

In executive session, on the 19th, the senate decided that the investigation of the military committee into charges against Gen. Wood be made behind closed doors.

Former Gov. F. M. Drake, founder of Drake university, at Des Moines, Ia., was reported, on the 19th, to be seriously ill of diabetes at his home at Centerville, Ia.

The senate, in executive session, on the 17th, confirmed the nomination of Frank Wyman to be postmaster at St. Louis, as well as a large number of other postmasters.

The supreme court of Nebraska, on the 19th, issued a writ of mandamus against the teacher of district school No. 21, in Gage county, Neb., ordering her not to read the Bible to her pupils.

Acting Postmaster-General Wynne issued an order, on the 18th, directing a rigid enforcement of the section of the postal laws and regulations which absolutely excludes all insects and reptiles from the mails.

Gov. Brodie of Arizona, on the 17th, in his annual report to the secretary of the interior, urged that the interior department aid in securing the passage of an enabling act for the admission of Arizona to statehood.

Two bills were introduced in the house of representatives, on the 20th, allowing free transportation of pension vouchers through the mails. One was introduced by Representative Marshall and the other by Representative Dick.

After having worked his way up from messenger to head teller in 15 years' service, Henry A. Ericson was committed to the Cook county jail, on the 17th, charged with the embezzlement of \$5,000 from the State bank of Chicago.

Mrs. Caroline Maxwell Estabrook, relict of Experience Estabrook, of Nebraska, died at Long Branch, N. J., on the 20th, in her 81st year, at the residence of her son-in-law, Robert C. Clowry, president of the Western Union Telegraph Co.

Gov. Peabody of Colorado, on the 20th, ordered a detachment of the state national guard to proceed to Telluride, Col., for the purpose of affording protection to men who were willing to work in the mines and mills. Maj. Zeph T. Hill was in command.

The federal grand jury at Omaha Neb., on the 16th, returned true bills against United States Senator Charles H. Dietrich and Postmaster Jacob Fisher, of Hastings, Neb., charging them with conspiracy and bribery in connection with the appointment of Fisher to the position of postmaster.

The social event of recent years in Albany, N. Y., was the wedding, on the 17th, of Miss Ellen Herndon Arthur, daughter of the late President Chester Alan Arthur, to Charles A. Pinkerton, of New York city, in St. Peter's Protestant Episcopal church. Bishop Potter, of New York, officiated.

At the request of the senate committee on military affairs, Secretary Root on the 18th, forwarded to the committee a statement giving the complete military record of Gen. Leonard Wood, whose nomination for major-general was pending before that committee.

King Edward, for the second time in his brief reign, was robbed, on the 19th, by a clerk in the office of the paymaster of the household, by checks amounting to \$2,500 illegally drawn and cashed by Frank Lanham, who confessed and was committed for trial.

The remains of Mrs. James Monroe, the widow of the fifth president of the United States, which were disinterred from their resting place near Leesburg, Va., arrived in Richmond, Va., on the 17th, and were reinterred in Hollywood cemetery, where rests the remains of Monroe.

Stanes of De Witt Clinton, John Jay and Alexander Hamilton, which occupy niches on the front of the new chamber of commerce building, in New York city, were unveiled, on the 18th, with fitting ceremony. The principal speech of the event was delivered by Gov. Odell of New York.

On the 18th three of the principal coal dealers of Topeka, Kas., received large telegraphic orders from western Kansas for immediate shipment of coal. The statement was made that with the closing down of the Colorado mines that portion of Kansas was unable to secure coal and that the condition was deplorable.

Rev. Howard L. Davis, pastor of the Hardin (Mo.) Methodist church, believes in muscular Christianity, and he gave a manifestation of it when he knocked out Editor Walter Bales, of that place, on the 19th, in a round. Bales criticized the preacher's sermon, and when they met, a quarrel, ending in a fight, resulted.

At the W. C. T. U. convention, in Cincinnati, on the 17th, the following officers were elected: President, Mrs. Lillian M. N. Stevens, Portland, Me.; corresponding secretary, Mrs. Susan M. D. Fry, Swanton, Ill.; recording secretary, Mrs. Clara C. Hoffman, Kansas City, Mo.; treasurer, Mrs. Helen Morton Barker, Evanston, Ill.

