

# Essex County Herald.

Vol. 49, No. 21

Thursday, January 19, 1922 ISLAND POND, VT.

Established 1873

Five cents a copy.

## Bosworth Store Company

Island Pond, Vermont.

Mail Orders

Solicited

### January Clearance Sale

### 25 per cent Discount

on all of our

### Togoggans, Skis and Ski Poles

#### Northland Toboggans

8 ft. Toboggan, Regular Price \$17.50	Sale Price \$13.13
8 ft. Toboggan, " " 16.00	" " 12.00
Cushion for above Toboggan, Reg. Price 6.00,	" " 4.50
8 ft. Toboggan, Regular Price \$14.50,	" " 10.88
Cushion for above Toboggan, Reg. Price \$3.50,	" " 2.63
4 ft. Toboggan, Regular Price \$8.75	" " 6.57

#### Northland Skis

Hickory Skis, 7½ ft., Regular Price \$13.35,	Sale Price \$10.00
Hickory Skis, 7 ft. " " 12.35,	" " 9.27
Ash Skis, 8 ft. " " 12.35	" " 9.27
Ash Skis, 7½ ft. " " 11.34	" " 8.50
Ash Skis, 7 ft. " " 10.25	" " 7.69
Ash Skis, 6½ ft. " " 9.30	" " 6.98
Ash Skis, 6 ft. " " 8.25	" " 6.19
Maple Skis 6 ft. " " 6.90	" " 5.18
Maple Skis 5½ ft. " " 5.70	" " 4.28
Pine Skis 5½ ft. " " 3.00	" " 2.25

#### Tubb Skis

5 ft Skis, Regular Price \$2.75,	Sale Price \$1.07
5½ ft Skis, " " 3.00	" " 2.25
6 ft Skis " " 5.35	" " 4.02
6½ ft Skis " " 6.00	" " 4.50
7 ft. Skis " " 7.35	" " 5.52
7½ ft. Skis " " 10.00	" " 7.50

#### Ski Poles

\$1.60 Ski Poles \$1.20	\$1.40 Ski Poles \$1.05
\$1.00 Ski Poles .75	.70 Ski Poles .53

#### Marquis-Morin

A party was given at the home of Mr and Mrs Raymond Marquis last week Tuesday evening, in honor of Paul Marquis and Miss Alphosine Morin. There were forty-one present, and many beautiful gifts were received.

Refreshments were served, all having a most joyful time.

The wedding took place Wednesday morning at 7 a. m. in St. James Church, Rev. Fr. Therrien of Island Pond and Rev. Fr. Frichette of St. Clair, Que., performing the ceremony, after which followed a bounteous breakfast at the home of the bride, twenty-six guests attending. An appropriate speech was given by Rev. Fr. Frichette.

A wedding dinner was served at the home of the groom, to which twenty-eight partook, including Mrs. Meccourt of Sherbrook, aunt to the bride, and Rev. Fr. Therries and Rev. Fr. Frichette.

The couple departed on the 2:20 train for Lewiston, Me., for a short honeymoon among relatives. Rev. Fr. Frichette accompanied them to Berlin, N. H.

#### W. R. C. Install

At the regular meeting of the W R C, Saturday, Jan. 7th, the following officers were installed by Past President Mrs. Lizzie Foster: Pres., Adeline Wilson; Vice Presidents, Bertha Norris and Jessie McKenney; Sec'y., Emily Lacroix; Treas., Lizzie Foster; Chap., Elia Currier; Con., Bernice Currier; Gerard, Loren Findley; Asst. Con., Annie Moultrou; Asst. Gerard, Grace Renell; Musician, Rachel Renell; Press Cor., Anna Needham; P. Ila Perry; Color Bearers: 1st., Alice McDonald, 2nd. Belle Barnes, 3rd., Josephine Lacroix 4th., Annie Smith.

