

# SHE GOT WHAT SHE WANTED

This Woman Had to Insist Strongly, but it Paid

Chicago, Ill.—"I suffered from a female weakness and stomach trouble, and I went to the store to get a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, but the clerk did not want to let me have it—he said it was no good and wanted me to try something else, but knowing all about it I insisted and finally got it, and I am so glad I did, for it has cured me."

"I know of so many cases where women have been cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound that I can say to every suffering woman if that medicine does not help her, there is nothing that will."—Mrs. JANETZKI, 2908 Arch St., Chicago, Ill.

This is the age of substitution, and women who want a cure should insist upon Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound just as this woman did, and not accept something else on which the druggist can make a little more profit.

Women who are passing through this critical period or who are suffering from any of those distressing ills peculiar to their sex should not lose sight of the fact that for thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which is made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills. In almost every community you will find women who have been restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

## SILENCE IS GOLDEN.



Mrs. Roley—Poor dear, he hasn't said a word for three weeks.  
Dr. Bull-Frog—Well, you don't want him to croak, do you?—Exchange.

## The Old Love Possible.

Mrs. Clarence H. Mackay, at a garden party at Hampstead, praised the working girl.

"How much nobler," she said, "to work than to marry for money. I know a pretty girl who gave up a good position to marry a man of sixty-eight."

"I am marrying for love," she told her chum.

"And the old fellow," said the chum, disgustedly, "is worth \$7,000,000."

"Yes," was the reply. "It's the \$7,000,000 I'm in love with."

## Ready for It.

"Young man, have you made any preparations for the rainy day?"

"Oh, yes," replied the son of the prominent millionaire. "In addition to my roadster, I have a corking good limousine that will easily hold six girls."

Few of us can do more than one thing well. Many a man who has no difficulty in making money is a dismal failure as a spender.

# Easy Breakfast!

A bowl of crisp

# Post Toasties

and cream—the thing's done!

Appetizing  
Nourishing  
Convenient

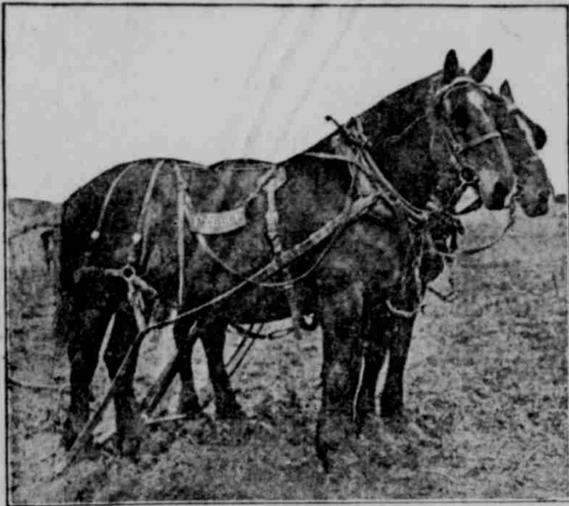
Ready to serve right out of the package.

"The Memory Lingers"

POSTUM CEREAL CO., Ltd.,  
Belle Creek, Mich.

# The Farm Brood Mare

By H. E. ALLEN, Animal Husbandry Department, Purdue School of Agriculture  
Purdue University Agricultural Extension



Good type of 1,600-pound farm brood mares, give double returns by way of colts and farm work.

Our horse stock has been influenced and somewhat improved during the past few years by the campaign that is being conducted against the scrub, unsound and grade stallions. Through this work many farmers have been benefited and encouraged in the production of a higher class of horses. Pure bred, sound stallions have, to a great extent, crowded out the undesirable type of grades and scrubs in the more intelligent and up-to-date sections of the country. This has accomplished much good as evidenced by the appearance of a greater percentage of high class, high priced horses on our farms and in the markets. However, it is a lamentable fact that, as yet, too many of our horses are unsound and undersized individuals, fitting into no market class and so commanding only very ordinary prices. This condition will continue to exist in spite of the use of pure bred, sound stallions until farmers discontinue breeding the undersized, unsound, mongrel mares that are found on so many of our farms.

