Iron County Register

BY ELI D. AKE.

IRONTON. - - - MISSOURI

EX-SENATOR J. J. INGALLS predicts a great financial upheaval and a general redistribution of wealth.

EX-GOV. CAMPBELL, of Ohio, announces that under no circumstances will he be a candidate this fall.

REAR-ADMIRAL HUMANN, commanding the French fleet in Siamese waters, announces that the blockade of Siam was raised on the 3d.

MICHAEL WORSHAM left Watertown, N. Y., on the 2d, to walk to Los Angeles, Cal. He expects to accomplish the feat in 185 days.

COL. JACOB T. CHILD, of Missouri, the new United States minister to Siam, sailed from San Francisco for Bangkok on the steamer Oceanica on the 2d.

DR. JENKINS, of the New York board of health, ordered the hospital ship S. D. Carleton to the lower bay, on the 4th, in order to have her ready in case of emergency.

ON account of the hard times churches of different denominations are uniting in some towns in Kansas and discharging all the ministers but one in a place.

BURGLARS worked several hours, on the night of the 1st, to get the funds of the bank of McCune, Kas., but were unsuccessful. They ruined the vault with crowbars and dynamite.

THE general depression in trade is injuring the tin-box industry in Brooklyn, and it is said the manufacturers will petition congress to repeal the tariff on tin, both block and plate.

GOV. LEWELLING of Kansas is trying to inaugurate a movement among western and southwestern states to open up direct trade relations with European countries by way of the Gulf of Mexico.

THE condition of Senator Turpie, of Indiana, who had been seriously ill, was so much improved, on the 2d, that his family announced he would be able to attend the coming extra session of congress.

A DISASTROUS explosion occurred on board the German armor-clad steamer Baden, at Kiel, on the 3d. Lieutenants Oelsner and Sambsch and seven seamen were killed and seventeen persons were injured.

CHOLERA has reappeared in Moscow, Kieff and northeast Hungary. In Moscow the outbreak is most serious. There were thirty-two cases and eleven deaths in the convict forwarding prison at that city between the 1st and 11th

ON the 4th the executive committee of the board of World's fair directors ordered a payment of 10 per cent. on the entire bonded indebtedness of the corporation. The payment, amounting to $450,000, will be made on the 27th.

SURGEON-GENERAL WYMAN received a cable message, on the 3d, from Surgeon E. B. Young, of the marine hospital service, stationed at Naples, stating that the condition of affairs in that city in regard to cholera was getting worse.

THE fire which had burned for a week along the Mullica river, in Burlington county, N. J., had exhausted itself by the 3d. A careful estimate places the damage to buildings at $150,000; to timber, $1,300,000, and to the crop of cranberries at $75,000.

SENATOR MORGAN cabled his son, on the 4th, that it would be impossible for him to leave Paris before the 19th. This is a postponement of two weeks beyond the time originally set for his departure, and indicates a delay in reaching their verdict by the Behring sea arbitrators.

OWING to the representations made to M. Develle, French foreign minister, by Lord Dufferin, the British ambassador to France, the question of a neutral zone between the French possessions in the Siamese peninsula and Burmah and the Shan states has been settled satisfactorily.

THE United States Watch Co. resumed work at their factory at Waltham, Mass., on the 1st, after a two weeks' vacation. The operatives were notified of a reduction of 15 per cent. during the present stagnation, with a promise that, when times improved, the old wages would be restored.

ONE man was burned to death and forty others had narrow escapes from a fire in the seven-story factory building at 28 Broome street, New York city, at noon of the 1st. Wenzil Reiter, a woodworker, 59 years of age, was caught on the top floor, where he worked, and burned to a crisp.

ON the 2d Secretary Carlisle ordered the acting director of the mint to notify sellers of silver bullion that from and after that date deliveries on sales to the government must be completed within five days from the date of acceptance. The time heretofore has been ten days. It is explained that five days is sufficient time for silver deliveries.

THERE is a project on foot in the City of Mexico to unite all Latin-American nations in a monetary league to resist the depreciation of silver. Public opinion there favors entering into a monetary league with the United States, transferring the trade of Latin-America largely to Americans, only asking on the part of the United States a freer entrance of raw material.

SEVENTY-FIVE striking miners lay in wait for the men at work in shaft No. 17 of the Kansas and Texas Coal Co., at Pittsburgh, Kas., on the 4th, and made an assault upon them as they were going to work. All of them ran but one, Henry Smith, an American. He stood his ground and was brutally assaulted. He afterward procured a revolver and made his way to the mine.

A BILL in the celebrated suit of Countess Caroline Von Roques, of Rouen, France, against David W. Armstrong and others, has been filed in the chancery court at Richmond, Va. The case involves the title to 2,500,000 acres of land in Virginia, West Virginia and Kentucky, and the object is to have annuled the deed signed by Countess Von Roques and her daughter, Mrs. Florence E. Maybrick.

