

The Weather Today.
Threatening, followed by fair.
Slightly warmer.
Southerly winds.

VOL. 3, NO. 773.

WASHINGTON, D. C., TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 28, 1896—EIGHT PAGES.

ONE CENT.

SILVER WAS ON THE MENU

Newlands' Dinner May Be in Evidence at Chicago.

WAS A WHITE METAL FEAST

Scheme to Catch the Silver Republican Vote by a Free Coinage Democratic Platform Discussed—Promises Said to Have Been Made from Beyond the Mississippi.

Just after the nomination of James G. Blaine to the Presidency a number of millionaires in New York city gave him a dinner party at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, dinner party at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, which was given Sunday night in history as the "Feast of Belshazzar." It helped to defeat the Plumed Knight.

A dinner party in which a Populist-Republican was the host and the great Democratic silver leaders of Congress were the guests, was given Sunday night in history as the "Feast of Belshazzar." It helped to defeat the Plumed Knight.

The question is now, what will be the outcome of that dinner? History will tell. The dinner party in question was that given at the handsome residence of Hon. Francis J. Newlands, of Nevada, at Chevy Chase. The guests were few but they were all wealthy, and the Western money now call the "white lady"—free silver. They were all Democrats, too.

They were Senators Cockrell, of Missouri; Freyer, of Arkansas; Blackburn, of Kentucky, and Representatives Bailey, of Texas, and Dinwiddie, of Arkansas.

MAY SHAPE EVENTS.

This particular dinner may have a most decided bearing on things political, if the stories which were about last night are true, and there is every reason to believe there are.

While the banquet was nominally social, it is known that the distinguished host and his guests discussed the political outlook from A to Z, especially that part bearing upon the silver question, and the possible outcome of the two national conventions.

It was generally agreed that the Republican convention would either adopt the single gold standard or else straddle the financial question, and that the Democratic party at Chicago would insert in its platform a free and unlimited coinage of silver, and that the Republican party would support the gold standard.

There was, therefore, nothing for the Western or Southern silverites to hope for from the Republicans, and the question arose as to what proportion of Republicans of the West, especially, who were free silverites, could be expected to support a free silver Democratic candidate for President.

This matter was most thoroughly discussed and the consensus of opinion was that if the Democrats at Chicago would declare for silver, that at least six-tenths of the Republicans of the West would support their candidates, and the other, or rather a majority of the other four-tenths, would fall in line with the Democratic concessions to certain Western interests, was inserted.

TARIFF ON THE SIDE.

This would provide for an increase on such free raw materials as lead ore, wool, lumber, wooden fabrics, hay, potatoes, etc.

It is learned that the banqueters were unanimous in the opinion that the St. Louis convention would turn a deaf ear to silver, and that the white metal would be the slogan at the Democratic national convention. In the case there would be nothing for the Western silver men to do but to fall into line and support for the nominees of the Chicago outfit.

It was stated last night that the names of Senators Teller and Cameron were mentioned in connection with the Democratic nomination at Chicago, but one of the guests at the Newlands' dinner denied positively that such was the case. He said that no contingency was ever hinted at.

While the dinner was entirely private there was no suggestion as to possible Presidential candidates. It is true that politics from a silver standpoint was discussed, but no one present ventured the name of a Presidential candidate.

MENTIONED NO NAMES.

"We all refrained from discussing the subject of candidates, believing that it is better policy to let that matter alone until the convention assembles and adopts a platform. That being settled there will be a silver Democrat, but a Republican, or Populist, named to lead the ticket."

"Is it a fact," asked The Times, "that you discussed the question of making tariff concessions to the Republicans of the West?"

"The dinner, you of course know, was private, and at such a gathering of public men all public questions were hushed up," was the answer. "I will neither affirm nor deny that we discussed the desirability of firing in all the Western Republicans we can on the floor you have suggested."

"For my part I believe it would be good party politics, as well as good statesmanship, to lift the burdens from the Western producers as much as possible. Of course I don't mean that we should increase the burdens on the necessities of life."

