THE DEPARTMENT WORKERS

Interesting Gossip Gleaned Among Employes of Government Bureaus.

SOME OF THE EXPERIENCES OF MR. JAMES SMITH

Pension Office Attache Tells of an Incident of Reconstruction Days in South Carolina—Agriculturist Farquhar Discusses Growth of Western Trade.

Probably the most remarkable linguist in Washington, if not in the United States, is Mr. Wilfred Stevens, chief translator and librarian of the military information bureau, War Department. He is still like the young inventor Marconi, several years under thirty, but already has ten languages to his credit, and several more in sight. His knowledge embraces not only the ability to translate from, but also to write and speak these tongues, with all their varied accents and grammatical forms. Strangest of all is that he has never been outside of the United States nor in college. At the age of ten he could speak German, and as soon as he found a Frenchman he learned French. Then he went on through the mazes of Italian, Spanish, Dutch, and Latin. A few years ago, on coming to Washington, he began the study of Russian, believing it to be a language of great and growing importance, and undismayed by its reputation of being the most difficult idiom in existence. He found to his delight Russian is not harder than German and after mastering it he attacked Polish, and could soon write that with ease. As a recuperation he began Portuguese and within a few months had advanced for enough to successfully translate important Government publications into that language for official use. Mr. Stevens' favorite recreation is hunting wild ducks among the lakes of his native State, Minnesota, where he generally spends his summer vacation. He rarely fails to bag a lot of game, and usually returns with a newly-acquired language added to his already phenomenal list.

"There is scarcely anything in the way of commercial matters to compare with the growth of the export trade of the great Northwest in wheat," said Mr. Charles R. Farquhar, of the Department of Agriculture, "and it is the general belief among the wheat producers in that section of the country that the time is rapidly approaching when all the wheat raised in Nebraska, Washington, Minnesota, and other wheat growing States will be ground into flour and shipped in that form to feed the many millions of people in the East. During the last ten years the growth of the trade between the Orient and the United States has been very rapid. During the year 1901 there was shipped from Portland, Ore., nearly 800,000 barrels of flour and from Puget Sound almost 1,200,000 barrels. Less than twelve years ago they sent out in one year 37,000 and 38,000 barrels, respectively. During last summer several of the most extensive millers in this country were induced to go to Japan, China, and other Eastern countries for the purpose of investigating business conditions, and they returned greatly impressed with the vast possibilities of the future in that direction. The opportunity now seems to have arrived. Never was there such a wheat crop as is now stored in the elevators of Idaho, Montana, Washington, and other wheat producing States, and the railroads are almost unable to haul the grain to tidewater terminals."

One of the best fellows on the Postoffice floor of the big Postoffice Building is Mr. J. W. Jones, the messenger in the office of the Assistant Postmaster. Mr. Jones' one hobby is politics, and he is a straight-out, dyed-in-the-wool Republican. He came to Washington three years ago and was appointed to a position on the watch force in the Postoffice. Through faithful service he has been promoted to his present position. Before coming here Mr. Jones lived in Rockingham county, Va. He "rode sheriff," as Virginians say, for High Sheriff Lane in his native county, and for several years was jailer for the county. Before that he was a teacher in the public school. Whenever election day comes in Harrisonburg or Rockingham county, Mr. Jones is conspicuous by his absence in the office. This is explained by the fact that he has gone home to vote. Mr. Jones is one of those fellows who have a way of "bobbing up serenely" and catching a promotion when it comes his way.

"If you want to know anything about the Treasury Department," said Colonel Hill, the veteran editor of the old "National Republican," "Mr. McLannan, the Chief of the Warrant Division, is the man who can come nearest telling you. He is indeed a walking encyclopedia of information relating to the Department." Mr. McLannan is one of the oldest employes of the Treasury Department. His service dates back to a period when the Treasury was a child's penny bank, as compared with the present big counting house, clearing house, and bank combined. He is a man very approachable and is distinguished for his loyalty to his friends. He is an indefatigable worker, and when off duty he is one of the most charming of story-tellers.

