TWO BROTHERS REUNITED.

Met in Baltimore After Over Fifty Years of Separation.

One Drifted to New Zealand and the Other Settled in the Monumental City—Some Thrilling Experiences in the Gold Fields of Australia.

BALTIMORE, Md., Nov. 13.—Andrew Thompson Johnson, of Queenstown, New Zealand, the long-lost brother of Henry Nelson, grocer, of 180 Eastern Avenue, this city, turned up very unexpectedly last Friday, whereat Mr. Nelson and family rejoiced and were exceeding glad. Previous to their meeting the brothers had not seen each other for more than fifty-one years.

The family name of the brothers is Johnson, which the elder, Andrew, has retained, and the younger, Henry, has dropped, using his middle name of Nelson. Both are foreign born, but left home when still boys, and after many wanderings settled in different parts of the world. Andrew made his home in Australia, where he has acquired substantial interests in gold mines, while his brother Henry made America the home of his adoption, and two years later located in Baltimore. He has lived in this city for the last thirty-one years.

Andrew Johnson, who is the guest of his brother, tells some interesting stories of his numerous and varied experiences. Mr. Henry Nelson is preparing a reception for next Sunday in his brother's honor. About fifty persons are expected to be present.

The two brothers are natives of Midlefort, Isle of Fyen, off the coast of Denmark. Andrew is now sixty-eight and Henry fifty-seven years old. The former became a sailor at sixteen, making his first voyage in an American vessel to the coast of Africa and not setting foot on his native soil again until three months ago, when he visited Midlefort on his way to America. From 1853 till 1860 he worked in the gold mines of Australia, and for twenty-five years, between 1862 and 1886, no word was received by his relatives, who gave him up for dead. In the latter year, however, he wrote to one of his kindred, and nine years later he opened a correspondence with his brother in this city.

About two years ago he began to feel a strong desire to see members of his family once more, and embarked for Europe, after setting his affairs to rights. He sailed through the Indian Ocean and the Suez Canal, and then landed on the shores of the Mediterranean, whence he traveled to Denmark by land. After spending three months at Midlefort he crossed the Atlantic, and last Thursday he arrived in New York on the Lucania and came at once to Baltimore. He had taken the precaution to send his photograph in advance and was consequently recognized without difficulty.

Henry Nelson, after the departure of his brother, also decided to follow the sea and became a sailor at eighteen. He visited several American cities, and after nine years of roving settled down. He married and has three children—Annie, John, and Henry—the first being a pupil at the Eastern High School.

Mr. Andrew Johnson, in speaking of the mining industries of Australia, told a reporter of "The Sun" yesterday of a notable improvement in the methods employed in New Zealand first devised about five years ago. Before that time the gold in the beds of the rivers and smaller streams had to be washed clean of dirt by means of the miner's pan and cradle, just as in California, but now immense dredging machines are employed. Tons of earth and gravel are thrown into large sluice boxes between thirty and forty feet long, with cross-pieces at the bottom. The gold, being heavier than dirt, sinks and is caught by the cross-pieces, while the dirt is washed away.

"The mining industry of New Zealand is very important," said Mr. Johnson, "and some large fortunes have been made there lately in buying and selling mines. This method of dredging gold-bearing soil is used mostly in New Zealand, and, of course, only along the streams. In other parts of Australia dredging is conducted on a much smaller scale.

"The chief source of wealth in Australia today is sheep raising. I know of one ranch that supports over a million head. The animals are clipped once a year by men who do nothing else. They are so expert in the use of the shears that some of them can clip 200 sheep a day and more. Machines were formerly used, but the breeders found that they cut the wool too short, with the result that a large per cent of the stock afterward perished of cold."

Mr. Johnson declares that since he left his home, more than half a century ago, he has not known a day's sickness. He is at present suffering from a slight cold, however, which he ascribes to the dampness of the climate. What has struck him most forcibly since is arrival in America is the unclean condition of the streets of Baltimore. Mr. Johnson says he has never seen anything like it, even in Denmark, to say nothing of Australia, and thinks that if an epidemic were to break out here the number of deaths would be appalling.

Besides the two brothers in Baltimore two others live in Denmark. A sister and a niece live in Australia, who was born there, and a nephew, who remained in Denmark while his parents emigrated, comprise the family. The nephew and niece, though brother and sister, speak different languages, and would fail to understand each other if they happened to meet.

A GIRL'S STRANGE ILLNESS.

Unconscious for a Week From Sardines Eaten Last Summer.

NEW YORK, Nov. 13.—After lying in a comatose state for seven days, despite the efforts of physicians to arouse her, Miss Mamie Berger, a well-known young woman of Mount Vernon, became conscious long enough last night to drink a glass of water, and lapsed into a partly comatose condition again. Her case has attracted widespread attention among the physicians of the city, as they say it is remarkable that she should have lived so long, as the only nourishment she got was that administered through a stomach tube.

