

Unsettled weather, possibly showers to night; Wednesday, partly cloudy weather; variable winds.

NO. 382.

WASHINGTON, TUESDAY, JULY 26, 1898.

Circulation Yesterday, 53,472

ONE CENT

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## DESERTING CAMP ALGER

The Move to Dunn Loring Is Going On Rapidly.

The Epidemic of Typhoid

Sixteen Patients Taken to Fort Myer Yesterday Afternoon—The Fourth Missouri Soldiers Vaccinated This Morning—Inspection of the Seventh Illinois—Slept at Their Posts.

Camp Alger is gradually changing front. Each day leaves bare stretches of ground where streets of tents had been standing.

This morning the Sixty-fifth New York packed up and broke camp and tomorrow the First New Jersey will follow to Dunn Loring, thus completing the full First Brigade.

The Twelfth Pennsylvania will move on Saturday, thus completing the Third Brigade, and the First Rhode Island expects to go before next Monday.

This morning the Seventh Illinois was inspected this morning in heavy marching order by Lieut. Butler. The boys put up a splendid appearance and were highly complimented.

Privates Watterston and Harrison, of Company F, Third Virginia, are under arrest for sleeping while on guard duty. They will be court-martialed today.

Privates Lee and Shefflin, of Company G, Seventh Ohio, who were poisoned by drinking wood alcohol, are now out of danger and are expected to recover.

C. A. Howland, who had charge of the Rhode Island M. C. A. tent, has been removed to the hospital, suffering from typhoid fever.

Capt. J. A. Black, of Company A, Fourth Missouri, has gone on a ten days furlough to Kentucky.

Vaccination was completed in the Fourth Missouri this morning, two companies undergoing the process.

Sergeant Major Brown, of the Seventh Ohio, has gone on a ten-days' furlough. When he returns he will find his regiment moved and his personal property hanging around in trees in the deserted camp.

Sixteen typhoid patients were sent to Fort Myer late yesterday afternoon. They were: First Lieut. H. C. Moore, Company E, First Rhode Island; Sergt. H. F. Kane, Company B, Seventh Missouri; Corporal H. N. Baker, Company G, Second Tennessee; and Privates J. I. Morris, Company E, Third Virginia; W. E. Roesser, Company B, Third Missouri; Peter Waldron, Company D, Seventh Illinois; H. O. Marshall, Company D, Third New York; Charles King, Company G, Twelfth Pennsylvania; Peter Murray and Philip Hoffman, Company C, Thirteenth Pennsylvania; Robert Kelly, Company A, First New Jersey; and Charles Guirick, Hospital Corps, First Division Hospital. Several of these cases are already serious, notably those of Corporal Baker and Privates Waldron, Marshall, Skillman and Hazen.

This is an alarming increase in one day, and Gen. Graham intends to move the troops to Dunn Loring as rapidly as possible.

Nearly 200 fine horses arrived this morning for the Hospital Corps, of the two division hospitals.

Killed While at Play. Baltimore, July 25.—Amelia Rice, one year and ten months old, daughter of Eberhard Rice of the Southwest corner of Baltimore Street and Calverton Road, was almost instantly killed shortly before 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon by being struck by the fender of a car of the City Passenger Railway in front of her home.

The gripman, Samuel E. Warfield, was arrested and locked up at the Southwest corner police station to await the action of the coroner's jury. Death was instantaneous.

Wynn's Business College, 8th and K, Business, shorthand, typewriting—\$5 a yr. So call says at our yards. "Quality" "style" makes the name. Libbey & Co., lumber, etc., 8th & N.Y. St.

## FLOCKING INTO SANTIAGO

Many Cuban Refugees Making Their Way There.

PLENTY SUPPLANTS POVERTY

While the Planter Will Require Help for a Time, It is Indicated That American Capital Will Effect a Wondrous Change in the Conditions in the Province.

Santiago, July 25, via Kingston, Jam. July 25.—Cuban refugees are flocking here from all directions. Many of them were driven out at the beginning of the war three years ago.

All the neighboring islands are sending big delegations. The British steamer Dee was one of the earliest arrivals with 350 exiles from Kingston.

