HUNGRY CAMP BLACK BOYS

Fortunes Are Made While the Troops Lack Nourishment.

OCCASIONAL BREAKFAST MENU

Two or Three Times a Week the Soldiers Are Given a Royal Treat in the Way of a Succulent Slice of Meat—The Government Allowance Per Man.

New York, June 4.—Following is the breakfast menu served at Camp Black yesterday, with the cost of the food in quantity to feed 3,000 men, which is the number now at Camp Black:

BREAKFAST.
One boiled potato, 1-8c.
Two biscuits of hardtack, 1-2c. Butter for one biscuit, 1-2c.
Two thirds of a cup of coffee without milk, one spoonful of sugar, 1-2c.
DINNER.
One-half cup of bad soup, 2c.
One piece of fish, two by three inches and one inch thick, 5c.
One boiled potato, 1-8c.
Two biscuits of hardtack, 1-2c.
SUPPER.
One big spoonful of hash, 3c.
Two biscuits of hardtack, 1-2c.
Two-thirds of a cup of coffee without milk, 1-2c.

The United States Government is feeding these soldiers and allows 29 cents per man per day for rations. The cost of the breakfast, dinner and supper for each man in this company was 13 1-4 cents and the soldiers did their own cooking. If all the men at Camp Black fared so poorly their food yesterday cost $397.50.

Three thousand times 29 cents is $1,170.

Thus are fortunes made in time of war. The men in this company were actually hungry last night. When they enlisted they were strong and healthy, and naturally they had good appetites. Outdoor life and the exercise of drilling has put a sharper edge on their appetites. So they were hungry last night after their alleged supper, and they went to bed hungry; for they had spent all their money. Some declare they do not get enough to eat unless they buy additional food at the canteens. And they have spent all their money for extra food at the canteens. Some of them have daily paid out more than twice the amount they earned as soldiers.

The variation in this daily menu is beefsteak served two or three times a week. The soldiers of one company of the Twenty-second said yesterday the beefsteak is so tough they cannot eat it.

That these soldiers are healthy, and therefore have good appetites, was proved by the surgeon's report for May, issued yesterday morning. Despite the deluge of rain during the month, less than 1 per cent of the men have been ill. Had it not been for the epidemic of measles in the First Regiment, the percentage of sickness would have been much lower.

Private Place, of the Twentieth Separate Company, was taken to the hospital with well-developed measles. His company has been quarantined.

Earnest and ambitious patriots of the Twenty-second count on the other fellows' measles to send them to the Philippines.

While the Twenty-second bears the First Regiment no ill-will, its men and officers say that if the disease keeps the First Regiment in quarantine, the Twenty-second will surely be sent to Manila. They understand that one more New York regiment will be ordered to the Philippines, and that the choice lies between the Twenty-second and the First.

Schuyler Schieffelin, of New York, who was an aide-de-camp on Gen. Butt's staff, with the rank of major, has been appointed second lieutenant of Company A, Forty-seventh Regiment. The appointment is temporary, and was made in order that the major might be mustered in. As soon as he takes the oath he will go to San Francisco to join Gen. Greene, whom he will accompany to Manila, as an aide on his staff.

Sergt. Edward L. Martin, of Company G, Forty-seventh Regiment, was married at midnight last night, to Miss Marie Elizabeth Lee, of Brooklyn. The ceremony was performed in St. Thomas Episcopal Church, Brooklyn, by the Rev. Mr. Jones. The soldier bridegroom returned to camp today, and, although his comrades noisily welcomed him, he bore his blushing honors meekly.

CHARITY DANCES FORBIDDEN.

Such Affairs Must Be Conducted According to Diocesan Law.

Syracuse, N. Y., June 4.—The Rt. Rev. P. A. Ludden, bishop of Syracuse, yesterday issued an edict calling attention of rectors and pastors and Catholic societies to the rules governing picnics, socials, etc., to prevent and guard against abuses in connection with affairs of that kind. In it he said:

"All kinds of round dancing, night dancing, dancing in halls or ball-rooms for the purpose of raising money for church purposes or public charities are strictly and unqualifiedly forbidden.

"The sale of wine, beer or any other kind of intoxicating liquors at church picnics, excursions, festivals, suppers, etc., is strictly forbidden and will not be permitted under any circumstances or pretense whatsoever.

"Moonlight excursions, picnics continued until after nightfall, meetings of the people where morals and good behavior are endangered are also strictly forbidden.

