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First-class service. 'Phone, 1383.

Fined for Purloining Brass.

Policeman Mellen yesterday afternoon arrested two fifteen-year-old boys who were attempting to sell twelve pieces of brass to an old junk dealer on C street. They were taken to the Twelfth street station, where they gave their names as Arthur Pennington and Henry M. Carr, and said that they formerly worked for the Metropolitan Railroad Company, and admitted having stolen the pieces of brass, which were used as bearings on the electric line. They were charged with petit larceny in police court this morning and each fined $10.

CANONIZED BY THE CHURCH

Fathers Zaccaria and Fourier de Mataincour Elevated.

THE PONTIFF ON THE THRONE

Brilliant Cortege in the Sistine Chapel—The Pope Pronounced the Formula and Rome's Three Hundred Church Bells Rang Out Peals of Joy—Large Congregation.

Rome, May 27.—From 6 o'clock until 10.30 yesterday morning crowds of persons who had received invitations were wending their way from all directions to St. Peter's Church to witness the great ceremony of the canonization of the Blessed Father Zaccaria, founder of the Order of Barnabites, and the Blessed Father Fourier de Mataincour, surnamed the Apostle of Lorraine, and for several hours a long line of people stood at the gates awaiting entrance upon their invitations, or seeking admission to the church under other conditions. The great square was lined with troops, and the houses near the square, as well as throughout the city, were decorated with flags.

An immense and magnificent cortege was formed at 8 o'clock in the Sistine Chapel, from which the march was taken up to the church. The Pope appeared in the church at 8.30 o'clock, but the procession lasted an hour and a half.

The entry of the Pope was heralded by a blast of silver trumpets, and aroused an outburst of admiration an dsome applause.

These manifestations were immediately suppressed, however, as acclamations are forbidden within the church.

The cortege filed slowly through the central nave, with frequent halts. The Pope tore up well, and bestowed the pontifical blessing right and left as he passed along. The pontiff arrived at the throne at 10 o'clock. Ten cardinals assisted him to alight from the sedia gestatoria, upon which his holiness was borne, and mount the throne. They then filed past him after kissing his hand, after which the bishops and other prelates filed past, kissing his cross and stole. The ceremony of canonization began with a religious service, during which the silence of the enormous congregation of 40,000 people was admirably maintained. The foreign diplomats, in their gorgeous attire, occupied places in the tribune. All of the Knights of Malta wore glittering uniforms, and presented a splendid appearance.

Many persons in the congregation fainted during the ceremony and were promptly removed by priests and sisters to various places, where restoratives and medical attendance had been provided.

Today's ceremony was the most characteristic of any that has taken place during the reign of Pope Leo XIII. The decorations inside the church cost 180,000. The throne was surrounded by artistic candelabra, each surmounted by an angel scattering flowers. Eight thousand meters of red damask with gold stars were used in completing the hangings, and the lights were contained in 1,000 candelabra. Two of these were colossal, carrying 800 candles each.

Altogether, there were 20,000 candles, which will burn from 9 o'clock until 5 in the afternoon, in honor of the glory of the saints, and at night 10,000 torches will illuminate the facade, collonades and piazza of the Church of St. Peter.

The Pope, at 11.15 o'clock, pronounced the formula of canonization, and simultaneously all of the bells of the 300 churches in Rome were rung. The ceremonies were concluded at 1 o'clock.

This afternoon the Pope ascended to his apartments and saluted the crowd below, who had assembled in the hope of catching a glimpse of him. The church was opened to the public at 3 o'clock.

HIS SISTER PLEADED FOR HIM.

But O'Grady Was Fined Five Dollars for Disorderly Conduct.

Edward O'Grady, a well-dressed young man was in the police court dock this morning, charged with disorderly conduct.

It appeared from the testimony of Officer Hanley, who made the arrest, that young O'Grady was with a crowd of corner loafers at Twenty-sixth and T streets last night and that they had a quarter keg of beer, from which they were drinking. The prisoner became disorderly and was taken into custody.

When his case was called his sister, a bright-eyed, rosy-cheeked lass of fifteen, came forward to plead for her brother.