From the other islands they come in small sailing vessels. Hundreds are coming from the United States and Mexico.

As a rule they have been advised of the lack of food, but the prospect of hardship is more than balanced by the satisfaction of living in their old homes.

With keen eye to the future, many of them have foreseen the prosperity that is to result from the new conditions, and they propose to be early in the field.

A number of those who lived in the country have visited their property and returned with plentiful stores of burned buildings and general desolation in the interior.

Help will be required by the planters until at least one crop has been harvested, but inquiries already made indicate that American capital will be available to a large amount.

In the city there are indications of a daily increase in the number of arrivals, far from being normal. Every effort is being made to increase the food supply and bring down prices. When that has been done business will be resumed on other lines. Merchants have been placing large orders ever since the day of the surrender. A fact that is regarded by Americans as being significant of what may be expected in the future is that almost without exception those orders are being placed in the United States.

In the days of peace about half of the American population of Santiago and most of the other half in the States. It looks now as though Americans would get nearly all of Spain's share of the trade.

TO OBSERVE OUR METHODS.

German Surgeons Will Accompany the American Armies.

Baron von Ströben, attaché of the German legation, was at the War Department this morning in conference with Secretary Alger and others.

He made arrangements with the War Department to have several of the German army surgeons accompany the American forces in the field.

HE DEFENDED HIS CITY.

Death of a Man Who Fought at North Point.

One of the defenders of this city in 1812 died at Newark, N. J., yesterday. His name was Elijah B. Glenn, and he was a centenarian. The oppressive weather of the present month wore him out. He was within two weeks of 102 years old. Up to a few days ago Mr. Glenn had enjoyed fair good health. He was slender, of medium height, had snow-white hair and brown eyes. Up to a year ago he read the newspapers regularly. Lately he has been obliged to give this up. He had a few months since three square meals a day. He was used to retiring at night between 8 and 9 o'clock and getting up every morning at 6 o'clock. He would spend his first Presidential vote for hardware store, taking a short walk in the streets, and on Sundays went regularly to church when the weather permitted.

Mr. Glenn was born on August 7, 1788, at Carpenter's Point, in Cecil county, near Baltimore. His mother traced her descent from the Indian Princess Pocahontas. He was apprenticed to a Baltimore shopkeeper, and in 1812, when a British force landed at North Point, several miles from Baltimore, he joined the Militia.

When the British sacked Washington Mr. Glenn was in Gen. Windecker's force of 10,000 which tried to defend the city. Mr. Glenn cast his first Presidential vote for James Monroe, and he voted for every Democratic candidate for President afterwards. He walked to the polls to vote for Andrew Jackson in 1828.

Regularly for several years past on the 7th day of August the friends of Glenn have assembled in great numbers to do honor to his birthday. He has been a resident in Newark, N. J., since he was a stranger as the oldest man in New Jersey. Last August he celebrated in the usual fashion. He said in reply to a question: "I haven't any bad habits. Have not smoked a cigar since I tried it a number of years ago, and I don't drink, and I don't drink and I don't smoke, and I don't smoke and I don't drink."

Councilman Saves a Woman.

New York, July 25.—Councilman Owen Purcell, of Passaic, N. J., saved a woman's life in that city yesterday. Mrs. Wilson, while demented, seized one of her young children and rushed to the bank of the Dundee Canal, directly opposite Mr. Purcell's store. She threw herself and child into the water. Purcell saw her act, and throwing off his coat, plunged in and pulled them both back to shore. The woman tried to break away and return to the water, but he held her until assistance arrived. She was sent to the hospital.

Gov. Voorhees Arrives.

Gov. Voorhees of New Jersey, is in Washington to confer with the War Department and endeavor to secure the location of Camp Voohees in a Federal military post. The governor is accompanied by Lieut. Col. Gillmore, whose acquaintance with the requirements of a complete camp for large bodies of troops and whose military knowledge will do much to clear the way for favorable negotiations.

Chosen Partisan, 2 needs in coat, 3c. foot. Bright heart; any length.

