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TAKE THE TIMES WITH YOU.

Summer Outings Will Not Be Enjoyed Unless It Goes Along.

The summer tide of pleasure and health-seekers has set in toward mountains, springs and seashore.

No plans for the season's outing will be complete unless The Times is included among the necessaries.

Men and women may go from town to leave care behind, but those who would keep their finger on the public pulse, or be abreast of the world's happenings, or, indeed, who need a golden link between themselves and the whirligig of time—these must have The Times sent daily to their sylvan or seaside retreat.

QUAY FOR PRESIDENT.

Senator Quay wants to be President. He is desirous of rounding up his eventful career by occupying an earthly throne, and in that respect he is like many others who are ambitious. While enjoying celestial bliss in realms above they would probably demand double rations of psalm tunes, and it is doubtful if they would not also try to form a combination to obtain possession of the divine throne.

Senator Quay's reputation in public life is as brilliant as that of a diamond-back rattlesnake. He has gobbled everything in sight in Pennsylvania except the abandoned stone quarries, and has justly earned the reputation of being the heaviest of the boss political machine organizers. In the Senate he has read a longer speech than any other Senator, and in doing so he has also hypnotized the largest number of pages. He was one of the bosses who led the Sugar Trust forces during the last session, and by the grace of Quay and the assistance of a sufficient number of Senatorial votes the trusts can always control the Senate.

As things go these days, such a reputation should either make Senator Quay President or place him on the Supreme bench. It must be admitted, however, that he is better fitted for President than to don the ermine. As a judge Senator Quay would be out of politics, which would be a little like transferring Satan from the infernal regions to some desert island. His back is better adapted to bearing the odium, scandal and opprobrium of dirty politics than it is to wear the mantle of a judge, and perhaps it is well that such is the case, for if Senator Quay wanted a judgeship he would get it.

FREE LEGAL ADVICE.

The American Bar Association, now in session at Detroit, Mich., seems determined to go on record as legal adviser to the general public and also as the dispenser of a large amount of gratuitous advice. Day before yesterday Judge Taft, of the United States circuit court, excoriated Debs, ridiculed the governors of several States for having the temerity to condemn the Federal courts, and in doing so rendered an opinion as to the legal status of organized labor, which would have cost a thousand dollars had it been given to a corporation within the walls of a law office. Yesterday the association, in the capacity of public legal adviser, took up the Indian question and gave a little free advice to the Department of the Interior.

Were it possible for the Bar Association to discuss public questions without prejudice the result would be beneficial. But most of its members are counsel for corporations, and their opinions are more or less biased in behalf of their clients. The only largely profitable law practice nowadays is in the employ of corporations, and nearly all the best legal minds of the country are engaged in that practice. For that reason it is plain that discussion in the Bar Association on subjects in which corporations are interested must necessarily be from a corporation standpoint.

In his address, Judge Taft claimed that if the decisions of the Federal courts were hostile to the masses it was the fault of the law and not of the judges. To an extent this is true. Congress is largely made up of corporation lawyers, many of whom are paid annual retainers, to secure their votes and influence. Most of the courts are also filled with judges who have been corporation lawyers, who invariably go back to that practice at the expiration of their term of office, and with both lawmakers and the bench engaged in whistling corporation tunes, it must be expected that the public when in trouble will dance to corporation music.

REGULAR MONTHLY NOTICE.

But for the fact that possible serious casualties are involved in the delay, the periodical squabble of the Commissioners with those street railway companies that disregard the feeder regulation would be as amusing as any farce ever put upon the stage. If there were a local Gilbert in Washington he could furnish any of our composers with a magnificently funny libretto for a comic opera.

Everybody knows that the Washington and Georgetown and the Columbia companies have deliberately ignored the law and the Commissioners' order made by virtue of it. They make no secret of running a number of their cars without fenders. Notice has been served upon them several times, and they have been threatened with the penalties in such cases made and provided for non-compliance within a specified term.

The regular monthly notice is about to be issued to these companies. The Commissioners have signified their intention of issuing this notice on the first day of September. This notice, of course, will run thirty days, a sufficient period for the companies to invent new excuses for delay. Propositions and counter propositions will be made, the companies treated with the utmost consideration, and the cars run without fenders, or those prescribed by the Commissioners, for another month, when the whole performance may be repeated.

A farce is a good thing, but it can be pushed along too often. Frequent repetitions at short intervals make it disgusting. It would be a pleasing variation if the Commissioners were to cease sending out notices, and, instead, compel the railway magnates to comply with the law.

