied by loss of life.

THE recent California rains proved especially disastrous to railroad property. In places the tracks were eighteen feet deep in water.

JOHN P. JONES and William H. Palmer were found dead in a hotel at Bethlehem, Pa., having blown out the gas the night before.

THE four stamp clerks in the Chicago post-office are very much worried over the unaccountable disappearance of stamps since last July. Every effort to solve the mystery has been a failure.

SURGEON-GENERAL HAMILTON, of the marine hospital service, has prepared regulations to prevent the introduction of leprosy into the United States.

Two old ladies living alone near De Witt, N. Y., were asphyxiated by coal gas the other night.

TEN cars of a Wabash freight train went down an embankment at Delphi, Ind. Three tramps were slightly hurt.

LENA SCHIPP, a poor woman of Omaha, Neb., deserted by her husband, has been terribly afflicted. She left her three children the other morning to go out washing when the house burned and all three perished. One was a babe six months old.

IT is said that the Indians in the vicinity of Fort Sully are raiding and killing settlers.

THE United States Cruiser Charleston went into service at San Francisco on the 26th.

THE Salvation Army people in Switzerland still continue to defy the authorities, and more vigorous measures than ever are proposed.

THE Pittsburgh Southern Coal Company, the syndicate of large river coal operators which was formed three years ago with a capital stock of \$1,000,000, has gone into liquidation.

CLARKSVILLE, Tenn., was afflicted with a race riot on Christmas day. One colored man was fatally and another seriously wounded. A veritable reign of terror existed at Jessup, Ga., the killed numbering ten and the negro Brewer's outlaw gang being hunted by armed parties of whites.

FIRE broke out the other evening in the Everett building, corner of Nassau and Ann streets, New York, and burned for hours. Loss to occupants and buildings, \$35,000.

Mrs. Cox has placed temporarily in the National Museum at Washington the jewels and other decorations given her husband, the late Congressman Cox. Later on they will be returned to the Sultan, as custom in Mohammedan circles requires that such expensive gifts shall be returned to the donor when the recipient dies.

DR. GAMBLE has returned to Leola, S. D., from a trip to Heyd, the settlement of the scene of the diphtheria epidemic. He has the names of thirty-seven Russian children who have died of the disease. Only two have recovered, and a number are still sick.

THE United States secret service has received information that Hermine Thibault, who ran away with Silcott, the defaulting cashier of the House of Representatives, had returned to New York.

ADDITIONAL DISPATCHES. A BRANCH of the British Sailors and Firemen's Union has been formed in New York and increased wages will be asked January 14, when there will be a grand street demonstration. The longshoremen are with them.

BY a collision between freight trains in a cut near Moyer station, below Scottsdale, Pa., the other day both engines and fifteen cars were wrecked and the train men all injured but not fatally.

A CAVE-IN of large proportions occurred at Palms, a suburb of Wilkes-Barre, Pa., recently, when, without warning, the surface of the earth settled and great holes appeared, some of them thirty feet deep. St. Leo's Catholic Church was damaged, as were the parsonage and several other buildings.

WILL and Calvin O'Neil, brothers, of Burnett county, Tex., charged with murder and robbery, were killed the other night by the deputy sheriff of Edwards county while resisting arrest.

BUSINESS failures (Dun's report) for the seven days ended December 27 numbered 288.

THREE new Bishops of the Roman Catholic Church were consecrated at St. Paul, Minn., on the 27th. They were Rev. John Shanley, of St. Paul; Rev. James McGillick, of Minneapolis; and Rev. Joseph R. Cotter, of Winona.

ON the Frazier river road near Vancouver, B. C., six young men were out sleigh riding when a tree fell, crushing the sleigh and four of the occupants and the horses. The other two escaped with severe bruises.

ONE house was wrecked, a steepie blown down and other damage done at Fall River, Mass., the other night by a storm. No one was hurt.

BY the giving way of a scaffold fifty feet from the ground on a new bank building in Baltimore, Md., three men fell and two were probably fatally injured.