Andrew Young, for 11 years head of the sanitary bureau of the Chicago health department, was removed from office, on the 18th, by order of Commissioner of Health Reynolds. The reason given was the lax system prevailing in the bureau and the evidence of corruption among inspectors, though Young was not himself involved.

Representative Gaines, of Tennessee, introduced a resolution in congress, on the 16th, proposing an amendment to the constitution of the United States as follows: "The president of the United States shall hold his office during one term of six years, and no person having once been president, either by election or succession, shall be again eligible to that office."

TOPICS OF THE DAY.

NEWS FROM EVERYWHERE.

FIFTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS.

House—President Roosevelt sent to the governor of Louisiana, on the 15th, a copy of the correspondence and official papers relating to the revolution in Panama as it was called for by the Hitt resolution. The papers were referred to the committee on foreign affairs without being read. Mr. Dalglish (Pa.) offered a resolution from the committee on rules, providing for immediate consideration of the Cuban reciprocity measure. Mr. Williams (Miss) spoke against the adoption of the resolution. The house, by a vote of 178 to 155, adopted the rule, fixing a time for taking a vote for four o'clock on the 19th. The house then adjourned.

Senate—A few private bills, the confirmation of the nomination of Frank Wyman to be postmaster at St. Louis, and of other nominations helped to whittle away the day of the 17th in the senate. The House, when the house met, on the 17th, immediate consideration was given to the Cuban reciprocity measure. Mr. Knickerbocker (N. Y.) favored the measure on the ground that its enactment into law was obligatory on the executive. Mr. Stevens (Ind.) opposed the bill, declaring that it would narrow the position of the administration for foreign trade. The measure was debated for an hour and ten minutes, when the house adjourned.

Senate—The session of the senate on the 15th began with the presentation of a petition by Mr. Dalglish for an increase to \$5 per month of all pensions granted on account of the Mexican war. The called attention to the fact that all survivors of the Mexican war now receive pensions of \$12. House—The Cuban bill, Mr. Grosvenor (O.) opening the debate by saying that while the debate had taken a wide range, he regretted that there had been no discussion on the other side of the house on the Panama canal question, and in this connection he said that the canal was a project that was unassailable and would redound to the glory of the American people.

Senate—Very little business was transacted on the 16th. The senate beyond receiving of bills and petitions; after an executive session, the senate adjourned at 10 o'clock. House—The Cuban bill was passed by the house at 4:25 p. m., on the 16th, after a long and heated debate. The bill provides for commercial relations with Cuba upon especially favorable terms. The measure is a step toward the new goes to the senate for final action. Representative Williams, of Mississippi, introduced a bill for a 10 per cent reduction of the tariff on all goods coming from any country that will admit American goods.

Senate—The Cuban reciprocity bill, which passed the house on the 15th, was taken up on the 16th. Mr. Cullom moved that it be referred to the committee on relations. Mr. Dalglish objected. Finally, after a discussion of three hours, the motion to refer the bill to the committee was carried. The bill was then read and passed on the 16th. The house was in session on the 16th, when it adjourned until the 20th.

PERSONAL AND GENERAL.  
The lowest temperature reported, on the 18th, in Louisville, Ky., was 12 degrees. A child was frozen to death near Newport, Ky.  
One thousand dollars a day was the pay of Representative T. H. Ball, of Texas, who served but three days in the present congress, but who was entitled to draw \$3,000 in salary and mileage. Mr. Ball resigned to devote his attention to private business.  
President Roosevelt, on the 18th, received an invitation to attend the Lincoln day banquet of the Marquette club, of Chicago, February 12 next. He expressed regret that he would not be able to accept the invitation.