The unusual condition of Miss Berger, it is believed by the doctors, was brought on by eating poisoned sardines on August 29. On that day the entire Berger family were poisoned by eating sardines. Miss Berger especially was made violently ill, and until November 4 she suffered with nervous troubles. On the evening of that day she became unconscious, and remained so until yesterday. At times she appears to be dead, but the physicians could discern a feeble beating of the heart.

Electricity was applied to the girl's body and other remedies were used to arouse her, but they all proved ineffectual. Yesterday when Miss Berger became conscious she could hardly speak above a whisper, and she was so weak that she could not move. After drinking heartily she again fell asleep. The doctors say it is doubtful if she recovers. Miss Berger is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Berger, who reside at No. 15 Pearl Street.

WEST VIRGINIA MASONS.

Officers Elected at Huntington by the Grand Chapter.

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., Nov. 13.—The Grand Chapter of Royal Arch Masons of West Virginia met here yesterday afternoon. Every official was present. Last night the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: C. S. McKenzie, of Union, Grand High Priest; D. K. Reid, Clarksburg, Grand King; G. M. Lamar, Martinsburg, Grand Scribe; Hugh Sterling, Wheeling, Grand Treasurer; R. C. Dunnington, Fairmont, Grand Secretary; H. M. Bell, Bramwell, Grand Captain of Host; George N. Ford, Wheeling, Grand Principal Sojourner; Joseph C. Lesage, Huntington, Grand Royal Arch Captain; Thomas G. Strickler, Ellenboro, Grand Master Third Veil; J. H. Devibor, Ronceverte, Grand Master Second Veil; James Lake, New Cumberland, Grand Master First Veil; Wyndon H. Stokes, Welch, Grand Marshal; Timothy W. Bliss, Wheeling, Grand Tyler; Rev. M. W. Woodworth, Keyser, Grand Chaplain; Joseph Hall, Wheeling, Grand Lecturer.

The Grand Lodge of West Virginia Masons is in session today.

A SURPRISING ALLEGATION.

Many West Virginia Court Convictions Said to Be Illegal.

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., Nov. 13.—Startling revelations were brought out here yesterday in the Criminal Court on the hearing of preliminary motions in the John Farr case. Farr is a deputy United States marshal, prominently known, and in an altercation with Owen Ross, city patrol driver, last July, shot and killed the latter.

Farr's case was set for trial last Thursday, but Judge Matthews dismissed the whole jury panel on account of glaring irregularities and ordered the jury commissioners to make an entirely new panel, which they did. The new jurors were summoned to appear in court yesterday, this being the time set for the hearing of Farr's case. The hearing was sensational. Attorneys for Farr charged that the new jury panel was irregular and illegal because the Criminal Court never had in its long existence appointed any jury commissioners, but had used the circuit commissioners, and that the court had never had a legal jury in its ten years of existence. In this time a hundred or more prisoners have been sent to the State penitentiary. Already attorneys are being employed by friends and relatives of convicts to secure new trials. The situation is one without a parallel.

W. J. CRUGER'S WILL.

Contest Proceedings Filed by a Brother of the Deceased.

NEW YORK, Nov. 13.—The will of William J. Cruger, who left an estate of $2,000,000 to his wife, Mary Fambrough Cruger, to the exclusion of his relatives, was admitted to probate today. It was contested by James Pendleton Cruger, the surviving brother of the testator, and a number of nephews and nieces, who alleged that Mr. Cruger was incompetent to make a will and that he was unduly influenced by his wife.

Mr. Cruger met his wife in Australia fifteen years ago. He was very ill, and she acted as his nurse until he was restored to health. He married her, and they came to this country. After a short residence here they went abroad to live. Mr. Cruger brought an action for a divorce in France, but it was never tried, and the couple some time after became reconciled. Mr. Cruger left $10 to his brother, James Pendleton Cruger, to each of his brother's six children, and to each of the children of his deceased brother, Eugene Gulds Cruger, whose will was also contested and which still remains undecided.

MRS. NATION ON TRIAL.

West Virginia Judge Refuses to Let Her Plead Her Own Case.

WHEELING, W. Va., Nov. 13.—Carrie Nation's appeal from Mayor Sweeny's sentence imposed at a midnight Police Court session a month ago resulted in another trial yesterday in the Criminal Court. The jury, after being out several hours, was unable to agree, and will renew its labors today.

Mrs. Nation denied inciting to riot in a saloon, as alleged. The court refused to let her plead her own case. Her testimony on the stand was kept from diverging into a sermon only by the court's incessant vigilance. While the jury was out Judge Hugus took a seat by her side and chatted pleasantly. Many women attended.

At Wellsburg Monday night Mrs. Nation was carried on the shoulders of two stalwart men from the depot to the church where she lectured. She declares she will finally save West Virginia from what she terms the "Rotten, riotous, rum-soaked Republican rule."

