Iron County Register.

BY ELI D. AKE.

IRONTON, - - - MISSOURI

LATE advices represent the Chilian insurgents as masters of the situation. Valparaiso, Iquique, Coquimbo and Pica are still in a state of blockade.

KING KALAKAUA of the Hawaiian Islands, died at the Palace Hotel in San Francisco, on the morning of the 20th, of Bright's disease of the kidneys.

A BILL was introduced in the Pennsylvania Senate, on the 20th, providing that not more than three dollars per month shall be charged for the use of a telephone.

THE authorities of the British Museum have discovered among a collection of papyrus rolls acquired recently in Egypt the text of Aristotle's treatise on the Constitution of Atheas.

THE budget committee of the German Reichstag has been informed by the Minister of War that it is probable that no new appropriations for the army will be demanded during this session.

THE San Francisco cigar factory of Lum Tong & Co., containing 114,850 cigars, worth about $5 a thousand, was seized, on the 19th, by revenue officers on the charge of selling cigars without stamps.

DAVID T. LITTLER, of Illinois, testified before the silver pool investigation committee, on the 23d, that he had purchased about $100,000 worth of silver for Senator Cameron before the Silver bill had passed the Senate.

JAMES BURKHART, a bricklayer, fell from the sixth story of the new Chittenden Hotel at Columbus, O., on the 19th, a distance of eighty feet. He was alive and conscious when reached by his companions, but it was thought that his injuries would be fatal.

THE review of the troops at Pine Ridge, S. D., on the 22d, pleased the red men very much, and some of them are urging the officers to hold another. The liberal issue of provisions has put the Indians in excelent humor.

COLONEL H. M. BLACK, commander of the Twenty-third Infantry and of Fort Sam Houston, Tex., was retired from active service at noon on the 15th. The period of his active service was the longest of any officer serving in the line.

SLIGHT earthquake shocks were experienced at Geneva, Switzerland, on the 20th, and the drowning of three persons which occurred shortly after, while skating in the harbor, is attributed to the ice having been broken by the shocks.

THE Pope has decided to make a sweeping reduction in the expenses of his household in order, it is said, to create a Tesoro Pontifico for use in such an emergency as his enforced exile. The total amount of the jubilee moneys will be assigned to his Tosoro.

JOHN PAYNE, a seaman of H. M. S. Orlando, sprang to the stage of a Sydney (N. S. W.) theater, while Mrs. Potter and Kyrle Belew were bowing before the curtain after the first act in "Hero and Leander," and drawing a revolver, shot himself in the abdomen.

A GENERAL rise of twenty-five degrees in temperature throughout England occurred on the 21st, and the mercury registered the highest point reached since November. There is a general rainfall throughout the kingdom. The thaw was less decided on the continent.

GENERAL C. MCKEEVER, on duty in the War Department at Washington, has been ordered to duty as Adjutant-General of the Department of the Missouri, at Chicago, under General Miles, relieving Colonel Corbin, who is ordered to report to General McCook at Los Angeles, Cal.

IT has leaked out, in spite of the strenuous efforts of all concerned to conceal the fact, that the death of the Duke of Bedford was caused by his own hand. The discovery was made a week after his body had been cremated that he committed suicide by putting a bullet into his head.

THE President has approved the act making appropriation to enable the Secretary of the Interior to carry out the provisions of the act to divide a portion of the Sioux Reservation in Dakota into separate reservations and to secure the relinquishment of the Indian title to the remainder.

A. J. ROSS, agent for the Southern Express Company in Lake City, Fla., was robbed of $600 at an early hour on the morning of the 19th. The robbers attacked him in his office on one of the principal streets, and after beating him into insensibility, took a package containing $600 from the express pouch.

LORD MAYOR SAVORY of London refuses to grant the request of General Booth that the homeless poor be permitted to sleep in the municipal buildings. The Lord Mayor says he believes existing agencies adequate for the relief of distress and adds that the police deny the General's statements regarding outcasts.

DRS. DE ROULEDES, Archinaud, Mathias and Blanc, of the New Orleans Throat Hospital, officially reported, on the 22d, that Prof. Koch's lymph had been tried in one case each of tuberculosis knee, tubercular laryngitis, incipient phthisis, lupus face and pulmonary consumption, and that the symptoms were eminently satisfactory.

TOM LEAVIS, a well-known horseman, was tried in the United States Court at Indianapolis, Ind., on the 22d, on the charge of passing counterfeit money, and was acquitted. The principal prosecuting witness was at once sent to jail for perjury for discrepancy between his testimony at the trial and that given before the grand jury.

THE new Brazilian Ministry is constituted as follows: Senhor Uchoa, President, without a portfolio; Senhor Cavalcante, Minister of the Interior; Senhor Chermont, Minister of Foreign Affairs; Senhor Araripa, Minister of Finance; Senhor Frota, Minister of War; Senhor Vidal, Minister of Marine; Senhor Brasil, Minister of Justice; Senhor Lucena, Minister of Public Works. The Ministry of Public Instruction and the Ministry of Posts have been abolished.