LYNCHINGS AND THEIR CAUSES.

Every lynching is a crime and, at the same time, an accusation against society in general and against the community in which it occurs in particular. It is a crime because it overthrows order, defies the law and ignores its regular processes; an accusation, in that it declares by deed, if not by word, that the course of justice is too dilatory and too uncertain.

There are communities composed of people who have but a slight regard for the law, and in these the death penalty is inflicted according to the temper of the people or the popularity or unpopularity of the offender. These, however, are in the minority. In the majority of instances the lynching is the result of a popular apprehension that the law will fail to mete out the proper punishment. It is the "law's delay," the tedious course of justice that leads to mob violence of this sort.

If punishment followed crime with certainty and swiftness; if, instead of years intervening between the commission of crime and the punishment of the criminal there were only months; if the imposing of the sentence were not liable to be overthrown and the action of court and jury nullified, people would be less impatient and lynchings less frequent.

Lynchings are unknown in England, in Germany, in France, in almost any of the European countries. Why? The people there are not more intelligent than are the people of the United States, they are not more civilized; in many respects ours are their superiors. But they have the utmost confidence in the sure and swift justice of the law; they feel certain that, though justice may miscarry sometimes, the chances are against it; in brief, they respect the law. This is because the law respects itself, as it were, and because the administration of justice is carried on with a view to the best interests of the community and not for the benefit of the criminal, as is too often apparently the case here.

LET US HAVE FREE CUBA.

The announcement that the administration is in favor of Cuban independence and the report that Gen. Campos believes that nothing but the granting of Cuban autonomy will retain the island as a Spanish province, indicates the success of the Cuban insurrection. Cuba has long been misgoverned, mistreated and made a lamentable example of Spanish misrule. Her industries and trade have been heavily taxed to indemnify Spain for losses incurred during the last insurrection, and the burdens imposed by Spanish tyranny have been so exasperating that nearly every one will welcome the independence of the island.

Cuban liberty means much to this country. Large amounts of American capital are already invested in her lands and industries, and naturally she would look to us for resources to enable her to recover from past disasters. Her progress and prosperity would to a great extent be due to American capital and enterprise, and her growth and development as a free and independent government would be largely dominated by American influence.

The sooner we have free Cuba the better it will be for all concerned. Her recognition by this country as a belligerent would hasten the downfall of Spanish domination, and if President Cleveland neglects to do her this justice Congress will make reparation as soon as that body assembles.

WHY NOT DECORATE?

No city in the Union decorates more extensively or turns out in greater crowds to witness demonstrations than Washington does on public days, and next Monday should be an occasion for making a more elaborate display than ever. It is true that Labor Day in the past has not been looked upon as a time for a general demonstration. On the contrary, it is recognized as belonging exclusively to wage-earners, but as they constitute a large class of the city's population it would be no more than right to decorate as extensively in their behalf as we would on any holiday.

By virtue of the great influence wage-earners exert on the country's prosperity, this recognition of Labor Day should be gratefully made. Unless wage-earners thrive, the public at large cannot prosper, and if they have occasion to rejoice everyone should also take part in making their jubilation successful.

Next Monday will be the first of several successive Labor Days when the future looks bright and prosperous. Good times for the entire public are near at hand, and no disastrous labor troubles are imminent or in prospective.

This reason in itself should be sufficient to cause the public to decorate on Labor Day, and as the display would be accepted as a recognition of the progress and thrift of labor it should be as extensive and elaborate as possible.

WHY THIS INCAPACITY?

There are some things as deep as a well, but not half so difficult to look into. The trolley prosecution is one of them, and were it not so serious it would be ridiculous as an attempt to thwart justice. Apparently actuated by a spirit of public virtue the Star, the Commissioners, and the Department of Justice started out to prosecute the trolley trust offenders. Startling denunciatory editorials were published by the Star, calling upon the Commissioners to pull down the poles of the Eckington line and prosecute the law-breaking officers of the company.

Frequent interviews were also printed in which the Commissioners, the prosecuting attorney, and everybody else in authority professed to be sincerely desirous of getting rid of the overhead trolley. Prosecution was vigorously inaugurated and the trolley trust managers were kept busy finding a way to evade the penalty of the law. Finally they were run to earth and nothing was wanting but the order of the Commissioners to remove the trolley poles from New York avenue and the grip of the trolley trust in the District at one and the same time.

