

Hillsboro Mirror: "M. Roberts has purchased the old Fletcher residence paying \$3000 cash for the same."

When Tom Reed cracks the party lash His congressmen to drive, He rushes them, by Dudley's plan, Along in "block" of five."

At its February term the Madison County Court appointed an agent to look up a place suitable for a poor farm to report at its next term. The county pays over \$1000 annually on account of its poor.

Whatever else may be said of Dr. L. T. Hall's Temperance Department in the Potosi Independent, there is no question about his making it "mighty interesting reading," outside as well inside the county. The Doctor "kiss ink."

The Crystal Mirror doesn't approve of the way Democratic papers indulge in "slurs against the protective tariff." True, we had forgotten that the Great American System of Protection was a sacred thing. Parson, brother, and we'll do it again!

The Bonne Terre Register accuses us of "trying to belittle Hon. Wm. M. Kinsey." Great Scott! Belittle Kinsey? Whittle a streak of dim moonlight down to a shaving? What the rough edge off the thin end of nothing? Go to, brother! This must be one of your Eiffeltine jokes.

The Bonne Terre Register says we have attempted to slander Wm. M. Kinsey. The assertion is not true and cannot be substantiated. Nothing has appeared in these columns against Mr. Kinsey but what can readily be proven, and the man who intimates otherwise is a falsifier and the truth is not in him.

Greenville Journal: "The school house at Williamsville burned down Sunday morning at 6 o'clock. The second story of the house was used by the Masonic lodge Saturday night and the supposition is that the fire ignited in the upper story from a piece of cigar, thrown in the saw-dust on the floor. The building was also used for religious purposes."

We were promised a brilliant "business administration and \$5 per acre increase on the value of farm land as the immediate result of his (Francis) election."—Bonne Terre Register.

Who promised you that, brother? This is the second time we have asked you to substantiate your assertion by names and dates. Who made such a promise, and when? Come, brother, answer!

Emmet Hinney, who was severely injured, at Irondale, by falling under his train, last November, has returned home from the hospital, and will soon be himself again.—De Soto Facts.

The Poplar bluff city council recently raised a saloon license to \$1,000 per annum, and last week the saloons took down their signs, put up their shutters, and, we have no doubt, in some instances, unlocked their back doors. Either that last, or the "drug store" will shortly flourish on the Black like a green bay horse.

Ste. Genevieve Fair Play: "Some of the papers are saying that Hon. James C. McGinnis will be a candidate for Congress next fall in this district. We do not know about it, but of course the present incumbent would not have been where he is now if the able Republicans in the district had thought there was a show to elect a Republican. Now that a third rate man has accidentally slipped in, the woods will be full of Republican candidates. We think, however, that these gentlemen need not worry much. The Tenth district will send a Democrat to Congress to succeed the Hon. Wm. M. Kinsey."

The "Farmers and Laborers" had a convention at Macon, Mo., last Thursday, and passed a lot of resolutions—well considered, generally, and timely; but the whole lot is spoiled by the folly of that numbered 4, which is as follows:

4. We demand the enactment of a law directing the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, through the post office department, to loan money to the owners of farms, in sums not in excess of one-half of the value thereof, at a rate of interest not exceeding 2 per cent., said loans to be made under such regulations as shall be deemed necessary by the said Secretary of the Treasury of the United States.

How a convention with an ounce of brains could put forth such a "demand" is beyond ordinary comprehension. The only purpose for which Government can lawfully raise money is to pay its necessary expenses. Only an insane person or a natural-born fool would ask that all the people be taxed in order to loan the money thus raised, "on farms at 2 per cent.," or on any other kind of property, at that or any other per cent. We'll bet a dollar to a nickel that the resolution in question was drawn by an "adopted citizen" who has never read the constitution of the United States, and to whom the theory of government under it is totally unknown.

