

LANSBURGH & BRO. YOUR OPPORTUNITIES

For securing boys' ready-to-wear clothing at a discount of 20 per cent from the already reduced prices is an opportunity which does not very often present itself.

During This Sale We Offer:

- 500 boys' cheviot and outing shirt waists, 9c each. 150 boys' navy blue and garnet sweaters, 45c each. 200 boys' caps at 9c. 75 all-wool plaid tam o'shanters, were 60c, now 31c. 48 navy blue chinchilla reefers, reduced to 99c. 69 white jean barber's and waiter's coats, 4c each. 175 men's grey striped woven duck negligee shirts, 45c quality, now 18c. 250 boys' cassiaone pants, were 45c and 50c, now 33c.

Lansburgh & Bro 420 to 426 Seventh Street.

All Parlor Furniture For Quick Clearance!

Our annual January Clearing Sale of Parlor Furniture is now at its height. Profit and even cost is forgotten in this determined effort to reduce stock. You can buy a Parlor Suite here for less money today than will be offered again for another year!

GROGAN'S Mammoth Credit House, 617, 619, 621, 623 7th Street N. W. Between H and I Sts.

KNABE Pianos Other Make Uprights at All Prices. PIANOS FOR RENT.

Wm. Knabe & Co., 1422 Pa. Ave. N. W.

Original Long Loaf Square Loaf Grandmas' Old Homestead. THE BOSTON BAKING CO. Label. YOUR Grocer sells it. BEST bread in town. OUR whole wheat aids digestion.

THE MODERN GROCERY. COFFEE: Choice Java and Mocha, 25c per lb. Have 100 purchased from anyone who sells at 25c, 30c, and 25c per lb. RICHARD H. GASKINS, 1417-1419, 14th St. N. W.

Warm Rooms for \$1.25 We've got a Gas Heater for \$1.25 that throws off as much heat as one of nearly double its size. Will warm a hall room as thoroughly as you could expect, and absolutely safe and substantial. The greatest line of stoves and heaters in the city. Best values, too. C. A. Muddiman & Co., 616 12th. 1204 G.

Regent Shoes. All the newest and most attractive styles in men's shoes. Black, tan, patent leather. \$2.50. 84 Pennsylvania Avenue.

INDIAN WAR SURVIVORS

A Bill Providing for Pensions Pending in the Senate.

A Favorable Report Presented by Mr. Gallinger—The Widows of the Veterans of Black Hawk, Creek, Cherokee, and Seminole Revolts to Be Granted an Allowance.

Senator Gallinger has presented a favorable report on the bill introduced by Senator McBride, on December 6, amending the act of 1892, granting pensions to the survivors of the Indian wars of 1832-42, inclusive, known as the Black Hawk war, Creek war, Cherokee disturbances, and the Seminole war.

The act is amended and extended to include the names of the surviving officers and enlisted men who served for thirty days or more and were honorably discharged under the United States military, State, Territorial, or provisional authorities in the Florida and Georgia Seminole Indian war of 1817-18; the Fevre River Indian war of Illinois of 1827; the Sac and Fox Indian war of 1831; the Sabine Indian disturbances of 1836-37; the Cayuse Indian war of 1847-48, on the Pacific Coast; the Florida wars with the Seminole Indians from 1812-38, inclusive; the Texas and New Mexico Indian war of 1849-50; the California Indian disturbances of 1811-22; the Utah Indian disturbances of 1849-53, inclusive; and the Oregon and Washington Territory Indian wars from 1851-56, inclusive, and also to include the surviving widows of such officers and enlisted men, provided that such widows have not remarried.

Mr. Gallinger reports as an amendment to Mr. McBride's bill the following: "That all contracts heretofore made between the beneficiaries under this act and pension attorneys and claim agents are hereby declared null and void."

A bill similar to that reported by Mr. Gallinger passed the Senate in both the Fifty-fourth and Fifty-fifth Congresses, but failed to receive consideration in the House. The bill had been referred to William Leche, Commissioner of Pensions, and he made a report in which he said that the cost of pensions of survivors and widows would probably be for the first year \$720,000, and computed by the American table of mortality, the average pensionable period would be seven and two-thirds years.