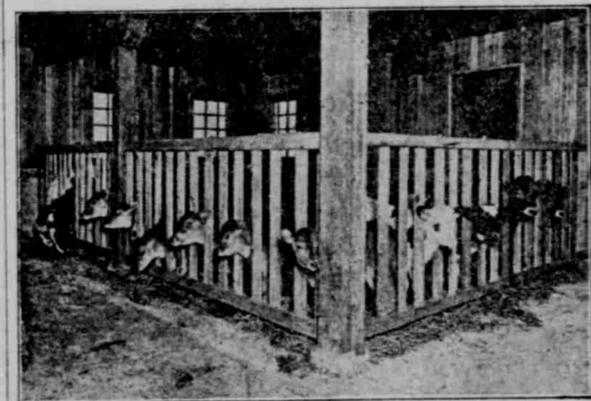
While many farmers are beginning to appreciate the importance of the pure bred, sound stallion, the equal importance of using good, sound mares is not generally understood. Too often a mare is set aside for breeding purposes when by reason of unsoundness she is no longer fit for anything else. So long as this ruinous policy continues we will have a surplus of unsound horses on our farms and on the markets, keeping the average price of horses down to the minimum.

The Farmer's Type of Mare.  
Market prices indicate an urgent demand for larger and better horses. Now, since the farmer must have horses, why not keep good, big, sound draft mares, which after all make the finest farm teams in the world? And besides, they will raise colts each year at little extra trouble and expense, the geldings of which will command high prices in the market that is making these urgent demands. If given a trial, any farmer will find such a policy a good profitable business proposition.

According to the accepted laws of inheritance, colts from unsound, undersized mares are just as likely to inherit the undesirable features of their dams as they are the same or any other bad qualities from their sires. It is necessary then that the wideawake, prosperous farmer keep his best mares, weighing not less than 1,400 pounds. Heavier ones would be better. They should be sound with plenty of good dense bone, and have gentle dispositions. They should always be mated with the best pure bred stallion available regardless of the service fee, for what is \$5 or \$10 in the price of a horse when the difference between colts from a pure bred and a scrub stallion is often from \$50 to \$100?

# RAISE YOUR CALVES

By P. H. CRANE, Dairy Department, Purdue Experiment Station  
Purdue University Agricultural Extension



Essential to Increasing Dairy Profits. Calves in Purdue Herd.

The methods followed by a great many of the farmers of Indiana are such that after years of farming their live stock is no better than it was when they began. This is especially true of a class of men known as dairymen. At present there is quite a distinction made in the use of the terms "dairymen" and "dairy cattle breeder." The dairymen should be a dairy cattle breeder, and vice versa.

The dairymen that depends upon other men to produce his cows will always have about the same grade of "stuff," and can never depend upon any increase in production, due to his own selection and breeding.

Too many so-called dairymen are merely dealers, who buy up large cows due to fresher in a short time. When these cows come fresh, the calves are vealed and the cows milked while being fattened, going to the block after a milking period of three to eight months. This method is very harmful to permanent dairying and puts a poor grade of beef on the market. Better results would be obtained if either beef or dairy cattle were kept for their specific purpose, instead of trying to make poor individuals serve the purpose of both dairy and beef animals.

If one expects to follow dairy farming, it is well to decide what breed of dairy cattle is best adapted to his particular conditions, and then, by the use of a good, pure bred sire of this breed, and by raising the heifer calves, he can soon build up a good grade

herd that will be highly profitable as producers.

If the product of the dairy is cream or butter, the heifer calves may be raised largely on skimmed milk and grain without a great deal of expense.

The secret of raising calves by hand successfully is in taking especial care that the stalls and pails are kept clean; that the calf is not over-fed; that there is no great change in the quantity or temperature of the milk fed the calf at each feed; that there is a chance for exercise where the calf has access to water and salt; and that the quarters are dry and well lighted and ventilated. If these precautions are taken at all times, there is not much danger of loss, but one exception may prove fatal.

Ground corn and oats makes an excellent grain supplement to the skimmed milk, and should be fed dry. Where a number of calves are being fed by hand, stanchions are very convenient. The calves can be put in their stanchions, as shown in the accompanying illustration, and fed their skimmed milk and grain, and after their mouths have dried, they can be allowed to run loose in the pen. Under this management they do very nicely and very seldom form the habit of sucking each other's ears.

Individual troughs for sows are best made square and heavy instead of V shaped. Then they do not lay in them and cannot root them around so much.

# HOME OF A SIGNER

Old Taylor House Will Be Made a Museum.

One of the Two Remaining Abodes of Those Who Put Their Names to the Declaration of Independence.

Easton, Pa.—One by one the nation has permitted the homes of the signers of the Declaration of Independence to be sold into uncaring hands, or altered or torn down. Today, it is said, there remain only two of these homes as they appeared in 1776. These are the former home of George Taylor in this place, and Charles Carrollton of Baltimore. The Carrollton mansion, rich as it is in memories, has been a tenement house, inhabited principally by foreigners. The lower floor of the Taylor house was last used as a butcher shop.

