AMERICAN HISTORIANS.

THIRD ANNUAL MEETING OF THE ASSOCIATION.

An Eloquent Address of Welcome by the President, George Bancroft, the Historian.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—The first session of the third annual meeting of the American Historical Association was held in the lecture hall of the Columbia University this morning. President George Bancroft, the eminent American historian, delivered the address of welcome. Mr. Bancroft spoke as follows:

MR. BANCROFT'S ADDRESS.

Brothers of the American Historical Association:

I welcome you to this third anniversary of your existence. You who in our universities instruct the coming generation in the history of their race; you who break from duties in church or in state to show your love for your fellow-men by your zeal in the study of their progress; you who for a moment throw aside the cares of the press, the toil of authorship or the delights of study in retirement, in the name of the association I bid you all joy at your renewed presence with one another. The object of our pursuit is one of the grandest that solicits the attention of man. The movement of mighty States over the scene of ever-succeeding action is like the march of so many armies with their various civilizations for their banners; they themselves have faded away; their career, their enduring contributions to the sum of human knowledge, their men of transcendent genius, such as are vouchsafed to the race at great intervals of centuries, all come within the range of our pursuits. Moreover, we are nearest of kin to the students of moral philosophy. The movements of humanity are governed by law. It is true that the sparrow, when the time comes for its fall to the ground, obeys a law that pervades the kosmos; and it is equally true that every hair in the head of a human being is numbered. The growth and decay of empire, the morning luster of a dynasty and its fall from the sky before noonday; the first turning of a city to the footsteps of a traveler searching for its place, which time has hidden, all proceed as it is ordered. The character of science attaches to our pursuits. The difficulty of discerning the presence of law in the actions of rational beings grows out of the infinite variety of the movements of the human will and of the motives by which it may be swayed. In the department of history the difficulty of judgment is diminished, for history deals with the past which is beyond the reach of change. The discerning statesman may forecast the character of coming events, and form a plan of action with a reasonable confidence in its wisdom; but the critic, who does not bring with him the spirit of candid inquiry, cannot comprehend the institutions that are forming themselves before his eyes. In all antiquity no true democracy existed as a government; yet our national organization accepted elements from the political organization of the Greeks. It counts Christianity among its sources. It profited by the experience of the Roman empire in establishing inter-citizenship and domestic free trade. It was essentially imbued with the spirit of the reformation which rose up in Germany with Luther, and was developed by Calvin in France and in Switzerland. It drew from England ideas of personal liberty and elements suited to the form of government which it had to frame. In its colonial period it derived from its own experience an opulence of forms of representative government. The American people have cause to be grateful to preceding generations for their large inheritances. Here is no rule of "the many;" it is the government by the people, the government by all. Were individuals or a class to set themselves apart here they would constitute only a sect. A government that is less than the government by the entire people is a government which the legislation will by its very nature incline to the benefit of classes. The government of our "new nation" is rightly described by one of its greatest exponents as "government of the people by the people for the people." The singular combination of the best elements of the past in our institutions favored our increase of territory. Our fathers expressed their vast aspirations in the articles of confederation. We never extended our limits in the direction which they pointed out; but it was not long before we reached the Gulf of Mexico. When a foothold was offered to the United States in the West India Islands they, after reflection, refused to plant their feet on the richest of them all, and have never departed from the decision not to enter the tropics. The completeness of the country was not established till a President of the United States succeeded by one treaty with Great Britain and another with Mexico to enter into the peaceful possession of the continent for sixteen degrees on the Pacific. It was this settlement which perfected the Union. From that moment its majesty and safety rested on the line of East and West; and as far as the human eye can see we may, in consequence, hold our Union in perpetuity. In the first Congress slavery brought danger to the Union. Under the Presidency of John Adams it took steps for an early dissolution; it was quieted for awhile by Jefferson and his immediate successors, but from the moment that the country had its vast establishment on the Pacific the dissolution of the Union became impossible. The will of the people was able to exact its preservation, but what an infinity of power was necessary to carry out that will. To express it, I adopt the words of an English writer, who is a master of his own noble language, a thorough scholar and honored as a historian in both hemispheres: "There are certain things," he says, "which only democracy can execute. No monarch or privileged order could have dared to take the measures necessary to maintain the American Union. They would infallibly have wrecked themselves in the effort."—(Oceana, by James A. Froud, pp. 391 2.)