It is said the records of the Government show that there remain of the Seminole war of 1817-18 but five survivors and 120 widows.

Of the "La Fevre" Indian war, which occurred sixty-eight years ago, there remain but 14 survivors and 107 widows. Of the Sabine war of 1836, there remain but 231 survivors and 154 widows. Of the Cayuse war of 1847-48 there are 144 survivors and 82 widows. Of the Texas and New Mexico Indian wars there still survive 1,448, with 890 widows. Of the California Indian war there still survive 476 and 239 widows. Of the Indian wars of the Territories of Oregon and Washington, prior to 1856, there still survive 2,309, and 1,340 widows.

In many instances serving in these Indian wars an examination of the names shows a repetition, caused by the same person serving in different companies, and this, it is estimated, will still further reduce the number of beneficiaries at least 700, leaving the total survivors of the Indian wars at about 4,000.

The committee in its report says: "The last of these wars occurred forty years ago, and the estimated age of the survivors fixed at fifty-five years, while the estimated age of the Seminole survivors is ninety-four years. Of the inestimable services of these pioneer men and soldiers we deem it unnecessary to refer. Historically, the results they have achieved, in the South and West they endured the greatest privations, sacrifices, and sufferings. We owe to them largely, if not entirely, the acquisition of the vast empire of the Pacific Northwest."

"It having been the policy of the Government and the uniform course of the legislation that service pensions should be granted at the expiration of seven years following the wars for which such pensions have been granted, it will be seen that this period has been now reached as to all the wars mentioned in the present bill, while as to some over seventy-seven years have elapsed since the war. Most of these old survivors are in needy circumstances, while all are in old age, and, as estimated by the Commissioner of Pensions, the average pensionable period cannot extend beyond about seven years hence. Many of these aged men were omitted from the act pensioning survivors of Indian wars because of their advanced age, and for this reason the present bill is the more just, since it includes all the survivors of the recognized Indian wars prior to 1856.

MINERS THREATEN TO STRIKE

The Coal Operators Refuse to Concede Their Demands.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 27.—The conference between the coal mine operators and the miners' committee appointed to fix a scale for 1900 has resulted in a good deal of ill-feeling, and the indications now point to the adjournment of the conference without reaching an agreement. For a year past the Illinois mine operators have been paying for the mining of coal on the "run of the mine" plan. They want to adopt the screen system, and the miners demand that this be abandoned in Indiana, Ohio, and Pennsylvania, and the scale be based on the "run of the mine."

The operators also refuse to consider any advance of 10 cents per ton, but the miners refuse to consider anything until the first two matters are disposed of. They declare that a failure to agree on a scale will result in calling out 100,000 miners in the four States represented in the conference.

MCDONALD'S BOND NOT READY.

The Rapid Transit Railroad Contract Given Ten Days' More Time. NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—John B. McDonald, whose bid of \$25,000,000 to build the rapid transit underground railroad has been accepted, has been granted an extension of ten days in which to complete his bond of \$5,000,000. Mr. McDonald explained to the secretary of the board of directors that the delay was due to the fact that the necessary papers, Mr. McDonald is organizing a construction company to carry out the work.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED BITTERS. If every one realized how absolutely health depends upon a vigorous stomach, they would keep the Bitters constantly on hand. As a medicine it is invaluable. An occasional dose will keep the bowels regular. Try it.

CHINA NEEDS OUR GOODS.

Minister Wu Ting Fang Invites Trade to His Country.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—The second annual dinner of the American Asiatic Association, an organization of merchants in the Oriental trade, took place at Delmonico's last night. Among the guests were Jutaro Komura, the Japanese Minister; Wu Ting Fang, the Chinese Minister; Charles Denby, former Minister to China; John Barrett, former Minister to Siam; and Senator John L. McLaurin, of South Carolina.

Wu Ting Fang, the Chinese Minister, was applauded when he arose to speak. He said in part:

"I am here to protest the interests of my country and my countrymen, but in so doing nothing would make me want to hurt you or your country. My one object in life is to cement and draw closer the happy relations now existing between our respective countries."

