

TIENTSIN IN RUINS

Boxers Said to Have Massacred Fifteen Hundred Foreigners.

CITY AFTERWARD BURNED

London Greatly Alarmed Over the Silence of Seymour.

HOSTILE SENTIMENT GROWING

Allied Powers Likely to Act Vigorously Unless the Chinese Situation Improves at Once—Increasing Fear That the International Relief Force May Have Been Annihilated—The Nashville Arrives at Shanghai With Rescued Missionaries—Russian Cruiser Leaves for Taku—Japan Prepares to Care for the Wounded of All Nations.

LONDON, June 22.—The alarming reports of a Chinese assault on the American consulate and other foreign concessions at Tientsin, transmitted to the United States Navy Department yesterday by Rear Admiral Kempff, who is in charge of the American squadron at Taku, are supplemented today by a despatch from Shanghai which says that it is reported, via Tokyo, Japan, that there has been a general massacre of Europeans and Americans in the besieged city.

The report places the number of foreigners who were put to death by the Boxers and their native allies at 1,500. It is also alleged that Tientsin is now a mass of smoking ruins; that after the massacre of the foreigners, the city was fired by incendiaries, and that a frightful scene of anarchy prevailed for many hours.

The uncertainty regarding the situation at Peking magnifies the alarm that has been felt since the earliest reports from the Chinese capital which asserted that a general massacre had taken place there.

It is feared here that Admiral Seymour's relief party may have been overwhelmed by the Boxers and the troops annihilated. If Seymour succeeded in reaching Peking, as has been stated, it is strange that he has been unable to communicate in some way during the several days that have elapsed the condition of affairs in the walled city.

The absolute inability to secure information regarding the foreign U.S. in Peking is arousing a strong sentiment throughout Europe, and unless the situation is speedily changed, it is believed that the most aggressive action will be taken by the most formidable force that can be mustered by the allied powers.

News from all Chinese sources is becoming scarcer as the days pass. It is feared that when the facts become known concerning the acts of the Boxers in various parts of the Empire the whole world will be horrified.

A despatch to the Central News, dated Shanghai, Friday, 11 a. m., says the American Consul received a telegram from Chefoo at 11:30 last night, stating that the gunboat Nashville had arrived from Taku with thirty-three missionaries from Peking.

The Russian cruiser Rurik sailed yesterday from Yokohama for Taku. Japan is making preparations to take care of the wounded sailors and soldiers of all nations.

In the bombardment of the Taku forts the funnels and upper works of the German cruiser Hilda and the Russian warships Gajdak and Korojetz were much damaged by the Chinese fire.

A merchant steamer belonging to a Chinese company was completely riddled and her captain, an Englishman, was killed. The British sloop of war Albatross escaped destruction through the sudden collapse of a searchlight on one of the forts.

Captain Haas, the commander of the German cruiser Hilda, died afterward from the wounds he had received.

ORDERED TO CHINA.

The British Admiralty Sends Another Force of Marines.

PORTSMOUTH, June 22.—Great Britain has taken another step toward increasing her forces in China.

The Admiralty has ordered 841 able seamen and 400 marines to start for Taku on June 30.

SUCCESSOR TO MURAVIEFF.

Count Lamsdorff to Take the Russian Foreign Minister's Place.

VIENNA, June 22.—Despatches from St. Petersburg say that Count Lamsdorff, the Assistant Minister of Foreign Affairs, temporarily will take the place of Count Muraviev as Privy Councillor and Minister of Foreign Affairs.

Italian Troops for China.

ROME, June 21.—Three more Italian troops are preparing to go to China. The Government is considering the advisability of despatching 1,600 troops, part of whom will possibly be Acaris from Erythraea, ordered by Italians.

2125 To Baltimore and Return via Pennsylvania Railroad.

Tickets on sale Saturday and Sunday, June 23 and 24, good to return until Monday, June 25. All trains except the Congressional Limited.

Have You Seen Them Dive Yet?

The Thompsons, Chesapeake Beach, daily, 2:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Carpenters and Builders and Plumbers get lowest prices from E. Libby & Co.

THE CHINESE REPULSED.

Details of the Heavy Fighting at Tientsin.

LONDON, June 22.—In the House of Commons today, Right Hon. William St. J. Brodick, Under Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, stated that no news had been received from Peking or from the expeditionary force under Admiral Seymour.