THE MOLINEUX CASE.

Two ex-Governors to Argue for and Against the Prisoner.

NEW YORK, Nov. 13.—One of the most remarkable criminal trials which ever absorbed the attention of this community will tomorrow have a feature equally uncommon—that of two former Governors of the Empire State arguing on opposite sides of the same case.

It is the case of Roland B. Molineux, reprieved from death by decree of the Court of Appeals. That long-delayed action of the court practically opens up the case again, and both sides have girded up their loins for the coming struggle. Lawyers for the defence, Weeks, Battle, and Marshall, have added ex-Governor Black and former District Attorney Olcott to their side.

Ex-Governor Hill has been retained by the District Attorney, and when the case is called on Thursday by Judge Newburger, in Part 1, of General Sessions, the two former Governors will argue their separate views of the case before the court, the one pleading that the indictment against Molineux be dismissed, the other urging to the contrary.

Molineux meanwhile continues to occupy his old cell in the Tombs.

KILLED WHILE HUNTING.

A Young Marylander Meets a Violent Death.

HAGERSTOWN, Md., Nov. 13.—Thomas Crampton, aged twenty-two years, of Antietam Iron Works, near Sharpsburg, was accidentally shot and instantly killed yesterday afternoon while gunning.

Eugene Davis, aged thirty-five, also of Antietam Iron Works, was with Crampton on the farm of Samuel S. Stouffer. Davis shot a bird, crippling it. Crampton chased the bird a short distance, but failed to catch it. Davis reloaded his gun in the meantime and started after the bird.

His foot became entangled in some undergrowth, and he fell to the ground. The gun was discharged, the contents entering Crampton's neck. Crampton bled to death. Davis hurried to the side of his companion, but when he reached him he was dying.

Davis was arrested by Constable Hammond and released on $500 bail to await the verdict of the coroner's jury, which adjourned until today.

MILL HANDS LEAVE NASHUA.

The Short Hour System Having a Disastrous Effect.

NASHUA, N. H., Nov. 13.—It is estimated that more than 200 of the employes of the cotton mills of this city will seek employment in mills in the South. This is the result of the short hours' system that has recently been adopted by the Nashua Manufacturing Company and the Jackson Company. The result is more serious than at first thought.

Within a few days a representative of a Southern cotton mill has been in this city, offering inducements to the mill-hands to go South and work there. The reason for this is that more skilled labor can be found in the North than in the vicinity of the Southern mills.

Not only are some going South, but many have already left for their homes in Canada, and more have expressed intention of leaving later. It is stated that several of the men who have worked in the local mills for some time were told that there was no work for them. The decrease in wages amounts to about 17 per cent, and this is keenly felt by the merchants of this city.

A Bluejacket Accidentally Killed.

PRINCE FREDERICK, Md., Nov. 13.—Edward Cartwright and John Cochran, two of the crew of the torpedo boat destroyer Decatur, lying at Solomon's Island, engaged in target practice with a cat rifle on Sunday morning. The rifle in the hands of Cochran was accidentally discharged, the ball entering the right breast of Cartwright, causing his death in thirty minutes. A jury of inquest summoned by Justice William H. Files rendered a verdict of accidental shooting.

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and fever is a bottle of Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

A Violent Attack of Croup Cured.

"Last winter an infant child of mine had croup in a violent form," says Elder John W. Rogers, a Christian Evangelist, of Filley, Mo. "I gave her a few doses of Chamberlain's Couch Remedy and in a short time all danger was past and the child recovered." This remedy not only cures croup, but when given as soon as the first symptoms appear, will prevent the attack. It contains no opium or other harmful substance and may be given as confidently to a baby as to an adult. For sale by HENRY EVANS, Wholesale and Retail, and all druggists.

ACTION TAKEN BY YALE.

Glass, the Famous Guard, Withdrawn From the Eleven.

Owing to Objections He Will Not Be Used in Either the Harvard or Princeton Game—Formal Statement From Captain of the Team.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 13.—Edgar T. Glass, Yale's famous freshman guard, will not play in the Harvard or Princeton game, according to a decision reached by the Yale football authorities last night. At 9 o'clock last evening C. D. Francis, manager of the Yale Football Association, issued the following:

"Captain Gould makes the following statment with reference to Edgar T. Glass: 'Yale has decided to withdraw Glass, owing to an objection made by Harvard. Yale feels that, although the spirit of the rule was not to bar men coming from preparatory schools, even though they had previously attended another college, the letter of the rule was such that she would not feel justified in playing Glass when Harvard insisted upon the letter. Moreover, Yale will not play Glass against Princeton, considering it unfair to play him in one game and not in the other.'"