NEWS AND NOTES.

A Summary of Important Events.

PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

TWO CABINS occupied by Chinese miners in the Taryall gulch, near Como, Col., were burned by white miners early on the morning of the 1st. Eight Chinese who are missing are believed to have perished in the flames. About seventy-five Chinese are employed in the Taryall placers, working for less wages than the whites. This caused the trouble. The Chinese were greatly frightened, and took refuge in buildings about town.

THE United States cruiser New York, which is receiving her finishing touches at Cramp's shipyard, Philadelphia, went into commission, on the 1st, with brief and simple ceremonies.

AN effort was made by the Indianapolis (Ind.) board of trade to have the secretary of the treasury send currency to that city to pay the $3,000,000 in pensions falling due on the 4th, but it failed, and the payments will be made by checks upon the New York subtreasury. This is made necessary by the failure of the Indianapolis national bank, the government depository in that city.

THE North German Lloyd steamer Spree, which sailed on the 2d from Southampton for New York, had on board £850,000, consigned to American houses. The White Star liner Majestic, which left Liverpool on the same day for New York, brought £350,000, a total of £1,200,000 shipped on the 2d. The return tide of the precious metal seems to have set in in earnest.

SECRETARY CARLISLE, who was in New York city on the 2d, remained in the Fifth Avenue hotel all day, receiving many visitors. To only two of these did he give much time, and he denied himself to many others. Newspaper men he refused to see, giving as a reason want of time.

SEVERAL warrants have been sworn out and some arrests made of Columbian Athletic club officials and participants in the late prize fights in Lake county, Ind.

THE directors of the Bank of Commerce of Indianapolis, Ind., decided, on the 2d, to re-open the bank.

LEVI P. MORTON'S immense new barn and outbuildings at Rhinebeck, N. Y., together with 100 head of Guernsey cattle and all the farm horses, were destroyed by fire on the 2d; loss, over $100,000.

THE gold reserve is again intact. On the 2d the amount in the treasury was $106,791,370, or $791,370 free gold. This gold has come into the United States from Europe, Mexico and the West Indies, much of it being the gold sent out from the United States during the late spring and early summer months.

COL. CHARLES H. JONES, late managing editor of the St. Louis Republic, has assumed the position of editor and personal representative of Mr. Joseph Pulitzer on the New York World. Col. Jones will direct the editorial policy of the World, the editorial "junta," composed of heads of departments in the office, being abolished.

THE circulation statement issued by the treasury department on the 2d showed that the amount of gold and silver coin and certificates, United States notes and national bank notes in circulation August 1 was $1,611,099,117, an increase during the month of July of $17,237,606. The increase during the last twelve months in round figures is $9,000,000. The per capita circulation, based on an estimated population of 67,000,000 August 1, was $24.02.

IT transpires that the active intervention of President Carnot alone prevented a ministerial crisis in France and probably a different issue out of the Siamese trouble. M. Delcasse, supported by a majority of the ministers, stubbornly insisted that harsher terms be exacted from Siam as a stepping stone to a French protectorate, but the president would not consent.

MGR. SATOLLI returned to Washington, on the 2d, after an extended tour through the west and northwest. He expressed himself as being much pleased with his trip. Mgr. Satolli declined to talk about the telegrams from Minneapolis which imputed to him an intention to recommend the appointment of coadjutor to Archbishop Corrigan of New York.

THE works in Jersey City, N. J., of the New York Standard Watch Co., have closed for an indefinite period, throwing out of employment over 250 men and boys. The shut-down is attributed to stringency in the money market.

THE question as to whether Dr. T. Thatcher Graves will be tried a second time for the alleged murder of Mrs. Barnaby is to be decided by County Commissioner John Toombly, who went east, on the 3d, to investigate the evidence and ascertain the cost of transporting witnesses to Denver.

THE Carpenter Steel Co., of Reading, Pa., announced, on the 3d, that by reason of new contracts they would put in operation twelve new crucible furnaces and give employment to many new hands. They also announced that the week's wages, amounting to $6,000, would be paid in gold.

MINISTER BLOUNT is reported as being highly indignant at the presumption of a royalist clique in Honolulu who sought to compromise him by including his name, among others, in an inscription on a cane presented to Claus Spreckels by partisans of the deposed queen.

RUSSELL & CO.'S agricultural and engine works, at Massillon, O., employing 800 men, will close for an indefinite period, about the 15th, on account of the uncertainty of the business future.

THE town of Bisk, in the government of Orenburg, Russia, was visited by a most disastrous conflagration on the 2d. One hundred and eighty houses were burned. Seven persons were killed and a large number injured.