Then came President Newbold's interview in the Star and the sudden collapse and squelching of the spasm of public virtue that had prompted the prosecution of the Trolley Trust. With the power in their hands to act and vindicate the law, the Commissioners, by their refusal to remove the trolley poles, became tacit contributors to lawlessness. After lending their efforts to the hue and cry for the punishment of the Trolley Trust, they put aside the opportunity given them by Judge Cole and failed to do their duty.

The Star, the Commissioners, and the Department of Justice were fierce in their prosecution of the Trolley Trust so long as their efforts could avail nothing, but when authority was given them to execute the law by a decision of the court, they became as powerless as sucking babes.

And why? Because the Star owns a large block of stock in the Trolley Trust.

Among the things that are bygones but whose memory still lingers is the attempt of the Board of Trade to reform Alexandria county.

In order to convince the public of the sincerity of its recent conversion the Star should publish an editorial commending the Debs resolutions which are to be endorsed by organized labor on Labor Day.

There is the barest possibility that knickerbockers look more natty on women than on men, but they are not sufficiently numerous among the gentler sex to decide this question definitely.

It would take a good memory to recall the last statement the Hon. Thomas Brackett Reed made on Presidential possibilities.

Don't get fooled into looking at the top end of the National League record for the standing of the Senators.

The time of filing sugar bounty claims has been extended to October first. Their payment has been postponed until the millennium.

Unfortunately this vicinity has been spared the felicity of an earthly heaven filled with doveous and cooing patriarchs. The Potomac was too unhealthy for the location of a Pellamy colony.

Notwithstanding Senator's Quay's wonderful success, he will never be able to curtail the effect on the public of that long speech he read in the Senate.

It is expected that Secretary Carlisle will be intrusted with ante-mortem congratulations to the Democratic party in Kentucky.

Yachting chronicles will probably never state whether it was the yellow dog or a lack of wind that enabled the Defender to race to a finish yesterday.

REHEARSAL OF "HELENA."

Robert Downing's New Play Put on for the Press Last Night.

A press rehearsal of "Helena," Sardou's tragedy, which Robert Downing will produce for the first time in English next Monday night, was given at the Grand Opera House last evening. It has been furnished a stage mounting that the author himself could hardly criticize.

The action is placed in the troublesome times of the Guelph-Ibibiene struggles during the epoch of the Free Italian Cities. The cathedral exterior and interior used in the first and third acts has been reproduced from photographs. Both of these settings are works of art, as were the others.

Mr. Downing has a strong study in the character of Orso, and it will stand easily next to the Gladiator in his repertoire. Miss Blair also finds and makes good use of her opportunities in the title role.

The action of the piece is swift and sustained, and the climax one which Sardou alone knows how to construct. The motive turns on the hatred of a wronged woman and its sudden metamorphosis into love. Such a psychological process is possible only to a Sardou heroine.

The moral of the plot is conspicuous by its absence, but then one does not look to find a moral in a Sardou production.

"Helena" should be a success from its brilliancy of construction and the able interpretation given it by Mr. Downing and his competent company. It is to be hoped, for the sake of a man who is much thought of in Washington, that too much of the French freedom of expression and suggestion has not been retained in the translation.

Not the least of the pleasurable rehearsals last night was the special music for the production composed by A. Trejina and performed under the direction of the composer.

KILLED HIS BROTHER-IN-LAW.

Fatal Result of a Family Feud Near Hannibal, Mo.

Hannibal, Mo., Aug. 29.—Edward Tilbe shot and killed Henry Scott, his brother-in-law, near Tilbe's home, two miles east of Hannibal, this morning. Tilbe was returning from a neighbor's when Scott emerged from ambush and fired at him.

In return Tilbe fired two shots, one taking effect in Scott's head and one in his breast, killing him instantly. Tilbe surrendered to the authorities.

COXEY'S ESTIMATE.

Says Campbell Is Not in the Ohio Fight This Year.

Zanesville, O., Aug. 29.—J. S. Coxey, Populist candidate for governor, passed through here to-day on his way to Fairview, to address the Pennyroyal reunion. Two car seats were filled with his published addresses.

He said that the contest had narrowed down to himself and Gen. Bushnell. Campbell was not in it. He thinks he will win.

Thrown from His Buggy.

