got it, their leaders will barter themselves away both body and soul to the grim Moloch of Slavery. Aye, if needs be,—if we are entitled to draw conclusions from what we have seen—if their loaves and fishes depended upon the act, they would swear eternal allegiance to the Prince of Darkness himself!

Freemen of Vermont, are yo prepared to make these base born vassals your rulers?—Are you content to be the subjects of slaves? Is free, brave, proud Vermont, whom all have honored as the foe of tyranny and the champion of the oppressed, now going to tear from her brow all her bright laurels, and basely get down into the dust and crouch obsequiously at the feet of Southern masters? Has the land of Allen, and Stark, and Warner, lost her "breed of noble bloods," and become peopled with a vile crew of shameless bastards, who have not the heart to assert there rights, far less to vindicate them? The first Tuesday of September will testify to the world whether this is so. *Remember this freemen of Vermont.* AND GOVERN YOUR COURSE ACCORDINGLY.—*Watchman.*

TRICKS FOR TRACKS.—We have all along asserted that the unnatural connexion between the directors of the Vermont Central Railroad, and the directors of the Fitchburg Railroad, was a mere sham; and that, if persevered in, one party, at least, would be "taken in." It would seem from the following letter from ex-Gov. Paine, who was mainly instrumental in bringing about this connexion, that the proofs of sincerity on the part of at least one of the high contracting parties, are coming out before their time:

Northfield, July 28, 1845.

E. Colman, Esq:—Dear Sir,—I regretted I did not see you at our meeting of stockholders, but received the letter.

In connecting with the Fitchburg road. It must not be understood that we are unwilling to unite with the Concord road. I believe all the directors are for that connexion; but in going for the Concord, I do not think it best for our road to disconnect with the Fitchburg, and when I see you, can give you such reasons, as will convince you it is for our interest to have both.

I shall be in Boston the last of August—in the meantime we shall push our road. I suppose your assessment may do the 1st Oct. as you propose, if not convenient before.

Truly yours,
(Signed) CHARLES PAINE.

Let the Fitchburg directors read the above letter, and then say how much they can depend on the professions of the managers of the Central route. To connect with that route, they have periled the only chance of a profitable connection with Western Vermont; and now that the rival Concord and Lebanon route is certain to be built, the managers of the Central route violate their solemn pledges to the Fitchburg directors—not openly, to be sure, but covertly in private letters to their stockholders—and declare their readiness to unite with the Concord and Lebanon!—Through the influence of the Fitchburg directors, or mainly so, Gov. Paine secured nearly a million of of the stock of the Central route in Boston; and this is the way he pays off the obligation. We doubt if a more barefaced piece of trickery and underhand management was ever exposed to the public eye, in connection with a public enterprise.

Another fact in connection with the affairs of the Central Railroad, ought not to be lost sight of. With all their boasting, they have as yet secured but little, if any, over two millions of subscriptions to the stock. If they unite with the Fitchburg and Cheshire, they will want nearly or quite three and a half millions to complete their road. From one million to one million and a half is behind—which is quite as much as is wanting to complete the Rutland road. The Rutland stock is now considered the best stock unfinished in the market, and the books are fast filling up. The Ogdensburg interest will push the Rutland route, because it shortens the distance to Boston twenty-six miles; and it is our solemn belief that the Rutland route will be completed long before any other railroad through Vermont.—*Boston Mail.*

A CALL UPON THE GOV. OF LOUISIANA FOR 1000 TROOPS.

Ten Thousand Mexican Troops within eight days march of General Taylor's Quarters.

Correspondence of the Tribune.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug 25—7 1-2 A. M. Such is the astounding information in Sunday's Picayune, August 17, received by this morning's Southern mail. Gen. Gaines has received authentic information that 10,000 Mexican troops are within seven days' march of Gen. Taylor's quarters, wherever that may be.

As a matter of precaution, he has called upon Gov. Moulton for one thousand troops, which call he immediately responded to by ordering Gen. Mewis to have the requisite number in the field forthwith. In short, the entire body of the New Orleans Military have offered their services to the Governor, and hold themselves in readiness at a moment's warning to "march to the battle-field."—Things certainly, with the present call before us, look like any thing else but pacific; and it will surprise many if a conflict does not ensue between the belligerent parties.

It appears that troops are pouring into Texas from almost every section of the country.

From the New Orleans Picayune of Aug. 17.

Texas and Mexico.—Important Movement of Troops—Requisition for Men on our Governor—The Call Responded to.

About 11 o'clock yesterday forenoon business took us out of our office; and as we went down Camp, and on to the Post Office, we saw citizens grouped together at every corner, talking intently about—we then knew not what. They seemed elated and in high spirits; and as they consisted promiscuously of both Whigs and Democrats, we knew that their rejoicing must be something more than a mere political party triumph.