JOSEPH NEWMAN and Ernest Lomborg stepped from a Chicago street car in front of a freight train the other evening. Newman died in two hours and Lomborg's case was critical.

MANNIE, an Apache Indian, who murdered Lieutenant Seward Mott, of the Tenth cavalry, on the San Carlos reservation March 10, 1887, has been hanged at Globe, Ariz.

THE cable working between Maranhao and Rio de Janeiro has, according to latest advices from Brazil, ceased to work. No cause is given for the break in the line, as means of communication between the two points are limited.

MILLIONS SNEEZING.

The Russian Influenza Epidemic Spreading—Hospitals Crowded and the Disease Taking a Fatal Turn.

PARIS, Dec. 25.—In consequence of the spread of the influenza epidemic the hospitals are crowded and the authorities have been compelled to make extraordinary provision for new patients. This has been done by the erection of a temporary pavilion on the grounds of the hospital Beaujon.

In the school of the daughters of members of the legion of honor at St. Denis one-third of the pupils are ill and the school has therefore been closed.

Dr. Germain See read a paper on the influenza before the Academy of Medicine of this city, which was discussed by other distinguished members of the profession. He thought the academy should not encourage the opinion that the epidemic was without gravity. He said that the patients were very apt to have pneumonia or bronchitis in fatal form.

Dr. Dujardin Beaumetz disagreed with Dr. See as to some points in the nature of the malady, but not as to the fact that it was not always benign. He believed that the epidemic was a form of the dengue—a peculiar erratic epidemic fever allied to the rheumatic affections. He had observed that it presented two phases: First, a nervous phase, and next a catarrhal phase, and that there was sometimes an eruption—a simple rash. The varieties in the disease were due to the predominance in a case of any one of these facts.

Dr. Rochard suggested that the rash might perhaps not be a sort of disease. All concurred in the opinion that the disease is not harmless and in case of relapse the consequences are very serious.

FATAL AT BERLIN.

BERLIN, Dec. 25.—The public health authorities report a great increase in the number of cases of influenza and an aggravation of the disease with an increase in the death rate. The fatal effects are produced by complications of pneumonia and laryngitis. In Munich the disease is increasing and the hospitals are full.

THE EPIDEMIC has appeared at Galata, Braila and Bucharest.

THE SUFFERING CZAR.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 25.—The Czar has suffered severely from the prevailing epidemic of influenza. Yesterday he was too ill to attend the regular Christmas church services, and was also compelled to omit the customary review of the parade of the guards. The Empress presided at the luncheon given in the Anitchkoff palace after the military parade.

A DOSE FOR DOM CARLOS.

LISBON, Dec. 25.—Influenza prevails to such an extent among the soldiers in the garrison here that it will probably prevent the proposed review Saturday on the occasion of the proclaiming of Dom Carlos as King of Portugal. The King is also suffering from an attack of influenza.

GRADY'S FUNERAL.

His Remains Taken to Oakland After Simple Services.

ATLANTA, Ga., Dec. 25.—The funeral of Henry W. Grady took place at the First Methodist Church at two p. m. yesterday. The body was taken from his home at ten o'clock in the morning under escort of committees from all organizations to which he belonged, and was placed in the church, where for three hours a constant stream of people, many of them from other parts of the country, passed by to view the face loved so well. There were many pathetic scenes. The ceremonies were performed by five ministers and were of the simplest kind possible. The interment was at Oakland. The funeral procession was the largest ever known here. It was a simple outpouring of Georgians in honor of a great man. A special feature of it was the Constitution staff on foot as an escort.

THROW OF THE CAR.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 25.—Yesterday afternoon as the cable cars were turning the corner of Ninth and Washington streets William Reed was thrown off and in falling struck the back of his head upon the curbstone, thereby crushing the skull and severely cutting the scalp. Being rendered unconscious by the accident, the patrol wagon was called and he was taken to the police station, where Surgeon Iuen did all that was possible. Surgeon Iuen considered that the man could not recover, consequently he sent him to the city hospital. Reed is a pattern maker from Leavenworth, where he has a mother and sisters. His Christ mass visit to Kansas City has probably cost him his life.