While Mr. Joseph Daly, the plumber, was driving in his buggy down North Capitol street about 10 o'clock last night his horse became frightened and caused the vehicle to run against the curbstone, throwing Mr. Daly out and injuring him badly about the left leg. He was removed to his home, No. 321 Eighth street northeast, in the Sixth precinct patrol wagon.

Suspected of Larceny.

Detective Sam Brown, of the Ninth precinct, yesterday afternoon arrested William Stanton, a colored laborer, twenty-four years of age, and locked him up charged with complicity in the stealing of John Ockershausen's horse and wagon from Center Market several weeks ago.

Fell and Sprained Her Elbow.

Mrs. Alice Newmyer, of No. 1618 Fifth street northwest, slipped on a banana peel last night about 9 o'clock and falling sprained her elbow. She was treated by the surgeons of the Emergency Hospital.

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LIKES BUFFALO TOO WELL

Ex-Postmaster Bissell Refuses a Justiceship.

WAS OFFERED BY CLEVELAND

President Wanted Him to Be Justice Jackson's Successor in the Supreme Court, but the New Yorker Does Not Like Washington Life—Has Gone to Gray Gables.

Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 29.—It was learned late this afternoon on authority which is considered absolutely reliable, that ex-Postmaster General Wilson S. Bissell, has been offered the place on the United States Supreme Court bench made vacant by the death of Justice Jackson.

The information came from a close friend of Mr. Bissell in this city, and it is stated that the ex-Postmaster General himself revealed the secret before he left Buffalo early this week.

Mr. Bissell, so it was stated, received a communication direct from Mr. Cleveland making an unconditional proffer of the appointment. The communication further asked Mr. Bissell to come to see him concerning the matter.

Mr. Bissell, it is also stated, declared he would not take the appointment. In giving his reasons for declining the honor he is stated to have said:

"I have tried Washington life under favorable circumstances, and I prefer Buffalo. I do not care to return to Washington, and the offer of the judgeship will not tempt me to do it. I will go to see Mr. Cleveland, but I will not accept the office. I do not want it. I would rather stay in Buffalo."

Inquiry at the office of Bissell, Sicard, Bissell & Carey revealed the fact that Mr. Bissell had gone to Marion, on Buzzard's Bay, six miles from Gray Gables, Mr. Cleveland's summer home.

BOUGHT STOLEN PROPERTY.

Charges Brought Against Respectable Business Men by a Colored Woman.

Mary Almarolia, a portly colored woman, who was formerly proprietress of "the den," a free and easy resort, dining-room, and dance hall, at No. 116 Maryland avenue southwest, swore out search warrants in the police court yesterday for premises Nos. 120, 124, and 335 Maryland avenue, occupied by O. Statter, William McLaughlin, and Vincent Gagrarde.

She alleges that some of her property was stolen in 1893 by Charles Grayson, a colored driver employed by her, and sold by him to the above persons. At the time of the alleged larceny Mary was serving a six months' sentence in jail for keeping the above resort in violation of law.

One day during her imprisonment all her effects were set out on the sidewalk during a snow-storm by a constable armed with a proper writ. Charles Grayson and a colored girl, named Janey, who had been left in charge of the premises by the woman, claimed that they were in a half-starved and perishing condition, being without money, food or fuel. Grayson produced an order purporting to have been written by Mary Almarolia in her cell, authorizing him to sell some of the household effects to obtain food for himself, Janey and the horses.

On the strength of this order Mr. Statter and the others bought several articles of comparatively small value, getting a receipt from Grayson for the money, which he now has. The warrants were served yesterday afternoon by Detective Proctor, Sergt. Daley and Policemen Baur and Smith. They found several articles of furniture, table cloths, towels, etc. which Mary Almarolia said Grayson had purloined from her effects while she was incarcerated.

Charles Grayson was locked up at No. 4 charged with grand larceny. The persons arrested are all respectable and furnished real estate bonds for their appearance in the police court to-day.

Mr. Statter said last night that he only bought the articles out of charity and to keep Grayson and the girl from starving, as the articles were of no service to him. He says the charges brought by the colored woman were inspired by malice on her part, which she is seeking to vent two years after the alleged larceny.

STREET DUEL IN ATLANTA.

Two Brothers-in-Law Try to Kill Each Other with Pistols.

Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 29.—A sensational shooting, in which W. A. Culver, a well-known contractor, and Dr. J. W. Hood were the principals, occurred at 10:30 this morning on Broad street, within a few feet of the spot where Alex Carr shot and killed Capt. King just about one year ago.