James Lynch, convicted of the murder of Col. Godfrey Prouse, whose petition for a new trial was recently denied by the supreme court of Utah, was, on the 18th, re-sentenced to be shot on January 18 next.  
While preparing for his wedding, which was to have taken place in Chicago, on the 19th, Charles Edmond Ross, a well-known insurance man, was stricken with acute dementia, and he was taken by his brother to a private sanitarium in Cincinnati.  
The Egan (Pa.) State bank was closed, on the 18th, by Public Examiner Henry Henway. The deposits amount to \$10,000 and the loans to \$15,000. The shut-down was caused by poor collections.

John K. Brown, the New Holland (O.) bank wrecker, was taken to the penitentiary at Columbus, O., on the 18th, by Sheriff Hoover, to serve seven years. He was given clerical work.  
Col. Robert M. Sands, one of the most prominent surviving officers of the confederacy, died at Mobile, Ala., on the 18th, after two weeks' illness aged 78.  
Lawrence Davenport was found not guilty of murder by a jury in the circuit court at Belleville, Ill., on the 19th, after an hour's deliberation. He killed his brother-in-law, Hugh Wilkerson, at their home in East St. Louis in September.

The National Live Stock exchange convened at Fort Worth, Tex., on the 19th. The delegates represented exchanges in Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha, Neb., St. Joseph, Mo. Peoria, Ill., and other places.  
A jury at New Orleans, La., in the case of Lou W. Lyons, for the assassination of District Attorney J. Ward Gurdley, returned a verdict of guilty, on the 19th, and sentenced him to die on the gallows.  
Gov. Dockery of Missouri, on the 19th, appointed Frank Hayman, of Hustonia, Mo., a member of the state board of agriculture, to succeed N. H. Gentry, of Sedalia, who resigned.

Dexter A. Knowlton died at Freeport, Ill., on the 19th, aged 60. He was well known in banking and religious circles throughout the west.  
Henry Seton Merriman (Hugh Stowell Scott), the novelist, died, on the 19th, in London, from appendicitis.  
Judge Halsey, of the superior court of Milwaukee, Wis., on the 20th, decided that a newspaper had the right to criticize the work of an artist so long as it did not personally attack the artist himself. The decision was in a case in which a sculptor sued a newspaper for heavy damages because of a critical article published in reference to a model prepared in the competition for the making of a monument.

The officials of the foreign office at St. Petersburg said, on the 20th, that Russia doubtless would recognize Panama in due time, and would welcome the construction of a neutral canal, as her commerce would share in the general benefit derived therefrom.  
United States Senator Charles Dietrich started from Washington, D. C., for Omaha, Neb., on the 21st, to surrender to authorities because of the indictment on a charge of conspiracy in connection with post office patronage.

The National Live Stock exchange, in session at Fort Worth, Tex., on the 20th, elected George W. Shannon, of Chicago, president. St. Louis was chosen for the convention of 1904.

In the circuit court at Jefferson City, Mo., on the 19th, John W. Bruner, who had been employed at the Missouri state penitentiary for a long period of years, was tried on the charge of assault to kill S. E. Kauffman, of Chicago. The jury found the defendant guilty, and fixed his punishment at three months in jail and a fine of \$100.

A young man rushed into the telephone office at San Diego, Cal., on the 20th, sent a telegram to a relative in Albany, N. Y., asking for \$10,000, and then threw himself in front of a train that was passing and was killed. His name was E. Freudenfeld.

At Cheyenne, Wyo., on the 20th, Tom Horn, scout, Indian fighter and cattle detective, went smiling to the gallows, where he expired the murder of Willie Nickell, aged 14, who was shot and killed on July 13, 1901, at Iron Mountain. The trap dropped at 11:08. Horn's neck was broken, and a minutes later he was pronounced dead.

But two points prevented a peaceable adjustment of the Chicago City Railway strike, on the 20th, and the indications were that those obstacles would be finally overcome, and that a settlement would soon be reached.  
D. V. Miller, of Terre Haute, Ind., and Joseph M. Johns, of Rockville, Ind., were acquitted, at Cincinnati, on the 20th, of the charge of conspiracy to extort a bribe from John J. Ryan, made by the post office department.

