Fourth List Of Photographs Now Ready to be Called for At Taylor's Photograph Studio, 15th and G Streets.

Look for the number on your ticket and call and get your picture, if the number is published here. Don't come until your number is published to save confusion.

No.	No.	No.
1105	1008 1-2	200
1125	1033	286
1180	1058	393
1188	934	108
1249	993	112
1277	984	116
1278	1515	125
1280	1570	141
1284	1588	9
1293	1638	68
618	2007	89
1361	1369	1461
377	1014	1801
1331	1279	1369
102	1768	910
1594	1769	1084
13	2009	1767
1276	1277	1289
1306	1842	928
1835	686	933
1092	843	980
1784	190	137
1179	965	1403
933	948	1130
1722	1291	1753
1790	1111	63
1729	302	1755
1260	1428	1012
2018	1406	1412
1882	15	1196
980	925	10
96	46	925
2665	1371	1031
47	183	686
1204	1265	1259
1684	1339	1624
1983	1627	1626
1613	1688	1612
320	498	791
296	224	256
1407	1416	1489
1421	1411	1469
1437	1498	1412
242	274	266
1309	1388	1376
1317	1321	1394
1387	1399	1372
2827	2620	2419
2427	2442	2419
2404	1041	1087
1094	1034	1036
1035	1096	1006
1016	1062	1051
1026	1045	1367
1302	1313	1384
1586	1510	1548
1593	1582	1597
1572	1579	1516
1575	1545	1595
1320	1367	1307
1318	1844	1888
1856	1848	1862
1885	1830	1849
1837	1866	1873
2001	2040	2032
2040	2043	2008
1168	1142	1103
1195	1138	1139
1145	1186	2045
2044	1196	1174
1101	1143	1161
176	1436	1359
97	1266	1911
1927	1904	1628
1797	1115	1782
1357	1690	113
1464	299	901
996	1245	1402
234	182	710
1682	1290	937
1493	1842	948
1128	963	1268
1970	1902	141
1720	238	1787
1233	1583	1334

Get the Best—
Kennebec Ice.
Absolutely pure. Frozen by nature. It's the same temperature throughout. Imparts the greatest degree of cold—lasts longer than any other—thus it's the cheapest.
YELLOW WAGONS will serve you promptly, at very lowest prices. Order from drivers, or here direct.
Independent Ice Co.
Offices {910 Pa. Ave. Phone 591-2. {3108 Water st., Georgetown

Clear Potomac Ice
9 to 10 inches thick, will be supplied to large consumers at the "Three Sisters" Icehouses, above the Aqueduct Bridge. Good roads for hauling. Low rates.
INDEPENDENT ICE CO.

FOR WAYS THAT ARE DARK

Chinamen Charged With Conspiracy to Defraud.

SUE GOW PUT ON TRIAL

Every Pigtailed Celestial in Town Was in Court—Each Side Had an Interpreter, and Mrs. Collins, Formerly a Missionary, Kept Tab on These—Case Continued.

Moy Ah Sing, Chin Bing, and Sue Gow, the three Chinamen who, with Moy A. Foon and Lum Kee Sing, were charged with conspiracy to defraud certain other Chinamen, were arraigned in the police court yesterday, although only Sue Gow was put on trial.

Judge Miller's courtroom presented an Oriental picture. Certainly no shirts were washed yesterday, for every Chinaman able to walk either occupied a seat in court or stood outside and looked through the door.

Lawyers Aughinbaugh and Sterling represented the defendants and Col. Cook assisted Mr. Mullowney in the prosecution. Charlie Kee, of Chicago, was intepreter for the men who preferred the charges and Mr. Waring A. Charles, a prominent New York Chinaman, and a friend of Chin Bing's, interpreted for the defendants. Mrs. Collins, the ex-Chinese missionary, was present to see that both sides told straight stories.

CHARLIE HUNG'S TESTIMONY.

Charlie Hung, a Chinese merchant on Pennsylvania avenue between Third and Four-and-a-half streets, was the first witness. He testified to having been blackmailed out of $5 by coercion and threats and said that he was one of the men to whom the threatening letter had been addressed. The letter, with a translation by Mrs. Collins, was produced in court.

The translation read: "There is no one able to get the victory over the people of Hip Sing Town. All the people belonging to Hop Ye Tong are not able to hinder us. We must carry on our work and no one is able to stand against us. Obey us and you will live; disobey us and you will die. We are strong and brave and able to do anything. You are weak and your hearts are afraid. Moy Chew, in the court room, when tried, was pale with fear. We are tigers; you are dogs. How can dogs fight tigers? You are like a snake; we are the dragon. The dragon is stronger than the snake."