"We all know that China is one of the greatest markets of the world, with a population of 400,000,000, who must be fed and clothed and receive the necessities of life. She wants your wheat, your cotton, your iron and steel, and your manufactured articles of the New England States. She wants your steam rail, electrical machines, one hundred other things that she cannot get at home and must get abroad. It is a fine field for American industry to fill these wants. It is particularly easy for you to reach China on account of the fine highway you have on the Pacific, and especially desirable that you do so since you have become our next-door neighbor in the Philippines. If you do not come up to your own expectations and meet this opportunity it is your own fault."

"Although China wants these things America will have to go to China to sell them. Americans must study the requirements and wants of the Chinese. It won't do for you to dump your surplus goods on them, because they won't take them. You must exhibit your goods, because Chinese will not buy on trust, as they must see and be pleased with what they are going to pay their money for."

"Here is another hint. Be more civil to the Chinese than you have been. Go to them in a different way from you, and that in many questions their etiquette differs from that prevalent in Wall Street. Let them see that you are not coming up to them in a different way from you. Civility goes a long way. Deal fairly with them. This is no insinuation that you cheat, but don't try to be too sharp. The Chinese have always believed that verbal contracts are binding. They have had some shocking experiences with Americans who held that nothing but a written contract was binding. That question should be looked into."

"Above all things else, let me warn you to be careful how you treat your new subjects in the Philippines. I feel my duty to warn you as a friend of the United States, who fears that his efforts on your behalf may be frustrated if any unfair advantage is taken of the Philippines. I know that such actions would cause a general mistrust in all China and ruin all prospects of trade there. You must treat them in a give-and-take manner, not on the principle of taking all and giving nothing."

The Japanese Minister said he was pleased to welcome, in the efforts of the American country and skill, the work still to be done and the industrial improvements still to be made. He rejoiced that in the President's message and in all the acts of Congress as well as in the business world, such hearty good will had been shown toward Japan, and insisted that nowhere would American industries be more welcome than in his country. Mr. Denby and Mr. Barrett both urged the necessity of increasing our Far Eastern trade, and spoke of the usefulness of our Philippine possessions to that end.

CENSURED BY STUDENTS.

The President of the University of Cincinnati Denounced.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 27.—The attitude of the students of the University of Cincinnati toward the resignation of President Ayers has been aggravated by the voluntary resignation of Prof. P. N. V. Meyers, followed by similar action on the part of Prof. E. M. Brown, of the chair of English literature. Two meetings have been held in the university building, one composed of sympathizers with the outgoing professors and the other largely of friends of President Ayers. President Ayers resigned at both meetings. Miss Amelia Hickenlooper, daughter of Gen. A. Hickenlooper, was chairman of the anti-Ayers meeting. The purpose was to pass resolutions of sympathy with Prof. Meyers in his resignation and resolutions on President Ayers. When the resolution was proposed it was followed by a motion to adjourn which was lost by a close vote.

During the demonstrations a faculty meeting was held in President Ayers' room and shortly after the announcement was made that Prof. Brown, the chair of English literature and a text-book author of considerable reputation, had also resigned. This was received with enthusiasm by the Meyers sympathizers. At the faculty meeting all of the professors were present. President Ayers asked them to sign a pledge to remain in the faculty until the end of the year. They unanimously refused, but each assured him on their word of honor they would remain in the year out.

In the students' meeting the resolution of sympathy for Prof. Meyers was passed. During the debate on it the fact transpired that a citizens' committee was investigating university affairs and will shortly make public the report.

ALL CONFLICTS AVERTED.

The Fort Ringgold Problem Solved by Secretary Root.

AUSTIN, Tex., Jan. 27.—Governor Sayers has received a letter from Secretary Root regarding the recent trouble between the negro soldiers at Fort Ringgold and the citizens of Rio Grande City. Judge Advocate General Lieber has held that the soldiers are not liable to answer in a State court for the offense alleged. Mr. Root's letter is in part as follows: "I beg to assure you that I appreciate the temperate and kindly tone of your letter of December 22, and I am glad to find, upon a careful examination of the papers, that the facts, so far as now ascertained, obviate any occasion for conflict between the United States of Texas and the military authorities upon the reservation at Fort Ringgold, for it appears, by General McKibbin's despatch, that the occurrences which he refers to as a cause for the arrests which he does not purpose to permit, are occurrences which took place on the reservation. Such occurrences, the location of which is not of your State, in the opinion which you were good enough to transmit to me, dated December 14, 1899, declares to be within the exclusive jurisdiction of the United States, and not within the jurisdiction of the State of Texas."

