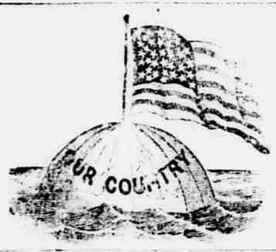
THE CALEDONIAN.

By C. M. STONE & CO.

ST. JOHNSBURY, VT., FRIDAY, FEB. 1, 1867.



Rates of Advertising.

After November 1, 1866, the rates of Advertising in The CALEDONIAN will be as follows:

One square (12 lines, one inch space) one week	$1.00
Each continuance	.25
Half square (6 lines) one week	.75
Each continuance	.15
One square, per year (changeable quarterly)	8.00
Business Cards per year (each line)	1.00
Dissolutions, Estrays, Notices to Legislature, etc.	1.50
Legal Notices, per Agate line	12½
Obituaries, per line	.6
Special Notices (never displaced) per line	.15

☞ *No Lottery, Whisky, or "Female Pill" advertisement inserted. No specials put in reading matter.*

The New Railroad.

It will be seen by notices in another column that meetings of the subscribers to the stock in the Montpelier and St. Johnsbury Railroad, and in the Essex county Railroad, for the election of directors, are to be held at the St. Johnsbury House, Tuesday, Feb. 12.

The construction of these roads, and of contemplated roads through northern New Hampshire and Maine to Portland, is not only of the highest importance to persons living along the line, but largely involves the commercial interests of the country. It opens a much shorter and more direct line of communication between Ogdensburg, the eastern port of the great lakes of the West, and the tide waters of the Atlantic, than now exists. It brings the grain growers of the great west near to the consumers in the east, and affects the interests of both beneficially. Western products—grain and flour—which would naturally pass over this great line of roads to the consumers in central and eastern Vermont, northern New Hampshire and Maine, would furnish an immense amount of freight. This line would bring Portland much nearer the lakes than any other Atlantic seaport. Portland is also nearer Europe than most Atlantic seaports. Hence it is reasonable to expect that large amounts of grain and flour would pass over this trunk line for exportation to Europe.

Before the existence of railroads, northeastern Vermont had a large trade with Portland. The farmers went there in great numbers during the winter for their supplies. Portland, from its connection in trade with the West Indies, can furnish sugar, molasses and salt cheaper than they can be bought at any other northern marmarket. It is believed that this line of roads would not only restore this former trade between Portland and the inhabitants of northeastern Vermont, but largely increase it. This would be another source of business for this line of roads.

This line of roads, passing round the White mountains, would naturally command a large share of that travel. The two roads within this state open direct communication between the eastern, central and western portions of the state, and thus greatly facilitate the transaction of business between the inhabitants of different parts of the state. They also pass through fertile and productive portions of the state, now nearly without railroad accommodations. From these various sources, which we have only glanced at, but which we intend to notice more in detail at some future time, it would seem all the business must be furnished, which this line could perform; and with proper management the stock cannot fail to be a paying investment. Men of capital and men of moderate means, examine carefully, and we think the more carefully you examine, the larger will be your subscriptions to the stock of these roads.

News in Brief.

Senator Trumbull of Illinois has been re-elected to the U. S. Senate. This is a deserved tribute to his great ability. Senator Trumbull has held the responsible position of chairman of the judiciary committee for nearly ten years.

Roscoe Conkling has been elected for the U. S. Senate, to succeed Mr. Harris of New York. Mr. Conkling is rather a young man, of both physical and mental ability, and he will make his mark at Washington.

The Republican state convention has re-nominated Gen. Joseph R. Hawley for Governor and Oliver H. Perry for Lieut. Governor.

In Kansas S. C. Pomeroy and E. G. Ross have been elected U. S. Senators; the first named for a full term, and the last to fill Mr. Lane's term.

Simon Cameron who got the nomination for U. S. Senator from Pennsylvania, much to the disgust of Mr. Stevens' friends was visited by his friends, in Philadelphia, and made a radical republican and high protection speech, closing with a promise to put all party feuds behind him, and forget their bitterness.

Gov. Swann (dem.) has been elected U. S. Senator for Maryland, to succeed Creswell (repub.) It is doubtful whether he can hold the seat, the legality of the election of the legislature being questioned.

The Franconia Murder.

