

On the 16th Queen Wilhelmina of the Netherlands proclaimed her betrothal to Duke Henry of Mecklenburg-Schwerin.

F. W. Vaile, director of posts in the Philippines, has notified the post office department that he has opened a night school for native postal employees at Samolpe, where they may study English.

Ten thousand Alabamians greeted Gen. Wheeler and Lieut. Hobson in Montgomery, on the 19th, when Gen. Wheeler presented a loving cup to Lieut. Hobson, in behalf of the people of Alabama.

Prof. Pickering, of Harvard, arrived at Kingston, Jamaica, on the 16th, to establish an astronomical observatory at Mandeville immediately. He says the surroundings there are favorable for special researches.

A conservative estimate of Florida's orange crop this year places the yield at 1,000,000 boxes. The groves are in healthy condition. Fruit will begin to be marketed about the 1st. The average price per box is two dollars.

Prof. Wilhelm Oetken, of the University of Giessen (Hesse), who was intimately acquainted with the late Prince Bismarck, writes to a Dresden journal that Bismarck's last prayer was: "Lord, I believe. Help Thou mine unbelief."

S. L. Morris was arrested in Chicago, on the 19th, for an alleged attempt upon the life of John W. Gates, ex-president of the American Steel and Wire Co. When searched at the police station, two large revolvers were found concealed in his pockets.

It is regarded in Pekin as certain that the alleged imperial edict ordering the punishment of high officials with the object of preventing the advance of the allies on Pao Tung Fu. Both Prince Ching and Li Hung Chang deny its authenticity.

Nicholas Scarp, a Swedish naval cook, who was on the battleship Maine when she was blown up in Havana harbor, shot and killed himself in Brooklyn on the 19th. His jaw was shattered by flying from the Maine explosion, and he had been unable to eat solid food since.

The comptroller of the currency says that applications have been received under the act of March 14, 1900, for the organization of 496 new national banks, with a total capacity of \$22,565,000. Of this number 373 will have a capacity of less than \$50,000 each, and 123 of \$50,000 or more.

The report that the Dowager Empress Frederick was married, last April, to Baron Sekendoff, who was Hofmeister under Emperor Frederick, although widely circulated abroad, had always been strenuously denied in Berlin, until the present crisis in her disease. Now, however, it is being circulated again and accepted as true.

Former cabinet officer and senator, John Sherman, is dangerously ill at his residence, on K street, in Washington city. The attack has taken the form of a general collapse, in part due to the debility incident to old age and to the effects of the serious illness which he suffered while on a trip to the West Indies two years ago.

The bazaar for the benefit of the homeless Galveston orphans, which began in New York city, on the night of the 15th, in the Waldorf-Astoria, was closed, on the 17th, by Mark Twain, who spoke for about ten minutes. The management of the bazaar estimated the net receipts for the three nights at between \$25,000 and \$30,000.

Gov. Sayers of Texas was among the president's callers on the 19th. He was on his way back to Texas from New York, where he went to attend the charity bazaar for the benefit of the orphans of the Galveston disaster, and stopped in Washington to pay his respects to the president and to thank him for the aid the government had extended the victims of the storm.

Secretary Long has ordered that there be no further proceedings in the case of Capt. Wilde of the Oregon, who was being investigated by a court of inquiry to determine the responsibility for the grounding of the battleship in the Gulf of Pe Chi last summer, while en route to Tientsin from Shanghai. This action finally disposes of the case.

Gen. J. W. Fisher died at his home in Cheyenne, Wyo., on the 18th, at the age of 86 years. He was one of Wyoming's pioneers, going to Cheyenne in 1871 as associate justice of the territorial court, appointed by President Grant. He was afterward chief justice of the supreme court for over eight years. His war record was particularly brilliant, rising from the ranks of the volunteers to be a brigadier general.

Gov. Mount of Indiana, on the 15th received a deed to the 16 acres of land in Spencer county, Indiana, surrounding the grave of Nancy Hanks Lincoln, the mother of Abraham Lincoln. The deed conveys the land from the county commissioners of Spencer county to the Nancy Hanks Lincoln Memorial association, of which the governor is president. The work on the monument has begun, and will, it is believed, be completed this fall, when dedicatory services will be held.