"Oh, your honor," she said, "he is only nineteen and is the sole support of our mother. He would never have done this if he hadn't been tempted by bad company."

"A boy of nineteen," said the court, "is old enough to resist temptation. He is fined $5."

At this tears began to stream from the eyes of the pretty sister, and as she walked back to her seat she began to cry bitterly. For some time afterward she sat there sobbing to herself, but finally arose and walked slowly from the court.

LODGING IN EMPTY CARS.

White and Colored Men Rounded Up and Brought Into Court.

Railroad Detective Joseph Rupple made a single-handed raid between 1 and 2 o'clock this morning on the itinerants who convert empty freight cars into impromptu lodging-houses. The raid was made in the railroad freight yard on Maryland avenue, near the Long Bridge. Rupple was enabled to locate the sleepers by their loud snoring in the cars.

He captured Thomas O'Neal, Richard Britner, Benjamin Lewis, and Charles Rowe, all white, also George Jackson and Charles Williams, colored. In the police court this morning Judge Kimball sent Rowe, Williams, and Jackson to the chain gang. The others were released on their personal bonds to leave the city, unless they secure employment here, which has been promised two of them.

COLUMBIAN PRIZE DEBATE.

Bust of Justice Harlan to Be Presented.

The debating societies of the Columbian University will hold a prize debate on Saturday evening, June 5.

The bust of Mr. Justice Harlan, that has graced President Whitman's reception room for the past four weeks, will be presented to the university just preceding the debate.

The bust will be presented in behalf of the "law boys" by Hon. Walter S. Cox, LL. D., and will be accepted on the part of the university by Rev. B. L. Whitman, D.D.

John McKibben's Mental Condition.

An examination will probably be made this afternoon into the mental condition of John McKibben, a printer, residing at No. 329 O street southwest, who made three attempts last night to drown himself in James Creek Canal, assisted in The Morning Times. The young man's father called upon Sanitary Officer Frank this morning and conferred with him about the case.

"LORD BERESFORD'S" LUCK

Marriage of Sidney Lascelles to a Wealthy Georgia Girl.

Short Lapse of Time From Prison Cell to the Marriage Altar. Mayor Was Best Man.

Fitzgerald, Ga., May 27.—The lucky star of Sidney Lascelles, otherwise "Lord Beresford," is in the ascendant. Four short months ago Beresford was an inmate of a Georgia penitentiary. Within the last few days he has married Miss Pelky, of Rhode Island, who has a fortune of $100,000, and is a member of one of the foremost families of that State.

Eight years ago Lascelles eloped with Miss Lester, a Yonkers (N. Y.) heiress, and the couple were married at Pittsburg, Pa. Afterward he admitted that he had deceived her as to his position, and borrowed money from her mother for their expenses. In a short time he got into trouble in this State and was sentenced to the penitentiary for seven years, from whence he was pardoned last January. His wife in the meantime had secured a divorce.

Lascelle's present wife, Miss Pelky, is nineteen years of age and a great social favorite here. She has wealthy relatives, who have largely invested in Fitzgerald property. Five months ago Lascelles established a small insurance brokerage business, to which he added a commercial brokerage branch. Later he rented the largest brick building in the city.

He secured the franchise for the erection of light and water works here, and, selling out, realized $10,000 profit. He has been received by the best society of this town, and is reckoned as one of its most prominent citizens.

At his wedding the mayor acted as best man. Mr. and Mrs. Lascelles will build on Central avenue, as they have decided to make Fitzgerald their home.

DEAD SNAKE IN EVIDENCE.

Harry Lacy Frightened Children With It—Fined and Thrashed.

A dead snake was the startling piece of evidence introduced in a police court trial this morning. It was used in the case of Harry Lacy, fifteen years of age, charged with frightening the school children of the Johnson school, in Mount Pleasant, by brandishing the snake about by the tail.

Frank R. Janitor, who took out the warrant against the lad, testified that in one instance the boy had thrown the snake about a child's neck, and that several others received severe nervous shocks from fright.

"Why, he might have frightened them to death," said Judge Kimball. "What kind of a boy are you?" to the defendant.

"I'm a boy."

