

Wayne county has a Sugar Loaf and a Punch Bowl. Talk about Wayne's being "dry!"

West Plains doesn't want water-works, the proposition to procure them having been badly defeated by a vote of the citizens of that town last Thursday.

The little Republican sheets are blowing about their "gains" in the new States, notwithstanding that the recent elections show that the g. o. p. has lost in every one, as compared with the returns of last November.

Bro. Adams of the Cape Girardeau Democrat, is glad because we are in laughing humor over his childish asser that "the Democratic party will never elect another President." Well, we are glad that he is glad that we are glad.

The Democrats on Tuesday made a clean sweep in electing the city officers of Indianapolis. The first Democratic mayor since 1874 was elected, and the 786 Republican majority at the last city election was changed to a Democratic majority of 800. Good enough for one day.

'Tis said that Scott county, too, will slide out of Local Option into High License, because no affidavit of proper publication of election notice was made by the publisher. The case was decided against Local Option in the lower court, and is now before the Court of Appeals for final adjudication.

The Mine La Motte Mining Company has brought a damage suit for \$6,000 against Collector Spiva, merely because the collector attempted to collect the taxes owed by the Company, according to law, after the courts had decided that it did owe them and must pay them. According to the practice of some corporations, the State has no rights which they are bound to respect.

The Williamsville Transcript is no more, its new manager having skipped the town after getting out one issue. Mr. Graves, the owner of the office, says Clay tried to collect payment for all business advertisements in advance, but the advertisers couldn't see it, and so Mr. C. "It out," leaving his board-bill and ad printer unsatisfied. So another "long-felt want" nipped in the bud by the early frosts of October.

Cheerful news for newspaper proprietors comes from Ohio. A paper in that state recently brought suit against forty-three men who would not pay their subscriptions, obtained judgment for full amount in each case. Twenty-eight at once prevented attachment by making affidavit that they owned no more than the law allowed. Under the decision of the Supreme Court they were arrested for petit larceny and bound over in the sum of \$300 each. Six of these did not give bond and went to jail. That is the working of the new postal law, which makes it larceny to take a paper and refuse to pay for it.

Our old friend, Dr. L. T. Hall, in the Potosi Independent, copies our item in reference to the result of the McGahan local option case before Esq. McCarron, and states it "is merely inserted here to show the animus of that sheet (the REGISTER). There is no 'animus' in the item, except to give the news, but if the good Doctor desires to extract any other, that is his privilege. We want to state right here that as a matter of course the REGISTER is opposed to law-breaking anywhere and everywhere; that if Mr. McGahan or any other man violates the local option or any other law, he ought to be arrested and tried, and, if convicted, punished. But, while we are on this special question, we beg leave to submit that it is not in the columns of a newspaper—even in its W. C. T. U. Department—that such violation ought to be tried and a verdict rendered. It is this phase of the Washington county prosecutions that we object to and denounce. Dr. Hall, week before last, in giving the result of the intended trial before the Irondale magistrate, did not hesitate to find fault with the court for dismissing the case, by insinuating that the justice did not wait up to the hour set for trial for an appearance on the part of the State; tried to create prejudice against the accused by tearfully recounting the great hardship inflicted upon the witnesses, one of whom, an old man over sixty years of age, had ridden 16 miles; and assured everybody that the farce was over, and the play would now begin. We respectfully suggest to the Doctor that, while it is the right thing to denounce wrong-doing of all kinds in the abstract, in the newspapers, when a particular case of wrong-doing comes before the courts for adjudication, then a well-regulated newspaper will fall to the rear and permit the law, the evidence and the court to determine the merits of the case. A newspaper may, and ought, to call upon the public officers to enforce the law on all occasions, when necessary, without "fear, favor or affection;" but it is not its province to arraign, try, convict, and pronounce sentence.

Elsewhere in this issue we publish, as therein requested, certain resolutions adopted by the "Agricultural Wheel" of Oregon county, Mo., denouncing Attorney-General Wood for his construction of the school law, whereby he holds that section 7,044 means what it says when it forbids the use of schoolhouses for other than

school purposes, except that by majority vote they can be used for "religious or other public purposes." It seems that this secret society demanded the right of using school buildings in that county, without a vote of the people—in that respect demanding more than is guaranteed to the religion of Christ and notwithstanding their use would not be for "public purposes," but rather for secret meetings. Their position carried to its logical end would see the Masons, Odd Fellows, Knights of Honor, Clan na Gael and all other secret societies using schoolhouses as meeting places, and that contrary to law. Under the law, even a vote of the people of the districts could not vest the right of use in these societies. We were under the impression that the Attorney-General of this State as part of his oath of office swore to uphold and enforce the constitution and the laws of Missouri; we were under the impression that he would be guilty of a crime did he, wilfully, disregard that oath in construing the law, when called on, properly; we were under the impression that even the members of the Agricultural Wheel of Oregon county, Mo., were amenable to that law, and that as citizens it was their duty to hold up the hands of the officers charged with its enforcement. But, judging by these resolutions denouncing Mr. Wood, and all other officers who enforce this law, with the penalty of their opposition politically, it seems that that county's Wheel considers itself beyond obedience to the law; that their behest is sufficient warrant for malfeasance in office; that the laws are not made for them; that an enforcer of the law, and an observer of his oath is a fit object for their anger. This is organized folly, not to call it by a harder name—organized anarchy.