## CENSORSHIP IS REMOVED.

Press Dispatches Now Leave Miami as They Are Written.

Miami, Fla., July 25.—The press censorship has been removed on the telegraph dispatches sent from this camp.

There are now under treatment in the hospital quarters 47. Of the total sixteen are up to date patients and half of the remainder are suffering from an undetermined fever.

THE ANARAS ARRIVE.

Lieutenant Colonel Astor and Sylvester Nevel as Board.

Tampa, Fla., July 25.—The transport Anaraz has arrived off Mullet Key at the entrance to the port, and is now held in Quarantine Bay. She has on board Lieut. Col. John Jacob Astor, the bearer of important letters to the Secretary of War from Gen. Miles and Gen. Shafter.

On board the Anaraz are several foreign diplomats, Sylvester Nevel and other correspondents who were deported from Santiago.

THE MOUNT VERNON MYSTERY.

A Bundle of Clothing Found Today May Solve It.

Mount Vernon, N. Y., July 25.—The mystery surrounding the identity of the woman found dead in a vacant lot here is in a fair way to be solved through the finding of a bundle of clothing this morning near where the body was discovered yesterday.

In the clothing was found a letter in which the writer said she intended to commit suicide. Lack of work and inability to support herself and child is given as the cause for the deed. The letter is not signed, but the police now hope to establish the woman's identity.

## THERE SHALL BE NO TRUCE

President McKinley Will Not Agree to an Armistice.

THE PHILIPPINE CAMPAIGN

The Fall of Manila Is Expected. Hostilities Are Not to Cease Till Spain Shall Humbly Ask for Peace.

The Pope Is Not to Be Recognized as a Mediator.

It may be stated again, on the authority of the State Department, that no peace proposition has been received from Spain directly.

It is also asserted that except through America's foreign representatives no official knowledge of Spain's attitude has been received.

Ambassador Porter and Ambassador Hay have kept Secretary Day advised of the situation in a general way, and their cable dispatches have been discussed informally in the Cabinet meetings.

President McKinley will not agree to an armistice for the consideration of peace proposals.

The Pope will not be recognized as a mediator. No "power" will be recognized as an intermediary.

America will consider as unfriendly any "congress of nations" that attempts to suggest terms of peace to this country. There will be no objection on this side to pressure on Spain.

A peace that would free Cuba and give America Porto Rico or the Philippines in trust to secure a war indemnity would not be satisfactory to America. The answer of President McKinley to such a proposition would be "No."

The question of an armistice is being discussed in the European dispatches and it is said positively that Spain will ask for a cessation of hostilities within a few days.

The campaign in the Philippines is only beginning. Eighteen thousand troops are embarked for the islands, and 10,000 more are under orders.

The fall of Manila is expected at any time. An armistice at this time would be out of the question.

A State Department officer said to a representative for The Times this morning: "An armistice would simply give Spain a chance to play her game of diplomacy."

Against the Bicycle Skirt.

New York, July 25.—Following the example of Capt. Dunn, of the Conroy 1st and police, who recently ordered that women in bicycle attire should not appear in the streets for the good order of which he is responsible unless they had a bicycle with them or a check to show for one, Capt. Sheehan, of the Tenderloin, has announced that he is apt to make trouble for the women of his domain who wear such abbreviated bicycle skirts and promenade in the Tenderloin thoroughfares without wheels. He has given orders to his detectives to keep a very close watch on the conduct of these women, but he frankly admits that young women of unquestioned respectability do occasionally walk in the streets in bicycle costumes, even when they have no wheel with them.

These, he says, are easily distinguished and need have no fear of police interference. Proprietors of most of the Tenderloin resorts have already learned of the stand taken by Capt. Sheehan in this matter, and in many of the places women in short skirts have been told to stay away.

Attas, Hobson to See Her Son.

Atlanta, Ga., July 25.—Mrs. Susan Hobson, mother of Lieut. Richard F. Hobson, the hero of the Merrimac, arrived yesterday on a visit to her son, John N. Hobson. Mrs. Hobson expects to meet the lieutenant: here before he returns to Santiago.

Famous Paintings Purchased.

