

ITALY WILL SEND ARMY TO BALKANS

PARIS PAPER ANNOUNCES THAT 150,000 ITALIANS WILL BE USED.

SERVIAN CAPITAL IS REMOVED

Rumania Decides to Remain Neutral - German Losses in Serbia Estimated at 60,000 - England Declares War on Bulgaria.

Paris.—Italy will send 150,000 men to the Balkans, according to information received by the Excelsior from what the paper says is a reliable source.

The government maintains the strictest secrecy as to where the troops will be landed, says the Excelsior's informant, but Italian intervention will take place at a point where it will have a decisive effect on the whole Balkan campaign.

A dispatch from Bucharest, Rumania, says that the cabinet after again going over the war situation, made a pronouncement in favor of Rumania maintaining neutrality. All necessary military precautions have been taken on each of Rumania's frontiers.

Servia Removes Capital.

The presence of two German submarines at Varna, Bulgaria's chief seaport in the Black Sea, has been confirmed, the dispatch adds.

Losses of the Austro-German forces on the northern front in Serbia have totaled 20,000 killed and 40,000 wounded, according to the latest reports received at Serbian headquarters in Nish, says a dispatch received by the Temps.

The seat of the Serbian government has been transferred to Mitrovitz, near the Montenegrin frontier.

England Declares War.

London.—Great Britain declared war on Bulgaria. Official announcement was made that Serbia also has declared war on Bulgaria.

HELP USED TO MAKE POWDER

Ammunition Manufacturer Prepares to Harvest Sea Weed Along California Shore.

San Francisco, California.—The seaweed crop of the Pacific Ocean is to be harvested by a power company to obtain an ingredient used in making ammunition for the nations of Europe, it was announced.

The statement is made that one of the largest manufacturers of powder in the United States has decided to spend a large sum in this enterprise in order to obtain the chloride of potash it needs to fill its war orders, and which it can no longer obtain from Germany. It has long been known that kelp such as is to be found along the shores of the California coast is rich in potash.

WOMAN TEACHER EXECUTED

Germans Charge That She Harbored and Assisted French and British Soldiers.

London, Eng.—The foreign office has been notified by the American embassy that Miss Edith Cavell, lately the head of a large training school in Brussels, who was arrested August 5 by the German authorities in Brussels, was executed October 12 after the sentence of death had been passed on her.

It is understood that the charge against Miss Cavell was that she harbored fugitive British and French soldiers and Belgians of military age and had assisted them to escape from Belgium in order to join their colors.

Dunne Names Two on Dental Board.

Springfield, Ill.—Gov. Dunne appointed Dr. J. K. Conroy of Belleville and Dr. J. E. Elder of Eldorado members of the state dental board, to succeed Dr. N. W. Cox and Dr. J. A. Smith.

Spanish Gunboat is Sunk.

Madrid, Spain.—The Spanish gunboat Ponce de Leon was sunk in a collision with a merchant vessel near Chipona, off the Spanish coast. The crew of the gunboat was saved.

Mayor's Impeachment Illegal.

Terre Haute, Ind.—The six to three vote of the city council by which Mayor James M. Gosson was declared impeached on Oct. 4 was declared illegal by Judge Charles L. Pulliam.

Historical Mansion Burned.

New York.—A number of revolutionary relics, including the signatures of George Washington, Alexander Hamilton, Gen. Lafayette and others, were burned in a fire which destroyed an historical mansion at 164th street and Sheridan avenue.

Six Lives Lost in Labrador Gale.

St. John, N. F.—The loss of three men, two young women and a boy by drowning in a gale that swept the Labrador coast recently was reported by the mail steamer Erick.

Former Cleveland Mayor Dies.

Cleveland, Ohio.—Former Mayor Robert E. McKisson died at his home here. He was married for the third time on his sick bed, Sept. 29, last, to Mrs. Pauline E. Reid of Buffalo.

Martial Law at the Hague.

London.—Modified martial law was declared at the Hague, Holland, according to a dispatch reaching here from that city. The proclamation is directed at the various trades which furnish supplies of all kinds to the army.