A correspondent to the Reynolds Outlook (Centreville, Mo.) wants the Rev. Nelson, teacher of a new method of baptism, suppressed; and very sensibly suggests that "the best way to accomplish this is to not go to hear him preach." Says the correspondent: "I, by chance, happened to be on Logan's Creek on the 2d, inst., and at-

tended a meeting held by a Rev. Nelson, and saw a new mode of baptism—three separate and distinct Baptisms. The first mode, the applicant was taken down into the water and caused to kneel down, and in the name of the Father and God was put under face down. Second mode: The applicant was bid to stand up with outstretched arms in the form of a cross; he was then baptised in the name of the Son, by sprinkling something out of a cup, called the blood of the Lamb, on their heads. Third mode, was by all the members coming forward and placing their hands on the head of the subject—this was the Baptism of the Holy Ghost, after which the subject was bid to go thy way and sin no more. Now this man Nelson said in his talk that the Ten Commandments were all done away with and had no force, and he further said, that any one that says they have ever received a heart-felt religion is a liar and the truth is not in him. He says he does not want to go to Christ at all, but in his church of God, Christ will come to him."

The power of the Republican Press and Statesmen, no less than the Little Henchmen, to bend to the will of circumstance, is wonderful. We remember how, on the morning after the election in 1876, the Globe-Democrat frankly and gracefully acknowledged and gave way to the expressed will of the people in the choosing of Samuel J. Tilden to serve as Chief Magistrate of all the United States. There was, for a few hours, mourning in the camp of the faithful for the power that had gone to the enemy; yet a proper spirit of submission. But, next day, when Zack Chandler and his cohorts sent out word that it was all a mistake, and that Hayes would, by the aid of the bayonets and the returning boards, be "counted in," the G.-D. and every whipper-snapper of its following applauded the "loyal" steal, nor was there found in all the broad land a true-blue Republican honest enough to denounce the intended crime. So now with regard to Speaker Reed's assumption of the power to "sine a quorum."

He casts aside decency and all regard for the parliamentary law—abrogates rulings never before questioned, and overrides one of the plainest provisions of the constitution. This for the purpose of enabling his party (most Democratic Representatives and count in Republicans in their stead. Ten years ago, in a debate on this question, Speaker Reed said, "the constitutional idea of a quorum is not the presence of a majority of the members of the House, but a majority of the members present and participating in the business of the House. It is not the visible presence of members, but their judgments and their votes, that the Constitution calls for." So said Mr. Reed then. Must not Speaker Reed, therefore, be a dishonest, partisan scoundrel to rule as he does now? And yet not a little Republican sheet of them all but joins in and sings, Te Reedo Laudamus! The Capron (Ill.) Banner even stretches a point further, and calls the usurpation, "Parliamentary Reform!"

Road Overseers to be Elected. The new road law enacted by the last General Assembly of the State provides for the election of road overseers at the annual school meetings, instead of their appointment by the County Court as heretofore. As it is important that everybody should be acquainted with the manner of electing overseers, we give below the sections of the law bearing on that subject:

Section 15. The several County Courts shall divide their counties into convenient road districts, said districts to include within their respective limits not less than one nor more than six school districts, and the boundaries of said road districts shall be the same as the school districts or districts from which they are formed, except when any school district lies in two or more counties, in which case the county line shall be the boundary of such road district; provided, that no part of any incorporated city, town or village shall be a road district or any part thereof. And at the annual school meeting in the year 1890, and every year thereafter, the qualified voters within such road districts shall choose by ballot a person to act as road overseer in each of such districts, who shall serve for a term of one year, and until his successor is duly qualified. It shall be the duty of the Clerks of the school districts to cast up the votes for each candidate within five days after such meeting, and transmit the same to the County Clerk, who shall immediately issue a certificate of election to the person having received the largest number of votes in each of said road districts.

Sec. 16. The person elected to the office of road overseer shall be a resident taxpayer of the road district for which he was so elected, and shall have resided in said road district one whole year next before the annual election thereof. And it shall be his duty to keep the roads in his district in good repair, according to the provisions of this act; and it shall be the duty of said court, at the February term thereof, to designate by order the number of days each person liable to work on the public roads shall work which shall not be less than one nor more than four days of each year, except in opening new roads. In cases of opening new roads the overseer shall have power to call out the hands in the district subject to pay road tax, and work the same in proportion to the amount of road tax they are required to pay in the district.

Sec. 17. In all cases where a vacancy shall have occurred in the office of road overseer, by failure of the district to elect or otherwise, it shall be the duty of the County Court to appoint some suitable person to fill such vacancy, who shall hold his office until the next annual school meeting, when such office shall be filled as provided for in section fifteen of this act. Provided, this act shall not apply to townships organized for road purposes only, under an act approved March 31, 1883, entitled "An act to organize municipal townships in all counties that have not adopted township organization in order to create a board of township road commissioners therein, with defined powers and duties."

