THE WEATHER TO-DAY.

Probably Rain.
Warm.
Southeasterly Winds.

The MORNING Times

238,106 was the TIMES' circulation for last week.

The STAR'S circulation for last week was . . . 187,528

VOL. 2. NO. 643. WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 20, 1895.--EIGHT PAGES. ONE CENT.

SIXTEEN PAGES OF NEWS EVERY 12 HOURS, 50 CTS. A MONTH

GIVEN THE ZUCCHETTO

Mgr. Satolli Receives the First of His New Honors.

CONFERRED BY SACRAPANTI

Noble Guard Reached Washington Yesterday and the Ceremony Took Place Last Evening—Many Distinguished Guests Present—Eloquent Speech Made by the Cardinal-Elect.

Marquis Sacrapanti, the noble guard of Pope Leo XIII, equipped with the zucchetto and berretta to be conferred on Mgr. Satolli, arrived in this city at 4:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon, accompanied by Dr. Rooker, Mgr. Satolli's secretary, and was immediately driven to the legation building.

Maj. John D. Keiley, city treasurer of Brooklyn, N. Y., and Mr. McGuire, surveyor of the port of New York, came over to this city as the guests of the noble guard.

Mgr. Satolli was advised by telegram this morning that the zucchetto would be conferred this evening, and he sent out invitations at once to his friends to be present at the legation at 6 o'clock.

Those who responded were M. Patenotre, ambassador of France; Minister Senor Dupuy de Lome, minister of Spain; Mr. Pioda, minister of Switzerland; Dr. Rooker, Mgr. Sbarretti, Mgr. Keane, rector of the Catholic University; Mgr. McMahon, who founded the McMahon hall of philosophy at the Catholic University; Mgr. Stephen, Father Gillespie, Father Magnien, rector of St. Mary's Seminary, Baltimore; Father Orban, of the Catholic University; Major Keiley, Mr. McGuire and Mr. Nagle.

RECEIVED THE NOBLE GUARD.

At 6 o'clock Mgr. Satolli received the Noble Guard in the reception room of the legation. Marquise Sacrapanti, in full dress uniform of a noble guard, had with him the little red zucchetto to be conferred on Monsignor Satolli.

He presented Mgr. Satolli with the consistorial letter, and in doing so made a brief address. He explained his mission and said that at the consistory on the 29th of November last the holy father had made Archbishop Satolli a cardinal and had honored him by giving him the mission to bring the insigia and document to America. Mgr. Sbarretti then opened the consistorial letter and read it. It was a brief and official announcement that the pope had created Mgr. Satolli a cardinal.

The latter then made a speech in Italian, directing it to the noble guard. He said:

SATOLLI'S SPEECH OF THANKS.

"In thanking you, Marquise Sacrapanti, for the office which you have performed in conveying to me the official announcement of my creation as cardinal of the Roman Catholic Church, I can best express my feelings by explaining that three fold sense of gratitude and surprise with which I receive the first official announcement of the intention of the holy father to bestow on me this dignity.

"I cannot fail to have a sense of the unmerited goodness of the pope in selecting one so unworthy as myself for a dignity so exalted as the cardinalate. In the second place, I was overpaine by the appreciation of the importance and greatness of the Sacred College of Cardinals itself as manifested to the world during the ten centuries of its existence.

"Most of all, I was overcome by this new manifestation of the personal regard and fatherly love of the holy father toward me; for it is to him, after God, that I owe all that I am. Indeed, I may truly say that he has in a way bestowed upon me and preserved to me my very life itself. From my earliest years I have been the object of his special paternal care and solicitude.

OWES ALL TO LEO.

"As a child I received from him the first mark, the first sign of ecclesiastical life in the tonsure. All my ecclesiastical orders through the priesthood and the episcopacy have come from Leo XIII, and it is to him that I now owe this new and most exalted dignity.

"You, Marquis Sacrapanti, have made a long voyage to bring to me this official announcement. You have come from the old world to the new, and it gives me sincerest pleasure to welcome you here. You will find, as I have found, that the American people are second to none in their generous hospitality. You will be received with the same kindness as I met with when I came here a stranger.

"You will find much to admire and to wonder at in this great country. Much, that to you, coming from the old world, will be new and marvelous. I am certain, however, that you will admire nothing more than the wonderful spirit of union and brotherly love which prevails in this great republic.

"You will see a people scattered over an enormous extent of country, with an infinite variety of tastes and desires, and of material interests, but all united in the one great object, of the maintenance of their constitutional unity and liberty."