"Well, you must have a streak of something worse in you, from the way you act. Children have been frightened to death by less than what you have done."

The lad's father was then called to the stand and testified that this was the first time he had ever had a complaint about his boy. He thought as he lived near the janitor should have informed him about the matter.

"Well, what do you intend to do about it?" asked the court.

"I will give him a good thrashing."

"I can't let him off on so serious an offense without a fine," continued Judge Kimball. "But he should also receive as sound a thrashing as he ever received in his life."

"Well, he'll get it," said Mr. Lacy, as he paid the fine, and the boy's face as he followed his father out of court showed that he had anything but a pleasant prospect before him.

LOUD AND MYSTERIOUS.

Mrs. Harris Justified Herself on Account of Husband's Conduct.

John Harris and his wife, Lily, were prisoners in the police court this morning, charged with being loud and boisterous in Queen's alley northwest. Policeman McDaniel, Victoria Taylor and May Smallwood being the complainants. It was shown that the wife found her husband in company with another woman, and became demonstrative.

"It was enough to make a woman loud and mysterious," said Mrs. Harris, mistaking the pronunciation of the word "boisterous." "He has been keeping company with other women for some time, and I have a right to object. He will have to choose between these females and me in the future."

"That is right," commented Judge Kimball. Then turning to Harris he said: "Go home, and hereafter leave other women alone. Take the wife's personal bonds."

The man promised to be true to his wife, and they left the court room arm in arm.

Foul Play Suspected.

Huntington, W. Va., May 27.—The body of Sadie Burks was found in the Ohio River, near City wharf, late Tuesday night. There are marks of violence on the body and a foul murder is suspected. Arrests will soon follow.

There is danger ahead for the woman who goes on suffering in silence from weaknesses and diseases peculiar to her sex. There is danger for herself. There is danger for her children. The woman who suffers thus cannot be a bright, cheerful and agreeable companion for her husband. Tortured with pain she is prone to despondency. Weakened by disease she is listless and dull and unfit to perform the duties of her household or the higher duties of wifehood and motherhood. If she bears children she risks her own life, and her children will be sickly, puny and weak. There is always danger ahead for such a woman unless she takes prompt measures to cure her troubles and stop the drain upon her system.

An unfailing cure for all weakness and disease of the organs distinctly feminine, is found in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It acts directly and only on that one set of organs. It transforms the woman tortured with the troubles peculiar to her sex. It fits her for wifehood and motherhood. Taken during the period preceding motherhood it does away with the usual discomforts of that time. It makes the coming of baby safe and almost painless. Women who want to know all about the "Favorite Prescription" should write to Dr. Pierce, chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y.

No family should be without a copy of Doctor Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. It tells how to get well and how to keep well. It is the work of Dr. R. V. Pierce for thirty years chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y. It pays special attention to diseases and weaknesses of the organs distinctly feminine and contains several chapters devoted to the reproductive physiology of women. The book contains over 1,000 pages and is handsomely illustrated. A copy, paper-covered, may be obtained *absolutely free* by sending twenty-one one-cent stamps to cover the cost of mailing *only*, to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, No. 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y. If French cloth binding is desired, send ten cents extra, thirty-one cents in all, to cover merely the extra cost of the more durable and more handsome binding. Send *now*, before the free edition is exhausted.

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SYMPATHY FOR CUBA.

Resolutions Adopted at the Meeting of the Woman's League.

At the meeting of the Woman's Cuban League last evening the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That the Woman's National Cuban League is stirred with the profoundest pity at the account which now comes to us of the recent murder of two nurses in hospital service in Cuba. Not one feature of barbarous cruelty is lacking in this case. Our hearts are deeply torn by the outrages committed on defenseless women and helpless babes, and we protest with all the strength of our womanhood against the barbarities inflicted on our sisters, and earnestly protest against our nation any longer remaining dumb and indifferent while the very heavens are rent with the cries of the dying and the outraged. All the horrors of the past two years are climaxed by the gaged in the sacred office of ministering to brutal beheading of these two nurses, on the helpless, and it touches us the more nearly, inasmuch as one of them was from our sister city of Philadelphia, a peace-loving Quaker, whose tender heart had prompted her to this mission of mercy. We therefore call on the women of our country to shout shout with one united voice that shall be heard around the world—the command that these outrages shall cease, Spain having ignored all her obligations as a nation in the Red Cross treaty by conducting a mode of warfare unequaled for savage brutality in the annals of history. We appeal to the civilized nations of the earth to interfere and compel Spain to regard the international code of ethics which they have adopted.

