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# Iron County Register.

State Historical Society  
F. P. AKE, Publisher.

OUR GOD, OUR COUNTRY AND TRUTH.

TERMS—\$1.50 a-Year in Advance.

VOLUME XLIX.

IRONTON, MO., THURSDAY, MARCH 16, 1916.

NUMBER 41.

JOB-WORK

Best equipped Job Print-  
ing establishment in this  
section of the State. We  
insure satisfaction; prices  
reasonable.

TRY US.

## Puff your way into the joys of Prince Albert!

Go ahead, quick, as you lay in a stock  
of the national joy smoke! Fire up a  
pipe or a makin's cigarette as though  
you never did know what tobacco  
bite and parch meant!

For Prince Albert is freed from bite  
and parch by a patented process  
controlled exclusively by us. You  
can smoke it without a comeback  
of any kind because P. A. is real  
tobacco delight.

# PRINCE ALBERT

the national joy smoke

will do for you what it  
has done for thousands  
of men, not only in the  
States but all over the  
world! It will give you  
a correct idea of what a  
pipe smoke or a home-  
rolled cigarette should be.

Get this Prince Albert pipe-peace and makin's-peace message,  
you men who have "retired" from pipe and cigarette-makin's pleasure; you men  
who have never known its solace! Because you have a lot of smoke pleasure due  
you quick as you pack-your-pipe or roll-a-cigarette with P. A.  
and make fire!



On the reverse side of this tidy  
tin you will find: "Patented  
July 30th, 1907," which  
has made three more smoke  
pipes where one smoked before!

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO., Winston-Salem, N. C.

### More Prosperity.

Effective March 1st, the section  
men of the M. R. & B. T. Ry. will get  
a ten cent increase on the day and the  
wages of the shop men have been re-  
adjusted so that nearly all of the men  
of that department will get an increase  
amounting to about 1 cent an hour on  
the day. The ten cent increase with  
the section men bring their wages up  
\$1.60 a day. This is ten cents more  
than most roads pay for this unskilled  
labor, \$1.50 being an average day's  
pay for a section hand. For some  
reason unknown to the world section  
men are about the poorest paid work-  
men of all laborers. On the M. R. &  
B. T. Ry. there are about 100 men in-  
cluding extra gangs that will be af-  
fected by this raise of wages.

Something like this same number  
will receive an increase in the shops.  
Not all the men will get an increase.  
There are a few, according to F. J.  
Thomure, General Manager, who are  
getting in the neighborhood of stand-  
ard machinist's pay that will not be  
affected. In the adjustment to get  
wages more equalized for the different  
classes of labor some will get more  
than a cent an hour increase while  
others will get less, but making an  
average of about one cent an hour.—  
Bonne Terre Register.

### Aid the Kidneys.

Do Not Endanger Life When an  
Ironton Citizen Shows You the  
Way to Avoid it.

Why will people continue to suffer  
the agonies of kidney complaint, back-  
ache, urinary disorders, lameness,  
headaches, languor, why allow them-  
selves to become chronic invalids,  
when a tested remedy is offered them?

Doan's Kidney Pills have been used  
in kidney trouble over 50 years, have  
been tested in thousands of cases.  
If you have any, even one, of the  
symptoms of kidney diseases, act now,  
Dropsy or Bright's disease may set in  
and make neglect dangerous. Read this  
Ironton testimony.

"Some years ago I was suffering from  
hard backaches, pains through my  
kidneys and loins, caused by weak  
kidneys. I used Doan's Kidney Pills  
and they cured me."  
Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't  
simply ask for a kidney remedy—get  
Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that  
cured Mrs. McCallister. Foster-Mil-  
burn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

### Weather Report.

Meteorological Report of Coopera-  
tive Observer at Ironton, Iron County,  
Mo., for the week ending Tuesday,  
Mar. 7, 1916:

Days of Week.	Day of Month	Temperature		Precipitation
		Highest	Lowest	
Wednesday	1	35	23	.02
Thursday	2	35	28	
Friday	3	28	23	.03
Saturday	4	53	9	
Sunday	5	52	25	
Monday	6	61	52	
Tuesday	7	58	31	

NOTE.—The precipitation includes  
rain, hail, sleet and melted snow, and  
is recorded in inches and hundredths.  
Ten inches of snow equal one inch of  
rain. "T" indicates trace of precipi-  
tation. W. H. DELANO, Observer.