ONLY THE BORDER LINE BETWEEN THEM



American regular and soldier of Carranza's army seated on the international bridge at Brownsville, Tex., with the monument marking the border line between them.

VILLA OFFICIALS DESERTING

LEAVE PANCHO AND CROSS OVER BORDER.

Chief of Sanitary Corps and Secret Service Head Follow Example of Gen. Ornelas.

El Paso, Texas.—Dr. Villareal, chief of the Villa sanitary corps, renounced allegiance to Villa, as did also the head of the secret service in El Paso. They followed the example of Gen. Tomas Ornelas, military commander in Juarez, and Mayor Montfort, who had abandoned the Villa cause and crossed to the United States.

The Carranza consulate wired Carranza that Gen. Lopez Payon had quit the Villa cause after a skirmish with troops under Jose Prieto at Villa Ahumada. Gen. Rueda Quijano was said to be en route to Torreon and Gen. Licon to Palomas, it being declared that they had deserted Villa.

The direct cause of Ornelas' action is believed to have been an order from Gen. Villa that he proceed to Casas Grandes for an interview with the northern chief, accompanied only by a bodyguard.

Guaymas, Mexico.—Carranza forces occupied Guaymas and Empalme following the evacuation of the two towns by the Villa troops. Carranza's troops now control every port on the west coast of Mexico except Ensenada, a town in Lower California held by Villa.

ITALY BUYING U. S. LUMBER

Order Calls for 51,000,000 Feet of the Products of Southern Forests.

Savannah, Georgia.—The Italian government has placed an order through a New York and a Georgia lumber company for 51,000,000 feet of lumber, chiefly yellow pine, according to an announcement.

The order calls for 29,000,000 feet of boards, 15,500,000 feet of timbers ranging in size from 2 by 4 to 12 by 12 inches, and 6,500,000 feet of railroad cross ties. The lumber is expected to come from Georgia, Texas, Missouri and Oklahoma.

FOLK NOT TO GET MEXICO POST

White House Denies Rumor Relative to Ambassadorship for Missourian.

Washington, D. C.—Former Gov. Joseph W. Folk of Missouri, counselor of the interstate commerce commission, is not being considered for appointment as ambassador to Mexico. The same applies to reports that Robert Skinner, the American consul-general at London, might get the post. This, in effect, was the statement made at the White House, after some of Folk's friends had circulated a story declaring that he would be sent to Mexico. It was said no representations had been made in Folk's behalf.

Two English Aviators Killed.

London.—Captain Arkwright and Lieutenant Hardy of the royal flying corps were killed near Glamis Castle, Montrose. A defect developed in their aircraft, which crashed to the ground and was completely wrecked.

Eastland Bankrupts Company.

Grand Rapids, Mich.—The Graham and Morton Steamship Company went into the hands of a receiver. The line is solvent with liabilities of \$600,000 and assets of \$1,400,000 and the receivership dates back to the Eastland disaster.

Illinois Rate Raise Suspended.

Washington.—The interstate commerce commission suspended, until April 23, proposed railroad rate increases on grain to and from intrastate points in Illinois.

Ignorant of Daughter's Hurt.

New York.—Philo Judson Beveridge of Los Angeles did not know until his arrival here that his daughter, Miss May, known as "The American Venus," had been severely hurt by a speeding automobile.

Noted Indian Fighter Dies.

Troy, N. Y.—Col. A. Douglas McConihe, an old Indian fighter and veteran of the civil war, is dead here. He held a medal presented by the United States government for meritorious services in fighting Indians.

BRITISH CABINET QUARREL

WAR SITUATION DISRUPTS BODY OF OFFICIALS.

Sir Edward Carson Fails to Attend Any of Last Three Meetings This Week.

London, Eng.—According to the Times and the Daily Mail, tension exists in the British cabinet over the question of conscription, the Balkan situation, and the Dardanelles expedition, while there is gossip over the continued absence of Sir Edward Carson, the attorney general, from the cabinet meetings. He has not been present at any of the three meetings held this week.