Seven masked men wrecked the safe of the Farmers' bank at Cronough, Mo., at about half-past one o'clock on the morning of the 19th. Dynamite was used, and the report was heard by Constable William T. Morren and the proprietor of the Cronough house, across the street from the bank. Constable Morren fired several times in the darkness in the direction of the report, and shot after shot was returned by the robbers, one of which struck Morren and killed him. He was shot squarely between the eyes with a 44-caliber bullet.

The municipal council of Berlin, on the 19th, adopted a resolution to build municipal street railways after the expiration of the present charters.

Nearly four million dollars in gold arrived at San Francisco, on the 19th, from Australia, on the steamer Alameda.

There was no material change in Mr. Sherman's condition, on the 18th, except that he showed signs of increasing weakness. The patient was partially unconscious much of the time, rallying and brightening at intervals. He has a disagreeable cough, which irritates him a great deal in his debilitated condition.

The state department, on the 18th, received a report from the consul at Nagasaki, Japan, of the death at that place, on September 13, of Bertrand W. Ragsdale, vice-consul and marshal of the consular court at Tien Tsin, China. He had gone from Tien Tsin to Nagasaki in July for the benefit of his health.

Prof. Joseph Whitley, principal of the Salt Lake City (Utah) school of law, dropped dead out of his chair in a restaurant, on the 18th, from hemorrhage of the brain. He had taken a degree at Oxford university, and, before coming to America, was a clergyman in the Church of England.

The Ohio Society of California has received information of a definite nature to the effect that President McKinley will visit San Francisco next April to witness the launching of the battleship Ohio, which is now nearing completion at the Union iron works in that city.

The department of education in the Philippines has decided to place some natives in United States schools so that they may come in contact with American social and political usages. The first lot of students probably will not be sent over until next summer.

The duke of Tetuan, Marquis Villaverde, Senor B. Olivier, director general of the civil register, and Senor Torres Campos, have been appointed members, on the part of Spain, of The Hague international arbitration board.

It is announced that the immediate danger attaching to the illness of King Oscar has passed, but that he will require a long rest.

Rabbi Heyman Schwarz, a well-known Jewish litterateur, died at Houston, Tex., on the 18th, aged 75. He had an international reputation as a writer on the Jewish religion.

A home for women students at the Berlin university will be erected, following the general plan of college dormitories in the United States.

Hard coal prices will never be reduced to the point where they were before the Pennsylvania strike in the opinion of retail coal dealers. They say that the strike has permanently raised the price of coal at least 50 cents on the ton.

William Millham, of Solomon City, Kas., a veteran of the civil war, and a furloughed inmate of the national military home at Leavenworth, Kas., was killed, on the 18th, at St. Louis, by the Kinloch special on the Wash-burn railroad.

United States Marshal Hammack, at Eureka, Springs, Ark., has just completed the capture of an entire band of counterfeiters, who have been operating in that neighborhood for many years. Their headquarters were in a cavern known as Henne's cave, four miles from Eureka Springs.

Maj. Mott R. Peterson, chief commissary of Cuba, died of yellow fever, at Las Animas, on the 18th. An hour later his wife shot herself fatally. The remains were interred the same day with military honors. The flags at El Morro and on all the public buildings were hoisted.

The town of Guadalupe, Mexico, was swept away by a cloudburst, on the night of the 17th. The water swept through the little town in a torrent five feet deep, leveling everything in its way. An old man and two children are missing.

Paul Kruger, former president of the Transvaal Republic, embarked secretly, early on the morning of the 19th, on board the Dutch cruiser Gelderland, at Lorenzo Marquez. It is said he feared the Boers would attack him if they saw him departing.

Rev. A. Nelson Hollifield, retiring moderator of the New Jersey Presbyterian synod, dropped dead at Haddon hall, Atlantic City, N. J., of heart disease. Dr. Hollifield was about sixty years of age, and apparently in good health.

Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Bristow received a dispatch from Havana, on the 19th, informing him that Oax Feyt, a clerk in the registry department of the Havana post office, had been apprehended by post office inspectors on the morning of the 18th, on charges of receiving mail.

The settlement of the anthracite coal miners' strike is temporarily blocked by the powder question, the operators insisting on figuring on the reduction in the price of powder in adjusting the ten per cent. increase in wages.

John Scruggs the Wells-Fargo Express Co.'s agent at Escalon, Mexico, has disappeared, together with a package of Mexican currency containing \$10,000. The company offers a reward for Scruggs' apprehension.