Culver fired three shots at Dr. Hood, two of which hit the mark, one striking him under the shoulder and in the other in the right leg just above the knee. The shots were fired while the men were grappling, and Dr. Hood's escape from instant death is considered marvelous. As it is, he is not seriously injured.

The men are brothers-in-law. Culver cursed Mrs. Hood. This morning Hood knocked Culver down. Culver hunted him up later, and opened fire as soon as he could.

Hood grappled with him, and would probably have been killed had not W. H. Alexander, Culver's nephew, hurled the men apart and taken the pistol from Culver. Culver is in jail. He is much larger than Hood.

Will Be Investigated.

London, Aug. 29.—The case of Dr. Anderson, who has complained of illegal treatment at the hands of the judges at Tobago, an island of the British West Indies, has been brought to the notice of several members of the House of Commons by Earl Stamford, president of the civil rights defence commission. Assistance has been promised Dr. Anderson and it has been agreed that his case shall be investigated.

Organization Urged.

Chicago, Aug. 29.—The National Republican League to-day issued a proclamation to all state leagues, league clubs and the Republican party at large. The proclamation says that in view of the probable shortening of the next presidential campaign, it is important that all work of organization shall be started at once and pushed in the most energetic manner.

He Saw the Pope.

Rome, Aug. 29.—Rt. Rev. John Moore, bishop of St. Augustine, Fla., had an audience with the Pope to-day. The pontiff and the prelate had a protracted conversation and the Bishop withdrew with the assurance of another audience with His Holiness in the near future.

"UNFAIR" PEOPLE PROTEST

District Assembly Hears Statements from Several Merchants.

Carpenters' Council Succeeds in Efforts in Behalf of Union Labor—Steam Fitters' Plans for Labor Day.

District Assembly, No. 66, met last evening in Plasterers' Hall and heard protests from trades people who have been placed on the unfair list by local labor organizations.

The first case taken up was that of Mrs. E. A. Haines, who carries on a dry goods business at the corner of Pennsylvania avenue and Eighth street southeast, and who, at the instance of the Painters' Assembly, was placed on the unfair list for employing non-union labor. The matter was referred to a joint committee from the District Assembly and painters.

A similar complaint was made against Mr. S. Solomon, saloon keeper, No. 639 D street southwest. Referred back to Painters' Assembly.

Mr. Nick Auth, a butcher, was on hand to confer with the labor leaders with a view of not being placed on the unfair list. Accompanying Mr. Auth was a man who claimed to be a journeyman butcher. It is said he had been drinking and was inclined to do all the talking.

Among other things he said he knew all the secrets of the District Assembly, for he had often attended its meetings in disguise. This was too much for Master Workman Simmons, who told him such a man was beneath his notice and ordered him out of the hall.

Mr. Auth seeing the position he was placed in apologized for his friend's conduct and continued his talk with Mr. Simmons. No decision has been yet reached in the matter.

The delegates present from the various organizations reported everything in readiness for Labor Day.

The discussion about the Marine Band is reported elsewhere in The Times.

A largely attended meeting of the Carpenters' Council was held last evening at hall, No. 627 Massachusetts avenue, President R. R. Rhodes in the chair.

Credentials of Morgan Swingle, delegate from Carpenters' Assembly, 1748, K. of L., were presented and the representative seated. Mr. Swingle succeeds Mr. Fred. L. Harris, resigned.

A letter from Mr. A. Hermann, clothier, corner of Seventh and H streets, requesting an interview, with the object of having his name stricken from the unfair list, was read. Secretary Montgomery called on Mr. Hermann, but was unable to effect an agreement, and so reported to the council. His report was indorsed, and the council declined to strike Mr. Hermann's name from the unfair list.

The committee on music reported that there being no reason to the contrary, the Laurel Brass Band had been employed to lead the council in parade on Labor Day.

In reply to a communication from the council, a letter was received from Mr. R. B. Grover, of Brockton, Mass., stating that Mr. R. B. Ferguson, who is in charge of the construction of his building on Pennsylvania avenue, had always employed union labor. Secretary Montgomery will write Mr. Grover to use his influence to have Washington mechanics employed on the work.

The organization committee called on Mr. H. Klenke, baker, corner Twenty-first and K streets northwest, who is having four or five buildings erected. Mr. Klenke stated to the committee that none but union men would be given employment on the work.