"Before any picnic or excursion, whether for church or society purposes, may be held, the written permission of the ordinary must be obtained."

Maryland Democratic Editors.

The Maryland Democratic Editors' Association will hold its annual meeting on Tuesday of next week, at the Carrollton Hotel, Baltimore. Later the members, in charge of Editor King, St. Mary's Beacon, Leonardtown, will enjoy a trip down the Chesapeake and on the Patuxent River on one of the steamers of the Weems Line. They will visit points of interest in Southern Maryland, Leonardtown probably being among them, and Mr. King will tell them all about the sentiments in Southern Maryland. Families of many of the members will accompany them.

Veterans Entertained.

The Confederate Veterans of Lee Camp, Alexandria, were entertained last night on occasion of the birthday of President Jefferson Davis by the ladies of the Seventeenth Virginia Chapter of United Daughters of the Confederacy. The Confederate Veterans assembled at the Columbia engine house, and marched under charge of Commander Edgar Warfield to the hall at the corner of Prince and Fairfax Streets, where they were received by the ladies, and a most pleasant evening was spent.

The Oriental Balance of Power.

(From the Baltimore Sun.)

If it be true, as reported, that England and Japan have reached a cordial understanding, not only in respect to the future of China, but also in respect to the developments of our war with Spain, it is a great point gained for the United States. The understanding is a benevolent one as regards our interest. It is a good thing for Japan, which country has aggressive Russia for a neighbor, to have two such powers as the United States and England to assist in maintaining the balance of power in that quarter of the world. It is also a good thing for us, in case we decide to retain the Philippine Islands as a help to trade with China, to have behind us until our Navy is stronger the ample naval resources of England and Japan.

ASSAULTED HIS WIFE.

Police Are Looking for James Willis to Answer a Serious Charge.

The police are looking for James Willis, colored, who last night assaulted his wife, Ella Willis, in the rear of No. 1245 Madison Street. The injured woman is at the Freedman's Hospital, and her injuries are regarded as serious. The man is of powerful build. Willis quarreled with his wife last night and then, turning upon her, felled her with a blow of his fist. While the woman lay on the ground he continued to beat and kick her. Her cries attracted the attention of several persons and Willis hurried from the place and made his escape. Policeman Hendricks finally appeared and summoned an ambulance. A crowd collected and it was with difficulty that the police could get to the body of the woman. When placed in the wagon, Mrs. Willis was unconscious and continued in that condition until this morning. The physician believe she sustained internal injuries.

THE MANILA EXPEDITION.

Regular Troops Asigned to Go With General Merritt.

Each day that passes seems to add something to the scope of the naval and military expedition to the Philippines. After some hesitation on the part of the authorities, it was decided to increase the forces to be put at Gen. Merritt's disposal by from four to six regular troops of cavalry and two regular light batteries.

The cavalry companies are now available on the Pacific coast. Two light batteries, ordered to join the command, are to be drawn from the First and Sixth Regiments of artillery. One is now stationed at the Washington Barracks, and the other is at Fort Myer.

These cavalry and artillery re-enforcements will bring the full strength of Gen. Merritt's forces up to 21,000.

DROUGHT AT CAMP ALGER

The Scarcity of Water Creates a Grave Problem.

REGIMENTS WILL NOT COME

Adjutant General Corbin Issues an Order Commanding Virginia and Michigan Troops to Remain at Home—Efforts Being Made to Increase the Water Supply.

Two regiments which were ordered to Camp Alger were today directed to remain in their respective States until further orders.

This step is an important one and was taken as a result of the inquiry into the condition of the camp by a commission selected by Secretary Alger.

The commission recommended that "prompt measures be taken for an immediate increase in the water supply, so that its quantity should be without limit." It further recommended "that until the measures proposed are completed no more troops shall be sent to the camp."

Adjutant General Corbin sent instructions to the colonel of the Thirty-fourth Michigan Infantry directing him to remain in Michigan with his command. The other regiment to which the orders were sent is one of the Virginia regiments at Richmond.

There has been considerable talk of removing the camp, but it is not believed that this will be done.

Officers at the War Department who are well informed on the subject, state that steps will be taken to increase the water supply. If unsuccessful the camp will then be moved to some other spot. The site is an admirable one in many respects, possessing the advantages of drainage and good drill grounds. The only drawback has been in the matter of water. It is stated that if the wells now being drilled prove a success the Michigan and Virginia regiments will be ordered to the camp.

Where Washington Worshiped.