In the legal department of the Land Office one of the best-known men, a Southern gentleman to the manner born, is Judge John B. Wright who sat in the Thirty-sixth Congress. Then it was Whigs and Democrats. Judge Wright was a young fellow of no ordinary calibre as a lawyer, a speaker and a campaigner. He was nominated for Congress by the Democrats of the Tennessee district he afterward represented. No one thought seriously that he would be elected. The Whigs had been carrying the district for years and a man who secured the Democratic nomination was looked upon as taking an option on defeat. When Mr. Wright was nominated the knowing ones shook their heads and said "What a pity to see such a splendid fellow set up only to be knocked down." But Mr. Wright never did anything on the half-way principle in his life. He went into the campaign with all the vim and energy characteristic of the man. He rolled up his sleeves and went out among the people. He won their hearts. He was up in the amen corner of the Methodist church today vying with the deacon, in the size and volume of his amens. Tomorrow he was out among the boys and was one with them. Next day he was down at a Baptist camp meeting singing in the choir. It wasn't long before the Whigs began to get dubious over the situation. They sent a representative down from Washington to view the landscape o'er. He came back and reported the atmosphere very chilly from a Whig standpoint and with a desparing shake of the head said: "Men, I fear we've got a losing game. That fellow Wright is going to take a seat in the next Congress." The result justified his fear, for when the returns came in John B. Wright was found to have carried an overwhelmingly Whig district into the Democratic column by a large majority. He came to Congress and served the people well who had elected him. After his retirement from Congress Judge Wright, like the old salt away from the sea, was not satisfied outside of the National Capital and took a position under the Government and is now doing good service in the executive branch of a Government which he had before served in its legislative branch.

In the office of the Second Auditor of the Treasury sits a tall, suave man, whose hairs have been silvered by many snows. His silver gray mustache, his clear piercing grey eye, his well-kept person, and his military bearing would make him conspicuous in any crowd. He bears a striking resemblance to former Congressman Charles T. O'Ferrall, who gave up his seat in Congress to accept the chief magistracy of his State. That man is none other than Col. Irvine Dungan, formerly a Congressman from Ohio. He is a man of commanding appearance and the most pleasing address, and to grasp his hand is to become his friend. Recently he was telling a little dinner party of some of his experiences in Congress. His close resemblance to Colonel O'Ferrall often led him to be taken for that gentleman. Their seats were close together and Colonel Dungan delighted to play little pranks on his Virginia colleague. "One day," said he, "I was going down the steps of the Patent Office building when a well-dressed negro who said he was from Fauquier county, Virginia, approached me and told me if he had a little money he could get me a hundred votes in his county, which otherwise would go the other way. I grasped the situation at once and told him to call at the Capitol that evening and send in his card. He did call and sent in his card to Colonel O'Ferrall. The colonel went out and when he came back he said 'Dungan, you are responsible for that. I couldn't convince that negro that it was not me he had seen, and it cost me $15.' Colonel O'Ferrall assured me afterward that the fellow had done some good work for him in the campaign."

Mr. James Smith, a clerk in the Pension Bureau, gives an interesting account of some of his experiences in South Carolina during reconstruction days, all of which he vouches for as true. "It so happened," says he, "that I occupied a position in South Carolina at that time that enabled me to be on the inside for getting information about what was then being done by the native Democrats in political matters. In the county in which I then lived there had been a large over-issue of bonds by the carpetbaggers, and there was danger that the bonds would be sold in Northern financial markets and the county bankrupted. The people of the county were firmly convinced that the Senator who represented them at Columbia, who, by the way, was a colored man and a barber by trade, knew where the entire issue which had not been accounted for was secreted. So they appointed a committee to wait on the Senator at a night and demand that he tell where the bonds were. The committee called and asked the Senator for an explanation, but he refused to comply. They then seized the Senator and carried him to a creek, where they ducked him repeatedly, until he divulged the location of the bonds. The committee had adopted a drastic remedy, but it was believed their action saved the county from financial ruin. But one of the most amusing things that occurred during the whole period that was exhausted in wiping out the big Republican majority in the State was the devising of a law by a prominent doctor of divinity and a leading lawyer, under which eight ballot boxes were used. These boxes were kept constantly moving around by the judges and clerks. There were also eight sets of tickets, and as, if a ballot was put in the wrong box, it did not count, the result was that the colored votes were nearly all placed wrong, and those of the Democrats, owing to their being able to read and write, were deposited correctly. The Republican majority was wiped out and the Democrats restored to power, where they have since remained."