CHARLIE WAS AFRAID.

Charlie was very much afraid after he received this letter. He said that the money he gave up was received by Lum Kee Sing and Sue Gow.

Moy Fun Ying, bookkeeper for Charlie Hong, was next put on the stand, and testified that he had given to Lum Kee Sing and Sue Gow the $5 referred to and made an entry of it in the books of the firm. The book was produced, and the entry when translated read:

"Paid to Hip Sing Town Club $5, Lum Kee Sing and Sue Gow receiving."

This entry was dated the 14th of June, the day on which it was alleged the money had been paid.

Lawyer Aughinbaugh took the book and stated that he desired to show the court that the handwriting in the entry and that of the letter were the same.

"Better get Ed. Hay to examine it," suggested Mr. Mullowney.

Mr. Charles said that the handwriting was very similar, but he could not swear it was identical.

Sin Gow was then put on the stand and the oath administered in Chinese by Mrs. Collins. He testified that he had been in the employ of Moy Ah Sing since the 17th of June, at which time he was brought here from Baltimore by Moy Ah Foon. When he and Foon reached Ah Sing's place at the corner of Four-and-a-half street and Missouri avenue, a dinner party was in progress, at which several Americans were present. Witness said that he never visited Charlie Hong's store and was not in the city when Charlie Hong was charged with gambling. He said that he did not belong to the Hip Sing Town Club, and was not aware of the existence of such an organization.

AH SING'S FRIENDS.

Moy Ah Sing was called and testified that Moy Ah Foon brought Sue Gow to him from Baltimore on the 17th of June. He was compelled to send to Baltimore for help, because of the difficulty of securing any here. When he came here he was a stranger and was too poor to get anyone to work for him.

"Ask him who his friends are," said Mr. Mullowney.

"Ah Bing, Ah Foon, Kee Sing and Gow," answered Ah Sing, in response to the question. "Those my friends. That's all."

He had been threatened because he had reduced the prices of his work, and had received two very bad letters. These letters set forth that Moy Mow (Charlie Kee) had been sent for at great expense, and if he did not put up the prices or leave town he would be fixed. They stated that Moy Mow was to receive $500 for coming here from Chicago, $5 a day for expenses, and an additional $5, which was to be expended for local counsel.

Ah Sing said that he did not belong to the Hip Sing Town Club, and had never heard of such an organization.

Mr. Charles was then placed on the stand, and told the court that he had known Ah Sing in New York and Hoboken, and in both places he bore an excellent reputation. In regard to the charge against Lum Kee Sing, Mr. Charles said that he had seen him in New York almost every day since the first on June, and he could not have visited any of the local laundries as alleged.

EAGER TO JOIN THE FINEST.

Sing, he said, called on him some time ago and asked to be presented to Mr. Roosevelt, police commissioner, as he desired to apply for a position on the New York force. Mr. Charles introduced Kee Sing to the police commissioner and that gentleman looked very favorably upon the application.

Lawyer Aughinbaugh took the stand and stated that on the 17th of June he, accompanied by Messrs. Pugh and Mullowney and a couple of representatives of the press, had had a dinner party at Ah Sing's place, and while they were there Moy A. Foon brought Sue Gow in and introduced him to Ah Sing, his future employer.

Mr. Pugh told the court that he recalled driving there on the day mentioned and remembered when Sue Gow was brought in.

It was then decided to rest the case, as Ah Sing and Chin Bing were yet to be put on trial. Judge Miller said that the business of the court for the next few days would be so heavy that it would be impossible to try the Chinamen in the daytime. He thereupon continued the cases until Tuesday night at 6:30 o'clock, when, he said, all would be disposed of.

Trip of the Amphions.

The Amphion Glee Club, of this city, is fast becoming an organization of wide repute. They are under contract to appear in grand concert at the new Columbia Avenue Hotel, Atlantic City, N. J., on Friday, July 26, under the auspices of the Seaside Assembly. The club will be represented by Messrs. Wm. Goodrich, W. W. Orme, Wm. C. Elkins and J. H. Washington, with Mr. J. Henry Lewis, manager, and Miss Addie Lewis, accompanist. They will probably make several appearances in addition to the one mentioned above before their return. They have a host of friends who are proud of their success.

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

DYSPEPSIA AND CONSTIPATION

Frequently Go Together. Where They Exist the Whole System Is Involved. Dr. Walker Cures Dyspepsia. His Treatment in All Chronic Diseases Is Sure.

