advantages another Southern market for our produce. I respect fully bespeak for this, as well as every other substantial project of improvement that may be presented, your liberal and enlightened regard. In this connection, the further improvement of our rivers, ought not to be overlooked. Many lasting advantages can be attained by the expenditure of small sums, in the removal of specified obstructions, that now interfere materially with the navigation of many of our streams. The details of these, their locality and estimated cost, are best known to yourselves.

But while I am the earnest advocate of everything that tends to develope the resources of the State—to quicken and advance her growth, in agriculture and the mechanic arts, in commerce and manufactures—I am not a friend to rash and improvident expenditures. The faith of the State ought not to be impaired, or endangered for any improvements however desirable. And it is gratifying to our pride of character as a people, that hitherto all our public engagements have been promptly and faithfully met. The credit of the State has hitherto escaped any reflection, either at home or abroad, and this may assure the world that repudiation will never find a lodgment within our limits, as I trust it may never find an advocate.

I beg leave to call your attention to that portion of the revenue law, passed at the last session, which relates to the tax on merchants. It is, in my judgment, unequal and oppressive, and I respectfully recommend its modification. It was no doubt the result of oversight in its framers. As the law now stands it is a great hardship on that class of men.

Some amendment might be made to advantage, in our penal code, so far as relates to the punishment of slaves. The present law, conferring power on the executive, to commute the punishment of death to imprisonment for life in the Penitentiary does not, in my judgment, extend to slaves. And cases will often occur, where the pardoning power ought to be exercised, but where some punishment short of death, would be gladly inflicted if authority existed for it. Now it is death or no punishment at all, in all capital convictions of slaves. What additional mode of punishment should be adopted in such cases, is difficult to determine. The choice, perhaps, is limited between confinement in the common jail and in the Penitentiary. The punishment now inflicted on a slave for larceny, is a mere farce, and has no sort of terror connected with it—since he receives the same at the hands of his master for every day delinquencies. I submit to you, whether there is any remedy for these defects in the law, consistent with sound policy.

A vacancy has occurred in the Third Solicitorial District, by the resignation of Samuel A. Smith, Esq., which was temporarily filled by the appointment of James B. Cooke, Esq., of Athens. A vacancy occurred in the office of Register of the Ocoee District, by the resignation of J. C. Tipton, and was supplied by the appointment of F. W. Lea of Cleaveland. A vacancy also occurred in the office of Register of the Mountain District, by the death of Jacob A. Lane, and was supplied by the appointment of John F. Voss of Sparta. The office of Comptroller of the State became vacant by the resignation of F. K. Zollicoffer, and was filled by the appointment of Benjamin H. Shepherd. The office of Physician and Superintendent of the Lunatic Asylum, became vacant by the death of Dr. John S. McNairy, and was filled by the appointment of Dr. Boyd McNairy. Hon. James Scott, Judge of the 14th Judicial Circuit, recently resigned his office, to take effect on the 29th ult. This vacancy has not been filled by me, but is reserved for your election. These embrace all the vacancies that have occurred since your last adjournment, the appointment of which is vested in your Honorable body.