"Back in the days of readjustment in Virginia," said Mr. William G. Horner, of the Pension Bureau, "when John W. Daniel and William E. Cameron were candidates for the Governorship of Virginia, they had a joint discussion on the Court Green in Harrisburg upon the all-absorbing issues of that famous campaign. John F. Lewis, afterward a United States Senator from Virginia, was the candidate on the Cameron ticket for Lieutenant Governor. He was regarded as what was known in Virginia as a Union man during the civil war, and his friends were using this with telling effect among the Dunkards, Mennonites, and other non-belligerents of that period, and it was winning him many votes. While Major Daniel was speaking he made the statement that while Mr. Lewis was always considered a Union man he made cannon balls for the Confederate Government, whereupon he was interrupted by Mr. Lewis with the wrath provoking words: 'Major Daniel, that is false.' This brought the situation to a crisis, and for a while it looked as though a fight was on hand. The excitement was intense. Readjusters climbed on benches, wildly threw their hats in the air, and shouted themselves hoarse. It was many minutes before the "Lame Lion of Lynchburg' could make himself heard again. When he was able to do so he turned to Mr. Lewis and requested him to stand. This request the latter complied with. Then Major Daniel turned to the audience and said: 'My fellow-citizens: In stating to you that Mr. Lewis was a Union man and made cannon balls for the Confederacy back in the sixties, I stated what I had heard and seen in print but had never seen or heard denied, and Mr. Lewis has not responded in a manner worthy of the man or the occasion.' In an instant Lewis was on his feet asking of Major Daniel that he be allowed to say a word. This request Daniel granted with all the grace and dignity for which he is noted. Then Lewis said: 'Fellow-citizens: I too, have heard and seen in print what Major Daniel has said, but it is not true that I made cannon balls for the Confederate Government. I apologize to Major Daniel for my abrupt interruption.' Major Daniel then replied: 'My fellow citizens: Notwithstanding the fact that Mr. Lewis poses as a Virginian of Virginians to the manor born, yet, in Virginia's dire calamity he did not even make cannon balls to keep back from her sacred soil the foot of the common enemy.' This sentiment so thrilled the audience that pandemonium reigned for awhile and the same Lewisites who had recently been throwing their hats in the air were seen under the benches as a result of Major Daniel's effective retort."

CASTORIA For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

MARQUIS OF DUFFERIN SUCCUMBS TO ILLNESS

Died at His Irish Home Early This Morning.

WELL KNOWN IN AMERICA

Was Formerly Governor General of Canada, and as Such, Familiar to This Country—Was Once Viceroy of India—Held Other High Posts.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—The Marquis of Dufferin, former Governor General of Canada, died at 6:25 o'clock this morning, at Chandeboye, his residence in County Downe, Ireland.

His lordship had been critically ill for some time, and his death was expected.

The Marquis of Dufferin and Ava was born June 21, 1826. His career was a remarkable one, both as a statesman and as an author.

Probably his most famous literary work was on subjects relating to the needs of Ireland.

He traveled frequently through the Emerald Isle, and knew the Irish people intimately.

As a diplomat and statesman he held many important posts. As Governor General of Canada, he is well known to the American people.

Besides this post he has been Viceroy of India, Under Secretary for War, and Ambassador to the Courts of St. Petersburg, Constantinople, and Rome.

Considerable attention has lately been directed toward the Marquis because of his connection with Whittaker Wright's London and Globe Company, the failure of which has caused a seusation in English financial circles.

While considerable is said as to the shady character of the enterprise, no breath of scandal has ever touched the Marquis.

The British people have simply felt regret that he had been induced to lend his name to the enterprise.

KILLED AND INJURED AT A FIRE IN UTICA

Four Firemen Caught by Falling Walls.

One of Them Killed Instantly, One Fatally Crashed, and Two More Or Less Injured.