ALLUDED TO THE WAR CLOUD.

Continuing, he made rather a pointed reference to the Venezuelan matter:

"You have arrived at a particularly interesting moment in this regard. At a moment when a spark has been sent throughout the length and breadth of the country, which calls the attention of all its citizens to the danger which is thought to menace it, and whatever may have been up to today the divining interests of this great people, a new manifestation of patriotic spirit has responded at once to this impulse, and in reply, but one voice is heard, proclaiming that if real danger does threaten, all are, and will be, united for the common welfare of the nation.

"I welcome you, then, Marquis Sacrapanti, and offer to you my modest hospitality, while it may please you to remain in our midst."

He then took the little red Zucchetto and placed it on his head and walked with the Noble Guard entering the dining hall, the other guests following, where a well appointed banquet was partaken of. The ecclesiastics present wore their sacredotal raiment and Marquis Sacrapanti was habited in a military garment, which consisted of immense golden epaulettes and sword, trousers of dark blue and coat of black cloth.

On January 5 the Berretta will be conferred on Mgr. Satolli by Cardinal Gibbons at Baltimore, which will be the last act of making him a cardinal. He will, however, have to go to Rome in order to receive the "Cardinal's Hat," but at what time he will depart he is not yet aware. As a cardinal cannot be a delegate, the office he has occupied as archbishop, Mgr. Satolli is now a pro-delegate.

Gov. Foster Renominated.

Shreveport, La., Dec. 19.—At the Democratic convention here today Gov. Murphy J. Foster was renominated for governor without opposition.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND

In the Uniform of a Major General.

WILLIAMS FORGED CHECKS.

He Came Back and Was Promptly Arrested.

Charles E. Williams slept in Cherry Prison last night for having passed worthless checks on Robert E. Lee, grocer at No. 723 and 725 Four-and-a-half street southwest, and on Gregor Gerst, hotel keeper, at No. 900 and 902 Four-and-a-half street, on June 6. The arrest was made last night by Detectives Carter and Gallagher at Williams' home in Carroll street southeast.

Directly after making the raise he called on Sadie Sullivan and with her, he skipped town. He deserted his wife and children, a son and a daughter.

On Wednesday he returned to Washington and went to his home where he sought the forgiveness of his wife for his transgression. After tears and kisses the breech was closed, and Williams began to look about for work to enable him to make good the amounts which he had received from Lee and Gerst on his checks. The detectives to whom the the case had been assigned last summer learned of his reappearance in the city and last night they went to the house and the man quietly surrendered.

CHARGED WITH CONSPIRACY

Two Americans Arrested in Honolulu December 9.

Attempted to Secure Lottery License Pledge from Dethroned Queen as the Price of Her Restoration.

San Francisco, Dec. 19.—The steamer Alameda arrived from Sydney, via Apia and Honolulu, at 9 o'clock this morning. She brought the news that on December 9 arrests were made of two men who are now in prison, without bail, charged with conspiracy to overthrow the government. The names given by them are W. T. Sheridan and Dr. Underwood. Sheridan is understood to be the same person as Morrow of Oakland, who not long ago figured in the California papers as organizing a filibustering expedition. These men landed here six weeks ago from a sailing vessel.

It is learned from high authority though not fully verified, that these men have been seeking to secure from ex-Queen Liliuokalani a pledge, if restored, to license a lottery in Honolulu.

The United States Consul sees no grounds for interfering in their behalf. This affair seems unlikely to affect favorably the desired release of Gulick and the other five.

There was no foundation for the report sent from here November 20 by the Chicago Associated Press to the effect that President Dole and others were to proceed to Washington on December 19 in order to work for annexation.

Minister Willis has presented to this government the claim of Ritman for $25,000 damages. Ritman and Whyte were exiled last February for having cast certain iron shells which T. B. Walker had filled with dynamite. The government expects to furnish full evidence of Ritman's complicity in the late insurrection.

The Island of Hawaii was shaken by a number of earthquake shocks on December 8 and 9. It is believed the volcano of Maunaloa is about to become active again. It is nine years since the last eruption, and another is fully due.

MERCHANT MARINE'S NEEDS.

Senator Frye Tells of Them at Commercial Day Banquet.

New York, Dec. 19.—At the banquet of Annual Commerical Day here tonight Senator William P. Frye of Maine, in commenting on the decadence of our merchant marine, said he attributed this fact not to protection, but the lack of it, and to the low wages of laborers in Europe, together with the subsidy system adopted by some of the European countries. He thought bounties and subsidies might restore our merchant marine to what it once was.