Here I might close this communication, as all the principal subjects of State interest proper to be presented, are embraced. But the question of slavery, or rather the questions connected with it, have of late assumed such importance, as to demand my notice and some consideration at your hands. This institution, in my opinion, belongs exclusively to the States, where it exists, and neither the General Government, nor the other States of the Union, have any right to interfere with it, directly or indirectly.—And if such right did exist, the subject is of too delicate and agitating a character to justify its exercise. I also deny the power, claimed by many, in the General Government, to exclude slavery from the new territories where it does not exist. That power is at least questionable, and it will be time enough to yield its existence when it is settled by the graver tribunals of the country. In short, it seems to me that slavery in any aspect of it, does not properly admit of legislation by Congress, either to determine where it shall or shall not go, or to abolish, limit, or impair it where it is. And certainly the repose of that section of the Union, where slavery exists, is best consulted by total silence on the part of Congress upon this delicate subject. While this is so, the termination of slavery, if it is to have a termination, is deeply involved in the prudence and forbearance of those, who are desirous to witness such an event. Every attempt to limit or interfere with it, by direct or indirect means, tends but to perpetuate it, and what is more, to weaken and alienate the feelings and affections of one section of the Union towards the other. Let the people who shall inhabit the new territories, determine the question for themselves, when they meet to establish a State Government. Their right to do this is admitted by all, but to exclude slavery from the territories in advance, by the adoption of what is called the Wilmot Proviso, is, in effect, to foreclose the whole question. I am happy in the belief, that all difficulty on the subject will be obviated at an early day, by the establishment of State governments, both in California and New Mexico; and whether they adopt or exclude slavery, is a matter for themselves, in which we have no concern, and about which, I am sure, I feel no solicitude. All lovers of the Union—all friends to peace and harmony, will rejoice at such a consummation. And it can neither injure nor disappoint any class, unless it be a few political agitators, both in the North and South, who have found in this question a prime element for commotion and disturbance. I have no sympathy with the threats of violence and disunion, that have been but too often heralded forth, on both sides of the question, as the ultimate remedy. This is not the proper mode of vindicating rights, between two great sections of the country—bound together by so many glorious recollections—and inspired by so many brilliant hopes and expectations as belong to the future. I see nothing in the present aspect of this question to justify either a resort to violence or disunion, or to threaten them as remedies. If it should present a graver feature, in its progress, let the emergency dictate the remedy. In the mean time, let us insist on our rights by all constitutional means, and also resolve to maintain the Union *"at all hazards and to the last extremity."* I am willing to yield the honor of disunion doctrines to those who rely upon them as a cure to any present or probable evils to arise from the question of slavery. Upon them will rest the responsibility (and a fearful one it will be) of calculating the value of the Union, and cheapening its dignity and duration, in the estimation of any portion of the American people. With the Union, we have every thing to inspire the hopes and impel the energies of patriotism, amid the vast field of improvement that lies before us. Without it, we have nothing worth maintaining—worth living for—worth dying for! Clouds and darkness rest upon such a future—sectional jealousies—border frays—endless collisions—the prostration of trade and commerce, and the ruin of American liberty, fill up the baleful picture. Against such a contemplation, all men of all parties, ought to turn with instinctive horror. The Union ought to be deemed invaluable—as when it was formed, it was deemed indispensible. It is invaluable; and deserves to be the last of human institutions that shall fade before the trumpet of retribution.

Whether slavery is right or wrong—founded in good or bad policy, it will run its course, and maintain its place. And whenever slave labor ceases to be profitable, the institution will no doubt be dispensed with, in the same way and from the same motives, which terminated it in the North-Eastern States, where it formally existed. It asks for no protection, but simply demands to be let alone. It cherishes no spirit of propagandism, but acknowledges the right and power of those who dispense with it to do so.

For the purpose, therefore, of vindicating our rights, as well as to allay existing agitation, I recommend, that you memorialize Congress in a firm, vigorous, and temperate Appeal, against all legislation on the subject, and leave the evil, if it be an evil, to correct itself, under the auspices of local public sentiment, and local legislation—and allow the blessing, to be enjoyed unmolested, under the sanctuary of State authority.

In closing this communication, I beg leave to tender the assurance of my best wishes for your success, in the discharge of the high duties which surround you, and for the lasting prosperity and happiness of our beloved State.

N. S. BROWN.

READING.—It will be found by observation that persons who are fond of reading, who have access to a small number of good books, are much more intelligent than those who read everything and digest nothing. The truth is, we all read too many books.

We should know more, if we confined our reading to a smaller number.

The city of the *Mormons*, and its vicinity, near Salt Lake, have twenty thousand inhabitants. The city is situated south of the Salt Lake, in a valley twenty miles wide, surrounded on three sides by tall ranges of mountains, capped with snow; on the fourth side is the lake. The city is laid off in half-miles squares, without timber except on the side of the mountains. So writes R. K. Lewis, Esq. formerly of Glasgow, *Missouri*, who reached the Mormon city in July last, on his way to California.

The Journal of Commerce estimates the population of New-York at 425,000 of which from 150,000 to 200,000 are foreigners.

