

Big Bargain Saturday

"Smoke Sale."

The sneers of jealous competitors do not affect us--"the truth is mighty and shall prevail."

The crowds are headed this way--and as long as we can treat them to such luscious bargain plums they will continue to come.

We expect tomorrow to be the busiest day in the history of this house--and we have made all preparations to handle a big crowd with the least possible delay.

The damage done was only slight--a little smell of smoke here and there--and after a twenty-four hours airing every trace of smoke will be removed from any goods you may buy.

Every article in the house is reduced--and as we only handle the finer grades, you may come expecting the biggest bargains of your life.

No alterations--no exchanges.

Men's Suits, \$5.		Children's Suits, \$1.	
"Odds and ends" that formerly sold for \$8, \$10, \$12 and \$15. Every suit cut in the latest style--and fresh from our own factory this season. All the better grades are reduced proportionately--no store has ever sold our grade of garments as cheap as we are selling them now.		300 suits that sold as high as \$3.50. "Odds and Ends"--but the biggest bargains ever offered. All the finer suits have been greatly reduced--we are trying for a complete clearance, and are willing to take even less than cost for any of the children's suits.	
"Smoke Sale," 50c. For Vests that sold for \$3.00, \$2.50, \$2 and \$1.50.	"Smoke Sale," \$1.65. For men's all-wool pants that are worth up to \$3.00.	"Smoke Sale," Half Price For all bicycle suits--\$1.50 to \$4.25, instead of \$3 to \$8.50.	"Smoke Sale," 39c to \$1.39 For the bathing suits that sold for 50c to \$2.00.
"Smoke Sale," \$1.15. For choice of all \$1.50 and \$2 fancy Manhattan shirts.	"Smoke Sale," 15c. For choice of a lot of 25c and 39c silk neckwear.	"Smoke Sale," \$1.00. For choice of all smooth and rough straws that sold up to \$1.75.	"Smoke Sale," 39c. For choice of our finest silk neckwear.
"Smoke Sale," 79c. For choice of all \$1 and \$1.25 madras and silk-front shirts.	"Smoke Sale," 39c. For choice of all plain and fancy 50c underwear.	"Smoke Sale," 35c. For any 50c man's or boys' straw hat.	"Smoke Sale," 10c. For choice of a lot of "odds and ends" in boys' and men's straw hats.
"Smoke Sale," 39c. For choice of all 50c and 69c negligee shirts.	"Smoke Sale," \$1.59. For choice of our finest English split straw hats that sold up to \$3.	"Smoke Sale," 12 1/2c. For choice of a lot of children's caps and Tam O'Shanter hats that sold for 25c and 50c.	"Smoke Sale," 7c. For pure linen collars--all shapes--worth 15c, 10c for cuffs to match.

RISEMAN BROS.

COR. 7TH AND E

JAMAICA AND BARBADOS

The Reciprocity Discussion Excites Interest in Them.

Something About the Commerce and Character of Two of the Most Prosperous British West India Islands--Their Business Facilities, Products for the World's Markets.

The commerce of these portions of the British West Indies with reciprocity treaties are under consideration is discussed somewhat in detail by the "Monthly Summary of Commerce and Finance," just issued by the Treasury Bureau of Statistics. The imports of Jamaica and Barbados, with which reciprocity discussions have reached such an advanced stage as to render this subject a matter of special interest, amount to nearly \$15,000,000 annually. Dismissing the details of the commerce of these two islands, the "Summary" says:

MEN AND WOMEN
Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, distorts the vision, saps the strength, and shortens the life. It is a disease that is out of order or diseased. The pleasant remedy is Dr. Kilmor's Swamp Root, the great kidney remedy. At druggists. Sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet.
Address Dr. Kilmor & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