Hon. Don M. Dickinson, who responded to "American Commerce," took up the Cuban question.

"Suppose such a magnificent island," he asked, "stood at the mouth of the Thames or the Seine, and the United States, 3,000 miles away, laid claim to it, what would be the logical result? England held the island of Heligoland, near the mouth of the Elbe, for scores of years till Germany, united at last, made her ultimatum.

"Where is the American who will not demand the immediate recognition by his government of the patriots of Cuba as belligerents? Self-protection, nay; self-respect, demands recognition. The common law of humanity and a decent respect for civilization, demand recognition and more, the spirit of freedom, which has led us to the close of the century which we celebrate and swings wide the door through which shines the glory of the new era, bids us proclaim the divine decree that Cuba shall be, and of right ought to be, a free and independent State, bulwarked about by the mighty friendship and protection of the United State sof America."

MAJOR ALVORD INDICTED.

He Is Charged with Appropriating College Property.

Guthrie, Okla., Dec. 19.—The indictment by the Federal grand jury of Maj. Henry E. Alvord and Hon. Amos Ewing has caused a sensation. Maj. Alvord was president of the Territorial Agricultural College.

A year ago he resigned, charging the board of regents with corruption. He now holds a position in the Department of Agriculture in Washington. His indictment is based on the charge that he purchased several hundred dollars' worth of books for his private library with college funds.

Maj. Alvord was seen last night at his residence, 2304 Pennsylvania avenue northwest, by a Times reporter.

The above dispatch was shown him, and after reading it he said:

"It is simply petty persecution, the statements in the dispatch slightly elaborated, for as a matter of fact I have a copy of the indictment at my office and it charges me with having $40 worth of the college's books in my possession.

"In July, '94, I was elected to the presidency of the college, and after occupying the position six months I resigned, at the same time sending a report of the workings of the board of regents. Both houses of the Legislature refused to accept my resignation and even passed a resolution asking me to stay. I refused and came East last January."

FORM A BRASS TRUST.

Manufacturers of Plumbers' Supplies Organize for Mutual Benefit.

Pittsburg, Dec. 19.—The manufacturers of plumbers' goods, of the country, formed a national organization in Pittsburg today. The organization is not called a trust by the persons present, who state that the consolidation of interests is for mutual benefit only. There is a large attendance.

Fulford Loses His Seat.

London, Dec. 19.—Upon petition the election judges have unseated Mr. Henry Charles Fulford, who was elected at the last general election to the seat for the Lichfield division of Staffordshire by the Liberals. The petitioners alleged corrupt practices.

Textile Manufacturers to Meet.

Chicago, Dec. 19.—George S. Bowen, president of the Textile Manufacturers' Association of the South and West, has issued a call for a conference in Chicago Tuesday, January 14, to consider certain difficulties of the present trade situation.

The War Scare.

In case of war the prices of all cloths would naturally go up enormously, but until the chances of war are much more imminent than at the present time the Misfit Clothing Parlors, 407 Seventh street, will continue to sell first-class custom-made clothing at less than half what tailors charge. For instance, they sell a forty-dollar custom-made suit or overcoat for eighteen dollars—a twenty-five dollar one for ten dollars—a twenty dollar one for eight dollars—four and five dollar pants for two dollars and a half. Don't you think it worth while to find out whether we can fit you?

Crocker's.

Dainty party slippers in the most tempting variety at Crocker's, 939 Pennsylvania avenue

Will Congress Cut the Coil?

WON'T CRY OVER DELAY

Republicans Find Traces of Danger in President's Message.

MAY CHANGE HITT'S BILL

If Returned from the Senate with Amendments They May Try to Have the Commission Appointed by Congress—If Appointed by Him Report Might Be Used to Aid Democracy.

There are more members of the House now who believe that one of the chief constituent ingredients of the President's special message on the Venezuelan question is politics than have heretofore been willing to even admit such a possibility in their secret thoughts.

The Republicans now begin to realize that they may fall into the pit which another man has dug. For this reason there are those among the leaders who hope that the Senate will serve as a clog to retard the rapidity with which a precipice is being approached.

MAY CHANGE THE BILL.

If the Senate does not amend the bill now before it, and take from the President the power to appoint the proposed commission, an effort will be made in the House to do so, should the measure be returned to that body with any changes or alterations.