"It appears, so far as any papers which have come to my notice are concerned, that no one of the military reservation was wounded or struck by any shot fired during the occurrences in question, so that no act done on the reservation took effect in a State court for the offense alleged. No occasion for applying the rule laid down in the numerous and unquestioned cases to which he refers that an offense is deemed to be committed where it is taken effect. I beg to assure you that there is no disposition on the part of the military authorities of the United States to interfere in any way with the process of the State of Texas."

"They have no equal—Heinrich's Beer."

THE TUNNEL OF SIMPLON

Another Connection Between Italy and Switzerland

When Completed It Will Accomplish a Saving of Seven or Eight Per Cent on Travel From Paris to Milan—New Methods Employed in the Work—The System of Ventilation.

The State Department has received from Consul A. L. Frankenthal, at Berne, the following communication concerning the Simplon Tunnel. The contract calls for its completion in five and one-half years, and the price to be paid is \$12,412,500. It will have a length of 12.4 miles, and will be the longest tunnel in the world. When completed, it will be the third one connecting Italy with outlying countries by direct rail, and will accomplish a saving of 43.5 miles, or from 1 to 8 per cent on travel from Paris to Milan, as compared with the Mount Cenis or St. Gothard tunnels. The Mount Cenis Tunnel has a length of 8 miles and the St. Gothard a length of 9.3 miles.

"When in the fifties the wonderful project of drilling the Mount Cenis Tunnel was undertaken, favored by the courageous Italian Minister of State, Cavour, no machine for drilling the tunnel was known, and it was calculated that a period of twenty years would be necessary for every 2.1 miles of tunnel drilled. Then the Englishman, Sommeville, in charge of the work, constructed the first drilling machine, and although crude, it was satisfactory enough to accomplish ten times the work done by manual labor, and enabled him to finish the tunnel in five years. The St. Gothard Tunnel was finished in from eight to nine years."

"The Simplon Tunnel begins in Switzerland near the little town of Brig, in the valley of the Rhone, Canton Valais, and ends in the valley of the Divera, on the Italian side near Isella. It will be perfectly straight, except for a small curve to the west and east. The contract for the tunnel provides for a rate of \$900 per day if the time limit is exceeded, while a gratuity of the same amount per day is to be given if it is finished before the stipulated period. A little computation will show how disastrous strikes will be. A strike of ten days has just ended."

"The fundamental principle in tunneling always has been to drive the hole, excavate, and follow it up with the finishing masonry, making provision, of course, for ventilation, which is generally sufficient at first, but which becomes insufficient when the work progresses toward the center, when the incoming fresh air mixes with the outgoing gases. The method employed by Engineer Brandt, who has been in charge of the undertaking, is to drive two holes parallel within the radius of the excavations, leaving a dividing line, one hole being excavated about 55-64 feet in advance of the other. The two holes are connected by a single track, and later on the dividing wall can be broken through for double tracks if necessary. At distances of about 450 feet transverse concrete pillars are driven across the tunnel through the dividing wall, and are provided with doors. To obtain sufficient ventilation, powerful air blasts are blown in at the north end, the air which returns through the other side of the divide, and thereby conduct outward all foul air and bad gases. When the air in the interior comes to rest, the air is blown out of cold water, which has been led from the exterior of the mountain under high pressure."

"Thorough practical experiments in the mines of Spain, England and France have proven that air at 121 degrees Fahrenheit by this means can be reduced to 59 degrees Fahrenheit. These same streams furnish 1,000 horsepower for driving drills. The miners, therefore, always work in an artificial atmosphere of cool, fresh air."

"Engineer Brandt's invention is a hydraulic rotary drill, which is driven by which it is hoped to complete the tunnel in less than contract time. It is used singly and in battery form. Prominent engineers connected with the undertaking are now examining this powerful mechanism."

