

NEWS AND NOTES.

A Summary of Important Events.

IRENEANS are selling in Paris a political toy representing Bismarck and Ferry embracing.

RUSSIA will transfer her naval headquarters to the Black Sea to Sebastopol. The cost will be \$7,000,000.

The visible supply of wheat on the 24th was 48,117,000 bushels; corn, 3,693,000 bushels; oats, 2,481,000 bushels.

ADMIRAL COURET, commanding the French fleet in Chinese waters, is reported ill and greatly worried.

SENAIOR WADE HAMPTON has written a letter to a New York paper in reference to the race question in the South.

The House sub-committee on Pensions has agreed to report an appropriation of \$60,000,000 for the next fiscal year.

The Sultan of Morocco claims sovereignty over Timbuctoo, and desires to annex to his dominions the coast country south of Morocco.

GENERAL W. T. SHERMAN read a paper before the Military Service Institute at New York on the 24th, his subject being "The Militia."

COAL makers and others held a meeting at St. Louis, Mo., on the 23d, and protested against the ratification of the proposed Spanish treaty.

The New Orleans *Pioneyre* favors strongly the Nicaraguan Canal, and thinks the United States should acquire Central America.

WASHINGTON lobbyists bewail the fact that their occupation is about gone and they have had no chance to make any money this season.

The funeral of Mo Oho, chief of the Menominee Indians, took place at Appleton, Wis., on the 23d, according to the rites of the Catholic Church.

PRESIDENT ARTHUR attended services at St. John's Episcopal Church Christmas Day, and then had a quiet family dinner at the Executive Mansion.

The Masonic Temple at Cincinnati, O., was burned on the 24th, causing great loss to the order, as well as business firms occupying stores in the building.

JOHN COOPER, a cotton factory proprietor of Nottingham, Eng., arrived at New York on the 23d with 149 of his employees and will start a factory at Providence.

A COMMITTEE of Chicago citizens met on the 23d to take steps to prosecute vigorously the people connected with the election fraud in the Eighteenth Ward of that city.

The examination of Thomas Simpson for polygamy was concluded at Salt Lake City on the 24th. He was held in \$2,500 bonds to await the action of the Grand Jury.

SECRETARY FREILINGHUYSEN addressed a letter to Senator Miller, Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations, in reference to the Spanish-American treaty.

JOSEF ZENARI, manager of the Discount Bank of Caranay at Labacho, Austria, who defaulted for 10,000 florins, killed himself in the bank on the 23d when about to be arrested.

The *Cunard steamer Oregon* was sighted off Crook Haven, on the 23d six days and six hours after her departure from New York. This is the fastest eastward passage ever recorded.

The committee appointed by the New York Chamber of Commerce made a majority report on the 23d in favor of the ratification of the Spanish treaty, the minority report opposing.

The contest for the New York Senatorship is growing warmer daily. There seems to be no doubt but that the friends of President Arthur are working to secure the prize for him.

BRADSTREET'S review shows that trade was generally quiet during Christmas week, owing to the holiday season. There were 278 failures during the week, as compared with 330 during the preceding week.

The New York *Herald* recently detailed a man to investigate the condition of affairs at Fall River, Mass. It was found that the factory operatives were not in such bad condition as had been reported.

The United States Commissioner at New York has decided that Joseph Moss Belmont, alias Barnard, who forged bills of acceptance for 800,000 marks in Germany, in November, 1883, shall be extradited.

The Premier of the Government of Victoria has invited the governments of the other Australian colonies to unite in a protesting against a seizure by Germany of portions of the coast and islands of New Guinea.

The House Committee on Rivers and Harbors decided to remain at work during the holiday recess in order to report the appropriations as soon as possible. It is thought that the amounts will aggregate about \$10,000,000.

The coroner's jury at Ithaca, N. Y., on the 24th concluded a three days' secret investigation into the death of Mark A. Blakely, of Lansing. The verdict says the shot was fired by his son Charles, who has been arrested.

The London *Times*, in commenting on the Nicaragua treaty, says that England holds a position of impregnable strength, and will protest against any policy that violates the rights covered by the Clayton-Bulwer treaty.

A DISPATCH from Shanghai says that 8,000 Chinese troops are massed at the Pei Ho fort, at Fort Arthur, Gulf of Pochi Li. The works are mounted with heavy guns, and the entrance to the port is guarded with torpedoes.