NEW YORK COURT OF COMMON PLEAS—Anna Judson vs. Edward Z. C. Judson.—In this case, the plaintiff sought to be divorced from her husband for various acts of ill treatment. Divorce granted.

FREE SOIL INSTITUTIONS.—The Star (Lebanon, O.) says, we understand that the Bishop of the African Methodist Church was stabbed a few days since at the Camp Ground, near Mason. He was attempting to keep the peace.

There was any amount of rioting, gambling, and horse racing in the vicinity of the Camp Meeting.

McClinton Young, chief Clerk of the Treasury Department, resigned his office to-day, the resignation to take place on the 1st of December.

EVILS OF PROSPERITY.—A widow and daughter came suddenly into possession of $60,000 in England lately, but they could not bear their good fortune, and both became insane.

CHURCH GOERS.

Two lovely Ladies dwell at——,
And each a churching goes;
Emma goes there—*to close her eyes*
And Jane—*to eye her clothes.*

MASONIC.

The Corner Stone of the East Tennessee Masonic Female Institute, will be laid with Masonic honors on Tuesday 18th inst., in Maryville. An appropriate address will be delivered on the occasion. The Brethren of the respective Lodges of East Tennessee and other Brethren are respectfully invited and solicited to attend and assist on the occasion.

By order of the Lodge.

SAMUEL PRIDE, *Secty, pro tem.*
New Prov. Lodge, No. 128.
Maryville, Oct. 4th 1849.

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS!!

M'EWEN & GILLESPIE,

HAVE just received and opened their FALL AND WINTER STOCK, to which they invite the attention of their friends and customers.

McE. & G. keep constantly on hand a good assorment of Iron, Nails, Castings, Window Glass, Putty, &c., &c.

Athens, Oct 12, 1849—tf 55

AUCTION, AUCTION.

THE undersigned having determined to close their entire stock of Goods out by the 1st day of January, 1850, are now offering them at cost and carriage, and will continue to do so until Monday of the December Circuit Court at this place, on which and succeeding days they will sell to the highest bidder until the whole stock is disposed of. They are now receiving additional supplies of Fall and Winter Goods, direct from Philadelphia, all of which they offer in the same way.—They have not room in this to give names and styles of Goods, but would just say that their stock is large and well assorted.

We invite the public generally to call and examine our stock—if we do not sell to them it will be because they do not wish to buy.

TERMS OF AUCTION: All sums under Five Dollars, Cash in hand—all sums over Five Dollars, 12 months time with bond and approved security. CLEAGE & CO.

Oct 12, 1849—tf 55

Public Auction

OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.
LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST!

WILL be sold at Public Auction, on the premises, on Thursday, the 1st day of November next, by consent of the heirs, the valuable tract of Land belonging to the estate of the late Barnard Franklin, lying in Sweetwater Valley, Roane county, Tenn., containing Three Hundred and Twenty Acres, about two hundred of which is under cultivation. There is a good dwelling house with all necessary outbuildings on the premises. The land lies three miles north of Philadelphia and three south of Blair's Ferry, and is on the stage road leading from Knoxville to Athens. The East Tennessee and Georgia Railroad passes through the farm, which will greatly increase its value when that road is in operation, as it is probable a depot will be established at Blair's Ferry.

Oct. 12, 1849 55

PATENT BALANCES.—A few pair weighing 500 lbs., for sale by
McEWEN & GILLESPIE.
Oct. 12, 1849—tf 55

DOCTOR

MILTON Y. HEISKELL

HAS located himself permanently at the residence of his father on Tennessee River, where he may at all times be found, except when absent on the business of his profession. He is a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, one of the oldest and most respectable Medical Schools in the United States.

Oct 12, 1849—tf 55

TOBACCO.

GEO. W. ROSS & CO., have just received a large lot of the very best brands of Tobacco, which they will sell at moderate prices.

Sept 7, 1849—tf 50

COMMERCIAL.

AUGUSTA
WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

OCTOBER 7, 1849.

PREPARED FOR THE POST
BY BAKER, WILCOX & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERY MERCHANTS, AUGUSTA, GA.