NEWS AND NOTES.

A Summary of Important Events.

FIFTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

IN the Senate, on the 19th, an hour and a half was consumed discussing a point of order raised by Mr. Gorman, taking issue with the Vice-President's ruling last Friday to the effect that an appeal from a decision of the Chair on a non-debatable question, was itself not debatable. The matter was finally dropped, and, after the introduction of a number of bills, the Elections bill was taken up and Mr. George addressed the Senate in opposition thereto .....In the House most of the session was taken up by political speeches and assaults upon the Speaker by the Democrats for partisan rulings. Only one bill of minor importance was passed.

IN the Senate, on the 20th, Mr. Aldrich at 1:50 p. m. asked for the consideration of his resolution for a change of rules. The question was discussed until two o'clock, when the Elections bill was laid before the Senate, and Mr. George, who had the floor, declined to yield to anybody and continued his speech against the bill until the hour of adjournment..... In the House a scene of wild confusion was precipitated by the refusal of the Speaker to allow debate on the question of the approval of the journal. Mr. Mills in a very excited manner ran down the aisle and, shaking his fist at the speaker, denounced him as practicing a fraud upon the House. But the Speaker was immovable, and called upon those opposed to approving the journal to rise, and counting "one," "two," "three," declared the motion to approve the journal carried—97 to 3. The District of Columbia Appropriation bill was then carried into committee, but beyond a number of political speeches no action was taken on the bill.

IN the Senate, on the 21st, the whole time was given up to a discussion of the cloture rule and the Elections bill, brought out by a motion of Mr. Morgan to amend the journal wherein it was recorded that a motion by Mr. Aldrich that the Senate resume consideration of the motion to amend the rules as to the limitation of debate was determined in the affirmative. Mr. Gorman moved to strike out the words "it was determined in the affirmative" because of its incorrectness. The Vice-President said that from his recollection he had not formally declared the vote as carried, although he had stated that the ayes appeared to have it. He said he would again submit the question to the Senate..... In the House a wrangle occurred during the discussion on the approval of the journal. The journal was finally approved and the previous question on the District bill was ordered at five o'clock. At that time, no quorum being present, the proceedings dragged along until 6:15 p. m., when the House adjourned, the bill going over as unfinished business.

IN the Senate, on the 22d, Mr. Aldrich moved consideration of his resolution to amend the rules. A point of order was made by Mr. Harris that the question before the Senate was the approval of the journal of the 20th. After an extended debate the point of order was overruled and the cloture resolution was brought before the Senate. Discussion of this resolution occupied the remainder of the session..... In the House the journal of the 20th was finally approved. The District of Columbia Appropriation bill was then passed without further difficulty, and the House in committee of the whole considered the Naval Appropriation bill, but without action on it adjourned.

IN the Senate, on the 23d, the entire session was taken up with the discussion of the cloture rule, Messrs. Cockrell and Gray addressing the Senate in opposition to it. Mr. Aldrich endeavored to have an hour fixed when debate should close, but without action the Senate took a recess at 6 p. m. until eleven o'clock on the 24th ..... In the House, on demand of Mr. Breckinridge, the journal was read in full, and after some debate was approved. There were some sharp passages between the Speaker and Mr. Cooper, of Indiana, growing out of a point of order by Mr. McKinley on a resolution offered by Mr. Cooper directing the committee investigating the Pension Bureau to report the resolution to the House. The resolution was finally reported and referred to the committee on rules. The House then went into committee of the whole on the Naval Appropriation bill.

PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

THE Democratic members of the Legislature of the State of New York in caucus assembled, on the 19th, nominated Governor David B. Hill as candidate for United States Senator. William Maxwell Evarts was renominated by the Republican caucus.

ETHEL TOWNE, the pretty adventuress, was acquitted by a Terre Haute (Ind.) jury, on the night of the 19th, of the charge of forgery. Of her moral guilt there was no doubt, but the State failed to make out a legal case, and the judge so instructed the jury.

THERE was a heavy run on the Deposit Bank of Palmer, Neb., on the 19th, resulting from a rumor that the institution was in an unsafe condition. The bank paid all depositors in full, and Cashier Shipley went to Omaha to arrange for funds to tide the bank over the crisis.

FULLY 20,000 tons of bonded Java sugar, the property of Claus Spreckles, lies in the warehouses on Mission Rock in San Francisco bay. It will be held there till April 1, when, under the provisions of the McKinley bill, it will be admitted into the country duty free.

THE issue of beef at Pine Ridge Agency, on the 21st, was the largest ever known on that reservation. Instead of a beef for every thirty-three Indians, one was issued to every twenty-two.

GOVERNOR PATTISON of Pennsylvania was inaugurated at Harrisburg, on the 20th.

AT Medina-Sidonia, Spain, a hungry wolf chased a child in the very heart of the village, and was only driven away when a number of people rushed to the rescue. Packs of wolves are roaming through the more populous districts of Andalusia and are almost as familiar as dogs, though seldom attacking human beings.

