271,214 was the TIMES' circulation for last week.

The STAR'S circulation for last week was . . . 187,984

The Evening Times

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TO SUCCEED GEN. CASEY

Senate Names Mr. Bernard R. Green for the Position.

CAUSED A LIVELY DEBATE

It Was Opposed by Mr. Hill, Who Afterward Withdrew His Objection—Has Been Superintendent of the Building Up to This Time. Other Matters Up.

Mr. Morrill, from the Committee on Library, offered a joint resolution to fill the vacancy caused by the death yesterday of Gen. Casey, in charge of the construction of the new Library building in Washington, by the appointment of Bernard R. Green, at $5,000 a year. He spoke of Mr. Green's great skill and fitness for the work, and mentioned that he had been Gen. Casey's assistant in building the Washington Monument, the State, War and Navy Department building, and the new Library building.

Mr. Hale advocated the resolution. He lauded the "singularly excellent capacity, untiring energy and great integrity" of Gen. Casey, and said that it was a matter of great congratulation that he should have so good a successor.

FAVORED BY VILAS.

Mr. Vilas also favored the resolution, and said that no man in the United States was superior to Mr. Green in knowledge of everything pertaining to the construction of buildings in every branch, both as to the material and the esthetic parts.

Mr. Hill inquired why the charge of the work should not pass into the hands of Gen. Casey's army successor.

Mr. Vilas explained that Mr. Green had been Gen. Casey's assistant from the beginning of the work, and that it would do no good, and might do harm to make a change now. He thought Mr. Green should be allowed to finish the work.

Mr. Wolcott appealed to Mr. Hill to withdraw all opposition to the bill. He spoke of the new Library building as "the grandest and most beautiful library building in the whole world," and as being a monument to the intelligence and efforts of the Senator from Vermont, who had been active in the matter from the very beginning. He, for one, would be delighted to have it left in his hands.

After further discussion, Mr. Hill said that he would not insist upon his objection, although it struck him that it was not proper to legislate a man into office by name "even before the burial of the distinguished general."

AFTER MR. CHANDLER.

The discussion extended over more than an hour and a half and was further participated in by Senators Allison, Proctor, Gorman, Cockrell, Cullon, and Chandler.

In the course of it much stress was laid upon the fact that the building will be finished within the time fixed for its completion, and for less than the estimated cost—about $6,400,000.

After Mr. Chandler had spoken Mr. Hill charged him, humorously, with a violation of the contract which he had entered into yesterday, when he said, that if allowed then to offer an amendment to the appropriation bill, he would "expedite the business of the Senate" by absenting himself today, and the Senator from Wisconsin, Mr. Vilas, remarked that everybody would be glad of that.

"And yet," said Mr. Hill, "here is the Senator this morning submitting remarks on a resolution to which there is no special objection, and stating that this Mr. Green, though a New Englander, is a very modest man."

Mr. Allen introduced the following resolution:

"Resolved, That Congress should, by appropriate legislation, and without further delay, restore silver to the free and unlimited coinage at the ratio of sixteen parts of standard silver to one part of gold, and should, by appropriate legislation, withdraw from the Secretary of the Treasury any power he may now have to issue the bonds or other interest-bearing obligations of the United States until the necessity therefor shall be declared by Congress, and that Congress should not adjourn until these things have been accomplished."

WANTS A COMMISSION.

Mr. Heatwole Would Have Citizens Decide on a Banking System.

Mr. Heatwole offered the following concurrent resolution, which was referred to the Committee on Banking and Currency:

"Whereas, in view of our present inadequate banking and currency system, it is desirable that Congress have the aid of such recommendations as a non-partisan commission of experts might be able to offer regarding needed changes;

"Resolved, That the President is hereby authorized to appoint nine citizens eminent in trade, political economy and banking to act with the Comptroller of the Currency as such commission, and that said commission be requested to report its conclusions and recommendations to Congress."

Consideration of the naval appropriation bill was resumed in committee of the whole, three hours being set aside for debate on the paragraph authorizing the new warships and torpedo boats.

Mr. Hanly offered an amendment increasing the number of sea-going coast-line battleships to six and supported the amendment in a speech of some length.

WALLING MAY WEAKEN.

Possibly Will Turn State's Evidence in the Pearl Bryan Case.

Cincinnati, March 26.—There are significant rumors at the courthouse in Newport in regard to the trials of Jackson and Walling for the murder of Pearl Bryan. The rumors are to the effect that the trial of Jackson was set first for the reason that it is believed that Walling will weaken and turn State's evidence.

The counsel for the prisoners have become aware of the fact that the State authorities in Newport have evidence that will be sprung in the trials that is stronger than merely circumstantial evidence. In view of that fact it will not be surprising if Walling should weaken and by advice of counsel become a State's witness.

Hurt in a Bicycle Collision.