There is a feeling of dissatisfaction among the members of parliament at the inadequacy of the explanation of the Balkan situation given Thursday by Sir Edward Grey, the British foreign minister.

As a result there are demands that the government give the house of commons an opportunity to discuss the matter, and also for the government to make a frank statement.

BROWN SUGAR FOR WOUNDS

Proprietary Medicines Discarded and Old Household Remedy Receives Indorsement.

Chicago, Illinois.—Brown sugar is the best dressing that can be obtained for neglected wounds, according to Dr. J. M. Miller, a division surgeon of the Chicago & Eastern Illinois railroad.

Dr. Miller made the statement at a meeting of 300 surgeons of the American Association of Railway Surgeons. He asserted that European surgeons had made this discovery, and that they had discarded all proprietary dressings and were putting their trust in the sugar.

FELONS IN TEACHERS' CLASS

Fourteen Enroll for Instruction in course of Study—Correspondence Method Used.

Berkeley, California.—Fourteen prisoners at the Folsom state penitentiary, the University of California announced, have enrolled in a correspondence course for instructions as teachers. With the establishment of the normal course, the prisoners have the benefit of a complete curriculum from primary instruction to full university training. At Folsom 520 prisoners are taking the university's course.

Lindsey Label Jury Hung.

Denver, Colo.—A disagreement was reported by the jury in the case of Frank L. Rose, charged with libel by Judge Ben B. Lindsey, judge of Denver's juvenile court.

96,914 Britains Lost.

London.—British killed at the Dardanelles number 18,957 and wounded 77,957 thus far, an official statement announced.

Calf Brings \$10,300.

Cortland, N. Y.—An eight-month-old calf sold at the Holstein sale here for \$10,300.

Kneasley Dies of Injuries

Carrollton, Mo.—Russell M. Kneasley, formerly a member of the state legislature from Carroll county, died here of injuries received in an automobile accident.

Family of Four Die of Gas.

New York.—The bodies of Mrs. Anna Hunt Singer, 40 years old, and her three daughters, Alice, 13; Elizabeth, 8, and Emma, 3, were found in their home in Brooklyn. All of the nine gas jets in the house were turned and only one of them was lighted.

Vassar Has New President.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y.—Inauguration of Henry Noble MacCracken as president of Vassar College was the chief event on the last day's program of Vassar's semi-centennial celebration.

Dr. Dumba Reaches England.

Falmouth.—Dr. Constantin T. Dumba, the former ambassador of Austria-Hungary to the United States, whose recall was requested by President Wilson, has arrived at this port on board the steamer Nieuw Amsterdam.

SUBMARINE SINKS FRENCH STEAMER

AMIRAL HAMELIN GOES DOWN AND 71 PERSONS ARE DROWNED.

ALLIES RUSH INTO BULGARIA

Strumitsa Occupied and Troops Continue to Advance—French in Macedonia Attacked by 40,000 Bulgarians.

Paris.—Seventy-one persons lost their lives when the French steamship Amiral Hamelin was torpedoed and sunk by a submarine. A dispatch to the Havas Agency from Marseilles, which brings this news, does not specify whether the victims were passengers or members of the crew.

The Amiral Hamelin was a vessel of 5,937 tons gross, built in 1902. She was 387 feet long and 49 feet beam. Her owners were Chargeurs Reunis a Paris of Havre.

London.—Strumitsa, in Bulgaria, has been occupied by the allied armies of Great Britain, France and Serbia, according to official advices from Saloniki, telegraphed by the Reuter correspondent at Athens.

London.—The British, French and Serbians have joined forces in the Balkans and are attacking the Bulgarian towns, according to dispatches from Saloniki, by way of Athens.

The Anglo-French forces, just about the time of the outbreak of hostilities between Serbia and Bulgaria, were hurried northward from Saloniki to Giveggli, which is directly south of Strumitsa. Apparently they are carrying out the previously reported plan of invading Bulgaria, in addition to assisting Serbia in holding back the Bulgarians.