When the two men met, we could hear one tell the other, with a significant smile, to sharpen "Uncle Alexander" (the big sword,) and the latter would remind his friend how necessary it now was for him to burnish up his old rifle, "rugged-muzzled Bess." We soon learned

"What had caused this great commotion
The city through."

It was, at the time we speak of, publicly and very generally known that the veteran, Gen. Gaines, commanding the Southern military division of the United States, had made a demand on Gov. Moulton for one thousand men or more for the national service, and that the Governor promptly made a requisition on Gen. Lewis, commanding the first division of the Louisiana militia, for the required force, viz:—two regiments of volunteers, of ten companies each: one of them to consist of musketeers, and one of rifle-men, and two companies of artillery, with eight field pieces. The requisition was of course immediately responded to, and will be put forthwith into execution.

It was the knowledge of this fact that caused the excitement among our citizens which we have attempted to describe; it was this that made them seem as if

Their souls were in arms and eager for the fray;

We understand that the whole of the artillery force of the city—a most effective and well armed corps—have volunteered their services, and that they have been accepted. Our gallant uniformed infantry companies are not, in the mean time, listlessly resting on their arms; calls for meetings of the officers of the Washington Regiment and Louisiana Volunteers may be seen in our paper to-day.

In fact, the question will not be "Who will be suffered to remain at home?" but "Who will be *permitted* to enrol themselves amongst them the defenders of their countrymen beyond the Sabine?" Before to-morrow's sun ascends the meridian, the draft in mercantile phrase, will be honored, and were it numerically ten times the amount which it is, it would be met with the same alacrity and good will.

This movement is said to be consequent upon authentic information which has reached Gen. Gaines, of the advance of 10,000 *Mexican troops to a point within eight day's march of Gen. Taylor's quarters.* We are not aware of the precise disposition which is to be made of the volunteer force, the great body of them, we believe, go to reinforce Gen. Taylor's command.

We, like the rest of our citizens, have no apprehension for the result. If a conflict comes, the vain and pusillanimous nation which excites it will inevitably be the sufferers. Should their temerity carry them to such lengths, we trust they will be met at the outset by a force that will teach them the prowess of our people, and how ridiculously Utopian is the idea that leads them to believe they can cope with us in arms any more than in arts.

This humanity, as well as valor, demands of us; for, by a decisive stroke—one that will inspire them with a due degree of terror—thousands of poor wretches who may be dragged in chains from their homes, will, seeing the utter hopelessness of their cause, save their lives by at once making in double quick time, an *advance backwards.* Whatever the strategy or manœuvering of our enemies, let them *but* provoke hostilities, and victory will certainly be found folded in the flag of our Union.

PENSIONS.

"As you were."—It will be observed, by reference to the advertisement, that the late arrangement for paying pensions has been countermanded, and that the instalment due on the 4th proximo to the counties of Bennington, Rutland, Addison, Chittenden, Franklin and Grand-Isle, will be paid by MERRITT CLARK, Esq., at *Poultney;* and the rest of the State by ROSWELL R. KEITH, Esq., at Montpelier.—*Bur. Free Press.*

THE TWO VT. RAIL ROADS AGAIN.

The Fraud Confessed.

By a private letter received yesterday from Boston we learn that the 'Bargain' between the Governor Paine and the Fitchburgh folks, which Mr. Walton lately assured us 'would be strictly adheared to was made in bad faith, and will not be fulfilled. It is well known that the Directors and stockholders of the Fitchburgh Rail-Roads preferred the Central over the Rutland Route and gave all the aid they possibly could; believing, as they did, that the Central, would unite with the Cheshier road the Bellows Falls and thus put down all exertions and all hopes for contining the Road from Concord N. H. to Lebanon, and thence through Montpelier to Lake Champlain. They opposed the Rut'and road and preferred the Central, for the sole avowed purpose of preventing the continuation of the Concord road; and a portion of the subscription is of the central stock, taken by the Fitchburgh people, was taken with the understanding that the route should unite with theirs by the Cheshire road through N. H.—leaving the Connecticut River at Bellows Falls. And Walton a short time since assured the Fitchburgh men that the 'bargain,' (the union of the Central with the Fitchburgh, '*would be strictly adhered to.*'

But ex Gov. Paine and follow Directors do not so understand the 'bond,' or if they do, are not intending to abide by it. The fraud and duplicity of these Directors has been by them confessed.—A few days since, a Boston gentleman who has subscribed Twenty thousand dollars for the Central Road, wrote to Governor Paine that he took that amount of stock with express understanding that road was to unite with Concord. The Gov. replied *that it was still his own intention and the intention of the Directors to do so,* BUT IT WAS NOT BEST TO FRIGHTEN THEIR FITCHBURGH FRIENDS YET ABOUT IT. This letter was laid before the Fitchburgh Board of Directors immediately, and a copy of it is in the office of the Champ'a'n & Connecticut River Rail Road Co. at Boston. The base imposition and contemptible trickery thus proved 'out of their own mouth' cannot be too cordially despised, and we trust will meet with an appropriate rebuke. Is it not time for friend Walton and the Editor of the Bunker Hill Aurora to quote again the old maxim—honesty is the best policy?"—*Vermonter.*