The Council returned a vote of thanks to Mr. E. H. Morsell, of No. 1105 Seventh street northwest, for a donation of four large, handsome United States flags, presented to the Council to be used in the Labor Day parade. Mr. Morsell has always been considerate of the local labor organizations, and has often befriended them, and the Council recommends his house to union men.

Mr. Frank Flynn was chosen marshal for the Labor Day parade.

The regular meeting of the Steam Fitters' Association, held last evening, at No. 1314 E street northwest, was largely attended.

Quite a large number of applications for membership were received and there is reason to believe that the number will be further increased at the next meeting as after the 12th of September the initiation fee will be increased.

A letter was received from McShane & Co., steam fitters, tendering the use of a four-horse wagon to the organization on Labor Day for a display of the goods of the trade.

A committee was appointed to wait on Messrs. Campbell and Zells, superintendents in charge of the steam heating at Albaugh's new Opera House, to request that the work be done by local union men.

The members of the association were ordered to assemble at 7:30 a. m. at headquarters on Labor Day.

Previous to the meeting of the association a largely attended meeting of the Steam Fitters' Helpers was held.

This is quite a new organization but is rapidly increasing its membership. They perfected arrangements to parade with their godfathers, the Steam Fitters, on Labor Day.

The Granite-cutters will hold a special meeting at their hall on Saturday evening to distribute the uniforms to be worn in the parade on Labor Day.

National Union Secretary J. Duncan, of the Granite-cutters' organization, is expected to be in Washington on Labor Day, and will be in line. It is desirable that there should be a good turnout of the membership. Patrick O'Dea has been chosen as the marshal of the union, and requests the aid of all to make the affair a success.

At the regular meeting of the Galvanized Iron and Cornice Workers, held last evening at Bielick's Hall, No. 737 Seventh street northwest, final arrangements for Labor Day were perfected.

The contract for hats was awarded to Keenan Brothers, corner F and Seventh streets northwest.

The action of the Street Railway Protective Union in placing the Eckington, Soldiers' Home and Belt Line railways on the unfair list was unanimously indorsed. Also the action of the Tailors' Assembly in placing Morton C. Stout on the unfair list.

The members of the Street Railway Protective Union are jubilant over their success in securing a street car to be used in the Labor Day parade.

At the meeting held last evening at Bauch's Hall, the committee on Labor Day reported as above stated and the report was received with applause. The car will be handsomely decorated with bunting and will be drawn by six fine horses.

The action of the tailors in placing the firm of Morton C. Stout & Co., clothiers, on the unfair list was unanimously indorsed.

On the recommendation of the sick committee funds were appropriated for the support of five sick members.

After stock-taking — you'll remember—we told you we'd cut the very life out of most all the prices on warm weather goods. That'll hold as long as the stock lasts—no matter how hot it gets. We made the reduction honestly—and just because your need is revived we're not going to take advantage of it.

If you want a "cooler" you'll find you can buy it here for little or nothing.

Saks and Company
Penn. Ave. and 7th street. } "Saks' Corner."

EXCURSIONS.

The Proprietor's
SPECIAL TRIP
—FOR—
PINEY POINT HOTEL
At Reduced Rates,

On Steamer ARROWSMITH on SATURDAY, the 31st instant, leaving her wharf at 6 o'clock p. m., arriving in Washington by 10 o'clock Sunday night. Fare for the round trip tickets on boat and meals and room at the hotel, only $2.50.

No tickets sold at the wharf. Can only be had at the store of Wash. B. Williams, Seventh and D streets northwest.

THOS. W. WILLIAMS,
Proprietor.

THEY WANT TO VOTE.

Southeast Republicans' Meeting—Robert Keys Pitches Into Col. Carson.

The Republicans of Southeast Washington held a meeting last night at Brooker's Park, Fourteenth and D streets southeast, to discuss the suffrage question and incidentally to talk about delegates to the national convention. Mr. W. H. Brooker called the meeting to order, but asked Mr. W. W. Smith to conduct the proceedings.

Among those who attended were T. L. Jones, Robt. H. Keys, J. S. E. Jones, Prof. Bruce Evans, Louis Willis and Simon Brooks.

All of the speakers, except Robert Keys, steered clear of personal politics. He was introduced as a candidate for delegate to the convention. He pitched into Col. Perry Carson for interfering and breaking up several meetings lately and denying the right of free speech to several eloquent men who wished to address the meetings. He told the crowd that Carson was now very anxious for the right of suffrage for the District, but he had been a delegate to the convention for twelve years and had not made a fight for it there nor before Congress.