It is quite probable that there is more interest attached to this Taylor house than to the home of any other signer of the famous document. It is for this reason that the Edison chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution are making such efforts to preserve this once famous building. This society has purchased the home and will convert it into a museum. As a nucleus for the proposed collection, they already have some relics of Taylor and Revolutionary days. These consist principally of suits of clothes, the sword, books and the inkstand used by the signer, as well as a number of shot cast at Taylor's furnace at Durham.

This house was built in 1757 as a home for William Parsons, the founder of the city of Easton. Shortly before Parsons died, George Taylor came to America with a man named Savage, who established a furnace at Durham, near Easton. Savage paid for Taylor's passage to America, and the latter then worked seven years for Savage, to reimburse him. Then Savage died, and Taylor married his widow, and came into possession of the furnace. Taylor now found himself on the road to fame and fortune.



The Taylor House.

The Durham furnace was kept busy making shot for the Revolutionary cannon. Taylor moved to Easton and bought the Parsons home, at the north east corner of Fourth and Ferry streets. Here General Washington visited Taylor when the former came to this city to visit the sick soldiers that had been housed in the First Reformed church, which was temporarily used as a hospital.

In 1764, Taylor was a member of the Provincial assembly, and one of the committee which thanked King George for repealing the stamp act.

The Taylor house is a two and a half story structure, built of sandstone. The mortar is so hard that it can hardly be chipped off with a chisel. The floors are of one and one-half inch oak planks, and fastened with wrought iron nails. Large oaken shelves adorn the room used by Taylor as his library, and the second floor has a spacious fireplace where hang the colonial fire tongs. The chimney is yet straight and solid, and the window sashes and panes are almost invariably the same as they were in Taylor's time. A short time ago, a small marble slab, giving the time of erection, and the date of death of the owner, George Taylor, was placed on the building by the new owners, the Easton chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

## CLEVER WITH HIS FINGERS

Negro Mail Distributor Could Tell What Letters Contained Money, and Took Over 1,000.

Cleveland, O.—Postoffice inspectors say over 1,000 letters, containing small sums of money, have been taken from the mails by Franklin B. Scott, negro, a night distributor at the postoffice here. Scott had six unopened letters in his pockets when arrested, the officials say.

Scott was able to pick out letters containing currency with astonishing accuracy. His fingers "tapped" were abnormally sensitive and he had trimmed his nails so that the nerves were nearly exposed. It was his slender, tapping fingers that led inspectors to suspect him.

## Big Crane the Fish Thief.

Bethlehem, Pa.—Local fishermen have wondered what has become of all the trout distributed in Monocacy Creek last year, and discovered the cause when a big crane was found feeding on the fish.

## THE DECEIVER.



Sergeant—"Alt! Take Murphy's name for talkin' in the ranks.  
Corporal—"W'y, sergeant, 'e weren't talkin'.

Sergeant—"Wasn't 'e? Well, cross it hout and put 'im in the guard room for deceivin' me.—The Tattler.

## THE TRUTH ABOUT BLUING.

### Talk No. 1.

Avoid liquid bluing. Every drop of water, is adulteration. Half a cent's worth of blue in a large bottle filled with water is sold for five cents or 10 cents in many places.

Always use RED CROSS BALL BLUE, the blue that's all blue. A large two-oz. package, all blue, sells for 5 cents or 4-oz. for 10 cents. Delights the laundress. AT ALL GOOD GROCERS.

### Cause of the Excitement.

The sons of the rich were all enthusiastically following some one down the street.

"What's up?" somebody asked.  
A rather more accommodating young nabob than the others turned around.

"Do you see that tall fellow up front?" he asked.

"Yes."

"Well," he said, "he's discovered a new way to spend money."

### Not All Smoked.

L. White Busbey, secretary to former Speaker Cannon, was explaining that the speaker did not smoke so much as people thought he did.

"My understanding," suggested one of the party, "is that he gets away with about 20 cigars a day."

"Oh, well," said Busbey, "but he eats half of 'em."—Sunday Magazine.

### TOMMY MURPHY.

The great horseman who is winning most of the big races for fast trotters with that farm horse, "R. T. C." record 2:08 1/2, says: "SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE is the best remedy for all forms of Distemper and coughs I have ever known. I have used it a number of years." All druggists or send to manufacturers, E. C. and S. A. Spohn Medical Co., Chemists, Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

### Plenty of Biz.

"How is your son, the young doctor, making out?"

"First rate, since he learned to adapt himself to circumstances. He started out as a lung specialist, but he's a green apple specialist now."

When we read the lives of distinguished men in any department we find them always celebrated for the amount of labor they could perform.—Everett.

### Stop the Pain.

The hurt of a burn or a cut stops when Cole's Carbolic is applied. It heals quickly and prevents scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

### Bean Porridge Hot.

"Would you call soup an edible?"  
"Yes, an audible edible."

