# A STRONG GOVERNMENT

## THE HOPE OF UNTHINKING CAPITALISTS.

### The Grave of Liberty—The Tendencies of Things Growing out of the Impoverishment of the People.

To the Editors of the Appeal:

HELENA, ARK., May 10.—As events of the greatest significance are succeeding each other so rapidly, with developments so portentous, as to leave no doubt that now is seen the white-capped precursor to the tidal-wave of revolution, as predicted by these wise men, Millard Fillmore and Lord Macaulay, which I clip from my scrap-book and send you to throw out as "red lights." Respectfully,

MRS. R. J. COOK.

**Lord Macaulay's Prediction.**

A letter written by Lord Macaulay in 1857, and now published for the first time in *Harper's Monthly*, contains the following passage: "It is quite plain that your government will never be able to restrain a distressed and discontented majority. For with you the majority is the government, and has the rich, who always is a minority, absolutely at its mercy. The day will come when in the State of New York a multitude of people, none of whom has had more than half a breakfast, or expects to have more than half a dinner, will choose a Legislature. Is it possible to doubt what sort of a Legislature will be chosen. * * * I seriously apprehend that you will, in some such season of adversity, do things which will prevent prosperity from returning. There will be, I fear, spoliation. The spoliation will increased the distress. The distress will produce fresh spoliation. There is nothing to stop you. Your constitution is all sail and no anchor. As I said before, when a society has entered upon this downward progress, either civilization or liberty must perish. Either some Cæsar or Napoleon will seize the reins of government, or your Republic will be as fearfully plundered and laid waste by barbarians in the twentieth century as the Roman empire was in the fifth.

**Are We to Have an Empire?**

Messrs. Editors of the Western World:

BUFFALO, N. Y., May 17, 1869.—Sitting in my office, with the Empire State at my back, a copy of the *Imperialist* on my desk, imperial, or kingly dominions in my front, and addressing you in the Empire City of the republic, I ask the question, "Are We to Have an Empire?" This is a question which strikes home to every American citizen. Before proceeding further, permit me to add, *en passant*, that I do not put this interrogatory to the readers in any partisan sense—heaven forbid! It is a question of too much gravity; it is a question which rises supremely above all politics; it is a question with which patriots and statesmen only should deal. Besides, I am aware, as a faithful reader of your most excellent journal, that all politics are strictly and properly excluded from its well-filled columns. Of myself, I may remark that I am not a politician in any sense of the word. Having lost all hope in either of the great parties (Democratic or Republican) to save our gradually succumbing liberties, I have not cast a ballot for President in many years, and perhaps may never do so again. Now, gentlemen, without knowing whether these lines will ever find ventilation through your illuminated columns or not, I proceed to reiterate the interrogatory: "Are we to have an empire?" This question is growing more and more practical with every month and year of age added to the life of the Republic. The reflecting portion of the American people are today bestowing upon it more or less of their dispassionate consideration, their judgement, unbiased by party prejudice. This is but right, no matter what their action in the future may be. Let them look over the whole situation of our country—let them contrast it with the annals of the past, and with the rise, decay and final overthrow of other great nationalities; let them honestly inquire wherein we possess superior intelligence or virtue over other Christian and enlightened nations, and wherein we may, as a nation, hope to escape the common dangers and fates which have environed other great peoples who have but preceded us in the annals of time.

The American people never do things by halves. To use a homely and country figure, they are a "whole-hog" people. Once get them started, and in this age of steam and electricity, 'tis pretty difficult to tell what they will do, or to what extremities they will push their doings.

In the Empire City of this Empire State you already have a paper with the somewhat ominous—and, to my eyes, ugly cut of a crown at its head. It has been rumored hereabouts—with how much truth I am not able to say—that President Grant, Secretary Boutwell, their friends and many others of great wealth and influence, amongst whom are nearly all the large bondholders, both countenance and pay their money generously to sustain this journal. Of their right to do so in a free country I do not complain; but, sirs, may not their prompt action in this matter alone be taken as one of the signs of the times that we are drifting into empire?

Now, while, as an American citizen, I am a lover of the institutions of my country, founded by our forefathers, and preserved in their pristine purity, I am not willing to espouse the cause of those who favor centralization and empire; yet I can see a sufficient amount of truth in their arguments, put forth in their organ—the *Imperialist*—to startle any lover of republican liberty from his idle dream of fancied security. No matter however remote it may be, the republic is in danger. A cloud no larger than a man's hand in the distant horizon often portends a storm, which the skillful mariner will prepare to meet. In the horizon of our republic there are many clouds which threaten to gather and burst in a mighty storm upon the people.

It is the height of folly to close one's eyes against self-evident facts, and try to reason those facts away and declare that they do not exist, simply because we cannot view them with closed eyelids; neither can we disprove a truth simply because it is unpalatable.

