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LOOKS BAD FOR CASHION

Damaging Testimony in the Stanton Asylum Hearing.

Several Witnesses, on the Other Hand, Declared for the Man's Integrity. Investigation Still Continued.

Richmond, Va., Feb. 24.—The legislative investigation of the deaf, dumb, and blind institution was resumed this morning.

Dr. J. F. Crane, of this city, who has been summoned as a witness, was present and was placed on the stand to testify for the defense, and especially as to Mr. Cashion's character and reputation in this city.

Dr. Crane testified that Cashion's reputation was not good for honesty and morality in Richmond. Being questioned by Mr. Cashion, Dr. Crane specified as to acts of Cashion which were considered, both distant and unusual.

Witness considered the institution one of the best in Virginia, and he would be sworn to every feeling of mankind did he not protest against some of the evidence adduced before the committee.

This concluded Dr. Crane's testimony, and Mr. W. D. Jones, a "speaking-sime" of Petersburg, was called to the stand. He was a pupil at the Stanton Institute from 1872 to 1878. He is acquainted with Miss Holcomb, and was a pupil for a short while with her.

He saw her a few days ago, since her testimony was given before the committee, and she told him that she did not know what she was here for, and didn't understand a single question asked her. She thought all the gentlemen in the room were preachers.

Mr. William E. Briggs of Richmond, was a student at the Stanton school from 1889 to 1895. He knew nothing of any immoral conduct at the institution, but had heard of the Yates-Kings affair.

Mr. Thomas J. Crowder, a member of the board of visitors of the institution and also of the legislative committee, didn't believe that Captain Doyle was a hard drinker, and never saw a great amount of drinking at headquarters. He thought Captain Doyle's management was excellent, and reflected credit on the institution.

At the evening session, Mr. W. E. Briggs, father of the young man who was on the stand in the morning, was called. He thought the school was an excellent one, and that the progress his son had made.

Mr. R. W. Carter, superintendent of the Richmond almshouse, was the next witness. He testified that Mr. Cashion was an inmate of the almshouse for twenty-one days in 1891 for treatment for a bad disease.

He was most refractory, and his reputation for integrity and truthfulness was not very good.

WAS MYSTERIOUSLY INJURED. James Pryor at the Hospital with Contusion of the Brain.

James Pryor, colored, eighteen years of age, was brought to Emergency Hospital yesterday afternoon in an unconscious condition. He was picked up on the sidewalk by officers of station No. 7, who turned in an ambulance call and conveyed him to the hospital.

Pryor is suffering from contusion of the brain and is reported to be in a critical condition. He is partly conscious but can give no connected statement of how he received his injuries. The police know nothing further than that they found him lying on the sidewalk and are unable to say how he came there.

No one was in the immediate neighborhood at the time the man fell and he seems to have no relatives or friends to come forward. At a late hour last night it was said at the hospital that his condition was as good as could be expected and that there was a chance for his recovery.

Meanwhile the police are making an effort to discover how he received his injuries and if he has any friends or relatives.

Gasoline Tank Exploded. A gasoline tank in front of Donald McCarzoo's fruit and peanut stand at 1504 Fourteenth street northwest, exploded about 6 o'clock last night. In the confusion an excited citizen turned in an alarm call. Engines Nos. 3, 7 and 9, together with truck B, responded to the call, but as only a slight blaze resulted from the explosion the fire was extinguished without their going into action.

The year's supply of best butter donated to Bellevue Fair by Gilchrist, butter dealer, was awarded to Mrs. B. Bernheimer, 714 B street northwest, on ticket No. 1397.

STRONG PLEA FOR CUBA

Spanish Cruelties Pictured by Senator Morgan.

FORBEARANCE IS STRAINED

He Declared That the American People Could Not Stand More Without the National Honor Being Stripped. Mr. Frye Asked Questions That Brought Sharp Replies.

