

THE BROAD AX

VOL. XXVI

CHICAGO, ILL., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1921.

No. 23.

The Majority of the Men and Women Voters

Throughout Chicago on Tuesday Stood by Mayor William Hale Thompson and Voted in Favor of Issuing Eight Million Dollars Worth of Bonds, in Order to Clean Up Some of the Running Debts Against the City

Mayor William Hale Thompson and his well oiled machine successfully rode the political waves on Tuesday for in the majority of the wards throughout the city the Thompson aldermanic candidates came in under the wire ahead of their rivals.

To the great delight of his army of friends Alderman George M. Maypole was able to hold his own in the 14th Ward and to a considerable extent the colored voters residing in his ward assisted him to make another home run and break or bounce back into the City Council for the 3rd or 4th time, it goes without saying that there are in the no distant future greater and higher political honors in store for Alderman Maypole.

Alderman Albert J. Fisher fell on the outside of the breast works in the 32nd Ward to the lasting regret of his many friends and supporters for he was one of the strong and useful members of the City Council; Alderman William J. Lynch after a hard fight which in the end turned out to be an easy fight mopped up in the old 30th ward with almost seven thousand majority to the good; Alderman Louis B. Anderson with Col. Richard E. Parker laboring under the impression that he was really fighting him walked through the 2nd Ward with near onto eight thousand majority at his back and he will still be the Thompson floor leader in the City Council; Alderman Joseph B. McDonough had the fight of his life on his hands, but with the aid of his warm friend, P. J. Carr and others, he was able to rush or fight his way back into the City Council from the red hot fighting 5th Ward; Alderman Charles S. Eaton and Alderman Guy Guernsey had no fights on their hands in their respective wards, the 6th and 7th Wards; Alderman Thomas O. Wallace fought like a real live mad man and he was

re-elected to the City Council from the 23rd Ward.

The following aldermanic candidates were nominated and elected out right on Tuesday from their respective wards: 1st, Ald. Michael Keena, Dem.; 2nd, Ald. Louis B. Anderson, Rep.; 3rd, John H. Joharty, Rep.; 5th, Ald. Jos. B. McDonough, Dem.; 6th, Ald. Charles Scribner Eaton, Rep.; 7th, Ald. Guy Guernsey, Rep.; 8th, Ald. Ross A. Woodhull, Dem.; 9th, Ald. Guy McDonough, Rep.; 10th, Ald. James McNichols, Dem.; 11th, Ald. Dennis A. Horan, Dem.; 14th, Ald. George M. Maypole, Dem.; 15th, Ald. Edward J. Kaindl, Dem.; 16th, John Czekala, Dem.; 18th, Ald. John J. Tuohy, Dem.; 19th, Ald. John Powers, Dem.; 20th, Ald. Henry L. Fick, Dem.; 21st, Ald. Dorsey R. Crowe, Dem.; 22nd, Arthur F. Albert, Rep.; 23rd, Ald. Thomas O. Wallace, Rep.; 25th, E. J. Frankhauser, Rep.; 27th, Ald. Edw. B. Armitage, Rep.; 28th, Henry Schlegel, Dem.; 30th, William J. Lynch, Dem.; 31st, Ald. Scott M. Hogan, Rep.; 32nd, Benjamin S. Wilson, Rep.; 33rd, Ald. John F. Garver, Rep.; 34th, Ald. Joseph O. Kostner, Dem.; 35th, Ald. John S. Clark.

The following candidates are forced to go to the mat at the second election Tuesday, April 5: 4th, Ald. Timothy A. Hogan, Dem., and James J. O'Brien, Thompson Democrat; 17th, Ald. Stanley Adamkiewicz, Dem., and Thomas P. Devereux, Rep.; 24th, Ald. James Dorsey, Rep., and Lee M. Brieske; 26th, Charles G. Hendricks, Dem., and John J. Hoellen, Rep.; 29th, Ald. James F. Kovarik, Dem., and Michael J. O'Connell, Rep.

Hon. Clayton F. Smith and Walter G. Davis were on Tuesday nominated for City Treasurer and James T. Igoe and H. E. Peterson will make the race for City Clerk.

MR. AND MRS. A. E. MALONE OF ST. LOUIS WELCOMED AT HOWARD UNIVERSITY.

(Special to The Broad Ax.)