Mr. Hall's Wise Counsel.

There are about thirty "independent, greenback, labor reform," etc., papers published in this state. They all profess to be great friends of the farmer, and yet many of them severely criticise Hon. U. S. Hall, state lecturer of the farmers' and laborers' organization, because he advises the organization to keep out of politics. A word about such papers. As a rule, the editor is a worn-out political hack, both ignorant and irresponsible, who has been kicked out of either the democratic or republican party, and his only hope now is to work up a third party. Mr. Hall says to the farmers: Formerly you owned 85 per cent. of the bank stock of the country; now you do not own 2 per cent. Formerly your sons represented 75 per cent. of the students attending colleges; now you show less than 5 per cent. Before the civil war you were able to build comfortable residences; now you are scarcely able to repair your old ones. You work as hard as ever, and in fact raise more grain than you did in former years, and yet you are becoming poorer all the while. Think of these matters when you go to the polls to vote, and cast your ballot against the party responsible for your condition, but do not attempt to go into politics as an organization, for then you are the prey of the political trickster and schemer who will use you for his selfish ends.

This is not what the political tramps want Mr. Hall to say. They would like for him to urge the farmers and wage-workers to organize a third party in Missouri. Then they would have a pull and be able to make terms with Boss Filley and men of his kind.

Mr. Hall is doing exactly right. His advice is sensible and sound and will commend itself to the judgment of all right thinking men. Let the farmers consider well what he says to them and then vote their convictions.—Jefferson City Tribune.

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Dr. Kilmer's wonderful specific "Olive Branch," a positive cure for female complaints, sent to any address upon receipt of price, \$1.00, for one month's treatment. No physician required. A certain cure. Consultation free. Address

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FOR SALE—200 Acres land with House and Barn, 50 Acres Cleared, Balance Good Timber, 82 per acre. Address Thos. Newman, Ironton Mo.

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WHEN a few doses of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral will relieve you? Try it. Keep it in the house. You are liable to have a cough at any time, and no other remedy is so effective as this world-famous, old-fashioned, and owned by a family. No household, with young children, should be without it. Scores of lives are saved every year by its timely use.

Amanda B. Jenner, Northampton, Mass., writes: "Common gratitude impels me to acknowledge the great usefulness I have derived for my children from the use of Ayer's most excellent Cherry Pectoral. I had lost two dear children from croup and consumption, and had the greatest fear of losing my only remaining daughter and son, as they were delicate. Happily, I found that by giving them Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, on the first symptoms of throat or lung trouble, they are relieved from danger, and are becoming robust, healthy children."

"In the winter of 1885 I took a bad cold which, in spite of every known remedy, grew worse, so that the family physician considered me incurable, supposing me to be in consumption. As a last resort, I tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and, in a short time, the cure was complete. Since then I have never been without this medicine. I am fifty years of age, weigh over 180 pounds, and attribute my good health to the use of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral."—G.W. Youker, Salem, N. J.

"Last winter I contracted a severe cold, which by repeated exposure, became quite obstinate. I was much troubled with hoarseness and bronchial irritation. After trying various medicines, without relief, I at last purchased a bottle of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. On taking this medicine, my cough ceased almost immediately, and I have been well ever since."—Rev. Thos. B. Russell, Secretary Holston Conference and P. E. of the Greenville District, M. E. C., Jonesboro, Tenn.

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The New Road Districts.

Iron County Court, December Adjourned Term, 1889. Tuesday, December 24th, 1889. Among others, the following proceedings were had: In the matter of Redistricting the County under Section 7806, Revised Statutes of 1889.

Now, at this day, the Court proceeds to divide the County of Iron, State of Missouri, into Road Districts under Section 7806, Revised Statutes of 1889. Whereupon, it is ordered by the Court that

ROAD DISTRICT No. 1 Shall be composed of School Districts Nos. 1 and 2, Township 30, North, of Range 4 East, and Districts Nos. 1 and 2, Township 31, North, of Range 4 East.

ROAD DISTRICT No. 2 Shall be composed of School Districts Nos. 1 and 2, Township 30, North, of Range 3 East, and Districts Nos. 1 and 2, Township 31, North, of Range 3 East.