### SHERIFF'S SALE UNDER DEED OF TRUST.

Whereas, Willis Cole and Maria Cole,  
his wife, by their certain deed of trust,  
dated the 15th day of September, 1913,  
and recorded in the office of the Recorder of  
Deeds, for the County of Iron, State of Mis-  
souri, in Book 62, at Page 129, conveyed to  
D. Edgar Fletcher, trustee, the following de-  
scribed real estate situated in the County of  
Iron, State of Missouri, to wit:  
"For the purpose of securing the Addition  
of the City of Ironton, Missouri."  
Which conveyance was made to the said  
debtors, D. Edgar Fletcher, trustee, to secure  
the payment of a certain promissory note in  
said deed specified;  
And, whereas, default has been made in  
the payment of the principal and interest  
due on said note and said principal and in-  
terest are now past due and remain unpaid;  
And, whereas, it is provided in said deed  
of trust, that in case of default, removal  
from the state, or refusal to act as trustee,  
D. Edgar Fletcher, trustee, shall act as  
trustee and sell the property described in  
said deed of trust, as follows:  
Now, therefore, at the request of the legal  
holder of said note, and in pursuance of the  
provisions in said deed of trust contained,  
I, the undersigned, the duly qualified and  
acting Sheriff of Iron County, Missouri,  
will sell the property above described at  
public vendue, to the highest bidder, for  
cash, at the courthouse door in the City of  
Ironton, County of Iron, State of Missouri,  
Saturday, the 8th day of April, 1916,  
between the hours of nine o'clock A. M. and  
five o'clock P. M. of that day, for the pur-  
pose of satisfying said note and interest, and  
the costs and expenses of executing this  
trust.  
WM. BLUE, Sheriff  
Iron County, Missouri, and Acting Trustee,  
Ironton, Missouri, March 14, 1916.

### Order of Publication.

In the circuit court of Iron County,  
Missouri, in vacation, March 10, 1916,  
The State of Missouri, at the relation  
and to the use of B. P. Burnham,  
Collector of the Revenue of Iron  
County, Missouri,  
against  
Louis J. H. Houck and Patrick Monaghan,  
if living, or the unknown heirs  
and devisees of Patrick Monaghan,  
if he be dead, defendants.  
(Action to Enforce Lien for Taxes.)  
Now at this day comes the plaintiff,  
B. P. Burnham, collector of the  
revenue of Iron County, Missouri, and  
files his petition and affidavit, setting  
forth among other things, that the  
defendants, Louis J. Houck and Pat-  
rick Monaghan, if living, or the un-  
known heirs and devisees of Patrick  
Monaghan, if he be dead are non-  
residents of the State of Missouri, and  
that they cannot be served with sum-  
mons in said State; it is therefore,  
ordered by the clerk of the circuit  
court of Iron County, in vacation,  
that publication be made notifying

# CLEARING SALE!

## A Tremendous Cut in Prices of Winter Goods

Ladies' Long Coats		Men's Overcoats.	
Price \$4.00, Cut to	\$2.00	\$4.50, Cut to	\$2.80
" 5.00, Cut to	3.00	5.00, Cut to	3.00
" 6.50, Cut to	3.75	6.00, Cut to	3.95
" 8.50, Cut to	5.00	8.00, Cut to	5.00
" 9.00, Cut to	5.50	10.00, Cut to	5.50
" 10.00, "	5.95	12.00, Cut to	7.50

Child's Coats		Boys' Overcoats	
\$1.95, Cut to	\$1.25	\$2.85, Cut to	\$1.85
2.00 " "	1.25	3.25 " "	2.00
2.25 " "	1.50		
2.30 and 2.50, Cut to	1.60		
3.00 and 3.25, " "	2.00		

Men's Dress Shirts		Ladies' Winter Waists	
75c and \$1.00 Shirts Cut to	49c	\$1.25, Cut to	75c
All Sizes—Great Bargains			

Ladies' and Misses' Fine  
Woolens  
Prices \$2.25  
Cut to 75c.