Washington, D. C.—Among the notable visitors to Washington within the past few weeks have been Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Malone of St. Louis, Mo. Mr. Malone came to Washington primarily to attend a meeting of a Special Committee of the National Negro Business League. The next day they visited points of interest including the various public schools of the city, Dunbar High and Miner Normal Schools among others; the National Capitol, where Mr. Malone interviewed the Republican Senatorial and Congressional representatives of Missouri; and Howard University.

Given Oration at Howard University. Following morning devotions both Mr. and Mrs. Malone were presented to the student body at Howard by President Durkee. Their good works had preceded them. They were given a very warm and cordial welcome and each spoke appreciatively of the work of Howard University, of its outstanding importance in the world of education, and of their earnest desire to cooperate with every agency possible in providing additional educational opportunity for young colored men and women.

Mr. Malone's unaffected simplicity, his appeal to the young men and women to root their lives in basic character and to center their thoughts upon substantial methods of uplifting their race rather than upon pleasure-seeking activities, evoked from the students a response warm-hearted, cordial and most enthusiastic.

Under the direction of Dr. Scott, Secretary-Treasurer, they inspected the various administrative offices and made a tour of the University grounds in company with Editor Fred R. Moore of the New York Age. Mr. and Mrs. Malone received many social courtesies while in Washington. They were guests of honor at a dinner given at the Whitcomb Hotel by Dr. Scott. They expect to return to Washington for the inauguration.

Miss Bena Carter, 3359 Forest avenue, who is well advanced in her studies at the Douglas School, 32nd and Forest avenue, greatly delights to assist her sister, Mrs. J. S. Dorsey, and her husband, Dr. J. S. Dorsey, at his drug store, 434 E. 31st street, and Miss Carter is becoming quite proficient as one of its clerks.

GEORGE FOSTER PEABODY WEDS MRS. KATRINA TRASK.

Hampton, Va.—Hon. George Foster Peabody, the well-known banker and publicist of New York, who for many years has been most actively engaged in extending educational facilities for the benefit of white and colored people alike, recently married Mrs. Katrina Trask of Saratoga Springs, N. Y., the well-known author of "King Alfred's Jewel," "In the Vanguard," "With-out the Walls," and "Little Town of Bethlehem."

Mr. Peabody has shown unwavering interest in the development of Negro education. He is the senior member of the Hampton Institute Board of Trustees; Chairman of the Board of Trustees of the Penn School at Frogmore, S. C.; and Trustee of the American Church Institute for Negroes. He was formerly a Trustee of Tuskegee Institute.

Mr. Peabody, who was born at Columbus, Ga., was appointed in 1914 by President Wilson as Director and Vice-Chairman of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. He was also the first Treasurer of the General Education Board and served for ten years.

Mr. Peabody was the Treasurer of the Democratic National Committee in 1904, and assisted to raise the campaign funds for Parker and Davis contest for the Presidency and Vice-Presidency of the United States in that fateful year for the Democrats.

HUSBAND MAKES WHISKEY WHILE WIFE PREACHES.

Arkadelphia, Ark.—Deputy Sheriff Fred E. Wright captured the largest still that has ever been found in Clark County last Saturday afternoon, when he went to the 40-acre farm place of Jason Lockett, two miles southeast of Curtis, and says he found the outfit in full blast. Lockett and his helper, Henry Johnson, were arrested by Deputy Wright and Marshal Bloomfield of Gurdon, and brought here and placed in the county jail. The still arrived by rail and is being set up in the Court House yard for exhibition.

The still has two coils, and a boiler that looks like a small steam pipe. With the still was captured 13 gallons of whiskey, and 600 gallons of mash. Lockett and his wife, who are about 60 and 40 years old, respectively, are Holiness preachers. The woman was away at Strong conducting a revival when the officers went to the place. A search of the premises revealed that they lived in luxury. The house was extensively furnished and was well stocked with food and clothing.



HON. EDWARD J. GLACKIN.

Member of the State Senate from the Nineteenth Senatorial District of Illinois, who has introduced the following bill in the Senate, which should be enacted into law without delay, for it is full of merit.

SENATE BILL NO. 10.

Introduced by Hon. Edward J. Glackin, February 1, 1921.
Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Revenue and Finance, when formed.

A BILL.