Yale's action did not come as a surprise to those who have watched the progress of the Glass affair closely. It is safe to say that the decision reflects the sentiment of the main body of undergraduates, who have come to the conclusion that to play Glass would be to act in direct defiance of the rule that Yale had set for herself. It also reflects the sentiment of the entire graduate body and of the university president and officers. The case has been a peculiar one, as Glass is a bona fide freshman, and would be eligible at Princeton without question.

Yale's rule covering the case was written last spring, and worded in such a way that it left no loophole through which Glass could play. While the spirit of Yale's rule clearly admitted him, the letter of the law as clearly kept him out. Walter Camp has for six weeks looked at the case in this light, and has been urging it on Captain Gould, whose point of view was naturally that of an undergraduate captain. The matter came to a head on Sunday last, and was followed by Mr. Camp's trip to Boston, where he thoroughly considered the situation with the Harvard officials, who had not before understood Yale's position. On Mr. Camp's return the Yale officials formally withdrew Glass' entry.

It is believed at Yale that the position taken will redound to Yale's credit at Harvard and Princeton. The ill-feeling that would have followed a victory by Yale with Glass in the game under protest would have been of small moment, it is believed here, beside the stand now taken.

The loss of Glass weakens the Yale team tremendously. There is no man who can take his place and do his work. Either Johnson or Andrews will probably be played, or Hamlin may be put in in case Goss is able to play. Now that the suspense is removed, the Yale team will get down to hard work and today and tomorrow will train vigorously for the Princeton game. In addition to the injuries sustained by the team, it is learned that De Saulles is out with a bad muscle bruise on his leg, which will necessitate his keeping quiet for a day or two.

THE YALE-PRINCETON GAME.

A Rush of Applications for Seats at New Haven.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 13.—The seats for the Yale-Princeton game were distributed by the Yale management yesterday. The number of applications this year from Yale men came within 100 of the number for last year's Harvard game, which was, up to that time, the record breaker. Had Princeton asked for as many seats this year as Harvard did last, several sections now given to Yale graduates would have had to be withheld.

Of the 31,000 seats in the enclosure, something over 5,000 will go to Princeton, about 5,000 to Yale graduates, and 11,000 to Yale undergraduates, the players and coaches. The Princeton visitors will occupy the nine central sections on the west stand, below the press box. The central section on the Yale side will be filled by the Yale men who will do the cheering, the two sections on either side by the friends of the players and the coaches.

The method of distribution, which was, as usual, entirely by lot, gave the seniors the first choice, then the juniors and graduates by alteration, then the sophomores and graduates by alteration, and finally the freshmen. On account of the large number of graduate applications, 1,000 had to be placed on the end stands.

This year for the first time a new method was adopted of determining the classes of the undergraduates and graduate students, putting all the students on the same footing, regardless of department. The great number of applications and the limited seating capacity will make it imperative next year to limit the number of seats on each application to two, as is done at Harvard.

FAST WORK AT PRINCETON.

Several of the Regular Football Men Laid Up.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 13.—Two fast, snappy fifteen-minute halves, with two touchdowns, made up the work of the 'varsity against the "scrub" eleven yesterday afternoon. The entire practice was held behind closed gates, but the few who witnessed it saw better football than usual, despite the fact that several of the regular players were not in the line-up. The one thing that cast a cloud over the otherwise good results was an injury to Meier, the quarterback. His ankle was so badly sprained that he will be out of the game for the rest of the season.

On a blocked kick by Newman, Meier picked up the ball and was thrown to the ground by three "scrub" players and the injury resulted. After the regular preliminaries the coaches lined up the two teams. The "scrub" was very strong, and made the 'varsity fight very hard for every inch of ground. Newman and Peton occupied the halfback positions on the 'varsity, and they hit the line and skirted the ends for big gains. Sheffield, who was put in at fullback, played a splendid game, both in line bucking and in punting.

After the ball had been brought to the "scrub's" four-yard line in the first half, Sheffield smashed through left tackle for a touchdown. The teams played an even game during the first seven minutes of the second half, and then the 'varsity broke loose with a series of battering ram plays, which forced the "scrub" down the field, and Brown was sent through centre for a touchdown. The rest of the half was confined to punting and attacks by the "scrubs" backs on the 'varsity's defence.

The coaches looked upon the work as encouraging, but the number of regulars on the sick list is evidently annoying them much. Captain Fell was on the field watching the practice, but an abscess on his nose prevented him from entering the line-up. He is still receiving treatment from a specialist in Philadelphia. Mills, Butkiewicz, Dana and Roper are all kept out of the line-up with badly sprained ankles, which, together with the other injured men, afford reason for making the outlook somewhat dark.

Robinson, the trainer, is making a strong effort to patch up the injured players, and hopes to have all the regular members of the eleven, with the exception of Dana, in the last line-up, which will be held today. Yesterday's line-up was as follows: Left end, Dana; left tackle, Reed; left guard, Wright; centre, Fisher; right guard, Bradley; right tackle, Brown; right end, Henry; quarterback, Meier and G. Poe; left halfback, Stevens; right halfback, Pearson; fullback, Sheffield and Underhill.