ROAD DISTRICT No. 3 Shall be composed of School Districts Nos. 1 and 2, Township 32, North, of Range 3 East.

ROAD DISTRICT No. 4 shall be composed of School Districts Nos. 1 and 2, Township 32, North, of Range 4 East.

ROAD DISTRICT No. 5 shall be composed of School Districts Nos. 3, 4 and 5, Township 33, North, of Range 4 East.

ROAD DISTRICT No. 6 shall be composed of School District No. 3, Townships 32 and 33, North, of Range 3 East, and School District No. 2, Township 33, North, of Range 3 East.

ROAD DISTRICT No. 7 shall be composed of School Districts Nos. 1 and 2, Township 33, North, of Range 4 East, and District No. 3, Township 33 and 34, North, of Ranges 4 and 5 East, together with all that part of Ironton and Pilot Knob School Districts, lying outside of the incorporated limits of said towns and unorganized territory as follows: Sections 22, 23, 25, 27, 34 and 35, Township 34, North, of Range 4 East, and Sections 5, 6, 7 and 8, Township 33, North, of Range 3 East.

ROAD DISTRICT No. 8 shall be composed of School Districts Nos. 2 and 3, Township 34, North, of Range 3 East, and School District No. 5, Township 34, North, of Range 2 and 3 East.

ROAD DISTRICT No. 9 Shall be composed of School District No. 1, Township 34, north, of Range 3 East, and District No. 4, Townships 34 and 35, north, of Range 3 East, and Districts Nos. 1 and 3, Township 35, north, of Range 3 East.

ROAD DISTRICT No. 10 Shall be composed of School District No. 1, Township 34, north, of Range 2 East, and District No. 2, Townships 34 and 35, north, of Range 2 East, and District No. 3, Township 34, north, of Range 2 East, and Districts Nos. 1 and 2, Township 35, north, of Range 2 East.

ROAD DISTRICT No. 11 Shall be composed of School District No. 1, Township 35, north, of Range 1 East, and District No. 1, Township 34, north, of Range 1 East.

ROAD DISTRICT No. 12 Shall be composed of School District No. 1, Township 34, north, of Range 1 East and 1 West, and District No. 2, Township 34, north, of Ranges 1 and 2 West.

ROAD DISTRICT No. 13 Shall be composed of School District No. 1, Townships 34 and 35, north, of Range 1 West, and District No. 2, Township 35, north, of Ranges 1 and 2 West, and District No. 1, Township 34, north, of Range 2 West.

And it is further ordered that this order be published in the IRON COUNTY REGISTER, STATE OF MISSOURI, ss. I, Wm. A. FLETCHER, Clerk of the County Court of Iron County, Missouri, do hereby certify that the above and foregoing is a true, full and complete copy of the order of the Court as fully as the same appears of record in my office. WITNESS my hand and seal of said court [L. S.] this 7th day of January, 1890. WM. A. FLETCHER, Clerk.

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IRONTON, MO. NOTICE TO PICNICERS AND EXCURSIONISTS: Hacks, Spring-Wagons, Single and Double Buggies; Three-Seated Carriages and Two-Seated Carriages, with competent drivers; also, the best of Saddle Horses for Ladies and Gentlemen can be had at REASONABLE RATES.

Guardian's Notice of Final Settlement. STATE OF MISSOURI, ss. COUNTY OF IRON.

Estate of Reuben C. Legrand, late a minor. Jno. Schwab, Guardian and Curator. In the Probate Court of Iron County. February Term, 1890. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned guardian and curator of the estate of Reuben C. Legrand, late a minor, has made a just and true exhibit of the account between himself and said ward, and filed the same with the Probate Court of Iron County, and that on the third day of the February Term, 1890, thereof, he has come to apply to said court for leave to make final settlement of his accounts, and for his discharge as such. JOHN SCHWAB, Guardian and Curator. jan2n26

To the Public. Last week, in accordance with our Annual Custom, we extended our HOLIDAY GREETING. This week we are ready for the BUSINESS of 1890. And desire to call the attention of our friends and patrons to that fact. Our stock of Seasonable Goods is very Full and Complete, notwithstanding the late Holiday Rush, for the reason that we are constantly making additions to it. It is superfluous to add that Low Prices will continue to rule at our Store. T. S. LOPEZ & SONS.