The continuation of the speech of Senator Morgan, Dem., Alabama, in the Senate yesterday in support of the concurrent resolution for the recognition of Cuba as an independent nation, attracted a large audience of the excitement and enthusiasm which the first part of the speech, last Thursday, together with the other speeches of that day aroused.

It was too much of a historical review, and was interspersed with the reading of too many letters and reports for the most part tedious and pretentious to attract attention or to arouse enthusiasm. The only forcible parts of it were these:

Mr. Morgan expressed his astonishment that in view of the Spanish atrocities in the island, "this grand, free republic could all indifferently by, knowing the facts, and not unsheath the sword, and strike to death the brutal monarch who afflicted them."

And he declared that the American people "could go no farther in their forbearance without a strain on the national honor."

SPANISH ATROCITIES PICTURED. He reviewed the history of Cuba for the last hundred years, dwelling upon all the agencies of cruelty and oppression practiced by the Spanish rulers, and solaces on the people of the island.

The atrocities of the Spanish troops, he said, shocked the civilized world. He quoted the statement of "an accurate and able historian, that in the last ten years war in the island of Cuba, the Spanish minister admitted that in addition to the 15,600 Cubans who had been killed in battle, 43,700 prisoners had been put to death.

When he first read that, he said, he inquired of himself what Christianity had been doing in the world if in this age it were possible that such things could be done in an island like Cuba and that "this grand, free republic could sit indifferently by, knowing the facts, and not unsheath the sword, and strike to death the brutal monarch who afflicted it."

Mr. Morgan was sorry to say that he could not recall the name.

WAS FROM HISTORY. "Is it from history?" Mr. Frye asked. "Yes, deliberately written," Mr. Morgan replied, "and written by a Spaniard."

"Does the Senator believe it?" Mr. Frye asked. "I hesitated a long time," Mr. Morgan replied. "No credit, but to disbelieve it I would have to deny the deliberate statement made by a historian in a book of universal acceptance."

Mr. Call, Dem., Fla., in further corroboration of the statement, read some extracts from a pamphlet by Clarence King, releasing instances of horrible atrocities by the Spanish troops in Cuba.

Mr. Morgan resumed his speech. He said that in the battles fought in the patriotic wars for independence in Cuba, the blood of the patriots had not been shed in vain.

"For freedom's battle once begun, Begun to bleed from bleeding side to side, 'Till the blood of the patriots is ever won."

MR. WHITE'S SUBSTITUTION. That the American people had witnessed those struggles for so many years was enough to move their faithful devotion to national duty. They could go no further in their forbearance without a stain on the national honor and without doing injustice to the government and people of the United States.

When Mr. Morgan took his seat (but without finishing his speech), Mr. White, Dem., California, offered a substitute for the concurrent resolution, declaring that the Senate contemplates, with solicitude and profound regret, the sufferings and destruction accompanying the civil conflict now in progress in Cuba, and expressing trust that the executive department will, as early as a day as the facts will warrant, recognize the illegitimacy of those who are in arms against Spain, and that the good offices of the United States may be prudently and effectively exerted to the end that Cuba may be enabled to establish a permanent government of her own choice.

HURRAH FOR CUBA LIBRE. Patriotic Demonstration of Various Organizations at Key West.

Key West, Fla., Feb. 24.—Never in the history of this city have its citizens witnessed anything to compare with the grand torchlight procession this evening.

In it were several floats representing liberty, Cuba and commerce. All the different orders in the city, militia, Knights of Pythias, Knights of Golden Eagle, Knights of Honor, firemen and the several Cuban revolutionary clubs participated. They were led by the Key West Band, and assisted by three other local bands of music.

After parading the principal streets they marched to the beach where they had a magnificent display of fireworks. It was gotten up by R. L. Trujillo, commemorating the breaking up of the present rebellion in Cuba. All along the line of march the houses were beautifully decorated with both American and Cuban flags and also the flags of the ex-Confederacy, consisting of battle flag and an ensign.