A large percentage of the cases cured by Dr. Walker are those with which other physicians have been unsuccessful. His treatment positively cures all disorders of the brain and nervous system, diseases of the skin and blood, catarrh, asthma, consumption, malaria, dyspepsia, rheumatism, neuralgia, hemorrhoids, diseases of women, sexual weakness, and all affections of the lungs, throat, heart, liver, stomach, kidneys, bladder, bowels, and other organs.

Restoration of strength and vitality in men who are conscious of diminished power and vigor, as a result of past follies or over-indulgence, is one of Dr. Walker"s specialties.

Dr. Walker may be consulted free of charge, personally or by letter. His well-known sanitarium, at 1411 Pennsylvania avenue, adjoining Willard's Hotel, is open daily for consultation and treatment. Office hours, 10 a. m. to 5 p. m.; Wednesday and Saturday evenings, 7 to 8; Sundays, 10 to 12.

Charges for treatment very low.

All interviews and correspondence sacredly confidential. No cases made public without consent of patients.

RECORD OF THE COURTS.

Criminal Court, No. 2—Justice Hagner—Levi Poindexter, larceny; bench warrant returned cepi; bail fixed at $1,500; defendant committed. Charles Simms, assault and battery; bench warrant returned cepi; defendant committed.

Equity Court, No. 2—Justice Hagner—Howland vs. McCannon; leave to withdraw exhibit from files granted. Willis vs. Thurston; commission to get infant's answer ordered to issue. Turner vs. Moxley; J. Henry Turner appointed guardian ad litem. McArdle vs. Tourney; testimony before examiner ordered taken. Gott vs. Gott; same order. Brooks vs. Brooks; sales ratified nisi. Morrison vs. Reynolds; Washington Press Brick Company allowed to intervene. Columbia Chemical Company vs. Hammond Sanitarium Company; rule on defendant returnable August 3, granted. Same vs. Lanza; same order.

Circuit Court, No. 1—Justice Cole—National Bank of the Republic vs. Butwell and others; judgment by default. McCormick vs. Griswold and others; the same.

Circuit Court, No. 2—Justice Hagner—Weaver vs. Carmody; judgment by default. Prout vs. District of Columbia; judgment in certiorari.

Probate Court—Proceedings in estates have been recorded as follows: Alcinda Anderson; petition of Charles A. Anderson for letters of administration filed. Thomas M. Fields, guardian to orphans of Patrick B. Dunn; report. Carleton Emerson Snell; receipts of M. P. Snell for his distribution share filed. Henry C. T. Semken; proof of publication and assent of next of kin filed. Juha A. Wilbur; proof of publication filed. Edward Castell; inventory of personal estate, $534.75, filed. Alfred Wallace; codicil proved by last witness.

ALEXANDRIA HAPPENINGS.

Capt. Jack Kelley, one of the best known rivermen on the Potomac river, died very suddenly on board his schooner, the "French Smoot," while she was lying at the foot of Pierce street yesterday morning. Capt. Kelley had been for some years a victim of consumption, and when found was sitting upright in a chair on the deck. The cabin floor and the deck about him wre covered with blood, the result of hemorrhages. The deceased was a prominent member of Potomac Lodge of Odd Fellows, who will arrange for his funeral.

The Press Claims Company, of Washington, had a meeting at the Braddock House in this city yesterday evening and elected Richard C. Fellows president, Robert E. Freeman secretary, Frederick Benjamin treasurer and general manager, and Edgar M. Hoopes and Charles N. Wake directors.

A meeting has been called by Mr. Leonard Mackey, chairman of the district Democratic committee, of the chairmen of the Alexandria, Fairfax and Prince William county democratic committees, at his office in this city on Saturday next, to fix a time for holding a Democratic convention to nominate a candidate for State senator from this senatorial district. The general impression is that the convention will be held about the middle of next month, and that Capt. George A. Mushback will be renominated without opposition.

Rev. Dr. William H. Nelson has accepted the appointment as instructor in the English Bible at the Virginia Theological Seminary for the next session.

Rev. Father F. X. McCarthy, of St. Mary's Church, has returned from a visit to Norfolk.

BROOKLAND ITEMS.

Mrs. William Anderson, with her family, will leave in a few days to join her husband, Judge Anderson, who lately entered on his duties as Register of the Land Office at Enid, Oklahoma.

Messrs. John Massie and Fred Holton are on a fishing and sketching expedition in the mountainous part of West Virginia.