Whatever the extent of an awakening or revulsion of feeling there may be to to the effect that politics might enter into the composition of the message, it inspires the opinion that Congress should appoint the commission instead of permitting the President to do so.

The point is made that if the document under discussion was chiefly intended to subserve a political purpose, and the President was allowed to select and name the membership of the commission, the preparation and completion of its report could easily be delayed until after the two national conventions of next year have been held. Then the report of the commission, if made direct to the Presidents, could be utilized as the text for another special message which would give the Democratic party a prestige and prospect of success, not in the slightest degree apparent at this time.

Thus the Republicans would be deposited in a cavity without having the excuse of greater patriotism to offer, because the Democrats have shown equal zeal in the exhibition of a warlike spirit. As a result there are not so many expressions of regret at the likelihood of prolonged delay in the Senate in passing the bill enacting a commission as there were.

PATRIOTISM NOT COOLING.

This is not interpreted to indicate a growing lukewarmness so far as patriotism is concerned, but the development of a disposition to look beneath the surface. At the same time the supposition does not altogether prevail that Mr. Cleveland desires his own renomination more than the ultimate success of his party, or a secondary wish to name his own successor in the event of failure to secure his own preferment.

The fact is accepted without argument that Mr. Cleveland has sufficient shrewdness to realize that his nomination without a chance of success would be worse than an empty honor. The selection of the candidate and the victory of the party must be co-ordinately considered, and the futherance of their joint interests made the subject of far-seeing study.

The bare possibility of such vast political significance hereafter attaching to the message and the commission, is already proving a nightmare to the Republicans, and the disposition is, if not too late, to throw such safeguards around the appointment of the commission as to prevent it being made to serve political purposes.

FOR CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.

Roadmaster Reeves Arrested Because He Drove Too Fast.

Mr. John E. Reeves, roadmaster of the Metropolitan Electric Railway, was arrested last night by Policeman Stroman, of the Eighth precinct, on the charge of cruelty to animals.

One of the cars of the Ninth street line going north came to a standstill suddenly, at Ninth and U streets northwest, about 9:30 o'clock last night, by the brake chain falling into the trolley slot and becoming jammed.

Efforts were made to extricate the chain but without avail. A long string of cars soon lined the street for several squares down. A telephone message was sent to the power-house, on Four-and-a-half street southwest, and Mr. Reeves drove rapidly to the blockaded scene.

It is claimed that he urged the horse on at a very swift speed, all the way from the power-house, and when the spot was reached, the animal nearly dropped from exhaustion.

After the car was freed, Officer Stroman, who noticed the condition of the horse, placed Mr. Reeves under arrest. He was released on $10 collateral.

Texas Coal Strike Extending.

Denison, Texas, Dec. 19.—The coal miners strike in the Indian Territory extended yesterday to the Savanna mines. The strike has not yet, however, reached the McAlister, the largest mine, and the miners at Hartshorne held a meeting last night and decided to return to work. About one-third of a force is at the mines today. At Coal Gate the strip pits are working as usual.

Killed Herself and Child.

Ann Arbor, Mich., Dec. 19.—Mrs. Charles Grossman, wife of a prominent merchant here, committed suicide last night by jumping into a cistern filled with water. She carried with her a three-year-old daughter, named Annie. She left a note saying her body would be found in the cistern, but gave no reason for ending the life of her child and herself.

Big Mortgage Filed.

Chicago, Dec. 19.—A $2,000,000 mortgage was filed late yesterday by the American Spirits Manufacturing Association, the successor to the Whisky Trust, covering the greater part of its Chicago property. The Manhattan Trust Company is made mortgagee.

MADAME BESSON'S CHILD.

Its Birth Delays the Criminal Case Against the Mother.

London, Dec. 19.—Mme. Fontane Besson, the wife of a manufacturer of musical instruments in London, New York, Paris and St. Petersburg, who, in October last was arrested in Seville, Spain, whither she had fled with a Spaniard, and extradited to England on the charge of having robbed her husband of £140,000 worth of securities, gave birth to a child this morning.

Further hearing of the case has consequently been adjourned for a month. In the meantime Mme. Besson is under £5,000 bail, furnished by herself.

To Build Russian Railways.

Berlin, Dec. 19.—The Russian loan of £4,500,000, which has just been placed here, is for the purpose of constructing the Moscow, Kieff and Voronesh Railway.

ANDRADE USED THE CABLE

Venezuelan Minister Sent Home the President's Message.

Little Country Has an Army of 10,000 and Can Raise More If the Need Arises.