The practice today is expected to be marked by exceptionally fast work, and the students will make a demonstration for the team. A procession will be formed by the undergraduates, which will pass through the campus and streets to the varsity field, where cheers for the players will be given and the songs that will be sung at New Haven on Saturday will be rehearsed. It is expected that twelve hundred undergraduates will be in line.

Final arrangement for the trip to New Haven have been made. The team will leave here accompanied by the coaches and trainer at 7 o'clock Friday evening for New York, and stay over night there at the Murray Hill Hotel. Saturday morning will be spent in driving through Central Park, and at 11 o'clock they will leave for New Haven in special cars. The players will have luncheon and will dress on the train, and will then be driven direct to the field, where the game will begin at 2 o'clock.

THE INDIANS IMPROVING.

Cripples Rounding to and Football Team Work Better.

CARLISLE, Pa., Nov. 13.—Coach Warner gave his Indian football players a hard line-up yesterday. Wheelock, the big guard; Palmer, fullback, and Beaver, all cripples, were out for the first time in two weeks, and promise to be in good shape for the Pennsylvania game on Saturday. Johnston, who has been consoderably bruised, is rounding into shape.

Williams is developing into quite a strong punter, and the team should be fairly strong for the remainder of the season in a punting game.

With concerted action behind the line and with the line men putting forth their best efforts, the offensive work has improved greatly, and Pennsylvania will have her hands full to stop their tandem plays. The Indians are anxious to repeat their victory of two years ago, when they defeated Pennsylvania 16 to 5, and a battle royal is expected.

NEWS FROM ALEXANDRIA.

ALEXANDRIA, Va., Nov. 13.—The regular semi-monthly meeting of the City Council was held last night with Frederick Paff presiding, and thirteen members present. The session lasted two hours. Much of this time was passed in recess caused by the higher board failing to concur in certain matters that the lower board had already adopted. In order to save time, the lower board were compelled to concur in the action of the higher board. Most of the business transacted was of a routine nature, and did not cause such debate. There was comparatively little new business disposed of. Old business previously referred to the different committees for their action were the subjects of consideration.

The first matter was an ordinance to provide for the construction of public sewers, and to regulate the use thereof. This was identical with the old ordinance governing this subject, adopted March 25, 1897, with the exception that section three was changed, adding a cost of $10 for every sewer taken from the curbing to the middle of the street. The ordinance requires that tappers, for private residences, pay into the city treasury the sum of $25, and those who tap for factories, railway stations, and other public places pay the sum of $75. This ordinance came from the Committee on Streets, who recommended its adoption. Council unanimously adopted the ordinance.

A petition of J. W. Landis, of 921 King Street, to erect a frame shed in the rear of his premises, was reported favorably upon by the Street Committee, and council concurred in their action.

The Committee on Streets and General Laws recommended that a resolution providing that when roadways sixty-six feet wide or over are reduced in width the property owners shall have authority to move sidewalks to the curb line, and park the space between the new sidewalks to the curb line and park the space between the new sidewalks and their residences. The committee's report was adopted.

Mr. Leadbeater offered a resolution that the sum of $350 or as much thereof as may be necessary, be appropriated for the purchase of a carload of vitrified clay pipe to be used in the present street improvements. The matter was taken up, without being referred to any committee, as is the usual custom, and passed.

Mr. Leadbeater also offered a resolution asking that the sum of $150, or as much thereof as may be necessary, be appropriated to build a sewer in the Peabody Alley, to the west end of the said alley, with all communications, etc. He said that four persons had signified their intention of tapping the sewer. The resolution was passed.

The Committee on Light reported adversely on the petition of citizens residing in the vicinity of the corner of King and West streets, asking for an electric light at that thoroughfare, and reported adversely for an electric light at the corner of Royal and Wilkes streets. The petitioners for the last named light asked that the light recently taken from the yards of the Southern Railway Company be placed at that thoroughfare. The committee, in reporting adversely on these petitions, stated that the present plant did not have sufficient horse-power to furnish any more light, as it would overtax its capacity. Their report in the matter was adopted.

Mr. Desmond, chairman of the Committee on Light, offered a resolution that the clerk of the city gas works furnish the Council with a statement of the finances, etc., of the gas plant for the six months ending November 1. The resolution was adopted.

The Joint Committee on Finance and General Laws presented a resolution authorizing the Mayor to execute a deed and lease to the Old Dominion Glass Company for the property at the old canal locks, recently leased to them. The resolution was passed.

A similar ordinance authorizing the Mayor to sign lease for property rented to Augustus Dean at the canal lock was brought up and passed.

A petition of Mrs. Kate Lindsay to reshingle house on the west side of Union street, between Prince and Duke streets, was passed.