The lawn party that was to have been held by the drum corps on Wednesday evening was postponed on account of the inclement weather until last night. A large crowd attended and the drum corps has reason to be proud of its initial entertainment.

The ladies connected with the confectionery table of the lawn party for St. Anthony's Church will hold a meeting at the residence of Mrs. J. C. Noyes. Mrs. Noyes is in charge of the table and has appointed the following assistants: Mrs. H. M. Woodward, Mrs. J. S. Noel, Mrs. Harry Downing, Mrs. Mortimer Downing, Misses Sydney Johnson, Clare Noyes, the Misses Hortschamp and Tate.

Mrs. Robert R. West left last evening for an extended visit in Lancaster, Ky.

HERNDON NEWS.

The dance of Tuesday evening came off according to arrangement, with quite a select crowd, in Central Hall. It was under the auspices of the Herndon Social Club, and about forty invitations were sent out. Several persons came from Washington to attend.

Wednesday evening there was a parlor social at the house of Mr. D. L. Detweiler. Ice cream and cake were sold for the benefit of the Floris Church.

Misses Hattie and Jennie Robey have gone to Colonial Beach for a month's stay.

Miss Be. Cox returned home on Wednesday on account of the death of her nephew.

Mr. Charles Bready, of Philadelphia, and Misses Sadie and Bessie Chamberlin, of Washington, are visiting Mrs. B. H. Bready.

Misses Ida and Flora Faber, of Washington, are visiting their grandfather, Gen. William Urich, of Elden street.

Bald Heads No More!
Are you fast becoming bald? Does your hair fall? Has it lost its color? Is it getting gray? Have you bald patches? Try the only infallible root and herb tonic—Semmes' Electric Hair Restorer. No hair, no pay. One bottle will promote a full growth of hair on any bald head. Testimonials at Parlors, 704 Fourteenth street, opposite Foundry Church. Treatment for all chronic diseases of scalp and skin by
Dr. J. SEMMES,
Dermatologist.
Consultation free. Cut this out.

STRAW
39c.
HATS
WORTH UP TO
$1.50.
Every day you wait there's less choice.
HENRY FRANC & SON,
Corner Seventh and D.

MAY BUILD HER SHIPS HERE

Japan Will Spend Part of the Chinese Indemnity in America.

One of Our Large Cruisers to Be Sent Into Japanese Waters as an Object Lesson to Attract Trade.

Although nothing official is known here regarding the report that China will pay her war indemnity to Japan in London, it is not doubted that it rests upon a substantial basis of fact.

The first payment by China will be $50,000,000, and if this amount were sent direct to Tokio it would greatly affect the rate of exchange. Moreover, so large a sum in the Japanese treasury would, it is thought, encourage extravagance in public expenditures, and it is believed to be advisable, therefore, that the amount shall lie in London to the credit of Japan, inasmuch as that country always has a substantial balance on deposit in that city.

This money will be available, also, when Japan begins to increase her navy, inasmuch as some of the proposed new vessels will be built on the Clyde, and others, possibly, on the Seine and in the United States.

It was stated yesterday in this connection that the Japanese government will be in no haste to add to its naval strength.

It is not doubted that large additions will be made to the Japanese navy within the next few years, but private advices from Yokohama indicate that the Emperor will use great deliberation in the purchase of ships. No occasion exists at present for a larger navy than Japan already possesses, and the government, for this reason, is disposed to bide its time in the hope of securing the new vessels at a lower cost than would now be paid, and securing also the benefit of the latest improvements in machinery, design, and armament.

That American firms will receive some of these contracts is not doubted, provided their bids do not materially exceed those of the English and French shipbuilders. It is stated on high authority, however, that if any of these vessels are built in America it will not be because of any friendly feeling between the two countries, but solely because the Japanese government can secure as good results here as elsewhere.

The Navy Department is alive to the advantage which would result to the large shipbuilding firms of America in procuring these contracts. For this reason, one of the largest and speediest vessels now in commission will shortly be sent to Japanese waters as flagship of the Atlantic squadron.

Notwithstanding the splendid array of cruising vessels which now sail under the United States flag, none of the number, excepting the Baltimore and Charleston, has been seen in Japan, and these only for a short period. The stationing of a large cruiser on that coast would be, in a way, a compliment to Japan, and would at the same time furnish an instructive object lesson in American marine architecture.

TWO GUNS LOPPED OFF.

Adjusting Weight in the Two New Battleships.