#### M. W. A. Install

The Modern Woodmen of America Lodge held their annual installation of officers in their lodge rooms last Wednesday evening. A program had been prepared by the ladies Auxiliary of the lodge and was carried out at the close of the installation, and met the approval of a large number of Woodmen and their families. A supper was then served, followed by a social hour.

#### Government Expenditures

The war department's annual report may be boiled down to this one sentence: "The department spent \$531,182,891 during the last fiscal year."

That is too much for war purposes in a peace year.

The economy which is said to be applied to the war department needs to be carried a great deal farther, and to be applied to other government departments as well.

The goal of congress should be to bring all government expenditures to within a billion dollars a year, not counting the war debt interest.

#### AMONG THE CHURCHES

**Methodist Episcopal Church**  
Arthur Anderson Mandigo,  
Pastor.

Morning Worship 11 a.m.  
Sunday School 12:15 p.m.  
Evening Worship 7:00 p.m.  
Prayer Meeting, Thursday,  
7:30 p.m.

**Congregational Church**  
Rev. B. L. CHASE, Pastor:

Morning Service 11 a. m.  
Sunday school 12:15 p. m.  
Christian Endeavor 6 p. m.  
Evening service at 7:00  
Prayer Meeting Thursday evening at 7:30.

#### CHRIST CHURCH

Rev. NORMAN SNOW, Rector  
Holy Communion 9 a m  
Choral Celebration, 1st Sunday  
in month 11 a m  
Morning Prayer, except 1st  
Sunday 11 a m  
Church School 12:15  
Evening Prayer 7 p m

## MODERN DAY MIRACLES

The Magic of Chemistry Which Makes a Compound of Value for One Purpose in War and Another in Peace

(Told in Eight Sketches)  
By JOHN RAYMOND

No. VII  
WAR AND PEACE

The art of warfare is as old as the race itself. Warfare at first consisted of throwing stones at the enemy or hitting him with a club.

The art slowly progressed. The catapult was used for hurling good-sized rocks and the bow and arrow served its purpose in stand-off combats. Thus it went for many centuries. Warfare consisted of ninety per cent hand to hand work and perhaps ten per cent of shooting from a distance.

Along about 1345 an old monk found that gunpowder when properly ignited, gave vent to a pretty good sized noise. England and France were at war and the new invention was tried out at the battle of Crecy with the result that the horses became frightened at the "noise like thunder." Losses were heavy and gunpowder was voted a success.

Warfare didn't advance greatly for centuries. To be sure many improvements in guns and explosives were made but the basic principle remained—the only way to put an enemy out of commission was to hit him with a projectile.

On the morning of April 22, 1915, warfare was revolutionized when a cloud of Chlorine gas was sent over the Allied trenches wiping out whole regiments. This experiment proved so successful that the war, opening as it did, 100 per cent explosive, ended 35 per cent chemical.

These war gases are of particular interest to the student of chemistry because of the variety of uses to which they are put in times of peace.

Phosgene, one of the most important of the war gases, has found a wider use in peace time than any of the others. It finds its most direct application in the manufacture of a large line of dyes, including blue, pink, vio-

let, yellow and green. It is used in the manufacture of Coumarin, one of the essentials in making synthetic vanilla and perfume toilet soaps. It is also used in killing rodents, thus aiding in preventing the spread of bubonic plague. Phosgene finds another application in freezing certain sands used in the manufacture of optical glass from traces of iron.

Benzyl Benzoate was required for weather-proofing and fireproofing aeroplane wings in the war. It now finds an interesting use in making synthetic perfumes and synthetic drugs.

Dinitrophenol was supplied to the French High Commission as an explosive. In peace time we find it used in making dyes, including the American new sulphur black. This dye is interesting because it finds a wide application in dyeing such articles as hosiery and was one of the dyes that Germany was confident America could not make. It is gratifying to learn from textile manufacturers that American sulphur black is at least twenty per cent better than any German sulphur black they have ever used.

Chlorine was the first toxic gas used by the Germans. In peace time it is used in the purification of water, the bleaching of paper and cloths and in the manufacture of a great many dyes, perfumes and antiseptics.