"Do you believe," asked The Times, "that the silver Republican Senators of the West will support the Chicago nominees, provided they are silver men, and the St. Louis convention turns down silver?"

"There is no doubt of that whatever. It is my judgment that every State west of the Ohio will support any candidate for the Presidency who stands on an unequivocal silver platform."

OHIO LEGISLATURE ADJOURNS.

Governor Bushnell Made a Closing Address to Each Branch.

Columbus, O., April 27.—The seventy-second general assembly of Ohio adjourned sine die at noon today.

The session has been characterized by an enactment of important revenue measures in the way of excise tax laws. The largest outlay of public funds authorized by it was \$500,000, with which to enlarge the State capitol building. A bill to appropriate \$100,000 to build a Governor's mansion failed to pass.

One measure passed that caused the suspicion of scandal. That was the Rodgers bill, emanating from Cincinnati, to permit the granting of street railway franchises for fifty years. The short session today was taken up almost entirely by the formalities of adjournment. Gov. Bushnell visited each branch just before adjournment and made a short address.

BIG CYCLONE IN DAKOTA

Farm Buildings Swept Away and Telegraph Traffic Suspended.

One Man Was Hurt Fifty Feet and Fatally Injured—Track of the Storm Was Narrow.

Fargo, N. D., April 27.—The first cyclone in North Dakota since the Fargo catastrophe in 1890, is reported west of Barnes county last evening.

The cyclone formed in the southern end of Edgemoor, moving in a zig-zag course, in a northeasterly direction. The worst damage is reported at Saurborn, where a school-house and barn were completely demolished.

The force of the storm was felt at Hobart, where all the farm buildings of Mrs. Munson were swept away. Mrs. Munson rushed to the cellar.

The building was swept from over her head, and she was killed. She was found lying in a slough, fifty yards away. Her arms and legs are broken and it is thought she is fatally injured internally.

The path of destruction was only a few feet in width and included but few buildings in the course of about eight miles.

The force of the storm was spent at Valley City. Wireless telegraph here and Hobart are down.

Another Cyclone in Arkansas.

Memphis, Tenn., April 27.—A diminutive cyclone swept over a portion of Perry and Conway counties, Arkansas, yesterday, wrecking a considerable amount of property, but so far as reported no lives were lost. The loss was heaviest in the vicinity of Morrilton.

REVOKED A REGULATION.

Treasury Decision on Telegraph Tolls Causes Change in Army Rules.

The comptroller of the Treasury has rendered a decision in answer to a request of the War Department to be informed whether disbursing officers of the Army shall hereafter pay telegraph companies for messages transmitted without direction and operated along the bond-aided Pacific railroad, or whether the requirements of existing Army regulations that such messages be submitted to the accounting officers of the Treasury for adjudication and settlement shall continue to operate.

The substance of this decision is, that when the messages are sent, and accounts kept, as to render it impossible to ascertain the extent to which the railroad lines are used, the telegraph company receiving the messages without direction as to their transmission over the railroad lines, is entitled to payment on the presumption that only the lines owned by it were used for the service.

As a result of the decision the department has been obliged to revoke one of the Army regulations.

CANADA'S PREMIER RESIGNS.

Pir Mackenzie Powell Surrenders the Prime Ministership.

Ottawa, April 27.—Sir Mackenzie Powell this evening formally resigned the premiership of Canada to Lord Aberdeen, governor general.

In addition to resigning verbally, Sir Mackenzie handed the governor general a private letter giving his reasons for resigning, which, it is said, made certain recommendations to his excellency in regard to the premiership. After some consideration the resignation was accepted by Lord Aberdeen.

Pardoned by Gov. Bradley.