THE body of King Kalakaua was embalmed in San Francisco, on the 21st, and will be taken to Honolulu on board the United States flagship Charleston, where its arrival will be the first intimation his people will receive of his demise.

SEVEN Dutch fishermen crossed the Zuyder Zee on the ice, on the 21st, a feat which is without precedent since 1740.

FIFTY thousand persons are estimated to have been deprived of employment in France by the severe cold weather, and it is estimated that the loss to the country because of the stoppage of wages and trade and the blighting of crops will reach fifty million francs.

THE first public experiment made in St. Louis with the celebrated Koch lymph occurred, on the 21st, at the Missouri Pacific Hospital. William A. Walters, chief clerk of the Iron Mountain railway freight department, a tuberculosis patient, was the subject and Dr. Max C. Starkloff the operator. The operation was witnessed by a number of local physicians, and the developments in the case will be watched with interest.

MR. AND MRS. VESTAL BEELER, of Brooklyn, Ind., have reared successfully one of the largest families on record. They have eighteen children alive, twelve sons and seven daughters having been born, one daughter being dead. There are no twins. The parents are about fifty-five years of age.

THE following United States Senators were formally elected on the 21st: Missouri, George G. Vest, Dem.; New York, David B. Hill, Dem.; Indiana, Daniel W. Voorhees, Dem.; Connecticut, Orville P. Platt, Rep.; New Hampshire, Jacob H. Gallinger, Rep.; Pennsylvania, J. Donald Cameron, Rep.; Oregon, John H. Mitchell, Rep.; Washington, Watson C. Squire, Rep.; Colorado, H. M. Teller, Rep.; Arkansas, James K. Jones, Dem.

ACCORDING to the Western Tobacco Journal the production of manufactured tobacco in 1890 in the thirteen principal tobacco manufacturing districts was 204,849,120 pounds, an increase of about 18,000,000 pounds. The production of cigars in 1890 was phenomenal. The manufacture in the last half of the year exceeded the first six months by nearly 400,000,000. The Journal says: "Despite all newspaper sensations, all acts of legislation and all 'reformers,' cigarettes continue to largely increase in consumption, the increase in 1890 being about 280,000,000, or about thirteen per cent."

CHIEF OF POLICE MARSH of Chicago estimates that there are between 4,000 and 5,000 men in the city who are unable to obtain work. Most of them are artisans who went there in anticipation that work on the World's Fair buildings would begin ere this time. He fears that many of them will be driven to crime through want.

THE Farmers' Alliance of Ohio, in session at Galion, on the 21st, adopted resolutions demanding that the Government loan farmers money at two per cent., and that postage be reduced to one cent. A proposition to unite the State organization with the Knights of Labor was unfavorably received.

THE fourteen-year-old son of M. F. Beebe committed suicide at Denver, Col., on the 21st, by taking "Rough on Rats." The boy had been an invalid for eight years, and, becoming despondent over his continued ill-health, took a whole box of the poison. This was his third attempt at self-destruction.

A PRELIMINARY census report shows that the quantity of distilled spirts consumed in the arts, manufactures and medicine in the United States during the year ended December 31, 1890, was 10,976,842 gallons.

THEODORE NORTHWOOD, a boss roller in the iron rolling-mills at Boonton, N. J., was caught between the rollers, while making some repairs, on the 22d, and was drawn through, his body being crushed out as flat as a sheet of paper. The rollers turn out wrought-iron plates half an inch in thickness, and Northwood's body passed through this space, his flesh and bones being crushed to jelly.

THE Ohio State Alliance sent a telegram to the General Assembly, on the 21st, asking the repeal of the law exempting manufactured products from taxation for one year after production. Before the House adjourned the same evening the bill was passed with but few dissenting votes.

THE Dublin Express states that Messrs. Parnell, O'Brien, Dillon and McCarthy have merely reached an agreement in regard to the maintenance of a status quo until the coming general election.

CAPTAIN JOHN MAXEY was waylaid and murdered, on the 21st, on the road about three miles from his home in Sumter County, S. C. Two negroes have been arrested on suspicion.

SURROGATE RANSOM of New York decided, on the 22d, that the marriage of Eva L. Hamilton to Robert Ray Hamilton was void, and that Eva is still the wife of Joshua J. Mann.

MEISSONIER, the illustrious French painter, is seriously ill with bronchitis. The violence of the attack, added to his advanced age, creates extreme anxiety as to the result.

PADLEWSKI, the Polish murderer of the Russian General Seliverskoff, is supposed to be in Colorado.

THE tow-boat Silas P. Coe caught fire at Cincinnati, at 4 a. m., on the 23d, from the explosion of a stern light, and was burned to the water's edge. The night watchman, Rush Carney, was burned to a crisp.