Refused to Shave a Colored Man. Haverhill, Mass., Feb. 24.—Louis Valquet, a barber, for refusing to shave a colored man, was today fined \$25 in the police court.

CATTLE FROM CANADA

Questions in Commons Concerning the Exclusion.

CAUSES LOSS TO SCOTLAND

Mr. Long, When Asked When the Traffic Would Be Resumed, Said He Could Not Answer the Question on Short Notice.—Balfour's Proposed Changes in House Procedure.

London, Feb. 24.—In the house of commons today Sir J. G. S. Kinloch, Radical, member for East Perthshire, who had previously given notice of his intention, asked the Right Hon. Walter Long, president of the board of agriculture, whether, in view of the enormous loss to the farmers of Scotland resulting from the exclusion of Canadian store cattle from Great Britain, there was any prospect of reopening the British ports to such cattle.

He did not expect an answer to this question, he said, in view of Mr. Long's statement in the House last week in introducing the bill amending the diseases of animals act of 1894, making the restrictions placed upon the importation of cattle permanent instead of leaving them to the discretion of the board of agriculture, but he wished to ask Mr. Long if he believed that pleuro-pneumonia had been introduced in Canada.

Mr. Long said he could not answer that question upon such short notice, but he would say that the department of agriculture certainly thought that pleuro-pneumonia could be introduced into England from cattle imported from Canada.

USE FOR NAVAL PURPOSES. Mr. Sydney Gedge, Conservative member for Walsall, asked Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, chairman of the exchequer, that in view of the high price of consols and the intended heavy expenditures on the navy, the government immediately bring in a bill enabling the expected large surplus in the budget to be used for naval purposes instead of applying it to the reduction of the national debt by the purchase of consols.

Sir Michael Hicks-Beach said he was unable as yet to state the intentions of the government in regard to the disposition of the surplus.

The leader then debated the proposal of the Right Hon. A. J. Balfour, first lord of the treasury and government leader in the house, to alter the procedure so that Friday, hitherto devoted to the discussion of private members' bills, should be henceforth devoted to the discussion of the government estimates, which discussion must be completed in twenty Fridays.

HARBOUR'S VIEW OF IT. This proposed alteration, which involves a time limit, is based on the method suggested some years ago by Mr. Joseph Chamberlain in an article in the Nineteenth Century, entitled "shall We Americanize Our Institutions?"

Sir William Vernon Harcourt, the opposition leader in the house, said he preferred the original scheme suggested by Mr. Chamberlain, but added that he would agree to Friday's being devoted to the estimates if he did not approve of applying closure after twenty Fridays, as Mr. Balfour proposed.

Mr. Balfour announced that the government was willing to try the experiment for a year.

In the House of Lords today Lord Salisbury, in reply to a question by Lord Stanley of Alderley, said that the case of France showed that protection had afforded relief to owners and occupiers of land, but he declared that not one of his speeches could be construed into an argument in favor of protection.

EXTRADITION FOR A GHOUL. Des Moines Grave Robber Held to Await the Papers.

Des Moines, Ia., Feb. 24.—The attorneys for Edward Clayson, the grave robber, arrested here Friday for shipping stolen bodies into the State from Omaha, applied for and secured a writ of habeas corpus this morning.

While the hearing was in progress officers arrived from Omaha for Clayson, who has been identified as a leading member of the gang of ghouls there. They learned that the writ was likely to be issued and intended to hasten their return to the man over to them.

They took him away from the city jail only a short time before an officer arrived with the writ. When a deputy sheriff appeared with the writ and demanded the prisoner, he was told that the man had been set at liberty. The Omaha officers had no authority to take the man out of the State, not having had time to secure their requisition papers.

They took Clayson to a private place where he is now confined in a room and is closely guarded. He will be kept until the requisition papers come, unless the sheriff with the habeas corpus writ finds him. Every effort is being made to serve the writ but without success thus far.