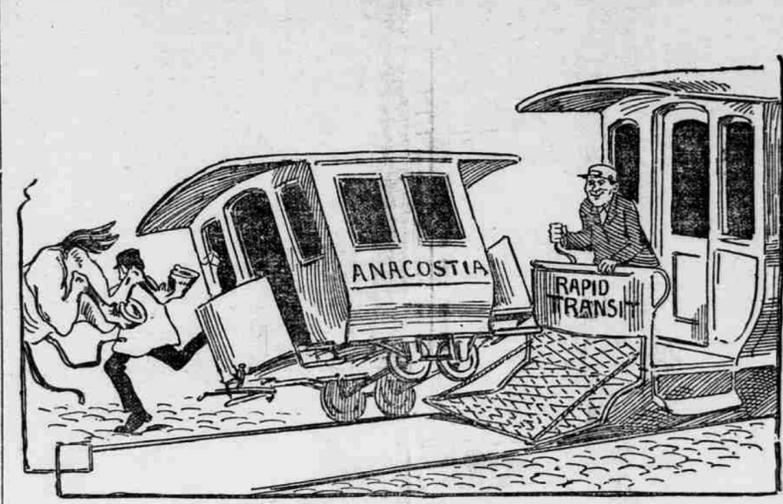
Frankfort, Ky., April 27.—Gov. Bradley this afternoon granted a pardon to Judge A. M. Pulliam of Breckinridge county, who received a fifteen-year sentence for manslaughter. Pulliam killed a wealthy farmer named Miller on account of an alleged injury done to the latter and Mrs. Pulliam, county was the county judge of Breckinridge county at the time of the killing and was a prominent Republican. He has served about six years of his sentence.

British Ship Burned at Sea.

London, April 27.—The Nicaraguan ship Charles E. Flint, late the battleship Curlew, Capt. Carrer, from New York, March 14 for Shanghai, has been burned at sea. Her crew have arrived at Pernambuco.

Fire in a Toledo Foundry.

Toledo, Ohio, April 27.—Fire in the plant of the Smead Foundry Company at Smead avenue and Babcock street, tonight did damage to the extent of \$50,000; fully insured.



JACKSON GAINS A POINT

Certain Testimony Excluded in the Bryan Murder Trial.

NEW WITNESSES ARE HEARD

Cincinnati, April 27.—Detective Crim took the witness stand in the Scott Jackson trial this morning and described the scene of the murder on the afternoon of the day the body was found.

In reply to a question from the prosecutor Crim stated that he searched Jackson's room on February 9 and found a black pair of stockings, a lady's pocketbook with a chain attached to it, two pairs of white gloves, a cap in the closet, and letters addressed to Jackson. Witness was questioned as to the statements made by Jackson and Walling at the time of their arrest.

After the detailing of the charges and countercharges of the prisoners in Mayor Caldwell's office on February 6, the judge instructed the jury to exclude from their minds all of the testimony of Mayor Caldwell and Detective Crim relating to anything which Walling may have charged Jackson with and which Jackson denied.

SHOTS OUT A STORY.

This ruling of Judge Helm shuts off a very sensational story, part of which is that of Walling's own action, that he was going to kill Pearl Bryan with cocaine.

Detective Jacob M. Dermott was the first witness of the afternoon session. He said that the marks on the ground at the scene of the murder would indicate that Pearl Bryan had been violently thrown down on the plank. He also related the circumstances of the conversation on the "sensitive" cell. J. E. Gilroy, a newspaper reporter, said that he saw Jackson in the jail cell and identified him as being found on Jackson when he was searched.

Charles Rogers, employed at Heider's restaurant and bar, testified that he saw Walling and Jackson boarded, testified that he saw Jackson in the early morning of February 1. Walling, he said, came in about 3 o'clock in the morning and asked for a room. It was the first time Walling ever slept at the hotel. The upper part of Walling's clothing was wet.

WILL WOOD RECALLED.

Harry Hayes, who is connected with the firm of Louis & Hayes, shoe dealers, of Green Castle, Ind., identified the shoes and rubbers found on the dead girl.