Woolens  
Bargains!

Come and see our FELT BOOTS, RUBBERS, SHOES, WARM UNDER-  
WEAR, ETC. "We Absolutely Can Save You Money."

# Ironton, Mo. B. N. Brown.

said defendants that an action has  
been commenced against them in the  
circuit court of said county, the object  
and general nature of which is to en-  
force the lien of the State of Missouri  
on the following real estate, belonging  
to the said defendants for back taxes  
for the years 1911, 1912 and 1913, to-  
wit:

The south one-half of the southwest  
quarter of section 35, township 31  
north, range 4 east, 80 acres, in Iron  
County, Missouri.

(An itemized statement in the na-  
ture of a tax bill showing the amount  
of taxes, interest and cost now due  
on said real estate for the years afore-  
said, amounting in the aggregate to  
the sum of eleven and 64-100 dollars,  
is filed with said petition as provided  
by law.)

And unless they be and appear at  
the next term of said court to be hold-  
en for the County of Iron, and State  
of Missouri, at the courthouse in said  
county on the fourth Monday in  
April next, 1916, and on or before the  
third day thereof (if the term shall so  
long continue; and, if not, then before  
the end of the term), and plead,  
answer or demur to said plaintiff's  
petition, the same will be taken as  
confessed, judgment rendered in ac-  
cordance with the prayer of said peti-  
tion, and said real estate, or so much  
thereof as may be necessary to sat-  
isfy said judgment, interest and costs,  
to be sold under a special fieri facias to  
be issued thereon.

It is further ordered that a copy  
hereof be published according to law  
in the IRON COUNTY REGISTER, a  
weekly newspaper published in said  
county of Iron, and State of Missouri.  
JESSE M. HAWKINS,  
Circuit Clerk.

A true copy from the records of  
Witness my hand and official seal, this  
[SEAL] 10th day of March, 1916.  
JESSE M. HAWKINS, Clerk  
Circuit Court, Iron County, Mo.

WM. R. EDGAR, WM. R. EDGAR, JR.  
EDGAR & EDGAR  
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,  
IRONTON, MO.

Practice in all the Courts of the State.  
DR. J. L. HICKMAN  
State Deputy Veterinarian  
Calls Attended All Hours.  
Interstate Inspections Made,  
BRUNOT, MO.

NANNIE WALKER  
ACKNOWLEDGMENTS taken, Deeds of  
all kinds written, and other Legal  
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Shepherd and Wayne streets,  
IRONTON, MO.

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### Buster Brown

### That Son-in-Law of Pa's

### Dimples---Just Boy

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Articles on world topics written by the greatest thinkers and lead-  
ers in war, science, industry, finance, art and literature. Authoritative  
articles on the latest fashions, illustrated by high priced specialists.  
Two pages of features carefully selected for children.

### TEN PAGES OF POPULAR FICTION

The best magazine published by any newspaper in the United  
States. The writers are world famous. Excellently illustrated—four  
pages in color—printed on book paper. The "Tennis Weenies" is the  
best feature to be secured for the entertainment of small children.

Next Sunday in  

# The Sunday Republic

  
Best in News, Features, Fun and Fiction

## Do You Need a Wagon?

I can furnish you a Wagon, Surrey, Bugzy, or  
Spring Wagon, Guaranteed to Do Good  
Service, at Reasonable Charge.

Phone 304. JOHN E. KUHN, A cadia, Mo.