A great band of musicians like that directed by Gilmore is not easily recruited, says the Star-Sayings, for the native American musician cannot at home enjoy the facilities for a thorough musical training, and must seek them abroad. It is said that to become a first-class instrumentalist requires at least seven years' hard study and practice before the performer can take a place in a great military band, and he can still learn something every day. After a band has been recruited it takes no small ability to regulate it. Leon Meade, a recent writer on the subject of military bands, says: "Curiously enough, the best musicians are usually very nervous men. Their sensibilities seem to attain an almost abnormal development. They are easily excited or irritated, often by trifling causes, which always keep them on the edge of a row with one or more of their associates. It scarcely seems creditable that divine melody could be such a strain on the nervous system. Yet the fine musician usually possesses a delicate, uneven temper, and though, playing like an angel before the public, he may act like a demon behind the scenes. The band-master is constantly obliged to employ tact, and to exercise his powers of diplomacy, in order to insure at least the semblance of good feeling among the members of his organization. He often overlooks insolence, even gross insults, because the offender is a superb performer, whom he could not replace." Verily, if this be true, the great Gilmore has no perpetual picnic.

When Mahone was nominated as the Republican candidate for Governor of Virginia, there was left but one lower depth into which the Republican party of the South could plunge. Yesterday it made this leap, when Gen. Chalmers, "the hero of the Fort Pillow massacre," was nominated as the Republican candidate for Governor of Mississippi. A graphic picture of this political wretch, drawn not by "a Mugwump sheet," but by the chief Republican organ in the country, appeared in a leading editorial article entitled "Exit Chalmers," published in the New York Tribune on May 1, 1882, the opening sentences being as follows: "It is eminently fitting that the first Southern Democrat to be ousted from his stolen seat in Congress should be ex-Confederate Brigadier-General Chalmers, for his case is the most offensive of all. There has never been any disguise about the theft. It was deliberately planned and deliberately executed three times, and three times has Gen. Chalmers taken possession of a seat in Congress to which he had no moral right than he had to a seat on the Supreme Bench. For two terms a Democratic majority in Congress made his retention of the stolen seat not only possible, but in a limited sense respectable, for he became an active and vociferous member of the Democratic majority which defended and sustained him. But with the advent of a Republican majority his career ends, and he will return to Mississippi a thoroughly disgraced and despised man, not only in the North, but also among all right-thinking people of his own section."

And yet only seven years later, while the memory of his rascality is still fresh in the public mind, the Republican party nominates this "thoroughly disgraced and despised man" for Governor of Mississippi, as the most effective means of commending itself to "right-thinking people of his own section!"—New York Post.

The Irondale Cattle Company. On last Saturday morning in company with our friend Mr. William Riehl, according to previous arrangements, we drove over to Irondale, for the purpose of looking at the extensive works of the Irondale Cattle Company, a herd we were met by Mr. Lucius, the gentlemanly Secretary and Treasurer of the Company, who seemed to take pleasure in showing us through the different departments of their extensive ranche, a general description of which was given in the Independent a few weeks since. We found the creamery in excellent working order turning out a large quantity of excellent butter per day; they are at present only milking about 65 cows, though they expect in a short time to be milking 200 cows, and hope to be able to buy milk from as many more, from the farmers in the vicinity. The company have a pasture of 2700 acres under one fence, which is practically cleared, and is well set in blue grass and clover; they having

CRISP'S Drug Store

Ironton, Missouri, Is now open for business, and with a full stock of

Pure Drugs & Medicines Perfumeries, Fancy Notions, Etc.

Is prepared to fill orders and prescriptions in the most careful manner and promptly.

PURE WINES, BRANDIES & WHISKIES For Medical Purposes.

Store in Remodeled Building, Corner Main and Reynolds Streets

W. P. McCARVER, Saddle & Harness Maker, Ironton, Mo. REPAIRING NEATLY DONE.

THE BEST STOCK OF SADDLERY EVER OFFERED FOR SALE IN IRONTON. Collars, Spurs, Saddle-Blankets, Whips, &c. Also, a Fresh Stock of Staple and Fancy Groceries, Tobacco, Cigars, Canned Goods, &c. 175 Test Headlight Oil. Perfect Satisfaction Guaranteed. I sell at BED-ROCK PRICES. Remember! It costs four times as much to use the Machine or Shop-Made Work as it does to use Good Goods, which will be admitted by all sensible men. So remember

The One-Price Store, which sells Goods to every one at the same and Lowest Prices, considering the quality. Please call; am always glad to see you. W. P. McCARVER, PROPRIETOR UNION MARKET.