Leo Loeb, aged sixteen, living at No. 1125 Seventh street northwest, while riding a bicycle around the ellipse in the White House grounds, collided with another rider, and was severely hurt. He was taken to the Emergency Hospital, where a cut in his knee, one in his left ear, and a number of other gashes and bruises were dressed. He was afterward sent home.

Vetoed the Curfew Ordinance.

Omaha, Neb., March 26.—Mayor Broatch has vetoed the curfew ordinance. He claims that it would be a dead letter if passed and savors too much of Connecticut blue laws. If boys are disorderly upon the streets the police have ample power under existing ordinances. Councilmen predict it will be carried over his veto.

Post-Coronation Tour.

St. Petersburg, March 26.—It has been arranged that the czar and czarina will make a round of visits to the various European capitals after the coronation ceremonies at Moscow in May.

42 elegant all-wool Spring Suits, made to order by custom tailors, for $18 to $25—all misfits or uncalled for—today at $8 and $10. Misfit Clothing Parlors, 407 Seventh street.

SWORE HE WAS A LIAR.

Atlantic City Merchant Compelled to Accuse Himself.

Atlantic City, N. J., March 26.—A handsome young widow, proprietor of a Pacific avenue hotel, compelled a prominent boardwalk merchant, in Justice Gouldey's court yesterday morning, to take an affidavit that "he was a prevaricator and always had been one."

The case originated, the widow alleged, by the merchant making several proposals of marriage, all of which were refused, and, becoming bothersome, he was finally put out of her house.

She said the merchant then circulated stories about her, and she had him arrested and was responsible for the affidavit which he was compelled to take.

GENERAL CASEY'S FUNERAL

Remains Will Be Buried at Boston Neck, Rhode Island.

Secretary Lamont Issues a General Order Announcing the Death of This Officer—Pallbearers.

The remains of the late Brig. Gen. Thomas L. Casey will be taken to Rhode Island tomorrow forenoon, where they are to be interred at Boston Neck. Brief funeral services will be held at the house, No. 1419 K street northwest, at 8:30 o'clock tomorrow morning, conducted by Rev. Dr. Elliott, pastor of the Ascension Church. The family and brother of the deceased, Capt. Casey, U. S. N., will accompany the body.

The pallbearers have been selected from among the members of the Senate and army. They are as follows: Senators Frye, Morrill, Voorhees and Gorman, Gen. Craighill, Gen. Abanion Baird and Col. Wilson.

The death of Gen. Casey has been officially noticed by the War Department, through general orders No. 13, issued by Secretary Lamont this morning, but dated yesterday. The orders are as follows:

"The death of Brig. Gen. Thomas Lincoln Casey, U. S. A., at his residence in this city, at 2 p. m. today is announced to the Army. His retirement from active service as chief of engineers was announced in general orders, No. 31, from headquarters of the Army, May 10, 1895.

"While engaged today in the Congressional Library Building in the work of its construction, to which he had been specially assigned by act of Congress, he was attacked by sudden illness, was immediately removed to his residence, and died soon after reaching there.

"His absolute honesty, thorough devotion to public duty, and rugged force of character won for Gen. Casey the supreme confidence of the country and contributed in a marked degree to the high reputation of the corps of which he was long a distinguished member.

"As a mark of respect to his memory, the corps of engineers will wear the usual badge of mourning for the period of thirty days."

SAVED BY HIS SON.

Nine-Year-Old Boy Knocked a Murderous Tramp Senseless.

Kansas City, March 26.—A negro half-breed tramp went to the house of William Dillen, near Madison, twenty miles south of here, at noon yesterday and asked for something to eat. While Mrs. Dillen was waiting on him he picked up a piece of stove wood and struck her across the face, knocking her down and injuring her.

Her screams attracted her husband, who, with his nine-year-old boy, ran to the house, met the tramp as he was leaving and attacked him. The tramp got the best of the old man, beating him in a horrible manner. The father called to the boy for assistance, and the latter struck the tramp over the head with a rake handle, knocking him senseless. They boy then got a shotgun and would have blown the tramp's head off, but the father interfered.

The brute was then tied hand and foot and, with the assistance of neighbors, taken to jail. He refused to give his name and when a mob threatened to lynch him he jeered and blasphemed at them. Last evening the sheriff, aided by a posse, removed the prisoner to Turka. A lynching is looked for, as talk of that character was freely indulged in.

FOUND A MAN IN THE BED.

Startling Discovery of a Young Lady Upon Returning Home.

Jersey City, March 26.—Miss Kittie Fitzpatrick, aged twenty-two returned to her home, No. 92 Montgomery street, from a birthday party early yesterday morning. She did not light the gas in her room. After partially disrobing Miss Fitzpatrick chanced to touch the center of the bed with her hand. She was horrified to find some one in her bed.