"Another of Mr. Brandt's inventions is a machine for loosening and removing the chips after the explosions and blasts. It throws a powerful stream of water in a jerky manner into the stones loosened by the force of the blasts, thereby washing away the dirt. This makes excavation easier. These machines run on rails, and when in use follow each other in rotation. The historical museum of the Kaiserlich and Koniglich Bayerisches Museum in Vienna possesses the first hydraulic rotary machine invented by Brandt, which he used in tunneling through the Ahrberg, in Austria, in 1867."

"During November, in which ten days were lost on account of the strike, there was drilled at the south side 472 feet and at the north side 494 feet. The commencement of the work, is about two and one-half miles—and one-third miles at the north side and nine-tenths of a mile at the south side of the divide."

"On November 22, 1899, the telegraph brought the news of the death of Mr. Brandt."

Warned of His Brother's Death. CHICAGO, Jan. 27.—Fred Roe Pratt, attorney, and one of the well-known fraternal brothers, died at Manila a few days ago, and instinctive knowledge of his death flashed quicker than the cable's message to the mind of Frank Ray Pratt, the surviving brother. Yesterday a cablegram arrived confirming the premonition.

"To Avoid Great Faults, Beware of Small Ones."

So, also, if you would be free from serious diseases, beware of the little germs of badness in your blood. That small pimple, that little distress in the stomach calls for Hood's Sarsaparilla to prevent the development of dyspepsia, scrofula, or some other painful disease.

Dizzy Spells—"Sudden dizzy spells would make my hands and side numb and I could not work. Took Hood's Sarsaparilla and I am a well man." Fred V. Hallock, Box 94, South Kent, Ct.

Do not take any substitute when you call for Hood's Sarsaparilla. Remember Hood's Sarsaparilla Never Disappoints.

Scrutinize Every Loaf of Bread You Buy From your grocer. If it is not stamped Corby's MOTHER'S BREAD, it is not the real thing. MOTHER'S BREAD contains 20 per cent more nutriment than other breads. All grocers sell it. 5c loaf.

PURE AS MOTHER MADE IT. MOTHER'S BREAD CORBY'S Modern Bakery.

SUITS FOR MILLIONS.

The New Drainage Canal Doing Much Damage.

CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 27.—Decayed docks along the south branch of the river have begun to crumble under the vigorous action of the new current created by the opening of the drainage canal. The Chicago and Alton freight office building, near Van Buren and Canal Streets, has become so far undermined that, until braced by strong iron rods and numerous jacks, supported by piles sunk fifty feet below the foundation, the men at work are in momentary danger of being crushed to death by falling walls. In many places the soft clay of the river bank has washed away. The platform along the Pennsylvania freight house has sunk nearly a foot, and one corner of the brick structure has become so that heavy beams and jacks have been used to prevent it from separating altogether.

A Wonderful Letter. The Doctor Davis Medical Institute, 715 Thirteenth Street northwest, City. Dear Sir: I write you a few lines to let you know about my wife, Cora Field. She is now on with her second bottle of your epileptic medicine, and she has improved wonderfully since she has been taking it, so far. For five or six long years I have fought up hill with her, but to my satisfaction I tried your "Epileptic," and in one month it has given her the greatest relief yet. Where she used to have from eight to ten spells during the night, and very hard ones at that, it is a pleasure to say she does not have them now. Thanks to your Epileptic, I think the greatest remedy on earth for Epilepsy. Respectfully yours, JOSEPH FIELD, 211 G St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

Whoooping Cough. "We have had an epidemic of whooping cough here," says A. B. Pope, Stewart, Tenn., "and Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has been the only medicine that has done any good." There is no danger from whooping cough when this remedy is freely given. It completely controls the disease. Fifty-cent bottles for sale by Henry Evans, wholesale and retail, and all druggists.

All Gloves Fitted to the Hand and Kept in Repair One Year. We are manufacturers and importers, and thus undersell our competitors.

Ladies' and Men's Castor Gloves, \$1.00 UP. In-tans and greys—carefully made in latest styles—to please the tastes of the most exacting purchaser. We have in stock all kinds of gloves of the BETTER CLASS, in all shades of colors—both lined and unlined—for ladies, misses, men, and boys—FOR LESS MONEY than you are asked elsewhere for the "trusty" variety. Remember that, 426 GUYTON, CLEANED by the new French process—no offensive odor.

Louvre Glove Co., New Store—931 F St.

