

# THE BROAD AX

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

Will promulgate and at all times uphold the true principles of Democracy, but Catholics, Protestants, Friends, Indians, Single Taxers, Republicans, or anyone else can have their say, so long as their language is proper and responsibility is fixed.

The Broad Ax is a newspaper whose platform is broad enough for all, ever claiming the editorial right to speak its own mind.

Local communications will receive attention. Write only on one side of the paper.

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**JULIUS F. TAYLOR, Editor and Publisher**

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### REMOVAL NOTICE.

From on and after this date, all letters or other mail matter intended for Julius F. Taylor or Mrs. Annie E. Taylor or The Broad Ax, should be addressed to 6532 St. Lawrence Ave., Jackson Park station. Phone Wentworth 2597.

### CALIFORNIA INVITES THE WORLD.

By Prof. Charles Alexander. Special to The Broad Ax.

On the western edge of the North American Continent, lashed by the restless waves of the great Pacific Ocean on one side and an immense island dotted bay almost surrounding it on the other, in a remarkably congenial climate, a veritable garden-spot of enchanting loveliness, is located San Francisco, the city of hills. In the most favored section of this city has been planted the Panama-Pacific International Exposition. A visit to this Exposition is calculated to broaden the minds of visitors, creating greater social sympathies among them, harmonizing geographical and international view points and rendering it easy to realize the brotherhood of man among men.

It would be a serious misfortune to the Colored people of the United States if they should for any reason be deterred from visiting this magnificent Exposition; and especially on account of the misleading and erroneous report circulated recently that the attitude of the citizens of San Francisco and the Exposition is unfriendly, hostile and antagonistic toward him.

Knowing a sensitive nature of our people and realizing how easy it is to create the timorous spirit among them on questions of discrimination and prejudice, I have thought it wise to send forth this frank statement concerning the situation here in San Francisco. Nearly everywhere in this country questions of segregation discrimination and prejudice are engrossing the attention of leaders, and I would give our people embarrassment and humiliation wherever it is possible. To those who have decided to visit the Exposition and to those who have not yet fully contemplated that pleasure, be it understood: That San Francisco is a big cosmopolitan city. A city made up of all sorts and conditions of men. It is more liberal in sentiment, and less provincial in racial matters than either Chicago or New York. Representatives of a great number of races are seen daily on the streets. Little racial antipathy or animosity is observable in the conduct of the people in public places, notwithstanding the incongruous, dissimilar and heterogeneous character of the population. Indeed, San Francisco, is singularly free from racial friction as compared with other cities. On the Exposition grounds the most generous and cordial spirit prevails among the visitors and natives; and here one sees for himself the gathering together of many strange people, arrayed in picturesque garbs, speaking unfamiliar languages and betraying peculiar traits of character. This wonderful sight inspires the belief that the time is not remote when universal peace will be realized, notwithstanding the terrible conflict now raging in Europe.

The races, in order to reach some common ground, in order to arrive at some mutual understanding, must come together in this fashion, confer and get acquainted with each other, and this Exposition is performing the beneficent mission of introducing the representatives of various races to each other on a larger scale than has ever been done before.

Now as to accommodations for Colored people in San Francisco. It is not true that our people are discriminated against as has been stated in the Eastern newspapers. Let all who will, come, and you will be given a hearty welcome. First class accommodations at reasonable rates can be secured in all parts of the city. If any of our readers contemplate the trip to the Exposition it would be well to write to Prof. Charles Alexander, 1299 Hyde Street, San Francisco, California for literature and full information. He is prepared to answer all questions relating to the Exposition and accommodations.

Our educators and leaders everywhere should avail themselves of the benefits of this wonderful display of the skill and genius of the world. The educational value of this Exposition is inestimable. The arrangement of the spacious palaces in which the exhibits are installed and the tower of Jewels, scintillating day and night with a wealth of unsurpassing beauty, furnishes a feast for the mind and soul as helpful and inspiring as anything that has ever happened in the history of our country.