CONNECTICUT WOULD JOIN. Salvation Army Ready to Follow a New Movement Under Booth.

Waterbury, Conn., Feb. 24.—There is much excitement in the Salvation Army here over the events in New York in connection with the office of commander.

If Ballington Booth starts a movement to reorganize the army on an American basis the Connecticut troops to a man will go with him.

He Was Wandering Around. James Powell, thirty-five years of age, was found roaming suspiciously around Mount Pleasant last night by Patrolman Yoe, who sent him to No. 8 station, where he was held as being a suspicious character.

Insurance Companies Barred Out. Columbus, Ohio, Feb. 24.—Insurance Commissioner Hahn has cancelled the licenses of five Massachusetts and Pennsylvania insurance companies, thus prohibiting them from doing business in this State.

Don't you want a pair of Trousers to order for \$250

Mertz and Mertz, New "Era" Tailors, 906 F Street N. W.

Used Wheels Reduce.

We have made a two-weeks' reduction in the price of our used wheels. They run up to \$20 and as low as you want to go. Easy terms.

\$5 down—\$5 a month. M. A. Tappan, 1013 Pa. Ave.

IT FITS SCHOMBURG'S LINE

Old Map of British Guiana Comes to Light.

Disputed Territory Is Shown Much as Laid Down by the German Explorer.

Boston, Feb. 24.—Gen. Osborne, grand secretary of the Loyal Guianese Union of the United States, received the following information from London today:

A copy of a very interesting map of British Guiana has been secured by the Guianese government from the Royal Agricultural and Commercial Society of British Guiana, which throws much light upon the boundary dispute between Venezuela and British Guiana.

The map was prepared for Major Van Boeckender in 1798, and upon it the boundary line is marked. The limits of the Spanish possessions and the extent of the Dutch colony is shown in the map. It is almost identical with the extent of the Schomburgk line, the only difference being that on the chart, the boundary is indicated to be perfectly straight, while the German savant adapted his line to the natural configuration of the territory.

Col. Melms, the commander-in-chief of the British Guiana militia; Mr. McTear, magistrate; Lieut. Geoffrey Fawcett, R. E., and Dr. Bouse left Georgetown for an expedition to the disputed territory.

They were away twenty-four days and traveled 400 miles in Panama in 1817. The three boats of Eldorado, a large canoe, the boats of Venezuela came to the river side, but there was no demonstration. A relief party, composed of Inspector of Police Henderson and Lieut. Alexander and six men left Georgetown for the disputed territory in search of the expedition. They sailed on the 31st ultimo, and nothing has been heard of them.

Sir August William Lawson Hemming, K. C. M. G., who was recently appointed governor of British Guiana, sailed for the country, Wednesday, February 20, from Southampton.

DEATH OF A DIPLOMAT. Justo Arosemena, a Colombian Statesman, Passes Away.

New York, Feb. 24.—Justo Arosemena, whose death was reported in a Colon dispatch today, was born in Panama in 1817. He was one of the most prominent men in Colombia, and his name had been frequently mentioned for the Presidency of his country.

He had been Secretary of State several times, president of the congress and Colombian minister successively to Venezuela, Peru, Bolivia, Chili, Central America, France, England, and twice minister to the United States, in 1866 and in 1880.

He was an able diplomat, and one of the ablest foreign diplomats in Colombia. For the past five years he acted as general counsel for the Panama Canal Company, for the Panama Railroad Company, Dr. Arosemena married a Miss Livingston of New York, and she with her son, Mr. Arosemena, reside at the San Remo Hotel, New York city. A married daughter lives in Panama.

FUNERAL OF GEORGE DAVIS. Only One Member of Jefferson Davis' Cabinet Remains.

Wilmington, N. C., Feb. 24.—The funeral of Gen. George Davis took place in this city today from St. James' Episcopal Church, and was attended by a large concourse of people, including two military companies of which Mr. Davis was an honorary member.