Chattel Mortgages, Warranty and Trust Deeds at this office

### Fruit Tree Quacks.

Some so-called nursery salesmen  
operating in Missouri are making  
promises that seem too good to be  
true. The Missouri Agricultural Ex-  
periment Station wishes to warn  
farmers and fruit growers to be very  
careful about investing in stock of an  
unknown variety of supposed special  
merit and against signing contracts to  
buy and grow fruit trees, vines, or  
other nursery stock on the strength  
of promises that it can be sold later  
at very high prices.

Buyers should require the nursery  
salesman to show the special permits  
which the law requires them to secure  
from the Chief Inspector of Nurseries  
and Orchards. Salesmen who cannot  
show such permits should be reported  
at once to the Experiment Station at  
Columbia for investigation, but the  
honesty of those who do have such  
permits cannot be guaranteed by the  
Experiment Station, although there is  
a strong presumption that the men  
who complied with the law by taking  
out permits will be much more likely  
to be honest and straightforward than  
the man who is selling in violation of  
the law.

The exhibition of such a permit  
shows that the agent is registered for  
the sale and distribution of stock  
which has been inspected and found  
free from dangerous insects and  
diseases. There are plenty of re-  
sponsible agents in the state repre-  
senting responsible nurseries and  
orders can be placed by mail with  
nurserymen who will look after the  
interests of their customers honestly.  
So with a little care the buyer can get  
exactly what he wishes without deal-  
ing with questionable parties. He  
should order standard varieties which  
he knows are doing well in his locality  
and refuse the fancy varieties on  
which fabulous profits are promised.—  
L. Haseman, Chief Inspector of Nur-  
series and Orchards, Columbia, Mis-  
souri.

### Gasoline from Shale.

In view of the ever-increasing de-  
mand for gasoline and the increase in  
price of crude oil, from which it is ob-  
tained, it is important to know that  
an almost inexhaustible supply of oil  
may be obtained from the shale of  
northwestern Colorado, northeastern  
Utah, and southwestern Wyoming.  
This shale contains materials which,  
when heated, may be converted into  
crude oil, gas, and ammonia. The  
high cost of distilling oil from shale  
as compared to the cost of producing  
oil from wells has thus far prevented  
the development in this country of  
such an industry and may continue  
to prevent it for some time, but soon-  
er or later this great source of supply  
will be utilized to supplement the de-  
creasing production from the regular  
oil fields.  
The oil derived from the shale is  
similar to that which is being produc-  
ed from wells in the United States at  
the rate of more than 250,000,000 bar-  
rels a year. When refined by ordi-  
nary methods the shale oil yields an

average of about 10 per cent gasoline,  
35 per cent kerosene, and a large  
amount of paraffin. The yield of  
gasoline from the shale may probably  
be largely increased by the use of re-  
fining methods especially designed  
for that purpose. The gas, which is a  
very good illuminating gas, will per-  
haps be sufficient to furnish all the heat  
required to distill the crude oil from  
the shale.

The ammonia is a most valuable by-  
product of the distillation and may be  
utilized in the manufacture of com-  
mercial fertilizer or other nitrogen  
compounds, as the market demands.  
The United States Geological Survey  
has examined large areas of the shale  
in Colorado, Utah, and Wyoming and  
has made distillation tests. Some beds  
of shale that are several feet thick  
will yield more than a barrel of oil to  
the ton of shale, and one bed 6 inches  
thick will yield more than two barrels  
of crude oil to the ton of shale. One  
ton of this shale should therefore yield  
nearly ten gallons of gasoline by the  
present commercial methods of gaso-  
line extraction, and larger yields may  
be made possible by new methods.