The friends of the Tariff of 1842 are called upon to again speak! That great and beneficent measure, which we finally, after much toil and labor, succeeded in carrying, and which, in three short years, has worked such magic changes in the affairs of our government and in every department of industry, is in imminent danger! The edict has gone forth that 'it must be reduced to the revenue standard'—i. e. it must be modddled to suit the views of southern Locofocos. This will be done this next winter if it can be done!—It can not be done if its friends will but speak out as they should. The people of Vermont have a vital interest in both these great subjects. Is there not enough then to call for the most vigorous and hearty efforts of the Whigs at the coming election? Most assuredly there is. Let them up, then, and to their work! Let there not be found one in the ranks of the Whig party disposed to allow tha coming election to go *by default.* Let there not be amongst us flagging spirits or desponding hearts, but let all take ceurage from our daily brightening prospects, press on to the contest & hope for the best.

Votes! Votes!

We hope the Town Committees will see that the several towns are fully supplied with votes. Send in your orders.—We shall keep a supply on hand for different towns.

DAY OF PUBLICATION.

Hereafter our paper will be issued on Tuesday, instead of Wednesday, which will enable us to accommodate the subscribers in New Haven and Monkton, as well as the rest of the county, with the earliest intelligence by mail. We shall soon take measures to have the papers in these towns sent by mail, and likewise Starksboro and Bristol. Our charge by mail in the county, and some neighboring towns will be $1,50 per annum, which will be the whole expense as no postage is chargeable upon them, when sent to places within 30 miles of our office,

☞ The Rev. Mr. SHEDD, of Brandon, has been elected a Professor in Burlington College.

THIRD PARTYISM.

Third party abolitionists are flattering themselves that some day or other their party will be triumphant. But the narrow and impracticable grounds upon which they stand will render such an event impossible. They may attain an unnatural expansion by assimulating to themselves all the elements of ultraism in religion, government and politics, which hold a momentary sway over the public mind. But their victories will be partial, and never so complete as to secure to them a permanent ascendancy.

In endeavoring to prostrate the Whig party by uniting with Locofocoism during the last Presidential canvass, Third party leaders embraced a wretched policy. They undoubtedly proposed to break the Whig party into fragments, and build themselves upon its ruins. They relied upon the sympathy of the Whigs for the cause of abolition. But the malignity and hypocricy of their course has secured them nothing but their hatred. Those who were before inclined to become abolitionists now repudiate them with utter loathing and abhorrence. By their course in aiding annexation in which their sympathies for the slave were completely swallowed up by their lust for party dominion, they have digusted every honest Whig abolitionist in the land. Whatever sympathy the Whigs may entertain for their deluded followers, they regard their leaders as a reckless set of men, and as bad a political clique the country has ever witnessed. The Locos have ever washed their skirts of Third partyism, altho' they have occasionally struck hands with it whenever they could effect their purpose in no other way. All classes, either in religion or politics, are daily becoming more and more convinced of the corruption of its leaders, and impracticability of Third partyism to accomplish the object which it proposes. Third-partyism will soon be numbered among the things that were, while true abolitionism will take up its residence with the Whig party, the only practicable abolition party in the country.

Slavery is no doubt a horrid abomination. But it will never be put down by distracting the ranks of those who alone can successfully contend against the power of slaveholders, and have contended against it with all their might for 20 years past. WHIGS, we beseech you

Be true to your Principles!

This is the only way to defeat Slavery, and the aggression of Slaveholders.

WHIGS OF VERMONT!

Rally to the Polls.

Once more stand firm against the withering curse of Locofoco domination,—the perpetuation of Slavery,—restoration of the subtreasury,—the reduction of the Tariff,—the prostration of domestic industry, of home manufacturers and all the great interests of the country at the feet of a party whose only bound of union is the spoils of office. Be not deceived by the silly song of a few locos in Vermont who would convince you that the Tariff is safe in the hands of a Locofoco Congress. What say the great leaders of the party at the South to whom they have ever meanly submitted.

"I am engaged in reducing the details of the Tariff to a Revenue Standard;"

says R. J. Walker, Secretary of the Treasury. Vermont should now come out with more than her usual boldness against this and the other projects of this administration more abominable and deadly than any which have hitherto marked the desolating career of Locofocoism.