William L. Finney, a newspaper reporter, next testified to the finding of Jackson's coat in the sewer, at the corner of Richmond and Johns streets. He saw Detective Walling search the coat and saw him take out a small handful of leaves from the upper outside pocket and a leaf from a lower pocket.

Will Wood, was then recalled, and said that he was at Plymouth, Ind., on February 1, visiting from Friday noon to Monday night. He wrote to Scott Jackson from Plymouth on Sunday on a typewriter. He signed it with "B." Attorney Crawford produced a letter, which the witness identified as his own the intentions with a lead pencil. He was at the Oliver House, in South Bend, February 2, and wrote Jackson a letter on that day and signed it "B."

Crawford produced another letter, which the witness also identified as the one he had written. These are the letters which were unprintable and were missing for several days.

In answer to questions, Wood said that Jackson had a most degrading influence over him since he was seventeen years old.

This testimony was objected to by Attorney Crawford and after hearing arguments on the point, Judge Helm adjourned court until tomorrow.

INDEMNITY FOR A WHEELMAN.

Demand May Be Made of the Turkish Government in Lenz's Case.

Pittsburg, Pa., April 27.—W. L. Sachtelben of Alton, Ill., who went to Turkey in search of the missing Pittsburg wheelman, Frank Lenz, and ascertained that he had been murdered by Kurds, spent today with Lenz's mother, giving her a detailed report of his search and discoveries.

Sachtelben said that as soon as he arrives home steps will be taken to place the matter of Lenz's murder before the Turkish State authorities at Washington, with the purpose of demanding indemnity from the Turkish government. Sachtelben leaves for home this evening.

Favor McKinley and Smith.

Grand Haven, Mich., April 27.—At the Ottawa county Republican convention this morning, McKinley delegates were elected to the State delegate convention, and resolutions were unanimously adopted favoring McKinley for President and William Alden Smith for Congress.

Thread Manufacturers Combine.

Glasgow, April 27.—It is reported here that the Thread Manufacturing Companies, of Coats & Clark, in Paisley, and the United States will amalgamate and form a central agency in the United States.

Crushed in a Quarry.

York, Pa., April 27.—A cave-in occurred at the date quarry of John W. Jones at York today in which two workmen, Lewis Evans and Harry Jones, were crushed all beyond recognition. Both the victims live at Delta.

Congress Heights office 631 Pa. ave. av.

It Gives Way at Last.

FLOOD'S PENALTY REMITTED.

Candidate for Congress on Trial for Breaking His Bond.

(Special to The Times.)

Richmond, April 27.—Last January State Senator H. D. Flood was placed under a \$2,000 peace bond by the Buckingham county court to prevent difficulty between him and Col. R. T. Hubbard. He was tried in the county jail for breaking this bond by assaulting Senator W. M. Finnington during the late legislature.

Three witnesses to the difficulty with Finnington were examined, and though it was adjudged that Flood had forfeited the bond, the judge remitted the penalty on account of the provocation shown. Flood is a candidate for Congress from the Tenth district.

RIOTS CAUSED BY TAXES

Serious Uprisings Reported in an Italian City.

Troops Were Stopped and the Residence of the Mayor Wrecked.

Palermo, April 27.—There was a riot today at Palermo, a city ten miles northwest of Catania. The populace, which consists chiefly of the lower classes, became incensed against the imposition of the communal taxes and made a demonstration that at one time threatened to become very serious.

The mob attacked the house of the syndic, or mayor, and smashed the windows and destroyed a number of street lamps. They then set fire to the office of the syndic, where the tax on provisions, etc., entering the city is collected, and to a number of entry boxes, and they were destroyed.

The mob was in a most dangerous humor and the population were powerless to quell the disturbance. The military was called out, but the riotous and riotous, severely wounding an officer and three soldiers. An attempt was made to quell the riot by releasing the convicts, but this was fortunately prevented by the troops.

The situation was becoming extremely critical when a project of Catania arrived on the scene.