### SOCIETY.

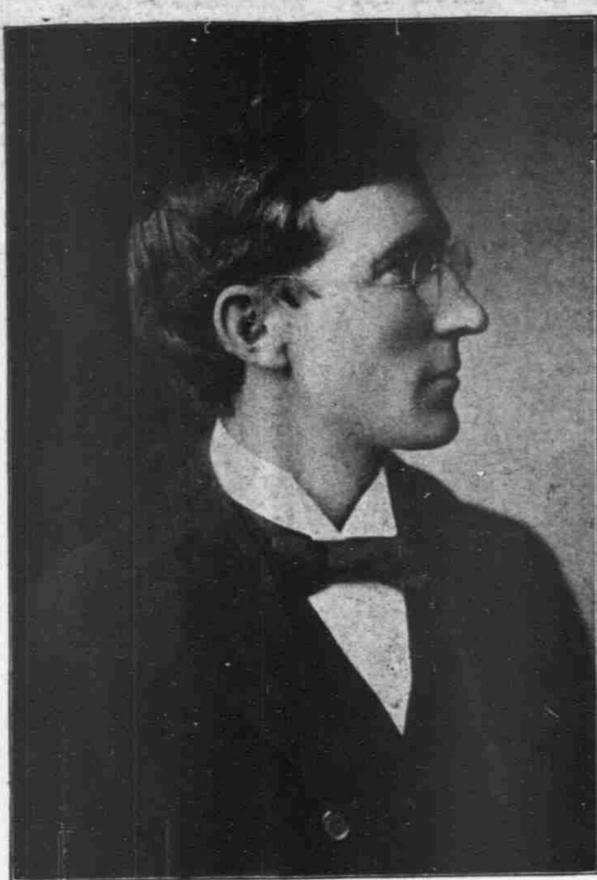
By Benjamin Browning.

In the broadest sense this term includes all mankind, but with a little more limitation it involves only a certain country or section or perhaps a state and restricting it to its narrowest sense it implies to only a class that is a social class, oftentimes, in taking a scientific view, in order to distinguish between the lower animal and man, the term Human to deal with the lower branch of animal life, but the highest or man, in his elevated and cultured stage.

I picture society as a house, whose object of being is; To promote the social welfare in the highest moral sense. Now the next question that arises in my mind is; What kind of a house is this societal house and how is it built? Wealth is the ground on which the house stands. I think all will concur on the facts that; when one has wealth he has commanding power and in view of the fact that one has wealth the accessibilities for obtaining friends are facilitated. Although, wealth is not everything; it is a powerful factor and most things we get sprouts from wealth. Intellect is the stone foundation and any house will stand as long as its foundation remains substantial. Is there any one who does not agree that an ignorant person is not only not wanted in society but is a bad stone in the foundation and if sufficient number is placed in the foundation, it will collapse. The ignorant cannot regulate and prolong society so the intellectual will have to uphold it.

Thus far the idea is that the degree of intelligence or learning one gets depends upon the amount of wealth, that one can put forth toward it. Morals are the walls of the house, low morals are rejected because they will not make the roof high enough, the altitude of prominence of any society depends upon the height of its morals and the degree of intellect will decide the elevation of the morals. Now we see the ground on which the foundation is constructed with the walls extending upward. Culture is the floor; its width is measured by the scope of the intellect and protruding no farther than the walls of morals. Supported by all of the aforesaid parts of the societal house is the roof of Reputation, no house is built, or considered complete without any one of these parts, neither can the societal house be absolutely destituted of any one of the parts mentioned although all parts may not be perfect in quality; they must be there nevertheless. The societal house is calcimined with Purity and the steps leading into it is opportunity.

In all cases theoretically, if not practical the people rule; they are the authority having power to grant any one whom they chose admission to the house. Under true democracy whose ever meet the requirement are not held back on account of prejudice or personal grudges. Is the society of today governed by the true spirit of democracy? I'm afraid not if we believe the testimonies that have been given us through the newspapers, magazines and drama's to say nothing of the rumors recently spread concerning certain members of our own society. There are people within the borders of our city who can stand the test of noble character; I have in mind two young, whose names I am not going to dispose, as far as intelligence, beauty, and means are concerned will stand the test. Until the selfishness and failure of society to recognize those who are worthy of recognition are exterminated, its walls will always be spotted with impurity. It seems a mystery that in this advanced stage of civilization that people would set with such unreasonableness and tolerate with the corruption that has gained passage into society. Upon every true hearted and believer in the lofty Principles of Man and supporters of real democracy rest the responsibility of insuring justice to all and extinguishing the social evils in order that the immortality of Society may be secured.