Keep Up With Progress. JUST as lamps replaced candles—and gas replaced the lamps, and ELECTRICITY replaced gas in all modern equipped houses!

HOW about yours? Hadn't you better let us give you an estimate for electric lights to be put in your home. (Phone 1877.) E. S. Electric Lighting Co. Potomac Electric Power Co.

THE EVANS DENTAL PARLORS, Established 1883, 1209 F Street N. W. Branch Office, 321 1/2 Street N. W.

REGALANT PRESENTS For PREMIUM STAMPS KING'S PALACE, 612-814 7th St. 715 Market Space.

A STEEL COMBINATION.

A Consolidation of Interests Planned in Ohio.

CLEVELAND, Jan. 27.—S. W. Croston, of this city, the largest shareholder in the Pennsylvania Iron and Coal Company, is trying to bring about an important combination. A conference is being held at Canal Dover in which the Reeves Brothers, owners of the iron and boiler industry at Alliance, Jabez Reeves, President of the new "Hillsdale-Iron and Steel Company," Jerry Reeves, owner of the iron works in Canal Dover, and A. Beyer, representing the Cambridge, Ohio, rolling mill, are participating.

The plan of consolidating all the mills named is looked upon with favor. It is pointed out that the joint holdings of one of these mills would maintain them for many years. If the combination is formed it will be necessary to build a new steel plant at Canal Dover for the manufacture of steel billets. With the combined mills could take the ore, convert it into iron, then into steel and then into the finished product.

Henry's Stouts and Marzen Beer only 81.25 per case. Phone 621.

AMUSEMENTS. COLUMBIA WASHINGTON'S LEADING THEATRE. TONIGHT AT 8:15. MATINEE TODAY AT 2:15. STUART.

Robson. IN THE COMEDY HIT, "OLIVER GOLDMIDNIGHT." THE ALL-STAR CAST INCLUDES HENRY E. DIXEY AND 20 Other Artists.

Next Week—SEATS NOW ON SALE, George Boushoffs' Grand Production, "WHY SMITH LEFT HOME." Who also wrote "What Happened to Jones," "The Wrong Mr. Wright," etc.

With the original company direct from a five months' engagement at the Strand Theatre, London, and four months at the Madison Square Theatre, New York.

LAFAYETTE ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF. Electric Elevator to Balcony and Gallery. EVENINGS AT 8 SHARP. MATINEE AT 2.

MRS. FISKE, AND HER ADMIRABLE COMPANY, IN BECKY SHARP. (Founded on Thackeray's "Vanity Fair.") By Langdon Mitchell. LAST MATINEE SATURDAY.

Next Week THE IMPERIAL JAPANESE DRAMATIC COMPANY, Direct from their recent Boston success.

Kernan's. AFTERNOON AND EVENING. THE CHAMPION. TERRY MCGOVERN. And His Sparring Partner, DANNY DOUGHERTY. CLARENCE BROWN. ROYAL BURELSQUERS.

Next Week—Robson's Knickerbockers and Viola, the Oblivious.

MODEL TURKISH and RUSSIAN BATHS. IN THE LAFAYETTE SQUARE OPERA HOUSE. The Baths are the first in the United States, Monday and Thursday, from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m. will be reserved for ladies. Jan-27

Only 15 Cents Arlington and Return ON SUNDAY. Electric trains leave 10:15, 11:15, and Pa. Ave. about every 45 minutes. Wash., Alexandria & Mt. Vernon R. R.

Our Silent \$15 Machines. come in beautiful antique oak cabinet work, and with five years' guarantee. A postal or telephone 772 will bring one to you for trial, free.

C. Auerbach, 7 & 8, Gen'l Agency Domestic Sewing Machine Co.

Best Rubber Plates - - - \$4. DR. PATTON, Dentist, 2118 TWELFTH STREET. Jan-27

The Steinyway. Piano is pre-eminently the standard of the world. New and slightly used up rights and grands, in all woods, at

Droop's Music House, 925 Pa. Ave.

Don't Let Those Old Diseased Teeth remain in your mouth and ruin your health. Just let us take them out WITHOUT PAIN and replace them with a good, healthy, natural-looking set at lowest possible price—\$5 to \$8.

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