She rushed into the hallway and alarmed the folks in the house. Police Sergeant Hopkins found a colored man snoring in Miss Fitzpatrick's soft bed in blissful ignorance of the excitement he was creating. It was with difficulty that he was aroused. He was arrested and fined $10 yesterday.

He is Edmund Degruder, a palace car porter. He had gone into the wrong house while drunk and had found Miss Fitzpatrick's room conveniently open. He was sleeping his way into sobriety when Miss Fitzpatrick rudely disturbed him.

STRUCK WITH A BRICK.

Indiana Lawyer Assaulted by an Insulted Girl's Brother.

Evansville, Ind., March 26.—Lawyer William H. Gudgel, prominent in Southern Indiana politics and candidate for circuit judge before the Republican convention, is in a critical condition, the result of being struck on the head with a brick on Tuesday night, by Frank Behme, a young man.

A sister of Behme's recently had Mr. Gudgel arrested for insulting her on the street, but the latter proved an alibi and was cleared of the charge by a jury. The assault is the result of that decision. Behme is in jail charged with intent to murder.

Two Men Crushed Under a Train.

Pittsburg, March 26.—Ernest E. Eaton and Christian Warner, inspectors on the Pennsylvania Railroad, were killed in the yards at Wall station yesterday. They were working under a car, when an extra freight ran in on the same switch. The supports were knocked away and the car fell on them. Eaton was instantly killed and Warner died at the hospital.

Baby Fell Into Boiling Lye.

Lebanon, Pa., March 26.—While playing yesterday in the yard of her father's premises, a three-year-old daughter of Cyrus Hellman of North Annville township, fell headlong into a tubful of boiling lye, which had been prepared to make homemade soap, and was so badly burned about the face, neck and arms that she will die.

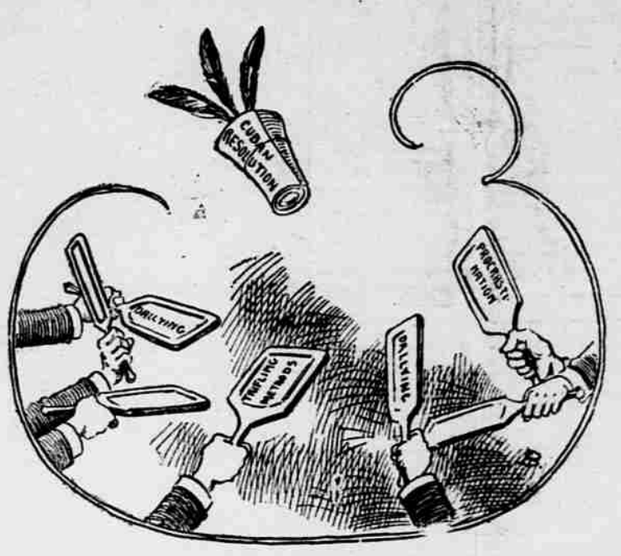
George Kennan's Father Dead.

Montclair, N. J., March 26.—John Kennan, father of George Kennan, the Siberian traveler, died yesterday at the home of his daughter, Mrs. E. D. Moore. He was ninety-three years of age. Mr. Kennan was a son of Rev. Thomas Kennan, and was born in Waterbury, Vt., in 1803. A widow and five grown children survive him.

Strike Declared Off.

Little Rock, Ark., March 26.—The strike at the government army post was declared off yesterday. The government assumed all the contracts and will push the work to completion.

Meanwhile Cuba Bleeds.



VICTIM OF CIGARETTES

Examination Into the Mental Condition of Irving S. Beall.

CLAIM HIS MIND IS WEAK

Young Man's Father Testifies That His Son Does Not Realize What He Is Doing—Unable to Control His Propensity for Obtaining Money Under False Pretenses.

The case of Irving S. Beall, the young man whose father, Otho R. Beall, has asked the court to send him to the asylum, came up at noon today before a marshal's jury.

Young Beall is six months less than twenty-one years of age. He has been confined in jail on a charge of obtaining money under false pretenses. Bonds were fixed at $300, but the father declined to go his bail because of the youth's propensity for evil. He has already served ten months in the penitentiary on a similar charge, being pardoned by the President.

C. T. Yoder and Joseph Shillington appeared for the family, while Assistant District Attorney Tracy L. Jeffords conducted the government's case. The prisoner sat in court behind his mother.

Mr. Beall, the father of the young man, was the first witness before the jury.

"From the age of twelve years," said the father with tears in his eyes and a sob in his voice, "my son has had a propensity for appropriating things that were not his own. The desire to get money under false pretenses was a passion over which he seemed to have no control.

VICTIM OF CIGARETTES.

"We reasoned with him and explained to him the punishments for such offenses. He said he never realized that he had done wrong until after he had committed the act. We talked the subject over about eighteen months ago of sending him to an asylum, and he acquiesced."

"To what do you attribute this?" asked Mr. Shillington.

"He had a long siege of the measles and typhoid fever, and I think that left him with weak mind."