ADVICES from Spain on the 23d stated that a great storm was raging on the Peninsula. Several ships and railway trains had been wrecked. There had been no telegraphic communication with Europe by land wires for three days.

LIEUTENANT-GENERAL SHERIDAN is confined to his house at Washington, D. C., by illness, which, though serious, is said not to be dangerous. He is suffering from a derangement of the stomach, and his physicians have ordered him to remain home and rest.

CITIZENS of St. Louis, Mo., who have interested themselves in the work of providing employment for poor men by having the streets cleaned, met on the 23d and formed an organization to be known as the Sanitary Aid Association of St. Louis. A committee was appointed to raise funds.

PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

CAPTAIN WALTER FRASE, of Enfield, Conn., who celebrated his 100th birthday on the 24th of last March, died on the 23d. He had lived under all the Presidents. He was the father of five children, all alive. He lived with his wife sixty-seven years, until her death ten years ago.

SHORTLY after the workmen quit work at the Union Oil Company's building at Newark, N. J., on the 22d, one of the small oil tanks exploded, setting fire to the building. The damage to building and works was \$30,000; insurance not known.

ORGANIZED gangs of thieves are working in Wheeling, W. Va., and vicinity.

HARRISON & HART'S Theatre Comique, Broadway, New York, was destroyed by fire on the 23d; no insurance.

SEVERAL members of the Salvation Army were arrested at New Haven, Conn., on the 23d, for parading the streets without a license.

The Secretary of the Interior says there is no land within the boundaries of the Indian Territory subject to settlement.

The election in the Nineteenth Pennsylvania District for Congressman on the 23d resulted in the choice of Dr. John A. Swope, Democrat.

It is understood that France has rejected England's proposals with reference to the financial difficulties of Egypt.

It is thought that the Emperor of Germany will send the sentence of death to pass upon two of the Anarchists at Leipzig.

W. B. THOMPSON, late Superintendent of the Railway Mail Service, was confirmed on the 23d as Second Assistant Postmaster-General.

W. K. ACKERMAN, formerly President of the Illinois Central Railroad, has been appointed Western agent of the Baltimore & Ohio at Chicago.

The Monongahela River coal miners' strike seems to be a failure, many of the men refusing to quit work and others are returning to the pits.

COMMODORE WINFIELD S. SCHLEY has been appointed chief of the bureau of hydrographic surveying of the navy, with the rank of Commodore.

The general passenger agents of the Ohio River pool lines met at Indianapolis, Ind., on the 23d, to consider differential rate matters, but were unable to agree.

RUBEN SCHUCHER, of Cincinnati, O., was arrested in his employer's place of business on the 23d on a charge of embezzlement of money. He asked to go into a closet, and on coming out dropped dead from an attack of poison he had provided in anticipation of a quarrel. He was to have been married the same day.

The International Sanitary Conference will meet in Rome in February or March.

BOULWARE, alias John Rosalia, who broke jail some six months ago at Hamilton, Mo., was arrested at Chillicothe, O., on the 23d.

HENRY STRONG and Wm. Ervine, while driving in a sleigh, at Mt. Carmel, Pa., on the 23d, were hurled over an embankment and killed.

DR. FORCKENBECK, a well-known German Liberal, has been elected to the Reichstag for Sagan.

MORRISON'S spinning mill at Dundee, Scotland, was destroyed by fire on the 23d. Loss, \$4,000,000.

A MAN answering the description of Kline, the train robber, was seen on the 23d at Clarksville, Ark. A large party started in Little Rock in pursuit of him.

DR. HENRY GIBERT, at Dayton, O., during the night of the 23d, and a fearful explosion blew the doors twenty feet. They got sixty cents for their trouble.

Mrs. BAKER, wife of a charitable institution of Detroit, Mich., was struck by a train on the 23d, and fatally injured. He only lived a short time.

CHARLES LINDEN, a former resident of St. Louis, was murdered on the 23d in Boulder, Colo., while attempting to waylay and rob a pedestrian in that place.

LINDEN drew a revolver and ordered the person to deliver, when the latter grabbed the weapon and struck Linden over the head with the butt, which caused his death.

MARCH 10th will be "Pennyless Day" at the New Orleans Exposition.

The celebrated Sharon divorce case at San Francisco has been decided in favor of the plaintiff. An appeal will be taken.