We may ask, What is the spirit of government which saved its life by its incomparable energy? Because the United States knew their constitution to be for them the ripened fruit of time they have never been propagandists. Washington, in the letter in which he declares in favor of republican government for the United States, gives as his reason that no other government is suited to their social and political condition. The United States have never importuned or encouraged others to adopt their principle of government prematurely. What other traits belong to government by the people? Montesquie, the upright magistrate, who, living under the despotic rule, nevertheless insisted that by the constitution of France its king was not absolute, sought in the records of history to discern the tendency of each great form of government, and he has left his testimony that "the spirit of monarchy is war and aggrandizement; the spirit of a republic is peace and moderation." The necessary conditions of the American Union consist in absolute equality of rights among the States. It was hard for some of the original thirteen to think that Territories far in the interior should be absolutely equal with the original thirteen, and so the center of power will be ultimately transferred to the West, which was then a wilderness; but the voice of wisdom and the counsels of hope prevailed, and when the only irresistable cause of antagonism in our country was removed, there ceased to be any cause for dissent between the North and South. There never was and there never can be a collision between the West and the East, for they both alike wish the highways between the oceans to be free, and by universal consent for the inhabitants from the remotest point where Maine touches Canada to the southwestern lines of California, from the orange groves of Florida to the strait where the Pacific ocean drives its deep tides swiftly between its walls of basalt, there is the one simple rule of inter-citizenship and universal free trade under a government of the people by the people. The people of the United States are the most conservative in the world, for they cherish self government as the most precious of possessions. They make laws deliberately, only after long reflection, and they only make laws within the limit of their constitution. From end to end of the United States two houses of legislation exist as the rule, and the Executive possesses a veto. A constitution may be changed only after reference in some form to every individual in the community. If the question may be asked, does a king or a people give the most honest support to the institution which they both have accepted, we must turn to France for a reply. Once, in a reconstruction of its government, a Bourbon was enthroned in France as a constitutional king. The first successor to the throne, conspired against the constitution and was driven into exile, all the world pronouncing the judgment he justly felt. Next came the house of Orleans, holding up the flag of monarchy that should be the best of republics. Its king, in many things a wise and faithful man, yet made the interests of his family paramount to the interests of the nation, and in legislation obstinately refused to extend the suffrage so as to conform it to the principle on which he received the crown, and he, too, having been false to the principle on which he accepted power, provoked an insurrection, and on the judgment of mankind he justly fell. A member of another dynasty being called to the Presidency of the French republic, reached at the imperial crown and carried France into an unequal war with its neighbor, bringing utter defeat on himself and the heavier sorrows and losses on a generous land which he had ruled. The form of a government of "the new nation" seems to the world to be but of yesterday; and it is so; yet that this government by the people, for the people, is the oldest form of government now existing in the civilized world this side of the empire of the Czars. Since the inauguration of Washington Portugal and Spain have passed from irresponsible monarchy to constitutional rule. The republic of Holland has disappeared. In France government by the people exists by the deliberate choice of the nation. Germany, which in the middle of the last century was divided into hundreds of sovereignties, has formed itself into one consolidated government with a Parliament by universal suffrage. The republic of Kosciusko has utterly perished. Switzerland has thrown aside its mediæval form of confederacy, and is now a true government by the people. It would be hard to count the revolutions which the Grand Duchy of Austria has undergone within the last ninety-six years. Italy, thank God, has become one. The United Kingdom is revolutionized. The case of England is simply this: Its King and its church long time ago broke from the Roman See. Many men of the people accepted the reformation. Englishmen, including dissenters, were driven, through a series of conflicts, to the attempt to found a government of the people by the people. The attempt was premature, and failed. The court again conspired against the rights of Englishmen. The people, especially the dissenters, kept themselves in the background, and in 1688 intrusted the conduct of a new British revolution to the aristocracy. The price taken by their aristocracy for success was their own all but absolute rule of Great Britain. The House of Commons became master of the king, and that master of the king was elected chiefly on the dictation of the majority of the landowners. The system was secured by bringing in a new dynasty, which had only a parliamentary title to the crown. This was the resolution of 1688. The aristocracy of England seemed to have founded its power upon an everlasting rock; but the great expansion of industry and commerce and the subsequent accumulation of wealth soon compelled them to make a place by their side for the moneyed centers. Commerce and industry went on; in due time the example of the United States had its influence in the world. France excited rivalry by once more entering upon the career of a free State. At last the reform of the British House of Commons began, the next the corn laws were repealed; then science, by its successful inventions, almost annihilated the cost of transportation of articles—wheat among the rest—from continent to continent, so that land in England lost its high value, the value basis on which the rule of the British landholders rested began to totter, and now, in the fullness of time, the House of Commons, which is the ruler of the United Kingdom, has taken itself out of the hands of the landowners, and placed itself in the keeping of the British and Irish people. The United Kingdom, with a Ministry dependent for its existence on the House Commons, is chosen by the people, and Britain approaches more and more nearly to government by the people, for the people. The United States of to-day are now the chief home of the English-speaking population of the world, for in all their English is the language of the people of 60 000,000. Canada stretches along their border; a straight line from England to Australia would cross their domain; Newfoundland, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia flank them on the east; the Bermudas and Bahamas are anchored near their doors. A general representation of all who speak the English tongue would find in the United States the central place most convenient for their meeting