News by runner from Tientsin of date of June 18, which reached Taku yesterday, stated that several attacks had been made and repulsed.

On June 17, the Chinese shelled the foreign settlement. The Chinese military college was then attacked by a mixed force of 175 Austrians, British, Germans, and Italians. They destroyed the guns, and burned the college, which contained stores of ammunition, and killed one of the defenders. The four heavy field guns of the Russians did excellent service.

The British had 1 killed and 5 wounded, the Germans, 1 killed; the Italians, 2 wounded, and the Russians, 7 killed and 5 wounded.

The Chinese during the night of June 17 tried to seize the bridge, but were repulsed with loss, including, it is reported, one general.

Mr. Brodick went on to say that the British rear admiral at Taku, Bruce, telegraphed last night that information from Tientsin on June 20 was to the effect that fighting was going on and that re-enforcements were required.

Another telegram sent last night which came by Chefoo this morning said: "I am hoping that Tientsin will be relieved tonight (June 21). No news has been received from Admiral Seymour."

"The terrible morning landed 332 officers and men and 288 of the battalion of the Royal Welsh Fusiliers and Engineers."

Mr. Brodick expressed the belief that various other bodies of troops would arrive in a day or two, if they had not been landed already.

AMERICANS IN CHINA.

Minister Conger's Family Mentioned in Letter From Peking.

NEW YORK, June 22.—Mrs. Headland, wife of Prof. Headland, of the Methodist University at Peking, now here on furlough, has just received a letter from Mrs. Katharine M. Lowry, under date of Peking, May 5, in which she mentions a number of Americans. She says:

"Dr. Walker, the Misses Martin, and Mr. Martin are expected next week. Mrs. Conger, wife of Minister Conger, brought 1500 with her Mrs. Woodward and her daughter, who will remain till June or July, and Miss Taylor, who will remain a year. She is teaching Miss Conger, being one of the finest miniature painters in Chicago."

"The whole legation is to go to the Hills, as Mrs. Conger is afraid to have her daughter go to Peking. After her unfortunate illness last summer, Miss Conger does not seem to be greatly improved by her trip to America. Two globe-trotters, Miss Lewis, a friend of Dr. Baldwin, and Mrs. Shepherd are here for a short stay. Rev. Dr. Clark, President of the Christian Endeavor, with his wife and child, are at Tientsin, where there is a large contingent of Christian Endeavorers. Prof. Wright, of Oberlin, is to preach tomorrow. He and his son are on their way to Siberia to spend the summer in geology."

"Miss Lowry is preparing to go into the interior with a party of three mining experts sent out by a New York syndicate. They formed a large cavalcade. They have gone up beyond Ku-Hai-Kow and Jehol."

MOBILIZING THE MARINES.

Fourth Battalion to Leave for San Francisco Tomorrow.

BOSTON, June 22.—Lieut. S. A. W. Patterson, United States Marine Corps, left the Charleston Marine Barracks last night with a detail of one sergeant, two corporals, and eighteen marine privates, who will join the Fourth Battalion assembling at New York for service in the Philippines or China. They leave for San Francisco tomorrow.

The United States steamer Dolphin, which is coming to the navy yard to be dry-docked, cleaned, and generally overhauled for her summer cruising, arrived in the lower harbor just before dark last night, and came up to the navy yard early this morning.

LOOKS BLACK FOR RATHBONE.

The Arrest of the Ex-Director of Posts Considered Probable.

HAVANA, June 21.—Director of Posts Bristow has completed his investigation of the postoffice, and after consulting with Governor General Wood has decided to arrest all the persons named in the list of agents who will carry on the case on behalf of the Government.

Mr. Bristow's interview with ex-Director Rathbone yesterday was very interesting, the latter being unable to remember occurrences about which he was questioned. The outlook is black for Rathbone, whose arrest is considered almost certain.

The case of the custom-house men who are accused of defrauding the Government is expected to come up soon. Those in charge of the prosecution expect the conviction of all or nearly all the accused.

FIGHTING THE GOVERNMENT.

Newfoundland's Car Usage Pressure to Obtain a Concession.

HALIFAX, N. S., June 22.—There is a deadlock between the Government and R. G. Reid, who is styled the Car of Newfoundland, who owns all the railways, coast steamers, telegraphic lines, and most of the mineral deposits and forests in the colony.