CANDLES, Spermaceti, per lb.	37½	a	40
COFFEE, Cuba, per lb.	7¾	a	8¼
Rio, "	7¾	a	8¼
Java, "	11½	a	12½
Lagvura "	8	a	8½
FISH, Mackerel, No. 1, per bbl.	11	a	12
" No. 2,	8¼	a	9
" No. 3,	5¾	a	6
LEAD, Pig and Bar, per lb.	6	a	6½
White Lead,	7½	a	9
MOLASSES, Cuba, per gal.	24	a	25
New Orleans,	30	a	33
NAILS, Cut, 4d to 20d, per lb.	4¾	a	5
OILS, Sperm, W. strained,	1 30	a	1 37
Fall strained,	1 25	a	0 00
Summer do.	1 00	a	1 12
Linseed,	87½	a	00
Tanners,	55	a	00
Lard,	1 25	a	0 00
POWDER, Gun, per keg,	4 50	a	5 50
Blasting,	4 25	a	4 50
RAISINS, Malaga, bunch, box,	2 50	a	3 00
Muscatel,	2 00	a	0 00
SUGAR, Cuba Muscovado, pr lb.	6	a	7
P. R. & St. Croix,	7	a	9
Havana, white,	9½	a	10½
New Orleans,	5½	a	7
Loaf,	10	a	10½
Lump,	10	a	12
Clarified,	8	a	9
SEGARS, Spanish, per 1000,	20 00	a	30 00
American,	8 00	a	10 00
TEAS, Pouchong, per lb.	50	a	75
Gunpowder & Imp.	70	a	1 00
Hyson,	70	a	80
Young Hyson,	50	a	75

CHARLESTON
WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

OCTOBER 7, 1849.

PREPARED FOR THE POST
BY EDWARD MITCHELL, Jr.

BACON, Hams, per lb.	8	a	10
Shoulders,	5½	a	6
Sides,	7	a	7¼
BEESWAX, per lb.	17	a	18
COFFEE, Porto Rico, per lb.	7½	a	8½
Rio,	6½	a	6½
FEATHERS, Live Geese, pr lb.		a	
LARD, per lb.	8	a	8½
LIME, Stone,	95	a	1 10
MOLASSES, Cuba, hhds & tcs. gl	18½	a	19½
Louisiana,	22	a	28
NAILS, Cut, 4d to 20d, per lb,	4	a	4½
SPIRITS, Domestic, per gal.			
Gin, American,	27	a	28
SUGARS, Muscovado, per lb.	5½	a	6
Porto Rico,	--	a	—
Havana, white,	—	a	—
" brown,	—	a	—
Loaf,	—	a	—
Lump,	—	a	—
Louisiana,	6	a	6½
SALT, Liverpool coarse, pr sk.	95	a	1 00

DALTON MARKET.

Prepared for the "Post" by J. N. Cate.

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 10.

But little is doing in the market to-day except in a retail way. The receipts of produce from the country has been light for several days past. Our merchants are now receiving their full stocks and are anticipating a heavy trade.

BACON—The demand for this article is light, but buyers are taking good sides at 5½ yet.

WHEAT—There has been a fair business done in this article for the past week. The quantity offered has considerably increased and the quality much better than usual.—Wheat is worth $1 per 60 lbs.

FLOUR is dull at 3½c per lb. in barter.

CORN MEAL is steady at 40c per bu.

LARD 5½ a 5½c per lb.

ONIONS 50c per bu.

SALT remains at $2,25 per sack, but the price will advance as the demand for the season increases.

COFFEE—A still further advance has taken place in this article. A good article of Rio is worth 10c per lb. by the bag.

NAILS 6½c by the keg.

MOLASSES 40c per gal.

FEATHERS 25 a 27c per lb.

GEORGIA BANK NOTE TABLE.