"How about his habits?"

"He smoked cigarettes incessantly. I wanted him to quit, but he would not do so."

"When did your son go to the penitentiary?" asked Mr. Jeffords.

"Last May."

"It was on a suspended sentence, was it not?"

"Yes, it was. He was brought back into the city by a decoy letter written by his enemies."

"You said nothing about his insanity when the judge sentenced him to the penitentiary or when you asked for a pardon."

"No; we did not care to bring that before the public until every other excuse was exhausted."

"Was there any insanity in your family?"

"My father and uncles were insane."

The mother of the young man was the next witness.

"How about your son smoking cigarettes?" asked Mr. Shillington.

"He has done it ever since he was fourteen years old," replied Mrs. Beall.

Seth Thompson, grandfather of the subject of the investigation, told of the eccentricities of the wayward boy.

"I dislike to say it," continued the witness, "but insanity is in the family."

"You think he should be placed in an asylum?"

"Undoubtedly; I do."

"Do you think the smoking of cigarettes had a tendency to unbalance his mind?" asked a juror.

"I certainly do, sir."

INSANITY EXPERT TESTIFIES.

Dr. Elmer Sothorn testified that the boy is incompetent to resist the temptation when it comes over him and he believed him insane. Dr. Irving C. Rosse, the sanity expert, considered the boy of unsound mind, and thought he should be confined in an asylum.

"Isn't the state of mind you have ascribed to him common to every criminal?" asked Mr. Jeffords.

"No, indeed."

"Did you testify in the Beam, Taylor and Schneider cases?"

"Yes."

"And you found them insane?" continued Mr. Jeffords.

"Yes; and the autopsy in the last case showed that Schneider was insane."

Dr. W. P. C. Hazen said it was doubtful whether the lad could be cured of his affliction. He termed it emotional insanity. Young Beall worked in the Adams Express Company, under John E. Brown, who told the jury that he found the boy "off" on repeated occasions. He was perfectly trustworthy while in Mr. Brown's employ.

JURY SAYS HE'S INSANE.

Mr. Jeffords placed John R. Leonard, warden of the jail, on the stand.

"How long have you known Irving S. Beall?" asked Mr. Jeffords.

"Over a year; since his first commitment, in fact," answered Mr. Leonard.

"What about his mental condition?"

"He appeared perfectly sane."

Capt. Woodward and Mr. Smith, guards at the jail, gave evidence of the same nature. Dr. J. Wesley Bovee also considered the prisoner sane.

Dr. W. K. Shute thought the young man knew right from wrong. He said he believed nine-tenths of all criminals were mentally affected. Dr. V. B. Jackson testified to the same effect.

At the close of the case the jury decided that young Beall was "suffering from emotional insanity dating back one year." He will probably be confined in St. Elizabeth's Asylum.

42 elegant all-wool Spring Suits, made to order by custom tailors, for $18 to $25—all misfits or uncalled for—today at $8 and $10. Misfit Clothing Parlors, 407 Seventh street.

THE DISTRICT IN CONGRESS

Bill Introduced for Erection of Hall of Records.

Another Measure to Incorporate the Homeopathic College—Some of the Other Bills Introduced.

Mr. Milliken has introduced in the House a bill to provide for the erection of a Hall of Records at the intersection of Ohio and Louisiana avenues and Tenth and Twelfth streets northwest, on the ground now occupied as a wholesale market. It is proposed to erect, at a cost not to exceed $200,000, suitable fireproof building to be used as a hall of records for the safe-keeping of such valuable records of the executive, legislative and judicial departments of the government as in the judgment of the heads of such departments are not required for constant reference, and for storage rooms and folding rooms for the House of Representatives, and for such other purposes as may be hereafter determined.

Mr. Gardner has introduced in the House a bill to incorporate the Washington Homeopathic Medical College. The bill is on the same lines as that heretofore presented, but has been reframed so as to obviate, if possible, the objection upon which the Commissioners based an adverse report.

Mr. Rusk has, by request, introduced in the House a bill to incorporate the Columbia Subway Company. The following are named as incorporators: T. Barton Jones, G. C. Schuermann and John Henry Keen of Baltimore, and A. W. Fletcher, H. C. Lybrand, H. J. Finley and Charles Einstein of Washington. The provisions contained in the bill are practically the same as those suggested in the subway bill submitted by the Commissioners.

The bill to prevent speculation in claims and witness fees by the officers and employes of Federal courts was taken up in the House.

Mr. Grosvenor opposed it because the penalty attached as punishment is degradation by removal from office. He did not believe such a provision would be held constitutional.

Messrs. Bartlett, Dingley, and others opposed the bill, after which Mr. Henderson withdrew it.

In the Senate Mr. McMillan introduced a bill to authorize the Anacostia and Potomac Railroad to change its motive power and to extend its lines in two directions. The company is permitted to substitute for horse cars any modern system of power if it be done within two years.