Consul-General McWade, at Canton, China, in a dispatch to the state department, on the 20th, announced the death at Takking of Ella Torrence Robb, a missionary of Denison, Kas.

LATE NEWS ITEMS.

Oberlin M. Carter, ex-captain of engineers, U. S. A., who has served a three years' sentence within the walls of the United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth, Kas., for embezzlement of government funds while in charge of construction work in Savannah harbor, and the man who has without doubt been the most prominent prisoner ever held within any prison in the United States, will be released on the 28th.

Republican National Committeeman Grimes, of Guthrie, Okla., stated, on the 22d, that he would favor Kansas City, Mo., as the next place for the republican national convention, with Chicago as second choice. He believed the World's fair detrimental to holding the convention at St. Louis.

A Houston (Tex.) produce firm, on the 21st, placed orders for 250,000 turkeys, for delivery before Christmas, in an endeavor to corner the market. Thousands of the birds are already in cold storage. Great quantities are to be shipped to St. Louis, Philadelphia and New York.

The Citizens' bank of Clarksburg, Mo., was entered and robbed of about \$2,000, on the 21st. The entrance into the building was effected through the front door. Nitroglycerin was used, the vault being badly wrecked, and the safe was completely demolished.  
Judge Roberts, of Ottumwa, Ia., on the 21st, sentenced Joseph Smith, on the 21st, sentenced Joseph Smith to hang December 5, for the killing of Mrs. Mary Canady, at Buxton, Ia. Smith pleaded guilty to the charge.

Burglars entered the home of John Shippey, a lumber merchant of Newton, Ind., on the 22d, and attempted to secure off the finger of Edith Shippey to secure the diamonds she wore. The girl's screams caused the burglars to flee.  
Thad Powell, 21 years old, was run over and killed in the switch yards at Carbondale, Ill., on the 21st, by a coal train. Powell's home was in Underwood, Ill., where he was to have been married shortly.

The private bank of Ravia, I. T., was robbed, on the 21st, of \$5,000.  
Samuel Gompers was re-elected president of the American Federation of Labor, in Boston, on the 21st, by a large plurality.  
The announcement by Senator Stone of Missouri, on the 21st, of the appointment of W. R. Hollister, editor of the Lewis County (Mo.) Journal, as his private secretary, was received with gratification.

Senate—In the senate, on the 23d, Mr. Cullom, from the committee on foreign relations, favorably reported the Cuban reciprocity bill, without amendment, and it was agreed to make the bill the regular order on December 7, the first day of the regular session, and to vote on it December 16. Senator Carmack (Tenn.) introduced a resolution instructing the senate committee on organization, conduct and expenditures of the legislative departments, to investigate the charges of corruption, extravagance and violation of law in the administration of affairs of the post office department. Witnesses were examined by the committee on military affairs which is investigating the conduct of Gen. Wood while stationed in Cuba. House—But little business was transacted in the house on the 23d. Opposition against the senate's proposed programme to adjourn the extra session before passing the Cuban reciprocity bill was argued by Mr. Cannon, after which the house adjourned.

James Hiram Wilkinson, said to be the last survivor in the United States of the famous charge of the light brigade at Balaklava, died at his home in Waltham, Mass., on the 23d, aged 84 years. Wilkinson was the possessor of a Victorian medal presented to him personally by Queen Victoria.  
The president, on the 23d, sent to the senate the following nominations: Pension agent—Jessie B. Fuller, at San Francisco. Postmasters—Illinois, William W. Colt, Rushville; Elch H. Buente, Venice, Iowa. Frank B. Hibbits, Hopkinton, Indian territory. Louis M. Merritt, Roff.

The federal court of Kansas City, Mo., on the 23d, appointed E. R. Durham, United States marshal, receiver to adjust the affairs of T. F. B. Chittaham, the Hereford breeder of Chillicothe, Mo., who filed a petition in bankruptcy, giving his liabilities as over \$150,000.  
The funeral of the 28 victims of the holocaust at Lilly, Pa., took place on the 23d. One dozen coffins were used, in some of which the remains of two and three victims were placed. Two of the injured died in the hospital, making a total of 30 as the result of the fire.