tropical fruits already mentioned, dried cabinet woods, spices, and other valuable tropical products. The coffee raised in certain districts of the Blue Mountains brings, it is said, the highest price paid for coffee in the London market. The exports from Jamaica in the year 1897-'98 included 85,410 hundredweight of coffee, 445,865 pounds sterling of bananas, 11,532,725 coconuts, 38,913,951 oranges, 1,408,169 pounds of ginger, 1,379,278 gallons of rum, 284,376 hundredweight of raw sugar, 42,600 tons of logwood, and 38,828 hundredweight of pimento. The total value of the exports of 1897-'98 was \$1,448,442 and of the imports \$1,669,667. The imports included 32,667 hundredweight of bread and biscuits, 7,508 hundredweight of butter and condensed milk, 147,616 hhd. of coal and coke, 300,401 bushels of corn, 37,683 barrels of meal, 298,317 pounds sterling of cotton manufactures, 118,612 hundredweight of dried or pickled fish, 147,616 hhd. of flour, 28,424 pounds sterling of hardware and cutlery, 25,772 pounds sterling of linen manufactures, millinery, and haberdashery, \$3,990,000 worth of other goods, 8,569,999 pounds of rice, and 2,402,120 pounds of soap. Of the 1,666,667 pounds sterling value of imports in 1898, 779,898 pounds in value was from the United Kingdom, 718 from the United States, 118,898 from British North America, while of the 1,448,442 pounds sterling value of exports in 1898, 313,852 pounds went to the United Kingdom and 892,532 to the United States.

"Jamaica was discovered by Columbus on May 3, 1494, taken possession of by the Spaniards in 1509, but taken in 1655 by a British expedition sent out by Cromwell, which, after an unsuccessful attempt to capture the island of San Domingo, seized Jamaica, which has since been held by the British government, having been ceded to England in 1670.

"The island of Barbados, with whose government a reciprocity treaty has already been signed, lies on the east of a chain of islands which stretches southwardly from Porto Rico to the coast of South America, and which geographers divide into "Windward" and "Leeward" groups. Its population is, according to the Statesman's Year Book of 1899, about 120,000; its area about 165 square miles, and the area under cultivation about 106,470 acres. The staple product of the island is sugar, about 30,000 acres being annually planted with sugar cane, which yielded in 1897, 58,600 hogsheads of sugar, as against 36,451 in 1896, and 49,299 in 1898. There are 441 sugar works and 9 rum distilleries. Sugar is the chief export, though 1,880 hhd. of molasses, valued at \$1,200,000, and bituminous petroleum for fuel--was exported in 1897. In the exports of that year were 58,397 hogsheads of raw sugar, valued at \$2,088,417; 2,202 hogsheads of other sugar valued at \$120,426; 37,422 hogsheads of molasses valued at \$418,976; 45,449 quintals of dried fish, valued at \$222,502, and considerable quantities of coal, corn, flour, and manufactures. The imports included \$1,947,741 pounds of bread and biscuit, 770,250 pounds of butter and compounds, 12,749 tons of coal and coke, 304,972 bushels of corn and other grain, 46,688 barrels of Indian cornmeal, 55,089 barrels of flour,

\$2,453 quintals of dried fish, \$221,620 value of hardware and metals, \$657,522 of lumber and cotton goods, \$516,281 of tin, 2,891,420 pounds of salted or pickled meat, 4,581,858 pounds of oil meal and oil cake, 2,211,781 pounds of rice, 1,649,963 staves and shooks, the total value of the year's importations being \$4,908,823, of which \$2,369,577 came from the United Kingdom, \$2,595,945 from North America, \$1,366,564 from the United States, and the remainder from British India, British West Indies, British and Dutch Guiana, and Peru. Of the year's exports, which amounted to \$3,582,577 in value, \$2,080,535 came to the United States.

"Facilities for satisfactory transaction of business include a colonial bank, with paid-up capital of \$600,000, having a circulation of \$1,868,497. The chief city, Bridgetown, has a population of 21,000, with 3 daily, 2 weekly, 2 bi-weekly, and two monthly newspapers. The registered shipping of 1897 consisted of 48 sailing vessels and 2 steamers; total tonnage, 7,105 tons net. There are upon the island 24 miles of railroad, 470 miles of wagon road, 24 miles of telegraph line, 35 miles of police telephone line, and 600 miles of private telephone line, which supply 406 telephones. Barbados is a station of the West Indian and Panama Telegraph Company. Its distance from New York is 1,820 miles; from Porto Rico, 419, and from Liverpool 3,705 miles.