For an Act to authorize counties to levy a tax for the medical care, nursing, medicine and attendance for women while child-bearing and for children under one year of age.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly: That the provisions of this Act, any county of the first and second class may levy a tax not to exceed two mills on the dollar, and any county of the third class may levy a tax not to exceed seven-tenths of a mill on the dollar, on all taxable property for the medical care, nursing, medicine and attendance for women while child-bearing and for children under one year of age. Such tax shall be levied and collected in the same manner as other general taxes are levied and collected and shall not be subject to reduction

under the provisions of an Act entitled, "An Act concerning the levy and extension of taxes," approved May 9, 1901, in force July 1, 1901, as amended. The proceeds of such tax shall be paid into a fund to be known as the "Maternity Fund," and shall be used for the exclusive benefit of the residents of the county levying the tax, and for no purpose other than that authorized by this Act.

Sec. 2. Upon the presentation to the clerk of any county of a petition, as hereinafter provided, the question of levying an annual tax, as provided in this Act, shall be submitted to the voters of such county, at the next regular election in such county: Provided, That such question shall not be submitted to the voters at any election held less than sixty days after the filing of the petition with such clerk. If the question so submitted is ratified by a majority of all votes cast on the question at such regular election, the tax specified in the petition shall be levied and collected in the same manner as other general taxes in such county are collected.

The question of levying such annual tax shall be printed on a separate ballot in substantially the following form:

For proposition of levying a tax of _____ for Maternity Fund.

Against proposition of levying a tax of _____ for Maternity Fund.

Sec. 3. The petition herein provided for shall be signed by at least one percent of the legal voters of the county in which the question of levying a tax, as provided in this Act, is to be voted upon, but in no case shall more than five hundred signatures be necessary to make valid any such petition. The petition shall pray that the question of levying such tax shall be submitted to the voters of such county and shall specify the rate of taxation, not to exceed one mill or five-tenths of a mill, as the case may be, on the dollar upon the property within the jurisdiction of such county. Such petition shall be filed with the clerk of such county at least sixty days prior to the submission of such questions to the voters.

Sec. 4. The board of supervisors or board of county commissioners, as the case may be, of any county adopting the provisions of this Act, shall appoint such officers, physicians, surgeons, agents and employees as may be necessary, and shall do all things necessary to the proper administration of this Act.

SPLENDID RECORD OF ALDERMAN DORSEY E. CROWE IN THE CITY COUNCIL.

Two years ago with the great aid of Mr. James A. Quinn, Alderman Dorsey E. Crowe was elected to the City Council from the 21st Ward after a red hot contest with Alderman McCormick, and from that day to this Alderman Crowe has made a splendid record in that body and all the voters residing in his ward, both men and women, white and colored, like him so well and are so well pleased with his past record in the City Council that he had dead easy sailing this year and he scarcely had the least bit of opposition which speaks volumes for his efficiency and straight forwardness.

Alderman Crowe is one of the hard working members of that body he is a live member of the Finance, Revenue, Compensation and Elections, Track Elevation, the Aviation and the Gas Legislation Committees of the City Council.

Alderman Crowe always conducts himself like a real first-class gentleman and he is ever ready to look after the interest of all the people residing in his ward and it goes without saying that the majority of the colored men and women residing in the 21st Ward on Tuesday, February 22, assisted to return him to the City Council where he can continue to work in the interest of all those residing in that ward.

Alderman Crowe, who served his country in the World War for democracy as Captain in the United States Aviation Corps and while flying around over Lake Michigan or over the Lake Front during the 4th Liberty Loan, somehow or other he lost control of his machine which came down all in a heap at one time and in the rapid fall he was severely injured and to this day Alderman Crowe feels proud of the part he played in the World War for democracy.

As further evidence of the popularity of Alderman Crowe, he was re-elected Tuesday to the City Council from the 21st Ward with almost seven thousand majority at his back.

GILPIN, COLORED ACTOR, BIDDEN TO BANQUET BY VOTE.

New York.—With the final votes cast for the selection of the ten persons to be honored at the Drama League's annual dinner, the results as announced show that Charles Gilpin, the colored actor who has made a hit in the title role of "The Emperor Jones," is included among the honor guests to be invited.

The question of whether or not Gilpin should be invited rose when the early balloting indicated he might be among the ten chosen by the Drama League members as those who had contributed most to the theater during the current season.