Augusta Insurance and Banking Co.,	par.
Bank of Augusta,	"
Branch State of Georgia, Augusta,	"
Bank of Brunswick,	"
Georgia Rail Road,	"
Mechanics' Bank,	"
Bank of St. Mary's,	"
Bank of Milledgeville,	"
Bank of the State of Ga., Savannah,	"
Branches of ditto.	"
Marine and Fire Ins'ce B'k, Savannah,	"
Branch of do., at Macon,	"
Planter's Bank, Savannah,	"
Central Bank of Georgia,	"
Central R. R. & B'king Co., Savannah,	"
Charleston Banks,	"
Bank of Camden,	"
Bank of Georgetown,	"
Commercial, Columbia,	"
Merchants', at Cheraw,	"
Bank of Hamburg,	"
Alabama Notes,	2 a dis.
Commercial Bank of Macon,	failed
NO SALE OR UNCERTAIN.	
Merchants' Bank of Macon,	
Bank of Darien and Branches.	
Bank of Columbus.	
Chattahoochee R. R. and Banking Co.	
Monroe Rail Road Banking Company.	
Planters' and Mechanics' Bank, Columbus.	
Exchange Bank, Brunswick.	
Insurance Bank of Columbus, at Macon.	
Phœnix Bank of Columbus.	

BANK-NOTE TABLE,
Charleston, S. C.

SOUTH CAROLINA.	
Columbia, Commercial Bank of,	par.
Hamburg, Bank of,	"
Cheraw, M. Bank of,	"
Georgetown, Bank of,	"
Camden, Bank of,	"
South-Western R. R. Bank, Knox.	"
GEORGIA.	"
Sagangah, City Bank,	
Branches State Bank,	1 a 1½ dis.
Athens G. R. R. Company,	1 a 1½ "
Branch, Augusta,	par
Bucksville Banking Company,	
St. Mary's, Bank of,	1 a 1½ dis.
Milledgeville, "	1 a 1½ "
" Central, of Ga.,	1 a 1½ "
North Carolina,	2 a 2½ "
Virginia,	2 a 2½ "

FALL AND WINTER GOODS
JUST ARRIVED!!

S. K. REEDER

IS receiving and opening his supply of Fall and Winter Goods, which have been selected with great care, in the Eastern Markets, and comprising a choice lot. He has no disposition to deal in humbug, by making a great parade, but invites all who want good articles at reasonable prices to call and examine for themselves. He especially invites his old friends and customers to call and see his New Stock.

Feathers, Tallow, Beeswax, Tow, Flax and Cotton Cloth taken in exchange for Goods.

Athens, Oct 5, 1849—tf 54

Window Glass!!

THE HOLSTON
Manufacturing Company,
KNOXVILLE, TENNESSEE,

AFTER the 1st October, expect to be prepared to fill all orders with which they may be favored, for every size and quality of *WINDOW GLASS.* The workmen employed in their establishment are unsurpassed in skill, being all men of experience from the best New Jersey Factories. The machinery is entirely new and of the best quality. The Company will be able to furnish Dealers in Glass with any quantity, of every size and quality of Window Glass, on the shortest notice and the most favorable terms for Cash.

WILLIAMS & CO., Agents.
Sept 28, 1849—tf 53

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ALL those who purchased goods at the sale of Wm. R. Thornton, dec'd, are hereby notified that at the last term of the Chancery Court at Athens, all the books and papers of every kind and description, whatever, was transferred out of my possession and placed in the hands of the Clerk & Master of said Chancery Court, on whom all who are interested can call and make payment of their respective notes and accounts.

A. G. RICE, Adm'r.
Sept 21, 1849—4t 52

WHITE LEAD—PUTTY.

W. ROSS & CO, have just received a very fine lot of pure White Lead. Also a lot of Putty, which they will sell cheap for Cash.

Sept 7, 1849—tf 50

GROCERIES.—On hand a full supply of Groceries, consisting of Sugar, Coffee, Pepper, Alspice, &c., &c.
sale by BRADFORD & DODSON.
May 18, 1849—tf 34

VICTORIA HOTEL,
King Street,
CHARLESTON, S. C.

THIS House has been re-opened by the subscriber, repaired and re-furnished. Country Merchants who like to feed well, sleep well, and be near their business, will do well to stop at the Victoria. An omnibus always in attendance at the Railroad Depot. DANIEL COOK.