At the conclusion of the address the following letter was read from Leopold Von Banke, the venerable historian of Berlin, in reply to a letter from President George Bancroft asking him to consent to become an honorary member of the Association:

To the President of the American Historical Association, Mr. George Bancroft, in Washington:

In reply to your kind communication, I gratefully accept the position of an honorarp member in the association to which I have been elected. It gives me great satisfaction to belong to a society pursuing the same aim beyond the ocean that we on this side are striving to achieve. Such unity of studies binds together people widely separated, yet allied by ancient kinship. It fills me with especial joy to see Mr. George Bancroft, one of the masters in our science, extending his hand to me from afar—a man who, during his residence in Berlin, bound me to himself by ties of reverential friendship. Accept my hearty sentiments of respect and honor,

LEOPOLD VON BANKE.

BERLIN, February 14, 1886.

After the reading of several interesting papers the meeting adjourned until evening, when several interesting papers were read.

THE Closing Out Sale of B. Lowenstein & Bros.' Shoe Department is attracting large crowds.

Attempted Murder and Suicide.

NEW YORK, April 27.—A special to the *Herald* from Galveston says: About 5 o'clock last evening two brothers, John and Edward Burke, proprietors of a grocery here, became engaged in a quarrel about a horse, in the course of which John drove his knife into the left side of Edward's throat, severing veins and arteries, and inflicting a wound of about two inches in length. John, realizing the fearful crime he had committed, rushed into the store, picked up a derringer, placed the muzzle over his right eye, pulled the trigger and sent a bullet crashing into his brain, inflicting a wound from which he is now dying. Edward's wound, while regarded as extremely dangerous, it is believed will not prove fatal.

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We differ in creed and politics, but we are a unit all the same on the desirableness of a fine head of hair. If you mourn the loss of this blessing and ornament, a bottle or two of Parker's Hair Balsam will make you look as you did in the dear old days. It is worth trying. The only standard 50 cents article for the hair.