If the change shall not have been made within two years, the company is required to put in an underground electric system. This applies to the main line from the Washington end of the Navy Yard Bridge to the present terminus at Eleventh and G streets.

The first extension proposed is from Eleventh and G streets southeast along Eleventh street to Florida avenue or Boundary. This can be made as soon as the grades of Florida avenue shall have been permanently established.

The second is from Seventeenth and E streets southeast, along E street extended to the Maryland line, also along Good Hope road to Overlook Inn, also along avenue passing the government hospital to Congress Heights and along Harrison street back to the Good Hope road.

This measure, it is understood, has been accepted by Mr. Griswold as satisfactory.

SCULPTOR PAID THE BILL.

Work of Erecting the Statue of Gen. Hancock Begun.

The difficulty that stood in the way of putting in place the statue of Gen. Hancock at the corner of Seventh street and Pennsylvania avenue, was removed this morning by Mr. Henry J. Ellicott, the sculptor, paying the debt of $60, for which it had been seized by a constable.

After the levy had been satisfied the statue was loaded into one of Knox's express wagons and hauled from the depot to the pedestal, where preparations were begun for putting it in place. The statue is in sixteen sections of cast bronze, including the base, and will be put together on the pedestal.

He Withdrew His Plea.

Andrew J. Allison, charged with keeping a gambling house, was tried in Judge Miller's court this afternoon. Lawyer John A. Clarke for the defendant and Mr. Mullowny for the government. Allison withdrew his plea of not guilty and the court accepted his personal bonds in a suspension of sentence.

Reception to G. A. R. Veterans.

Past Department Commander Marion T. Anderson of the G. A. R. will tender a reception to his old comrades of Post No. 3 at his home, No. 471 Florida avenue northwest tonight. The veterans will meet at the corner of Seventh and T streets at 8 o'clock and proceed to the house in a body.

Money Grant for Dongola Campaign.

Cairo, March 26.—The Egyptian public debt commission has decided to advance from the reserve fund the sum of £500,000 asked by the government for the purpose of defraying the cost of the Nile expedition. Of this amount £200,000 will be furnished immediately.

Cannot Find Mrs. Phillips.

The detectives have been busy today trying to locate Mrs. Phillips, who is wanted on a charge of swindling Mrs. W. B. Beeks, her landlady. Up to late this afternoon they were unable to find her. She is believed to have left the city, and the authorities of Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York have been notified to look out for her.

White Settlers Murdered.

Cape Town, March 26.—Information has been received here that the Matabeles of the Inseza and Filabusi districts have revolted and murdered many of the white settlers there. Large numbers of whites are flocking to Buluwayo for protection.

MAVROYENI BEY RECALLED

Turkey Incensed Over America's Sympathy With Armenia.

THE SECRETARY ALSO TO GO

Turkish Minister Closeted With Secretary Olney for a Long Time This Morning—Action of Congress With Reference to the Outrages in Asia Minor—Probable Course of Porte.

London, March 26.—The Times publishes a dispatch from Stamboul saying that the Turkish minister at Washington and the first secretary of legation will be recalled owing to the sympathy of the Americans with the Armenians.

Constantinople, March 26.—The report that Mavroyeni Bey, Turkish minister to the United States, has been recalled is confirmed by information obtained at the foreign office here.

Mavroyeni Bey, son of the Sultan of Turkey's Greek physician, who, since 1887, has been Turkish minister to the United States, but who has now been recalled, according to reports from Constantinople, was closeted with Secretary Olney for a considerable time this morning, this being diplomatic day at the Department of State.

CONGRESSIONAL ACTION ON ARMENIA.

The history of the Congressional action of the United States in regard to the Armenian troubles is as follows: On the 3d of December last, the Senate passed a resolution asking the President, with the usual qualification, "if not incompatible with the public interest," to communicate any information in his possession as to alleged cruelties committed on Armenians in Turkey, and whether these cruelties had been committed on persons who had declared their intention of becoming American citizens, or because of their being Christians.

The President was also asked to inform the Senate whether the United States had expostulated with Turkey in regard to these matters, or proposed to act in concert with other Christian powers regarding the same.

On the 11th of December the President sent a response which included a report from Mr. Gresham, then Secretary of State, in which it was stated that no information had been received as to cruelties committed upon citizens of the United States and that consequently no "expostulations" had been addressed to Turkey.

TURKEY'S COURSE CONDEMNED.

After some discussion the House and Senate adopted, more than a month ago, a concurrent resolution upon the subject, upon which, as far as known, the President has taken no action, condemning Turkey's outrages upon Armenia, calling upon the great powers of Europe to take steps to put a stop to them, requesting the President to communicate the resolutions to the governments of Great Britain, Germany, Austria, France, Italy and Russia, and pledging to the President the support of Congress in the most vigorous action he may take for the protection and security of American citizens in Turkey, and to obtain redress for injuries committed upon the persons or property of such citizens.