UTICA, N. Y., Feb. 12.—The Utica Maennerchor Building, or Music Hall, as it is commonly known, at 77 and 79 Columbia Street, was gutted by fire early this morning, entailing a loss aside from insurance of $22,000 to $25,000.

One fireman was killed, one fatally and two seriously injured.

The dead man is Lieut. George Bierne, of Steamer Company No. 2.

The injured are:

Hoseman Martin Boch, Steamer Company No. 1, back broken, cannot recover.

Lieut. George Grupp, Steamer Company No. 2, scalp torn and body bruised.

Peter Mellon, Steamer Company No. 2, arm broken, back strained.

The falling of the front wall of the building, which was six stories in height, after the fire had been subdued, caused the killing and injuring of the above list of firemen.

The fire started at 1 o'clock this morning and before the firemen arrived the vast structure was a seething mass of flames. The electric wires in front of the building interfered with the work of the firemen. Eventually these wires were torn down, causing a panic in the assembled crowd.

The height of the building and the fact that it was closely surrounded by other buildings made it a very difficult fire for the firemen to fight.

Hurt Despite Caution.

At no time was it practicable or safe for them to put on a stream from the inside. The east and west walls near the front projected to such a height that the firemen were in imminent danger of being caught, but, as it subsequently developed, their caution amounted to little. Above the fourth floor on the front, was a pediment or dormer window, which was about twenty-five feet wide and as many feet high. The woodwork in this window burned away leaving the wall without support. On the walk below were the firemen.

Suddenly the giant dormer window fell to the street, crushing them.

In the brick building adjoining the Maennerchor Building on the west, eighteen people were sleeping at the time the fire broke out. They all got out safely.

TO AUCTION RAILROAD.

Erie and Central New York Will Be Sold.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Feb. 12.—The Erie and Central New York Railroad, running from Cortland to Cincinatus, will be sold at auction on March 29, at Cortland, in an action brought by the Hamilton Trust Company of Brooklyn to foreclose a mortgage for $500,000.

Four railroadss will be bidders—namely, the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, Lehigh Valley, Delaware and Hudson and Erie.

The first two want the road to stop competition in the Otsego Valley, and to prevent an entrance to Syracuse.

The last two named would extend the road to connect with their systems at Deposit and Ninevah.

BUZZING BEE IN HIS BEARD.

Baltimore Youth Sent to Jail for Trick Played on Another Man.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 12.—The luxuriant bunch of hirsute appendage that adorns the chin of Levi Goldsmith, of 119 North High Street, was the innocent cause of William Hilditch, twenty-three years old, a machinist, being sent to jail for one week yesterday.

It appears from the testimony submitted to Justice Fechtig, at the central police station, that Goldsmith was wending his way along Gay Street, near Lexington, Monday night, when he was accosted by Hilditch, who seized him by the beard and emitted a buzzing sound, suggestive of a busy bee who had been disturbed by some rude hand. At least this is what Goldsmith says.

Patrolman Bollinger, of the central district, happened to be within hailing distance and responded to the indignant cries of Goldsmith.

Jutsice Fechtig fined Hilditch $2 and costs for assaulting Goldsmith and committed him to jail in default.

EXTERMINATION THE FATE OF KATIPUNAN BANDS

Gen. Chaffee Says They Are Cowardly Assassins, and that Patriotism Has Long Ceased to Be Their Motive.

Murder and Robbery Declared To Be Their Only Objects.

In commenting upon the findings of a recent military commission in the Philippines, report of which has just reached the War Department, General Chaffee declares for the absolute extermination of the so-called guerrilla bands, which have been terrorizing the people of the islands under orders of the Katipunan Society.

The case in question was that of four natives who came down from the hills of Luzon bearing commissions as representatives of the rebel chief Naxario Valle.

With thirty followers at their backs they slew by boloing, by burying alive, by garroting, and by burning at the stake droves of their fellow-countrymen and women.

Then they were caught, tried, and sentenced to be hanged.

General Chaffee commutes this sentence to life imprisonment, but says:

"This case is but an example of many others where 'commissioners' have been sent forth by the Katipunan chiefs, with instructions to terrorize peaceful communities into taking the oath of the Katipunan Society, and joining hands with the so-called guerrilla, but now degenerate, bands, whose chief occupation is robbery, enforced by murder and assassination of their own people.