The new departure at Christ Church, Alexandria, is proving quite a success. The new turnstile, which locks the gate and registers automatically each time it is opened for the passing of a visitor, affords the exact enumeration of the visitors to the ancient edifice where Washington and Lee worshipped. The number of visitors grows as the years pass. The small sum charged for admission will, it is thought, largely augment the church revenue. The visitors are now welcomed by Capt. Bullock, formerly an officer in the British army, who served with distinction, but has been resident of Alexandria for some time.

Western District Baptists.

The twenty-seventh annual session of the Western District Baptist Association will begin at Germantown, Montgomery county, about ten miles west of Rockville, Md., next Tuesday, and will continue three days. The church is two and a half miles from the railroad to the church. Tuesday evening Rev. W. W. Wood, of Frostberg, will preach the opening sermon. Revs. Howard Wayne Smith, H. W. Kemp, S. W. Melton, C. L. Laws, and Dr. O. F. Gregory will take part in the services. Rev. J. D. Rayfield is pastor of the Germantown church. The Western District comprises twenty-three churches of Maryland. Mr. J. F. Weishampel is president; Mr. Joseph B. Joseph B. Thomas, vice president, and Rev. Dr. S. C. Clopton, secretary.

A Boys' Regiment Formed.

Baltimore, June 4.—A new regiment, called the Sixth Maryland Zouaves, infantry and artillery, was formed at Immanuel Baptist Church, St. Paul Street and North Avenue, last evening. Brig. Gen. John Heaver, No. 408 East North Avenue, is in charge of the regiment. The companies will be fully equipped with rifles of modern type, canteens, uniforms, etc. The artillery company will have three cannons, which will be drawn by horses. The company will be made up of youths, which will be drilled by Gen. Heaver, who is an old soldier. The United Boys' Brigade of Emmanuel Baptist Church, have joined the regiment.

Tide Table.

Today—Low tide at 12:47 a. m. and 1:40 p. m.; high tide, 7:05 a. m. and 7:29 p. m.

Condition of the Water.

Temperature and condition of the water at 8 a. m.: Great Falls—Temperature, 75; condition, 26. Receiving Reservoir—Temperature, 76; condition at north connection, 32; condition at south connection, 22. Distributing Reservoir—Temperature, 74; condition at influent gatehouse, 18; effluent gatehouse, 13.

City Lights.

Gas lamps are lighted at 8:30 p. m.; extinguishing begun at 3:43 a. m. The lighting is begun one hour before the hour named. Arc lamps are lighted at 8:15 p. m.; extinguished at 3:58 a. m.

Complacent at the Hub.

(From the Boston Journal.)

There is one little thing which those Spanish braggarts who talk so glibly of bombarding Boston know—that within three months our port has become the best protected on the Atlantic seaboard, with the possible exception of New York. Boston isn't shivering at Spanish threats; it is in shape to give the Don an unexpectedly hot reception.

SHAM BATTLE IN PROSPECT

General Graham Arranging for a Grim Pageant.

TRAINING FOR CAMP ALGER MEN

Ohio Troops Get Their Pay Checks Today—The Colonel's Private Bank—Race Prejudice—Light Uniforms for Tropical Use—Y. M. C. A. Services—Skirmish Practice.

Camp Alger is rapidly assuming an orderly appearance. The camps have been laid out with more military precision; the wild, wooded scenery has all passed with the pressure of police gangs; parade grounds have been leveled and cleared, and clear-cut roads traverse every section of the grounds.

General Graham is making preparations for a big sham battle on the grounds, to accustom the men to firing. As soon as blank cartridges and a full supply of rifles can be obtained, the woods around the camp will witness a big battle in which 25,000 men will participate.

Today was the day of days for the Ohio boys. The captains of each company issued checks to the men for their State pay. Each man received $34 for the seventeen days at Camp Bushnell, Columbus, Ohio. Of this amount the Government pays $25.16 and the State $8.84. Applications for passes are now in order, as everybody wants to get into Washington.

The various captains of the Eighth Ohio, acting under a suggestion from Colonel Hard, advised the men to take only a small portion of the money, and to either bank the rest with the colonel or send it home.

A private from the Fourth Missouri broke his leg last night while in bathing. He was discovered by the driver of an ambulance, who brought him into the division hospital.