We saw a statement last week that Sam'l Mills, the Franconia murderer had been arrested in Illinois. We feared it was a mere rumor, but subsequent advices seem to indicate that this inhuman wretch has really been caught. The Boston Journal says that Governor Smyth of New Hampshire issued a requisition Wednesday upon the Governor of Illinois for the delivering up of Mills, the Franconia murderer, now supposed to be in jail in Galena. It seems he was captured by the sheriff of that county, and identified from descriptions forwarded by a Boston detective. The officers in the vicinity of the murder had spent all their exertions in pursuit of the criminal without success, when a professional detective was employed. Mills was arrested while working in the lead mines at Galena.

New Hampshire Politics.

The New Hampshire state democratic convention was held at Concord, Wednesday. Edmund Burke of Newport was chosen president and two vice-presidents from each county completed the organization. John G. Sinclair of Bethlehem was renominated for governor by acclamation. George H. Pierce of Dover was renominated for railroad commissioner. Ex-president Pierce was unable to attend the convention in person, but the leaders and chief foglemen were in close consultation with him at his residence. The resolutions adopted approve the holding a national Union convention at New York, and declare that the right of extending suffrage to the negro or anybody else belongs exclusively to the states, all of which have the right of representation in Congress.

Onslow Stearns, who was prominent as a candidate for governor in the Republican convention, and who was pressed by the railroad interests for that office, was present, and disgraced himself by making a speech to the copperhead conclave. Reports are current that he and his friends are to form a coalition with Sinclair's friends for the object of defeating Gen. Harriman, the regular nominee. Edmund Burke made as violent a secession and rebellious speech at this convention as could be expected from either South Carolina or Richmond.

SWINDLED.—The persons hereabouts who were so green as to send five dollars apiece to the Crosby opera-house-lottery-swindle, must be highly delighted at the thought that they helped put over a half a million of dollars into one bad man's pockets. The following is said to be an exact statement of Crosby's balance sheet: U. H. Crosby creditor by two hundred and ten thousand tickets, at $5 each, $1,050,000; debtor to thirty thousand tickets not sold, $150,000; to advertising $150,000; to paintings, $75,000; to engravings, $100,000; to commissions, $45,000; to printing and traveling, $30,000; paid Mr. Lee, $200,000. Total debt, $750,000; profit, $300,000. Value of Opera House, $350,000. Total profit on the undertaking, $650,000.

YACHTING.—Since James Gordon Bennett, Jr., made the ocean trip with his "Henrietta," the world has been agog with yachting. The Atlantic cable was burdened on Tuesday with two letters which have passed between James Gordon Bennett, Jr., and Prince Alfred, the duke of Edinburg. The former handsomely presented his victorious yacht, the Henrietta, to the prince as a New Year's gift, but the latter very courteously declined it, expressing at the same time the most cordial sentiments. The prince doesn't say so, but he evidently means to hold Bennett to the match which he has made with him for next August.

☞ Will some reader of the CALEDONIAN please tell us if there was ever a year known when so little snow fell in this section previous to the 15th of January, as has fallen this year?—*Caledonian.*

Has the CALEDONIAN got enough of it *since* the 15th of January?—*Record.*

Hardly. Our first sleighing came the 20th of January, though it was not first rate till the snow of the 27th. Now it is tip-top, but the way it is used we shall need more soon.

LIVES OF THE PRESIDENTS.—This is the title of a new book of about 500 pages, written by John S. C. Abbott. It gives a brief narrative of the most interesting events in the career of each president from Washington to the present time. It is illustrated with portraits of all the presidents, engraved on steel, together with pictures of their private residences, and other engravings of the most interesting scenes in their lives, such as the evacuation of Boston in 1776, the battle of New Orleans, President Lincoln entering Richmond after the surrender of *Lee* in 1865, etc., etc. The book is published by B. B. Russell & Co. and printed by Rand & Avery of Boston, and sold only by subscription. Mr. James Smillie of Barnet is agent for Caledonia, Orleans and Essex counties, and those wishing to canvass for the book in any of this territory will apply to him.

Anxious inquiry is made as to why the members of our city council throw inkstands at the chairman. It is supposed that those—and, according to the best authority, there are such—who do not know how to write chanced upon this as the only way in which the inkstands could be used.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

Humbugs.