BRIGADIER-GENERAL CURRY, W. N. G., telegraphed from Coulee City, Wash., on the 23d, that he had had a conference with seventy Indians, including all the chiefs in Okanogan County, and that they had agreed to stop dancing or carrying arms excepting when hunting.

SARA BERNHARDT left Havre for New York on the steamer La Champagne on the 24d.

LATE NEWS ITEMS.

IN the Senate, on the 20th, after a brief executive session, held soon after meeting, the remainder of the day was spent in discussing the cloture resolution. Senators Stewart and Morgan spoke in opposition to the proposed change in the rules, and Senator Saunders spoke in support of the resolution and incidentally favored the passage of the Elections bill. During the afternoon Mr. Aldrich asked unanimous consent to limit debate on the resolution and to name the 26th as the day for taking a vote on it; but objections to each request came promptly from the Democratic side of the chamber.....In the House two hours' time was spent in the reading and approval of the journal. The Naval Appropriation bill was then taken up in committee of the whole, but without disposing of the bill the committee rose and the House adjourned.

THE Paris Seicle states that Mr. William O'Brien has received from Mr. Arnold Morley, the Liberal whip, on the part of Mr. Gladstone and his colleagues, such guarantees for a measure of home rule as are sufficient to meet the conditions upon which Mr. Parnell will retire from the leadership of the Irish Parliamentary party.

THE Chilian revolutionists constantly gain in strength and confidence. In Valparaiso and its neighborhood the workmen in the factories are joining the revolutionary forces in considerable numbers, and the sympathy of the public seems very generally to turn to the rebels.

EX-COUNTY CLERK M. D. HAMILTON, of San Diago County, Cal., whose accounts were nearly $5,000 short when he turned over the office to his successor, on the first of January, has been arrested, and is now in jail. His bondsmen are responsible.

THE efforts of the Earl of Aberdeen to settle the Caledonian railway strike have failed, and Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, M. P., intends to move a commission to consider the condition of railway employes.

THE Treasury Department, on the 24th, under its circular of October 9, 1890, redeemed $450,400 four-and-a-half per cent. bonds, making the redemptions to that date $9,566,350.

THE State Department is informed of the death at Borna, Africa, January 18, of Lieutenant Emery H. Taunt, United States Commercial Agent to the Congo Free State.

THE new gun-boat Bennington will be ready for her trial trip in about two weeks.

MISSOURI STATE NEWS.

The Fifth Generation.

A few days ago a daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. B. P. Bogy, of St. Louis. The most interesting fact connected with the event is that it makes Mrs. J. G. Soulard, of Galena, Ill., a great-great-grandmother, Mr. Bogy being her great-grandson. The baby girl is also heir to honors of a rather notable ancestry on both sides. J. G. Soulard was one of the founders of the town of Galena, and the family name is well known as one of prominence in St. Louis. The Bogy family is traced back to Scotland through France. The late Senator V. Bogy, well known in Missouri, would have been, had he lived, the great-grandfather of the infant girl. B. P. Bogy, her father, is a son of Joseph Bogy, of St. Louis. Both families, the Soulards and Bogys, have been noted for their longevity. When one of the venerable Mrs. Soulard's great-grandchildren was born some years ago she expressed the hope that she might live to see a great-great-grandchild. Mr. B. P. Soulard received a message from her in which she expressed her gratification that the fifth generatio had appeared.

Their Crystal Wedding.

The social event of the season at Jefferson City was the reception given on the night of the 20th at the Executive Mansion by Governor and Mrs. Francis to the members of the Legislature and people of Jefferson City. A car-load of St. Louisans were in attendance, but the invitations were limited outside the capital to relatives and the Governor's military staff. Despite the fact that information had been concealed as to this day being the crystal wedding anniversary of the Governor and Mrs. Francis, a number of handsome presents were sent in memory of the occasion. Among these was an elegant set of cut-glassware from the members of the General Assembly, who attended in a body.

Interest on the State Debt.

The lower house of the Legislature, in committee of the whole, agreed upon the following appropriations to pay interest on the bonded debt of the State:

Six per cent consolidated certificates	$349,080
Five per cent certificates	25,100
Six per cent certificates	14,940
Five per cent. indebtedness certificates	41,200
Interest on Rollins' trust fund	600
Interest on seminary fund	417
Interest on school trust fund	150

The amounts given above will undoubtedly be appropriated by the Legislature.

Limits of Kansas City Curtailed.

The State Supreme Court has decided the extension of the limits of Kansas City, made several months previous to the taking of the Federal census, was illegal. The territory annexed contains about 20,000 people, and the decision will cut down the population of the city that figure. Many new laws have been passed by the vote of councilmen elected from the annexed territory, and as the votes cast in the new wards for city officers were illegal, the effect is farreaching, and years of litigation may follow.

Sought to End Her Troubles.

At St. Louis Mrs. Kate Adams, attempted suicide by taking a large quantity of bed-bug poison. A physician was called, who succeeded in placing her out of danger. Mrs. Adams is the mother of seven children, and family trouble was the cause of her act. Her husband and father are paralyzed, and several weeks ago her daughter died.