HON. KICKHAM SCANLAN

One of the most popular citizens in this city and county, who lead the Republican Judicial ticket in the race for re-election as one of the Judges of the Circuit Court.

### THE PYTHIAN TEMPLE IS UP FOR MUCH DISCUSSION MANY PERSONS ARE ASKING THE QUESTION, "WHEN ARE THEY GOING TO BUILD? WOULD IT NOT BE, IF STARTED AT THIS TIME A MOST BENEFICIAL ACT?"

Would it not help add to the prosperity of the many unemployed Colored mechanics who are fully competent, if not entirely to construct such a temple belonging to the order and who are now out of employment? Would it not also inspire a greater activity along the proper business lines, developing Negro enterprises as well as enhancing the Negro's chances for employment. While looking over a copy of the minutes Grand Lodge of Ill. which convened at Evanston, July 14-15-16, 1914, I read these words, gleaned from the Grand Chancellors Annual report, under the caption of the "Good of the Order." Dr. Westley G. C. "I have a letter from the Supreme Chancellor under date of June 17, 1914 in which he says: "Replying to yours of the 1st inst., wish to advise that at a meeting of the P. T. S. Commission, held in Baltimore, Md., Sep. 1, 1913, it was ordered that the S. C. have plans drawn for the proposed temple to be erected in the City of Chicago, and present same at the next session of the Supreme Lodge, together with probable cost of erecting same and probable income.

I hope to be in Chicago the latter part of August for the purpose of getting all information, as directed by the commission.

Yours Fraternally,  
S. W. GREEN, S. C."

(Dr. Westley) "At last it does appear that the Supreme Lodge is waking up to its duty toward us. Although we are last to receive the recognition due, we are thankful that Illinois introduced in the Supreme Lodge and fought for legislation which, even though modified and shorn of much of its intended usefulness by those who could not fully understand its purport, has demonstrated to the Pythian world-wide, the Fraternal world—that it was the means of saving the order to us as a people. We are thankful that Illinois could furnish the men to lay the ground plan and to carry the work on to a successful termination.

Illinois save the day for the Pythian Sanitarium at Hot Springs, Ark. Will Arkansas be gracious enough to remember that and come to the assistance of Illinois? We believe indeed we know, that every jurisdiction throughout the world will come to our relief and help with all its power.

### HYDE PARK NEWS

By L. W. Washington.

Mr. Oscar De Priest Alderman of the 2nd Ward failed to be present at the Cloties-Scott Banquet last week. Mr. A. H. Roberts came out to represent him, but owing to the lateness of the hour in carrying out the program had to leave. The following prominent citizens were present: Mrs. L. B. Bishop of the Chicago Beach Hotel, and a Social promoter of Industrial Christian activities. Mrs. Mason, President of the State Federation of Colored Womens Clubs, Mrs. Johnson, President of the City Federation of Colored Womens Clubs.

W. H. A. Moore acted as Toastmaster; all of the addresses were directed toward the attraction of a personal interest in helpfulness of this institution.

L. W. Washington, Rep. of The Broad Ax spoke on the value of Social Settlement Work and the Unpreparedness of the American Negro in being able to grasp the opportunities that is sure to come to him because of the scarcity of skilled labor in the future, which was sure to come because of the European war.

Mr. Wm. Buckner buried his youngest child the other day. It is to be regretted that sorrow hath crossed the pathway of the mother as well as the father for the expected stork, is soon again to appear in that home.

The sister of Mr. Chas. Hunter, and James, who was very sick here, has returned to Ohio in company with her other brother, in a convalescent condition because of the care received, and the healthful climatic conditions of this city. The Broad Ax wish her well.

A Box party was given upon the green in Washington Park last Sunday by Mrs. Mathew Coleman, and Mrs. L. W. Washington. A new idea ladies, follow suit, it is good for your health. It gives you an opportunity to breathe into your lungs fresh air. The things most needful for the Colored women of this city.