This result was practically reached yesterday. It shuts off all further debate in the Senate, where there was the evidence of a spirit of antagonism that the committee believed would be exercised to the ultimate defeat of any and all resolutions.

The House, it is believed, will agree to the report without delay.

LICENSES WILL BE REVOKED.

Vessels Must Not Furnish Bait to Unlicensed American Fishing Smacks.

John B. Riley, United States consul general at Ottawa, has informed the State Department that the Dominion government proposes to issue orders revoking licenses of vessels that obtain bait and supplies at Canadian ports and then furnish them to unlicensed American vessels. Under the fisheries agreement between Great Britain and the United States American fishing vessels must have licenses in order to allow them to obtain bait and supplies in Canadian territory.

The proposed order provides that the license of any American or Canadian vessel "will become null and void and forfeited therewith, and the vessel will become ineligible to obtain a license in future, if any of the goods or supplies or other advantage obtained hereunder are sold or transferred to any United States fishing vessel that has not obtained a license.

LONDON PRESS COMMENTS.

All Are Talking on Mr. Chamberlain's Free Trade Speech.

London, March 26.—Commenting upon Mr. Chamberlain's speech at the annual dinner of the Canadian Club last evening, in which he advocated free trade throughout the empire, the St. James Gazette says: "For the first time a great party leader has come forward with a distinct and intelligible program for commercial union."

The Globe cordially approves Mr. Chamberlain's ideas, but says that it cannot ignore the obstacles which are in the way of fulfillment of the plans he outlined.

The Westminster Gazette says that an imperial combination against foreign nations would be commercially disastrous.

Senator Sewell's Bravery Rewarded.

A medal of honor for conspicuous gallantry at the battle of Chancellorsville, on May 3, 1863, was issued today by the War Department to Senator William J. Sewell of New Jersey, brevet major general, United States Volunteers. Gen. Sewell, then a colonel, took command of his brigade when the general commanding was incapacitated, and, although wounded, fought it through the day.

Incendiary Fire.

Chambersburg, Pa., March 26.—An incendiary fire at 2 o'clock this morning destroyed the upper floor and roof of the White block, situated on Memorial square, causing a loss of $80,000. Insurance $25,000. Adjoining buildings were also damaged. Among the occupants of the White building to suffer loss was the Register printing office.

Proceeding Against Cigarette Trust.

New York, March 26.—The case of the State of New Jersey against the American Tobacco Company, known as the "Cigarette Trust," came up before Vice-Chancellor Reed this morning. The action is to test the constitutionality of the organization, and involves principles similar to those which Chancellor McGill decided, in the celebrated coal combine case, whether companies can combine for restraint of the trade.

Struck by a Train.

An unknown white man was struck by a train at the corner of Fourteenth street and Maryland avenue, near the Long Bridge. He is thought to be fatally hurt.

Cost Him Five Dollars.

Gusseipe Cararetzze, the Italian balloon vender, who assaulted Frank Delgaria with a beer bottle, was fined $5 by Judge Miller this afternoon.

28 fine custom-made $18 Spring Topcoats from Louisville merchant tailors today at $8 at the Misfit Clothing Parlors, 407 Seventh street.

AGREE WITH SENATE.

House Conferees Adopt the Cuban Resolutions Already Passed.

The conferees have agreed to the Senate Cuban resolutions.

These resolutions were the ones first sent over and on which there was a disagreement. This means that the resolutions will be adopted.

AGROUND ON SEWELL'S POINT.

Old Dominion Steamer Yorktown Went Ashore in the Fog.

Fort Monroe, Va., March 26.—The Old Dominion Line steamer Yorktown went ashore on Sewell's Point in the fog this morning.

WHAT CLEVELAND WROTE

Indorsement of the President on Kershner Court-Martial Findings.

Saw No Way to Excuse the Officer, So He Had to Agree With the Sentence.

After holding it back for more than a week Secretary Herbert today made public the indorsement of President Cleveland in the case of Medical Inspector Edward Kershner, who was dismissed from the navy on March 19, on conviction of a "violation of a lawful regulation issued by the Secretary of the Navy" and of scandalous conduct tending to the destruction of good morals.

The charges involved perjury, and the court-martial sentenced the medical inspector to dismissal. Secretary Herbert many months ago sent the case to the President with the recommendation that the sentence be confirmed, but the President did not act until March 17th instant. The President's indorsement follows:

"The sentence in the foregoing case of Medical Inspector Edward Kershner, United States Navy, is hereby confirmed and approved.

"I have examined all the proceedings in this case and everything bearing upon it with the utmost care, and would have been glad to find a justification for a mitigation of the sentence imposed. I have not been able, however, to escape the conviction that Medical Inspector Kershner, with an unworthy intent and in an insubordinate spirit, violated an important and salutary regulation of the Navy Department.