Found Dead.

Mrs. Lutie Lewis, aged twenty-five, who kept house for Mr. Frank Conrad's family, three miles east of Clinton, was found dead the other evening. The coroner was notified. She had a suit for divorce pending in the Circuit Court of Henry County at the present term of court.

Saved the Little Ones.

The Shaw school-house in St. Louis, caught fire the other morning and was destroyed. Only the courage and coolness of Mrs. Mary W. Naurie, the principal, and her five lady assistants prevented a panic among the children and great loss of life.

To Start a Big Fruit Farm.

A syndicate is negotiating for the purchase of a tract of land at Olden, Howell County, near the Olden Fruit Farm, with the intention of establishing the second big fruit farm in Howell county.

Why Mr. Edgar is in Trouble.

Suit has been filed in the United States Circuit Court at St. Louis against Selwyn C. Edgar for alleged violation of the Alien Contract-Labor law.

Kansas Saws Off Her End.

The Kansas end of the notorious Bill Lewis saloon built on the State line in Kansas City has been sawed off and torn down by Kansas officers.

A Noted Minister Ill.

Rev. John Hogan, a noted writer and a leading member of the Methodist church of Missouri, is dangerously ill at his residence in St. Louis.

What St. Louis Mechanics Want.

The St. Louis Mechanics' Exchange will petition the Legislature to establish a public mechanical and trade school in St. Louis.

Appointed an Oil Inspector.

Governor Francis has appointed Dr. E. A. Roberts inspector of oils for the city of Springfield, for a term of two years.

From an Overdose of Morphine.

Mrs. Anton Klos, of St. Joseph, was found dead in bed, she having taken an overdose of morphine to relieve nervous prostration. Her husband is wealthy.

A Reception to Mrs. Francis.

At Jefferson City the other evening Mrs. Jesse W. Henry gave a reception to Mrs. David R. Francis. A large number of the elite were present.

The University Law Classes.

Colonel James O. Broadhead, of St. Louis, will deliver the annual address before the law classes at the Missouri State University on June 1.

Lived One Hundred and Two Years.

Haber Thomas, colored, aged one hundred and two, was killed by a railway train at Spring Park, thirteen miles west of St. Louis.

Dropped Dead of Heart Disease.

Mrs. Sophia Siebe, wife of John W. Siebe, a wealthy citizen of Sedalia, dropped dead from heart disease the other night.

By Another Dummy Line.

Independence and Kansas City will soon be connected by another dummy line. Articles of incorporation have been filed.

THE MISSOURI LEGISLATURE.

Synopsis of the Proceedings of the Thirty-Sixth General Assembly

MONDAY, JANUARY 19.

[The Republican members of the General Assembly held a caucus in the Senate Chamber at night and nominated Hon. S. W. Headlee, of Greene County, for United States Senator. The vote of the caucus resulted: Stanard, 3; Warner, 1; Headlee, 20; McGinnis, 7; Dawes, 1.]

SENATE—Reports of the Nevada Lunatic Asylum and the Boonville Reform School were received and ordered printed. Several unimportant bills were introduced, and the Senate adjourned till 10 a. m. of the 20th.

HOUSE—Among the bills introduced were: Mr. Adams: To prohibit the collection of usury by any legal process. Mr. Perkison: Fixing the maximum salaries of circuit and county clerks at not exceeding $3,000. Mr. Ryan: For the consolidation of the offices of treasurer and collector of counties of not less than 50,000 inhabitants. Mr. Lyman: Appropriating $350,000 for payment of interest on the State bonded debt in 1871-72. Mr. Farris, of Ray: Requiring mirrors to be paid not less than once in ten days. Mr. Tubbs: Requiring United States flags to be displayed from school-houses and institutions supported by the State. Adjourned till 9:30 a. m. of the 20th.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 20.

SENATE—Mr. Stone introduced a joint concurrent resolution authorizing cities having fire departments to establish funds for relief of disabled firemen and widows and orphans of deceased firemen. The Senate voted for United States Senator, with the following result: Vest, Dem., 24; Headlee, Rep., 7; Jones, U. L., 1. James L. Carlisle was confirmed recorder of voters for St. Louis. Adjourned till 10 a. m. of the 21st.

HOUSE—Among the bills introduced were: Mr. Burnet: Authorizing county courts to fill vacancy in office of Treasurer. Mr. Tubbs: Making May 30 of each year a legal holiday, to be known as Decoration Day. Mr. Lyman introduced a joint and concurrent resolution authorizing cities having an organized fire department to establish a fund for the relief of disabled firemen and the widows and orphan children of deceased firemen. The House proceeded to vote for United States Senator, as follows: Vest, 106; Headlee, 25; Leonard, 8. Mr. Julian offered a resolution complimenting Senator Vest and indorsing free trade as the standard of right. It was laid over without debate. Adjourned till 9:30 a. m. of the 21st.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 21.