THE SHAMROCK'S NEW BOOM.

Need of a Larger Spar to Carry the Yacht's Canvas.
Southampton, July 13.--The shipbuilding firm of J. G. Fay & Co., Southampton, is constructing for the Shamrock a still larger boom than the one with which she is fitted at present, as it is thought that in the lighter atmosphere of America she will be able to carry more canvas than she could in the Atlantic. When the Shamrock was in dry dock here the police refused to allow Sir Thomas Lipton admission to the dock until his identity was proved. Sir Thomas afterward rewarded the policeman for their faithfulness.

Death of a Vinegar Drunkard.

St. Louis, July 14.--Chris Schurman, a vinegar drunkard, died yesterday at the county farm. He had been an inmate of the farm for sixteen years, where he contracted the habit that caused his death, being denied all other stimulants. In the cellars of the institution he used to tap the vinegar barrels and drink his fill. Indulgence in this appetite brought on neuritis, which caused his death. He would drink a half gallon of vinegar daily, when he could procure it, which proved milder intoxicating. Physicians say that his death was undoubtedly caused by his abnormal appetite for vinegar.

Bilious
People find prompt relief and cure by taking Hood's Pills, the great family cathartic and liver stimulant.
25c. of druggists or C. L. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

THE WHITNEY STABLE FIRE.

Detectives Searching for Clues to Locate the Incendiaries.

New York, July 14.--Detectives are today hunting for clues that may lead to the firebugs who destroyed the stables of William C. Whitney at Westbury, L. I., last night. Added interest is given to their search by the belief that the same person may have burned the house of the young William H. Vanderbilt, at Oakdale, and the home of Clarence H. Mackay, in Wheatley, in November last. The fire position has been that Idle Hour was burned by burglars, while the Mackay fire was attributed to a defective flue.

The blaze in Mr. Whitney's stables had secured a good start before it was discovered. Every workman on the place was roused, and mounted men rode to the barns, asking all to lend a hand, and the fire companies at Hempstead, Minola, Roslyn, and Westbury were summoned by the flames gallantly.

A PRIZE FIGHT IN THE WOODS.

Summers at Narragansett Pier Witness a Brutal Battle.
Providence, R. I., July 14.--Several young men of New York who are summering at Narragansett Pier were treated to a bloody prize fight at 4 o'clock this morning, which was arranged for their special benefit. They left the Pier at midnight on traps and backboards and were pursued by the police for hours before the bluecoats were given the slip. The ring was pitched in the depths of the woods eight miles from the Pier.

A Large Catboat Captives.

Ocean City, Md., July 14.--A large catboat, in charge of Capt. Doc Hadden, of Bishopville, Worcester county, captured yesterday in the Sinepuxent Bay, near Ocean City. There were four white and three colored men in the vessel, all of whom succeeded in reaching the shore. The accident occurred in full sight of the railroad pier, which at that time was crowded with guests of the hotel. Great excitement was caused by the accident.

Spain's Greatest Need.

Mr. R. P. Oliva, of Barcelona, Spain, sends his winter at Alkon, S. C. Weak nerves, headache, indigestion, and general debility were cured by using Electric Bitters. America's greatest blood and nerve remedy. All pain soon left him. He says this grand medicine is what his country needs. All America knows that it cures liver and kidney trouble, purifies the blood, tones up the stomach, strengthens the nerves, puts vim, vigor and new life into every muscle, nerve, and organ of the body. If weak, tired, or ailing, you need it. Every bottle guaranteed. Only 50 cents. Sold by Henry Evans, druggist, 208 F Street.

A POSTOFFICE LIBRARY

Mr. Merritt Will Endeavor to Provide Reading Matter.

He Believes His Employees Are as Much Entitled to Such a Facility as Those of Other Departments. A Recommendation Likely to Be Made to the Proper Authorities.