Let it not be rung through the Union that Vermont has suffered a single spark of her indignation against annexation and free trade to be extinguished.

Once more

enter your solemn protest against these execrable measures.

Whigs, old and young,

bring out your strength. Let no minor considerations prevent you from presenting an united front. Let not Third partyism swerve you *one inch* from the integrity of your principles. Let what may happen, be firm to your party which in Vermont from time immemorial has triumphed over all the arts and intrigues of the enemy. Let the 'Star that never sets' again sparkle high! yea, higher than ever in the Heavens.

RETURNS OF VOTES.

Post Masters, Town Clerks, and others, will confer a favor by forwarding a return of votes as soon as possible after election.

SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA.—Fever is one of the most frequent and dangerous diseases to which the human body is liable. Its first impression is upon the nervous system, then the vessels of the skin become deranged, producing dryness and burning heats. After this the general system is involved, and the patient sinks beneath the attacks, unless relieved by appropriate remedies. Noxious effluvia and various miasms are the cause of fever, being infused throughout the atmosphere, and then breathed into the lungs, when the poison combines with the impure fluids of the body and is carried by the circulating organs to the remote ramifications of the system.—If, then, the animal frame is kept in a perfect, sound and healthy state, and every organ performing its functions properly, there can be no union of the predisposing cause, which is the noxious effluvia or marsh miasm, with the exciting, which is an impure state of blood and depraved condition of the general constitution, and consequently no disease.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficacy, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

W. P. RUSSEL Agent Middlebury Vt.

BRIGHTON MARKET.—MONDAY, Aug. 25, 1845.

Reported for the N. E. Farmer.

At market 1300 Beef Cattle, 4000 Sheep and 1650 Swine. Several hundred Cattle, and Sheep and Swine unsold.

PRICES—*Beef Cattle.*—A few Extra $4,-75. Firs quality $4,50 a 4,62. Second quality, $4.00 a 4,25. Third quality, $3 a 3.50.

Sheep.—"Dull." Lambs from $0,75 to $1,-62. Old Sheep from $1,25 to 2,00.

WOOL.—There continues to be a fair demand for both fleece and pulled Wool, and prices remain unchanged.

Pime or Saxony Fleeces, washed, lb. 37 a 40c.—American full blood, do 35 a 37—Do. 3-4 do 33 a 34—Do. 1-2 do 31 a 32—1-4 and common do 28 a 30.

Married,

In Essex on the 17th inst., by the Rev. A. Lyman, Mr. Edward D. Lawrence, formerly of this City and Miss Susan Winslow of the former place.

In New Haven on the 28th ult., by the Rev. J. W. Pierson, Charles C. Bisbee A. M. principal of the Bellamaqueene Seminary at St. Albans, to Miss Eunice M. daughter of the late Moses F. Wheeler Esq. of New Haven.

AUCTION!!

Will be sold on Saturday next, 6th inst., at 1 o'clock P. M., the following articles, viz:

1 Fall Leaf Table,	2 Light Sands,
1 Wash Stands,	1 Stove and Pipe,
6 Boxes Cigars,	1 Bureau,
1 ps. Doe Skin Cloth,	12 pr. Hand Bellows,
1 Wheel Barrow,	200 lbs. S. Tobacco,
12 Napt Hats,	2 French Bedsteads,
3 Brass Clocks,	2 Rocking Chairs,
1 Toilet Table,	3 Children's do.
6 Cast Steel Scythes,	10 Iron Wrenches,
2 Set Dining Chairs,	1 Wash Tub,
1 Tin Churn.	1 pr. Andirons,

Calicoes, Pins, Suspenders, and a great variety of property. Sales Positive.

Z. BECKWITH & Co. Auct.

Middlebury, Sept. 1 1845.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that the subscriber will petition the Legislature of Vermont at their next session, to be held on the second Thursday of October, 1845, for the revival of the grant of his ferry at Larrabee's Point in Shoreham.

JOHN S. LARRABEE.

Shoreham, Aug. 22, 1844.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the late firm of Brown & Sheldon, are requested to settle the same IMMEDIATELY with the subscriber, who is authorized to settle same. H. A. SHELDON.

Middlebury, August 25, 1845.

Goods Cheap.

A large assortment of Dry Goods and Groceries will be sold lower than ever, for cash, grain, or first rate butter, by H. A. SHELDON.

NEWTON ACADEMY.

The Fall Term of this Institution will commence on Monday the 25th of August next.

JACOB E. BLAKELY, Principal.