Gen. Davis was a member of the Confederate Veterans, Ladies Memorial Association, the Produce Exchange and Chamber of Commerce.

The services were conducted by Bishop Watson, assisted by several Episcopal clergymen. The Rev. Dr. Davis, a long-time member of St. James' Episcopal Church, was the officiating minister. He was a member of President Jefferson Davis' cabinet.

SULTAN'S LIFE IN DANGER. Rumors That Attempts Will Be Made to Assassinate Him.

London, Feb. 24.—The Standard will tomorrow publish a dispatch from Constantinople saying that no steps whatever have been taken by the Porte to inaugurate the reforms that were promised for Armenia and Macedonia. Nobody conversant with the Yildiz Palace methods expects that any reforms will be instituted during the sultan's lifetime.

The dispatch further says that persistent rumors have been current for several days that an attempt will be made on the life of the sultan on the occasion of his annual visit to Constantinople proper on February 28 to kiss the Prophet's Mantle.

PLAYED WITH A PISTOL. Lad Fatally Injured by a Companion While Skyrarking.

Norfolk, Va., Feb. 24.—A special to the Virginian from Rocky Mount, N. C., says: Sunday afternoon, while several young boys were at play in Mr. C. Danks' garden, Wyatt Fountain, a little boy, came in with a small pistol and in fun exclaimed: "All hands up."

Byrd Simmons, one of the boys at play, caught the pistol, and fired it. As it exploded, the ball entering his eye, at last accounts, the little fellow was suffering intensely and it is not known whether or not it will prove fatal.

Investigating Marriage Prohibition. Chicago, Feb. 24.—At a meeting of the Chicago Methodist conference today a report of a special committee appointed to investigate the prohibition of Protestant marriages in Peru, Bolivia and Ecuador and obtain relief, if possible, was presented and adopted amid enthusiasm. The committee was authorized to continue the agitation against what the ministers termed "bigotry and tyrannical intolerance."

MAY LEAD A NEW ARMY

Ballington Booth, the Salvationist, Makes a Statement.

HERBERT MAKES A PLEA

Feeling Among the New York Division Is Very Strong and the Reorganization of the American Forces Under the Deposed Leader Is Talked of—Hearing Before Staff Officers.

New York, Feb. 24.—Ballington Booth and his wife have retired from the command of the Salvation Army in America. Eva Booth, who has been placed in command temporarily, such instructions were called to her today from the London headquarters.

Mr. and Mrs. Booth accepted their dismissal very quietly. They were asked if they would go to England or remain in America.

"We will remain here," said the ex-commander. "We are American citizens. Our children are American and we do not intend to go to England."

Unquestionably a decided anti-English feeling has strongly manifested itself in the ranks of the Salvation Army in this city. Taken all in all the endowments for the American army. A representative of the United Press put the question to Ballington Booth this evening, if his decision of today to accept the situation and retire from the army was final. The ex-commander paused a moment and then said: "Well, that is my decision today. I do not know what will be my decision tomorrow."

ARMY MAY SPLIT. It is claimed by many Salvationists that if the commissioned officers of the army in America should decide to rebel against English domination, and sumo on to an American Salvation Army Ballington Booth and his wife, they will willingly respond.

A pathetic scene occurred as Mr. and Mrs. Ballington Booth were leaving their old quarters in the army. Mrs. Booth came running over to her husband just as he announced that he would retire from the army's command. She rushed close to his breast and, looking up into his face, said: "But you are still my commander!"

"Oh, yes," replied Mr. Booth, "and you are my queen."

Some one then proposed three cheers for Mr. and Mrs. Booth, and they were given with a will.

Today was a lively day at the headquarters of the army, on Fourteenth street. From 10 o'clock in the morning until late in the afternoon a heated conference was held in the auditorium. The most prominent staff officers in America were present.