"It is not generally known, but it is a fact nevertheless, that the employees of the City Postoffice have not the use of a library like employees in the other departments," remarked W. Scott Towers, Superintendent of Station C, to a Times reporter this morning. "It was only a few years ago," he continued, "when the Public Printing Office had no library, but when the subject was agitated and brought to the attention of Congress a provision in an appropriation bill was at once made for a library for the use of the employees of the big primary. It will be conceded, I think, that the Postoffice employees are as deserving of as much consideration at the hands of the General Government as any other class of its employees, and the people who work in Postoffice compare in intelligence and culture with any other class of public servants."

When Postmaster Merritt's attention was called to the matter by a Times reporter he expressed himself as follows: "You can state for me," said he, "that I want the postoffice employees to have every privilege accorded to clerks in the departments. I shall look into this matter and make whatever recommendation is necessary. The employees of the postoffice are hard workers, but at the same time they can find a few spare moments to enjoy wholesome literature. When the question is presented, as it will be, to the proper authorities I believe it will receive due consideration."

THE LOCKJAW EPIDEMIC.

More Than Twenty Cases About New York.

New York, July 14.--Although but one more was added to the list of victims of lockjaw in this city yesterday, reports from outside points indicated that the epidemic is showing no signs of abatement. This fact increased the great interest aroused by the new method of tetanus treatment discovered by Dr. Frank Hartley, of No. 52 West Fifth Street. This method, by which the antitoxin serum is injected into the brain of the sufferer, is being used wherever possible in the New York hospitals, and its results are being followed with wide attention.

Joseph Lavinsky, the fifteen-year-old boy who shot himself in the left hand on July 4 with a blank cartridge, died in Bellevue Hospital at an early hour yesterday morning. He had been treated by the new method discovered by Dr. Hartley, one of the visiting physicians at Bellevue Hospital, antitoxin serum was injected into Lavinsky's brain, but he was taken to the hospital too late for any treatment to be successful.

Dr. Hartley and Professor Hotchkiss devoted themselves during the day to other cases of lockjaw in the hospitals. The new method was applied to William Rainsberg, Charles Roth, thirteen years old, who shot himself in the palm of the left hand in Roosevelt Hospital. He shot himself in the right hand with a toy pistol on July 4. Although he was not taken to the hospital until Wednesday afternoon, he went through the operation in good condition, and he has been resting quietly since. It was said at the hospital last night that the patient was doing very well.

Dr. Hartley, when asked about his new method yesterday afternoon, said that he had been working on it for two years, and that while it was not an infallible method, it promised success in a much greater proportion of cases than any other method thus far used. He said that the point long striven for was to be able to inject the antitoxin serum into the base of the brain. This now could be done with mathematical calculation, and Dr. Hartley said there was no reason why the new method should fail to cure if tried in time.

The case of a girl from Panama, who was treated successfully at the New York Hospital about a month ago, Dr. Hartley said, was an illustration of the results that could reasonably be expected when the new method is applied in time. In several instances where patients had died after this method had been tried, Dr. Hartley said, the fault did not lie in the method, but in the lateness of its application. He said that nothing could have saved the Lavinsky boy, and that the same thing was true of the other two fallen victims to the deadly tetanus recently.

Dr. Hartley's method was also given a test in the Harlem Hospital yesterday. Charles Roth, thirteen years old, who shot himself in the palm of the left hand on July 4 with a blank cartridge, has been in a precarious condition for several days. According to the telegraphic report received at the Navy Department the vessels purchased are thirteen in number, twelve gunboats and one torpedo boat. The gunboats are the Calamianes, Mariveles, Bulacan, Pampanga, Paragua, Samar, Albay, Manila, Panay, Vasco, Urdaneta, and Guardafui. The torpedo boat is the Barcelo. In addition to these the fleet in the Philippines has been increased, by purchase or capture, by the tugs Rapido, Sureste, and Petrolita, the steam launch Iona, and the steam barge Odina. With nine vessels now in serviceable condition, captured by Dewey, the fleet in the Philippines is sufficiently large for all present purposes. The nine vessels are the Don Juan de Austria, the Isla de Cuba, the Isla de Luzon, the Manila, El Cano, Callao, Leyte, Mindoro, and Mindanao. Most of these are gunboats of light draft. The Don Juan, Cuba, and the Luzon have been repaired and put in first-class condition at Hongkong, and it has been reported to the Navy Department that El Cano, also at Hongkong, will be ready this month for receiving her armament.