July 30th, 1845. 14; 5w

DOCT. J. BROCKWAY

FROM ALBANY, FORMERLY OF VERMONT,

Will be in Middlebury on or about the first of August. He will be prepared to render professional service and advice, not only, as a Dentist. But having lost one of his limbs at the notorious "anti-limb" Fulton Ferry N. York City, and been compelled to call into exercise his bump of constructiveness, (of no mean developement before,) he has substituted for himself an artificial limb superior to anything of the kind heretofore in use. Sympathising therefore with cripples he offers his aid to the entire race. Any man, woman or child minus a tooth, a palate, a nose, an arm or a leg may do themselves a favor by consulting Doct. B., who also designs and applies various mechanical fixtures for the relief of the impotent, the mained or deformed, consultation fee, where nothing further is done, two Dollars.

PROBATE NOTICES.

STATE OF VERMONT, }
District of Addison, ss. }

Be it remembered, that at a Probate Court holden at Middlebury in and for said district, on the 21st day of August, A. D. 1845.

Thomas B. Martin, administrator of the estate of MARSHALL MARTIN, late of Granville, in said District, deceased, presents his petition in writing to said Court, praying for license to sell real estate of said deceased, for the purpose paying the debts of said deceased, and the expenses of administration and therein sets forth the amount of debts due from the deceased, the expenses of administration, the value of the personal estate, the situation of the real estate of said deceased, and that it is necessary to sell real estate of the said deceased for the purposes aforesaid. It is thereupon ordered that said petition be considered by this Court at a session thereof to be held at the office of the Register of this Court, in said Middlebury, on Thursday the 18th day of September next, at one o'clock in the afternoon, and that said administrator cause notice thereof to be given to all persons interested that they may appear before said Court, and make their objections, if any they may have to said license being granted, by publishing a certified copy of this order in the Northern Galaxy—a newspaper printed at said Middlebury—three weeks successively previous to the time of said Court.

Jed. S. Bushnell Register.

A true copy of record,
Attest *Jed. S. Bushnell* Register. 17

STATE OF VERMONT, }
Addison District, ss. }

Be it remembered that at a Probate Court held at Middlebury in and for the District of Addison on the 20th day of August, A. D. 1845.

William S. Lane and Charles D. Lane administrators of the estate of WILLIAM LANE, late of Cornwall in the District of Addison deceased, make application to said Court to have the time appointed for the payment of the debts of the deceased extended one year from the expiration of the time heretofoe limited by this Court: It is therefore ordered, that said application be considered by this Court, at a session thereof to be held at the office of the Register of this Court in said Middlebury, on Thursday the 18th day of September A. D. 1845, at one o'clock in the afternoon, and that said administrators give notice thereof to all persons interested, that they may appear and make their objections, if any they may have, to said time being extended, by publishing a certified copy of this order in the Northern Galaxy—a newspaper printed in said Middlebury, three weeks successively previous to the time of said Court.

J. S. BUSHNELL, Register.

A true copy of Record.
17 J. S. BUSHNELL, Register.

STATE OF VERMONT, }
District of Addison, }

BE it remembered that at a probate Court held at Middlebury, in and for the District of Addison on the 30th day of August, A. D. 1845.

David Stow Executor of the last will and testament of CLARK STOW, late of Weybridge in said District deceased, presents his administration account for allowance: It is therefore ordered, that said account be examined for allowance, at a session of said Court to be held at the office of the Register of said Court in said Middlebury, on the 18th day of September next, at one o'clock in the afternoon, and that said Executor give notice thereof to all persons interested, that they may appear and make their objections, if any they may have, to the allowance of said account, by publishing a certified copy of this order in the Northern Galaxy—a newspaper printed at said Middlebury—three weeks successively previous to the time of said Court.

Jed. S. Bushnell Register.

A true copy of record. 18
Attest, J. S. Bushnell, Register.

DISSOLUTION.

The partnership heretofore existing under the firm of Brown and Sheldon is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment to H. A. Sheldon, who is authorized to settle all accounts.

GEORGE M. BROWN,
HARMON A. SHELDON.

Middlebury, May 19, 1845. 3 in. 4w: out. 6m

HATS.—Another lot of Legay & CO's., superior Moleskin Hats, which gave such universal satisfaction last year, Leghorn Hats, just rec'd by H. A. SHELDON.

Dr. Gridley's Tooth-ache Drops

The undersigned having used Dr. Gridley's Tooth-Ache Drops, confidently recommend them to the public as a pleasant and at the same time a sure and efficacious remedy for the Tooth-ache.

Geo. O. Adams, I. T. Packard, Homer Sheldon Middlebury, Vt. July 7, 1845.

Sold wholesale and retail by the Proprietor,
10 *H. C. GRIDLEY,* Druggist.

GOOD NEWS.

JUST rec'd from New York a fresh and full supply of the invaluable and far famed PEASE'S HOREHOUND CANDY so renowned for the cure of COLDS COUGHS and all PULMONARY COMPLAINTS.