Keys believed in a change. Things could be no worse so far as suffrage was concerned if new men were elected, and he would be willing to throw his strength to anyone to beat Carson.

Mr. Simon Brooks made a short speech in which he favored Aaron Bradshaw as one of the delegates. Mr. Thomas Jones made an excellent speech on the general subject of suffrage, taxation and representation. He was diplomatic enough to offend no candidate or local opinions.

Prof. Bruce Evans also spoke on the subject from the abstract standpoint and the value of teaching the rights and duties of suffrage to the young.

WANTED TO DIE.

Despondent Japanese Art Student Tries to Commit Hari-Kari.

Philadelphia, Aug. 29.—Homesick and despondent, J. Kanako, a young Japanese art student, to-day attempted to end his life after the method peculiar to his country, by committing hari-kari, or trying to disembowel himself with a short and keen-edged knife.

He was discovered by K. Monewando, his preceptor, who took the weapon from him and sent him to a hospital. Kanako, who is twenty-two years old, will recover.

TWO TOBACCO TRAINS.

North Carolina Sends Sixty Carloads to Richmond.

(Special to The Times.)

Richmond, Va., Aug. 29.—As evidence that the war is on between the anti-tobacco trust and the American Tobacco Company the largest shipment of tobacco ever received in this city reached here to-day billed to the agents of the National Tobacco Company, which has been fighting the trust for years.

The shipment consisted of two trains with sixty cars heavily laden. It came from North Carolina markets.

William Assaulted Sarah.

As a result of a back fence quarrel, William Hill, of No. 325 G street southwest, was locked up at No. 4 station last night by Policeman Knupfer, charged with assaulting his next door neighbor, Sarah J. Cross.

Had a Sunstroke.

Lexington, Va., Aug. 29.—Prof. A. L. Nelson, of the chair of mathematics at the Washington and Lee University, was sunstruck here this afternoon. His condition is serious.

Seized the Whole Train.

Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 29.—Sheriff Lamy seized a train load of sugar on the way to the seaboard to-day. It was consigned by the Chicago Sugar Company, and was seized on an attachment secured by the American Exchange Bank of this city, to satisfy a claim of $800 against the Chicago company.

Durrant Jury Secured.

San Francisco, Aug. 29.—The Durrant jury has been completed, the twelfth juror being S. E. Dutton, a wholesale stationer.

LOUDOUN LIVESTOCK EXHIBIT.

Leesburg, Va., August 27, 28, and 29, 1895.

For the above occasion from August 26th to 29th inclusive, limited for return until August 30 inclusive, the Southern Railway will sell tickets from Washington to Leesburg and return at $1.65, which includes one admission to the Fair Grounds, and in addition to regular trains August 28th and 29th special train will be operated leaving Washington 7:15 a. m., arriving Leesburg 9:30 a. m., returning leaving Leesburg at 6:10 p. m. and arrive at Washington 8:10 p. m.

AMUSEMENTS.

BASEBALL.
Washington
VS.
St. Louis.
Two Games To-day.
First Game will be called at 3 o'clock.
Admission, - - 25 and 50c.

KERNAN'S LYCEUM THEATER
ALL THIS WEEK.
Geo. W. Turner's Vaudeville Company
....and....
MIKE LEONARD,
The "BEAU BRUMMEL" of the prize ring.
Next Week—MIACO'S CITY CLUB CO.

ACADEMY.
Prices 25c to $1.
TO-NIGHT.
Mats. Wed. and Sat.
Next Week—THE DERBY MASCOT.
Seats now on sale.
Cleveland's Greater Massive Minstrels.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
EDWARD H. ALLEN, Manager.
OPENING REGULAR SEASON.
Monday, Sept. 2.
ROBERT DOWNING
In first production in English of Sardou's Great Play,
"HELENA."
Sale of seats now under way.

VIRGINIA
Jockey Club,
ST. ASAPH, VA.
Racing Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays until further notice.
General Admission, 50 Cents.
SIX RACES each day. First race 2:30 p. m. Special trains direct to grand stand from Sixth street station at 1:30 and 2:10 p. m.; other trains 11:10 and 12:50.
E. E. DOWNMAN, President.
STEVE STILLWELL, Secretary.
my12-tf

EXCURSIONS.