### ST. MARK M. E. CHURCH,

50th Street and Wabash Ave.

The Rev. Dr. Gloster R. Bryant, D. D. is the Superintendent of the Chicago-Indianapolis District of the Lexington Annual Conference known as presiding elder. Dr. Bryant is originally of Texas where he filled several important pastorates. He was transferred to Los Angeles, Cal., where he erected our great Wesley M. E. Church. Three years ago he was appointed to this work in which he is having his usual success. The Rev. Dr. was at St. Mark last Sunday in his official visit. His sermons both morning and night were greatly enjoyed by the large congregation assembled. It was an unusually hot day but every seat was taken. The Rev. Dr. Cooper, pastor of St. Luke preached the Communion Sermon at 3 P. M. We have no better Sermon on Quarterly occasions.

Rev. Cooper is also from Los Angeles, Cal. The Fulton St. Choir under the direction of Mr. Hugh Buchanan sang to the delight of all. The Quarterly Collection amounted to \$233.00. The Quarterly meeting next Sunday at Fulton St. will be attended by St. Mark Choir, who will sing. Sunday morning will be Walden Day at St. Mark. Madam Patti Brown and Madam F. E. Washington will sing solos at the service. The Alumni of Walden will attend. The pastor will preach a special sermon. The Rev. Dr. E. E. Jones will preach for us Tuesday night June 22, all are invited, Don't forget the Benefit Society Thursday, June 17th. Remember the Tie and Bow Social, June 15th, Tuesday. Scenes in Union Station will be given June 24th. This paper will have a full announcement of our Dedication plans soon.

# Talks on

## Health, Cleanliness Proper Living Sanitation, Etc.

by

### DR. W. A. DRIVER

3300 So. State St.

Phone Douglas 3617



### DIPHTHERIA.

Diphtheria is probably the most terrible of all acute throat affections. It has been described by various writers since the first century anno domini. The first accurate description was given by Aretaeus. In the earlier writings it is known as throat pestilence. The name diphtheria was applied to it in 1826 by Bretonneau. Severe epidemics have occurred from time immemorial everywhere and it is now epidemic in every portion of the globe. Humanity has been powerless before this greatest of all scourges but since the epoch making discoveries of Klebs in 1883 and Loeffler in 1884, leading to the discovery of Behring later, we have practically gotten the disease under control.

Every "sore throat" is a possible diphtheria especially when certain symptoms are in evidence. There is such a high degree of skill required to determine whether diphtheria is present or not that even microscopical findings are not always a safe guide. One of the most noted writers on medical subjects says: "the clinical and bacteriological conceptions of diphtheria are at present not in full accord." Diphtheria is defined as a specific infectious disease, characterized by a local fibrinous exudate, usually upon a mucous membrane, and by constituting symptoms due to toxins produced at the site of the lesion. We may add that the lesion is usually in the region of the throat internally. The local lesion is the determining factor for from it we take the smear for examination to determine whether the diphtheria bacillus is present or not and what form of the disease and how much treatment is probably needed to counteract the poison. There are several types of diphtheria, the nasal, the laryngeal and the pharyngeal, being the forms most frequently seen. The most dangerous types are those that occur in the larynx and in the posterior portion of the nose. All types are apt to be fatal if not given early treatment by a physician. The physician does not rely on the evidence of the microscope nor does he wait for the symptoms to become fully developed but he treats an ordinary suspicious case as diphtheria before the germs have been detected. Here is where the doctor emphasizes the slogan "safety first."

All cases of sore throat from which the presence of the microorganism called the Klebsloeffler bacillus is demonstrated are considered diphtheria. The disease is highly contagious. The germs called bacilli may be transmitted from one person to another or they may be conveyed by infected articles which have been in contact with persons suffering of the disease. Few diseases have been more fatal

to nurses and physicians than has diphtheria. Age is an important factor in the spread of this disease. Most cases occur between the second and the fifth year; sucklings are not often attacked. All ages may be attacked.

The period of incubation is from two to seven days after exposure; it is more often two days than seven days. The first symptoms are those of an ordinary attack of fever with slight chilliness and aching pains in the back and limbs. As a rule the temperature rises within the first twenty-four hours to 102 or 103 and in severe cases 104 degrees. In young children there may be convulsions at the beginning.