Naphthalene was used in making our war-time daylight signal rockets. Now it is used in making such beautiful dyes as indigo and orange.

From these few examples it will be readily seen why it is so simple a matter to convert a dye plant into a war-time production plant and why so many other industries are directly dependent upon dyes.



(Released by the Institute of American Business, New York)

### We are selling at 20 per cent Reduction Discont-

MEN'S HEAVY SUITS and OVERCOATS  
MEN'S HEAVY PANTS and MACKINAWs  
CHILDRENS' WINTER COATS  
LADIES' FELT SLIPPERS

## A. & W. JOSEPH

### Dodge Brothers will announce on

FEBRUARY 1st., 1922

a substantial reduction in the prices of their cars, effective from

JANUARY 1st., 1922

### Dodge Brothers

Detroit, Mich.

#### VERMONT STATE NEWS

The final slacker's list issued by the U S War Department, shows 31 in the state scattered through the various local boards.

It has been practically decided to locate the maple sugar warehouse at Essex Junction, on account of its convenience as a shipping point.

Thirty carloads of butter, 403,088 pounds, came across the country from San Francisco to New York recently. The butter was from Australia and New Zealand. 700,000 pound of the original shipment by water, remains in storage at San Francisco. Many years ago Danish buttermakers went to the Danish buttermakers hthh the Antipodes, and Australia and New Zealand produce as fine butter and cheese as any country in the world. This importation caused a slump in the market of 7½ cents a pound, the price on the produce exchange being 40 cents. Choice Vermont creamery butter has recently been selling at 58 cts.

The Vermont Farm Federation announce the opening of an office at 23 Church Street., Burlington, Vt. Mr E B Cornwall, the president, will be in charge as managing director.

All communications which would ordinarily be sent to the President or Secretary should be addressed to the above office.

The dates for the Orleans County Fair are September 5, 6, and 7th.

The granite manufacturers of the Barre and Montpelier district have cut the wage scale 20 per cent.

Rutland is buying its milk for nine cents per quart, a drop of two cents being made on Christmas day.

Secretary of State Black has just paid to the state Treasurer Scott, \$88,534.55 from money received for 1922 automobile registrations. This fund is used for highway maintenance.

#### Seek Friends in Time of Need

"In the hour of need we quickly seek our best friends," writes Chas Schidd Ward de Wet, 957 73rd Ave. Oakland, Cal., "our little boy and girl had a severe dry, rasping cough without phlegm, a cough that chokes and flushes the face of the sufferers like unto convulsions. Foley's Honey and Tar was a wonderful emergency remedy." Cases like this give Foley's Honey and Tar its reputation as the best remedy for coughs and colds. For Sale by John W. Thurston, Druggist, Main St., Island Pond, Vt.

#### Buying and Selling Without Money.

The difficulties in conducting trades without money are illustrated in the following, reported by the United States Trades commission at Riga:

According to current news from Soviet Russia, the Council of the People's Commissariat has established arbitrary exchange values for certain commodities, with one pood (36 pounds) of rye grain taken as the basis. It is stated that this move has been made necessary by the reintroduction of freedom in private trade.

From these arbitrary commodity exchange values, as established in June, it appears that one pound of rye grain is fixed as the equivalent of 12 poods of salt, 25 poods of petroleum, 12 packages of matches, 8 metal pails, 4 iron spades or 6 arshins (1 arshin equals 29-inches) of calico.

#### Whiz Bang Goes Up.

Because the people living at Whiz Bang, a boom town in the western Osage oil district, are squatters on Indian land, it is understood the federal government has issued orders for the land to be vacated. Titles cannot be given at Whiz Bang and persons living there pay rentals for the lots they occupy. It is said that Whiz Bang will be moved to Aperson.—The Oklahoman.

#### Bales of Paper.

"Are the people who use marks or rubles saving any money?" "No. If they got together enough to amount to anything they couldn't afford to hire a warehouse for storage purposes."