Senor Andrade, the Venezuelan minister, was among Secretary Olney's callers yesterday. While there was no special significance in the visit, being diplomatic reception day at the State Department, the minister seized the opportunity to pay his respects and to thank Secretary Olney for the interest he had officially taken in the boundary dispute.

Senor Andrade had received his weekly

President Crespo, of Venezuela.

official mail just before going to the State Department, and was enabled to announce the formation of the new Venezuelan cabinet, which was formed by President Crespo December 9. Its personnel is as follows:

Foreign relations, Dr. Pedro Ezequiel Rojas; war, Gen. Ramon Guerra; treasury, Gen. Henrique Perez; public works, Dr. Claudio Brazual Serra; interior, Dr. J. Francisco Castillo; fomento, Gen. Francisco Tosta Garcia; public instruction, Dr. Frederico Chirinos.

Of these Gen. Guerra and Dr. Castillo have continued in office during the summer and are now reappointed. Gen. Garcia is transferred to the department of fomento from governor of the Federal district, in which office he is succeeded by Gen. Esteban Ibarra Hervera, and Dr. Rojas was minister of foreign relations a year ago.

He has had official charge of the boundary dispute for many years, and is considered one of the ablest diplomats in South America.

Among other callers at the State Department were Minister Lazo de Arriaga of Honduras and Senor Dupuy de Lome, the Spanish minister. Senators Lodge and Call and Senator Morgan also saw Secretary Olney.

Senor Andrade has already cabled to his country the substance of President Cleveland's message, but there was special information from Venezuela yesterday. The mail, which arrived, contained a number of newspapers, one of which, dated the 9th, had a brief notice of the President's regular message, but there was no opinions expressed.

As to what assistance Venezuela would give the United States, in case war was declared with England, the secretary of the legation said that his country would no doubt soon raise no small army.

In times of peace a standing organization of 5,000 men is scattered around Caracas and La Guayra. Recently some trouble in the interior led to the enlargement of the army, and at present there are 10,000 men in readiness for battle.

Although Venezuela has quite a sea coast, it has no navy whatever. While the attaches of the legation will not state so, still there is a feeling that Venezuela would receive assistance from more than one South American republic.

W. S. Gilbert Convicted of Libel.

London, Dec. 19.—The case of Countess Bremont against W. S. Gilbert, the dramatist, for libel was tried in the Queen's Bench division of the High Court of Justice today. The jury found a verdict for the defendant. The Countess Bremont, who is a journalist writer of some note, is the widow of Count Bremont, a surgeon, to whom she was married in Jersey City in 1878.

May Yohe's Husband Settles.

London, Dec. 19.—Lord Henry Francis Hope, brother of the Duke of Newcastle and heir presumptive to the dukedom, was granted a discharge in bankruptcy in the bankruptcy court today, subject to his paying 10 shillings in the pound of his liabilities, which amount to £657,942. Lord Hope is the husband of May Yohe, the actress.

Fatal Street Car Collision.

Paterson, N. J., Dec. 19.—During the heavy fog this morning two cars of the New Jersey Electric Railway Company dashed into each other at the foot of a steep hill at Lakeview. Moberman Murray, of one of the cars, was killed and Conductor Jackson was seriously hurt. Both cars were badly smashed.

Dyrenforth's

fit and style in clothing are unequalled in Washington.

FORTY-THREE ARE BURIED

Terrible Coal Mine Disaster in North Carolina.

EXPLODING GAS THE CAUSE

Details Are Meagre, but All Hopes of Rescue Are Abandoned—Succoring Parties Overcome by the Fire Damp—Thirty-eight Are Known to Be Dead.

Raleigh, N. C., Dec. 19.—There was an explosion of gas in the Cumnock bituminous coal mine in Chatham county, forty miles from here, this morning.

There were about forty men at work in the mine at the time, and a telegram just received says it is feared that all these are killed. There is great excitement.

AT A DEPTH OF 500 FEET.

These mines have a contract to furnish coal for the locomotives of the Seaboard Air Line Railway, and this week began furnishing coal for ships at Wilmington. The principal shaft is over 500 feet deep.

The explosion was heard at Moncure, fourteen miles distant. Physicians have been sent to Cumnock from all points in that section and special trains are running to the mines.

NO HOPE OF RESCUE.

Advices at 6 o'clock this evening from Colon were that forty-three persons were caught by the explosion and that all hope of rescuing was abandoned, owing to fire damp, which at several times nearly overcame those who attempted to rescue the imprisoned men.