In the pharyngeal type, a typical case presenting, there is redness of the tonsils and adjacent structures and a slight difficulty of swallowing. There is a membrane first upon the tonsils; the tonsils are swollen. By the third day the membrane has covered the tonsils and the swelling is so intense that the tonsils may meet in the middle line of the body. All the structures in the throat are angry looking or covered by the pseudo-membrane which bleeds upon removal and rapidly reforms. The membrane is at first often a little greyish white patch that spreads rapidly; it changes to a dirty gray color or a yellowish white. The glands of the neck are swollen and may be tender to the touch. This is the mildest type of the disease and the symptoms may abate with convalescence from the seventh to the tenth day. There may be no membrane visible. There may be sudden death after convalescence is well established from heart failure.

Nasal diphtheria is often difficult to discover and is apt to present a most malignant type of the disease with severe constitutional symptoms resulting in death.

Laryngeal diphtheria is the most deadly form. The malady begins with slight hoarseness and a croupy cough. After a day or two the child suddenly becomes worse. This occurs as a rule at night and there is great difficulty in breathing. The voice may be reduced to a whisper. The color becomes pale, the lips and finger tips livid. Portions of the membrane may be coughed up as the child struggles to get breath. The fever is high. The attack may recur the following night with greater intensity. The breathing may become so difficult that death results from arrested respiration. Complications are paralysis, chiefly of the palate and heart and kidney involvement; also serum sickness.

To prevent the spread of the disease the sickness should be isolated, all articles that have come in contact with the patient should be disinfected and all contacts given preventive doses of antitoxin, the great cure discovered by Behring mentioned above. Call the doctor for all "sore throats."

### MONSTER CHARITY CONCERT AND DANCE.

"The Texas Fellowship Club" For the Benefit of the Bond Fund for Review of His Case in the Supreme Court of Illinois.

Attorneys Clarence S. Darrow and J. Gray Lucas, tender their services Free. The following Star Artists of People Assist, Graciously.

Artists Assisting. Mrs. Mary Oddrick, soprano; late winner of Gold Medal over White Competitors.

Mrs. Gertrude Towson, contralto. Mrs. L. D. Smith, reader.

Mr. T. Theodore Taylor, pianist and accompanist.

Mons. Pierre De Caillaux, pianist. Mr. George R. Garner, tenor.

Mr. Pedro T. Tinsley, baritone and only Colored Author of Published Voice Method.

Dancing of latest popular dances from 10 to 1 A. M. with the Peerless Orchestra and that Popular Society Dancing Master, Mr. Richard E. Moore, Jr., leader at Masonic Hall, Fortieth & State streets, Thursday evening, June 17, 1915, at 8 P. M. This entertainment worth one dollar, admission twenty-five cents.

Mrs. David M. Manson 5816 Michigan Ave. was among those who received diplomas from the Post-graduate course of The Cosmopolitan School of Music and Dramatic Art, on last Monday night.

### ALPHA SUFFRAGE CLUB.

One of the best meetings of the year was the "Mothers' Meeting" held by the Alpha Suffrage Club on Wednesday evening June 9th at the Y. M. C. A., 38th and Wabash. The recent Thomas case and others of similar nature were taken up. Miss Mary M. Bartelme who tried the cases of the children in the Thomas case, was chief speaker. No children were admitted. The meeting was very helpful, especially to parents and it is thought from henceforth a greater effort will be made to prevent the recurrence of such awful cases. A pleasant social time was enjoyed by all. The meeting next Wednesday evening is to be at the usual headquarters, 3005 State street, and Mr. W. L. Bodine, Superintendent of Compulsory Education will be present and deliver an address on "The Colored Boy Problem in the Schools." Both ladies and gentlemen are invited.

### NOTICE! NOTICE! NOTICE!

We have nice clean rooms at a reasonable rate, all modern improvements, with respectable people, and a quiet neighborhood, for young men or man and wife. Ideal accommodations for the price. Investigate and see for yourself. 509 E. 30th street.

A conference meeting of the officers of the District Sunday School of the A. M. E. Church convened at the residence of Mr. B. H. Lucas, Dis. Sept.