MINNEAPOLIS was visited by a \$200,000 conflagration Christmas afternoon.

TRAFFIC on the railroad lines in Oregon was reported on the 23d still blocked on account of the heavy snow.

The mortality among the French troops in Tonquin is said to be increasing.

COLD, drizzling rain caused rather a small attendance Christmas Day at the Waldorf-Astoria.

A DRUNKEN man caused a panic in a New Haven (Conn.) museum on the 23d by yelling "fire." No one was seriously injured.

The liabilities of the Bohemian Credit Company are 2,000,000 florins. Many small banks are involved and some are ruined.

THERE was a dull Christmas in Vienna, owing to the depression in business.

The Savings Bank closed its doors on the 24th. Liabilities, about \$75,000; assets estimated at \$90,000.

W. C. HARVEY, of Panama, Ia., was shot, badly injured and robbed of \$3,000 that he was carrying home with him for safe keeping—being after banking hours—on the evening of the 24th.

SANFORD PISCO, the negro who Abram Garces, of Park Ridge, N. J., declared assaulted and robbed him on the 23d, was arrested on the 24th.

NEW YORK stock brokers spent the day on the 24th in athletic sports, using silk hats of the members for foot-balls. Fishhorns furnished the music.

The steamer *Chaetura* and the bark *Hohensee* collided at Eddystone, on the south coast of England, on the 24th, and both sunk. The crews escaped in boats.

BURT SEABOLDT, conductor, and H. C. Osgewald, engineer of a work train of the Denver & Rio Grande Railway in the recent collision, were held at Salt Lake City, Utah, at the conclusion of their examination, in \$2,000 each for criminal negligence.

A BENEVOLENT Boston lady proposes to give \$50,000 towards a fund to be used for the care of the teeth of children in public schools.

LOBBYISTS are gathering in great numbers at Washington to work for and against the treaties pending.

GENERAL WOLESELEY having changed his route, the relief of Khartoum is two months further in the future than was expected.

Two hundred and fifty operators are thrown out of employment by the burning of Egbert's knitting mills at Cohoes, N. Y.

A RUPTURE is reported to have occurred in the Congo country between the French representatives and the British.

The National Association, and a fight is imminent.

The business failures during the year up to the 27th numbered 11,600 in the United States, or 1,300 more than in 1883, and more than double the number in 1882. Their aggregate liabilities were \$130,000,000, and their aggregate losses \$110,000,000.

The *National Gazette* says that the Reichstag intends to place a new check on Bismarck by rejecting his demand for a credit to conduct the explorations in Africa.

MISSOURI STATE NEWS.

Governor-elect Marmaduke has under consideration over 100 applications for the position of Adjutant-General.

The police of Kansas City were much chagrined a few mornings since to learn that during the night some daring spirits had effected an entrance to two commission houses, a stone's throw distant from the Central Police Station, and had carried therefrom a full wagon of 65 country produce. The load weighed 500 pounds of butter, which will give some idea of the brass of the robbers.

The whole detective force went to work upon the robbery, and arrested the perpetrators, who confessed. The officers do not at all relish being joked about the matter.

At her home in St. Louis on the 19th inst., died Mrs. Hattie Porter, a Virginian, who had reached the advanced age of 115 years. She arrived in St. Louis some time before the beginning of the present century, and had abided there ever since. Born a slave, shortly after her arrival she was sold to Mr. August Chouteau, the original owner of that name, and remained in the family until she was married to Judge Lawless. She belonged to Mrs. Emille Chouteau, who married Colonel Smith, and was for a long time one of the servants in that household.

Under a mere formality, the St. Louis Chamber of Commerce building was sold a few days ago for \$5.

State Senator Randolph T. Davis of the Second Missouri District has resigned on account of business engagements, and a new election has been ordered.

Governor-elect Marmaduke has pardoned E. M. Moore, the man who murdered a variety actress in St. Louis in 1876.

The judgment of the Criminal Court in the case of Sadie Hays, the colored woman who murdered Sergeant Jenks, was affirmed. The Supreme Court has refused to grant a writ of habeas corpus.

The house of John B. Gallie at Sedalia was burned a few days ago. Loss, about \$10,000. The house was not quite completed and was one of the finest in Central Missouri. A defective blue was the cause.