The senate, late on the 23d, agreed to make the Cuban reciprocity bill the regular order on December 7, the first day of the regular session, and to vote on it December 16.

Missouri State Gleanings.

The Baby Floated.

A two-year-old child of Louis Schaepp, a Boone county farmer, was rescued from death under peculiar conditions. The child fell into a well 20 feet deep and containing 6 feet of water. The mother saw the accident, but was powerless. She ran screaming into a field half a mile distant, where the father was at work. It was perhaps twenty minutes before the father reached the well. He climbed down on the rough rocks of the sides and saw the baby floating on the water on its back. He was unable to reach it, and climbed out and secured a ladder. It was ten minutes more before he again descended. The child was still floating on the water. The baby was carried out and laid on the lawn beside the well. Suddenly it looked up and laughed. It was unharmed.

Returned Free of Charge.

All exhibits transported to the Louisiana Purchase exposition from points in the United States will be returned free of charge to the point of shipment by the railroads which carried them to the exposition. This information is one of the points covered in the book just issued by the traffic bureau of the exposition through its manager, Mr. C. L. Hillery. The book contains 78 pages and a railroad map of the exposition railway lines, storage tracks, warehouse tracks, etc. Certain conditions must be complied with by exhibitors who avail themselves of this free return of goods. Paid freight waybills or original bills of lading, naming the precise route used to St. Louis, and proper certificates signed by exposition officials must be shown to prove that exhibited articles paid freight one way and have not changed ownership. Exhibits must be returned over the same route by which they first reached St. Louis, and must be consigned to the points from which they were sent on their forward journey. This rule does not hold on construction material or on material shipped before the date named for the general reception of exhibits at the exhibit palaces. The book of information contains also rates, routes and the names of railroad officials with whom the exhibitor must do business. It contains a complete statement of the switching charges at East St. Louis and St. Louis on cardinals and less than cardinals, and the switching charges between St. Louis and the exposition tracks.

St. Louis Robbers Caught.

Three men, captured near Venice, Ill., suspected of being highwaymen, were "sweated" six hours by Chief of Police Kiely, in St. Louis, and finally admitted that they had been holding up pedestrians and saloonkeepers generally throughout St. Louis, and that they were bound together by a compact, in which each swore to forfeit his life to one of the other two in case he betrayed "by word, act or sign the slightest detail" of any robberies committed. The men gave their names as Frank Rice, of Chicago; Max DeLoach, from New York, and Henry J. Ploehn, from San Francisco. They made a signed statement admitting they were confidence men, footpads and burglars, and had operated throughout the country. Photographs have been taken which will be sent to other cities for possible identification. They were captured by a patrol of Bennett, of Venice, Ill., after a spirited chase on a handcar.

Preacher Quelled the Fight.

The through train from Denver on the Burlington, when it arrived at Louisiana, carried a full coachload of laborers.  
While the train was running forty miles an hour the men got into a fight. They were foreigners, and no one could understand the cause of the outbreak or quell the disturbance. Finally a minister went into the coach and began to sing hymns. The fight ceased in a minute, and peace reigned once more.

Turbulent Convict Shot.

W. E. Johnson, a prisoner serving a 90-day workhouse sentence, who is believed to be wanted in Kansas City, St. Louis and other points, made a deadly assault on Guard Joseph H. Martin with a club, at St. Joseph, in an effort to escape. He was shot by the officer twice, in the right leg and arm.

Called to Independence.

The Presbyterian church of Independence has called Rev. A. A. Wallace, of Mexico, to the pastorate. Mr. Wallace has not yet announced whether he will accept the call. He has been pastor at Mexico for 15 years.

Workmen Robbed.

With a knife at his throat, Albert Peters, aged 25, surrendered \$200, a year's savings, to highwaymen in St. Louis. He was to have been married within a few days, and intended to buy furniture with the money.

Walter Holman Acquitted.

At Sedalia, after seventeen minutes of deliberation, the jury in the case of Walter Holman, charged with the murder of his neighbor, Welcome Parsons, returned a verdict of not guilty.