PAUL GARNIER, DEALER IN Ready-Made Clothing, FURNISHING GOODS, Hats & Caps, at Lowest Prices, IRONTON, MO.

Has on hand PANTS of Fine and Medium Goods, of his own make, (Spring-Bottom and Straight), which he will sell at Regular Store Prices. He will also keep constantly a full stock of Samples of the Latest Novelties of the Season.

TAKE THE IRON MOUNTAIN ROUTE!

St. Louis, the North and East. Connections made in Union Depot at St. Louis with through trains Express Trains for Chicago, Cincinnati, Louisville, Indianapolis, Cleveland, Detroit, Buffalo, New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Washington and all principal Eastern cities.

Only One Change of Cars to San Francisco and the City of Mexico!

Through cars to Galveston, Houston, Dallas, Ft. Worth, San Antonio, Laredo and El Paso.

Free Reclining Chair Cars to Texarkana.

For tickets, sleeping car berths and further information, apply to Company's nearest agent, ST. LOUIS, MO. H. C. TOWNSEND, Gen. P. and T. Ag't.

L. GIOVANNI, AUG. RIEKE, GIOVANNI & RIEKE, GENERAL UNDERTAKERS, Ironton Missouri.

Will keep a full line of Undertakers' Goods on hand can fill orders at Ten Minutes' Notice.

WE HAVE A Fine Hearse, WHICH WE Will Furnish When Desired.

Our Undertaking Shop is on South Side of C-H. Sq. Offices: Half-Way House, North Ironton, and at Barber-Shop east of Court-house. GIOVANNI & RIEKE.

sowed in this pasture 1000 bushels of blue grass seed about two years since. This land up to that time was a wilderness of undergrowth of bushes and scraggy oars, which to-day in many places, presents the appearance of a beautiful green meadow. The company has this year raised over 6000 bushels of potatoes, the most of which have been shipped to market, some being fed to the hogs. Their potatoes were grown from 30 acres, an average of 200 bushels per acre. They expect to harvest 10,000 bushels of corn from about 125 acres; they also have a large acreage in sorghum cane, which they will put in their silos to feed cattle during the winter. The company own 9,600 acres of land, of which 2,400 acres is fenced and cleared, 400 acres is in actual cultivation, and 3000 acres is in blue grass and clover. The remainder of the tract is covered with fine timber.—Potosi Independent.

Notice of Letters. Notice is hereby given, that Letters of Administration on the estate of Jos. C. Moyer, late of Iron county, State of Missouri, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, H. L. Moore, by the Probate Court of the County of Iron, bearing date the 23d day of September, 1889. All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit them to me for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of such estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the time of the publication of this notice, they will be forever barred. sept20n12 H. L. MOORE, Administrator.

Final Settlement. Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Robt. Thomas, deceased, that the undersigned, administrator of said estate, intends to make final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of Iron county, to be held at the courthouse in Ironton, Iron county, Mo., on the first Monday in November next—same being the 4th day of November, A. D. 1889. sept20n12 J. T. AKE, Administrator.

READ THIS. Read This! READ THIS.

Mrs. Lopez and Geo. Lopez have just returned from St. Louis, and desire to say they have purchased a Handsome

LINE OF FALL GOODS!

Our Stock is now Complete in all Departments, and, as for Prices we

Defy Competition!!

We are Showing

Beautiful Millinery, Handsome Fall Dress Goods, Velvets, Dress Trimmings,

DRY GOODS.

MEN'S, Boys' and Children's CLOTHING.

BOOTS AND SHOES

FLANNELS, ETC., ETC., All Bought for Cash, and will be Sold at

BOTTOM PRICES

Notice a Few of Our Prices:

Good White Blankets, \$1 a Pair. Heavy Quilts, Only \$1 Apiece. All-Wool Heavy Red Twilled Flannel, Only 25 Cents a Yard; Worth 40c. Heavy All-Wool Striped Flannel for Shirts, 25 Cents a Yard. Good Flannel Shirting, 12½ Cents a Yard. Heavy Wool Jeans, 20 Cents a Yard. Good Waterproof, All Colors, 40 Cents a Yard.

We will Save You Just 20 Per Cent. on COTTON FLANNELS. We bo't them RIGHT.

Remember that we Buy for Two Stores, and Buy in Large Quantities. We Buy for CASH, we Pay No Rent, we Hire No Clerks:

Doesn't it Stand to Reason

that we are in a position to Sell Goods at the LOWEST FIGURES, and that we Do So, we will Prove by your calling on us.

T. S. LOPEZ & SONS.