H. C. GRIDLEY.

For Sale by
Agent for J. Pease & Sons. 45 Divison St. Mass.
☞ County Merchants supplyed at a Discount of 25 per cent CASH.

An available Lot of Land FOR SALE.

Lying in Addison, being a part of the farm belonging to Wm. Cook, late of Addison, deceased about thirty-six acres, lying on the south side of said farm, joining Wheeler French's farm.—Likewise the house and barn and twenty acres of land to rent, being the widow's third's. Immediate possession given. For further particulars, enquire of the subscriber on the premises.

July 14, 1845. (12;3) Jonathan Morgan.

FRANCIS SALTUS!!
NEW DRUG & MEDICINE STORE!

THE subscriber has the pleasure of informing his old customers and friends that he has neatly fitted up a Store *directly opposite John Wood's,* where he will keep constantly on hand, a full and complete assortment of

DRUGS AND MEDICINES, Paints, Oils, Dye-Stuffs and Groceries,

which was purchased exclusively for cash and can therefore, and will be sold cheaper than can be purchased at any other Establishment in the County.—*All articles of medicine warranted pure.*

He also flatters himself that from his thorough knowledge of, and long experience in the above business he will be able by giving his personal attention to the compounding and dispensing of Medicines avoid the fatal mistakes which so often occur through carelessness and the inexperience of Clerks and Assistants upon which the business of compounding almost entirely devolves.

ALSO,

Agent for all of the most approved *Patent Medicines,* among which may be found:—Sand's, Bull's and Comstock's Sarsaparilla Syrups, Moffatt's Bitters and Pills, Marshall's Snuff and Plaster, Smith's Sugar-Coated Pills, McAlister's All-Healing Ointment, Pease's Hoarhound Candy, Gridley's Tooth-Ache Drops, Punderson's Condition Powders and many others.

Physicians and country Merchants supplied at a liberal discount for cash.

☞SODA FOUNTAIN.☜

In connexion with the above business, the subscriber has fitted up in the neatest possible manner, a Soda Fountain, and will be happy to wait upon all who may favor him with a call.

H. C. GRIDLEY.

Middlebury, July 2nd, 1845. 9 1y

NEW STORE!
RAIL-ROAD DEPOT.

THE subscriber has just received, in addition to a well selected and pure assortment of DRUGS & MEDICINES, a rich and very beautiful selection of

Dry Goods and Groceries,
PAINTS, OILS, AND DYE-STUFFS,

Which will be sold extremely low for CASH. Prices, quality and quantity, to suit the purchaser. All I ask is a *small* advance from cost, and transportation.

In regard to "knowledge," "experience," (or "scarlessness,") in dispensing medicines, the people must judge. One thing is certain that the portion of community dealing with me, receive yearly from 3 to 5 hundred dollars in medical advice, gratis; which is an item not to be received from ordinary apothecaries: and besides will sell as low as the "*Francis Saltus,*" or any other craft that may come on to the line.

☞ Prompt payment of old accounts necessary to ensure further credit.

SIDNEY MOODY.

Middlebury, July 7, 1845. 10tf

W. P. RUSSEL,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL
DRUGGIST.

THE attention of *Physicians and Families* is respectfully invited to the large and well selected assortment of

DRUGS & MEDICINES

Including ALL the rare Chemicals, Essential Oils &c.—Which will be sold at a small advance from New York prices.

☞All orders from a distance will be attended to by him *personally,*—carefully packed and directed to the place designated.

☞Physicians prescriptions, put up with the greatest *accuracy and neatness.*

The Excellent Soda Fountain

of the establishment, is constantly supplied with an abundance of Ice,—the purest and best of Syrups.

☞Dr. Russel can be consulted professionally as usual, at the Store—first door south of the post office.

Middlebury, July 21, 1845.

MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

OF WORCESTER, Massachusetts,
Incorporated by the State of Massachusetts, March 16, 1844,
With a Guarantee Capital Stock of $100,000—Shares $50,00.
HON. JOHN DAVIS, of Worcester, President.

An agency of this institution having been established in this county, where Life Insurance can be effected upon any sum from $100 to $10,000 on the true *Mutual System,* and where the cost of Insurance will be regulated by the expenses. The original cash payments are 25 per ct. less than other companies charge. Young men wishing to raise money to carry them through an education, or to help them start in business, will find this a convenient way to raise funds. Let a policy of Assurance be obtained, and this can be pledged for the security of money borrowed.

Any person with small pecuniary means, will find his credit much increased by obtaining such an insurance, which can at any time be made to stand as a pledge for the payment of a debt. A man having a family that would be left in a measure destitute if the head should be taken away, may, for a small annual payment, secure to them comfortable support after his decease. The subscriber will be happy to communicate the principles and plans of business to any citizens disposed to favor the object, or who may wish to become members or stockholders.