He finally, after several fruitless attempts, got the crowd to listen to him. He promised that some of the more burdensome of the grievances of the people would be redressed, and by his conciliatory attitude and the calmness of his speech, the mob, which then dispersed.

PARADE IN NIGHTSHIRTS.

Brown's Students Turn Providence Upside Down in Celebrating.

Providence, R. I., April 27.—One hundred Brown University students, followed by 500 others, paraded the streets tonight in nightshirts. They were celebrating their team's victory at baseball over Pennsylvania College, at Philadelphia, today.

The parade was held all over town, and a band discoursed popular airs. The college drum corps also turned out. The leaders of the crowd captured a church bell, and changed the big bell in defiance of the police. It was the wildest college demonstration ever held in this town.

SHIP BUILDERS STRIKE.

Fifteen Hundred Men Out at South Chicago.

Chicago, April 27.—Fifteen hundred men employed at the Chicago Ship Building Company's yards, at South Chicago, went on strike today. The cause of the strike is said to be a difference in regard to the wages and hours, and the walkout has been in progress for several days.

This morning when the time came for the men to go to work not one put in an appearance. The officials of the company say they hope to have the dispute adjusted in a short time. They admit that they have a large amount of work on hand and that the strike is a very serious matter just at this time.

ANOTHER POCAHONTAS STRIKE.

One Thousand Men Expected to Go Out at an Early Date.

(Special to The Times.)

Richmond, Va., April 27.—Information has reached here that the coal miners at Pocahontas, where troops had to be stationed for months last spring, will go on a strike May 1, for the 80 cents per car load taken off their pay sometime ago.

The miners claim that the cars are overloaded and will demand scales to weigh the hoppers generally in view of the expected strike. The traffic has been very heavy for months. The strike will include 1,000 men, and will be a very serious affair.

Jalous of His Sister.

Louisville, Ky., April 27.—Sam Brumley, aged nineteen, shot and fatally wounded his half sister, Iva Clark, aged fifteen, at 10 o'clock this morning, because he was jealous of favoritism shown her. He then shot himself in the head but only inflicted a scalp wound.

Noblemen Knocked Down by a Car.

London, April 27.—Prince Christian of Schleswig-Holstein, husband of Princess Helena, daughter of Queen Victoria, was knocked down by a cab while crossing a street today and badly shaken up.

MACEO SAYS SEND ARMS

If United States Would Not Interfere Cuba Could Win.

SATISFIED WITH RESULTS

Insurgent General Writes a Letter to Senator Palma—Defends His Extreme Measures in View of Weyler's Wild Operations—Able to Carry Out His Commands in Pinar del Rio.

New York, April 27.—Senator Palma, of the Cuban Junta, has received a letter from Gen. Antonio Maceo, dated El Rincón (Pinar del Rio), April 14, in which he says: "With us everything goes on very well and there is no doubt of our ability to triumph, if by no other means, by exhausting Spain."

"However, as an early termination of the war is what most is sought for, and as I read in the papers that it is discussed whether the United States should intervene or not, and I have no doubt that, if the United States would give us every effort to obtain whatever may be beneficial for Cuba, I take the liberty of remarking that the surest way of bringing the war to a very early termination, would be to place here some 20,000 rifles and 4,000,000 cartridges."

HE SHOULD NOT INTERFERE.

"If the United States, observing their own laws, would not interfere with the shipments of arms and ammunition for us, it would be a great service rendered to Cuba without provoking any complications with Spain, for, as I understand it, these shipments would be perfectly legal."

"I have been compelled by circumstances to resort to extreme measures. Gen. Weyler, in his wild desire of obtaining glory and of obstructing the recognition of our independence, went in his predicaments, so far as to promise the planters that they would be able to grind their cane, while to the government he gave the assurance that the elections could be peacefully held and to the country at large he declared that 'As you will see, the same other provinces would be soon pacified.'"

HE IS SATISFIED.

"Some of the planters, showing themselves willing to believe that the general effort would keep his promise, began to get energetic about the American charge d'affaires, who protested to the port against the contemplated action and instructed the commercial agent at Havana to call for an American warship if it should be necessary, to compel the authorities to deliver Mr. Knapp to him."