Resolved further, That we demand that the House of Representatives act in accord with the Senate in recognizing the belligerency of Cuba, and we implore the President to put into action—which shall secure the freedom of the island—the sympathy which our whole nation feels for these struggling patriots.

HISTORIC CASTLE PINCKNEY.

A Proposition to Convert It Into a Sanitarium.

Capt. James O. Ladd, postmaster at Summerville, S. C., Mr. A. C. Kaufman, president of the Vanderbilt Society of Charleston, S. C., and other representative citizens of the Carolina seaboard are at the Raleigh. They are a delegation on behalf of their State with a petition to Congress for the conversion of the historic Castle Pinckney in Charleston harbor into a sanitarium for the disabled officers and men of the United States Army and Navy.

A noteworthy circumstance of the petition is that, out of the hundred or more signers, Capt. Ladd, who is an ex-Federal officer with an empty sleeve, and a few other exceptions, they are all ex-Confederates or the sons of ex-Confederate soldiers. It is signed by the Catholic, the Episcopal, and the Methodist bishops of the State, and bears the indorsement of the Major Robert Anderson Post, G. A. R., at Charleston, S. C.

This post, by the way, is named after the Major Anderson who responded from Fort Sumter to the first gun of the war from the Confederate forces at Charleston. The picturesque Castle Pinckney is the harbor defense, nearest the city of Charleston, being built on an island containing twenty-five acres. The proposition will doubtless commend itself to the proper Congressional committee to which it will be referred.

APPLICANTS FOR OFFICE.

Many Still Anxious to Do the Government Some Service.

The following named persons applied for positions and filed applications at the Treasury Department today:

W. R. Murray, Knoxville, Tenn., to be Treasurer of the United States at Washington, D. C.; M. B. Gary, Cleveland, Ohio, to be collector of customs at Cleveland, Ohio; W. H. Sherrard, Oregon, to be collector of customs at Coos Bay, Ore.; J. W. Blackwood, Rutherford, N. J., to be assistant appraiser of customs at New York, N. Y.; E. T. Johnson, San Francisco, Cal., to be examiner of drugs at San Francisco, Cal.; W. J. Walker, Shreveport, La., to be naval officer at New Orleans, La."

The Best Remedy for Rheumatism.

From the Fairhaven (N. Y.) Register.

Mr. James Rowland of this village, states that for twenty-five years his wife has been a sufferer from rheumatism. A few nights ago she was in such pain that she was nearly crazy. She sent Mr. Rowland for the doctor, but he had read of Chamberlain's Pain Balm, and instead of going for the physician he went to the store and secured a bottle of it. His wife did not approve of Mr. Rowland's purchase at first, but nevertheless applied the Balm thoroughly, and in an hour's time was able to go to sleep. She now applies it whenever she feels an ache or a pain and finds that it always gives relief. He says that no medicine which she had used ever did her as much good. The 25 and 50 cent sizes for sale by Henry Evans, Wholesale and Retail Druggist, 938 F st. and Conn. ave. and 8 st. nw

Saturday and Sunday Excursions to the Country.

The B. & O. R. R. has placed on sale reduced rate excursion tickets, to be sold every Saturday and Sunday during the summer season, valid for return until following Monday, from Washington to points on the Washington Branch as far as Annapolis Junction and points on the Metropolitan Branch and main line as far as Frederick and Charlestown, W. Va.

my25-tu,th till au31

THE FUNERAL OF MOY WING

He Goes to Heaven With Roast Chicken and Cigarettes.

The Pipe That Killed Him Buried With the Body—Final Interment to Be in China.