The feeling between the white troops and the colored Ninth Ohio, who are doing picket duty on the Falls Church road, runs very high. Last night a corporal from one of the Pennsylvania regiments was arrested by two of the colored sentries for abusing them because of their alleged examination into his business outside camp. A sentry is supposed to recognize an officer's stripes without question, and the Pennsylvania man was so indignant that he used some violent language and started in to clean up the road with every colored man in the vicinity. He was taken to the guardhouse.

The officers of the Eighth Ohio ordered their light uniforms for tropical use today. The uniforms are made of a brown stuff like duck and resemble those worn by the Sixth Massachusetts Regiment.

The men of the Fourth Missouri have their own ideas as to the status of a corporal, especially when he happens to have a squad on guard duty. Therefore, when among themselves they lay aside, "Corporal of the guard" and substitute, "scorpion of the guard."

Private Brown of Company D, Eighth Ohio, is suffering from a painful accident. While doing squad drill yesterday he accidentally dropped the butt of his rifle down on his little toe and crushed it badly.

The Y. M. C. A. holds services in its tents every evening, which are largely attended. These services are led by some soldier from one of the regiments and an organist can always be obtained in the ranks. Many of the boys are good musicians and like to show their ability.

The Sixth Massachusetts were brought away out into the woods yesterday afternoon and they spent several hours in skirmish practice. They ran and fired and dropped and dodged and captured whole "slews" of the enemy. Only one man was wounded and he merely lost a few patches of skin from his ankles and elbows while falling to dodge a supposed coming rifle ball.

Dr. Kosser, of Williamsport, Pa., visited the Twelfth Pennsylvania yesterday and found all his old friends in military attire.

The Stoneham Company of the Sixth Massachusetts gave an entertainment to its friends last night. Admission was by invitation only, and the tickets were squares of hard tack upon which was inscribed in ink:

WITH BEST WISHES,
FROM TENT 6.
Admit One to Tent 515.
STONEHAM.

Miss Maynard and Miss Hart, of the Garfield Hospital in Washington, visited the various regimental hospitals yesterday, and were favorably impressed with everything. One thing can truly be said about the hospital corps of every regiment in camp—they are as fine a lot of boys as one could find anywhere, and it would be hard to replace them.

"Grizzly" Doc, of the Eighth Ohio hospital corps, it is said, has won the heart of every unmarried young lady visitor to the hospital.

Private Swan Bohman, of Company C, Sixth Illinois, who was reported as being violently insane, attended to his duties this morning as usual. He is merely suffering from attacks of melancholia, and his case is regarded as neither serious nor dangerous. He seemed much surprised to learn that it had become noised about Company C street that he was insane. He was brought to Washington and examined this afternoon.

The various bands are all practicing hard today for a big concert tonight.

General Douglas Declines.

Gen. H. Kyd Douglas has addressed a letter to the War Department declining the position of assistant adjutant general, with rank of major, to which he was recently appointed by President McKinley and confirmed by the Senate.

Mr. Hamilton an Executor.

Geo. E. Hamilton, of this city, is named as executor of the will of the late Richard H. Edelen, which was filed in the Orphans' Court of Charles county, Md., yesterday. He leaves all his property, personal and real, to his wife, Mary B. Edelen, and names Mr. Hamilton and his widow as executor and executrix. The will was made July 18 1892.

Gasoline Stove Explodes.

A gasoline stove exploded last evening in the kitchen of No. 918 H Street northeast. Mrs. J. T. Edelin, the occupant of the house, was badly burned on the hands in attempting to extinguish the fire. An alarm was turned in at box 621 by a citizen and the flames were extinguished with but slight damage.

Too Iconoclastic.

(From the Boston Herald.)

The woman lieutenant of the Salvation Army who took up the role of an image breaker and went to work defacing statues in the Omaha exhibition was way behind the times, and outside the sphere of her sex in addition. What she should have done would have been to call her sisters together and inaugurated a sewing bee, where they might have made some nice pieces of clothing to cover the objectionably exposed features of these statues. Then she might have visited the directors of the exhibition and made her protest against the nakedness of the figures, at the same time showing how the public could be protected against it. This would have been both more modern and more womanly. It would have violated no one's rights and would not have transgressed law. Destruction of property is not a Christian virtue, and Salvation lassies ought to be informed enough to appreciate the fact.

NO RECRUITING ABROAD.

Enlistments Cannot Be Made in Foreign Country During War.

In answer to inquiries from United States ministers abroad the State Department has obtained from the Navy Department and published a statement of the conditions governing naval enlistments.