"Patriotism long since ceased to be the guiding motive of these bands. The number of men and women who have been destroyed under guise of making war upon the American forces now reaches high into the hundreds and the work of these cowardly assassins, now misnamed insurrectos, still goes on in a few districts where they profess to be making war against the United States, but where in fact they engage only in terrorizing the people into the surrender of enough property to enrich the leaders and support their ignorant and vicious followers.

"No matter under what name or society they may seek to disguise their true character the work of their extermination must go on until chief and followers shall cease their inhuman trade."

MARYLAND'S ANTI-TRUST BILL IS PROGRESSING

Mr. Gompers Secures Amendment to the Measure.

Provides That the Act Shall Not Apply to Trade Unions or Other Labor Organizations.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Feb. 12.—The feature of yesterday in the House of Delegates was the passage to its third reading of the "Anti-trust" bill. The second reading of the bill was successfully accomplished and the stumbling-blocks and obstacles which it was predicted would be found in its path did not materialize.

Such amendments as were offered served to strengthen the bill rather than weaken it, and not a single voice has yet been raised against its principles or provisions, which are of a very sweeping and stringent nature, embodying all the strong points of Texas and Minnesota laws.

The only vital amendment to the bill was offered by Delegate McMillan, of Alleghany county, who, since the introduction of the bill, has been in correspondence with labor leaders throughout the country. The amendment offered by him was drafted by President Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, and is as follows:

"Provided that nothing in this act shall construed so as to apply to trade unions or other labor organizations instituted for the purpose of regulating wages, hours or other conditions under which labor is to be performed."

With this amendment Mr. Gompers sent the following letter:

"If this amendment is adopted it will clearly demonstrate that the purpose of the act is not to interfere with the lawful and rational efforts of the wage-workers to protect or promote their interests.

"Hoping you may be successful in either securing the adoption of the amendment or, otherwise, the defeat of the bill, and asking you to advise me upon this subject at your earliest convenience, I am

"Fraternally yours,

"SAMUEL GOMPERS,

"President of the American Federation of Labor."

DASHED INTO AUDIENCE.

Mishap During Bicycle Performance on the Stage.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—There was considerable excitement at the Dewey Theatre last night during that part of the performance in which three cyclists race down a track inclined at an angle of seventy-four degrees.

One of the three, Albert V. David, went down with such velocity that he shot over and plunged into the auditorium, landing in the middle aisle.

The audience rose and women began to scream.

A stampede for the exits was checked by the coolness of a number of people in the audience, but some had their nerves so shaken that they would not remain.

The rider was hurt so that the race could not go on.

NEW GRADUATE LAW SCHOOL.

Will Be Established in Connection With Chicago University.

CHICAGO, Feb. 12.—A new graduate law school in connection with the University of Chicago, will be established in October 1.

Funds estimated at from $500,000 to $800,000 will be available for the building, endowment, and maintenance.

The name of the donor of the law school fund has been withheld.

"The name of the school will be the school of Law and Jurisprudence of the University of Chicago," said President Harper. "It will be the only graduate school west of New York, and will rank as one of the first three schools in the country. The endowment will be ample."

Aside from the amount necessary to establish the school, $50,000 has been set aside for a law library. A special building will soon be erected on the campus at a cost of $150,000 to $200,000.

AMERICAN MOTORMEN NEEDED.

London Trolley Manager Will Import a Force.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—Manager Davies, of the British Electric Traction Trust, will sail for America on Saturday to secure motormen and superintendents to work the English street cars.

The trust recently secured control of the tram lines in the chief towns of Great Britain, but finds it unable to operate the lines successfully because of the lack of skilled English workers. Americans will instruct the English in American methods.

Horse Falls and Breaks a Shaft.

A horse driven by Lewis Herscorty, of 229 Pennsylvania Avenue northwest, slipped on the icy pavement on North Capitol Street yesterday afternoon and broke the shaft of the buggy in which Mr. Herscorty was riding.