Mr. Reid recently organized a company with a capital of \$7,000,000 to take over his Newfoundland property and franchises. To make this legal the consent of the Government to the change had to be secured. The present Government, which has been in control of affairs for some months, is hostile to Reid and refuses to give his consent.

Reid is making his power felt, however, and has ordered a cessation of a large amount of development work in the colony. He had the foundation completed for a great dam at St. John's, which the people are anxious to see completed, but the work is stopped on this, pending a settlement of his differences with the Government.

One Fare to Kansas City and Return via B. & O.

Account National Convention Democratic party. Tickets sold and good going July 1, 2, 3, good to return leaving Kansas City until July 9.

Flynn's Business College, 8th & K. \$5—Crevasse Exam.—\$5. Plasterers get Lowest Lath Prices at 6th & N. Y. av. nw. Price lists only \$3.00.

TALK OF WAR WITH CHINA

Government Officials Favor Calling Congress in Extra Session.

Conditions in the Orient regarded as exceedingly critical—The Chinese Minister, Evidently Greatly Agitated, Calls on Secretary Hay, and is Not Received as Cordially as Hitherto—A Possibility That Mr. Wu May Receive His Passports in a Day or Two—No Word Yet From Conger or McCalla—Additional Troops to Be Rushed From Manila.

The only advice received from China by the department officials today was a brief despatch stating that two British cruisers had arrived at Shanghai en route to Taku. No word came from Kempff. It is regarded as certain that additional troops will leave Manila for Taku before Monday.

At present the State Department is highly displeased with the attitude of the powers against the Chinese situation, and it is intimated that the American forces shall cooperate in restoring peace and protecting life and property.

Opinion in the departments favors an extra session of Congress for the purpose of declaring that a state of war with China exists. The situation, it is said, warrants this, and speedy action is urgently desired.

The serious turn taken in the Chinese situation caused much activity and anxiety, not only at the State Department, but at the War and Navy Departments. The firing on Tientsin and the destruction of the American Consulate, following the bombardment of foreign naval vessels by the Taku forts, is regarded as open hostility and there is no question but that a state of war between China and this Government exists, whether such a condition has been officially declared or not.

Mr. Wu, the Chinese Minister, was the first caller at the State Department this morning and held a hurried conference with Secretary Hay. There was little of the composure and cordiality formerly exhibited between the Secretary of State and the Chinese Ambassador, and the latter appeared very much worried. After the conference, he stated that no decision had been given him as to a declaration of war and that he had heard no news from his Government.

It is believed by the State Department officials that Mr. Wu will be handed his passports before Monday.

At the War Department, at firm belief is expressed that the imperial forces are aiding the Boxers openly and using their artillery against the foreigners. This, in itself, it is stated, would be a great enough provocation, and when coupled with the covert acts committed, so alternative but war can be had.

No word was heard from Minister Conger today, and the President has ceased attempting to reach him through messengers. The fate of Captain McCalla is still in doubt, and both of these matters are serving to make the department officials desperate.

General MacArthur today wired the War Department that the Ninth Infantry had mobilized at Manila, and would embark for Taku tomorrow. The regiment numbers 1,305 men, all in splendid condition. He states that there are transports enough at Cavite to dispatch 800 more men. These will be taken either from the Eighteenth or Twenty-fourth Infantry.

It is realized that the handful of marines now in China cannot cope with the situation, and the Navy Department expresses fear that the 130 marines sent to the relief of the American Consulate at Tientsin will be destroyed by sheer force of numbers. It is urgently desired that several regiments of infantry be on hand.

Lord Pauncefote, the British Ambassador, was at the State Department today, as was Mr. Cambon, the French Ambassador. Both held conferences with Secretary Hay and aside from admitting that the situation was extremely critical, would say nothing.

After the cabinet meeting today, it was stated at the State Department that the Government had reconsidered its attitude toward China since the Taku fort incident and that the action of the Chinese Government in firing on Tientsin had changed the views of the officials. The feeling is that a state of war exists, and that the fact should be officially declared.

As a result of the discussion of the Chinese situation by the cabinet today, a telegram was afterward sent to General MacArthur enquiring how many troops, in addition to the Ninth Infantry, could be spared for service in China.

MR. LITCHMAN APPOINTED.

Gets the Vacant Place on the Industrial Commission.