A man named James Guffy, who claims to be from Montrose, was arrested in St. Louis on the 23d for stealing some opium hides from a boy and selling them for \$1.40. He was sent to jail. It was subsequently learned that he had been in different parts of the city shop-lifting, and getting goods by means of forged orders and receipts.

Richard Ford pleaded guilty in the Circuit Court at St. Joseph to horse stealing, and was sentenced to four years' imprisonment in the Penitentiary. His brother John was sentenced to two years, being charged with aiding and abetting.

J. H. Hampson, an extensive railroad contractor and ranchman, of St. Paul, Tex., who reports a syndicate of about 200 men who are preparing to erect a large hotel in Kansas City, says they have \$750,000 cash to invest in a hotel, and if proper terms can be obtained will build a 500-room hotel in St. Paul.

The Governor has remitted the fine of \$100 assessed against L. C. Thompson at the December term, 1884, of the Johnson County Circuit Court, for a violation of the law in default of payment of fine Thompson was committed to jail.

The celebration of high mass at St. Michael's Church in St. Louis Christmas morning, was disturbed by the sudden death of a member of the congregation. The Rev. Father, who was officiating, Logan, watchman of Fire Engine House No. 19. While in the position above stated he fell forward and sideways, finally falling prone on the floor. He was quickly looked after, but life was extinct.

Charles Curry, a Missouri Pacific brakeman, is at the hospital in Sedalia under treatment for poison. Curry's story is that he was given a drink from a bottle of whisky at the Pacific yards by a stranger, who he believes was incited to assassinate him by a girl who he admits having seduced and kept as his wife from August, 1881, until last May, at which time he deserted. She is reported to be in St. Louis in a desolate condition with an infant child. It was not thought Curry would live.

John Lewis, aged seventy-five years, died at Independence a few nights ago. Deceased was one of the oldest residents, and his death is a great loss to the largest enterprises in the early history of the West. At one time he was considered the wealthiest man in the county. He was a heavy loser in the National Bank of the West, and was ruined by the failure of that institution. He leaves a large family of married children and considerable property in the State.

Several hoodlums, with masks on their faces and revolvers in their hands, entered a Cass avenue car in St. Louis, a few nights ago, and proceeded to rob the passengers. The driver, who was a colored man, succeeded in saving their valuables by escaping from the car and running, but those who remained were obliged by the robbers to "fork over." Mr. Henry W. Smith was relieved of \$1,000 in counterfeit notes and a robbery of all he had. An elderly gentleman, whose name is not known, was knocked down and robbed of all his change and his gold watch and chain. The driver, by his own efforts, for help, threatened to interfere with the success of the robbery, and one of the robbers fired a shot at him. The bullet failed to take effect, but the driver took to his heels and disappeared. After attempting to rob the conductor, in which attempt they failed, they succeeded in making their escape.

The Board of Directors of the St. Louis Agricultural and Mechanical Association met a few days ago and re-elected the following officers for the ensuing year: Charles Green, President; R. P. Tansey, first Vice-President; Edward Martin, second Vice-President; L. M. Ramsey, third Vice-President; W. W. Withnell, Treasurer; Foster J. White, Secretary; John Duffy, Superintendent Fair Grounds.

The trial of Dr. P. J. Kirschner, Coroner of Buchanan County, for the killing of Henry Evans, a colored barber, at St. Joseph last August, resulted in a verdict of acquittal.

A healthy thirteen-month-old child in Ralls County has three heads.

The ostrich farm of S. W. Cox, in this State, is a paying enterprise. The ostriches have been picked, and the feathers are to be shipped to St. Louis.

A man named J. H. Bennett worked a neat scheme on several citizens of Higginsville a few days since, by which he swindled them out of nearly \$100. He proposed to establish a circulating library, in which the members would be required to give \$1.50, the money to be paid when the books arrived. He succeeded in collecting the money a day or two later by representing that the books had come, and then skipped out.

Horse thieves are busy in the northwest part of the State.

THE NEGROES IN MISSISSIPPI.

An Intelligent Correspondent's Ideas on the Social Question in a Great Southern State.

Josquin Miller, in a recent letter to the New York *Independent* descriptive of a journey through the State of Mississippi, speaks very pleasantly of the State and its material resources, and indulges in some hopeful speculations as to its prosperity when its waste places shall be occupied and cultivated, and the immigration, which the people desire and expect, shall have become an accomplished fact.