Little attention has been paid to this  
shale because the quantity of petro-  
leum produced from wells in the  
United States has been sufficient to  
satisfy all demands, but for more than  
50 years the oil shale industry of  
Scotland has been a very important  
one. In a recent year more than 8,000  
men were employed in the industry in  
that country, yet the average yield  
of oil per ton of shale was much less  
than that which appears possible from  
the shale of Colorado and Utah. It  
is estimated that in Colorado alone there  
is sufficient shale, in beds 3 feet or  
more thick and richer than the shale  
being mined in Scotland, to yield  
twenty billion barrels of crude oil,  
from which at least two billion barrels  
of gasoline may be extracted by ordi-  
nary refining processes.

As was stated in the recent reply of  
Secretary Lane to a Senate resolution  
on the subject of gasoline: "The  
development of this enormous reserve  
simply awaits the time when the price  
of gasoline or the demand for other  
distillation products warrants the  
utilization of this substitute source.  
This may happen in the future. At all  
events these shales are likely to be  
drawn upon long before the exhaus-  
tion of the petroleum fields."

### Should Study Plants Before Us- ing Spray.

Spraying pays only when one knows  
what a plant is being sprayed for and  
when the right sort of spray is used,  
according to Prof. W. H. Lawrence  
of the horticultural department of the  
University of Missouri at Columbia.  
The only way to treat plants for a  
fungus disease is to spray well before  
the disease gets a start, for any sub-  
stance that is strong enough to kill an  
internal fungus will kill the plant also.  
It is easy to see, therefore, that the  
best remedy for fungus diseases is  
prevention. This is obtained by  
spraying the plant with some good  
material that will thoroughly cover it

and thus prevent the fungus from enter-  
ing.

Most insects may be controlled by  
spraying. There are two distinct  
types of insects, those that chew their  
food, and those that get their food by  
sucking the sap. The control of the  
first type of insects is best carried on  
by spraying their food. Spray the  
plant with some poison, which, when  
taken into its stomach will kill the  
insect.  
It happens those insects which ob-  
tain their food by sucking the sap have  
thin, soft bodies. The plant may be  
rid of them by applying a spray that  
will burn or dry them up. Thus it is  
possible to control these insects with-  
out injuring the plants upon which  
they feed.

Water is the best carrying medium.  
To this should be added the other  
things that go to make up the spray.  
A perfect coating of the spray is de-  
sired in all cases, as it is best to supply  
it under pressure. A pressure of 200  
to 250 pounds gives excellent results if  
the outfit is in good condition.

### Migratory Bird Law Continues in Force.

WASHINGTON, D. C. March 15.—A  
misleading statement has recently be-  
come current in newspapers of the  
Mississippi Valley and elsewhere, to  
the effect that the Department of  
Agriculture has suspended the en-  
forcement of the Federal regulations  
under the Migratory Bird law and by  
this means has enabled sportsmen,  
under State laws, to shoot wild fowl  
the coming spring.

Under the Federal regulations as  
they now stand, the season on all  
migratory wild fowl is closed until  
next autumn throughout the United  
States. Federal inspectors and ward-  
ens are required, and others interest-  
ed in the protection of wild fowl are  
requested, to report to the Depart-  
ment of Agriculture all cases of viola-  
tions of the regulations, in order that  
proper action may be taken.

The Department of Agriculture has  
no power to suspend the law or to  
pardon violations of the regulations.  
Doubtless the erroneous impression,  
on which the newspaper statements are  
based has grown out of the pendency  
of litigation involving the consti-  
tutionality of the Act of Congress  
approved March 4, 1913, under which  
the regulations were promulgated.  
The lower Federal courts disagreed as  
to the validity of the statute and the  
issue was carried to the Supreme  
Court of the United States. The case  
was argued in the Supreme Court in  
October, 1915, but has not been de-  
cided. Following the lower court  
decisions, Congress appropriated  
money for the purpose of continuing  
the enforcement of the law. The De-  
partment of Agriculture is bound to  
report to the Department of Justice  
violations of the regulations if the  
Supreme Court should declare the law  
constitutional. All persons should,  
therefore, be warned of the danger  
they incur from failure to abide by the  
regulations.