In brief, these are that during war no one can be recruited in a foreign country; that aliens who have declared their intention of becoming United States citizens, and in exceptional cases those who have not, are enlisted provided they understand the English language. There is no fund for paying traveling expenses before enlistments are made.

If aliens are enlisted they are eligible to any position for which they can qualify, but the customs and regulations of the service have been that only men of long and continued service receive the higher ratings, and not even a citizen of the United States residing abroad can enlist in time of war without coming to the United States unless neutrality laws are violated.

CONSTABLES AND CLUBS.

Nine Men Injured in a Theater Fight.

Newark, N. J., June 4.—Newark was a war center yesterday. Twelve constables followed Under Constable Benedict in as fierce a charge as ever a forlorn hope attempted, and four special policemen and State detectives formed a hollow square behind John Gregory, and battled with them. Nine were injured in the fray.

The Columbia Theater, in Washington Street, was the citadel which Gregory and his band were holding for T. E. Burke and Herman Beyer. The latter have had a lease on the premises, and decline to vacate even in the face of another lease for five years given to to M. R. Jacobs by C. V. Holden, agent of the Hedden estate.

Constable Benjamin Smith received a writ of dispossess from Judge McCarter, of the first district court, yesterday and appealed to Sheriff Doremus for re-enforcements to effect a service.

It was not long afterward when Under Sheriff Benedict took his force of twelve to the theater in carriages "in line ahead." The battalion was quickly deployed and the order to charge given. Through the main entrance doors went the storming party.

There was a check in the lobby. Gregory and his men were standing like a rock against the charge. Clubs beat a lively tattoo on heads and shoulders, and soon the encounter took on a sanguinary tinge.

There was one point where it threatened to have a most serious turn. One of Gregory's men aimed a heavy blow with a club at Under Sheriff Benedict, and next instant was looking down the barrel of a pistol. Gregory shouted:

"You don't dare shoot, and if you do, Benedict, I'll kill you!"

Pistols came from the pockets of the sheriff's men in an instant, but none cared to shoot. Clubs were still used until Gregory's men, bowing to superior numbers, retreated.

There were not beaten, however. Gallantly they returned to the charge time and time again, until the sheriff and a squad of police reserves arrived and made the odds against them too great. Then they tried strategy, and by quick movements captured the box office and held it.

Sheriff Doremus, on his arrival, dismissed Gregory as a deputy sheriff, and then ordered the arrest of Frank Gregory, his son, on a charge of having seriously injured a constable. The sheriff afterward went before the grand jury and presented complaints against the men who resisted his constables.

Further hostilities were threatened late in the afternoon, but a truce was patched up when Messrs. Burke and Beyer consented to a constructive ejectment, which would give the sheriff's men charge of the building and leave the whole dispute to be determined in court.

Only two of the defenders were injured in the battle. Gregory had a bad scalp wound and William J. Mulligan, in addition to such an injury, had his wrist cut by glass.

Under Sheriff Benedict and Constables Wallace and Weiner, of the attacking party, had their heads cut and bruised; Constable Teed was injured internally; Constable Osborn had his back lamed; Constable Birn had his head and hand hurt and Constable Dey's hand was bruised by a club.

RUSSIAN RULE DEFIED.

Grave Revolt in Turkestan Causes Great Excitement.

St. Petersburg, June 4.—A sensation has been created in official circles here by the news of an unexpected attack by one thousand natives on a Russian post, garrisoned by three hundred infantry, at the town of Andijan, province of Ferghana, Turkestan. It is said that twenty of the soldiers were killed, and that eighteen others were wounded.

No such reverse to the Russian arms has occurred in Central Asia in many years.

The government of Ferghana consists of the former Khanate of Khokan, a fertile region, bounded on the southeast by the Pameer table land, and is itself a plateau, traversed by the Jaxartes, and abounding in varied but nearly undeveloped mineral wealth. The present name of the government is an ancient one, restored after the Russian conquest of 1876.

Services for Soldiers.

Mr. W. H. Morris and Dr. Bernard C. Steiner, of the Young Men's Christian Association, are in the city today to assist in arranging services for the soldiers at Camp Alger. A request has been received by Mr. Morris to provide some services for the First Maryland Regiment at Fort Monroe. A request has also been received from the Michigan troops that a Young Men's Christian Association tent be provided for them at Chickamauga.

Joins the Army.

Dr. Walter K. Beatty, physician to the poor in this city, having entered the military service of the United States, has been granted an indefinite leave of absence by the health officer. Dr. Beatty has been ordered to the regimental rendezvous of the Fourth United States Volunteers at Fredericksburg, Va., and will leave this afternoon.