After the commissioners from abroad had stated their side of the case, Mr. and Mrs. Booth were sent for to give their statement. From 10 o'clock in the morning until late Mr. Booth spoke for an hour and his wife occupied the same length of time. The newspaper men were excluded, and what transpired could not be learned.

At 6 o'clock this evening ex-Commander Booth called the reporters into his wife's parlour and made the following statement:

PROMINENT WORKERS PRESENT. The session today was composed of the most prominent staff officers on the American field, therefore most efficient, most responsible and most representative. Some 40,000 adherents were represented. It was a gathering not of my calling together but one convened by the aid staff to which Mr. Booth and myself were invited that we might give our version of the case after the staff had heard the field commissioner, Eva Booth, and Col. Nicol's side of the story.

"I emphatically denied the statement that I was not dismissed in proof of which I have the following:

"First.—Col. Nicol told Mrs. Booth and myself to prepare for the worst after leaving Mr. Booth on her arrival.

"Second.—Commander Herbert Booth stated that he was empowered to ask Mrs. Booth and myself for our keys, portfolios and all offices, and to accept of them.

"Third.—I would go to London. I replied, no, except on our conditions. First, that three brigadiers from America be present at all interviews in London; second, that Col. Eddie be at once withdrawn to England; third, that Commander Herbert go to London and remain there during my absence, and not return under any circumstances or pretext whatever until my return to the United States.

"Those THAT WERE REFUSED. "Fourth.—That Col. Nicol, the general's representative, remain here and assist in commanding.

"Fifth.—That Commissioner Eva return to London with me.

"Sixth.—That no one else be sent here in my absence until I return.

"Seventh.—I to return a week after my arrival in England.

"Eighth.—That Mrs. Ballington Booth remain at the military helm of the warship in the United States during its existence."

"The second, third and fourth conditions of my request were refused. They said I must go before a court of inquiry in London. To go before a court of inquiry means court-martial. I have nothing to be court-martialed for.

"The seizure was made. Afterward the goods were sold by Tyler and shipped out of the city under the supervision of Hein, who afterward made return to the court, swearing that he had the goods in his possession. It was found, however, that he had substituted some old gambling paraphernalia.

KRUGER GAVE PRAISE. Supposed to Be a Large Concession to the Ullanders.

Johannesburg, Feb. 24.—President Kruger today addressed the committee that was formed to relieve the sufferers by the recent dynamite explosion at Vredendorp, a suburb of this city. In the course of his remarks he highly praised the work done by the committee, and said:

"You have done to others as you would wish to be done by. Those who have given as you have can expect to receive a great deal themselves."

This is construed to be a promise of large concessions to the Ullanders.

Mr. Harter's Funeral. Mansfield, Ohio, Feb. 24.—The funeral of ex-Congressman Michael D. Harter will take place from the family residence, in Park avenue west, this city, Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The funeral will be public, and the remains will be interred in the Mansfield Cemetery.

Troopers Made Trouble. London, Feb. 24.—The committee of the stock exchange today suspended a number for a week for bringing into the exchange two of Dr. Jameson's troopers, thereby causing a mixed demonstration.

Editor Henry C. Bowen Dead. New York, Feb. 4.—Henry C. Bowen, editor and proprietor of The Independent, died of heart failure today, aged eighty-three. Mr. Bowen was born in Woodstock, Conn., September 11, 1813.

We'll pay you "big" money

EISEMAN BROS. No Branch Store in Washington.

Cor. 7th and E Sts. N. W.

to help us clear out the balance of the winter clothing stock. We don't even expect cost now—it's so late in the season we know you won't buy unless the inducement is extraordinary—that's why we say 1/2 off the price of every suit—overcoat—and pair of pants.

END OF THE HEBREW FAIR

Its Financial Success Has Been Greater Than Was Hoped For.

Left Over Articles Were Sold at Auction and the Gay Bazaar Ended with a Dance.

The Hebrew fair went off in a blaze of glory last night.

For over two weeks it had continued as a place of attraction for thousands of Washington visitors, on its last night there was apparently as little of an atmosphere of interest as on the first.