Bulgarian troops are reported to be engaging the French at Giveggli, which is on the strategic Nish-Saloniki railroad, near the Bulgarian border.

A dispatch from Athens says the French troops in Macedonia have received their baptisms of fire near the railway bridge at Hudovo Vilandovo, where they were attacked by 40,000 Bulgarians.

The Bulgarian artillery is bombarding the Bulgarian garrison, which is offering a stout resistance.

Jealous of Wife's Tattooing.

Detroit, Mich.—When her husband, L. D. Miller, became jealous because her male friends went into raptures over her tattoo marks, Mrs. Mabel Miller returned to her mother. Mrs. Miller insisted that it was her husband's fault if the friends he brought to their flat were overzealous in their admiration of her as an object of art.

\$300,000 in Bogus Coins.

San Francisco.—Two men now under arrest are credited with distributing bogus \$5 gold pieces to the face value of from \$300,000 to \$500,000. The fraudulent \$5 piece has been a nuisance nearly all over the West for the last year.

Negro Sentenced to Die.

Newport, Ky.—After deliberating one hour and 25 minutes a jury in the Campbell county court returned a verdict finding Harry Garrison, 18 years old, a negro, guilty of having attacked Mrs. Laella Crowder, white, and fixed the penalty at death.

Bulgarian Communication Cut.

New York.—Telegraphic communication with Bulgaria has been cut off by the British administration, according to advices received by cable companies. They were told that telegrams for Bulgaria should not be accepted.

Hillstrom Appeal Denied.

Salt Lake City, Utah.—The board of pardons denied commutation to Joseph Hillstrom and terminated his reprieve. He will now be taken before the district court and resentenced to death.

Man, 101, to Vote for Suffrage.

Rome, N. Y.—Orville Dorman, 101 years old, went to the polling place and registered. He will vote for prohibition and woman suffrage.

Two Infants Die in Accidents.

Chicago.—Word comes from widely separated cities that an infant in each place had come to its death in a peculiar manner. At Mantoloba a baby was squeezed to death by a pet bear and at Terre Haute, Ind. 2-year-old was choked to death on a mouthful of salted peanuts.

Your Killed, Four Hurt in Explosion.

Birmingham, Ala.—Four men were killed and four injured in an explosion in the new by-product plant of the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad company at Fairfield.

Roosevelt Felicitates Miss Dunne.

Springfield, Ill.—Miss Eileen Mary Dunne, daughter of Gov. Dunne, who received a letter from President Wilson congratulating her upon her coming marriage to William Corbo of Chicago, has received also a letter from Col. Theodore Roosevelt.

Refugees at Tabriz.

New York.—Twenty thousand additional destitute mountaineers of Eastern Turkey have reached Tabriz, Persia, according to a message received here by the Presbyterian board of foreign missions.

Banker Accidentally Kills Self.

Hillsboro, Tex.—While cleaning his shotgun preparatory to a duck hunt, W. J. Buchanan, vice president of the Itasca National Bank, accidentally shot himself with the weapon, the charge entering his neck.

LABOR CONDITIONS MUCH IMPROVED

CHILDREN ARE NOW WORKING AT ONLY THE LIGHTEST OF TASKS.

FACTORY WAGES NOT HIGH

Only 8,300 Men Working in Shops Draw as Much as \$25 Per Week—and Only 235 Females Earn Over \$20.

Jefferson City.

That there was a decided improvement over 1913 conditions when it comes to child labor was indicated by returns from 10,485 factories and workshops made to the bureau of labor statistics, they employing only 1,715 children between the ages of 14 and 18, 2,685 working in the previous year. Boys over 14 and under 18 totaled 300, and were chiefly used to run errands, deliver bundles or at similar light tasks. Girls numbering 1,335 were employed at light tasks in binderies, etc., and while the work is not physically harmful, it adds nothing to their mental development.

When it comes to Missouri factory wage earners, the majority in 1914 earned from \$15 to \$20 a week, more than 40,000 coming under this classification. Those that drew over \$25 per week only aggregated 8,376, and there were 18,739 who earned from \$20 to \$25 a week.