A Difference.

(From the Boston Traveler.)

Stranger (to Highlander)—Sandy, are you cold with the kilt?

Sandy—Na, mon, but I'm nigh kilt wi' the cauld.

"Cleanliness."

Little Packages Are Welcome.

No matter how small your package of Laundry is, we shall give it our careful attention. Name the day and hour for us to call—we'll get to you promptly and deliver the time you specify. 'Phone 1557 brings our "hurry-up" wagon.

Tolman Steam Laundry
Cor. 6th and C Sts. N. W.

STOCK MARKET STRONG

Talk of Peace Favorably Influences Prices.

The Senate's Vote on Silver Coinage Also Helps the General Improvement.

New York, June 4.—The stock market opened active and strong, being favorably affected by a number of circumstances. In the first place London was unaffected by the Senate's vote to coin the Treasury silver seigniorage, and not only set a much higher range of prices for American stocks, but was also a buyer of stocks here to a considerable amount.

In addition a further rise in Spanish 4's was reported, due to foreign information that measures looking for peace were being undertaken on behalf of that country by European nations amicably disposed toward her.

Rumors which lacked confirmation were current also to the effect that our fleet had destroyed the Spanish vessels at Santiago.

A further good effect naturally followed the Senate's action authorizing the issue of bonds for the purpose of defraying the expenses of the war.

Government bonds were firm.

Stocks closed strong and higher.

New York Stock Market.

Corrected daily by W. B. Hibbs & Co., members of the New York Stock Exchange, 1427 F Street.

	Open	High	Low	Clos.
American Spirits	12	12	12	12
American Sugar	142¾	144¼	142¾	143¾
American Tobacco	109⅝	109⅞	108⅝	108⅞
Atchison	13⅛	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜
Atchison, Top & S F, pfd	32⅜	33⅜	32⅜	33⅜
Baltimore and Ohio	19⅜	19⅜	19⅛	19⅛
Bay State Gas	3⅜	3⅜	3¼	3¼
Canada Southern	52⅜	52⅜	52⅜	52⅜
Chesapeake & Ohio	22⅜	23¼	22⅜	23¼
C., C., C. & St. L.	36	39¼	36	38
C. B & Q.	104⅜	105⅛	104⅜	10-⅝
Chicago & Northwestern	128½	129	128½	129
Chicago Gas	101⅛	101⅜	101⅛	101⅛
C. M & St. Paul	109⅜	101	109⅜	101
C. R, I & Pacific	106	106⅛	105⅞	106⅛
Delaware & Hudson	110⅜	111¼	110⅜	110⅞
Den. & Rio Grande pfd	49	50	49	49⅞
General Electric	37	37⅞	37	37⅞
Louisville & Nashville	56	56⅛	55⅞	56⅛
Metropolitan Traction	157¼	159¼	157¼	159¼
Manhattan Elevated	105	106¼	105	105⅞
Missouri Pacific	35	35½	34⅞	35¼
M. K & T, pfd	35⅜	36⅛	35⅞	36⅛
National Lead Co	35½	35⅞	35½	35⅞
New York Central	116⅛	116⅞	116⅛	116⅞
Northern Pacific	28½	30⅛	28½	30⅛
Northern Pacific, pfd	68⅛	69	68¼	69
Pacific Mail	28⅜	30	28⅜	29⅞
Phila & Reading	19⅜	19⅞	19⅜	19⅞
Southern Railway, pfd	32	32⅜	32	32⅜
Texas Pacific	12	12	12	12
Tennessee Coal and Iron	25⅞	25⅞	25⅞	25⅞
Union Pacific, new	25	25⅛	24⅞	25⅛
U S Leather, pfd	65	65¾	65	65¼
Wabash, pfd	19⅞	20	19⅞	20
Wheeling & Lake Erie	2⅛	2⅜	2⅛	2⅛
Western Union T. L.	91⅜	92⅛	91⅜	92⅛
U. P. P. Rs	62⅛	62⅛	62⅛	62⅛

Chicago Grain and Provision Market

Corrected daily by W. B. Hibbs & Co., members of the New York Stock Exchange, 1427 F Street.