We are a curious people, and fond of being humbugged. Americans, in that particular, are similar to a certain species of quadruped. Let a dozen be in the same pen, and if hot swill be given them, all must get their noses burnt before they discover the presence of caloric. So with us. Despite the oft repeated warnings of the press, and those who know, each must try his hand: for is he not just a little sharper than his neighbor? and can he not see through all this necromancy? Alas! human views are deeply deceptive; and many mourn over the credulity which parted them and their money. Circulars of lotteries, gift enterprises, wonderful methods of making money, are thrown broadcast throughout the length and breadth of the land, to catch the poor gudgeons who are ready to bite.

An honest farmer receives a letter from the city telling him *his* ticket has drawn a prize valued at $200, and that by sending five or ten dollars they will forward this wonderful sum. He thinks it strange how his name is known in a distant city, and he forwards his money never to see it again. We hear of men drawing an opera house, ten thousand dollars, and the like. But 'tis a humbug. Read the rascality in the sale of the Crosby Opera House in Chicago, and judge for yourselves. If you receive a circular from a truly generous firm, who will give you anything for a dollar—yes, even a wife, if you are in need of one—set the whole thing down as a lie the meanest of the mean. Patronize local doctors, concerts, enterprises, and let foreign quacks, minstrels and *thieves* alone. E.

The Bill to Regulate the Tenure of Offices.

The bill before the United States senate for regulating the tenure of offices consists, at present, of nine sections, and it is likely to be passed substantially in its present shape. The main features of the bill are as follows:

"The first section declares all persons who may be appointed to office, except cabinet ministers, entitled to hold their offices until their successors shall have been appointed and qualified. The second authorizes the president to remove officers for misconduct or crime during the recess of the senate, but requires him to send a report of the case to the senate upon its next meeting. If the senate shall concur in the judgment of the president, the officer shall be removed. If not, he shall be restored forthwith. The third section authorizes the president to fill vacancies which may happen during the recess of the senate by reason of death or resignation, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of the next session of the senate. If no appointment, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, shall be made at the next session, the office shall remain in abeyance, without any salary, fees or emoluments. The remaining sections punish the person who, having been rejected by the senate, accepts an appointment to the office for which he was rejected after the adjournment of the senate. Every removal, appointment or employment made, had or exercised contrary to the provisions of this act, and the making, signing, sealing, countersigning, or issuing of any commission contrary to this act, is declared to be a high misdemeanor, punishable by $10,000 fine, or five years' imprisonment. The last section prohibits the payment of money out of the treasury to or for any officer appointed contrary to the provisions of this bill."

☞ Lawrence Barnes, one of Burlington's wealthiest and most active business men, finds time amid his numerous and most pressing worldly cares to fulfill the humble duties of a bible-class teacher in the Baptist church, of which he is a zealous member. He has a bible-class of fifty, mostly young men, under his charge.—*Exchange.*

"Humble duties," it strikes us, are not just the words to describe this Sabbath employment. Mr. Barnes has no nobler work than as teacher in a Sabbath school, and such labor, if faithfully performed, lifts him, as it does every one who engages in it, infinitely above the level of ordinary business. The Saviour's work in the temple was beyond comparison sublimer than that of the money changers. Let us call things by their right names, and when we do, the work of the Sabbath, which like sunlight irradiates and glorifies all the other days of the week, will not be called "humble," but will take rank as the highest and most honorable business in which the rich man can engage.—*Freeman.*

STEAM REFINED LARD.—It came out on a recent trial at Cincinnati that a most foul and disgusting practice exists among the manufacturers of steam refined lard. In the transportation of droves of hogs, by cars, to large markets, more or less of them, are found to be dead on their arrival. They die from crowding, from disease, from suffocation, from being trampled upon, and from other causes. On their arrival these dead hogs, bruised, trampled upon, diseased and covered with filth, are purchased by manufacturers of steam refined lard. They are taken to the manufactories with others which drop dead in the streets: they are not dressed or cleaned in any manner, but are put whole into immense steam boilers or tanks, and the lard is extracted from them by the power of steam. This process extracts the lard perfectly from every part of the animal, even from the bones. After sufficient steaming the most beautiful "Pure Steam Refined Lard" is drawn from certain parts of the boiler by means of faucets, while the filth and solid portions sink to the bottom or rise to the top.

A special messenger has gone to Chicago, to present to Mrs. Lincoln the gold medal sent to her by thirty thousand workingmen of France, out of regard to the memory of her husband.