Liver Ills Biliousness, sick headache, jaundice, indigestion, constipation are cured by Hood's Pills. Easy to take, easy to operate. Druggists. 25c.

FIRES REPEATEDLY STARTED IN ALTOONA

Incendiaries Busy in Pennsylvania Town Last Night.

Eight Attempts to Commit Arson Made in Three Hours—Good Work Done by the Firemen.

ALTOONA, Pa., Feb. 12.—Incendiaries were busy last night in Altoona.

There were no fewer than eight fires between the hours of 7 and 10 o'clock, among them a livery stable, hotel, and a dwelling.

The activities of the firemen prevented any great destruction being wrought.

Three of the fires were located in the same neighborhood.

There is great anxiety in Altoona and the citizens are in momentary expectation of further fires. It is estimated the damage by all the fires will reach $5,000.

Late last night a man was placed under arrest on suspicion of being one of the incendiaries. His identity is unknown. He has been placed in the city prison.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR'S TRIAL

Vermont State Official Demands Immediate Hearing.

RUTLAND, Vt., Feb. 12.—Lieutenant Governor Martin F. Allen, of North Ferrisburg, who, with John W. Ketchum, a newspaper publisher of Vergennes, was indicted last May for looting the Farmers' National Bank of Vergennes of $142,000, and whose trial has been postponed five times, created a sensation in the United States circuit court room here today by asserting his ability to prove his innocence and demanding an immediate trial.

He declared it was unjust to keep him in disgrace without a chance to clear himself.

Judge Wheeler postponed the case a sixth time, to April 14.

Ketchum was desirous of a postponement on account of his wife's illness, and the Government wishes to try his case before the Lieutenant Governor's

LETTER FROM SCHOLLENBERGER.

Fugitive Tells How He Eluded Marshal St. Clair.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Feb. 12.—A letter dated Baltimore, February 10, and purporting to have been written by George Schollenberger, the fugitive oleomargarine dealer, who escaped from Deputy Marshal St. Clair by leaping from a moving train near Baltimore, has been received by a local newspaper.

In it the writer deprecates any inclination to scout the truth of St. Clair's account of the escape, eulogizes that officer, and gives a detailed account of how the writer effected his escape.

He declares that during frequent visits to the trial room from Cumberland, Md., to Baltimore, he loosened the screws on the oblong window by using an old coin, and finally was able to open the window wide enough to admit the passage of his body.

He says just after leaving Mount Royal he squeezed through, and hanging by his hands dropped off, alighting uninjured.

The letter ends by declaring Schollenberger's innocence, and saying that he is now about to sail for a southern port.

KING'S CORONATION ROBE.

Garment Will Be Spun From Fine Gold.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—The King's coronation robe will be of cloth of gold. The material which will be specially woven will contain a smaller portion of alloy than gold coinage.

It is stated that it will be "as bright as a golden cloud."

Overwhelmed by an Avalanche.

BELGRADE, Feb. 12.—An avalanche overwhelmed a number of laborers who were working at the foot of the mountain outside of the town today, and killed fifteen and injured thirteen others.

BRIGANDS BATTLE OVER MISS STONE

New Band Attacks Original Captors of Missionary.

TWENTY ARE KILLED OR HURT

Effort to Seize the Prisoner Results in a Desperate Encounter—Miss Stone Miraculously Escapes Injury—May Be in Other Hands.

VIENNA, Feb. 12.—"Die Information" today says that another band of brigands has attacked the captors of Miss Ellen M. Stone, the American missionary intending to seize and secure the ransom for her release.

A desperate encounter occurred between the two bands, the paper says, and twenty of the brigands were killed and injured.

Miss Stone miracuously escaped injury. The account does not say which band got the American missionary.

LITTLE GIRL HEROINE.

Defended Baby Brother From Attacks of Maddened Terrier.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—Little Agnes Dwyer, the seven-year-old daughter of John and Mary Dwyer, of 529 West Forty-ninth Street, is a heroine among her little friends.

For nearly an hour yesterday she struggled with a maddened dog in the rooms on the top floor of that house, protecting her own life and saving her infant brother from the attack of the beast.