"I am also fully convinced that to conceal his fault he deliberately and under oath gave evidence before a court of inquiry which, if it did not technically constitute perjury, amounted to a plain and intentional suggestion of falsehood and a willful suppression of the truth.

"These offenses of which the accused has been found guilty involve so much that is perilous to the high sense of honor that should characterize the personnel of our navy and so much that is dangerous to proper discipline in that branch of our service that it seems to me a proper regard for public duty precludes my interference with the sentence which the court-martial has imposed."

Secretary Herbert on March 19 appended the following: "Medical Inspector Edward Kershner, U. S. Navy, accordingly ceases to be an officer of the Navy from the date of this order."

FUNERAL OF MR. WEBSTER.

Epiphany Church Was Crowded With Friends of the Deceased.

Funeral services over the remains of the late William H. Webster, chief clerk of the Civil Service Commission, were held from Epiphany Church at 2 o'clock this afternoon. The church was draped in black and was crowded with friends of the deceased.

Kit Carson Post, No. 4, G. A. R., was represented by its officers in uniform, and a number of members were also in attendance. Mount Vernon R. A. Chapter, No. 3, of Masons, attended in a body and in full regalia. The Union Soldiers' Alliance also had a representation in uniform, and the members of Psi Upsilon Fraternity also attended in a body.

The remains were viewed at the church by the concourse, most of whom followed them to Arlington, where they were interred.

SOME FISHERMEN SAVED.

Twenty-four Arrive Home From the Ice Floes.

Bay City, Mich., March 26.—Twenty-four fishermen who were carried out on the ice in Saginaw Bay Tuesday afternoon reached shore safely yesterday afternoon city. They report having had a thrilling experience during the night.

The wind blew a terrible gale from the southwest. Ira Fisk, a fish buyer, states that the ice rotted rapidly and that the fishermen had a close call for their lives. The water bubbled up all around them continually, and they were compelled to leave their possessions behind. It is believed that two or three men are still on the ice.

SUED FOR DAMAGES.

Capt. Barbour Defendant in a Suit Brought by Simon Gross.

Capt. Harrison S. Barbour has been sued for damages in the sum of $10,000 for an alleged breach of contract. Simon P. Gross, formerly proprietor of the Hotel Gross, Nos. 617 and 621 Thirteenth street, is the complainant.

The plaintiff stated that he sold the hotel to Capt. Barbour for $2,500, on May 7, 1894, with the understanding that he might repurchase it for the same money within nine months.

Mr. Gross said he made the offer within the time specified and tendered $1,000 extra for the time and labor expended on the hotel by the defendant. The offer was refused, and Mr. Gross asserts that he has been deprived of large profits on that account.

BORE TWO NAMES.

Man Murdered at Jeffersonville, Ind., Has Been Identified.

Jeffersonville, Ind., March 26.—Charles Scannel, who was found murdered on the banks of the river several weeks ago, has been positively identified as Michael O'Kief, of New York city. His wife and parents reside there, and are quite wealthy.

Scannel, or O'Kief, was for years an official of the Western Union Telegraph Company, representing them in South America. His father is also an official of the company. The police think he was murdered for his money.

ANNIE McGRATH WAS FICKLE.

Played Fast and Loose With Langdon and Another Man.

Philadelphia, March 26.—Another feature of the Langdon and McGrath case was made known today, which shows that the young girl, while practically living upon the bounty of Langdon and posing as his niece, was playing fast and loose with another.

With the latter Annie McGrath was the promised wife. His name is Fitzsimmons and he is a wealthy jeweler in Westchester, Pa.

Ready for the Celebration.

The committee of arrangements for the Emancipation celebration, to be held April 16, met last night and elected W. P. Hall secretary. Final arrangements were made for a reception at the Metropolitan Baptist Church after the parade, on which occasion the oration will be delivered.

ARMING THE INSURGENTS

Loaded Cartridge Belts and Modern Rifles Supplied Them.

VALUABLE CARGOES LANDED

The Bermuda Was Allowed to Unload Her Stores Without Opposition. Thousands of Well-Equipped Men Will Now Be Able to Take the Field and Carry on the Warfare.

(Special to The Times.)
(Copyright, 1896, J. G. Bennett.)

Havana, March 26.—The most important events in Cuba within a week have been the successful landing of the Collazo and the Calixto Garcia expeditions, the one near Cardenas, at Varadero Beach, the other, in the Bermuda, in the harbor of Mariel, on the north coast of Pinar del Rio, only a few miles west of the boundary line of Havana province.

To the insurgents, strong already in everything but equipment and ammunition, these successful landings are likely to be more far-reaching in their results than the winning of a great battle. The landing of the expeditions, particularly the large cargo of the Bermuda, means that empty cartridge belts will be filled in a thousand rebel camps, and that thousands of sturdy fellows, hitherto unarmed, will now carry modern rifles, and that dynamite will again become a factor in this guerrilla warfare.