	Open	High	Low	Clos.
WHEAT.				
July	94	94⅛	92	92⅜
Sept	80¼	80¼	78⅛	78⅜
CORN:				
July	33	33-⅛	32⅝	33⅛-⅜
Sept	33⅜	33⅝-4	33½	33½-⅝
OATS:				
July	24¼	24⅜	24⅛	24⅛
Sept	21⅝	21⅝-⅜	21⅜	21⅜-½
PORK:				
July	11.00	11.02	10.67	10.67
Sept	11.17	11.17	10.85	10.85
LARD:				
July	6.12	6.12	6.10	6.10
Sept	6.30	6.30	6.20	6.20
SHORT RIBS.				
July	5.82	5.85	5.77	5.75
Sept	5.90	5.90	5.82	5.82

New York Cotton Market.

	Open	High	Low.	Clos.
June				
July	6.42	6.44	6.41	6.41
August	6.47	6.47	6.45	6.45
September	6.30	6.34	6.30	6.31

Washington Stock Exchange.

Regular Call—Capital Traction, 70 at 73 3-8. Mergenthaler Linotype, 14 at 155 3-8, 97 at 15 51-4, 20 at 155 1-8, 60 at 155 3-8, 20 at 155 1-2.

After Call—Washington Gas, 25 at 47 1-2. Metropolitan Bank, 19 at 312.

	Bid.	Asked
GOVERNMENT BONDS.		
U S 4s R 1907 Q J	108¼	109¼
U S 4's C 1907 Q J	111	112¼
U S 4's, 1925	123¼	124¼
U S 4s, 1925	123½	124¼
U S 5's, 1001 Q F	111	112
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA BONDS.		
5's, 1899 "20-year funding"	....	.....
6's 1902 "20-year funding," gold	....	.....
3s 1901, "Water stock" currency	....	.....
3's 1903, "Water stock" currency	....	.....
"Funding" currency, 3-65s	113	.....
MISCELLANEOUS BONDS.		
Met R R 5's, 1925	118	.....
Met R R Conv 6's	120	.....
Met R R Cert Indebtedness, A	117	.....
Met R R Cert Indebtedness, B	110	111¼
Columbia R R 6's 1914	118	122
Belt R R 5's, 1921	35	.....
Eckington R R 6's, 1893-1911	85	.....
Wash Gas Co, ser A, 6's, 1902-'27	112	.....
Wash Gas Co, ser B, 6's, 1901-'29	113	.....
U S Electric Light, Debenture Imp, M and N	100	.....
Ches and Pot Tel 5's 1896-1911	104	.....
Am Sec & Tr 5's, F and A, 1900	100	.....
Am Sec & Tr 5's, A and O, 1905	100	.....
Wash Market Co 1st 6's, 1892-1911, $7,000 retired annually	110	.....
Wash Market Co Imp 6's, 12-'27	110	.....
Wash Market Co ext'n 6's, 11-'27	110	.....
Masonic Hall Association 5's, 'A	106	.....
Wash Light Ft 1st 6's 1904	90	.....
NATIONAL BANK STOCKS.		
Bank of Washington	285	.....
Metropolitan	300	.....
Central (new stock)	140	152
Farmers and Mechanics'	180	.....
Second	140	.....
Citizens	140	.....
Columbia	130	.....
Capital	120	.....
West End	103	105¼
Traders	102	.....
Lincoln	115	120
SAFE DEPOSIT AND TRUST COMPANIES.		
Nat Safe Deposit and Trust	115	.....
Wash Loan and Trust	127	130
American Security and Trust	150	.....
Wash Safe Deposit	....	.....
INSURANCE STOCKS.		
Firemen's	30	.....
Franklin	35	.....
Metropolitan	70	.....
Corcoran	55	.....
Potomac	50	.....
Arlington	115	.....
German American	135	.....
National Union	9	.....
Columbia	10	.....
Riggs	7	7½
People's	5	6
Lincoln	3	.....
Commercial	4	.....
TITLE INSURANCE.		
Real Estate Title	78	.....
Columbia Title	4¾	5¼
Wash. Title	2	.....
District Title	3	.....
RAILROAD STOCKS.		
Capital Traction Co	73¼	74
Metropolitan	120	125
Columbia	73	.....
Belt	....	.....
Eckington	....	.....
Georgetown & Tenallytown	....	.....
GAS AND ELECTRIC LIGHT STOCKS.		
Washington Gas	47½	47¾
Georgetown Gas	....	.....
U. S. Electric Light	97½	100
TELEPHONE STOCKS.		
Chesapeake and Potomac	54	55¾
Pennsylvania	37	45
MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS.		
Mergenthaler Linotype	155⅜	155½
Lanston Monotype	15	15¾
American Graphophone	*13⅛	14
American Graphophone, pfd	†13¼	15
Pneumatic Gun Carriage	.45	.48
Washington Market	....	.....
Great Falls Ice	110	125

*Ex. Dividend. †Ex. rights.