The dog became fretful, and Agnes tried in vain to pacify him. He ran around the kitchen, snarling and barking, while Agnes, thoroughly frightened, stood bravely in the doorway leading to the bedroom where her baby brother slept.

Suddenly the dog made a jump for the girl. His teeth met in her forehead, just over her left eye.

The girl fell to the floor, screaming for help, but her cries were unheard.

The dog, maddened at the taste of blood, stood growling over the fallen girl when Mrs. Dwyer returned. The dog sprang at her, but she picked up a chair and drove it off. Then, closing the door to the room where the baby slept, she dragged the girl out to the hall and closed that door.

Agnes was taken to a doctor and the wound cauterized. Policeman John O'Neill climbed up the fire-escape with a clothes line and lassoed the dog. He dragged it to the yard and then killed it.

Fire in Richmond, Indiana.

RICHMOND, Ind., Feb. 12.—Fire last night destroyed a large part of the plant of the Wayne Works Company, which manufactures agricultural implements. The loss is $75,000; fully insured. No one was injured.

10c
May Assure Your Future Happiness.
Spend That Much for a Bottle of
Bromo-Pepsin
—and learn that it will do all that is claimed for it. BROMO-PEPSIN POSITIVELY CURES HEADACHE, INDIGESTION, INSOMNIA, NAUSEA, and MENTAL EXHAUSTION from any cause, and it will do it AT ONCE. Remember, too, that BROMO-PEPSIN is ABSOLUTELY HARMLESS—very important to know.
Bromo-Pepsin
—is a household remedy in thousands of families that would use no other prepared remedy, and physicians everywhere prescribe it. Note the word PEPSIN, and be sure to ask for BROMO-PEPSIN.
All Druggists'.
10c, 25c, and 50c bottle.

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IT IS BECAUSE WE SELL AT MOST REASONABLE PRICES AND EXAMINE YOUR EYES FREE.
IF YOUR EYES TROUBLE YOU CONSULT US. COMPARE PRICES ELSEWHERE.
Our Prices.
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With Finest Ground Lenses.
All $3 and $4 Gold-filled Sburon or Lasso Glasses at.....$1.00
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Good for Bad Teeth,
Not Bad for Good Teeth.

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THE SMITH PREMIER TYPEWRITER
KNOWN BY THEIR WORKS
SIMPLE
DURABLE
ALWAYS
RELIABLE
A dollar of service for every dollar of cost. That is the record.
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Lace Curtains At a Sacrifice.....
Two and Three Pair Lots Lace Curtains....
Two-Pair Lots.
2 pairs White Lace Curtains—$1.00 per pair. The 2 pairs for.. $1.60
2 pairs White Lace Curtains—$1.15 per pair. The 2 pairs for.. $1.80
2 pairs White Lace Curtains—$1.40 per pair. The 2 pairs for.... $2.25
2 pairs White Lace Curtains—$2.00 per pair. The 2 pairs for.. $3.20
2 pairs White Lace Curtains—$2.50 per pair. The 2 pairs for.... $3.95
2 pairs White Lace Curtains—$3.00 per pair. The 2 pairs for.... $4.95
2 pairs White Lace Curtains—$3.50 per pair. The 2 pairs for.... $5.50
2 pairs White Lace Curtains—$4.00 per pair. The 2 pairs for... $6.65
Three-Pair Lots.
3 pairs White Lace Curtains—$1.15 per pair. The 3 pairs for... $2.75
3 pairs White Lace Curtains—$1.25 per pair. The 3 pairs for ... $3.00
3 pairs White Lace Curtains—$1.50 per pair. The 3 pairs for .. $3.65
3 pairs White Lace Curtains—$2.25 per pair. The 3 pairs for ... $5.45
3 pairs White Lace Curtains—$2.50 per pair. The 3 pairs for .. $6.19
3 pairs White Lace Curtains—$3.50 per pair. The 3 pairs for ... $8.45
3 pairs White Lace Curtains—$4.00 per pair. The 3 pairs for ... $9.85
300 Irish Point Curtain Ends; worth 75c each—for 49c
Let us estimate on your Window Shades, Awnings, Slip Covers, and to reupholster your furniture. No charge for estimating.
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Furniture Bargains on Credit.
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