A communication was received from Hubert Snowden, clerk of the city school board, stating that the terms of A. L. Thomson, R. P. Aitcheson, J. T. Harrison, and Col. F. L. Smith, members of the city school board, had expired.

A petition from a number of residents of that locality to lay curbing on Franklin and Alfred streets was referred to the Committee on Streets.

A petition to the Mayor, Council and Board of Aldermen, signed by residents in the neighborhood of the Southern Railway shops called their attention to smoke in that neighborhood since the railroad company had abolished the round house. They hoped that a permanent and effective measure would be adopted to abate the nuisance.

Upon the motion of Mr. Uhler it was decided to send the communication to Mayor Simpson, and get him to see the railroad officials in reference to the matter, with the hope that the company may soon build a round house, which is said to be their intention.

Bills of J. W. B. Duncan, E. E. Downham and T. Alton Moore, members of the electrical board, for $25 each, with the exception of Mr. Duncan's, whose bill was $27.50, were referred to the Finance Committee.

Louis Brill introduced a resolution that hereafter only white men be employed to work on the streets in work given out in contract by the city, and that the white men are to receive not less than $1.25 for nine hours' work. Mr. Brill asked for action on the resolution tonight. The resolution was referred to the Committee on General Laws.

Mr. Brill also offered a resolution that the city engineer be directed to report a plan for the improving of Washington Street, from Duke to Oronoco Streets. This was adopted.

Mr. Brill also offered a resolution that the Washington, Alexandria, and Mount Vernon Electric Railway Company be granted permission to furnish electric power for illuminating purposes from December 1 to January 15, 1902, during the Christmas holidays. The matter was referred to the Committee on Light.

A petition was received from the Board of Police Commissioners, asking for the sum of $500 to defray the legal expenses incurred in the legal proceeding of the Mayor vs. the Commissioners. Councilman Johnson moved that the petition be tabled, and this was quickly done, and no comments were made. It will probably never come up again.

The board of aldermen amended the resolution about parking in front of residences, etc., so as to allow no fencing outside of the building line. The resolution was adopted.

The council also nonconcurred in the resolution passed by the higher board, authorizing the mayor to sign a lease for property leased to Augustus Dean. Their reason for so doing was that there was no restrictions placed in the bill.

President Paff appointed Messrs. Uhler and Bryan to hold a conference with the higher board. Mr. Uhler shortly afterward returned and moved that council concur in the action of the higher board. This was done. The matter is now in the hands of the Joint Committee on Finance and Public Property. The board also nonconcurred in the action council had taken in the requests for electric lights at the above-named corners, moving that the matter be referred to the Committee on Light. Council concurred in their action on this matter also.

A joint session was then held for the purpose of electing the four school trustees to serve for a period of three years each. Upon motion of Councilman Burke a joint ballot was cast by the President of the Board of Aldermen for the four men now incumbents. This was adopted, the ballot cast, and the incumbents declared re-elected. The joint session then dissolved.

Council was again called to order, and the action of the higher board in appropriating the sum of $25 for curbing at Alfred and Franklin Streets was adopted. There being no other business council then adjourned.

A quiet and pretty home wedding occurred at 8:30 o'clock last night at 1718 Duke Street, when Miss Bessie Watkins, of this city, became the bride of William M. King, of this city, but more recently of Danville, Va. The ceremony occurred in the parlor, which was tastefully decorated for the occasion. The Rev. Dr. S. A. Wallis, of the Episcopal Theological Seminary, officiated. Only the immediate relatives of the contracting parties were present. After the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. King left for a southern bridal tour, and upon their return will reside in Danville, where the groom is employed.

Another pretty home wedding occurred yesterday afternoon at Upperville, Fauquier County, when Miss Lillian Douglas Lucilus, of that place, and Henry S. Glauner, of Lynchburg, Va., were married. The ceremony occurred in the parlor of the residence of the bride, and was performed by the Rev. D. Lake, of the Baptist Church of that place. P. F. Downey, of this city, was best man, and Miss Mary Dunbar was maid of honor. After the ceremony the couple left for a bridal tour, and upon their return will reside in Lynchburg, the home of the groom. Both of the contracting parties are well known in this city.

Capt. K. Kemper has issued cards for the marriage reception of his daughter, Miss Eliza Garrett Kemper, and William Moulder Uhler, which will take place at the residence of the bride-elect, 204 North Washington Street, Wednesday evening, November 27, from 7:30 until 10 p. m. The marriage ceremony will occur earlier in the evening.

The ministers representing the various Protestant churches in the city, with the exception of those of the Episcopal denomination, met yesterday at the parsonage of the Second Presbyterian Church and decided to hold united services on Thanksgiving Day in the morning in the Methodist Protestant Church. It was also decided to ask the Rev. George L. Hunt, of the First Baptist Church, to preach a sermon on that occasion. The Rev. Mr. Hunt was not present at the meeting, but it is more than probable that he will accept the invitation. All of the ministers will take some part in the services. A special musical programme, it is understood, will be arranged at a later date.