CHARLES BOWEN,
Agent for the County of Addison.
Middlebury, Vt. July, 05, 1845. 13

Frank Punderson's

Condition Powders

For the cure of all diseases to which the Horse, Ox, and other herbiverous animals are incident.

Dr. W. P. RUSSEL is appointed by the Proprietor General Agent for the Counties of Addison and Rutland in this State, and Essex in the State of New York.

Agencies for the sale of this valuable medicine for Horses and Horned Cattle, will be established in all the towns in the above named Counties.

Merchants wishing to purchase will be supplied at the Manufacturer's wholesale price.

Caution.

Several imitations resembling the genuine article have been put up by different persons under the name of Condition Powders and sold at a reduced price.

REMEMBER that F. Punderson has but one GENERAL AGENT for the sale of this medicine in the Counties aforesaid—and purchase directly of him or of the Sub. Agents of W. P. RUSSEL.

Middlebury, July 21, 1845.

ONCE MORE.

A splendid assortment of New Goods will be found at A. Chapman & Son's, cheap for cash or produce. A long puff is of no use, call and examine. Our customers may be assured of the best articles and the lowest prices.

May 13th, 1845. *A. CHAPMAN & SON.*

Middlebury, July 8, 1845.

MORE NEW GOODS,

Just received—cheap at CHAPMANS.

Cash paid for Fleece WOOL.

A. CHAPMAN & SON

NEW GOODS.

A. P. ROSCOE, has just received from New York for the second and third time this season, a large and splendid assortment of

New and fashionable Goods,

of the latest styles and patterns,—and having determined to supply the increasing demand of the public upon him for goods, he is constantly receiving new goods to supply deficiencies occasioned by daily sales. And without attempting to enumerate, he would assure his friends and the public that his stock consists of the greatest variety of goods that can be found at any other store in this county—bought at the lowest market prices and will be sold as low, if not lower, than can be bought at any other store in this vicinity for cash, most kinds of country produce, or approved credit. ☞To those wishing to purchase

GOOD & CHEAP GOODS,

He would say do not take his word, but CALL and EXAMINE for yourselves.

New Haven, June 20, 1845. 8

NEW GOODS.

P. W. COLLINS is this day receiving a large supply of

Spring and Summer Goods,

which he will sell low for Cash, barter, or approved credit.

Cornwall, April 26, 1845.

NEW STORE
AND
NEW GOODS.

THE subscriber has taken the store heretofore occupied by Pratt & Smith, and is now receiving from New York a large and splendid stock of

DRY GOODS,

(selected with great care,) among which may be found goods for ladies dresses, viz:

Balzarines, Lawns, Ginghams, M. De Laines &c.
Pannes in great variety, from 6 to 8 cents.
Alpaccas.

ALSO

Goods for Men and Boys wear. Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Tweed Cloths and Summer Goods—any quantity. Lawrence C. Sheetings and several other styles; Bed Tickings Drillings, &c. &c.—Parasols and Umbrellas, lace for Caps and capes, Edgings, Ribbons, Braids and Florence Bonnets—and in fact almost every thing that can be called for.

ALSO

Groceries, Crockery, Glass and Hard Ware,

—a large assortment. Nails, Horse-nail-rods American Steel &c. Drugs and Medicines, Putty, Window Glass, Linseed and Lamp Oil, mould Candles, Codfish &c. &c.

All of which he will sell for a very small advance from cost for cash, or on the most accommodating terms for produce, or short approved credit. Please call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. H. O. SMITH.

New Haven May 12, 1845. 2 tf

WANTED

Butter, Cheese and Live Geese Feathers, in exchange for Goods. H. O SMITH.

Commissioners Notice.

We the subscribers, being appointed by the Hon. Probate Court for the district of Addison, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of

ABNER WILCOX,

late of Bridport in said District deceased, and allowed claims and demands exhibited in offset thereto: And six months from the 22nd day of August 1845 being allowed by said Court for that purpose, we do therefore hereby give notice that we will attend to the business of our said appointment, at the dwelling house of the widow of the deceased, in Bridport on the first Tuesdays of Oct. and Feb. next, from nine o'clock A. M. until four o'clock, P. M. on each of said days.

CHARLES HOWE,
S. Z. WALKER, } *Commissioners.*
PHILANDER JONES,

Dated at Bridport, this 29th day of Aug. 1845.

F. BROWN'S
Sarsaparilla & Tomato Bitters.

FREDDRICK BROWN, a celebrated chemist of Boston, has succeeded for the first time in combining the medicinal virtues of the SARSAPARILLA and TOMATO. And the result has met the most sanguine expectations of the medical profession.—The whole vegetable kingdom does not furnish two substances so admirably adapted to *purify, nourish* and *invigorate* the human system. These Bitters have all the effect of the most powerful purgatives when used in sufficient quantity, and yet are so mild in their operation that they may be given to persons in the most delicate health with perfect safety. They are very agreeable to the taste.