Moy Wing is buried. The unfortunate Celestial who came to an untimely end last Monday at the Emergency Hospital from excessive opium smoking was laid to rest in Congressional Cemetery yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

The worshipers of Confucius have a mode of their own when it comes to disposing of their dead, and up to 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon Undertaker J. William Lee, who embalmed and had charge of the remains was utterly at sea as to just when the funeral was to take place. He had the body, and that was all he knew. No definite arrangements had been made, and although the coffin was ready, the burial garments were not on hand. It was nearly 2 o'clock when Moy's brother, accompanied by two fellow-laundrymen, arrived with bundles of new clothes, and the remains were dressed in true Chinese fashion, hat, shoes and all, and placed in the casket which was carried to the chapel, where for a little over an hour it laid in state.

It was nearly 3 o'clock before any one save the Celestial mourners knew that within a few minutes Moy Wing would take his journey to the grave, and promptly at that hour the funeral began. The body was bourn through a crowd of several hundred of the curious to the hearse. Moy's brother promptly mounted the seat by the driver, and all the way to the cemetery scattered bits of paper and cigarettes to the winds, to drive away the evil spirits, that they might not offend the spirit of the departed Wing.

When the grave was reached the eight or ten Celestials assembled performed the ceremonies, which consisted in the burning of incense and all of the worldly goods of Moy save his pipe, which was placed in the coffin so that in his long journey to the promised land he might still enjoy his cherished smoke. After the coffin was lowered, a cooked chicken, bundles of rice, a pot of tea and many packs of cigarettes were thrown into the grave, so that Moy Wing might not suffer from hunger should his journey prove a long one. Then the guests who had witnessed the sad, though curious, ceremonies were handed each a sugar cake, and all was over.

There were several thousand people present, and it was necessary to rope off the spot to avoid crowding.

The remains of Moy Wing are not in their last resting place, as within a few years his bones will be taken up and shipped to Canton, China, as no true follower of the Celestial belief will rest in peace save in the land of his birth.

MORA CLAIM INVOLVED.

Bill in Equity to Recover a Share in the Proceeds.

A bill in equity was filed yesterday before the supreme court of the District by Henry J. Kintz against James E. Dexter, Annie W. Frazer and Fannie K. Gordon, praying that the defendants be restrained from making any further disposition of the proceeds of a portion of the Mora claim alleged to have been at one time the property of Kintz, but subsequently unjustly kept from him by the defendant, Dexter.

Kintz avers that in lieu of an indebtedness due him by Nathaniel Paige, one of the many attorneys interested in this famous claim, he received from Paige an order for $2,500, which order was to be honored when the Mora claim was paid through the United States.

Being in pressing need of funds he borrowed a sum of money from the defendant, Dexter, giving as security the order given him by Paige, and the Mora claim having been allowed before he had paid Dexter it was agreed that Kintz was to receive $1,250 as his share. Instead of doing this he alleges that Dexter disposed of the claim to Annie W. Frazer and she in turn transferred an interest in it to Fannie K. Gordon, thus barring him entirely from receiving any of the $1,250 he alleges is due him.

Judge Cox issued the necessary order, made returnable June 1, requiring the defendants to show cause why the order should not be made. Messrs. Clayton E. Emig and H. B. Moulton represent the petitioner.

LIBRARY ASSOCIATION MEETS.

Papers Read at the Last Session Until October.

The Library Association of Washington met in the reception-room at the Columbian University last night. During the evening several papers were read, the first, by Mr. O. L. Fassig, being a brief account of the bibliography of meteorology, describing the various methods which have been used to collect and prepare meteoric subjects in other countries.

Miss Margaret C. Dyer read an interesting account of the first library conference, which was held at Melbourne, Australia, in March, 1896.

Last night's session was the last regular meeting until next October.

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URGED TO KILL HIS MOTHER

Dynamiter Knorr Tells of Lawyer Wintersteen's Proposition.

THE BLOOMSBURG CONSPIRACY

Thrilling Recital of the Details of a Plot to Commit Murder That Has Few Parallels in the History of Crime—One of the Most Sensational Trials on Record.

Bloomsburg, Pa., May 27.—Seldom if ever in all the realms of fiction is there found a story of crime so sensational in its details, so vivid in its portrayal of the hatred of one man for another, as that related upon the witness stand in the Columbia county courthouse by Clifton C. Knorr, the self-confessed dynamiter.