Charles H. Litchman, of New Jersey, was appointed a member of the Industrial Commission today by the President, vice M. D. Hatchford, resigned.

Mr. Litchman has been living at Camden, N. J., for about a year, voting there last, so is credited to New Jersey. His home is always in Marblehead, in the Mass., however, and it was through the backing of the Senators and delegates from that State that he secured this appointment. He was born in Marblehead about fifty-two years ago and was the publisher of a newspaper in his home town for some years before serving in the Massachusetts Legislature.

COTTON RESHIPPED SOUTH.

Growing Scarcity of the Staple in New Orleans.

CINCINNATI, June 22.—A. H. Warren, dealer in cotton at 118 East Canal Street, has shipped to the Robert Moore Company, at New Orleans, 200 bales of cotton at 9 1/4 cents a pound and expects more Southern orders.

This same cotton was originally sent here from New Orleans at 1 1/2 cent a pound, but such heavy shipments have been made from the South that the supply there is running short, and has to be filled from the North. This is the first time in many years that the North has been called on to ship cotton to the South.

\$5.50 Special Recreation Trip, \$2.50 To "Old Point," Norfolk, Virginia, Beach, and Ocean View, via Norfolk and Washington Steamship Co.

Saturday, 6:30 p. m. Round trip tickets to Fort Monroe and Norfolk, good to return Sunday night, \$2.50. Schedule, page 7.

Carpenters get Lowest Bids on Lumber and Mill work lists from F. Libby & Co., Builders, \$1.50.

Trains to Daily Schedule.

Trains to Daily Schedule, 10 a. m., 11 a. m., 2, 3, 6 p. m. See page 7.

Builders had all Millwork ready to use at 6th & N. Y. av., and James T. and up.

FEW WHITE HOUSE CALLERS.

But Two Delegations Personally Congratulated Mr. McKinley.

The crowds expected at the White House this morning to congratulate the President on his renomination did not appear. The homeward bound delegations for the most part either did not pass through the Capital or they did not stop over. As a consequence but two parties were received. One of them was formed of Kansas people, headed by J. Ralph Burton, of Abilene, a Senatorial aspirant to succeed Senator Baker. They were on hand early wearing big sunflower badges and showing much enthusiasm. Besides being first, last, and all the time for McKinley, they claim to have been the official Roosevelt people, and accordingly, they themselves right in line for whatever good things may come from official life were few.

About sixty members of the Hamilton Club of Chicago, under the leadership of Comptroller Dawes, also called. The President received them, as he had the Kansas people, in the Blue Room. Mrs. Fred Bangs, wife of the club's chairman, pinned a large club badge on Mr. McKinley's breast. Later in the morning a party visited the White House upstairs, and saw the method in vogue for keeping track of the naval vessels of the nation.

Among the Senatorial callers were Speaker Winchell, Platt of themselves, and Carter of Montana. The Congressional representation still in town is very small, and as a consequence the callers from official life were few.

The President received the following telegram from Governor Roosevelt just before midnight last night:

New York, June 21. Hon. William McKinley, Washington, D. C.: I appreciate deeply your congratulations and am proud to be associated with you.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

The telegram was made public after the cabinet meeting.

His congratulatory telegram by the White House today from the United States today from all sections of the world. Even South America and nearly all the European countries are represented. It is not expected, however, that they will be made public.

THE CABINET MEETING.

Three Hours' Session Devoted to Conditions in China.

The cabinet meeting this morning was one of the longest since the Spanish war. It was 11 o'clock when the members settled down to work and it was nearly 2 o'clock before the meeting broke up. After it Secretary Hay announced that he had nothing new from China.

Postmaster General Smith, after the session, insisted that much of the time was devoted to discussing the Chinese situation. He mentioned the fact that the Roosevelt nomination was most satisfactory to the Administration. "McKinley and I will give you a great vote-getting ticket," he said.

Asked as to the rumor from Havana that Major Rathbone was to be arrested, he said that the department has issued no orders looking toward the imprisonment of the late Cuban Director of Posts. He added, however, that General Bristow, who is now on his way to Cuba, has power to take any action he might desire.

OBJECT TO THE FRIARS.

Their Expulsion From the Philippines Under Discussion.

Administration officials regard the proposition of the Philippines to expel the friars from the islands as the most important question to be considered by the Philippine Commission. This will be the last session and they will give much time and attention to it. The Philippine Commission is given full authority to deal with the subject.