The component ingredient of these Bitters is no secret.—They are composed of a very strong preparation of the celebrated extract of Spanish Sarsaparilla and the extract of Tomatoes, with the addition of some of the most popular vegetable medicines the country affords.

The true means of preserving the Health and Strength is to purify the blood and correct the unhealthy state of the *Bowels.* For this purpose no Medicine has been found equal to the Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters.

These excellent bitters will be found a certain cure in all cases of indigestion or dyspepsia, jaundice, loss of appetite, general debility, faintness and Sinking of the stomach, lowness of spirits, costiveness, determination of blood to the head, pain in the limbs and side, diarrhea, weakness, dizziness, cutaneous eruptions on the face and neck, hectic fever, night sweats, nervous and sick headache, acidity of stomach, bilious affections, piles, costiveness and in all diseases caused by impurity of the blood, the debility of the system, or the unhealthy state of the stomach and bowels.

They are also exceedingly efficacious in restoring constitutions broken down by sedentary employment, and have been extensively used by Clergymen, Editors, Printers, Clerks, Seamstresses and numerous others whose health had been injured by confinement and close application, with the happiest results. They restore the action of the stomach, increase the quality of the blood, and impart to the wan and emaciated system of the invalid the vigor and glow of true health.

These Bitters are warranted to be a purely Vegetable compound—and mark this, ☞they can never do the least injury in any case whatever.☜

They are kept by persons as a FAMILY MEDICINE, and have been given to the YOUNGEST CHILDREN, on account of the mildness of their operation, with excellent effect.

The following are a few of the many new recommendations which have been sent to the proprietor of BROWN'S ARSAPARILLA and TOMATO BITTERS within a short time. REMEMBER—Always ask for Brown's as there are counterfeits.

Mr. F. Brown:—

Dear Sir:—Having tested the value of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, I take pleasure to give to you the facts of my case for your own satisfaction and the benefit of others. I have been suffering with the Erysipelas humor in my side, causing my hand and arm to swell very much, and to be painful, at the same time and for some time previous have been troubled with a weak stomach: most of my food has hurt me, and there has been a singular faintness at the stomach, which has been increasing, and caused me much difficulty. After I commenced taking your Bitters I could perceive a gradual and immediate relief, and would recommend it much confidence to those who are troubled with such complaints. Yours Truly WM. DAMRELL.

Mr. F. Brown.— Bath, Me. May 27, 1844.

Dear Sir:—I have some time past suffered much from Jaundice and Dyspepsia at the Stomach; loss of appetite, and trouble and pain from the least simple food, with pain in the head and side; a slight cough, general weakness and debility of the system. After using a number medicines without any relief, I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters. I received immediate relief from the use of one Bottle, and feel gratified for the great relief I have received, and would recommend it to all who are suffering from similar disorders. Yours Truly. FREDERICK B SLAID.

Mr. F. Brown:— Utica, NY. May 17th, 1844.

Dear Sir:—I am again out of your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters; it is an article that is much thought of; an old lady from Frankfort, Herkimer County, says she has been confined to her house for seven years, and this has enabled her to get out. Several in this city say that it is the best medicine they have ever taken.

Please send me a fresh supply soon, as I have not a bottle in the store. Yours with respect,

J. E. WARNER, per R. F. RAY.

To Mr. Brown, Chemist, Boston

I certify that my wife has been afflicted with a very bad humor on her face, and at her stomach, for fifteen years past. After using various medicines recommended for her complaints with little or no benefit, she commenced using by the advice of Dr. Edward Mason, Apothecary, your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters, and she is now in better health than she has before enjoyed for the last fifteen years; and I would cheerfully recommend to all and every one who is afflicted with any of the complaints which this medicine is recommended for, to use it in preference to any article now in use.

Yours Respectfully, J. B. LEACH.

FALMOUTH, May 29, 1844.

LIVER COMPLAINT, can be cured without resorting to mercury, if you will only use Brown's Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters.

To Mr. Fredrick Brown, Proprietor of the Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters:

This certifies that my wife was severely afflicted with the Liver Complaint and her health was very seriously undermined. Having tried various prescriptions, without success, she was fortunately induced to try your Sarsaparilla and Tomato Bitters: her health soon began to improve, and she is now much better in health, and would advise any one in ill health to use them. Yours Respectfully,

CHARLES CARLE.

PORTLAND, Me., June 5, 1844.

For further information inquire of the Agent
W. P. RUSSEL.

All orders for the above should be addressed to the Proprietor Frederick Brown 68 Washington St. Boston.

Agents.—Middlebury, W. P. Russel; Vergennes, John H. Bowman; Shoreham