At that time some of the directors suggested that, in the event of the colored actor being among those chosen, he be awarded a "nice letter" instead of an invitation to the dinner.

Charles Gilpin has fairly won his honors and he has the moral right to attend the banquet which he should do without seeking social equality with the others who may attend.—Editor

The Umbrinus Glee Club will, on Monday evening, March 1, give a grand concert at the Berean Baptist Church, 32nd and Dearborn streets, under the management of the Flower Club.

Wendell Phillips, philanthropist and statesman, was born in Boston, Mass., in 1811. He graduated from Harvard in 1834. He studied law at Cambridge under the renowned Story, and was especially fond of those aspects and principles of law which presented it as a science as the "Source and Seat of Human Justice." George Wm. Curtis, the distinguished editor of Harper's Weekly during the Civil War, in an eulogy of Mr. Phillips, said: "As a law student doubtless the sirens sang to him as the noble youth of every country and time. If musing over Coke and Blackstone in the full consciousness of ample powers and of fortune's opportunities, he sometimes forecast the future; he saw himself succeeding Fisher Ames, Harrison Gray Otis and Daniel Webster. Rising from the Bar to the Legislature; to the Senate of the United States and from the Senate—who knew whither; Wendell Phillips was the idol of society, the applauded orator, the brilliant champion of the elegant repose and the cultured conversation of Mass. The delight of special case; the refined enjoyment of taste, in letters and art; opulent leisure, professional distinction, gratified ambition. All these came and whispered to the young student. And it is the force that can tranquilly put aside such blandishments with a smile and accept alienation, out-lawed hardship and climbs over them to worldly prosperity which is the test of the finest manhood.

THE ILLUSTRIOUS WENDELL PHILLIPS

THE FOLLOWING LECTURE DELIVERED BY MR. THOMAS B. O'BRIEN, BEFORE THE WILLIAM HALE THOMPSON REPUBLICAN CLUB OF THE THIRD WARD.

HON. WILLIAM A. BITHER, WARD COMMITTEEMAN, PRESIDING.

THE ELOQUENT SPEAKER WAS INTRODUCED BY MR. CHARLES C. ROE, ASSISTANT STATE'S ATTORNEY OF COOK COUNTY.

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In 1839 he threw up his law practice because he could not conscientiously swear allegiance to the Federal Constitution, believing it an unrighteous compact between freedom and slavery. When the Constitution was ratified it contained a clause which allowed the slave masters to count three-fifths of their slaves in the basis of National representation; another clause which made provision for the return of fugitive slaves throughout the Union; and another clause recognizing the slave trade for twenty years from date of its adoption. While those clauses remained in the Constitution the Abolitionists called it "A League with Death and a Covenant with Hell." Mr. Phillips refused to recognize the authority of the Constitution and really advocated disunion up to the time of the Civil War.

With the Garrison wing of the anti-slavery party he favored sustaining the Government; foreseeing that the end of the conflict would be the freeing of the slaves. After his death in 1884, the Mayor and Board of Councilors of his native city paid tribute to his memory in prose and poetry. The poetical eulogist commemorated him in a just recognition as follows:

"Born in the purple, placed beyond
The cares that lowlier fortune bears;
What wiser insight, grave and fond
Led thee to mate thy life with theirs?
Thy soul was like an angel's wing,
To stir the troubled pool of doubt;
Thou hadst a baptism in the Spring,
Drew healing graces of Freedom out,
The winged arrows of thy speech,
Barbed within sharp points of scorn;
That tore their way through gap and breach,
And forced a path for hopes forlorn—
The broken fetter of the slave,
The right of manhood to be free;
What nobler signs could mark thy grave
The Sacred Shrine of Liberty!"

Pushing and straggling through the dense and threatening crowd, the young man reached the platform. Advancing to speak, he was greeted by a roar of hostile cries. But holding the whirlwind undismayed as for many a year afterward, he directed the same wild storm. He faced his audience with a tranquil smile; he spoke and in the measured cadence of his quiet voice there was intense feeling. Unconsciously and surely the ear and heart were charmed. How was it done? How did Mozart do it with music? How did Raphael with art? The secret of the rose's sweetness, of the bird's ecstasy, of the sunset's glory,—that is the secret of genius and eloquence. Like an illuminated vase of colors, he glowed with concentrated and per-

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