MET WITH NO RESISTANCE.

The Bermuda, with her enormously valuable stores, it is said, quietly ran into Mariel harbor on Monday and discharged her freight without the slightest resistance. Though the landing was reported on perfectly trustworthy authority, no Havana newspaper has been permitted as yet even to hint at it.

Since the report of the landing of the Bermuda's cargo Maceo's recent movements are regarded as amply explained. The port of Mariel is just north of Guana-Jay, and only a small distance off Cabanas, the two points about which he has hovered for a week, constantly harassed by the Spanish columns, yet evading a serious engagement. It is now taken for granted that he already has in his custody the Bermuda's freight. To effect this and to show open defiance of the captain general's recent edicts were the primary purposes of the new invasion of Pinar del Rio.

POLITICAL SUSPECTS ARRESTED.

Gomez, meantime, is reported to have crossed the Matanzas line into Santa Clara, thus apparently showing equal scorn for the force of 18,000 or more men Gen. Pando has had there waiting for him for some weeks.

The Bermuda, as far as known, landed her entire cargo, without having been molested or even challenged.

The military police Tuesday night and yesterday made in this city 147 arrests of political suspects, who were detained on various charges. This is the largest number made here at one time. On the arrival of the steamship Olivette, from Key West, yesterday, a man, whose identity was not not disclosed, was arrested and taken to police headquarters. A rebel flag is said to have been found in his possession.

It is said here that Consul General Williams' resignation has not yet been accepted, or even acknowledged, from Washington. A report published here that Mr. Williams is now sending information concerning Cuban affairs directly to President Cleveland, is denied by the consul general as without foundation.

TRIED TO CAPTURE AN ARSENAL.

Havana, March 26.—A combination of rebel bands, taking advantage of the fact that only a small force of Spanish troops was stationed in the city of Santa Clara, marched upon that place last night, and penetrated to the center of the town, where they made an attempt to capture the arsenal. Ben. Bazan, in command of the troops in the city, accompanied only by his staff, personally inspected the points of danger and so disposed the garrison as to save the city.

The rebel leader, Leonico Vida, was killed in front of the arsenal, opposite the plaza, and his body remained on the ground, exposed to public view, this morning for several hours. The total losses as the result of the fight are not known.

The Spanish column under Col. Segura has captured a large insurgent camp at Siguanea in the province of Santa Clara. He reports that the capture of the rebel stronghold was accomplished only after several engagements were fought, resulting in the killing of fourteen of the enemy and wounding a large number.

Col. Segara destroyed the camp and captured the rebel hospital, which contained 125 wounded insurgents, among them being the rebel leader, Rego. A large quantity of medicine and a number of documents were also captured.

The plantation on which the camp was situated was desolated, and the valley which the insurgents believed to be impregnable is occupied by the government troops.

Col. Pavia reports having an encounter of five hours' duration with the rebel leader Lacret at the head of 1,000 men, in which the rebels lost thirteen killed and many wounded. The Spanish had one soldier wounded. Two prisoners, who were condemned to death for the crime of rebellion against the government, were shot in the Cabanas fortress this morning.

SHORTAGE RUMORED.

But a Pennsylvania Treasurer Says Accountants Made a Mistake.

Mercer, Pa., March 26.—There is much excitement in Mercer over the report that County Treasurer W. J. Graham is short in his accounts to the extent of $8,936.

Treasurer Graham claims that the report is false, and that the auditing committee have made a mistake. Graham has turned over his accounts to his bondsmen, and deputized S. M. Sherwoodl to take charge of his office, pending a re-examination of his accounts. Graham's honesty has never before been in question, and his bondsmen are satisfied that there has been no misappropriation of county funds.

An Accounting Now Asked.

Another suit in the now famous litigation between Martina Carr and her sister's children, Wilton J., Maud C. and Mildred B. Lambert, was filed today. This time Mrs. Carr calls attention to the fact that Mrs. Mary Van Riswick left personal property valued at $75,000 or more. She says that her nephew, Wilton J. Lambert, has been made executor and trustee over this and because of the peculiar influence he had over his grandmother, Mrs. Van Riswick, his aunt wants the court to compel him to make an accounting. She also asks for receivers to take care of both personalty and realty while the suits are on.

Big Western Lumber Deal.

Cloquet, Minn., March 26.—The Weyerhauser syndicate has purchased from the C. N. Nelsons Lumber Company the latter's vast pine forests in St. Louis and Carleton counties. The amount the C. N. Nelson Company gets for its interests in this section is placed at about $4,000,000 cash or its equivalent, making the trade one of the largest that has ever taken place in Minnesota pine timber interests.

28 fine custom-made $18 Spring Topcoats from Louisville merchant tailors today at $8 at the Misfit Clothing Parlors, 407 Seventh street.