Face to face with Lloyd S. Wintersteen, the well-known lawyer of this place, with whom he stands indicted for attempting to blow up Levi E. Waller's residence on September 10, 1896, young Knorr told how he plotted time after time with the defendant to take Waller's life, and how a series of remarkable events led him to place a charge of dynamite upon the porch of the latter's house last fall.

There was a ripple of excitement in the courtroom as District Attorney Graham, after a consultation with his colleagues, called "Clifton C. Knorr." A slimly-built young man, attired in a dark blue serge, buttoned closely up to the neck, stepped forward and took his seat upon the stand, amid a hush of expectancy. He was the observed of all observers throughout the rest of the afternoon.

By no means attractive looking, this young man, who has run the entire gamut of vice, though but twenty-six years old, still has an appearance of refinement. He has jet black hair and eyes, a little upturned black mustache and a rather large nose, rendered more prominent by a retreating forehead.

Knorr's story of a series of diabolical plots to murder Waller and his stepmother was elicited by close questioning on the part of District Attorney Graham. His answers were scarcely audible thirty feet from the witness stand, though his manner was confident and his air hardly that of a man who feels himself placed in a very serious position.

Knorr said that he had known Wintersteen ever since the defendant had entered his father's law office. He knew when the bill in equity was filed, and his first subsequent meeting with Wintersteen was two months after the proceedings were begun, when he went to the latter's office to sell his share in the bank building.

Next he met the defendant at Harrisburg to sell his interest in the Bloomsburg Iron Company. That was on April 10, 1894, and the accused told him that, though the stock was not worth anything, he would give $2,000 for it. At the same time Wintersteen gave the witness an agreement, promising him $1,000 if he would get his mother to transfer her stock in the company to him.

The defendant first spoke of securing Mildred Knorr's stock in January, 1895. He said that a good way to secure it would be to bring partition proceedings against a Harrisburg property, owned jointly by Clifton and his sister, Mildred, and occupied by their grandmother.

Sooner than see her grandmother turned out of her home, Wintersteen said, Mildred would consent to give her share of the stock in the iron company for Clifton's share in the house. Wintersteen was to pay the costs and employ counsel.

The transfer was accomplished, Knorr simply signing the petition, and the deed was executed at the defendant's office. Though the document was dated June 3, Knorr said it was executed in January, 1895, after the proceedings were begun, which was in August, 1894. This was so as to cheat Knorr's creditors, and to prevent the entering of judgments against it. The stock was transferred direct to Wintersteen, and the latter gave the witness $1,000 as his share of the transaction.

Some time afterward the defendant said that he would be very glad to get hold of Mrs. Knorr's stock. In July, 1895, witness met Wintersteen at Reading. "We had a talk about our finances," he continued, "and I asked him if there was any way in which I could get some money. He said I could get hold of $400 or $500 if my mother would conveniently die. On August 27, 1895, in Reading, we were stopping at No. 716 Cherry street, and the defendant saw a knife lying in an open bureau drawer. He picked it up and flourished it, and said he'd like to run it through Waller; that he'd enjoy that, because of the equity suit, and he wished there was some way of getting some one to put Waller out of the way, or to throw vitriol in his face.

"I met Wintersteen in his office several days later, and he said that something would have to be done to remove Waller; that this law suit had been on long enough. I went to see my mother, directed by Wintersteen to persuade her to sell her stock. She refused, and when I told Wintersteen he was angry. He said it would give him great pleasure to hit her on the head with an ax. If the suit kept on much longer, or cost much more, he said he'd get somebody to kill both of them, and that if my mother was dead he would have me made administrator, so I could give him the stock.

"I met him at Espy Ferry in October, 1895, and he said he could not persuade my mother. He wanted to know if I would not stop in the house some night and kill her. I declined. Then he wanted me to get a man in New York to do the job for $500. He gave me $25 and told me to go there, and I went to Reading instead."

Knorr then proceeded to tell about subsequent meetings, at one of which he said, the defendant wanted him to take the knife from the bureau drawer of the Reading house and kill Waller, telling him at the same time that Waller had abused the witness, and had called him a disruptable character.