After having determined to increase the allowance for the weights of the machinery of the two new battleships to 1,100 tons, which was still 100 less than asked for by the engineering bureau, though 100 tons more than the construction bureau wished to allow, the board at its meeting yesterday was confronted with the question as to where the room was to be found for the additional 100 tons weight.

The coal allowance for the ships is 1,300 tons, and it was proposed to reduce this to 1,200 tons, but the chief constructor strenuously resisted any move to cut into the coal supply, and offered as a counter proposition to cut into the allowance for guns and armor. He suggested that two of the sixteen five-inch guns be abandoned, and the chief of ordnance was willing to submit to this reduction, holding that fourteen guns well served were better than sixteen improperly handled.

But this cut would save only thirty-five tons, leaving sixty-five tons to be taken off elsewhere. One side proposed to reopen the subject of machinery weights and reduce these by the amount desired to be saved, but the majority of the board refused to go again into this branch of the subject.

The outcome was a report by the majority of the board to Secretary Herbert, suggesting that the two five-inch guns be dropped, that the armor be reduced in weight wherever practicable, and that if there is still any deficiency a cut be made in the coal supply. The chief constructor will resist the last suggestion.

Real Estate Transfers.

Deeds in fee have been recorded as follows: District of Columbia to Mary E. Bradshaw, six acres on Stanton road, $6.34. A. M. Green and Gertrude D. Green, to Mary V. Bowen, lots 7 and 8, block 2, Green's subdivision, Chichester, $4,509. Lisle S. Lipscomb and John Ridout to William A. Cowles, lots 113 and 119, square 615, $4,581.50. William A. Cowles to J. Albert Duvall, lots 113 and 119, square 615, $10. J. Albert Duvall to William A. Cowles, part of lot 6, block 11, Le Droit Park, $4,000. Julius I. Atkinson to William L. Foulke, lot 131, square 860, $10. Seymour S. Cadot and Grace M. Thomas to Harriet W. Waters, lot 3, block 12, South Brookland. $400.

Spotting the Letter Carriers.

The work of the post-ffoice inspectors who have been "spotting" the letter-carriers in the free delivery offices throughout the country continues to bear fruit. First Assistant Postmaster General Jones has sent orders to the postmasters at Indianapolis, Toledo, and Syracuse, N. Y., to suspend or discharge a number of their carriers on charges of loafing and intemperance.

Secretary Herbert Goes A-Cruising.

Secretary Herbert expects to leave Washington to-day on the Dolphin on a month's cruise along the Northern coast, extending probably as far as Bar Harbor. Secretary McAdoo will remain in charge of the Navy Department.

Steamer Macalester to Marshall Hall and Indian Head Thursday, Friday and Saturday evenings at 6:30 p. m.

CAUGHT AN OPIUM FIEND

John W. Reed, Jr., Has Been Swindling Merchants.

CLEVER CONFIDENCE GAME

He Feigned a Woman's Handwriting and Ordered Goods Delivered Together With Change For a Large Bill—Johnson Bros. Suspected the Scheme and He Was Arrested.

Reading the newspapers saved Johnson Brothers, coal dealers at 1206 F street northwest, about $40 yesterday. In the same connection Detective George Boyd cleverly picked up John W. Reed, Jr., a carpenter, who has been playing a confidence game of his own invention. Reed was locked up on a charge of obtaining money under false pretenses.

Yesterday morning Johnson Brothers received a letter, written in a neat feminine hand, asking that two tons of white ash stove coal be sent to No. 17 Grant place, between Ninth and Tenth streets northwest. The price was to be about $11.50. The coal was to come at 11 o'clock exactly, and the driver was to bring change for a fifty dollar bill, as that was the only money the writer had, and she did not want to go out in the morning to get change. The letter was signed "Mrs. C Davis."

Mr. Richard Johnson, when he had read the order, thought he had heard something of that kind before, and presently remembered that about a month ago he had read in The Times that a lumber dealer had been swindled by some such order. The amount of change, at any rate, seemed entirely too great to be sending out on a venture.

He went to police headquarters and told of the letter. It was at once remembered that E. E. Jackson, the lumberman, at Thirteenth street and Ohio avenue reported a loss on a similar order about a month ago. Detective Boyd was detailed to work up the case. He told Mr. Johnson to send the coal.

GAME TOOK FRIGHT.

He went to a place on Tenth street where he could see everything that went on in the street in Grant Place. Mr. Johnson drove in Ninth street almost at the hour his driver came along with the coal. Men were stationed at other exits from the square, so that the thief would have small chance to get away. The cart driver pulled up before No. 17, and waited for Mrs. Davis to come for her coal.