It is recognized by the officials that the friars are doing much to the benefit of the natives. They are considered a menace to a peaceful government of the natives. At the same time they are hated by the natives and a high official of the Government said this morning:

"We cannot take them by the scuff of the neck and pitch them into the sea. We cannot kick them out without recognizing their rights; at the same time we have got to do something to get rid of their influence. We must give much time and attention to it. The Philippine Commission is given full authority to deal with the subject."

Plans for their expulsion will be discussed by the Philippine Commission and it is probable that some arrangements will be made to pay them for their property.

BALTIMORE BOYS INJURED.

Youngsters Badly Hurt by Falling From Cherry Trees.

BALTIMORE, June 22.—Edgar Anderson, ten years old, son of Richard Anderson, met with a painful injury yesterday by falling from a cherry tree. The limb on which he was standing was so rotten that it fell and his right leg struck a wire fence. The skin and flesh were torn from his knee to the ankle. He was sent to the Maryland Hospital, where he is being treated. The boy's father is an electrical worker, and is at present on strike.

Mr. W. Rider, the fourteen-year-old son of Patrolman William E. Rider, was gathering cherries yesterday in a tree on Calkins Hill, near Lehigh Hill Park, when he was sitting on a limb, he fell and broke his arm between the wrist and elbow. He walked home, and was taken to the Maryland General Hospital, where the fractured limb was set.

IN BEHALF OF SNEEL.

Counsel Apply for a Writ of Certiorari.

In the case of Benjamin H. Snell, convicted of murder and sentenced to be hanged Friday next, in the District jail, Messrs. Turner and Mitchell, counsel for the defendant, today filed a petition in the Supreme Court of the United States, for a writ of certiorari to require the Court of Appeals for the District to certify that the appeal of the proceedings to the higher court, at his trial, Snell's counsel made a plea of insanity. It is moved that the execution be delayed, until such time as action is taken by the Supreme Court of the United States to grant a writ of certiorari. After hearing argument on the question the court overruled the motion. Assistant District Attorney Gould then moved that a warrant of execution be issued. This Justice Clegg ordered to be done.

It is understood that counsel for Snell will appeal to the President for a respite for the defendant until the Supreme Court of the United States acts in the matter.

22,000 to Cumberland and Return via B. & O.

Leaving P. & O. station, Washington, 8 a. m., Sunday, June 24, returning leaving Cumberland 9 p. m. same day.

Musie at Chesapeake Beach.

Haley's band every afternoon and evening.

Owners buy their Jabbing Lumber

from F. Libby & Co. and 12-inch shovels, 2 cts.

ROOSEVELT VISITS PLATT

A Close Conference Held at the Fifth Avenue Hotel.

The Governor Said to Have Discussed His Early Retirement From His Present Office—Campaign Work Will Force Him to Resign Very Soon—Refuses to Be Interviewed.

NEW YORK, June 22.—The Union League Club was besieged this morning with anxious callers who desired to confer with Governor Roosevelt, or to congratulate him upon having received the Republican Vice Presidential nomination, but few of those who came were admitted. Curious crowds hung around in the vicinity of the club during the morning to obtain a glimpse of the Rough Rider, but most of them went away before Roosevelt left the building.

The Governor arose comparatively early, taking breakfast at the club and chatting with a few friends who chanced to be gathered in the dining-room. Soon afterward a message was called and the Vice Presidential nomination was driven in all haste to the Fifth Avenue Hotel, where Senator Platt was waiting for him.

When Roosevelt was shown to Senator Platt's apartments, orders were left in the hotel office that no cards were to be sent up. Platt and the Governor remained in close conference for a long time. It is understood that the principal topic of discussion after the Senator greeted the Rough Rider and congratulated him upon his nomination, was the disposition of the Empire State gubernatorial office. It is believed that Roosevelt will tender his resignation of campaign duties will prevent him from fulfilling his functions as Albany and the Republican machine will begin at once to make arrangements for installing his successor at the capital.

Roosevelt's campaign labors are to begin almost immediately. He found himself in the midst of his canvass immediately after the adjournment of the Philadelphia Convention, for he promised to attend the Rough Riders' reunion in Oklahoma City on July 4, and during his trip westward will make several speeches in Kansas. National Committeeman Kerens, of Missouri, secured a partial promise from the Governor at Philadelphia yesterday afternoon to make a flying trip through that State in a private car and deliver platform speeches. The Governor has a dozen other similar engagements under consideration.