THE treasury department restrictions surrounding exhibitors and their goods in bond at the World's fair have been relaxed a little by the collector of the port of Chicago issuing instructions to Deputy Collector Hall, in charge of the branch custom house at the fair, to allow all exhibitors who apply to pay duty on their goods entered as exhibits in bond and secure their release for such disposition as they could make consistent with the rules of the exposition.

DRIVEN to a condition of irresponsibility by the swallowing up of his fortune; with the frosts of sixty years upon his head and no prospects for the future, Nelson Van Kirk, a well-known Chicago operator in grain and provisions shot and instantly killed himself on the 4th.

MRS. SOPHRONIA TWITCHELL, the woman speculator, well known in Wall street, New York city, and on the Pacific coast, died, on the 3d, in Brooklyn.

THE government is closing all schools in the south of Russia because of the prevalence of cholera. Twenty doctors have gone from St. Petersburg to Kief and ten to Pondolia.

A PLEASURE yacht carrying a party to a dance at the lower end of Lake George, N. Y., on the night of the 3d, with twenty-nine people on board, ran upon a sunken pier, careened over and sank in eighteen feet of water. Eight womenand one man were drowned.

THE worsted goods manufactory of John Bromley & Sons, of Philadelphia, was closed, on the 3d, on account of the depressed condition of trade. Three thousand employes were affected.

THE Equitable Accident Insurance Co. of Denver, Col., has been placed in the hands of Charles B. Mason, as receiver, who will wind up its affairs.

THE treasury department purchased 160,000 ounces of silver, on the 4th, at seventy-two cents an ounce, an advance of 1 1-10 cents an ounce over the price paid on the 2d.

THE alleged vulgar Oriental dances on the Midway plaisance at the World's fair are to be investigated, and their suppression will doubtless follow an adverse repot.

SCRANTON, Pa., was startled, on the 4th, by a report to the effect that President E. S. Moffat of the Lackawanna Iron and Steel Co., who went abroad about six weeks ago for the benefit of his health, had committed suicide in London. Mr. Moffat had been suffering for some time from insomnia and nervousness induced by overwork.

HARD fighting is accompanying the siege of La Plata in the Argentine republic, where Gov. Costa of the province of Buenos Ayres is practically cut off from communication with the capital by the revolutionary troops who are infesting the city. During the engagement 400 men have been slaughtered.

THE tornado insurance at cyclone-stricken Pomeroy, Ia., has fallen much below the figures of the first estimate. The insurance on the claims filed up to the 4th inst., aggregating over 100 individual losses, is only $21,667.40. The first estimates were all the way from $35,000 to $40,000. There were a few claims not yet filed that may bring the total up to $25,000. About $50,000 has been received by the relief committee.

CHIEF-JUSTICE GEO. W. STONE of the supreme court of Alabama celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of his elevation to the bench in Alabama on the 4th. The Alabama Bar association, through its executive committee, presented its congratulations to the chief-justice in the shape of a resolution unanimously passed at its last annual session, accompanied by a beautiful silver service.

MR. GEORGE S. WRIGHT, better known as Banker Wright, died at his residence in Cleveland, O., on the 4th, from the effects of a stroke of apoplexy. The deceased was at one time one of the best known bankers in the city and was considered one of the best financiers in the state and amassed a large fortune. He retired from business several years ago.

MRS. SARAH T. BOLTON, the Indiana poetess, died at her residence in Indianapolis, Ind., on the 4th, aged 81 years. Her poem, "Paddle Your Own Canoe," has been translated into many languages and is known the world over. "Union Forever," published in the early years of the war and set to music, was a standard war song.

DURING a parade advertising the "Bombardment of Fort Sumter" in St. Louis, on the night of the 4th, four persons were seriously burned by the premature explosion of pyrotechnics, set on fire as a result of carelessness. "Fort Sumter" and the "Floating Battery" were destroyed.

THE vicinity of Sharptown, Ind., was visited on the morning of the 4th by the most disastrous storm known in years, doing immense damage to crops and farm property. A cloudburst occurred flooding the lands to a depth of eighteen inches.

LATE NEWS ITEMS.

JAMES L. WRIGHT, one of the founders of the Knights of Labor, died at his home in Philadelphia, on the 5th, aged 76 years.

THE imports, exclusive of specie, at the port of New York, for the week ended on the 5th, were $10,450,824, of which $2,823,673 were dry goods and $7,622,151 general merchandise.

HON. E. J. PHELPS, one of the American counsel before the Behring sea tribunal of arbitration, accompanied by Mrs. Phelps, sailed from Southampton for New York, on the 5th, on the American line steamer Paris.