Mr. Knapp, despite the protest of the officials to the contrary, was a prisoner during the whole of the journey from Bilis. While he was in Aleppo the mail of that village tried to induce him to sign a pledge that he would never return to Bilis, but this Mr. Knapp promptly refused to do.

No one believes that the American charge d'affaires is planning to sign a pledge against the contemplated action and instructed the commercial agent at Havana to call for an American warship if it should be necessary, to compel the authorities to deliver Mr. Knapp to him.

MURDERED TWO PERSONS.

Brookville, Ky., April 27.—It is reported here that Robert Laughlin, who is in jail at Maysville, for the murder of his wife and niece, whom he assaulted, has professed insanity, and the second, making five in all.

CHILD BRIDE'S CRIME.

Dallas, Cal., April 27.—Mrs. Will Jarman, a thirteen-year-old girl, has been arrested here, charged with poisoning her father-in-law's family. It is said that she was detected in an attempt to poison her father-in-law, which she was carrying to her sick husband.

When a paper, driven by competitors, is forced to exaggerate its statements, it invariably follows the course which it has pursued in the past. It soon matters little whether it is killed for a wolf or a sheep. Hence it makes no appreciable difference whether that paper claims to reach 42½, 82½, 96½ or 196½ of all the occupied houses in Washington. The public may, with the rare good nature with which this community is credited, close its eyes to the vagaries of this clever manipulator of figures. But, believe them, not in this day and generation. More copies of THE TIMES are sold every week day, by fully twenty-five per cent, than of any paper in the District of Columbia. Circulation books open to all.

MARRIAGE BILL PASSED.

House Finally Disposes of the Needed Measure.

In addition to the Traction Railway bill, another measure of great importance to the District was virtually enacted into law by the House yesterday. The marriage bill, as it passed the Senate, with a few perfecting and modifying amendments, was adopted by the House.

Parties applying for a license to marry are required to state their ages, under oath. Ministers failing to return notice of having performed a ceremony on the license issued are liable to a fine of from \$20 to \$250. The marriage of both males is fixed at twenty-one years and of females at eighteen years.

The necessity for a revision of the marriage laws has long been apparent, and this legislation is believed to be a step in the right direction.

CANDLER WAS OUT OF JAIL

Jackson City Gambler and His Guard Were Drunk.

Hubbard at Alexandria When It Was Learned the Prisoner Had Escaped. Found in a Fireplace.

Harry Candler, serving a sentence of one year in the city jail for running a gambling house in the county, was locked out of that institution last night by the warden. It was shortly after 8 o'clock when great disorder was heard in the office of the jail by Mrs. Williams, who lives in the residence portion of that institution. She became alarmed, and ran into the street and dispatched a boy to police headquarters with the message that an attempt was being made by the prisoners to break jail.

Police Sergeant Smith, with officers Ferguson, Proctor and Hall, hurried to the jail, and, finding the front door unfastened, made their way into the office. As soon as the officers reached the interior they became convinced that all was not right, they then searched the "grate" door leading into the jail proper, and fastened it.

They discovered McArnold, the guard on duty, in a drunken condition. He was speechless, and it was not until the arrival of Mrs. Williams, that the officers were advised that a prisoner was out of jail, and was believed by her to be Harry Candler. He was helplessly drunk and had to be brought bodily to the lower floor, and it was some time before he would make any statement. He finally told the officers that he had been let out of jail by Arnold, but said he would rather die than say anything more.

He stated that the schooner Competitor left Cape Sable last Wednesday night with a full cargo of arms, ammunition and men for Cuba. The schooner was under the command of Munoz and the vessel is navigated by the second mate from the schooner John P. Kraus.

AN EXPEDITION LANDED.