Withing a few feet of his wife, and in the same room where she was singing and playing, John Pfeiffer, of Chicago, hanged himself to a hook in the doorjamb. So quiet was the man in his act and so busy was the woman with her work and her song that she did not see him procure the clothes-line and deliberately hang himself.

The viceroy of India, Lord Curzon of Kedleston, in a speech before the council at Simla, on the 19th, said the famine had affected a quarter of the population of India, and that, even now, two millions of people had the hope, however, that in a month were receiving relief. He expressed these would return to their homes.

Father M. R. O'Flaherty, assistant pastor of the Church of the Visitation, St. Louis, won the weight-pulling contest at the St. Louis coliseum, on the night of the 19th, beating his nearest opponent by nearly three feet, his record being 20 feet 5 1/2 inches, with a 56-pound weight.

The agony is over, Brooklyn is champion of the baseball world, the owner of the beautiful \$500 Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph trophy cup, and carries home one-half the gate receipts of the four games necessary to decide its supremacy over Pittsburgh.

Dr. Slattery, of Dubuque, Ia., has filed a bill for medical attendance on the late Archbishop Hennessey. It is against the estate of the deceased prelate, and is for the sum of \$4,625. The period during which Dr. Slattery attended the archbishop extended from March 23, 1899, to March 4, 1900.

The feeling was prevalent at Hazleton, Pa., on the 18th, that the decision of the operators' meeting at Scranton to insist that the reduction in the price of powder must be taken into consideration in determining the net ten per cent. increase in wages has complicated matters somewhat.

Health Commissioner Reynolds of Chicago is considering the advisability of licensing dealers in horse meat. Inspectors have discovered that a large amount of the product is being disposed of in the city markets.

The new Piltonger Grand opera house at Centralia, Ill., nearly completed, at an outlay of \$35,000, was burned on the 18th. There was only \$8,000 insurance. A meeting of citizens was called to devise means to aid in rebuilding. A portion of the walls can be saved.

The statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the \$150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, issued on the 19th, showed: Available cash balance, \$137,730,134; gold, \$86,304,185.

LATE NEWS ITEMS.

Senor Canedo, Cuban secretary of finance, in the course of a pamphlet just issued on the financial condition of the municipalities of the island, urges better business management, pointing out that a municipality should be as carefully conducted on its financial side as a business corporation.

The state department, on the 21st, received a copy of the Anglo-German agreement regarding China from Count De Quadt, the German charge d'affaires, who, earlier in the day, had received it by telegraph from Count Von Buelow, the German chancellor at Berlin.

The Vremendblatt and the Neue Freie Presse, of Vienna, approve the agreement between England and Germany, and express themselves as confident that all the powers will adhere to it, "because any power declining to do so would excite distrust."

Baroness Von Kettner, the widow of the murdered German ambassador to China, arrived in Detroit, Mich., on the 21st, and was immediately driven to the residence of her father, Henry B. Ledyard, president of the Michigan Central railroad.

All the London morning papers dilate upon the high importance of the Anglo-German agreement. The Daily Telegraph describes it as "the most remarkable success scored by British diplomacy since the Berlin treaty."

A. D. Price, of Palestine, Tex., a student at the Bingham (N.C.) school, died, on the 21st, from injuries sustained in a practice game of football the day before. His spinal column was broken between the shoulders.

Mr. Robert Buchanan, the novelist, had a cerebral hemorrhage in London, on the 21st, which was followed by paralysis of the right side and complete loss of speech. His condition is very critical.

Advices received from Hayti, on the 21st, assert that the revolution in Santo Domingo is not ended, and that fighting was proceeding in the interior, although the revolutionists were weak.

Maj.-Gen. Leonard Wood, military governor general of Cuba, arrived in Washington on the 21st. During the afternoon he called at the White House and had a conference with the president.

The new British minister to China, Sir Ernest Satow, arrived at Pekin on the 21st.

Reliable advices from Copenhagen, on the 23d, asserted that the sale of the Danish Antilles to the United States will soon be effected. The Danish minister to the United States, Dr. Constantine Bruin, will start for Washington, under completing his home going, bearing the formal terms of sale.

Currency shipments by the sub-treasury at New York to various points west and southwest, from the latter part of August up to the 20th, amounted to \$14,726,000. Of this amount Chicago got \$2,750,000; St. Louis, \$3,300,000; Kansas City, \$200,000; and New Orleans, \$8,477,000.