THE surveyors who are at work on the Indian allotment in the Cherokee strip will complete their work on the 10th, which will allow the proclamation declaring the land open to be issued on the 14th or 15th.

THE rough treatment accorded Gov. Tillman's dispensary spies in Sumpter and Charleston, S. C., has made the governor angry. He announces that he will arm the constables and give them instructions to shoot anybody who interferes with them.

THE convention of county commissioners in San Francisco, on the 5th, urged the governor to call an extra session of the legislature to appropriate $600,000 to the proposed California Midwinter fair and to empower counties to make appropriations.

THE extraordinary session of congress, called by President Cleveland to take action on financial questions, met, on the 7th, with a full attendance of members. Many new faces and many familiar in former years, but missing from their places for one or more terms, were observed among the members present.

THE government has now on hand about 130,000,000 ounces of fine silver, costing $118,000,000. The coinage value of the bullion on hand is about $167,000,000. If this were coined the government would realize a profit of about $48,000,000, against which silver certificates could be issued; but it is estimated that this, with the present force, would consume five years.

THE weekly statement of the associated banks of New York city, issued on the 5th, shows the following changes: Reserve, decrease, $9,716,125; loans, increase, $2,231,300, specie, decrease, $6,702,100; legal tenders, decrease, $5,322,000; deposits, decrease, $9,231,900; circulation, increase, $166,700. The banks were shown to hold $14,017,800 below the requirements of the 25-per-cent. rule.

MISSOURI STATE NEWS.

New Postmasters.

The following new postmasters of the fourth class have been appointed for Missouri:

Cobb, St. Clair county, Mary S. Fletcher, vice J. H. Fletcher, resigned.

Japan, Franklin county, J. M. Renick, vice W. J. Renick, resigned.

Akron, Harrison county, D. M. Greenwood, vice F. Poland, resigned.

Coopershill, Osage county, J. F. Fleer, vice A. Langenberg, resigned.

Pilot Grove, Cooper county, Annie C. Goode, vice Wm. Roberts, resigned.

Toronto, Camden county, Lafayette Harrell, vice J. T. McClure, resigned.

Belgrade, Washington county, J. T. Terril, vice Linn Reffee, resigned.

NEW POST OFFICES.

Hoelscher, Lincoln county, Christian Hoelscher, postmaster.

Ristine, New Madrid county, Chas. P. Cook, postmaster.

Mr. Bland in Washington.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5. — Representatives Bland and De Armond, of Missouri, have arrived. Mr. Bland declines to make a statement as to the question whether he will accept the coinage committee chairmanship if it is tendered him. He simply declares he can not decline an honor that has not been tendered him. Mr. Crisp had not informed him what he intended to do, and he had not seen the speaker.

WILL CHAMPION FREE COINAGE.

Regarding silver, "I stand exactly where I have always stood," Mr. Bland said, for the free and unlimited coinage of the white metal. With such a law in force there would be an end of ills like the present."

He is in favor of the repeal of the Sherman law of 1890, and goes further than that. He will favor the repeal of both the Sherman acts, that of 1873 as well as that of 1890. The silverites will take care of what is to take the place of existing lesislation, he says.

For one thing he favors the re-enactment of the coinage law of 1837, which gave to the country the "dollar of our daddies;" but he will introduce a free-coinage bill at this session and champion it, whether he is chairman of the coinage committee or not.

Resumed Business.

The Missouri national bank of Kansas City has resumed business, having fully recovered from the effects of the senseless panic which caused its suspension.

The close of the first day's business there was a net gain in deposits over and above all disbursements of $61,329.93. It is evident the failure of the bank was caused solely by the run made upon it by its depositors. An inspector had previously reported the institution solvent.

PREPARING TO RESUME.

The comptroller of the currency has been notified that the bank which recently failed at Harrisonville, Mo., is taking steps to resume business.

Convicts Escape.

Four convicts, white men, escaped from the Missouri penitentiary the other day.

Frank Emerson, Jackson county, burglary, 20 years; sentenced in 1888.

Ed Burgess, Andrew county, burglary and larceny, 15 years; sentenced in 1890.

Jas. E. Hudson, Jackson county, burglary, 10 years; sentenced in 1891.

Wm. Taylor, Greene county, jail breaking, 2 years.

They worked in the hospital as cooks and waiters, and slept in the building. They gained the hospital yard, mounted the wall with a ladder and let themselves down with a rope. A guard was eating lunch near by.

What State Treasurer Stephens Says.

State Treasurer Lon V. Stephens spent a day at Sedalia recently.

During the past month he received anonymous letters criticising his action in accepting $210,000 worth of Equitable Investment Co. bonds from the Pettis County Investment Co. as security for the $100,000 deposit required by law, and his mission to Sedalia was to convince doubting Thomases that he did exactly what was right in the premises. "I endeavor to handle my department of the state business precisely the same as I would if it was my own individual affair," said Mr. Stephen, "and I am prepared to convince anyone that I have simply done my duty in the premises."