Among the ministers were the following: The Rev. Frank J. Brooke, of the Second Presbyterian Church; Rev. J. H. S. Ewell, of the Methodist Protestant Church; the Rev. E. V. Register, of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, and the Rev. J. A. Jeffers, of the Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church.

The three Episcopal churches will hold services on that day in their respective churches. The usual services will also be held in St. Mary's Catholic Church.

It is reported that the Southern and Washington and Southern Railroad Companies are contemplating the building of a union depot in this city, to be located where the old freight office of the Southern Company now stands, at the southeast corner of Duke and Fayette Streets.

Henry Wagner, against whom a warrant of arrest for contempt of court was issued by Judge C. E. Nicol, of the Circuit Court of Alexandria County, was arrested yesterday as he was crossing the Aqueduct Bridge, and lodged in the county jail on Fort Myer Heights. Wagner, upon learning yesterday that there was a warrant for his arrest, tried to make good his escape from the county.

Miss Rosa Driefus, daughter of Joseph Driefus, Monday night celebrated her fifteenth birthday by giving a party to a number of her friends at her residence, 206 Commerce Street. There were nineteen couples present, and a most enjoyable evening was spent.

A lecture recital, the first of five, was given Monday night at the residence of Mrs. O. F. Carter, 209 South Washington Street, by Miss Melissa Hill, assisted by Mrs. Carter. The subject was "Joseph Haydn."

Preparations are being made to place a new steamer on the route between this city and Farmington, Md. The proposed steamer will, it is said, go on in the spring, taking the place of the little steamer Harry Loder, which is well known to all who travel on the Potomac. The sloop Daisy at present carries freight to the above named place.

The Alexandria branch of the State Association for the Preservation of Virginia Antiquities held a meeting Monday night in the rooms of the Business Men's League, corner of King and Washington Streets, and perfected arrangements for an extension of the membership of the society in Alexandria.

On next Thursday night the Mount Vernon Council, No. 1, Daughters of America, will give an entertainment in the Opera House entitled, "Two Hours with the Armat," which will be presented by a lifelike picture company.

Special memorial services in honor of the late President William McKinley were held Monday night in the Shiloh Baptist Church (colored). The Rev. Walter Brookes, colored, of Washington, was the speaker of the evening. Among the others who took part were the following: The Rev. W. H. Warring, the Rev. Mr. Loving, and William A. Carter and Walter Jackson.

A Poor Way To Treat CATARRH

No one would be so foolish as to kindle the fire on top of a pot to make it boil, yet the treatment of Catarrh is often just as senseless and illogical. Douches, sprays, ointments, so-called tobacco cures, and various other applications, are diligently used, but the little good accomplished is swept away by the first breath of winter. When you attempt to cure a constitutional disease—one affecting the entire system—with purely local remedies, you are applying the fire to the top of the pot, you are doctoring symptoms, and, like thousands of others, get disappointing results. In Chronic Catarrh, the whole system becomes involved; the entire mucous membrane, or inner covering of the body, is in a state of high inflammation. The pressure of blood upon the glands and cells produce excessive secretion of mucus, much of which is absorbed into the blood and distributed to all parts of the body. In this way the stomach, kidneys and intestines are often seriously affected.

The nose, throat and ears are most frequently attacked by this foul disease, because the mucous lining is exposed to the cold, damp air, which attracts the vitiated blood to the surface, causing congestion of the little blood vessels and glands, making breathing difficult and labored; the throat becomes parched and dry; the hot, watery discharge from the nose gradually changes to a yellowish color and becoming more profuse and tenacious, drops back into the throat, causing gagging and almost constant coughing to dislodge it. This offensive discharge, in spite of all precautions, finds its way into the stomach, and extreme nausea and an obstinate form of dyspepsia follow.

St. Joseph, Mo., March 24, 1901.
I had a bad case of Catarrh; my nose was always stopped up and my head ached continually, and the odor of my breath was sickening. I had a most annoying cough, also. I tried a number of remedies and was treated by several doctors, but got no relief—my case was thought to be incurable. S. S. S. being recommended to me, I began its use, and after taking nine bottles was cured, and have never been troubled with Catarrh since. MISS MARY L. STORM, 601 Francis Street.