[The Senate and House met in joint session, and the journal of each house was read, and the vote cast on the 20th for United States Senator verified. The President of the Senate declared Hon. George G. Vest duly elected United States Senator. Mr. Ruby offered a resolution thanking Mr. Vest for his past acceptable service in the United States Senate and indorsing a tariff for revenue only as the proper basis of tariff legislation. Before debate was possible Senator McGinnis made the point of order that the joint session was not held for the consideration of resolutions, and the President ruled accordingly. The joint session then dissolved.]

SENATE—Citizens of Platt County petitioned for an amendment to the Fish law to prohibit seining. Alliance of St. Francois County petitioned for legislation in accordance with demands of the State Alliance. Three hundred copies of the petition were ordered printed. Bills were introduced requiring decisions of the Supreme Court to be published in county and city papers, and placing express companies under control of Board of Railroad Commissioners. Adjourned till 11 a. m. of the 22d.

HOUSE—Mr. Martin offered a resolution for the appointment of a committee of five to ascertain the salaries received by officials under the fee system, to the end that legislation may be enacted to abolish the entire fee system. Adopted. Resolutions adopted by Typographical Union No. 8 and District Assembly No. 4, St. Louis, commending Labor Commissioner Merriweather, and asking that his duties be extended, were presented by Mr. Ryan. Among the bills introduced were: Mr. Davidson: Requiring school teachers in cities of 10,000 inhabitants and over to be licensed. Adjourned till the 22d.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 22.

SENATE—Mr. Teasdale, from the committee on cities, towns and villages, submitted a favorable report on a bill authorizing cities to work persons convicted of crimes on the streets. Among the bills introduced were: By Mr. Stone: Amending the Jury Commissioner law by adding the judge of the St. Louis Court of Criminal Correction to the judges who shall select jury commissioner. By Mr. Newberry: Leaving it optional with juries in murder cases to return a verdict of life imprisonment or impose the death penalty. By Mr. Starke: Taking Miller County from the First Judicial Circuit and adding it to the Ninth Judicial Circuit. By Mr. Hines: Requiring the publication of the session acts in local papers. By Mr. Reaney: To prohibit the garnishment of wages of laborers. Adjourned till 9:30 a. m. of the 23d.

HOUSE—Mr. Bonnell offered a resolution expressing the sense of the House that no money be appropriated for the World's Fair as long as Congress continues to consider the Federal election law. Mr. Anderson moved to table the resolution, which prevailed by a vote of 96 to 23. A resolution indorsing the candidacy of General Palmer for United States Senator in Illinois was adopted. Mr. Julian, of Kansas City, offered a resolution favoring free trade. The resolution was debated until noon and then referred to the committee on Federal relations. Among the bills introduced was one by Mr. Underwood, appropriating $5,000 for the erection of a monument over the grave of John S. Marmaduke. Adjourned till 9:30 a. m. of the 23d.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 23.

SENATE—Among the bills introduced were: Mr. Espenschied: For the printing of 200 ballots to every fifty voters or fraction thereof in any election held under the Australian system. Mr. McGinnis: Prohibiting the State Board of Health from discriminating against specialty doctors. Mr. Sparks: For a constitutional convention. Mr. Cochran offered a resolution calling on the prison inspectors for a complete report of the number of convicts worked under the contract system, and also for a statement of the contracts. Adopted. Mr. Major introduced a joint and concurrent resolution authorizing the building of grain elevators by the various counties of the State, bonds therefor to be guaranteed by the State. Adjourned till 2 p. m. of the 26th.

HOUSE.—Mr. Donnell moved to reconsider the vote of yesterday by which his resolution to withhold appropriations from the World's Fair as long as the Lodge Election bill is pending in Congress was tabled. A brief debate followed, and the motion to reconsider was carried—yeas, 83; nays, 31. A roll-call was then ordered and the resolution adopted—yeas, 97; nays, 24. The House then went into committee of the whole on the bill appropriating money for payment of interest on the State debt. The section appropriating $2,000 for the fiscal agent of the State was stricken out, and the bill reported and ordered engrossed. A second bill appropriating $1,250,000 for redemption of State bonds was considered and ordered engrossed. Adjourned till 2 p. m. of the 26th.

WOMEN OF THE ARISTOCRACY.

PRINCESS BEATRICE prefers to be addressed as Princess Henry, of Battenberg.

THE Queen has bought a lock of hair which belonged to Charles I.'s head before he lost it.

QUEEN AMELIE, of Portugal, is now almost restored to health. She is the prettiest and most fascinating of the sovereign ladies of Europe.

THE Queen-Regent of Spain received as a New-Year's present from the Pope a splendid mosaic of the Madonna made at the Vatican factory.

ARCHDUCHESS MARIA DOROTHEA is one of the beauties of the Austrian imperial family. She is above the medium height, with dark hair and eyes and a fresh complexion. She is noted for her charities and for her skill in piano playing.