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NEW YORK, April 27.—The total exports of produce from this port during the past week are valued at $6,568,682.

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"No. 267 Second street, Macon, Ga."

"Mr. Henry Cheves, the writer of the above, formerly of Crawford county, now of Macon, Ga., merits the confidence of all interested in catarrh. W. A. H. FF,
"Ex-Mayor of Macon."

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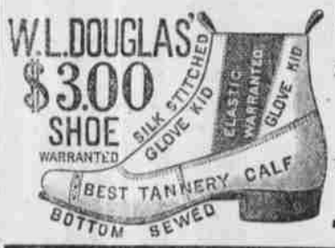

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Non-Resident Notice.

No. 3299 (134).—In the Chancery Court of Shelby county, Tenn.—State of Tennessee for the use of the city of Memphis vs. W. E. Butler et al.

It appearing from the amended bill filed in this cause that defendants, the heirs of Carrie N. Wood, dec'd; of W. E. Elliott, dec'd; of Angelo Gabrino, dec'd; of Cons. Karwinkle, dec'd; of John Hock, dec'd; of August Leber, dec'd; of Mary Leonard, dec'd; of Bettie Bruner, dec'd; of Bridget O'Neil, dec'd; of Fred S. Palmer, dec'd; of Robert Scroggin, dec'd; of T. B. Reynolds, dec'd; of G. H. Cowan, dec'd; of Ellen Walsh, dec'd; of A. Cohn, dec'd; of Ann M. Baldwin, dec'd; of James Alexander, dec'd; of Caledonia Brown, dec'd; of P. J. Murray, dec'd; of Elizabeth C. Harris, dec'd; of Wm. Polk, dec'd; of Martha Berry, dec'd; of E. H. Guildress, dec'd; and of A. Van Brocklyn, and of F. P. Dunn, and Peter Leonard, and Mrs. L. Tate Wilson, are unknown, and whose names and places of residence cannot be ascertained upon diligent inquiry made; and that the places of residence of A. Van Brocklyn, F. P. Dunn, Mrs. L. Tate Wilson, Peter Leonard, Angelo Gabrino, Chas. Karwinkle, John, Andrew, Mary and Margaret Currell, John Hock, Mary Leonard, Bettie Bruner, Joseph Miller, A. W. Miller, Thos. and R. G. Miller, Nancy J. Alexander, Bridget O'Neil, Fred S. Palmer, Robert Scroggin, T. B. Reynolds, G. H. Cowan, Ann M., Alf F., Elia Louise, Joe and Virginia Hough, Ellen Walsh, A. Cohn, Ann M. Baldwin, James Alexander, Caledonia Brown, P. J. Murray, Elizabeth C. Harris, Wm. Polk and Martha Berry, are unknown and cannot be ascertained upon diligent inquiry; and this suit is brought to enforce a lien for taxes due the city of Memphis on the following parcels of ground in said city, in which said parties or their heirs are interested or own, in the orders in which they are named above: Lots 39, 40 and 41 in block 10; lots 10 and 11 in block 37; lot 37 in block 11; lot 15 in block 67, Desoto street; lot 37, block 15, Orleans st.; part lot 2 in block 19, on Elliott st.; part lot 482, Gayoso st., 206 feet east of Desoto st.; lot 24, in block 19, Mississippi av.; lots 3 and 4, in block 19, Carolina st.; lot 2, in block 41, Ninth st.; lots 35 and 36, Fort Pickering; lot 32, in block 9, Fort Pickering; part co. lot 493, at intersection Old and New Madison; lots 4 and 6, in block 107, Bayburn av.; lots 34 and 35, in block 11, Fort Pickering; lot 20, in block 13, Jackson st.; lot 9, block 21, Fort Pickering; lot 21, in block 10, Broadway st.; lots 23, 24 and 25, in block 7, Fort Pickering; and that Francis White, Martin Griffin and Clara Cordes and W. H. Brown, are non-residents of the State of Tennessee:

It is therefore ordered, That they make their appearance herein, at the courthouse of Shelby county, in Memphis, Tenn., on or before the first Monday in May, 1886, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's amended bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them and set for hearing ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks, in the Memphis Appeal. This 30th day of March, 1886. A copy attest:

S. I. McDOWELL, Clerk and Master.
By J. M. Bradley, Deputy C. and M.
Metcalf & Walker, Sols. for compl'nt. wed

Non-Resident Notice.