AN EXCURSION.
To Winchester, Va., will be given on Saturday, August 31, by the members of the Star of the West Tabernacle, No. 18, of the General Grand Accepted Order of Brothers and Sisters of Love and Charity. The train will leave the B. & O. depot at 12:30 p. m. Fare round trip, $1.75; children, 90 cents. au30-1t

N★W
DELIGHTFUL TRIPS
For
TOURISTS AND
PLEASURE SEEKERS.

Take the run down the Potomac to Fortress Monroe and Norfolk—by night or day. Three elegant speedy steamers make the trip—the "Norfolk" and "Washington" at night and the new "Newport News" by day. A most enjoyable outing whenever taken. At night down the entire Potomac to Chesapeake Bay, with a view of Atlantic Ocean, Hampton Roads, Newport News, Old Point Comfort, and Norfolk, where connections are made with ALL steamboats and railroads for the North, South, and West.

SCHEDULE FOR NIGHT STEAMERS.
EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR.
Lv. Wash'ton 7:00 pm Lv. Portsmo'h 5:50 pm
Lv. Alex'd'a 7:30 pm Lv. Norfolk . 6:10 pm
Ar. Ft. Mon'e 6:30 am Lv. Ft. Monroe 7:20 pm
Ar. Norfolk . 7:30 am Ar. Alex'dria 6:00 am
Ar. Portsm'h 8:00 am Ar. Wash'ton 6:30 am
Round Trip Tickets $5.00. (8 meals.)

SCHEDULE FOR DAY STEAMER.
The "Newport News" leaves Washington Sundays, Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays at 8 a. m., arriving at Fortress Monroe 5:45 and Norfolk 6:30 same evening. Returning, leaves Norfolk 7:45 a. m., Fortress Monroe 8:30 a. m., arriving in Washington 6:45 same evening.
The Sunday morning steamer from Washington leaves Norfolk same night at 7:00 and Fortress Monroe 7:45 p. m., arriving in Washington next morning at 7:00 o'clock. Passengers are privileged to leave same day by night steamer if desired. An ideal Sunday trip.
Round Trip Tickets, $3.50.
Tickets on sale at 513, 619, 1421 Pa. ave., B. & O. Ticket Office, cor. 15th st. and N. Y. ave., and on board steamers, where time table, map, etc., can also be had. For further information telephone manager.
Norfolk & Washington Steamboat Company.
JNO. CALLAHAN, GEN. MGR.
'PHONE 750. WHARF FOOT 7TH ST.

Colonial Beach,
Steamer
CITY OF RICHMOND,
Daily, except Mondays, 9 a. m.
Saturday, 6 p. m.
Round Trip Fare, 50c.
SEA FOOD DINNER on arrival of boat, at Colonial Beach Hotel, 35 cents.
Special party, family, and weekly rates.
W. A. WOODS, Proprietor.
Secure staterooms at boat or at 14th New York avenue and Tenleytown only at Marmaduke's, 492 Pa. Ave.; May, 411 Pa. Ave.; and at Frank's ticket office, 401 Pa. Ave.; Davis, 631 Pa. ave. Central National Bank Building.
RUSSELL COLEGROVE, General Manager.

"August Days at Overlook Inn."
The drive is perfectly delightful, the scenery is superb, the hotel is unexcelled.
Music
Every Evening.
Coaches connect hourly, 8 to 6 p. m.—11 to 1 p. m.—half hourly, 6 to 10 p. m. with the cable cars at 9th and Pa. ave. n. w. and F st. car lines at 8th and E. Capitol. Round trip, 25c. Coach leaves the Arlington 6:30 p. m., stopping at Shoreham and Chamberlin's—round trip, 35c.

MARSHALL HALL.
Steamer Macalester leaves daily (Sunday excepted) at 10 a. m., 2:30 p. m.
Steamer River Queen leaves daily O street wharf (Sunday excepted) at 9:30 a. m., and from Macalester's wharf at 5:30 p. m.
Indian Head trips every Thursday, Friday and Saturday evenings at 6:30 p. m.
Fare, Round Trip, 25c.

EXCURSION
—TO—
Richmond, Va.,
CAPITAL LODGE, No. 24,
Knights of Pythias,
SATURDAY, August 31.
Leaving B. & P. station (B. & O. route) at 11:40 p. m., returning leaves Richmond Monday, September 2, at 5 p. m.
Tickets (round trip).....$2.50

TIME NOW TO BUY YOUR WINTER COAL. Prices never so low for 20 years. Don't forget that SHAMOKIN is the best all-round coal in the market. $5.25 per ton.
A. R. SMITH, Mass. ave. and F st. ne.