Havana, April 27.—The Cuban sympathizers in this city are secretly rejoicing over the receipt of trustworthy intelligence that further aid for the insurgents has arrived. An expedition with a large quantity of arms and ammunition has safely landed on the coast of Pinar del Rio, and the supplies are now safe in the hands of the patriots.

The expedition comprised a large number of men, all well armed and equipped for instant service. No details are given as to where the expedition was from, but their heavy arms and supplies having safely landed the Spanish warships and troops.

Col. Zubia reports that the troops under his command are now in the province of San Juan estate, near Camajuani. A brisk fight followed, in which the rebels lost four killed. The insurgents retreated, but were followed by the troops, who again attacked them.

The rebels made a stout resistance, but could not withstand the fire of the troops and were compelled to retreat, leaving eleven dead on the field.

USUAL SPANISH CLAIM.

The troops, according to the report, had only three wounded in both fights, a claim that has a seeming air of improbability. While Col. Zubia's command was on its way to the coast of Pinar del Rio, near Mariel, a rebel band, under Perico Delgado, was encountered.

The troops occupied strategic positions in the hills, but the rebels dislodged them and pursued them into the mountains. The loss of the insurgents is said to have been heavy. They left their dead on the field, and two men who were wounded died later. The troops had seven wounded.

Gen. Bañares, commander in chief, is stated that he has been ordered away on an important mission.

Among the documents found on the body of Jose Alfonso, a rebel leader, was a circular ordering him to protect the property of Americans. Manuel Martinez Valenzuela, was also among the rebels in the Cuban forest for rebellion and arson.

There is no news concerning the movements of Maceo, who is still in the province of Pinar del Rio.

MELINE FORMS A CABINET.

Moderate Republican Body Said to Have Been Named.

London, April 27.—The Morning Post will tomorrow publish a dispatch from Paris saying it is generally reported that M. Melles has succeeded in forming a moderate republican cabinet, in which there is no radical element.

According to reports M. Hanotaux will be minister of foreign affairs, M. Burthou, minister of interior, M. Melles, prime minister and minister of justice, Gen. Billot, probably, minister of war, and Admiral de Bary, minister of marine.

The correspondent of the Daily News adds the name of M. Trarieux to the list of ministers. She adds: "M. Melles is a moderate republican, but he is not a radical element. Most of the names mentioned in connection with the reported cabinet are those of men who have held high positions in different ministries."

CULLOM SAYS HE'S IN IT.

Senator Has Gone to Illinois to Look After His Business.

Chicago, April 27.—Senator Shelby M. Cullom arrived here today from Washington on route to Springfield, Ill., to attend the annual convention of the Illinois Republican State Convention. He said he was going because his friends wanted him to do so, and was hopeful of getting instructions for his Presidential candidacy.

"Of course I am a candidate," he added, "and expect to remain one to the end. The fight will not be a good one, and our boys will know presently where they are at."

Philadelphia Manufacturers Fail. Philadelphia, April 27.—Emmel Kata and Solomon W. Katz, individually, and trading as Emanuel Katz & Son, pianola manufacturers, 347 Market street, were closed today by Charles Goldsmith, John Weaver, counsel for the assignees, states that the failure was brought about by O. N. Hayes, of New York, serving an attachment on the firm on Friday last on account of a bill due him, a portion of which does not mature until November.

His Money on McKinley.

New York, April 27.—Howard P. Frothingham, the money broker, today offered to bet anywhere from \$1,000 to \$25,000 in support of the election of McKinley over Cleveland. The remains of the deceased are awaiting instructions from relatives.

A Marvelous Value.

\$20 finely custom-made suits for only \$10 is the greatest value in clothing ever offered in Washington. Miff Clothing Parlor, 407 Seventh street.

BERMUDA HAS PUT TO SEA

Daring Filibuster Slips Out On Another Expedition.

CRUISERS ON THE LOOKOUT

She Left Jacksonville with Arms and Men While Spanish Warships Are Patrolling the Route—Agents Say She Will Fight If Cornered—Carried a Large Party.

Jackonville, Fla., April