Numerous efforts have been made to interview the Governor since his nomination, but without much success. Today he put an end to the labors of the newspaper men by saying: "I shall make no statement. I will write my formal letter of acceptance."

PLANS TO REMOVE VAN WYCK.

Governor Said to Have Discussed the Matter With Platt.

NEW YORK, June 22.—The "Evening Journal" publishes the following today: "Governor Roosevelt, in the belief of politicians, is today making plans for the removal of Mayor Van Wyck."

"This opinion was based upon the Governor's interview today with Senator Platt at the Fifth Avenue Hotel and the fact of Attorney General Davies being called here from Albany for another consultation."

"It was said by the political leaders, who do their lobbying in the corridors of the Fifth Avenue Hotel, that the Governor intended to suspend Mayor Van Wyck for thirty days, pending a hearing of the charges concerning the Mayor's connection with the Ice Trust case. This is the length of time set by law, and the procedure is the same as in the case of a sheriff's suspension or removal."

MADE MARK HANNA JUMP.

Prophet at Philadelphia Predicts the Doom of Republicanism.

PHILADELPHIA, June 22.—"Jesus is coming soon and will settle everything," were the last words prophetically uttered yesterday from the platform of the Republican Convention.

What a prophecy! How the leaders of the party started on hearing it. Mark Hanna bounded up into the air half a foot. Senator Lodge caught his breath in amazement. Fear smote the hearts of the others and their knees knocked together. How would a campaign settled in that way come out?

The prophet was an old man. He had a long white beard. He made wild passes with his hands through the air. He stood on a chair. His voice carried far, and the delegates listened to him.

There had been a motion to adjourn, but most of them thought that perhaps something had been forgotten and the old man had not yet begun to play the Reckless. The chief actors in the Convention play were still in their places on the stage, when Mr. Prophet, who likewise sat on the stage, just back of the Imperial Marcus, sprang on his chair, and yelled:

"The Republican party will be soundly defeated at Kansas City. Jesus is coming soon and will settle everything." They pulled him down at once, gagged him, and he was taken to a hospital. He died there.

ROOSEVELT TO TOUR KANSAS.

Rough Rider Will Make Campaign Speeches From a Train.

TOPEKA, Kan., June 22.—Morton Albaugh, Chairman of the Republican State Committee, received a telegram from J. R. Burton, Chairman of the Kansas delegation at Philadelphia, yesterday, saying that Governor Roosevelt had consented to make a tour through Kansas the last of this month, making campaign speeches from the rear end of a train.

The news was received with enthusiasm by the Kansas Republicans and elaborate preparations are being made to have the trip one of the big events of the campaign. The itinerary was arranged by wire, and Mr. Roosevelt left Topeka last night for Chicago to close a deal with the Santa Fe and Rock Island officials for a special train leaving Kansas City over the Santa Fe road.

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Haley's band every afternoon and evening.

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THE ST. LOUIS STRIKE ENDING.

The Street Car Boycott Causes Many Hardships.

ST. LOUIS, June 22.—The street car strike is practically a thing of the past. The cars are running on nearly all the lines and on most of them the owl car schedules have been restored. But the boycott is effective and on such thoroughfares as Market, Franklin Avenue, and others on which much of the small retail trade is conducted, the labor element is watchful and the lot of small storekeepers is beset with many difficulties. It means heavy loss of trade for any one of them to be caught riding on a transit car.

It is well known that the plan of firing union men for permitting members of their families to ride on the cars is in full effect and each offence means \$5. As a result, many people in the West End find themselves short of domestic service and domestics themselves shun the cars. The strike, therefore, is outwardly under control so far as the law can keep it so, but it has aroused an antagonistic social force which manifests itself in many ways and unfortunately cannot be reached by the law.

Stories of outrages against women caught riding on the cars are persistently circulated, but since the first outbreak there have been few, if any, actual hardships sustained by the strike are controlled so far as the law can keep it so, but it has aroused an antagonistic social force which manifests itself in many ways and unfortunately cannot be reached by the law.

Traffic on the Transit cars continues to be heavily impeded and especially after the nightfall. The departure of the Governor for Jefferson City has put an end to talk of disbanding or withdrawing the posse comitatus and the members have become reconciled to the fact