No. 6095, R. D.—In the Chancery Court of Shelby County, Tenn.—State of Tennessee, for its own use, etc., vs. W. A. Collier et al.

It appearing from bill which is sworn to in this cause that the defendants, W. C. Black, is a resident of Louisiana; that Sallie and Rembert Gresevant are residents of Mississippi and non-residents of Tennessee; that Joseph H. Choate is a non-resident of Tennessee; that the place of residence of C. F. Adae & Co., or the surviving partners of said firm are unknown and cannot be ascertained after diligent inquiry; that Joseph Wilde, executor, and Caroline Wilde, executrix of J. S. Wilde, James DeWit Wilde and Robt. L. Wilde, executors, Harriet R. Wilde, executrix of Jas. Wilde, jr., and Joseph Wilde are residents of New York and non-residents of Tennessee; and that the names and places of residence of Frederick S. Kirtland's heirs, made parties on account of their interest in lots 41 and 42, Cooper subdivision, are unknown and cannot be ascertained after diligent inquiry; that James Dair is a resident of Ohio; that W. T. Edmonds is a resident of Arkansas; that Bertha, Augusta and F. E. Pleitz and J. F. Rodel are residents of Indiana; that J. T., John and Lucy Oliver are residents of Mississippi; that Charles Wiley is a resident of Missouri; that the places of residence of Jonas Roe and the names and places of residence of the heirs of Jonas Roe are unknown and cannot be ascertained after diligent inquiry, and are made defendants on account of their interest in lot 5 on Hernando road, 63x148 feet; that the place of residence of Lewis Scott, George W. Neel and F. C. Slaughter are unknown and cannot be ascertained after diligent inquiry, and Mattie Spain are all non-residents of Tennessee; that F. P. Dunn is a resident of Arkansas; that Elizabeth Van Brocklin is a resident of New York, and all non-residents of the State of Tennessee—this being a suit to enforce tax leins against said property:

It is therefore ordered, That all said parties make their appearance herein, at the Court-House of Shelby county, in Memphis, Tenn., on or before the first Monday in May, 1886, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's bill or the same will be taken for confessed as to them and set for hearing ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks in the Memphis Appeal. This 31st day of March, 1886.

S. I. McDOWELL, Clerk and Master.
By J. M. Bradley, Deputy C. and M.
Beiskell & Jordan, Solicitors for complainants. th

Non-Resident Notice.

No. 6100.—In the Chancery Court of Shelby county, Tennessee.—The State of Tennessee and County of Shelby vs. A. A. Laurence et al.

It appearing from the bill which is sworn to in this cause that the defendants, Jacob and Isadore Kaufman, minors, and Simon Sturn, trustee, are residents of State of New York; Mamie and Minnie Kaufman, minors, residents of Dakota Territory; Mrs. Bessie Whitfield, widow, and one minor son, name unknown, heirs of F. E. Whitfield, jr., deceased, residents of the State of Mississippi; Olive Latham and Mary Latham, residents of the State of Indiana; Mrs. Elspa McKay, resident of the State of Alabama; Beverly D. Williams, Mary B. and Wm. M. Sidel, minors, residents of the State of Arkansas; J. J. Berryman, E. J. Berryman, Broaddus Berryman, Will H. Perkins, Jefferson K. Cole and wife, —Cole, residents of the State of Texas; M. T. Ryder, trustee, Ben May, trustee, Edward Walsh, residents of the State of Missouri; Caroline M. Pearmore, a resident of the State of Indiana; D. M. Flournoy, a resident of the State of Kentucky; Brown Ayers, F. W. Smith, executor of estate of H. G. Smith, deceased, residents of the State of Louisiana, and all non-residents of the State of Tennessee; the residences of Anna P. Meux, J. H. Eastonhead and Michael Flynn and J. D. Danburry are unknown, and cannot be ascertained after diligent inquiry, and the names and residences of the heirs of Rufus K. Turnage, deceased; M. L. Saunders, deceased; J. D. Davis, trustee, deceased; Weston White and Agnes Norvell, deceased, are unknown and cannot be ascertained after diligent inquiry. This bill is filed to collect back taxes due the State and county on various lots owned by the above parties and other parties.