Female factory toilers fared worse there being only 10,942 who earned from \$5 to \$7 per week, and only 235 who made over \$20 for the same period.

Ordered to Return Money.

State Auditor John P. Gordon declined to comment upon Prosecuting Attorney David W. Peters' letter to him demanding that he return to the state treasury \$404.11 expended by himself and his son Maurice Gordon in attending conventions of auditors and of supervisors of building and loan associations at Salt Lake City and San Francisco.

It is known that the auditor bases his authority and that of his son to use of their contingent fund upon an opinion from Attorney General Barker to Edwin P. Deal, Barker held in the question affecting Deal's contingent fund that that official had sole control over it.

The prosecuting attorney in his letter gave Gordon until October 20 to comply with his demands. He says that if the money is not refunded by October 20 he will file an information under Section 11,842 of the Revised Statutes of 1909.

Auditor Gordon's expense account is for \$202.21, from Aug. 11 to 24. Maurice Gordon's expense account totaled \$202.90 from July 22 to the 3d of August.

State Employees.

The state government and the 114 counties and municipalities give employment to 16,573 men. Sheriffs number 259 and policemen who were in regular uniform and drawing salaries, 2,623. There were 250 detectives, 545 marshals and constables, 1494 firemen and 205 soldiers, sailors and marines.

New Drainage District.

Under a pro forma decree of the circuit court of St. Charles county a charter was issued to the Cottleville drainage district. The incorporators are Thomas W. McCluer, John Guttermuth, Arthur McCluer and other land owners.

Harvey Files Briefs.

Circuit Attorney Harvey of St. Louis, has prepared a brief in his suit against the city to enforce a law enacted by the 1913 legislature which he holds authorizes him or one of his assistants to be present at coroners' inquests and charge \$10 for each service.

Rally at the Cape.

Practically all of the state officials were away from the capital for a few days last week attending the big Democratic rally at Cape Girardeau. Many national celebrities were at the eve feast.

Missouri Wage Average.

Wages paid by Missouri manufacturers are on a par with those given wage earners following similar occupations in other manufacturing states. Nowhere is the average wage higher.

No Deputy Marshal.

One announcement made by the supreme court will be disappointing to a large number of applicants for appointment as deputy marshal of the court. The court has ordered that the place be left vacant for the present.

Ask 5-Cent Fare.

The Maywood Civic League asks the public service commission to order a Kansas City street car company to reduce the fare from that town to Kansas City from 10c to 5c. Longer hauls are cited.

Child Labor Decreasing.

Compulsory education and improved labor legislation in the last few years, have resulted in 50 per cent decrease in the number of workers between the ages of 10 and 15 years. This is true conservation.

Electric Lights for Steelville.

Application was made to the public service commission for authority for the Steelville Electric Light and Power Company to install a lighting plant in that town at a cost of approximately \$10,000.

Parole St. Louis Convict.

Harry Levy, alias Harry Lawrence, serving a 7-year sentence from St. Louis, was paroled after one year's confinement on a doctor's statement that further incarceration would endanger his life.

Average Wages \$60 Per Month.

With the cost of living as high as it is statistical information on what Missouri factory and workshop salaried employees and wage earners are paid is useful to those who delve into sociological problems of this nature. There was disbursed by 10,485 workshops and factories in the last year \$136,421,635, the amount being paid to 224,623 employees, consisting of 181,951 men and youths and 42,662 women and maidens, states a bureau of labor statistics bulletin.

In Missouri, as was the case in the other states, the majority of employees of factories and workshops in the last year earned less than \$100 per month, in fact, the grand average of all workers was about \$60.

The information reveals that employees connected with the management and clerical divisions of factories and workshops, as a rule, receive better wages than those who toil 10 hours a day at manual labor. For managers and superintendents the average pay was \$165 per month for men and \$78 for women. While several in this division drew \$500 per month, the majority were paid from \$100 to \$200. There were 3,286 men and 45 women considered in this classification.