# Woman's Power Over Man

Woman's most glorious endowment is the power to awaken and hold the pure and honest love of a worthy man. When she loses it and still loves on, no one in the wide world can know the heart agony she endures. The woman who suffers from weakness and derangement of her special womanly organism soon loses the power to sway the heart of a man. Her general health suffers and she loses her good looks, her attractiveness, her amiability and her power and prestige as a woman. Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., with the assistance of his staff of able physicians, has prescribed for and cured many thousands of women. He has devised a successful remedy for woman's ailments. It is known as Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It is a positive specific for the weaknesses and disorders peculiar to women. It purifies, regulates, strengthens and heals. Medicine dealers sell it. No honest dealer will advise you to accept a substitute in order to make a little larger profit.

IT MAKES WEAK WOMEN STRONG, SICK WOMEN WELL.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and strengthen Stomach, Liver and Bowels.

# W. L. DOUGLAS

\$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50 & \$4.00 SHOES

WOMEN wear W.L. Douglas stylish, perfect fitting, easy walking boots, because they give long wear, same as W.L. Douglas Men's shoes.

THE STANDARD OF QUALITY FOR OVER 30 YEARS

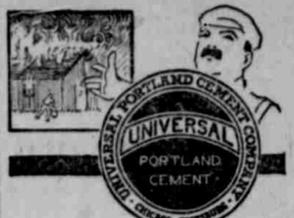
The workmanship which has made W.L. Douglas shoes famous the world over is maintained in every pair.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W.L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they are warranted to hold their shape, fit better and wear longer than any other make for the price.

CAUTION The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom.

If you cannot obtain W. L. Douglas shoes in your town, write for catalog. Shoes sent direct from factory to wearer, all charges prepaid. W. L. DOUGLAS, 145 State St., Brockton, Mass.

ONE PAIR OF MY BOYS' \$2.50 BOOTS will positively outwear TWO PAIRS OF ORDINARY BOYS' SHOES



# Cement Talk No. 7

Newspapers print nearly every day the story of some fire disaster involving the complete destruction of great property values and sometimes the loss of human lives. The annual fire losses of the United States are measured by the millions; in fact, it is stated that over two hundred and fifty million dollars worth of property was wiped out by fire in the United States last year. While it is true that the precautions to prevent fire and fire fighting systems are often inadequate, the main trouble lies in flimsy, non-fireproof building construction. Experience has proved that fireproof construction is both practical and economical. In some industries fireproof building is compelled by law. Reinforced concrete has come to the front as the most important agent in building against fire. The use of cement in building is becoming more and more common, due to its fireproofness, durability and economy. When building anything from the back porch steps to an office building, concrete construction may be safely adopted. The use of Universal Portland Cement in the concrete will insure cement of the best quality possible to manufacture. Universal is handled everywhere by the best dealers.

UNIVERSAL PORTLAND CEMENT CO.  
72 W. ADAMS STREET, CHICAGO  
ANNUAL OUTPUT 10,000,000 BARRELS

# Own a Profitable Farm

Why pay from \$100 to \$200 per acre for land when you can buy better land for \$10 to \$20 per acre, where conveniences are as good, opportunities much greater, variety of products more numerous, seasons longer. The Southern Land Exchange furnishes description and location of hundreds of farms in the southern States, containing from 10 acres to 10,000 acres that can be bought from \$10 to \$20 per acre, and rent from \$5 to \$10 per acre. These lands are increasing in value from 2 1/2% to 5% per annum, and fortunes can be made at the present price. If you are interested in these great land bargains, send us 25c in stamps for particulars.

THE GREAT DELTA MORTGAGE LOAN & GUARANTY CO., JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI

# MONEY IN HOGS

Adding molasses to your feed, will market your hogs two to four weeks earlier than you could without feeding molasses. Price 17 cents per gallon. Write for particulars and feed price list.

J. G. HERMAN, Indianapolis, Ind.

Readers of this paper desiring to buy anything advertised in its columns should insist upon having what they ask for, refusing all substitutes or imitations.

PARKER'S HAIR BALMS  
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Falls to Restless Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures itching Scalp. 25c and 50c at Druggists.

MONEY made quickly by smart men. Kentucky way done it. Pure, safe and sure. See 2c stamp for particulars. K. S. Co., Muldraugh, Ky.

NOTICE—For information concerning improved farms in the famous Kentucky Valley, Southern Minn., write Gilmont Land & Loan Agency, Salsbur, Minn.

Perrin's Eye Salve  
SHASTING SEE LESS ACTS AT ONCE

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Wash. D.C. books free. High rate references. Best results.

W. N. U., Indianapolis, No. 39-1911.