Extra Shoe Values

—AT—

Closing-Out Prices.

This great MIDSUMMER CLOSING-OUT SHOE SALE of ours, it seems, is the talk of the town, and it cannot help being otherwise. A merciless price-cutting of our famous Reliable Shoes--every pair new, fresh, and attractive--no job lots--no broken sizes--no shoes here but what you can depend on for wear, style, and fit. We have entirely too many Summer Shoes on hand, and we must close them out before September--no matter how great the sacrifice. These are some of tomorrow's great price attractions:

Today
—AT—
Hahn & Co.'s
3 Busy Stores.

Men's \$3, \$3.50 and some \$4 tan willow calf and vic vic best quality hand-sewed Oxford ties and laced shoes, most any style, any size and width you want. TOMORROW.....\$2.67

Men's \$2.50 tan and black kid and Russia calf Oxford ties and laced shoes, over a dozen different shapes and kinds. TOMORROW.....\$1.87

Ladies' finest tan boots and Oxford ties, any pair of our regular \$3 and \$2.50 qualities--and the very best shoes, most any style, any size, offered at these prices. TOMORROW.....\$2.29

Splendid hand-sewed turn sole tan and black Oxford ties, kid or patent leather tips, better probably than any you ever bought at \$2. TOMORROW.....\$1.37

Rare Bargains for Children.

Infants' pretty little kid sole Burton and Laced Shoes, black, white, and fancy colors, all sizes. TOMORROW.....19c

Boys' and Youths' \$1.00 splendid wearing Outing Shoes--made of the best dark-colored canvas with Russia Calf tips; sizes up to 5-12. TOMORROW.....45c

Boys' and Girls' tan Vic Vic Spring Heel solid sole Laced Shoes, made to sell for \$1.25; sizes 8 to 2. TOMORROW.....59c

Girls' pretty Sandals and Oxford Ties, made of genuine black and tan vic vic and patent leather, sizes up to ladies' 6. TOMORROW.....69c

Any pair Misses' \$1.25 and most \$1.50 best tan vic vic patent tip, mannish shape laced shoes in the house; sizes up to 5-12. TOMORROW.....87c

Boys' and girls' best \$2 grade patent leather and fine vic vic Oxford Ties and Fedora Button Sandals, made on the popular mannish shape. TOMORROW.....\$1.37

Wm. Hahn & Co.'s

154 and 1916 Pa. Ave.
THREE RELIABLE SHOE HOUSES. 233 Pa. Ave. S. E.

OUR PHILIPPINE FLEET.

A List of the Spanish War Vessels Purchased by Otis.

The Navy Department has obtained by telegraph from Manila a complete list of the Spanish vessels purchased by Major General Otis from the Spanish Government and turned over to the Navy. With the addition of these vessels, all of which draw little water, Rear Admiral Watson will have a sufficient number of light draft craft to police the Philippine archipelago and to operate against the insurgents in the numerous lagoons and rivers of the Island of Luzon. As early as last December Admiral Dewey requested the Navy Department to send him a number of light draft gunboats. A month later the Admiral cabled an urgent request for vessels of that character, but the department was unable to send him more than half a dozen. As the Admiral continued to importune the department on the subject, it was decided to fit up some of the converted yachts used in the war with Spain, but on the advice of the Chief Constructor this determination was abandoned, the Chief Constructor holding that it would be dangerous to risk such small, frail craft on a voyage of 10,000 miles.

After the battle of Manila Bay all the Spanish gunboats that have been engaged to police the Philippines concentrated at Zamboanga, in the island of Mindanao, and remained there until recently, when they were bought for the United States by General Otis. Just prior to their departure from Zamboanga for Manila these gunboats were raised by insurgents, who took from them a number of guns, which were used against the Spanish garrison defending that place. Otherwise, however, the vessels were left untouched, and General Otis has cabled that half of them were in excellent condition for service when delivered at Manila.