Foremen and overseers, consisting of 7,123 men and 202 women, averaged \$97 a month for the former and \$63 for the latter. Bookkeepers are not as highly paid as they are generally supposed to be, 1,839 males averaging \$83 per month, and 625 females \$52. Male shipping clerks and other varieties, averaged \$68 per month, and females \$42. Probably the poorest paid of all clerical employees, considering the amount of skill, accuracy and speed required, were stenographers, 613 males averaging \$61 per month, 1,837 females \$49 per month. Salesmen, solicitors and buyers, to the number of 6,112 men averaged \$113 a month, and 290 females \$49.

Service Body Reverses Self.

In an opinion written by Commissioner Eugene McQuillin and concurred in by all the other members, the public service commission holds that it is without authority to order refunds by public service corporations to consumers. This overrules the position taken by the body in the Fort Scott & Nevada Light Heat and Water Co. case.

The opinion was filed in the application of certain firms in a proceeding against the Union Electric Light Company of St. Louis for recovery of money for service because of alleged discriminatory rates.

The Union Company challenged the jurisdiction of the commission for the reason that the specific relief sought in each case was the recovery of money, which it contended the commission is without authority to grant under the laws creating it.

There was no complaint made as to the quality or character of the service, or of the rates, nor to obtain an order relating to existing or future rates, the sole complaint being that in the past higher rates than the present rates were paid for electric service.

Paper Deserts Administration.

Word comes that the Paris Mercury, a Democratic newspaper, has served notice upon Gov. Major and the Democratic administration that it will not defend "a notoriously reckless and incapable administration" against the charges of waste and extravagance in handling the people's money.

Here is the Mercury's shot at the administration: "State finances are in a bad shape, but we suppose it is the duty of Democratic papers to make the best of it and defend a reckless and incapable administration."

"The Mercury would be in a better humor to whitewash profligacy had it not predicted just this condition of affairs three years ago, when the orgies of job-making began.

"It refuses to turn a flipflop until it sees further."

The Mercury is printed at Paris in Monroe county, and is regarded as one of the strongest Democratic newspapers in the state.

Auditor Gordon Own Attorney.

State Auditor John P. Gordon, acting as his own lawyer, filed his answer in the supreme court to the mandamus proceedings instituted against him by State Superintendent of Schools Howard A. Gass to compel the distribution of certain revenue to the public schools.

He disclaims any intent to deprive or withhold money from the schools, and insists that he is a sworn officer of the state, and that a committee of investigation of the general assembly recommended that the term "ordinary revenue" be defined by competent authority, for the reason that the auditor might proceed in the appropriation of money in a manner judicially declared legal and lawful.

There is \$317,000 held to the credit of the school fund awaiting action of the court, says Gordon.

Company Seeks License.

A license to do business in Missouri as a foreign corporation was issued to the Weber Engine Co., organized under the laws of Iowa. The company has a capital stock of \$60,000 and will use half of it in Missouri.

New Paper Started.

The Montgomery County Times, a new newspaper, edited by C. B. Booth, has made its first appearance, giving Montgomery county nine journals. It is to be printed in the town of Bell-ower.

National Guards Appointed.

Governor Major issued the following commissions to officers of the national guard: Norman B. Comfort, captain and commissary of the first regiment.

Edward J. Ruf, second lieutenant and battalion quartermaster, first regiment.

Harold D. Bell, first lieutenant and battalion quartermaster, first battalion, field artillery. John R. Thatcher, captain and battalion adjutant, first battalion field artillery.

HAPPENINGS of the week IN MISSOURI

The grand encampment of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows held a two days' session at Mexico recently. These officers were elected and installed: W. W. Meyers, Bethany, grand patriarch; A. T. Huddleston, Louisiana, grand high priest; H. G. Fisher, Liberty, grand senior warden; Dr. E. W. Ousley, St. James, grand junior warden; H. S. Hamilton, St. Louis, grand treasurer, and Dr. W. S. Wheeler, Kansas City, representative to the sovereign grand lodge.

The Missouri Abstractors' Association adjourned at Mexico after electing officers and selecting Kansas City