At another meeting Wintersteen gave Knorr $10 with which to purchase a weapon at Danville with which to shoot Waller. Witness bought the weapon at a Mill street hardware store, but never used it.

"He saw me that night, and said he hoped I would be successful," continued Knorr. "Afterward he did not like me to give up my quest for Waller, and told me to go to Sunbury and to buy some vitriol to throw in his face; but I said I was going home to stop with my mother. He said: 'Well, if you go there you may get a chance to give her a dose of something to put her out of the way.'"

The subject of using dynamite, according to the witness, was broached in June, 1896, when Wintersteen said he knew where to get all the explosive he wanted—in Armstrong's quarry.

"He said that if I succeeded in blowing Waller up," said Knorr, "and in making him withdraw from the equity suit, he would give me $4,000 or $5,000. He told me how to get to the quarry; but I couldn't find it, and told him so next morning. He drew a diagram for me and said that if I would try it again that night he might meet me there. He met me on the road and I got the dynamite and put it under a pile of boards in the rear of my mother's lot. He told me all about how to set it off the next day."

The details of the meeting at the Exchange Hotel, at Wilkesbarre, on September 9, and of the alleged discussion of plans to blow up the Waller house the next day, were then repeated.

"He said he'd like to see me blow Waller and his whole family to hell," said Knorr; and the witness then went on to describe his movements on the night of and subsequent to the explosion, and his meeting with Wintersteen at Sallie Gast's house, at Reading. It was substantially the same story he told at the preliminary hearing.

In the trial today Knorr, in response to questions of Attorney Shields, in cross-examination, testified:

"The reason I did not use a knife or revolver was because I did not wish to kill Mr. Waller. The reason I used the dynamite to blow up his house was because Wintersteen told me to. I had been fooling Wintersteen so often that I was afraid to do it again. I was afraid of his anger and he would not give me any more money."

Knorr occupied the stand all the forenoon. On direct examination, after detailing anew the explosion, together with his meetings with Wintersteen prior to the commission of the crime and his subsequent flight to Reading, Knorr told of several visits of Wintersteen to him in Reading, where Knorr was living with Mrs. Sallie Gast. He told about securing diphtheria germs from John Rothschilds, of No. 394 Bowery, New York. These were secured, he said, with money furnished by Wintersteen for that purpose, but after receiving the package he threw them away. The understanding was that Knorr was to scatter them about the clothing of his stepmother, with the expectation that she would thus contract diphtheria and die.

Then, according to the witness, Wintersteen asked if there wasn't some poison that would be hard to trace which could be used to remove Mrs. Knorr. Witness suggested tartrate of antimony, and Wintersteen furnished the money to buy some, which Knorr showed to him, and which he then threw away. Knorr said he put nitro-chlorade in his stepmother's tea, but that was not poisonous.

Several registers at hotels at which, according to Knorr's testimony, he and Wintersteen had stopped, were produced, and the signatures of Knorr and Wintersteen identified, in order to corroborate that part of the witness' testimony, referring to certain dates. Cross-examination failed to shake Knorr's testimony. He was cool and deliberate, and apparently much more at ease than yesterday.

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GENERAL SPORTING NOTES.

William M. Mackdermott, the athlete and coach of the Johns Hopkins University teams, was yesterday presented at a mass meeting of the students a beautiful gold stop-watch, in recognition of his services to Hopkins athletics.

Walter S. Hipple, the sprinter, sailed for England yesterday. He is a member of the Barnard School and the New York Athletic Club, and is the half-mile champion of the Interscholastic Association. Hipple will contest with some of England's crack runners.

Bicycle racers are notified that the failure to pay entry fees will entail a suspension of one month after fees are paid—two months for second offense and four months for third; but race promoters must show that they requested payment before allowing a start, and were refused.

A refusal of Harvard's challenge for a race at Newport has been received from the Yale Yacht Club. When Harvard first challenged Yale accepted on condition that the race be held at New London instead of Newport. New London was unsatisfactory to Harvard, and, owing to the lateness of Yale's commencement this year, Yale feels unable to race at Newport.

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