Death of Maj. W. K. Graham.

Maj. W. K. Graham, paymaster, United States army, of Des Moines, Ia., died in Kansas City from uraemic poisoning, resulting from injuries received in the Philippines.

Met in St. Joseph.

The Northwest Missouri Press association met at St. Joseph, with nearly 100 in attendance. An elaborate banquet was tendered the visitors by the hosts.

Boonville Merchant Assails.

A. Mendheim, proprietor of the Hub shoe store at Boonville, has made an assignment, with W. A. McPherson assignee. Liabilities, \$12,000; assets, \$7,600.

Killed in a Quarrel.

The Hulsey shot and killed Bill Patrick in a drunken quarrel near Huntington lake, near Farmington. Bill Hulsey was also wounded.

Shooting at Farmington.

O. P. McCarver shot and mortally wounded Harry Lett at Farmington. McCarver is a saloonkeeper, and a well-to-do farmer and stockman.

Herman Bests Abel.

Kid Herman and Kid Abel met in a 20-round boxing bout in Kansas City, and the former received the decision, after a terrific battle.

Fatal Wreck on the Frisco.

A freight wreck occurred on the Frisco at Carl Junction, in which Jack Thornton was fatally injured and two others seriously hurt.

Negress Cut Her Husband.

John Smith, a Kansas City negro, was slashed twice by his wife, Mamie, and probably fatally wounded. Mrs. Smith was arrested.

Burglars at Joplin.

Burglars stole \$500 worth of silk from the N. H. Kelso Mercantile Co. at Joplin.

MISSOURI STATE NEWS.

Death of John A. Hockaday. Judge John A. Hockaday, a veteran jurist, died in the Mullanphy hospital, in St. Louis, and the remains were sent to his home at Fulton for interment. Judge Hockaday will be remembered as the presiding judge in the trial of Edward Butler at Columbia a year ago. For 20 years he was known as one of the most able of Missouri jurists. Born in Callaway county, he received his education at Westminster college, and began his career as a practitioner of law the year before the opening of the civil war. His first official position was that of city attorney for Fulton. The next year he was a delegate to the national peace convention at Philadelphia, being elected to the state senate in the same year. At various times he was attorney general of Missouri, presidential elector, a member of the board of curators of the Missouri university, chairman of the judicial committee and president of the democratic state convention at Sedalia. His first judicial position was given to him by Gov. David R. Francis in 1890, when he was appointed to succeed the late Judge Burkhardt. He was elected to the bench in November of the same year. Later he was twice re-elected to the same position, remaining on the bench until his death. Judge Hockaday is survived by a widow and one son, August. Both were present at his bedside when death came.

Pastor Whips an Editor.

The town of Hardin was the scene of considerable excitement, a few mornings ago, the cause thereof being a fight, in which Pastor Howard L. Davis, of the Methodist church of that city, and Walter L. Bales, editor of the Hardin News, were the principals. The trouble grew out of a sermon delivered by Davis on the subject of dancing. Editor Bales took exception to some statements made by Davis in his sermon, and when the two met on the street Bales called the pastor a liar, and no sooner had the words been spoken than the preacher knocked Bales down, and was in a fair way to give him a sound flogging when the editor called for some one to take the pastor off. Rev. Davis is the same preacher who was assailed at Excelsior Springs, a few years ago, by a saloonkeeper, to whom he gave a severe thrashing.

Captured Robber Confessed.

As he stepped from an incoming train at the Union depot, E. M. Brockman was arrested in Kansas City. A long-distance telephone message from Salisbury asked the police to arrest a man answering Brockman's description. He is wanted at Salisbury for robbing the store of Dr. King. Among the articles found in Brockman's possession were 24 watches, 25 rings, 40 keys, 1 pistol, 10 watch chains, 20 razors, 7 knives, 12 spoons, a dark lantern, a quantity of postage stamps and some fine silk handkerchiefs. Brockman admitted robbing the store.

His Brother Cried.