No one appeared, but a few moments later Mr. Johnson came around to the Ninth street end of Grant Place and told Mr. Boyd a man answering the description of Mr. Jackson had come up opposite the place where the cart was standing, then looked up at him and hurried away. The hour had so far passed they concluded nobody else would come, and they concluded to get the man Mr. Johnson had noticed. He had gone in Ninth to G, and turned down toward the postoffice.

They followed and near Fifth on G overtook him. When they halted him and came up Mr. Johnson at once said he knew the man very well and gave Reed's name. The detective took Reed in charge and Mr. Johnson hurried back to give his driver directions as to the disposal of the coal.

Reed took some papers from his pocket soon after he was arrested and tearing them up threw them into a puddle of water. Mr. Boyd noticed this but said nothing. He went with Reed to the station and after a short conference left him and returned for the papers he had seen thrown away. They proved to be two letters similar in character to that addressed to Johnson Bros.

RIGHT MAN IN CUSTODY.

One of them, in fact, was apparently a first effort to construct the letter which was sent for the coal and $40 in change. The writing was so nearly identical with that received by the coal dealers as to leave no doubt that the right man was in custody. Later the driver who delivered the lumber to Reed and paid him the change was brought in and identified him. Reed then broke down and confessed.

The transaction with Mr. Jackson was on June 19 last. A postal card was sent to Mr. Jackson asking for 200 feet of white pine lumber to be delivered to Mrs. Parsons at No. 711 G street northwest, as she had just moved in and wanted to repair some fencing. It was important that the lumber should be sent at 10 a. m. promptly, and that change should be sent for $20. The lumber was to cost $8.50 or thereabouts. To observe the time and send change would greatly oblige and Mrs. Parsons was not very particular as to small details, but relied upon Mr. Jackson's judgment to send what she wanted. Her carpenter would meet the driver and show him where to unload.

The lumber was sent as ordered. The carpenter met the driver, took the change to go to Mrs. Parsons to get the $20 bill, disappeared, and the colored man after waiting and looking around for Mrs. Parsons, had nothing to do but return to his employer without the $17 change he had handed the carpenter.

A day or two later Mr. Jackson got a letter from Mrs. Parsons explaining that the writer was a bricklayer, who had come here from Chicago, had been unable to get work, and had taken this means to get railroad fare back to Chicago. As soon as he could earn it he would send it back. This was written evidently in the hope to deceive any one who might be looking for the swindler.

CONFIRMED OPIUM FIEND.

On the same day the lumber was ordered from Jackson a similar card was received by Frank P. Libbey & Co., of Sixth and New York avenue, also ordering 200 feet of Virginia pine lumber, rough dressed and asking that change for $20 be sent. This lumber was for Mrs. Davis, No. 815 Twelfth street northwest, and was to be delivered at 11 a. m., an hour later than the load from Jackson's. Reed appears to have been satisfied with his first haul and did not come for the change on Twelfth street.

Reed is a confirmed opium eater and a physical wreck. His condition creates such sympathy for him that there is some disposition to let him go. He is about twenty-nine years old and unmarried. His mother lives at No 1536 Sixth street and it is said he helps to support her.

Mr. Johnson said yesterday he had known Reed for some time and he was much surprised to be selected as his victim. He had given the man at least $100 in charity in the past year.

He talked with Major Moore and others of withdrawing the prosecution on account of Reed's illness, which fits him more for the hospital than for jail, but finally agreed that it would be better to let the law take its course and afterwards dispose of the man as humanity may require.

What There Is in a Name.

A boy in Kansas was pulling a dog along the road by a rope, says an exchange. The boy called to his dog: "Come along, Pop, you onery cuss." A bystander asked him why he called him "Pop." "For short," answered to boy. "What's his full name?" "Populist," answered the boy. "Why call him Populist?" asked the stranger. "Well, sir," the boy said, "because he is just like a Populist. He's the oneryest dog in Kansas. He ain't worth a durn only to set on his tail and howl!"

Mine Operator Held for Court.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 25.—Operator T. D. Stein, who was accused of defrauding his miners by using false weights, was given a preliminary hearing to-day and held for court.

Diphtheria on Indiana Avenue.

A case of diphtheria was reported to the health office yesterday from No. 222 Indiana avenue.

SILSBY & COMPANY,
BANKERS,
New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington.
LOCAL OFFICES: Met. Bank Building, 7th & F Sts., 7th St. & Pa. Ave. Long Dist. 'Phone, 933.
Note—We have opened an elegant suite of offices at Atlantic City, N. J.