It is therefore ordered, That they make their appearance herein, at the Court-House of Shelby county, in Memphis, Tenn., on or before the first Monday in May, 1886, and plead, answer or demur to complainant bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them and set for hearing ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks in the Appeal. This 31st day of March, 1883.

A copy—Attest:

S. I. McDOWELL, Clerk and Master.
By H. F. Walsh, Deputy C. and M.
Lee Thornton and R. D. Jordan, solicitors for Complainant. thu

Insolvent Notice.

No. 5479 R. 69.—State of Tennessee, Shelby county, Office of County Court Clerk, Memphis, Tennessee, March 20, 1886—To John League, Public Administrator, of Shelby county, and as such Administrator of the estate of W. T. Pryor, deceased:

HAVING suggested the insolvency of the estate of W. T. Pryor, deceased, you are hereby ordered to give notice, by advertisement in some newspaper published within the said State, and also at the Court-House door of Shelby county, for all persons having claims against said estate, to appear and file the same, authenticated in the manner prescribed by law, on or before the 1st day of July, 1886, and any claim not filed on or before said day, or before an appropriation of the funds of said estate is made, shall be for ever barred, both in law and equity. Witness my hand, at office, this 20th day of March, 1886. HUGH R. CULLEN, Clerk.

By G. L. McDonald, Deputy Clerk.

Notice is hereby given as required by the foregoing notice.

wed JOHN LOAGUE, Administrator.

Non-Resident Notice.

No. 5936, R. D.—In the Chancery Court of Shelby county, Tenn.—State of Tennessee, etc., vs. Patrick Cooney et al.

It appearing from bill sworn to in this cause that the names and place of residence of the heirs of J. W. Wescott, made defendants on account of interest in lot 46, east side of Chickasaw street, 1st ward of city of Memphis; and the heirs of A. P. Sheldon and of J. L. Safarans, made parties on account of interest in parts of lots 175 and 176, between Main and Second streets, 1st ward, city of Memphis, are unknown and cannot be ascertained after diligent inquiry; this being a suit to enforce tax liens:

It is therefore ordered, That they make their appearance herein, at the courthouse of Shelby county, in Memphis, Tenn., on or before the first Monday in May, 1886, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's bill and petition, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them and set for hearing ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week, for four successive weeks, in the Memphis Appeal. This 31st day of March, 1886. A copy—attest:

S. I. McDOWELL, Clerk and Master.
By H. F. Walsh, Deputy Clerk and Master.
F. H. & C. W. Heiskell, Sols. for complainant. thu

Non-Resident Notice.

No. 6687, R. D.—In the Chancery Court of Shelby County, Tenn.—State of Tennessee, for its own use, etc., vs. Laura T. Moore et al.