Pardoned Out of Prison.

Gov. Stone has pardoned John Hatfield, of Douglas county, sent to prison in 1892, for two years for grand larceny.

Hatfield's offense was nothing more than killing a stray calf which he had posted. After waiting the proper length of time he butchered and sold it, and soon thereafter the owner appeared and demanded ten dollars. Hatfield offered four dollars, the amount for which he had sold it. A quarrel ensued and Hatfield was arrested, indicted and convicted of larceny.

Missouri at the Silver Convention.

Gov. Stone appointed the following as delegates to the Chicago silver convention, regardless of politics:

E. T. Hines, Howell county; Ed W. Turner, H. J. Pawley, Clinton county; J. E. Lincoln, Clay; C. F. Cochran, John I. Bittenger, St. Joseph; Judge James Gibson, R. T. Van Horn, Kansas City; W. F. Switzler, Boonville; E. J. Conger, Linn county; John W. Knott, Hannibal; Judge Jere Craven, Springfield; Jasper N. Burks, Farmington; Henry W. Ewing, Jefferson City; ex-Gov. David R. Francis, Gen. M. O. Hawkins, St. Louis.

Collections by Secretary of State.

Secretary of State Lesueur reports collections of fees by his department during July as follows:

Notarial fees	$910 00
Miscellaneous fees	328 55
Land department fees	56 90
Foreign corporation tax	100 00
Domestic corporation tax	5,850 00
Total	$7,245 45

Insane Convicts Transferred to Asylums.

A number of insane convicts have been transferred from the penitentiary hospital to the various asylums for the insane.

The condition of the hospital has been bad for some time owing to the presence of these insane convicts, and their removal will be beneficial to the sick of the institution as well as to them.

Did Not Know the Gun Was Loaded.

Wm. Rhodes, a Sedalia clerk, was engaged in cleaning a shotgun and did not know it was loaded. The muzzle rested upon the toes of his right foot when the weapon was discharged, tearing away one toe and lacerating the foot.

Pension Examiners.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—Following pension examiners have been appointed for Missouri: Moberly—Doctors C. B. Clapp, W. A. Rothwell, C. R. Hickerson.
Carrollton—Dr. J. C. Cooper.
Poplar Bluff—Dr. B. C. Jones.

Bank Officials Indicted.

The Green county grand jury has indicted T. E. Burlingame, president, and C. P. Newman, cashier, of the late bank of Commerce at Springfield.

Missouri State Fair Association.

W. J. Millby has been appointed, by the Pettis county circuit court, receiver for the Missouri State Fair association. He gave bond for $30,000.

Assigned.

The assignment of C. L. Weaver, of Springfield, was announced a few days ago. It is stated that his liabilities will prove large.

Burned Out.

The house of John L. Pittman, at Moberly, was destroyed by fire early the other morning. It was the work of an incendiary.

A Colored School-Teacher Killed.

Chas. Miller, a colored school-teacher, was killed by a Missouri Pacific train near Sedalia. He had been dissipating for years.

Death of an Old Resident.

Joab Strimple, a well-known contractor and builder and one of the oldest residents of Kansas City, is dead, aged 62.

STATE SCHOOL FUND.

The Annual Apportionment of the School Fund to the Various Counties in Missouri.

The forty-eighth annual apportionment of state school money, made by the superintendent of public schools, shows the following:

COUNTY.	Enumeration.	Apportionment.
Adair	*5,683	$ 4,942 00
Andrew	5,007	4,354 15
Atchison	4,888	4,250 66
Audrain	7,226	6,283 82
Barry	8,619	7,529 97
Barton	6,292	5,471 60
Bates	10,271	8,931 78
Benton	5,322	4,628 67
Bollinger	4,875	4,239 36
Boone	7,508	7,398 66
Buchanan	26,621	23,149 94
Butler	3,780	3,287 13
Caldwell	4,827	4,197 63
Callaway	7,896	6,857 76
Camden	3,847	3,345 40
Cape Girardeau	7,794	6,777 75
Carroll	8,238	7,164 73
Carter	1,546	1,344 42
Cass	7,452	6,480 35
Cedar	5,485	4,915 05
Chariton	9,519	8,277 84
Christian	5,773	5,020 27
Clark	4,744	4,125 44
Clay	5,406	3,744 61
Clinton	5,399	4,695 03
Cole	5,888	5,120 28
Cooper	6,924	6,021 19
Crawford	4,301	3,740 20
Dade	6,428	5,242 02
Dallas	4,692	4,080 22
Davies	6,688	5,815 96
DeKalb	4,711	4,096 74
Dent	4,102	3,567 15
Douglas	5,542	4,819 39
Dunklin	5,817	5,058 53
Franklin	9,770	8,496 11
Gasconade	4,263	3,707 16
Gentry	6,654	5,786 40
Greene	16,491	14,340 77
Grundy	5,882	5,115 06
Harrison	7,364	6,403 82
Henry	9,736	8,466 54
Hickory	3,366	2,955 81
Holt	5,208	4,528 94
Howard	5,666	4,927 22
Howell	7,212	6,271 64
Iron	2,977	2,588 83
Jackson	53,275	46,328 57
Jasper	17,289	15,034 72
Jefferson	7,976	6,936 02
Johnson	9,099	7,912 60
Knox	4,183	3,637 59
Laclede	5,475	4,743 73
Lafayette	10,208	8,877 00
Lawrence	9,633	8,376 97
Lewis	4,982	4,332 41
Lincoln	5,094	4,942 87
Linn	7,672	6,671 66
Livingston	6,645	5,778 57
McDonald	4,417	3,841 08
Macon	10,278	8,927 87
Madison	3,339	2,903 63
Maries	3,094	2,690 58
Marion	8,107	7,049 91
Mercer	4,710	4,095 87
Miller	4,259	4,173 29
Mississippi	3,114	2,707 97
Moniteau	5,048	4,389 80
Monroe	6,860	5,965 54
Montgomery	5,592	4,862 87
Morgan	4,222	3,680 20
New Madrid	2,894	2,516 66
Newton	8,535	7,422 14
Nodaway	9,950	8,609 16
Oregon	3,950	3,434 97
Osage	4,532	3,941 08
Ozark	3,967	3,449 75
Pemiscot	1,980	1,721 83
Perry	4,654	4,047 17
Pettis	9,436	8,205 66
Phelps	4,561	3,970 65
Pike	8,413	7,316 04
Platte	5,044	4,386 32
Polk	7,430	6,461 22
Pulaski	3,622	3,149 73
Putnam	5,611	4,879 39
Ralls	3,965	3,261 05
Randolph	9,532	8,289 14
Ray	7,965	6,926 46
Reynolds	2,512	2,184 46
Ripley	3,306	2,877 55
St. Charles	7,361	6,401 21
St. Clair	5,956	5,179 41
St. Francois	5,995	5,213 35
Ste. Genevieve	3,556	3,092 34
St. Louis	11,840	10,270 11
Saline	11,028	9,590 08
Schuyler	3,952	3,436 71
Scotland	4,114	3,577 58
Scott	3,904	3,394 96
Shannon	2,916	2,535 79
Shelby	5,364	4,664 60
Stoddard	6,873	5,976 84
Stone	3,113	2,707 10
Sullivan	6,748	5,868 14
Taney	3,069	2,666 23
Texas	7,780	6,765 58
Vernon	9,880	8,591 76
Warren	3,149	2,738 41
Washington	4,496	3,909 77
Wayne	4,338	3,772 37
Webster	5,636	4,901 13
Worth	3,139	2,729 77
Wright	6,910	5,226 67
City of St. Louis	153,906	133,841 06
Totals	916,565	$797,055 77

*Rate per pupil, $0.869.

One-third of the ordinary receipts into the state revenue fund from July 1, 1892, to June 30, 1893, inclusive	$610,902 10
Interest on invested state school fund	186,090 00
Refunded by J. J. Jamison, county clerk of Reynolds county, refunded on account of error in enumeration	184 16
Total amount apportioned	$797,176 26

From this amount is deducted the sum of $97.05 due Taney county on account of an error in the enumeration of 1892, and $12.74 due Harrison county, and $9.80 due Jasper county on account of errors in the enumeration of 1892. This deduction is provided for by section 8064a.

Net amount to be apportioned	$797,055 73
State school enumeration	9,165 65
Amount to each child enumerated	0.86961833

The apportionment in the various counties should be made in August, 1893, upon the enumeration returns made in May, 1893, to county clerks.

A Plucky Widow.

An attempt to rob and assault Mrs. Vance Smith, a prepossessing widow of Sedalia, was thwarted at an early hour the other morning by the lady's bravery. She lives alone, and a couple of days previous to the incident rented a furnished room to a man who gave the name of Harris. After the midnight hour a rap at the front door aroused the lady, and, on asking who was there, the reply was made: "I am the new roomer and want in." A few minutes later Mrs. Smith heard a strange noise in the roomer's apartment, and soon became convinced that he was rumaging the bureau drawers. About the same time a man on the outside was endeavoring to gain an entrance through a rear window. Seizing a revolver that was beneath her pillow, Mrs. Smith fired two shots at the prowler, which caused him to beat a hasty retreat. She then threw open the window shutters and jumped into the yard, taking her two children with her, and fired two more shots to attract the attention of her neighbors. By this time the man in Harris' room had succeeded in demolishing the door and fled down street. It has developed that it was a well-posted stranger whom Mrs. Smith had admitted, supposing him to be Harris.