With respect to the social question Mr. Miller says: "Here is a State with a tremendous surplus of negroes. And yet this State insists on remaining tremendously Democratic. And because it does, the politicians, the political press, the North, almost in a body, insist that the black man is brutified; and ergo there is a race of bullies here."

This foolish accusation does the black man a greater injustice than it does the white man. The negro is not brutified; and what is a most important fact he is being taught to be too much of a man to be bullied. As for the white man here, I find them a race of gallant Christian gentlemen. Let me call your attention to one fact. I have sat at many men's tables here. You think that there are great numbers of negroes here in the State of Mississippi, that of the Governor or in the Mansion House included; and I have sat at no man's table where the head of the house did not offer thanks. You think that there are exceptions to this rule; but grace at the table is the rule here. In the North it is the exception.

"Tell me, Senator, how it is that the negro sits at your table with you, who were his former master?"

"Well, sir, it is because he is an affectionate and well-disposed fellow-man."

"He must be, else he would have burned you out during the war."

"I don't say that, sir; a great fact, sir, and we will never forget it. The Southern men went to war and left their homes, their wives and their children all behind them, and at the same time the blacks, this trust was never betrayed. As for your own side, one of them was wounded fighting at my side, and there is not one of them living to-day that will not vote for me. No; you men of the North do not do the negro wrong. You think him a treacherous ingrate. You think he ought to turn from us and against us. He will never do it."

"And you tell me here at your own table that the black man votes entirely as he pleases?"

"Entirely. True, we tell them how we want them to vote. They often ask; but we do not persuade them; because, you see, our majority is so great we do not need to do so. If they wanted to outvote us they would get up and put in the carpet-bagger again they could do so any day. No danger of that, sir. They have had enough of it. Why, sir, when Governor Ames, the very intelligent General Butler, was here nearly half of the State was deserted. Enough of this State had lapsed back to the Government on tax forfeitures to make another Massachusetts; and the negro was wretched. But now, after the war, the negro is a freeman, and we are all prosperous together."

"And you feel confident that the negro will always be with you?"

"Confident. He is our friend; and we are his. He is not a brute; he is industrious; he has a little farm, in many cases, a mule, a cow, plenty of pigs, chickens, turkeys, and is happy."

"And honest?"

"I think you have here an exaggerated notion of liberty. The negro likes a good white man better than he does a good negro. He has more confidence in him. He thinks him more honest and a better able to help him. And you men of the North, you say that if a negro and a white man, both good, honest, and of even ability, were candidates to-morrow, with everything fair and even and equal, the white man would come out a long way ahead. So we of the North had just as well stick a pin here, and set it down as a fact to be remembered: that the black man down here, as long as he is well treated, is going to vote for and with his old master and his old master's children for many a year to come. And it is wrong to disturb them in their trustful faith; for it only brings strife and trouble, and does no good to any one."

I talked to some black men about the late Presidential election here in the capital of this State. They were well informed, and told me that I never knew before, that Blaine and Logan had both lived in the State, and that the representatives of the popular will can be trusted to preserve the rights of the people. President has made an earnest effort to remove from the field of dispute a subject of contention as far as Cuba is concerned, and to secure lasting and increasing benefits to the people of the Republic, and to the people of the Union full protection to the persons and property of our citizens abroad.

Noted Counterfeiter Arrested.

MEMPHIS, TENN., December 26.

Henry Oglesby, well known by half a dozen other aliases, was arrested here yesterday with \$2,000 in counterfeit notes of the Third National Bank of Cincinnati in his pockets.

The detective approached him on the street and put a pistol to his face before he was aware of his presence. It is believed he has plates and \$20,000 in counterfeit bills concealed in a ravine in the southern suburbs. Oglesby had both lived in the State, and was in the pursuit of Oglesby since August last. He is declared to be the prince of counterfeiters in the United States, and has killed at least two men who have attempted to arrest him.

Opposing the Treaty.

BALTIMORE, Md., December 31.

At a meeting of the Tobacco Board of Trade yesterday it was decided to memorialize the United States Senate regarding the pending Spanish treaty. It will be set forth therein that should the treaty be ratified, one of the most thriving and important industries in the United States will be transferred to a foreign country, and with it millions of capital and of 100,000 citizens will be thrown out of employment. The Senate, therefore, is asked to reject that part of the treaty relating to tobacco and cigars.