It appearing from bill which is sworn to in this cause that the defendants, Joseph H. Bell, is a resident of Iowa; that Benjamin Merritt, executor of H. F. Topping, deceased, is a resident of New York; that David P. Davis, Victoria J. Burrows, G. T. Burrows, John A. and Annie E. Kirby are residents of Mississippi; that Wm. S. Harrison and J. G. Cole are residents of Kentucky; that Alfred D. Lindsay is a resident of Missouri; that Thomas Allen is a resident of Texas; that J. W. and H. W. Flinn are residents of Louisiana; that Georgia and Erastus Scanlan are residents of Arkansas, and all non-residents of the State of Tennessee; and that Jennie and Charles Jones are non-residents of Tennessee, and that the places of residence of Laura T. Moore, Louisa M. Anderson, Edward Fagius, Louisa Greely, Nancy Jeter, Wm. S. Catron and Joseph Brooks, trustee, are unknown and cannot be ascertained after diligent inquiry; and that the names and places of residence of the heirs of James B. Ragland, deceased, made parties on account of their interest in lot 2, Ragland tract, Dunlap avenue; and that the names and places of residence of the heirs of Anna Bell, deceased, made parties on account of their interest in lot 42, Borland subdivision; and that the names and places of residence of the heirs of John Bell, jr., deceased, made parties on account of interest in south half lots 8 and 9, Phillips subdivision; and that the names and places of residence of the heirs of Joseph J. Davis, deceased, made parties on account of interest in lot 42, south side of Kerr avenue; and that the names and places of residence of the heirs of Ashburry Warren, deceased, made parties on account of interest in lot 36, Cooper subdivision, are all unknown and cannot be ascertained after diligent inquiry, this being a suit to enforce tax liens:

It is therefore ordered, That said parties make their appearance herein, at the Court-House of Shelby county, in Memphis, Tenn., on or before the first Monday in May, 1886, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them and set for hearing ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks in the Memphis Appeal. This 31st day of March, 1886.

A copy—Attest:

S. I. McDOWELL, Clerk and Master.
By J. M. Bradley, Deputy C. and M.
Heiskell & Jordan, solicitors for complainant. th

Non-Resident Notice.

No. 6044, R. D.—In the Chancery Court of Shelby County, Tenn.—The State of Tennessee and county of Shelby vs. Wm. Beckard et al.

It appearing from the bill which is sworn to in this cause that the defendant Wm Worsham, heir of J J Worsham, deceased; K Rayner and W B Greenlaw, residents of the State of Texas; Caroline W Rebeart, a resident of the State of Ohio; W W O'Neil, S P Large and J N Large, residents of the State of Pennsylvania; Minor Meriwether, a resident of the State of Missouri, and all non-residents of the State of Tennessee; that the residences of the unknown heirs of Robert O Adams, deceased. Wm Bridgewater, Wm Moore, Roderick Falconer, Jeremiah, Hannah and Allen McSmith, J Oliver Mcsmith, Oliver J McSmith, of the unknown heirs of Henry Blackwood; Mrs Mary J Mitchell, the unknown heirs of J W Cowgill, trustee, deceased; Joseph Mitchell, John M Thompson, J M Dickson, J J Pleasant, Bearnidine Neff, of the unknown heirs of T C Eastman and of John Sorrells, deceased; Robert F. Dickens, of the representatives of the Bank of Memphis, of the unknown heirs of Allen Campbell and Seth J. Waddell; Mary E Anderson, Martha C. Saunders, the heirs of J M Williams, deceased; J W Curry, the unknown heirs of J H McClure, deceased, and of H J Posey, deceased; of M J Archard, deceased; of Geo D Cason, deceased; Agnes A Patterson, Robert Craig, F T Davis, Lewis Craig, trustee, heirs of S F Low; of John H Fletcher, of William A Hall, deceased, of R H Brooks, deceased, of Alfred and Hawr. Howard, of W D Powel, trustee, and Mrs N J Hubbard, are unknown and cannot be ascertained after diligint inquiry. This bill is filed to collect State and county taxes due on various lots owned by the above-named parties and other parties.

It is therefore ordered, That they make their appearance herein, at the Court-House of Shelby county, in Memphis, Tenn., on or before the first Monday in May, 1886, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them and set for hearing ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week, for four successive weeks, in the Memphis Appeal. This 31st day of March, 1886. A copy—attest:

S. I. McDOWELL, Clerk and Master.
By H. F. Walsh, Deputy Clerk and Master.
Lee Thornton, Sol. for complainant.

Non-Resident Notice.