## SAVING THE WARSHIPS.

Lieutenant Hobson Will Probably Use Portuguese to Save Them.

New York, July 25.—Lieut. Hobson, who came to this city to confer with the wrecking company on the matter of raising the sunken Spanish warships at Santiago said yesterday of his plans:

"I announced my convictions to the department and the government became convinced that the Colon, Admiral Torres could be raised. They will become valuable additions to our navy. Both ships are the best types of their class, and with Americans behind the guns would make a marvelous showing."

"I have come here today to inspect the pontoons of the wrecking company. They have two, with about 800 tons lifting capacity each. I expect to get the other pontoons without trouble, and in all probability they will start the San Diego in a couple of days. The wrecking company will then push the work as rapidly as they can. You must understand that it will be no easy matter. Pontoons cannot work in rough water and the hurricane season is at hand."

"The Colon, Admiral Torres, lies on a slope, with only a small part of her bow above water. It will be a matter of lifting 5000 tons to get her off. Structural work will be done on the ship, and she will be removed to the sea cocks and Kingston wharves. The board of experts, you will remember, reported favorably on the plan to raise the Colon. The wrecking company's man reported against it."

"Our plan is to sink the pontoons alongside at low tide and sink them. Then they will be fastened to the ship by chains, and pumped out at high tide. When they have lifted her off the bottom she will be pushed ashore, the pontoons will be removed, and the ship will be floated. This she may be pushed far enough out of water to enable us to close the openings in her hull, pump her out, and launch her into the water."

"The wrecking company can do the work but I shall get other pontoons. I shall probably leave for Boston tonight to hunt for them. It will take about ten days for a wrecking expedition to arrive off Santiago."

"The greatest difficulty with the Colon is that she is lying on a reef where the continuation of the slope of a steep mountain. Her bows are wedged in between two coral ridges, but I think we can save her other nations, and I am more uncertain. Still I have great hopes that she will be saved as well."

Lieut. Hobson was asked what his future plans would be. He answered, hesitatingly:

"Well, I shall go South in a few days, but not on the wrecking boat nor on the ship. I shall probably leave for Boston tonight for a while to get the wrecking company at work, and then if there is an opportunity for work with the fleet I shall apply to be put aboard."

"The lieutenant would not say whether he referred to Watson's fleet. It is understood, however, that he hopes to go to Spain on one of those ships."

## THE SANTIAGO GARRISON.

Immense Regiments Expected to Arrive There on Friday.

The permanent garrison for Santiago city will be fastened to the ship by chains, and pumped out at high tide. When they have lifted her off the bottom she will be pushed ashore, the pontoons will be removed, and the ship will be floated. This she may be pushed far enough out of water to enable us to close the openings in her hull, pump her out, and launch her into the water."

The First and Second Regiments of Immunes left New Orleans last night at 9 o'clock on the transport ship Berlin. They will arrive at Santiago on Friday and will enter the city immediately.

Two other regiments will be sent to Santiago next week probably. The Berlin will return to New Orleans or to some other point, possibly Tampa, and take the Third Regiment of Immunes now at Fredericksburg as soon as possible.

CHINA INTERESTED.

Her Minister a Caller at the State Department Today.

The Chinese minister, with one of his secretaries, was a caller at the State Department this morning. Following close on the visit of the Japanese secretary of legation the incident is regarded as significant. The Chinese government has interests in the Philippines second to none of any other nation, and the Chinese are determined not to be left out of consideration when the future of those islands is under discussion.

Japan may become America's ally, but the attitude of China is uncertain. More activity is noticeable around the State Department in connection with the several days, and although Judge Day and his subordinates are secretive to a degree, important developments are hourly expected.

DRANK LAUDANUM.

James Edwards, a Timmer, Seeks to End His Life.

James Edwards, a timmer, living at No. 22 Pennsylvania Avenue, southeast, attempted suicide this morning by drinking laudanum.

Citizens found him lying in an alley between C and D and Eighth and Ninth Streets southeast. He was unconscious. The police were notified, and Edwards was conveyed to the Tenderloin Hospital, where he was soon said to be out of danger.