Hung Chang Hung.

NEWARK, N. J., December 31.

Three Chinese men in a common dress entered Hung Chang's laundry, on Market street, last night and demanded the key to his money-box. On his refusing to give it up, they strung him up to a rafter, and with a hatchet and knife hacked him all over the body, until, with pain, he revealed the hiding place of the key. They took all the money he had and left without releasing him. His moans attracted attention, and the neighbors finally cut him down and attended to his wounds. He can hardly recover. He says he can not identify either of his assailants.

THE MUGWUMP CONTINGENT.

An Embarrassing Quantity to the Republican Regulars.

The gentlemen who in the recent campaign came out from the Republican party to the extent of opposing its candidate for the Presidency, seem to be a very embarrassing quantity to the clubs, and other organizations of regulars, now that the smoke of battle has lifted and they are able to look about them and see how they stand.

The smart of the election is the heaviest and disappointed Republicans, and they now feel as though they wanted no further communion with those who were recently more true to their consciences than to the humiliating dictation of the party which they joined. While their status is under discussion, the Independents can afford to wait complacently for the result, for whatever that result is they need not accept it unless they wish to. The Independent can afford to do without the Republican party far better than the Republican party can afford to do without them. They counted the cost before they went in and do not yet feel that they paid more than the success of their action has been worth to them. While we regard it as very short-sighted policy on the part of the Republicans to take such action as shall tend to still further, perhaps permanently, alienate the Independent from their former political attachment, we are nevertheless very willing that they should part company with them, if they so desire and decide. The Democrats have found the Independents very intelligent, very capable, very pleasant allies, who, now that the campaign is over, exact nothing for themselves, but only ask that the Democratic party shall live up to the spirit of its promises during the campaign. We confess that we desire to see the good opinion of these gentlemen retained as far as is possible. They have not assumed trusteeship of the Democratic conscience or the Democratic judgment, but they have taken certain principles when they threw their strength in the Democratic side of the political balances. We believe that the Independents will be justified and well satisfied if the Democratic party is true to its better impulses, and they were illustrated at the Chicago Convention. Beyond the best expression of itself it can not go. It can not be another party to please even the best of allies, and we are sure that the Independent will ask it. It ought to strive for nothing less than its best, even with these allies out of the question. They are an additional monitor to keep Democrats up to their highest standards, that is the best of all. We are sure that the Democrats will follow a line of duty that shall compel their respect if it does not always enlist their co-operation.—Boston Post.

SOUND AND SAFE.

The Next President Conscious of His Sincerity and Good Sense.

The German proverb says: "Speech is silver; silence is golden."

Some of Governor Cleveland's critics affected to regard him as a stupid sort of person during the campaign. Yet he has sense enough to recognize the wisdom of the German proverb. Before his election he preserved a golden silence. He wrote no impolitic letters. He said but few words. When a reporter could not draw him from his seclusion, he had determined upon. His forked tongue struck him in the back with three simple words: "Tell the truth."

When his election Governor Cleveland's speech has been silver. Every thing he has said has been conspicuous for sincerity and good sense.

When questioned a day or two ago as to what he contemplated doing after his resignation, the Governor said: "On laying down the duties of Governor I shall listen to whatever my Democratic friends have to say. I shall divide my time between Albany and Buffalo until the day arrives when I go to Washington. I will give due consideration to the counsel of my party friends. It may be that when I enter the Presidential office some things may not move as fast as some Democrats wish. But I think it will be better to go slow and be sure, than not hope to avoid mistakes, but if we proceed slowly we will make fewer mistakes than if we go with a rush."

This is cool, sensible, safe. The people elected Grover Cleveland, not that he might merely seize upon the public offices and parcel them out among his friends, but that he might check the spread of public corruption, restore the Government to Democratic simplicity and honesty, and to the people a better business of the country from its present depression and the people from unnecessary and unproductive expenditures. It will be his duty to monopolize any corporate power which has attempted to control elections, to corrupt the public service by the use of money. This is not the work of a time for his contemplation.

"Go slow and be sure" is a good motto for the Democratic Party to adopt. He may not, as he modestly suggests, hope to avoid mistakes altogether, but with caution and prudence none of a serious nature.—N. Y. World.

The peppermint farmers of Pennsylvania are getting rich.—Philadelphia Press.