Theodore Hayes, aged 15, son of a St. Joseph carpenter, is alleged to have fired a 45-caliber pistol ball into the brain of his three-year-old brother because the infant was crying and annoyed his elder brother. Coroner John Doyle heard from the neighbors of the Hayes family that a murder had been committed. The death certificate returned by Dr. Levi Long said death was due to a fractured skull, but a bullet was removed from the brain by the coroner. At last report no arrests had been made.

Valuable Contributions.

The Missouri Historical society has made some valuable contributions to the Missouri state building at the World's fair. Among these are the original letter of credit from Thomas Jefferson to Meriwether Lewis, portraits of all the governors of the state, and specimens of ancient firearms. Another document to be exhibited is a contract to build a church in St. Louis, undertaken by Pierre L'Esperance, for "1,200 livres in deer skins."

Former Meat Inspector Implicated.

Mathew Oswald, a former city meat inspector, was arrested and lodged behind the bars, in St. Louis, on suspicion of being implicated in grafting, which has flourished at city institutions, and which the health department is busily engaged trying to uproot.

Death of P. M. Galley.

P. M. Galley, founder of the town of Ararat, died at that town, after a short illness. For many years he was a stockholder and director of the Farmers' bank at Butler.

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FIGHTS, RIOTS AND BROKEN HEADS.

Attend the Opening of Another Line By the Chicago City Railway.

COMPANY GREATLY HAMPERED

Severe Fighting Took Place in Many Places—Trolley Lines Cut and Cables Spiked—Police Freely Use Revolvers on the Mob.

Chicago, Nov. 24.—Fierce fighting, in which the police used their clubs freely and twice fired their revolvers, marked the opening of the State street cable line by the Chicago City Railway Monday. As far as can be ascertained, nobody was seriously injured, although there were many broken heads among the rioters who came in contact with the clubs of the police. If any members of the mob were injured by the bullets of police and non-union men on the cars they were carried off by their friends before the fact was known to others. While the fighting was going on in the streets, the usual conferences were in progress, and propositions were passing back and forth.

Late in the afternoon it was said by Mayor Harrison, President Mahon, of the street car men, and the attorneys for both sides that an agreement had been reached, but little definite was known concerning its nature.

Conferees in Full Blast.

Late Monday night the street car men locked themselves in a room on the eleventh floor of the Ashland block and the company's officers were in a room on the ninth floor, and the conference was again in full blast. It was predicted that the strike would be declared off this morning, but nothing was given out from either meeting to make such an assertion certain.

Police Shoot Over Strikers' Head.

The hardest fighting of the day took place at Forty-first and State streets, where a mob hiding behind a fence stoned the cars which were guarded by officers. The police were over the fence at once and fired several shots over the heads of the fleeing strikers. Many of the mob who were slow of foot were overtaken by the police and soundly rapped with clubs. Few arrests were made, the officers contenting themselves with scattering the crowd.

Woman Injured by Broken Glass.

During the thick of the fight at Forty-first street Mrs. Charles Lett, a passenger on the first car, jumped from the car, and, braving the revolver shots and all sorts of missiles, ran, thoroughly frightened, to a place of safety. Windows had been broken near where she sat, and her face was cut by glass.

Wires Cut, Cables Spiked.

Conductor J. P. Pronter was in charge of the train which was attacked and when the stones commenced to whizz past his head and smash the windows of his car he promptly drew a revolver and fired at the crowd until the cartridges in his weapon were exhausted. The cars were attacked at the same point on the return trip, and a number of shots were fired, the mob scattering like a flock of chickens.

All Day Long on State Street Line

Monday gave the company five lines on which cars were run. The service, however, is not of a character to be generally useful to the public.

VENUE CHANGE FOR STONE.

Attorneys Also Disagree Judge Hazell, Alleging He is Prejudiced Against Defendant.

Jefferson City, Mo., Nov. 24.—In the Cole county circuit court here Monday Col. L. H. Waters, of Kansas City, and W. S. Hope, of this city, appeared for Prosecuting Attorney R. P. Stone and made application to Judge Hazell for a change of venue in the case of Stone on the ground that Judge Hazell is incompetent to try the case, because