He is thirty-five years old, and admitted having tried to kill himself. He would give no reason for his act.

Woman Seizes into a Crowd.

New York, July 25.—In a spirit of revenge, according to the police, Mrs. Josephine Gibbins, thirty-three years old, of No. 45 Nostrand Avenue, Brooklyn, fired a pistol yesterday afternoon at the daughter of a neighbor and then fired four more shots at a crowd of boys who were playing in the street. One of the bullets struck Herman Neff, six years old, in the right arm, and the other boys were wounded. The woman was arrested and was taken away amid the threats of angry neighbors. The shooting was the result, it is said, of a neighborhood feud.

A Precocious Nurture.

Annapolis, Md., July 25.—About thirty Spanish officers who were the last to arrive from Portsmouth and who have been under quarantine at the cabinet quarters were permitted to leave the city yesterday in the lower quarters today. The position was taken because of reported cases of yellow fever at Portsmouth and as a precautionary measure against the spread of the disease.

Children Ruined by Flood.

Beatrice, Neb., July 25.—Mrs. M. and Mrs. E. E. Woolman, who live five miles northeast of Beatrice, were away from home Monday, their house caught fire and burned. Of five children, two at home, the eldest of whom was eleven years old, two were burned. The other two are not expected to live.

The Weather—Libbey & Co., say—Unsettled; possibly showers tonight.

## PEACE PLOTTERS AT WORK

Tory Holders of Spanish Bonds Planning for Profit.

AMERICA TO PAY SPAIN'S DEBT

This Country to Guarantee the Enemy's Bad Bills When Cuba and Porto Rico Are Annexed, It Certain Intendances Have Their Way.

There is reason to believe that Tory holders of Spanish bonds are in it. These money sharks are already dilating on the injustice of stripping Spain of her colonial possessions without compensation.

Now a cable dispatch from Madrid says the Pope has communicated with the Emperor, and that the Emperor has agreed that an armistice is out of the question until Spain has agreed to surrender on America's terms.

These proposals include the annexation of Cuba and Porto Rico by America, the restitution of the Philippines, and a commercial treaty giving Spain exceptional advantages in the colonies surrendered.

It will be noticed that the Pope, who it is asserted, really speaks for the Madrid government, favors the annexation of Cuba and not the island's independence.

That the whole plot was hatched by bondholders is as certain as the fact America will reject the proposition.

If accepted it would leave Spain in a better condition financially than she was at the beginning of the war. That country would share the trade of the two annexed islands, and be relieved of any moral responsibility for their welfare.

If it be true that the Madrid government is about to propose an armistice for the purpose of discussing the terms upon which peace with the United States can be arranged, the Administration knows nothing of it, officially or otherwise.

Should this country annex both Cuba and Porto Rico as the result of the war, strong pressure would be brought to bear to have it assume the Spanish debt contracted in an impotent effort to hold the West India possessions.

But the President, having got loose from the money sharks, will not be influenced by them.

## DEATH OF FRANK G. SHEERWOOD

He Is Found on the Street Unconscious and Expires in a Hospital.

Frank G. Sheerwood, a paperhanger, who lived at No. 8 New York Avenue, was found unconscious at New York Avenue and First Street this morning.

He was removed to the Homeopathic Hospital, where he died. The cause of death was not ascertained. Coroner Carr gave a certificate of death from natural causes.

SUITS CAMP SITE.

Places Where Weary Soldiers Can Rest Will Be Chosen.

Surgeon Gen. Sternberg has left Washington for Montauk Point, L. I. He goes to inspect the place with a view to ascertaining the feasibility of the place for a camp ground for large bodies of troops.

Adj. Gen. Corbin and Gen. Frank have strongly recommended the place, and if Gen. Sternberg reports favorably it will be selected. When the troops return from Cuba good camps will be established, and which they will be sent to recuperate.

Other matters have not been slow to appreciate the importance of speed as a factor in naval warfare, and nearly every warship now in course of construction is being built under guarantee of nearly 15 knots.

The Navy Department has for several years been partial to armor rather than speed, but since it has been proven that the two can be successfully combined in the matter of fleetness, it is a relief to those who have proclaimed the necessity of greater speed, which had already been appreciated by other nations.