Practical.

(From the Boston Traveler.)

Romantic Maid—And would you be willing to die for me?

Practical Man—No; but I'd gladly try to make a living for you.

Dr. Henry's Blood Tea
For Kidney and Liver Trouble.

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Nervous Exhaustion, Insomnia, Lowered Vitality, Indigestion.... Have You Lost Hope of Relief or Permanent Cure. . . . . ?

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ATTACK ON SAILORS.

Boston Hoodlums and Men From the Katahdin Fight.

Boston, June 4.—A party of United States seamen and marines were attacked by a mob of toughs yesterday afternoon while passing through Houston Street. A fierce fight resulted.

The toughs started in on the seamen and poured insults and abuse upon them until it became unbearable. Finally the toughs spat upon the men in service, and this started the fight. In an instant it became almost a riot. Clubs, sticks and stones and coupling pins were brought into play, for a few railroad brakemen mixed in the fight and tried to help the seamen and marines. Men lay prostrate all over the street.

The toughs soon became alarmed at the cry of "Police!" and ran away, carrying their injured with them. The surgeons at the Emergency Hospital tied up the heads of the wounded. Most of the injured men were from the U. S. ship Katahdin.

JOINED ASTOR'S BATTERY.

Henry Plant Shuter, of Baltimore, Will Go to the Philippines.

Baltimore, June 4.—Henry Plant Shuter, son of Mrs. James Shuter, 301 East North Avenue, who is studying law in New York, has enlisted in the Astor Mountain Volunteer Artillery, gotten up entirely by John Jacob Astor.

He has advised his mother by letter that he will leave for the Philippine Islands with the company next Tuesday. The battery will go to San Francisco and sail from there for the islands on June 15. Mrs. Shuter will go to New York today to see her son before he leaves.

Mr. Shuter graduated from the Johns Hopkins University in 1897, and has been reading law in the office of Messrs. Williams & Gooch, New York, and taking a course at the New York Law School. Out of 400 applicants he was one out of eighty-four selected for the company. Mr. Astor will furnish each member with a uniform costing $40 and pay all expenses while away.

A Flag Presentation.

Hagerstown, Md., June 4.—Resolute Council, Jr. O. U. A. M., will present a handsome flag to the Confederate Memorial Association in the Washington Cemetery, this city, June 12. Gen. Douglas, who will accept the flag in behalf of the association, says this will be the first American flag ever presented to a Confederate association on such an occasion and for the purpose intended.

Negro Ravisher Lynched.

Texarkana, June 4.—A mob took part yesterday in lynching a negro giving the name of Ben Hayden. Hayden was arrested for assault and kept closely guarded. He was identified by his victim, and when this became known a mob of enraged men assembled, took him from the officers and dragged him to the spot where Ed Coy was burned at the stake for a like offense a few years ago. After throwing the rope over a telegraph wire, the body was literally shot to pieces. Hayden was about eighteen years old.

A Charter Granted.

Judge Norton, of Alexandria, yesterday granted a charter to the Woodruff Manufacturing Company, of this city, designed to manufacture paper files, office furniture, etc., under the Woodruff patents. The capital is fixed at $25,000. The officers are: T. A. Harding, president; E. A. Woodruff, vice president, and Alphonso Young, secretary and treasurer.

Increase of Working Hours.

The backward condition of work in the Patent Office has resulted in an order requiring clerks in that branch of the service to labor from 9 a. m. until 5 p. m. until further directions. It may be that the force of employes may be increased but this depends altogether upon the action of Congress on the bill now pending for that purpose.

Mandamus Against Examiners.

Judge Bradley yesterday issued a mandamus to the board of dental examiners requiring the members to show cause before him on June 8 why a certificate allowing the practice of dentistry was not issued to Dr. William Fred Nickel, who recently made application therefor.

Miss Hill an Editor.

Miss Melissa Hill, of Alexandria, a member of the class of 1900 of the Woman's College, Baltimore, has been elected one of the assistant editors of Kalends, the periodical published by the students of that institution.

Brave When Duty Called.

(From the Binghamton Herald.)

There's many a girl who can thank the war for the fact that she's engaged. Many a faint hearted soul was brought to the sticking point by the call for volunteers.

FINANCIAL.

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