Insane Asylum Managers Meet.

The managers of lunatic asylum No. 3 were in executive session at Nevada the other day. The regular monthly business was transacted. After dinner the board went into executive session. Dr. R. E. Young, who has been superintendent ever since the asylum was opened in 1887, tendered his resignation, to take effect August 5, and Dr. James Gordon, assistant physician, was elected to fill out the term, which expires in October. Gov. W. J. Stone was present at the session. The board will elect officers at its regular meeting September 3.

Mutilated While Plowing.

William Walker, a prosperous farmer 8 miles southeast of Golden City, Barton county, was horribly mutilated while plowing by a team running away with a sulky plow. The hired man found Mr. Walker's body fastened so firmly into the parts of the plow that it was with great difficulty removed. He had been dragged in this position 90 rods, and was almost lifeless. One ear was cut off, one eye gouged out and the other severely injured. The flesh was torn from one arm, leaving bare the bones. The body and head were covered with bruises. He may die.

THE WAR IN SAMOA

Began and Ended in a Single Night—Mataafa, the Rebel Chief, Completely Overthrown—The King's Forces Victorious in a Short and Decisive Campaign—The Foreign Consuls Demand and Receive the Old Rebel's Surrender.

APIA, Samoa, July 19, via San Francisco, Aug. 4.—War broke out between Malietoa's and Mataafa's forces, but war ships of the three powers intervened and stopped the fighting. Mataafa and his chiefs have surrendered. Mataafa's loss was thirty killed and twenty wounded.

A large detachment of Mataafa's men were stationed in a cattle yard. As the king's men advanced, the men on Mataafa's side recognized friends and called out cordial greetings. Handshakes were indulged in and kava exchanged. It seemed as if friendly relations were to be re-established.

THE FIGHT BEGUN

One ferocious old warrior named Patu urged the king's men back into the ranks, when somebody fired a shot and the fight commenced. Firing became general and deadly. On the sea beach, opposite the cattle yards, were posted a number of the king's men.

Mataafa's men advanced to the wall and were exposed to a raking fire. Another detachment of Malietoa's troops took advantage of an opening in the side of the wall to pour in repeated and deadly volleys. The Mataafites were forced to a stone wall a little distance in the bush. Here they made a stand and Malietoa's men retired. When they attacked the place next morning Mataafa and his men had fled.

On his was back from the fight Mataafa, who was wounded, set fire to his own town, which was burned to the ground. At latest accounts he had gone to Upolo, where he was hemmed in and had no chance of escape.

A CONSULAR PROCLAMATION

The foreign consuls at Apia have issued a proclamation ordering all the white inhabitants to keep away from the natives and to take no part in the hostilities. Malietoa's forces number 2,500 men, while those of the rebel chief are only about 800.

During the night nothing unusual happened. The dead bodies of three of Malietoa's men were brought in next morning. Wounded men came straggling in one or two at a time, slung on poles or assisted to walk by their friends. Ten wounded were put into a temporary hospital and attended to by surgeons of the German men-of-war Sperber and Buzzard, while two others were attended to at the American consulate.

Father Broyer, French missionary, addressed the chief justice on the question of honorable peace being granted to Mataafa. He was referred to the consuls, who again referred him to the king. Father Broyer was informed that his majesty would hear of no terms of conditional peace.

In talking of the fight Purser Keith of the Monowai said: "There will be no more trouble. Mataafa will surrender unconditionally and that will end the war. He has been heard to say that he will surrender and end all trouble."

MATAAFA SURRENDERS

Mataafa and nearly thirty chiefs surrendered at the demands of the consuls. The following is the copy of a letter sent by the consuls to Mataafa demanding his surrender:

We, the three consuls of the treaty powers hereby give you notice that if you and your confederates and your wounded come on board of the English man-of-war within three hours from this time your lives will be safe, if no three men-of-war will open fire upon you and you will be attacked by the king's forces. Your followers must bring all your arms to the British man-of-war for safekeeping. If you do not surrender you must still send your women and children to the British man-of-war, and they will be safe.

Mataafa replied as follows:

To Their Excellencies, the Consuls of the Three Great Powers:

YOUR EXCELLENCIES: I have agreed with all that you have written me. We are pleased to obey with humility the great powers. Your excellencies, I am,

MATAAFA.