KANSAS TEACHERS MEET.

TOPEKA, Kan., Dec. 25.—The annual session of the State Teachers' Association began at Representative Hall last night. Governor Humphrey made the opening address and was followed by Prof. Wilkinson, of the State Normal School, who reviewed the past year's work of the association. A prize banner has been promised the county which sends the largest number of teachers, and in consequence the attendance from each county is very large.

AN EMPTY SPOON.

TOPEKA, Kan., Dec. 25.—Newton Thrapp, a young man who is serving a twenty-five days' sentence in the city prison here for carrying concealed weapons, boasted a few days ago that he would be free on Christmas day. A friend furnished him with a revolver, and yesterday afternoon when he was employed in the jail yard, he made a break for liberty. Mac Lytle pursued him, and Thrapp turned and threatened to shoot him. Lytle knocked him down, disarmed him and led him back to prison, where he spent his Christmas.

THE SOUTHERN QUEEN.

Cuban Associationists Looking to a Union With the United States—Advantages of Annexation.

HAVANA, Dec. 25.—The excitement caused by Senator Call's resolution in favor of the acquisition of Cuba by the United States has not subsided. It increases if any thing, although not so openly displayed. A cablegram from Madrid tends to keep up the anxiety and showing that the prevailing opinion in the mother country is that the United States Government, although appearing to be indifferent, is aiming at annexation. The liberal party in Spain is taking advantage of the situation and is pressing the Government to grant Cuba all the liberties and privileges she claims and thus secure her fidelity and defeat the claims of the annexationists. In Cuba Call's motion has taken hold not only of professional annexationists, who are in large numbers here than is generally supposed, but also of a vast majority of the Cuban people, who profoundly believe that it was presented in the Senate in accordance with some secret resolution passed in the Pan-American congress, which is the bete noir of the loyal Spanish party. The Hidalgoes being Spain to still the Spain of the Fifteenth century never cease to declare that "the ever-faithful island" is not for sale, that there is not enough treasure in the world to buy her, that force can not take her, and that Spain would spend her last dollar and sacrifice her last soldier to maintain the integrity of her territory. They contemptuously ignore the possibility of Cuba going over to the United States of her own accord, yet the party in favor of such action is growing every day. It embraces all the liberal and discontented elements of the population with a powerful nucleus of the old republican party, which has made many efforts to establish the independence of the island. All now see their only hope is in the United States. They claim Haine is well aware of the importance of Cuba to Spain, and are convinced that before long Cuba will enter the American confederation, where her commercial interests and political aspirations lie. The plundering and ruinous administration of employes whom the Spanish Government sends to Cuba have greatly increased the public discontent, and has converted with the annexationists a large number of rich Spaniards belonging to the conservative party, who see their fortunes melting away through steady depreciation of property of all kinds. All these disaffected elements only need to be united under a strong hand to make the annexation sentiment of the country tell. Then Cuba would fall as naturally to the United States as a ripe pear to the ground. One of the strongest incentives of the patriotic annexationists to a union with their great neighbor is that their fair island may be saved from the grasp of negroes and the fate of Hayti and San Domingo, to which it is tending.

THE SOUTHERN QUEEN.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 25.—The Philadelphia Medical Experts (it was some interesting points in regard to the progress and treatment of the prevailing epidemic—the influenza season this country).

"Influenza comes suddenly, goes as quickly. The least robust, at any age, and women seem to be the first victims. It is here a question of bodily condition and not of the sex. The large numbers simultaneously attacked attract general attention, and thus the most impressionable are seized, the onset being facilitated by any depressing emotion, such as fear or illness.

"There is no rigor, properly to be thus designated, but rather a series of light chills and a feeling of heat therewith. Sometimes malaise of a general kind is experienced, but, like the attack itself, is short in duration lasting but a few hours.