Gen. Leonard Wood, governor-general of Cuba, saw Secretary Long, on the 22d, and recommended that steps be taken to remove the wreck of the battleship Maine from the harbor, as it occupies a great deal of space which could be utilized to advantage.

President Mitchell, in an interview, on the 22d, practically admitted that the anthracite coal miners' strike would end as soon as all the operators posted notices guaranteeing the payment of a ten per cent. advance in wages until April 1.

Gen. Andree, French minister of war, has almost concluded, according to La France Militaire et Religieuse, the drafting of a bill to reform courts-martial by the substitution, at least in time of peace, of civil magistrates for military judges.

The Spanish under secretary of the interior, the prefect of Madrid and the mayor of Madrid, as well as several prefects of departments, have resigned as the result of the appointment of Gen. Weyler as captain-general of Madrid.

MISSOURI STATE NEWS.

Recent Deaths.

Maj. William H. Lusk, a veteran of the Mexican and civil wars, in Jefferson City at the age of 73. His grandfather fought in the revolutionary war and his father in the war of 1812. He was born in Cumberland county, Pennsylvania, in 1827. He was a captain in the Mexican war and major of the Tenth Missouri cavalry in the civil war. After the close of the war he was circuit clerk of Cole county for 30 years.

William McMahan, an old and prominent citizen of Webster county, at Marshfield. He was 67 years of age, and had lived in that county all of his life. At the time of his death was president of the Citizen's bank of Marshfield.

Dr. C. C. Wheeler, at his home in Joplin, of heart failure. He was a leading physician and druggist, being a member of the drug firm of Wheeler & Leffen.

H. H. Miller, proprietor of the Buttery and tile works, and an ex-member of the city council.

The World's Fair Amendments. The indications are that state constitutional amendments 4 and 5, relating to the World's fair, to be held at St. Louis in 1904, will be passed by a very large majority. Neither of these amendments will impose any burden upon the state taxpayer.

Amendment No. 4, as already explained, simply authorizes the city of St. Louis to sell bonds to the extent of \$5,000,000 in aid of the fair.

Amendment No. 5 authorizes the legislature to appropriate a sum not exceeding one million dollars from the debt and interest sinking fund for a first-class Missouri exhibit. This appropriation will not come from revenue, but from the sinking fund, in which there is a handsome surplus, and hence there will be no increase in taxation. It is argued that the increase in taxable values in St. Louis and elsewhere in the state will make the investment of a million dollars a very profitable one. The state central committees of both political parties have endorsed the fair project and the amendments, and speakers throughout the state are recommending their hearers to make the World's fair possible by erasing the word "NO" after Amendments 4 and 5 on the ballot.

Funeral of Founder of Joplin. The funeral of Patrick Murphy, the founder of Joplin, was attended by a host of life-long friends of the deceased, from all over the state, and members of numerous secret societies. The funeral rites were conducted by an Episcopal minister at the home of the deceased, where 5,000 persons assembled to view the remains. The funeral cortege left the Murphy home headed by the Joplin band with muffled drums, followed by Knights Templars, Freemasons, members of the family, Elks, members of the Old Settlers' association and a large number of friends of Mr. Murphy.

Murder and Arson. Dr. C. M. Wright, of New Bloomfield, was burned beyond recognition, while sleeping in a room over his drug store. He was known to have considerable money always on his person, and it is supposed he was murdered for his money, and the store set on fire. A grocery store was also burned. The loss on the drug store is \$2,000, and on the grocery store is \$1,000, and it was partially insured.

Tied to a Telephone Pole. Julius Rothschild, while returning to Huntsville from Moberly at night, was held up by highwaymen and robbed of \$500. He had given a wedding party to Moberly, and on his return was stopped and tied to a telephone pole, where he remained until daylight.

M. S. U.'s Prosperous Year. The enrollment at the state university, at Ames, on the 23d, is 1,231. This is 115 more than the total enrollment for all last year, and does not include the shorter courses. With these added the enrollment for 1901 will exceed any previous year by 230.

Found in the Road. The large stock barn belonging to Robert Dunlap, two miles northeast of Fulton, was destroyed by fire. A pair of fine mules, 25 tons of hay, 400 bushels of oats, a large crop of corn and a bin of wheat burned. Loss, \$2,500; insurance, \$1,000.