Once two of the rescuers were in sight of some of the victims, but had to retire in the face of the overpowering fire damp. A telegram received here at 7 o'clock says there are thirty-eight dead and that twenty-five escaped. Telegraphic communication with the scene of the disaster is difficult.

MAY BE SETTLED TODAY.

Philadelphia Street Car Strike Nearing an End.

Philadelphia, Dec. 19.—It is reported tonight that some settlement of the strike will be effected tomorrow morning. The report cannot be confirmed, although at the strikers' headquarters the intimation is conveyed that something of such character is in the wind.

The strikers held a massmeeting tonight at Labor Lyceum Hall, Sixth and Brown streets. All the speakers were confident that the men would win, and some of them expressed the opinion that the company would give in tomorrow. As far as can be learned, there seems to be no ground for these hopes.

Assistant Postmaster General Neilson came here today from Washington and was in conference with Postmaster Carr in reference to the delay of the trolley mail car service.

At the conclusion of the conference between Mr. Neilson and Mr. Carr the latter sent a letter to Mr. Welsh, notifying him of the failure of the Union Traction Company to live up to its contract with the government and asking him if the mail cars would run on regular schedule time tomorrow. Mr. Welsh replied that it was impossible for him to answer this question, but that if adequate police protection was furnished the company would make an effort to run the cars regularly. Mr. Carr notified United States District Attorney Ingham of Mr. Welsh's reply to his communication, and Mr. Ingham, upon authority of Attorney General Harmon, directed Marshal Colesberry to swear in as deputies the men whose names he secured today for that purpose.

Mr. Ingham directed the marshal to place five of these deputies upon each mail car, with orders to see that they would perform their trips without obstruction. Marshal Colesberry inquired if he was supposed to protect the regular passenger cars of the company. Mr. Ingham advised him that he was not, but that he must maintain the motive power of the company. This decision of the government will bring any one in conflict with the Federal authorities if they should cut the trolley wires. So far nothing of this kind has been attempted.

Only a few disturbances of a comparatively trivial character were reported today, and on several of its lines, the company succeeded in effecting a partial resumption of its interrupted traffic. Such cars as were run, however, were heavily guarded by police.

Despite the few disturbances today the mob spirit was still apparent in the streets, and to avoid the risk of an outbreak, the company again today ceased running cars at nightfall. General Manager Beetem, of the company, claims to have all the men he wants, and said that he expects to increase the number of cars on each line each day until the regular schedule is resumed.

HE ANNOYED A NUN.

Joseph Delaney Arrested for Sending Objectionable Letters.

Joseph Delaney is in the hands of the police for having addressed objectionable letters to Sister Louise, superior of Providence Hospital, and last night was locked up at the First precinct station at the instance of the detective bureau, the case having been worked out and the arrest made by Detectives Horne and Weedon.

Delaney is the man who was arrested a few weeks ago by Horne and Weedon on the charge of having stolen a number of overcoats from priests and students at the Catholic University, but because of the influence which was exerted in his behalf, the prosecuting attorney entered a nolle pros.

For several weeks Sister Louise has been receiving letters, evidently the work of a person of unbalanced intellect. One line would be charged with sweet phrases and endearing epithets and the next line would contain a threat to kill. At first the good nun paid no heed to the missives, but the persistency of the fellow annoyed her beyond endurance and on the advice of friends she communicated with Inspector Hollinberger, who detailed Detectives Horne and Weedon on the case, with the result as stated.

GOV. McKINLEY HONORED.

Prime Guest at the Columbus Club's Farewell Dinner.

Columbus, Ohio, Dec. 19.—The Columbus Club tonight followed a long-established custom of giving a farewell dinner to the retiring governor, McKinley being the guest of honor.

Invitations were extended on this occasion to Gov.-Elect Bushnell, ex-Govs. Charles Foster, George Hoadly, J. B. Foraker, J. D. Cox, and James E. Campbell; Hon. Mark A. Hanna, Hon. Myron T. Herrick, Hon. James H. Hoyt, Hon. Thomas E. Powell, and President James H. Canfield of the State University.

But few of the ex-governors could be present. The death of his father-in-law, Congressman H. S. Bundy, prevented ex-Gov. Foraker's attending, while illness detained away ex-Govs. Hoadly, Foster, Cox, and Campbell. Covers were laid for seventy-five persons. William F. Burdell was master of ceremonies, and announced ex-Congressman J. H. Outhwaite as master of the feast. There were no set speeches, and the dinner was very private.