No. 4958, R. D.—In the Chancery Court of Shelby county, Tenn.—State of Tennessee vs. B. F. Jones et al.

It appearing from the sworn amended petition in this cause that the defendants, Fannie J. Greenlaw, W. B. Greenlaw, Sallie J. Davis, F. M. Davis, Anna Greenlaw and Katie Bell Greenlaw, are residents of the State of Texas:

It is therefore ordered, That they make their appearance herein, at the courthouse of Shelby county, in Memphis, Tenn., on or before the first Monday in May, 1886, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them and set for hearing ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week; for four successive weeks, in the Memphis Appeal. This 29th day of March, 1886. A copy—attest:

S. I. McDOWELL, Clerk and Master.
By H. F. Walsh, Deputy Clerk and Master.
Metcalf & Walker and L. Lamb, Sols. for complainant. tue

Non-Resident Notice.

No. 5233, R.D.—In the Chancery Court of Shelby county, Tenn.—State of Tennessee, use, etc., vs. H. W. Brooks et al.

It appearing from amended petition of L. Lamb, receiver, in this cause that the defendants, Elizabeth L. Topp, is a resident of St. Louis, Mo., and a non-resident of the State of Tennessee, and H. W. Brooks is a non-resident of the State of Tennessee:

It is therefore ordered, That they make their appearance herein, at the court-house of Shelby county, in Memphis, Tenn., on or before the first Monday in May, 1886, and plead, answer or demur to complainants' bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them and set for hearing ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week, for four successive weeks, in the Memphis Appeal. This 29th day of March, 1886. A copy—attest:

S. I. McDOWELL, Clerk and Master.
By H. F. Walsh, Deputy C. and M. su
Metcalf & Walker and R. M. Heath, sols. for complainants.

Non-Resident Notice.

No. 868 (1), R. D.—In the Chancery Court of Shelby county, Tenn.—B. P. Anderson, Commissioner, vs. Henry G. Smith et al.

It appearing from the petition which is sworn to in this cause that the defendants, Fred W. Smith, is a resident of Louisiana; Mrs. Harriet E. Smith, Louise Noce and Ellen F. Noce are residents of Kentucky; Ashbel S. Kittredge is a resident of California, and Caroline Kittredge is a resident of Connecticut, and all are non-residents of the State of Tennessee:

It is therefore ordered, That they make their appearance herein, at the courthouse of Shelby county, in Memphis, Tenn., on or before the first Monday in May, 1886, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's amended bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them and set for hearing ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week, for four successive weeks, in the Memphis Appeal. This 29th day of March, 1886. A copy—attest:

S. I. McDOWELL, Clerk and Master.
By H. F. Walsh, Deputy Clerk and Master.
Smith & Collier and L. Lamb, Sols. for complainant. tues

Non-Resident Notice.

No. 3299 (136), R. D.—In the Chancery Court of Shelby county, Tenn.—State of Tennessee, etc., vs. W. E. Butler.

It appearing from affidavit in this cause that the defendants, C. C. Clay, W. H. Stovall, Gus. A. Henry, R. T. Wilson, John B. Leech, Sprague Soule & Co., W. H. Stephens, M. H. Martin and Marcellus McDavitt, Executor of R. McDavitt, are non-residents of the State of Tennessee:

It is therefore ordered, That they make their appearance herein, at the courthouse of Shelby county, in Memphis, Tenn., on or before the first Monday in May, 1886, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's amended bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them and set for hearing ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week, for four successive weeks, in the Memphis Appeal. This 29th day of March, 1886. A copy—attest:

S. I. McDOWELL, Clerk and Master.
By H. F. Walsh, Deputy Clerk and Master.
Smith & Collier and L. Lamb, Sols. for complainant. tues