Stock Barn Burned. Anton Damm, a well-known farmer, was found lying in the road near his home in Oakville, St. Louis county, at night, with his head badly cut and seven ribs broken. He was probably run over by a vehicle.

Sale of Short Horns. Forty-nine thoroughbred short-horn cattle were sold at auction at Kansas City, on the 23d. This included blooded short-horns and Herefords, for an average price of \$269.

Proved Fatal. City Marshal W. H. Sharp of Carl Junction, who was injured by the discharge of his own revolver, which he accidentally dropped from his hip pocket, died.

Frequent Cases. The boarding-house of Mrs. Heister, at St. Louis, has been burglarized seven times within the past two months.

The Result of a Runaway. As the result of a runaway team, J. H. Sturges, of Farber, was thrown from his wagon, fracturing his collar bone and injuring him internally.

Killed by Street Car. The four-year-old son of H. T. Barnes was struck on the head by a street car, in South Joplin. His skull was fractured; no hopes.

Wants to Know About It. Mayor Combe of St. Joseph has begun an investigation of the license scandal unearthed recently. He wants to know about it.

Colored Baptist. The annual state convention of the Colored Baptists of Missouri was held at Booneville, with about 140 ministers present.

Was a Success. The Cape Girardeau fair was a success. All rings and exhibits had full entries.

HON. JOHN SHERMAN DEAD.

The Aged Ohio Statesman Did Not Long Survive His Beloved Helpmate.

SUMMONS ANSWERED AT THE CAPITAL.

While Not Unexpected, the Announcement Shocked the President and Former Official Colleagues—Exceptional Honors to be Paid to His Memory.

Washington, Oct. 23.—Hon. John Sherman, former representative in the house, for a long term a member of the senate, and twice holding cabinet positions, died at his residence in this city at 6:45 a. m., in the seventy-eighth year of his age. His death had been expected for some days, and loving friends gave him their unremitting care and attention to the end. The immediate cause of death was described as brain exhaustion, incident to extreme weakness due to old age, and to several attacks of sickness from which he had suffered for the past year and a half.

Unconscious Since Saturday. Since Saturday afternoon Mr. Sherman had been most of the time unconscious, rallying partially at intervals, when slight nourishment was given him Sunday afternoon. Evidence of the approaching end were manifest, and he failed to regain consciousness after three o'clock, passing away peacefully just after dawn. About 1 a. m. he rallied somewhat from the stupor and turned himself over in bed, but after that he gradually sank until the end came.

Where the End Came. Secretary Sherman's death occurred in the handsome home on K street, facing on Franklin square, the pretentious reservation and park in the capital city. Some weeks ago the secretary decided this valuable property to Mrs. McCallum. The secretary was a large holder of real estate in this city, having invested extensively in that line from time to time during his residence here. Conservative estimates of his wealth place it at a round million dollars, most of which is believed to consist of Washington real estate. Other investments consist of securities, and it is stated that the old family home at Mansfield, O., remained in his possession.



The funeral arrangements. The funeral will be held at the Sherman residence early Wednesday afternoon. Rev. Alexander Mackay Smith, rector of St. Johns church, officiating. The hour has not yet been determined, as the railway arrangements for transporting the body to Mansfield, O., depend on a message from President Cassatt of the Pennsylvania. Services will be held in Mansfield on Thursday, which President McKinley will attend.

Had Been Falling For a Year. Mr. Sherman had not been in robust health for considerably over a year. In March, 1899, while on a pleasure trip to the French and Spanish West Indies, in company with a relative, Mr. Frank Wiborg, he suffered a severe attack of pneumonia, which almost proved fatal. The ship on which they were traveling touched at Santiago, from which place reports came to the United States that the well-known statesman had succumbed to the disease. He rallied, however, and the family accepted the offer of the United States government to bring him back to the United States on the cruiser Chicago, then in the vicinity of Santiago, and he was safely landed at Fort Monroe and brought to his home in this city. Here he gained strength, and was strong enough by summer time to visit his home in Ohio.

His Remarkable Vitality. His remarkable vitality brought him through a relapse which he suffered during the heated term, and by autumn he had regained much of his strength, and seemed to be in good spirits. He spent last winter at his home in this city, enjoying fairly good health, occasionally going out to social affairs and attending the theater with the members of his family. The family left here early in the summer for the old homestead at Mansfield, O.