July 27, 1849—6m 44

FIRST ARRIVAL
OF
FALL AND WINTER GOODS!

GEO. W. ROSS & CO.,

HAVE just received part of their Fall and Winter Goods, and will still keep ordering the latest and most fashionable wear, both for Gentlemen and Ladies. They have just received a very superior lot of *Ladies Walking and Winter Shoes, Gents Boots and Shoes.* Also, a lot of the very finest Mackinaw Blanket; Zephyr Shawls, extra size; Felting Cloth, for over coats; Tweeds and Linseys; Scarfs; Comforts, &c., which, together with their former desirable supply, makes their stock very complete. Those wishing to purchase for Cash (as that is our motto,) would find it to their interest to give us a call before purchasing, as we are determined to sell at the very lowest prices.

We have also a lot of good School Books, which, in connection with the Books belonging to the Bible Society, makes the stock the best in the world.

Sept. 7, 1848—tf 50

CIGARS.

A LOT of Principe, Regalia and Spanish Cigars just received and for sale by
Sept 7, 1849—tf G. W. ROSS & Co.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—20 gallons Spirits Turpentine just received and for sale by G. W. ROSS & CO.
Sept. 7, 1849—tf 50

CHINA, GLASS AND CROCKERY WARE.

F. HOLMAN & CO.,
IMPORTERS,
AUGUSTA, GEORGIA.

F. H. & Co. are constantly receiving large additions to their Stock, direct from the Manufacturers in England, and selected expressly for city and country trade, to which they invite the attention of purchasers.

Aug 16, 1849—1y 46

Baker, Wilcox & Co.,
WHOLESALE
GROCERY MERCHANTS.
AUGUSTA, GEORGIA,

KEEP constantly on hand a large and well assorted stock of Sugar, Coffee, Salt, &c., which will be sold at the very lowest market prices. All orders shall have careful attention.

☞ Bacon, Lard and Feathers received on consignment.

July 20, 1849—tf 43

CIGARS—CIGARS.—A first rate article of Cigars just received and for sale by
S. K. REEDER.
July 6, 1849—tf 41

FINE CHEWING TOBACCO.—A superior article of Chewing Tobacco, just received and for sale by S K. REEDER.
July 6, 1849—tf 41

SALT—A supply of King's Salt, just received and for sale by
CLEAGE & CO.
Athens, Oct. 5, '49.

VARNISH.

20 GALS. Copal Varnish just received and for sale by G.W. ROSS & Co.
Sept. 7, 1849—tf 50

MOLASSES—Superior article, just received and for sale by
G. W. ROSS & CO,
Athens, Oct. 5, 1849.

NEW AND FASHIONABLE CLOTHING.

George A. Hyde,

(*Successor to Houston & Hyde,*)
283 KING ST., OPPOSITE THE MERCHANTS HOTEL,
CHARLESTON, SO. CA.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Clothing.

HE respectfully invites the attention of his friends and the public, to his large assortment of fashionable and elegant Clothing now on hand, equal in every respect to the best custom work, to which he is weekly adding large supplies direct from his own manufactory in New York. He is now offering this stock (which is not excelled for variety of style, beauty, and durability of workmanship in the Union,) at such prices as to make it an inducement for purchasers to call before making their selections. On hand at all times, a superior assortment of Under Garments, Fancy Articles, Shirt Collars, Gloves, Canes, &c, &c. This establishment is conducted entirely on the Cash principle, both in purchase and sales, giving him great advantage in his selections, and enabling him to sell at New York rates. With attentive and obliging salesmen gentlemen can depend upon having their wants supplied immediately.

All garments warranted to fit well and give satisfaction in every respect.

Charleston, Aug 31, 1849—eow6m 49

Dry Goods
IN CHARLESTON, SOUTH CAROLINA

C. & E. L. HERRISON,
209, KING STREET, CORNER OF MARKET STREET,

WILL offer to Merchants visiting Charleston this Fall, *the CHOICEST STOCK OF FANCY and STAPLE DRY GOODS* that has ever been offered for inspection in this city. They invite an examination, and assure their friends and purchasers generally, that their prices will compare favorably with any market in the United States.