BATTERY "A'S" MARCH.

Peculiar Conditions Under Which It Was Composed by Fanciulli.

The announcement published exclusively in The Times of yesterday that the cavalry troop had been ordered out to attend the grand military concert tendered by Prof. Fanciulli to the National Guard of the District of Columbia was the means of stirring up a whole of lot of enthusiasm in National Guard circles.

Many of the commands had thought of turning out in uniform on the occasion, but until Capt. H. S. Barbour ordered his troopers out to give attractiveness to the scene no one had taken official action. It is understood that many more of the National Guard will appear on the White House grounds to-morrow in uniform.

One officer, determined not to be behind the cavalry troop, has ordered his battery to attend the concert to-morrow evening in full dress uniform. This is Capt. H. G. Forsberg, an old cavalryman, of course, commanding Light Battery A, of the District of Columbia National Guard. Early yesterday morning he stated to a cavalryman that he did not understand why Prof. Fanciulli had in his musical productions forgotten the artillery branch of the service, and that he proposed, if no appropriate music was rendered to-morrow evening, his battery would make short work of the Marine Band and the crowd of delighted spectators.

Later in the day Capt. Forsberg was seen in earnest consultation with Prof. Fanciulli. The captain was busy rolling off sheets of blank paper, while Prof. Fanciulli was as busily placing in writing an artillery march which will be the delight of thousands to-morrow night. The whole composition was thought out and written inside of twenty minutes, and Prof. Fanciulli's quick genius was fully appreciated by a number of National Guardsmen at the armory when the leader of the Marine band played to them what he had so recently composed.

CRUISER ATLANTA AT HAVANA.

Looking After Filibusters—Other Vessels Probably Assisting Her.

It developed yesterday afternoon that the presence of the cruiser Atlanta at Havana, which was unexpectedly announced yesterday, was one of the results of the Cabinet conference held last Friday to devise better means for enforcing the neutrality laws against Cuban filibusters.

An effort was made to keep secret the movements of the vessel, by concealing the cable message from her commander notifying the Navy Department of her arrival. Movements of naval vessels are usually made public by the department, but the fact that the Atlanta had reached Havana was concealed by the officials of the department until they were satisfied that it was known to newspaper men.

It is likely that the Atlanta is after some alleged filibusters and the Department is afraid that the publication of her movements will frustrate any plans her commander may have for intercepting would-be violators of the neutrality laws. That other vessels may have been ordered to assist the Atlanta in patrol duty and the fact suppressed, is exceedingly probable.

DR. HAMMOND'S ELIXIR.

Columbia Chemical Company's Suit Against Manfredi Lanza.

A suit in equity to restrain the Animal Extract Company, Manfredi Lanza, and others from using the trade mark and original package form of the Columbia Chemical Company was instituted by the last named company yesterday afternoon.

The complainant company states in its bill that it is a Virginia corporation and that it purchased from William A. Hammond, one of the defendants, the right to sell a certain animal extract and also the right to use trade marks on the same. Some of these trade marks, it is stated, were formerly used by Hammond, who, it is claimed, is now manufacturing the same extracts sold by the defendant, Lanza.

The complainant company holds that the two are in partnership to injure the complainant's business and put similar goods wrongfully on the market.

When the matter was brought up before Judge Hagner he made the defendant's answer returnable August 3.

Didn't Behave Well Long Enough.

Charles Simms, a young colored man, who was recently indicted, with three companions, for attempted criminal assault on Maud Thomas, was yesterday released from the workhouse, only to be arrested by a marshal's deputy and thrown into jail. Simms pleaded guilty to assault and battery on his first indictment, and the judge suspended sentence during good behavior. Simms managed to get himself in the workhouse for fifteen days, however, for throwing stones at a wagon-driver, and his good behavior was at an end.

Poindexter Committed to Jail.

Levi Poindexter, who was a few days ago indicted with "Blood" Jones for the theft of nearly $700 worth of watches from Dominick Rittenhouse, the G street jeweler, and who was subsequently captured in New York city, was brought before Judge Hagner on a bench warrant yesterday. Bail was fixed at $1,500, in default of which the defendant was committed to jail.

Police Court Grist.

In the police court yesterday the following minor cases were disposed of: Kate Smith, assault on Fannie Smith, fifteen days. Frederick Jackson, larceny, sentenced to the reform school during minority. Joseph Marshall, assault on Lizzie Marshall, fifteen days. Harry Cissell, concealed weapons, sixty days. Charles Grant, disorderly conduct, $5 fine. Charles F. Dailey, vagrancy, thirty days.