BLOODY CRIME IN KENTUCKY

Miss Anna Steinberger Killed by a Load of Buckshot.

Suspicion Rests on Her Cousin, Booker Steinberger, as the Murderer. Prospect of His Being Lynched.

Glasgow, Ky., Dec. 19.—A terrible tragedy was enacted in this county in the Rock Hill neighborhood last night about 10 o'clock, the details of which have just reached this place.

Miss Anna Steinberger, the twenty-year-old daughter of Col. Robert Steinberger, was sitting in the parlor alone when a load of buckshot was fired through the window, tearing off the top of her head.

Suspicion turned to Booker Steinberger, the nineteen-year-old son of her father's brother.

A deputy sheriff with a posse of men this morning arrested young Steinberger, it having been found that on Wednesday afternoon he had borrowed a shotgun from a neighbor.

It is claimed a note was found among the girl's effects from her cousin, which is a reply from her, evidently, telling him that in order to protect her honor he must marry her. He declares in the letter that he cannot do this, as he is in love with another young woman whom he is to wed on Christmas night.

The two families are among the most prominent in the county and the development of these facts has caused a sensation.

Groups of men are talking over the tragedy in an excited manner, and it is not at all improbable that an attempt will be made tonight to deal swift judgment to Steinberger.

He denies all knowledge of the crime.

LINER SPREE AGROUND.

Stranded on Warden Ledge Near Isle of Wight.

London, Dec. 19.—Lloyds' agent at Totland Bay, Isle of Wight, telegraphed at 5:10 o'clock this morning that the German steamship Spree, Captain Willigerod, from New York December 10 for Bremen, was stranded on Warden Ledge, but would probably float at the next flood tide.

Tugs have gone to her assistance.

Further particulars of the stranding of the Spree have been received showing that the steamer stranded at 2:10 o'clock this morning, just after high tide, on Warden Ledge, a dangerous ledge of rocks two miles west of Yarmouth, on the northwest coast of the Isle of Wight.

The steamer was in charge of a pilot when she struck. Tugs are now landing her passengers and mails, and it is likely that a portion of her cargo will have to be moved. The weather is quiet and the sea calm.

At the height of the afternoon flood tide three tugs tried to tow the Spree off, but they were not successful. The steamer lies on the rocks inside the ledge and is in a position sheltered from high winds and heavy seas.

Southampton, Dec. 19.—A tender has brought in the mails and specie that were on board of the Spree.

One of the passengers when questioned as to the details of the stranding of the vessel, said that the shock when the Spree struck was distinctly felt throughout the ship. For a little time there was some excitement and the passengers anxiously inquired whether there was any danger. Their fears were soon allayed by the officers, who courteously explained that neither the vessel nor those aboard of it were in the slightest danger. The coolness of the officers in itself did much to relieve the anxiety.

When the Spree struck she was in charge of a local pilot. Her engines were immediately reversed and driven at full speed astern in an attempt to pull her off. She held hard, however, and it could not be perceived that she went astern for any appreciable distance. The tide was rapidly ebbing, and as the water lowered it was seen that the efforts to get the steamer afloat would be futile until the water became deeper.

The vessel had struck on a rock, broadside on, between the fore funnel and stern. As the tide receded she settled more aft than forward, with the result that her deck had quite an angle. The after portion of the ship swayed to and fro slightly, showing that she was only held by her forekeel. On the return of the tide tonight five tugs rendered assistance to the steamer, but the water did not rise sufficiently high to move the vessel's list, and it was found impossible to float her.

It is feared she will remain fixed where she is until the high tides a fortnight hence, unless the removal of her cargo assists in the efforts to float her.

Apostolic Visitor to Mexico.

Rome, Dec. 19.—The Vatican has decided to nominate Mgr. Averadi as apostolic visitor to Mexico. He will shortly start for that country. His mission is to the clergy and he will have no diplomatic relations with the government of Mexico. Mgr. Averadi will be consecrated as a titular archbishop.

Michael Davitt in Frisco.

San Francisco, Dec. 19.—Michael Davitt, the home rule leader, who has been on an extensive tour throughout Australia, arrived today on the steamer Alameda. He will probably start for home next week.

ARRESTED HIM FOR LIBEL

Capt. McKee Charges Marshall Cushing with Serious Offense.

DEFENDANT GIVES BAIL

An Article in the Capital Offends the Prosecutor, Who Appeals to the Law—A Preliminary Hearing to Be Had Today in the Police Court.