The temple fund has been enormously swelled by the fair. No announcement could be made last night of the proceeds, preliminary assistance the fair will give to the project of erecting the proposed magnificent place of worship of the Hebrew citizens of Washington, but it is many thousands of dollars.

Last night the fair's finish was merely danced away. Frictions to the hall an auction had been held, in which every article yet unsold, was bought, even the booths going to the highest bidder. Raffle, for these, the last chances, was unusually brisk.

It was well into Tuesday morning when the executive committee, made farewell to the Light Infantry Armory. They had done well and retired with the thanks of a host who had enjoyed what they had so cleverly provided.

ANOTHER BALTIMORE FIRE. Three Deaths May Result from a Kerosene Explosion.

Baltimore, Feb. 24.—Closely following the Charles street horror yesterday in which eight persons lost their lives, another fire, with probably fatal results, occurred tonight in Canton.

Mrs. Frederick Rose left her four children in charge of her son William, aged eleven for a few minutes, about 9 o'clock. The kerosene lamp in the room grew dim and the boy essayed to relight without extinguishing the flame. An explosion followed that scattered the burning fluid about the room and set fire to the clothing of the children.

Neighbors rushed to the child's assistance, but three of them are thought to be fatally burned. They are Louis, aged eight years; Hannah, six years old, and Mary, sixteen months old. William was also badly burned, but not so seriously as his sisters. They were removed to Johns Hopkins Hospital, where all hope is entertained for the recovery of the three girls.

CHICAGO STRIKE IS FIRM. No Prospect of Arbitration in the Trimmers' Struggle.

Chicago, Feb. 24.—The strike of the cutters and trimmers is still in full force and there is no prospect of arbitration. The manufacturers claim to have many men at work, but without any work to do. They say that the strikers are still in the same attitude, and that they are not prepared to take their places and are captured by the union pickets and soon after initiated into the organization.

The executive committee of the strikers has been corresponding with the union in New York, Milwaukee and Cincinnati, with a view to the protection of the strikers in this city. In the event of a national association of manufacturers being formed, it is declared the unions in those cities will enter a sympathetic strike, with a view to follow elsewhere for the protection of their own interests.

INDICTED THE POLICEMAN. High-Up Minneapolis Officers Charged with Making False Returns.

Minneapolis, Minn., Feb. 24.—Jake Hein, senior captain of the police department and once chief of police, has been indicted on a charge of having made a false return on a search warrant. October 19 he received a warrant from the municipal court authorizing him to enter Charles Tyler's gambling house and seize the gambling paraphernalia found there.

The seizure was made. Afterward the goods were sold by Tyler and shipped out of the city under the supervision of Hein, who afterward made return to the court, swearing that he had the goods in his possession. It was found, however, that he had substituted some old gambling paraphernalia.

FEAR AMERICAN SENTIMENT. Spain Thinks It May Compel Cleveland to Favor Cuba.

London, Feb. 24.—The Standard will tomorrow publish a dispatch from Madrid saying that the turn the Cuban campaign has taken has strengthened the cabinet. Prime Minister Canovas Del Castillo will issue a decree this week dissolving the cabinet and fixing the middle of March as the time for holding the elections for new members.

The government is less concerned with the result of the elections than with the consequences of public opinion in America at Congress immediately after furnishing Cleveland to alter the friendly attitude towards Spain.

BANK PRESIDENT BOUND OVER. Peter Deyo, of Defunct Wisconsin Bank, Held in \$1,500.

West Superior, Wis., Feb. 24.—Peter Deyo, president of the defunct Douglas county bank, charged with taking money after he knew his bank was insolvent, appeared in the municipal court today, waived examination, and was bound over to the next term of the Superior court.

Bail was fixed at \$1,500, which was furnished. Immediately after furnishing bail, Mr. Deyo left for New York, where he holds the position of assistant bank examiner.