Blinding headaches, neuralgia of the eyes and dizziness are also symptoms of this disease, and when the inflammation reaches the delicate mechanism of the ear, hearing is lost, and, as the blood becomes more deeply poisoned, the tissues and soft bones in the head are eaten out, greatly disfiguring the face. At this stage of Catarrh the breath becomes insufferably offensive. S. S. S. is the simplest and most effective treatment for Catarrh, and when taken into the circulation reaches all parts of the system and cleanses the blood of all Catarrhal matter and restores it to a normal condition. When rich, new blood begins to flow through the veins, the obstructed glands and broken down cells resume their natural functions, and the hot and inflamed membranes are lubricated and moistened with a soothing, healing fluid that quickly brings relief to the congested parts. S. S. S. puts the blood in such perfect condition and so strengthens and invigorates the general health that the local manifestations of the disease gradually disappear, the discharge from the nose ceases, the head clears, breathing becomes easy and natural, the appetite improves, and a perfect and permanent cure is effected.

SSS

S. S. S. is the only guaranteed purely vegetable blood purifier. It contains no minerals to further poison the blood and derange the digestion, but can be taken with perfect safety in all stages and forms of Catarrh. Our physicians will gladly advise, without charge, all who write them about their case. Book on Blood and Skin Diseases free.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

MARYLAND NEWS NOTES.

Ex-Sheriff Harvey H. Mackey is ill at his home in Elkton.

Leander Barger, at Brunswick, Md., dropped dead of heart disease. He was about fifty years old.

Mrs. Ella Young, of Buck Lodge, Montgomery county, is ill with paralysis. She is the wife of Crawford Young.

Alfred Lotman, of Elkton, carried to bed with him a loaded shotgun. In the night the gun went off, carrying away Lotman's big toe.

Edward Lawrence Jordan and Miss Susie A. Birch, both of Ballston, Va., visited Rockville yesterday and were married by Rev. S. R. White.

The Day Basket Works, at North East, Cecil county, have shipped to Manila, Philippine Islands, for the Government, 1,900 splint and bamboo baskets.

A young son of James Sullivan, of Brunswick, was badly injured Monday near Harper's Ferry by a train. One of his legs was torn from his body and a leg badly mashed.

Peter L. Davis, of Whaleyville, Worcester county, was found in the well at the rear of his residence Monday morning, having committed suicide by jumping in, as is supposed.

Contractors on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad improvements are laying rails between Reels Mills and Mount Airy and on the Adamstown cut, in Frederick county. They hope to have these two sections completed within the next few weeks. The section east of Mount Airy is expected to be completed by January 1.

IN THE OLD DOMINION.

Mrs. E. J. Corley died in Charlottesville Monday in the eighty-third year of her age.

Dr. T. O. Linthicum, a prominent physician of Caroline county, died at his home, near Corbins, yesterday, of fever, aged forty-five years. A widow and four children survive him.

Mrs. Lloyd A. Turner, formerly Miss Adelina Mayo, of Richmond, whose marriage several months ago in Washington caused a social sensation, has been granted in the Circuit Court at Fredericksburg an absolute divorce on statutory grounds from her husband and restored to her maiden name.

Near Balcony Falls Monday night Miss Maggie Maxley met with her death by a shocking accident. A party of seven returning from church were caught on the Richmond and Alleghany branch of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad Bridge by a shifting engine. All escaped by climbing out on the bridge except Miss Maxley, who was caught by the engine and mangled beyond recognition. The bridge that the party attempted to drive over is exclusively a railroad bridge and crosses the North River.

Postmaster John P. Ackerly and his assistant, John G. Pole, of Lexington, have been indicted by the grand jury of the November county court, now sitting, for issuing money orders to students with which to buy liquor in another town. Lexington is a local option town. The indictment is made from the fact that money orders were procured from the Lexington postoffice to be sent in payment for liquor. Postmaster Ackerly has secured copies of the indictment, which will be sent to the Attorney General of the United States. The outcome of the trial will be watched with interest.

Destructive Forest Fires.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., Nov. 13.—Forest fires which were raging Monday night nearly all the way from here to Grafton along the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad were extinguished by the rain yesterday morning. Much fencing was destroyed, along with some timber. Reports from Clay county are that thousands of acres of woods are on fire there and much timber is being destroyed.

Rheumatism Cured in a Day.

"Mystic Cure" for rheumatism and neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits. 75 cents and $1. Sold by Stevens' Pharmacy, Pennsylvania Avenue and Ninth Street.

NEWS FROM GEORGETOWN

An Edinburgh Society Honors Professor A. M. Bell.

His Paper on Visible Speech the Best Submitted in an International Contest—A Frame Stable Destroyed by Fire—Enforcement of the Dog Law.

Prof. Alexander Melville Bell, F. E. I. S., has received a letter from William Allen Carter, Secretary of the Royal Scottish Society of Arts, Edinburgh, announcing that the prize committee had awarded him the society medal for his paper on "Visible Speech," which was communicated to the society in March.

Prof. Bell is the author of many works on "Visible Speech," a large number of them being text-books. Those having the widest circulation among students are "Visible Speech Reader," "The Faults of Speech," "Speech Reading and Articulation Reading," "Sounds and Their Relations," "Principles of Speech," and "University