Mr. Marshall Cushing, editor of the Capital, was arrested yesterday afternoon on a warrant sworn out by Capt. Thomas H. McKee, and in which he is charged with criminal libel. This was a result not unexpected by many who had seen and read the article in the Capital on which Capt. McKee has proceeded.

The Capital is now edited by Mr. Marshall Cushing and has been for some time. This paper has had a brilliant career, a circumstance which will be recalled by those who remember Don Piatt and his able and trenchant pen. With Don Piatt in those days was associated the equally versatile and brilliant A. C. Buell, who conducted the paper after its editorial management was given up by Don Piatt.

The recent career of the Capital has led a great many to believe that its career would be interrupted by just such an incident as that which has taken place. Mr Cushing has been aggressive and has used the argumentum ad hominem in several instances to the point of highest tension.

ONCE TOO OFTEN.

This policy, carried out in the case of Capt. McKee, has ended in the libel just sworn out. The article to which Capt. McKee takes exceptions relates both to his public and private life. Incidents in both of which are handled in such manner as to constitute, it is believed, criminal libel. The fact of the arrest is an indication that the prima facie case has been made out to the satisfaction of the prosecuting attorney.

Capt. McKee was called on at his residence, No. 7 Grant place, last evening, and was asked if he desired to make a statement other than what had appeared in the evening papers. He declined to discuss the case on its merits. It is now, he said, a matter for the courts. He was asked to speak in general terms of the charges made, but he merely said that he had no knowledge of their truth; but that, even if they were true, it was not within the province of a newspaper to attack an individual unless both the truth of the charges could be proved and that the attack was for the public good. Capt. McKee said that his only statement about the matter would be when he testified in the case.

Capt. McKee has lived for about eleven or twelve years in Washington. He came here from Logansport, Ind., where he had been county sheriff, had served as clerk and assistant clerk of Republican Congressional committees, and was recently a candidate for clerk of the House. More recently he has been one of the wardens of the jail.

Capt. McKee appears to be quite willing to stand on the record he has made in this city as against the charges of the artical in the Capital.

The case will be of some interest on account of the probability that it will give an airing to some political matters which very seldom get outside of the inner circles, but for such revelations as these.

Cushing was the private secretary to Postmaster General Wanamaker, and has been connected with several newspapers, both here and in the capacity of a Washington correspondent.

After the issuance of the warrant it was placed in the hands of Detectives Carter and Gallagher for service. They hastened to the office of Mr. Cushing in the Central power station and found him. Through some underground transit channel he had heard of the issuance of the warrant and anticipated the mission of the detectives, whom he greeted affably.

Carter and Gallagher requested Mr. Cushing to accompany them, which he readily assented to, slipping on his coat and falling in. Then he went to the police court and furnished bond in the sum of $500 for his appearance today.

ST. PAUL BEING REPAIRED.

Will Require Ten Days to Get Ready to Sail.

New York, Dec. 19.—The injury to the main steam pipe of the American Line steamship St. Paul, which broke yesterday and resulted in scalding to death nine men, will be repaired while the vessel lies at her pier.

A new pipe will have to be put in place of the old one. The latter was furnished by the works of Philadelphia, and the substitution of a new one will be made by the same firm.

It will take at least ten days to repair the break. Although the pipe which burst yesterday had been tested at 400 pounds to the square inch, it expanded under a pressure of 130 pounds. This is incomprehensible to the engineers.

ST. LOUIS WANTS THE OTHER.

Delegation Named to Seek the Democratic National Convention.

The politico-business element of St. Louis, flushed with their recent success in securing the Republican National convention, now propose capturing the Democratic convention as well.

Representative Cobb of St. Louis, will leave for home today to attend the meeting of the Business Men's Association on Monday next which will appoint a committee to confer with the national committee on January 16 next. Senator Vest has already started west to be present also at Monday's meeting.

The committee from St. Louis will reach Washington January 14. It will be nonpartisan politically and will include a dozen or more of St. Louis' most prominent business men. The Missouri members of Congress are confident that this committee will be successful.

Willie Johnson Lost His Leg.

Willie Johnson, the six-year-old colored boy, who was run over by car No. 15, of the Metropolitan line, at Sixth and L streets southwest, yesterday afternoon, as stated in the Evening Times, was reported to be resting easy at the Emergency Hospital last night. It was found necessary to amputate his leg, which was horribly crushed and mangled below the knee, the foot being twisted entirely out of shape.

The Monroe Doctrine in a Nutshell.—N. Y. Herald.