The consuls issued the following proclamation:

TO ALL SAMOANS: We, consuls of the treaty powers, hereby give notice to all Samoans that Mataafa and his chiefs have surrendered. The war is quite finished. Any further disturbance will be suppressed by the men-of-war. All Samoans must return at once to their own districts. Any disobedience of this notice will be summarily dealt with.

HUMAN HYENAS

On the afternoon after the surrender the conquerors, Malietao's warriors, returned to Apia with the spoils of victory. These spoils consisted of the bleeding heads of human beings. Each man who had the luck to cut the head off an enemy marched through the streets of Apia with it.

They walked up the street yelling like fiends, with eyes starting from their sockets with excitement, and throwing the severed heads about like baseballs, blood dripping over the bearers. Many heads were brought in in this manner and after being exhibited as trophies of war about the town were presented to Malietoa as trophies of war. The king graciously received them and they were then thrown in a pile on the ground.

The white people took refuge on the verandas of houses while the warriors held the streets. The whites were at the mercy of the excited natives, who were crazed with victory and blood, and if there had been any clash there would probably have been a massacred.

United States Vice-Consul Blacklock was on board the Katoomba and remained to see the final surrender. Until it is decided what shall be done with the prisoners they will probably be kept on the war ships.

Run Down and Wrecked in the Straits of Belle Isle.

MONTREAL, Can., Aug. 5.—The steamship Straits of Gibraltar has been lost in the straits of Belle Isle by a collision. She is a total wreck, and her entire cargo of coal is lost. The crew was saved by a passing vessel. The vessel was in regular trade between Montreal and Glasgow, and left here on July 1. She was valued at $110,000, and was covered covered by insurance in several English companies. Her owners are McLean & Co., and her Canadian agents McLean, Kennedy & Co., of this city.

Heavy Losses from Forest Fires.

MARSHFIELD, Wis., Aug. 5.—Forest fires twelve miles east of here, along the line of the Port Edwards railroad Thursday afternoon burned 500,000 feet of logs on the roilways and the lumber camp belonging to the Arphin Lumber Co., of Arphin. The fires are still burning and other logging concerns in the vicinity are hauling water by train to protect their property. The Arphin company had men watching the rollways until recently, when they were called in, believing that the danger had passed. Their loss will be very heavy.

TRADE REVIEW.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of the Condition of Trade Throghout the Country—A Slight Recovery in Wheat and Pork and the Volume of Domestic Trade But Slightly Diminished. Notwithstanding the Continued Bank Failures—The Closing of Shops and Mills the Overshadowing Fact.

NEW YORK, Aug. 4.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade, published this morning, says:

Wheat has recovered about 4c and pork $2 or more at Chicago, and orders for exports have caused a sudden advance in ocean freights. With the great surplus of wheat brought over from previous years the country will be able to meet all demands, even though the crop proves small enough to justify a considerable advance from previous prices. With a good crop of corn assured unusual accumulations of pork and hog products would be safer on the ocean than in Chicago warehouses and more helpful to the country.

Stocks at the lowest point this week averaged little more than $4.16 per share, but it is yet a long way down to the prices of 1877, averaging at the lowest $2.36 per share, and the contrast between the condition and earnings of railroads now and then is greater than the difference in prices. Railroad earnings continue fairly satisfactory though they show a recent decrease and a reduction of rates for World's fair travel. For good stocks some recovery from such a fall as that of last week was inevitable, and its rapidity indicated how many stocks had been absorbed by investors here and abroad. Though too sudden to be healthy or enduring, the rise doubtless reminds some brokers that it is not safe to sell stocks held for customers. Signs of reaction appeared on Thursday and also early on Friday, but the coming gold is expected to give a further raise to prices.

Bank failures have been almost as numerous this week as for the two preceding weeks, but fewer have been of more than local importance. The westers states show greater distrust or weakness than other sections. Of the 169 banks failed since March, 5 were in eastern, 48 in southern and 151 in western states. Failures of national banks numbered 58, of state banks 79, and of private banks 67. In anxious efforts to fortify themselves, banks throughout the country have locked up a large amount of currency, and the depositors who have drawn their accounts are also keeping out of use many millions. As the entire circulation of bills of less than $5 each is but $71,000,000, while the depositors in savings banks number nearly 5,000,000, the withdrawal or the mere withholding of accustomed deposits by a considerable proportion of them would put out of the market much of the small notes. The demand for these has been so great that shipments of silver in many cases have been greatly reduced and the difficulty of getting currency for paying employes causes a premium for currency in cases ranging as high as 2 per cent. Closing of shops and works for lack of orders is the overshadowing fact. Yet many stoppages are only for a few weeks unless circumstances lead managers to extend them, and it is believed that the consuming demand has not been reduced in proportion to the decrease in production, so that their orders may presently enable many works to resume.

Sales of wool are not a third of last years', and since the new clip the decrease was 44,