THE Duchess d'Uzes has lost eighty thousand dollars by the failure of Raynaud, the banker whom she met at the office of Le Gaulois. Her connection with that paper has altogether cost her six hundred and fifty thousand dollars, the loss of which she feels most uncomfortably with three grown-up children to settle.

FOR EIGHT HOURS.

Plans Completed for a Gigantic Strike of One Hundred and Fifty Thousand Miners, with the Entire Force of the Federation of Labor Behind Them, for an Eight-Hour Day on May 1 Next.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Jan. 23.—The miners of the United States have just completed plans for the greatest industrial battle ever inaugurated in America. The conflict between the miners and the mine owners will take place on the first of May. The entire National organization of miners, comprising 150,000 men, will be directly involved in a demand for the eight-hour day. According to the figures which are being given, it will be a battle of millions of dollars against labor organizations, also backed by millions of money. At the convention of the American Federation of Labor, held in Detroit some weeks ago, it was decided to back the miners for eight hours next May. The utterances of the officers of the United Mine Workers on the subject leaves no doubt that the miners will make the fight.

An immense strike fund is being made ready for the miners, and when the latter go out they will have at their back for immediate use nearly $1,000,000. This fund will be swelled from time to time at the rate of $50,000 a week.

W. J. Dillon, secretary of the American Glass-workers Union, United States organizer for the American Federation of Labor, to-day gave the following interview on the coming fight:

"In the aggregate we figure on about 150,000 miners in the United States. Almost seventy-five thousand of these are active miners of the United Mine-workers. The remainder are members of the organization when it comes to a struggle. These are the men who will strike for eight hours next May, unless something unforeseen should occur. The Federation numbers about 690,000 men, and 500,000 men can be counted upon. For six weeks before May 1, strike contributions will be levied on the members at the rate of ten cents a week. This will make $300,000 for the six weeks. The formal ratification of the matter will take place at next month's convention of the United Mine-workers to be held in Columbus, O. The latter organization has a strike fund of its own amounting to several hundred thousand dollars. Besides this, it will raise a special fund before the fight, so that $1,000,000 will be ready by May 1, on which to conduct the contemplated conflict."

A SHREWD THIEF.

He Impersonates a Bank Messenger and Secures Mail at the Chicago Post-Office Containing About $150,000, the Greater Portion, However, Being Non-Negotiable Paper—Detectives on a Cold Trail.

CHICAGO, Jan. 23.—The Chicago postal authorities and the officers of the Northwestern National Bank are looking for a shrewd thief and a package of letters containing about $150,000. Yesterday morning the bank messenger went to the post-office for the regular ten o'clock mail. The amount seemed small to him, and sticking his head in at the window, he said:

"Where's the rest of the mail for the Northwestern National Bank?"

"Be ready in about fifteen minutes," replied the clerk.

A sharp-looking fellow hanging about the window heard the conversation, and twelve minutes later stuck his head in at the window and said:

"Got the rest of that mail for the Northwestern National Bank ready yet?"

The mail was ready and was given to the stranger without question. Three minutes afterward the regular bank messenger appeared and asked for his mail, only to be told that it had been sent over. He reported the matter to the assistant cashier who hurried to the post-office and told the officials of the blunder.

Detectives were immediately started out on the case, but their efforts were without result. The bank officers think about sixty letters are gone, and that they contain from $100,000 to $150,000, the greater part of which is non-negotiable paper.

HUTCH IS OUT OF IT.

Chicago's Boldest Speculator Closes His Deals and Withdraws from Speculation—The Old Man's Relatives Compel Him to Take this Course or Submit to a Conservator.

CHICAGO, Jan. 23.—The Journal says that B. P. Hutchinson, the veteran Board of Trade man and boldest speculator the Chicago Board of Trade has ever known, has withdrawn from speculation. "It is estimated," says the Journal, that Mr. Hutchinson has lost about $19,000,000 within twenty years. In 1870 he was reported to have a fortune of $20,000,000. Ten years ago, his son says, this had dwindled to $10,000,000, and now there is but $1,000,000 left. It was to save this from following the rest of his money that Mr. Hutchinson's family insisted upon his retirement."

The Journal says that some time ago Charles L. Hutchinson, his son and also president of the Board of Trade, had a talk with his father and told him that unless he would close up his deals quietly and give up all speculative business the matter would be taken into the courts and a conservator applied for. Mr. Hutchinson, Sr., was very angry for a time, but finally consented to the terms, and at once evened up his trades and closed his books. Mr. Hutchinson still frequents the trading hall, but he is not doing any trading, it is said.

Military Academy Burned.

NEW YORK, Jan. 25.—Fuerst's Military Academy at College Point, L. I., was burned yesterday morning. Loss, $25,000; partially covered by insurance. There were a large number of boys as well as several women asleep in the building, and before they all could be aroused the flames had made considerable headway. The boys were gotten out of the building without much trouble after they were awakened, but with the women it was different. They became panic-striken and several attempted to jump out of the windows. They all escaped safely.