THE FIFTH ARMY CORPS.

Detailed List of Casualties Received From General Shafter.

The adjutant general has received from Gen. Shafter a detailed list of casualties in the Fifth Army Corps. It contains 127 names, with a brief statement of the character of the wounds, but no extensive description of the injuries is given.

The number of killed, wounded and missing is the same as heretofore given in press dispatches, as follows: Killed, 33 officers and 308 men; missing, 8 men; wounded, 80 officers and 1,338 men.

Death of Mrs. Laura Page Morris.

Lynchburg, Va., July 25.—Mrs. Laura Page Morris, widow of the late Dr. William S. Morris, died Sunday night at the home of her son-in-law, Mr. J. M. Stannard, in Greensboro, N. C., aged seventy years. Mrs. Morris passed most of her life in this city, where she was well known and highly esteemed. Her surviving children are Hon. Page Morris, Congressman from the Duluth, Minn., district; John S. Morris, of Indian Territory; Rev. Charles Morris, of Mississippi; and Mrs. Mary Nowlin, of Lynchburg. Mrs. Morris was a Miss Waller, of Williamsburg.

Ex-Congressman Sweet Dead.

Portland, Me., July 25.—The Hon. Lorenzo D. M. Sweet, a former Congressman from the First Maine district, died this morning at the age of eighty years. He was chosen as a Democrat to the Thirty-eighth Congress from the strong Republican First district, greatly on account of his well-known sympathy with the prosecution of the war for the restoration of the Union. Mr. Sweet was commissioner to the Paris and Vienna expositions.

Sentenced to Death for Assault.

Dallas, Texas, July 25.—Joseph Malone, a negro gambler of Dallas, pleaded guilty to a criminal assault on Mrs. Fredrick Stein, a white woman, seventy-five years old. He was sentenced to hang. Only 1c foot for Joint and Strutting. Short pieces, 3, 4, 7 and 8 feet long.

## SESSION OF THE CABINET.

A Report From General Miles May Arrive Tomorrow.

The Cabinet meeting today was brief and as far as could be learned unimportant. Secretary Alger and Secretary Long left the meeting a few minutes after 12 o'clock. Secretary Alger stated that the War Department had received no word from Gen. Miles since he left Cuba on Friday.

It is the general impression that his first report may not arrive until tomorrow. It is suggested that he may not send any report immediately after landing, but may wait until his troops are on shore and the actual operations have begun. The time necessary to convey his message to the nearest cable station would be several hours.

It is understood that the newspaper reports alleging that Spain will soon ask for an armistice were discussed at the Cabinet meeting and that President McKinley believes such a proposition may come this week through France or Austria.

As stated in another column of the Times the Administration has decided that an armistice is out of the question until Spain has agreed to surrender on America's terms.

Secretary Long said this afternoon that the reports of Commodore Schley, Commodore Sampson, Capt. Evans and others will be given to the public tomorrow.

SIGNAL CORPS TO PORTO RICO.

The Company Now at Washington Barred From Leaving.

The Indiana Signal Corps company, Capt. McIntyre, now at Washington Barracks, has been ordered to prepare to move. It will join Gen. Lee at Jacksonville immediately and probably proceed thence to Porto Rico. It is expected that they will get away by the end of this week.

## MORE SPEED IN THE NAVY

The New Warships to Have Superior Sailing Capacity.

NAVAL EXPERTS TO DECIDE

Since It Has Been Demonstrated That Swiftships and Heavy Armor Can Be Successfully Combined, the Navy Department Is Convinced—Guarantee to Be Required.

It appears that the Navy Department has decided from its old ideas of sacrificing speed to armor in the building of new warships. This is one of the lessons learned from the naval operations in the present war, and the alleged experts who have hitherto been inclined to disregard speed as an important factor in the American navy are forced to yield their convictions in the face of recent demonstrations in actual service.

In an interview yesterday Secretary Long said that in awarding bids for the new warships, for which plans have been prepared, preference will be given to builders guaranteeing the highest