When Mrs. Sherman Died. They were there but a short time when Mrs. Sherman, whose health had been very frail, died. This was a severe blow to the secretary, from which he never fully recovered. He remained at Mansfield until the middle of September, when he returned to Washington. He was very much broken in health and spirits, but for a time he was able to move about in the open air and to take short rides around the city. For the past three weeks or more, however, he had been confined to his bed, his general debility being aggravated by an irritating bronchial cough that hastened the end.

Officials Informed. The news conveyed to the States Department and President. Washington, Oct. 23.—The news of Mr. Sherman's death was communicated to the state department by E. J. Babcock, for many years private secretary and clerk to Mr. Sherman in his various capacities as secretary of the treasury, United States senator and secretary of state, and at present private secretary to Secretary Hay. The president was at once informed

by the department, and the flags on public buildings in Washington were lowered to half-mast, so to remain until after the funeral. The president, as a mark of special honor to the deceased, who was not, at the time of his death, connected in any official capacity with the government of the United States, resorted to the unusual course of personally preparing an expression of the nation's grief in the shape of a proclamation descriptive of the personal qualities and civic abilities of the deceased statesman.

Representatives Abroad Notified. At the state department, also, a message was framed to be transmitted in multiple to the United States ambassadors, ministers and charges abroad, officially notifying them of the demise of ex-Secretary Sherman. The department will be closed for business during the funeral services, in order to allow the officials and employees to attend in person.

THE PRESIDENT AFFECTED. He Will Attend the Funeral Services at Mansfield, O. Washington, Oct. 23.—The news of Mr. Sherman's death was immediately communicated to the president, who had been extremely solicitous as to his former friend's condition. The last word previous to the announcement of Mr. Sherman's death had been received by the president at midnight. The president was greatly affected by the news. He immediately directed that the White House be closed to visitors and the flag over the executive mansion placed at half-mast. After ordering some beautiful flowers to be sent from the White House conservatory he went in person to Mr. Sherman's late residence to express his grief and offer what consolation he could to the bereaved family. Mrs. McCallum informed him of the funeral arrangements, and the president decided not to delay his departure for Canton, but to attend the funeral services at Mansfield on Thursday. Mrs. McKinley later drove to the Sherman residence and left her card. It is probable that the president will issue an executive order closing the departments on the day of the funeral as a mark of respect to the dead statesman.

RESIDENT'S PROCLAMATION. The President Pays Tribute to a Great Man Gone Home. Washington, Oct. 23.—The president has issued the following proclamation: By the President of the United States of America.

A Proclamation. To the people of the United States: In the fullness of years and honors, John Sherman, late secretary of the treasury, has passed away. For many of our citizens have risen to greater or more deserved eminence in the national councils than he. The story of his public life and services is as varied as the history of the country for half a century.

In the congress of the United States he ranked among the foremost in the house of representatives, and in the senate a member of the executive cabinet, first as secretary of the treasury, and afterwards as secretary of state. Whether in debate during the dark hours of our civil war, or as the director of the country's finances during the period of rehabilitation, his course ever marked by devotion to the best interests of his beloved country. His memory will long be honored by the people of this country as a patriot, the uprightness and the zeal that so marked his public life.

In his expression of the sense of bereavement that afflicted the republic, I direct that, on the day of the funeral, the executive offices of the government shall play the national flag at half-mast, and that the representatives of the United States in foreign countries shall pay, in like manner, appropriate tribute to the illustrious man. Done at the city of Washington, this 23d day of October, 1900. JOHN WILKINSON, Secretary of State.

By the President: JOHN HAY, Secretary of State. MR. HARRISON'S TRIBUTE. An Active Participant in the Country's Most Momentous Experiences. Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 23.—Ex-President Harrison, speaking of John Sherman, said: "The death of John Sherman removes one of the few remaining participants in the heated and important legislative contests that led up to the civil war. His public life brought him into an active relation to the most exciting, difficult and momentous questions the president and congress have ever been called to deal with since the Union was formed. In all of these, as a member of the house of representatives, as a senator, and as a cabinet officer, he bore a wise, courageous and prominent part. He was one of our most able and useful public men, and will be widely and sincerely mourned. I have felt that it was a great pity that Mr. Sherman could not have closed his career as a member of the senate."