"With the first access of the nasal irritation comes the culliness, which is followed by some feverishness with more pronounced malaise, and in general the headache, weakness and soreness of the members, especially of the larger joints. With the progress of the case in some epidemics there is considerable weakness, even marked depression of the vital powers. The pulse becomes small and weak, the mind gloomy and restless ensues.

"When a fatal termination is to occur, as a rule, an extension downward into the trachea and bronchi takes place.

"Although catarrhal and croupous pneumonia are said to be complications they should be regarded as occasional considerations and when present are, properly speaking, constituted parts of the malady.

THE RAPIDITY WITH WHICH THE DISEASE SUPERVENES, its preliminary development being hours and its whole course but a matter of three or four days, is remarkable. Relapses are common, usually each succeeding seizure being milder, but not a few pass by easy transition into chronic bronchitis, emphysema, asthma, etc.

"Obviously a catarrhal process so extensive and severe, may contribute immensely to chronic disease of the middle ear, eustachian tube, nose and throat, and thus permanently damage the parts.

"The best manner of securing immunity is by the inhalation of sulphuric acid gas daily when the approach of the epidemic renders it necessary, and by taking five grains of salicylate of cinchonidine three times a day and by so living as to avoid taking cold.

"When the attack has begun it seems to me desirable to give one or two grains of calomel at night, inhale one sulphuric acid gas, and have the patient sit in a room where steam containing eucalyptol can be inhaled in large quantity. The insufflation of resorcin by dusting over the entire area of affected parts as far as practical is also recommended.

"The internal remedy most desirable is atropine in solution—one grain to one ounce of water—the dose being from one to five drops, the minimum being for little children. The tincture of belladonna may be used—from one to ten drops twice a day. As this medicament is both prompt and prolonged in action, it should be given not more than twice a day, unless the dose be much smaller than is advised above. Salicylate of cinchonidine and quinine should be given as a prophylactic remedy, if there be reason to suppose that such power is really exerted by it.

"My own conviction is that as a prophylactic the combination of cinchonidine with salicylic acid is preferable to quinine. For the depression and melancholy it is probable that atropine would be better. For the distressing headache, joint pains and wakefulness antipyrin, acetanilid, phenacetin and other germicides and anti-septics will, no doubt, be found useful."

THE OUTBREAK AT NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Dec. 25.—The number of persons in New York and Brooklyn suffering from influenza is very large and constantly increasing. In most cases the patient is subjected to severe muscular pains, catarrh, great debility, etc., with numerous concomitant discomfits varying in different cases, some cases running into affections of the bowels and others those of the lungs. While no instances of death due directly to influenza have been reported the number of deaths from pneumonia has increased so rapidly as to indicate some connection between the epidemic of so-called influenza and pneumonia.

DIED OF THE DISEASE.

CANTON, Mass., Dec. 25.—Thomas Smith, aged twenty-five, of this town, died yesterday morning. He had been ill with la grippe and ventured out before he had entirely recovered. His illness developed into pneumonia with the stated result.

MANY PATIENTS.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 25.—A prominent physician told a representative of the United Press yesterday that there were probably not less than 2,000 well defined cases of la grippe in this city. He said it attacked all classes alike and in some families four members out of six were laid up with it.

INFLUENZA IN CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, Dec. 25.—The Daily News says that la grippe has reached Chicago and that one physician reports fifteen cases which he would be sending to Germany. One of the Attorney Longmire is among the victims.

THE RUSSIAN PLAGUE.

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"Although catarrhal and croupous pneumonia are said to be complications they should be regarded as occasional considerations and when present are, properly speaking, constituted parts of the malady.

"The chief importance of croupous and catarrhal pneumonia is that the development of these, out of an existing catarrh of the bronchi, is frequently a cause of death.

"The rapidity with which the disease supervenes, its preliminary development being hours and its whole course but a matter of three or four days, is remarkable. Relapses are common, usually each succeeding seizure being milder, but not a few pass by easy transition into chronic bronchitis, emphysema, asthma, etc.

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