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Typewriters Rented

\$3.50 per month.
Delivered with table.
The Typewriter Exchange.
1006 F Street N. W.

EDUCATIONAL.

LESSONS DURING VACATION--Preparation for examinations; English lessons to foreigners. For terms, etc., address MISS C. M. BALE, 939 14th st. sw.

DIED.

BUSHROD--Departed this life on Wednesday, July 12, 1899, at 4:30 a. m. FRANK BUSHROD, the husband of Ellen Bushrod, and the father of Charles and Frank Bushrod, aged sixty-eight years. May be rest in peace.

FUNERAL.

Funeral will take place Sunday, July 16, at 4 p. m. from the residence of Mrs. Frank Bushrod, 1006 F Street northwest. Interment in the New Jerusalem, Tenth Street, between V and W Streets northwest.

CALLAGHAN--On Friday, July 14, 1900, at 2 a. m. HONORA, widow of the late John Callaghan.

FUNERAL.

Funeral from her late residence, Cherry Chase, Sunday, July 16, at 11 o'clock to St. Ann's Church, Tenleytown. Burial at Carroll Chapel, Forest Glen, Md.

BRENNAN--Departed this life Wednesday, July 12, 1899, at 4:30 a. m. FRANK BRENNAN, the husband of Ellen Brennan, and the father of Charles and Frank Brennan, aged sixty-eight years. May be rest in peace.

FUNERAL.

Funeral from Zion Baptist Church, Four and G Streets northwest, Sunday, July 16, at 1 o'clock. Friends and relatives invited to attend.

KRAMER--On Thursday, July 13, at 4 p. m. MATTIE KRAMER, widow of the late Herr. Sumner Kramer, in the eightieth year of her age. Burial from her late residence, 634 A Street southeast, Saturday, July 15, at 9:30 a. m. Interment at Mount Olivet, Baltimore.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE CHESAPEAKE AND POTOMAC TELEPHONE COMPANY

will publish its next Directory on or about August 5. This Directory will contain the names of all the subscribers of the company in Washington and Baltimore, as well as other points in Maryland and in West Virginia. To secure the advantage of having in this Directory, all contracts must be signed prior to July 20. Call contract department, telephone 750-1882. J. H. GIBBS.

THE CORCORAN GALLERY OF ART

will be closed to the public from JULY 15TH to SEPTEMBER 17TH, 1899. By order, F. S. BARBARIN, Curator.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN--

The firm of C. A. Snow & Co., which was for a period of fourteen years co-proprietors of Chester A. Snow and Edward C. Siggers, has been dissolved. Mr. Siggers is located in his home offices in the National Union Insurance Building, 215 F Street northwest, where he will be pleased to greet any local clients. J. H. GIBBS.

OFFICE of the Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Company--A dividend of \$1 per share will be payable on the 24TH DAY OF JULY, 1899, to the stockholders of record at the close of business on the 14TH OF JULY, 1899, at the office of the Treasurer of the company, 619 Fourteenth Street northwest, Washington, D. C.

THE TRADING COMPANY

will hold its annual meeting on the 15TH DAY OF JULY at the 24TH OF JULY inclusive. JEREMIAH M. WILSON, President. CHARLES G. BEERER, Treasurer. Washington, D. C., July 19, 1899. J. H. GIBBS.

RHEUMATISM and Gout cured by Medical Gymnastic. Consultation free. Call at the Gymnastic Institute, 20 Third Street northeast. JOHN E. RUBESAM, Dr. M. Ph.

METROPOLITAN RAILROAD.

On and after Sunday, July 16, 1899, the Metropolitan Railroad Company will give and receive free transfers at the following junction points on its lines: Brightwood Railway, Seventh and U Streets northwest. Georgetown and Tennallytown Railway, Thirty-second and O and P Streets northwest. Washington and Great Falls Railway, Thirty-sixth and Prospect Streets. Six tickets for twenty-five (25) cents will be sold as before, good for one fare in the District of Columbia only; five (5) cent cash fares will be collected on all lines outside of the District.

General Superintendent.

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