Mansfield Mourns. Mansfield, O., Oct. 23.—The bells of churches, shops and of the city department were tolled yesterday afternoon, on account of Senator Sherman's death. Flags are at half-mast. A proclamation will be made by Mayor Brown to have business places, factories and schools closed on Thursday during the funeral. The Sherman residence is being put in readiness. Services likely will be held at Grace Episcopal church.

FLYING THE YELLOW FLAG. The Steamship City of Seattle Quarantined at Vancouver With Smallpox on Board. Seattle, Wash., Oct. 23.—A special to the Times from Vancouver, B. C., says: "The steamship City of Seattle arrived this morning from Seattle, with 275 passengers on board, and a case of smallpox. She is now anchored in mid-stream, flying the yellow flag. The Canadian government has been called to for instructions, but there is no doubt that the passengers and crew will be quarantined at Williams' Head, for at least two weeks. All but 25 passengers are destined for Seattle. The case of smallpox is a mild one. Among the passengers is ex-Mayor Brackett, of Minneapolis.

Went Home to Vote and Died. Richmond, Ind., Oct. 23.—Jonathan Whitacre, messenger of the national house of representatives, who came here to visit relatives and to vote, is dead.

MITCHELL WILL YIELD.

The Coal Miners' Strike Will End as Soon as the Operators Post Notices. Hazleton, Pa., Oct. 23.—President Mitchell, in an interview last night, practically admitted that the anthracite coal miners' strike would end as soon as all the operators posted a notice guaranteeing the payment of a ten per cent. advance in wages until April 1.

DISCONTENT GROWING.

Miners Attacked by Men, Women and Children. Wilkesbarre, Pa., Oct. 23.—Discontent among the striking miners of the Wyoming valley is growing, and unless the strike is settled soon they will be hard to control. A majority of the men are willing and anxious to go to work, and if President Mitchell should call the strike off to-day, even with the powder question unsettled, he would receive more credit from his followers than to allow the contest to drag on with the chance of losing in the end.

The discontent of the strikers was shown at the works of the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre Coal Co., in the eastern part of the city yesterday morning. A gang of men were going to work to screen coal on the bank of the Empire mine, when they were set upon by a mob of men, women and boys. John O'Hara, foreman of the gang, was knocked down with a stone, and his nose fractured. Several other workmen were slightly injured. During the melee several shots were fired. One bullet grazed the ear of Coal and Iron Police Constable McCall. The mob destroyed all the tools of the workmen. The disturbance took place within the city limits, and a detachment of police overtook the scene. When they arrived they found a large crowd of women and boys, but very few men. The local officers of the United Mine Workers say none of their men engaged in the fight.

CASTING SHADOWS BEFORE.

An Inking of What May Be Expected When the American Troops Evacuate Cuba. Santiago de Cuba, Oct. 23.—Jen. Cebreco, a popular politician, who was recently elected an alternate delegate to the forthcoming constitutional convention, came to Santiago Sunday for the first time since the Spanish evacuation. He had repeatedly said that he would never leave the rural strongholds until the Americans departed unless in command of a Cuban army for the purpose of punishing the intruders. His following in the black party is considerable. Sunday evening 3,000 of his admirers gave a demonstration in his honor and paraded the streets with a band, in spite of the heavy rain.

There has been a renewal of the quarrel between the Cubano Libre and Mayor Griman over the publication of charges of official corruption, the Cubano Libre calling the mayor a "thief" and "traitor." He ordered the suppression of the paper, but only one issue failed to appear, the courts permitting the continued publication.

TRANSFERRED TO THE PSYCHE

Francis H. Roe Consents to Return to England to Stand Trial for Embezzlement. New York, Oct. 23.—Francis H. Roe, former assistant paymaster of her Britannic majesty's navy, was taken from the Ludlow Street jail, yesterday, by deputy United States marshals, who put him aboard the British cruiser Psyche. The transfer was made upon the order of the British consul general in this city. Roe, who was arrested a few days ago upon the arrival of a steamship from Bermuda, was taken on his passage for this city, is accused of having embezzled funds belonging to the British government. He is also charged with having deserted the British navy, and when arrested was a fugitive from justice.

The prisoner, when arraigned after his arrest, before United States Commissioner Alexander, admitted his identity, and consented to return to England and stand trial.

ATTACKED