Probably Fatally Injured.

BOSTON, Jan. 23.—Charles E. Eaton, president of the Eaton Manufacturing Company, which was establishing a plant in Woburn, was injured probably fatally by being caught in an elevator at the new factory about 2 p. m., yesterday.

Twenty-Five Years for Burglary.

BOSTON, Jan. 23.—Judge Sherman, in the Superior Criminal Court yesterday, sentenced William Crotty to twenty-five years in State prison for breaking into Morse's jewelry store on Tremont street.

"COME-DOWNS."

The Ingenious Manner in Which Out-Grown Garments May be Utilized.

Very familiar is this word to the younger members of the family, and for that very reason neither welcome nor edifying. Quite too frequently does it suggest to them visions of garments no longer in their prestine state of purity. But old garments *will* accumulate with startling rapidity, and many dollars can be saved when these can be made to serve the same purpose as new ones.

Economy should and often must be practised, but it becomes extremely painful when carried to such an extent that the meanness of it enters into the children's souls. Grown-up ones can solace themselves with the hope of better things in the near future, and for the present, knowing it to be the only feasible course, they seek ways and means to make the old things look presentable at least. But the children, always peculiarly sensitive to what their companions say about them, are only too apt to feel the discomfort of the "come-downs," and they naturally smart under a sense of injustice when they behold the few new garments that can be purchased every season devoted to their elders.

Calicoes, ginghams and lawns can be purchased at low rates, and so few yards are required of each that there need scarcely ever be difficulty in providing each child with, at the least, two new dresses every summer.

The "come-downs," mostly woolens, can then be utilized for winter service; firstly, the children are more reconciled to them, because at least one or two dresses have but recently been newly purchased for their own special use; secondly, because of the warmth their materials lend to the wearer; and lastly because at that season the child's outer wraps conceal discrepancies in the attire when on the street, and while within-doors the neat little apron generously hides unavoidable shabby spots.

The box of remnants often serves the home dress-maker right faithfully; as an example of this note the following: An old merino dress—brown, blue, slate-color, green, or of any other shade—lies before you. Its basque is hopelessly beyoud repair, the skirt is so badly worn at the foot that the last chance of redeeming it is utterly gone; yet the stuff is good and comparatively free from rents or spots, besides, it is wide enough to allow of the cutting out of these few blemishes. Still, all told, there is not enough to make a dress out of for nine-year-old Mary, and it is almost too dark for her younger sister. The skirt comes out of the lower part of the original skirt of course; but this narrow upper part will provide neither sleeves nor the necessary waist length, and gamps are by no means admissable for winter school dresses.

But this upper piece is wide enough to yield wide sleeves reaching to the elbow. Deep cuffs are, of course, obtainable, often a yoke, and the long, narrow strip necessary to be joined to it, a la Mother Hubbard. All very true; but, for all that, it is a very somber dress. Turn now to the remnants, and exhume a half-yard or so of bright plaid, or red, blue, green, or old-gold material. Cut this into strips an inch wide; turn under the edges, and herring-bone them to the yoke, cuffs and collar, either vertically, bias or in any other style that fancy indicates; these simulate the very fashionable ribbon trimmings now so frequently worn. Or else the bright goods can serve for yoke, cuffs, and collar, and be trimmed in the same manner with stripes of the dress material.

Very presentable school coats can be contrived from old Newmarkets, and the spring cloaks that the little girls have outgrown can often be turned into extremely serviceable Balmoral skirts.

A very pretty frock, and quite equal to new, can be made up without cost of any thing but time, by utilizing two out-grown dresses, the colors of which harmonize.

The material of one yields the sleeves, the yokes, deep V's, or blouse effect (whichever seems most desirable), together with the broad insertion necessary to lengthen the skirt of the other; the sleeves, waist, and possibly the sash of the latter yield, in turn, the front and back pieces needed to complete the yokes or V's, or the plain back and jacket fronts for the blouse, together with the requisite collar and cuffs.

Narrow gilt or silk cord, or plain cording covered with the material, adds finish to the garment, and prevents the "patchiness" that visible seams inevitably suggest.—Harper's Bazar.

BELMONT'S SUPERSTITION.

Like the Soothsayers, He Placed Reliance in the Flight of Birds.

The late August Belmont once told a Gotham writer, on the Monmouth race track, that his horses would not win because a flock of blackbirds had crossed his path that morning. "I saw the blackbirds in the field," he related, "and said to myself: 'If they fly across I shall lose.' So I walked my team carefully—carefully. But no! Just as I came opposite, the birds flew in front of me, wheeled about and crossed me again. I shall not go to the stables. I have sent for my trainer to tell him it is of no use trying to win to-day." At another time he was in radiant spirits because a little bird had flown into his bath-room and allowed itself to be fed. "I shall have good luck," he exclaimed. "Wait and you shall see." That day he won three principal races. Indeed, a curious phase of his superstitions was that they generally turned out to be correct. When he felt that he was going to lose he did lose