REDUCTION OF WAGES.—The Lawrence American says some of the principal corporations in that city have given notice of a reduction of pay of their employes of ten per cent., and that others will soon do the same. The reason given is the depression of market prices for goods, and of the manufacturing interest in general. A large number of factory people are already out of employment.

Three robbers, on Friday night of last week, entered the house of Fletcher Willis, at Winon Chapel, Clark county, O., and seizing Willis demanded his money. Willis refusing, they took off his shoes and stockings, and held his feet to the fire until they were shockingly burned. Willis finally showed the robbers where his money was, and they secured the whole, amounting to $250, and decamped.

A company has been formed at Boston with Col. Daniel Needham as president, to manufacture a new fire extinguisher, consisting of a small upright cylinder, which can be easily carried on a man's back, and which discharges water highly impregnated with carbonic acid gas. The instrument was very successfully tested at Watertown last week, where a wooden building twelve feet square was set on fire and the flames when burning fiercely were entirely extinguished in two minutes, by using twelve gallons of the fluid.

The expression—"Ho for the West!" has subsided in favor of "Shovel for the East!"

WANTED.—An honest, industrious and faithful man and his wife, to work on a farm, and in a farm house, for one year, to commence by the 15th of Feb. next. JOHN WHEELER.
West Concord, Jan. 28, 1867. 1t

SLEIGH FOR SALE.
A good second-hand single sleigh for sale. Inquire at the Caledonian Office. 4-4t

MONTPELIER & ST. JOHNSBURY RAILROAD COMPANY.
Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders will be held at the St. Johnsbury House, in St. Johnsbury, on TUESDAY, the 12th day of February next, at 1 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing a board of directors, agreeably to the provisions of the charter.
Per order. HORACE FAIRBANKS, Chairman of Board of Commissioners.
St. Johnsbury, Jan. 30, 1867. 40-4t

ESSEX COUNTY RAILROAD CO.
Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders will be held at the St. Johnsbury House, in St. Johnsbury, on TUESDAY, the 12th day of February next, at 1 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing a board of directors, agreeably to the provisions of the charter.
Per order, HORACE FAIRBANKS, Chairman of Board of Commissioners.
St. Johnsbury, Jan. 30, 1867. 40-4t

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the post office at St. Johnsbury, Feb. 1, 1867.

Aldrich H A	Baker A H	Bennett I B
Brown Helen	Carr Chas	Downs G W 2
Morrill Mr S L	Peterson J F	Scamlin Wm
Spliff N	Whitcomb F	

☞ Parties calling for the above letters will please give the date of the list. H. W. FLEETWOOD, P. M.

ST. JOHNSBURY ACADEMY.
The terms for the ensuing year will begin as follows:
FALL TERM, SEPT. 4, 1866.
WINTER TERM, DEC. 4, 1866.
SPRING TERM, FEB. 26, 1867.
SUMMER TERM, MAY 14, 1867.
Instruction in French and Drawing furnished at the usual rates.
For board and rooms apply to the subscriber.
12 1y HENRY C. ROE, Principal.

S. A. HOOD,
Agent for the sale of Prince & Co's improved patent prize medal MELODEONS, and ORGANS, the best reed instrument in the market, both in style and finish and sweetness of tone. All in want of an instrument of perfect in all respects will find these to be just the silver sort. An illustrated catalogue, showing styles and prices, will be sent free to any address. Orders solicited. Also manufacturers agent for Boilers, Tubes, Boiler Flues, Boiler Patches, Rivets, Boiler Felting, Steam Packing, Steam Gauges, Gauge Cocks, Steam Whistles, Lubricators, Injectors, Pipe Fitting, Iron and Brass Castings, Iron Pipe, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, Lead Traps, Lead Bends, Lead Pipe Fitting, Lead Pipe Tools, Lead Pipe Unions, Lead Pipe Screws, Lead Pipe Vises, Lead Pipe Cutters, Lead Pipe Reamers, Lead Pipe Benders, Lead Pipe Straightners, Lead Pipe Expanders, Lead Pipe Testers, Lead Pipe Washers, Lead Pipe Nipples, Lead Pipe Elbows, Lead Pipe Tees, Lead Pipe Crosses, Lead Pipe Traps, Lead Pipe