$5.00. Weekly Seasnore Excursions via Pennsylvania Railroad. $5.00.
Every Friday and Saturday until August 31, inclusive, the Pennsylvania railroad will sell for the 10 a. m. and 11 a. m. trains excursion tickets to Cape May, Atlantic City and Sea Isle City, at rate of $5.00, good returning until following Tuesday.

FINANCIAL.

Workingmen
and others whose occupations prevent them from making deposits during regular banking hours will find it convenient to visit the
Union Savings Bank, 1222 F St. N. W.
which is open EVERY SATURDAY NIGHT between the hours of 6 and 8.
(Four per cent. interest on savings account.)

American Security And Trust Co., 1405 G St.
Capital (paid in)—.....$1,250,000
Surplus.....$250,000
This company has money to loan on real estate and collateral security at regular rates.
American Security & Trust Co., 1405 G st.

New York Stock Exchange Quotations.

Furnished by Silsby & Co., bankers and brokers, Metropolitan Bank, Fifteenth street, opposite Treasury, Washington, D. C.

	Op	High	Low	Closing.
American Tobacco	110¼	110¼	110¼	110¼
Atchison, Top., 2d impd.	14¾	14¾	14¼	14¼
B. & O.	69¼	69¼	68¾	68¾
C. C. C.	47	47¼	47	47¼
Canada Southern	54¾	54¾	54¼	54¼
Chesapeake & Ohio	21¾	21¾	21¼	21¼
C., B. & Quincy	89¾	89¾	89¾	89¾
Chicago Gas	56¼	56¾	55¾	54¾
Dela., Lack. & West.	162¾	162¾	161¾	161¾
Delaware & Hudson	130	131	130	130¼
Distillers & Cattle Feed.	21½	21¾	21¼	21¼
Erie	10	10	10	10
General Electric Co	35¾	36	35¼	35¼
Jersey Central	102¾	103¼	102	103¼
Louisville & Nashville	59¾	59¾	59¼	59¼
Lake Shore	151	151¼	148¾	150¾
Lake Erie & Western	27½	27½	27¼	27¼
Manhattan	114¾	114¾	114¼	114¼
Missouri Pacific	33¾	34	33½	33¾
New England	54¾	55¼	54¾	55
Northwestern	100	100¼	99¾	100
N. Pac. p'f'd.	18½	18½	18¼	18¼
National Lead	35	35¼	34¾	34¾
New York Central	101¾	101¾	101¼	101¼
Omaha	43¾	43¾	43¼	43¼
Ontario & Western	17¾	17¾	17¼	17¼
Pacific Mail	28½	28½	28¼	28½
Pullman P. C. Co.	176¼	176¾	176¼	176¾
Reading	17½	17½	17¼	17¼
Rock Island	76½	76¾	75¾	76¼
Southern Railway	14	14	13¾	14
Southern Railway, p'f'd.	42¾	42¾	42¼	42¼
St. Paul	69½	69¾	69¼	69¾
Sugar Trust	113¾	113¾	112¾	112¾
Tennessee Coal & Iron	36¼	36¾	35¾	36
Texas Pacific	13¼	13¼	13¼	13¼
U. S. Cordage	1¼	1½	1	1
Western Union	91½	91½	91¼	91¼
Wabash preferred	20½	21½	20¾	20¾
Whee. & L. E.	17¼	17¾	16¾	17¼
Whee. & L. E. p'f'd.	53¼	53½	53¼	53¼
U. Q.	89	89	86¾	87

Chicago Board of Trade.

	Op'n.	High.	Low.	Close.
WHEAT:				
September	73½	73½	70½	70½
December	74¾	74¾	72½	72¾
CORN:				
September	44¾	44¾	43½	43¾
December	35½	35½	35¼	35¾
OATS:				
September	22¾	23	22½	22¾
December	.....	.....	.....	.....
PORK:				
September	10.00	10.00	10.70	10.75
January	10.72	10.75	10.65	10.70
LARD:				
September	6.35	6.35	6.30	6.32
December	.....	.....	.....	.....
SHORT RIBS:				
September	6.20	6.20	6.12	6.18
December	.....	.....	.....	.....

New York Cotton.

Month.	Op'ng.	High.	Low.	Close.
August	6.73	6.74	6.73	6.74
September	6.76	6.81	6.76	6.81