TERMS—Cash or city acceptances.

Aug 17, 1849—8t 47

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE

NEW YORK and CHARLESTON
Steam Ship Line.

THE Steamships, *NORTHERNER*, Capt. T. S. Bunn, and *SOUTHERNER*, Capt. M. Berry, will leave Charleston, S. C., for New York every Saturday afternoon, after the arrival of the Western Cars. These boats are handsomely fitted up, well commanded, and in every way worthy the attention of the traveling public.

State room berth $25, Lower Cabin open berths $20, Steerage Passage $8.

No berth secured until paid for. Apply to
HENRY MISSROON, Agent,
Cor. Adger's South Wharf and East Bay.

The Southerner will leave on Saturday, the 13th October, 1849.

Aug 31, 1849—1y 49

JOHN MACK,
Wholesale Dealer in
MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS,
South-west corner of Meeting and Hasel sts., opposite the Pavilion Hotel,
Charleston, South Carolina,

HAS just received per steamship Northerner, and is receiving daily by other arrivals, a full and choice assortment of *MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS,* which have been selected by him with great care.

Best Silks, Satins and Velvets, Queen and Straw Bonnets of every description, Bonnet, Cap and Gauze Ribbons, (new styles,) Thread and Cotton Edgings, Infants and Ladies Caps, Linen Handkerchiefs, and an extensive variety of Goods in his line.

Merchants of East Tennessee purchasing in this market, or at the North, are invited to call at his establishment, as they will find there every description of Millinery and Fancy Goods, and at prices that will give entire satisfaction.

Sept 14, 1848—6t 51

CHARLESTON, SO. CA.

James Gadsden & Co.,
Factors and General Commission Agents;
ALSO,
Agents of the Baltimore and Southern Steam Packet Company,

ARE doing business on FITZSIMMONS WHARF, in CHARLESTON, and desire to make it known to their old friends and patrons in Alabama and Tennessee, and to seek a continuance and increase of past favors from all who may be disposed to make Charleston thier market this season, where Cotton, Rice, Tobacco, Flour, Wheat, Grain of all description, Bacon, Beef, Cotton Bagging and Rope, with every other Domestic and Manufactured Goods, must meet with ready sales.

JAMES GADSDEN, Pres't S. C. Railroad,
JAMES F. EDWARDS,
RICHARD E. SCREVEN.
Sept 14, 1849—6m 51

PAVILION HOTEL,
CHARLESTON, S. C.

THE undersigned begs leave to inform the citizens of Athens and East Tennessee, that he has taken the *PAVILION HOTEL,* at which place he would be most happy to see them when they visit the city, promising them there shall be nothing wanting on his part, or that of his household, to render their stay agreeable and pleasant while with him.

H. L. BUTTERFIELD,
Formerly of the Charleston Hotel.
Charleston, Aug 31, 1849—6m 49

THE EVENING NEWS,
CHARLESTON, SO. CA.

THE NEWS is an independent organ, designed to transmit to the people, from a Southern Commercial Emporium, the latest and fullest commercial, political and general intelligence. A portion of the paper is devoted to literary selections, carefully catered from the most popular and approved sources, and Saturday's issue is prepared to supply the place of the weeklies issued from other offices. The News is admirably calculated for a family newspaper, though neither Whig or Democrat; it speaks with a Southern tongue, and bears in its bosom a Southern heart—it takes a hearty and active interest in the industrial movement now progressing in the Southern States, and desires to secure for its own State all the inventives which the example of enterprise can create.

We wish our friends in East Tennessee to take a look at our sheet, which they can do on application to the editor of Athens Post, who is fully authorized to act as our agent.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION, if paid in advance:
For Daily News, per annum, $8
" Tri-Weekly News, 4
WM. Y. PAXTON & CO.
Sept 14, 1849—tf 51

FINE CHEWING TOBACCO; Fresh Tartaric Acid; Tamarinds; Dr. E. L. Soule's Oriental or Sovereign Balm Pills; Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment—just received and for sale at the Athens Drug-Store, by WM. BURNS.
Aug. 10, 4189—ft 46