This Republic is in danger! Could I, from my office window, behold drunken men in a frail skiff amid the the rapids in the Niagara river, which form immediately above the great Falls, I should not say that they were in more danger of being drowned, than is our government of being converted into an empire. Why, sirs, the very great moral degeneracy of the American people alone foreshadows the overthrow of their institutions. Every interest of our government is an object of prey to political schemers, adventurers and swindlers. Our Presidents are selected by a corruption fund; the office no longer calls for those exalted statemen whose wisdom and many virtues elevate and give character at home and abroad to the nation. When a convention assembles to nominate, the candidate is not a question of acknowledged *ability*, but *availability* alone. The same holds true of the Governors of the several States; of all the Senators and members of Congress. The Judges of the Supreme Court are only appointed for their political opinions, and woe be unto them if they should dare to construe an act of Congress against the political tenets of those who framed the bill and the President who approved it. Look at the Legislatures of the several States! Why, they have sunk so low in the estimation of the thinking people, and are so wholly under the control of the lobbyists, that they cease to merit contempt.

The tax gatherer is everywhere making his levies of direct or indirect taxation. Nothing which we eat, drink, wear or use escapes his exactions. His collections are not used to reduce the national debt, but are squandered by the thieves in office. This statement is too shocking to admit, but denying it will not disprove it.

Another fruitful source of evil and discontent is the daily increasing warfare which is everywhere cropping out between the laborer and his employer. A great war between capital and labor is already upon us. Skirmishing has been opened in all the great cities and manufacturing districts of the nation. The various trades unions are forming in every city and county where the mechanic arts are sufficiently represented; their leaders are mustering their forces for the grand battle which will come off in the next Presidential election, when the laboring men will cut loose from old political ties, form a third party, run a candidate of their own, and as poor white men from every nation, negroes, Chinese, Indians, and perhaps women of both colors, will be armed with suffrage, they will elect their President and their Congress. Then what will become of the bondholders?

So much as I have predicted may not happen in four years, but who shall dare to say that, with unbridled suffrage, taxation, poverty and corruption, it will not happen in eight? But suppose it should not transpire in eight, twelve or twenty years, what are all these short periods in the life of a nation? Surely, they are scarcely breathing spells. The struggle will come; the seed has been planted, and it is bound to germinate into a full harvest of anarchy, from which, unless wiser and purer heads direct us than we can now invoke, despotism will be but an escape from the destruction of civilization—a refuge, a choice between two evils. Our liberties will be lost, but civilization will be saved. The strikes and labor riots will be put down by the strong arm of military government, and capital and brains will assert their supremacy in a different form of government.

As individuals, we can always take lessons of wisdom from past experience, and from experience of those around us. But this rule, which is so profitable and wholesome in our everyday life, we appear utterly to ignore as a nation. Why, is to me inexplicable, unless we have determined to turn over the most important affairs of state into the hands of the merest fools and fanatics.

History teaches us how to judge of the future destiny of a nation by comparing it with a knowledge of the past. In this respect it may be likened unto the mariner's chart, which lays down the locality of the rocks and reefs in the ocean and points out the course by which to navigate the ship and avoid the perils of wrecking. But what would an underwriter think or say of the master of a vessel who should close his eyes to all the experiences of those old navigators who have preceded him, and because, during high tide, he could not see the rocks, declare they were not there, and heedlessly steer his ship upon them? Such a procedure would argue insanity in practical business life. Yet this is precisely what is being done by those who are navigating the American Ship of State. Our public officials may be likened unto the officers of the ship and the people as the crew; history is the chart by which we should steer her—it points out the obstacles on which other great nations have stranded and broken to pieces; but we close our eyes to its lessons; we are heedless of its warnings. We flatter ourselves that we are wiser and better than those who have pioneered the way in the science of government, and we reject their experience. As a people we are full of wickedness and all kinds of abomination. An honest man, in the true sense, is hard to be found in the nation—to say nothing of finding him in official circles.

Let us pause and examine our own hearts, and see if we are longer fit to be a free and independent nation. Has not our religion—Protestantism—been pronounced a failure, by the very churches who have preached it for centuries? Why should not our form of government as readily be abandoned as no longer worthy of our support? Let the people awake from their drunken feasting, lest, like Belshazzar of old, when it is too late, they read upon the walls of their temples of worship and capitols, "*Mene, tekel!*" with a second Daniel to interpret the prophetic words—"Thou art weighed in the balance, and found wanting."

With the highest consideration for yourselves, gentlemen, and the success of your beautiful and excellent journal, I am, most respectfully, your obedient servant, M. P.

**A Start for the Train or Boat**

In good season, and don't forget to take with you Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which will revive and benefit you when fatigued, will nullify the hurtful effects of water contaminated with zinc from the ice cooler, or stagnant and brackish; relieve indigestion produced by meals of uncertain wholesomeness, healthfully bolted at odd times in railway stations, and protect you from the influence of vitiated or malarious air and thorough draughts. To the traveling public, this admirable safeguard and specific is tendered in a convenient and agreeable shape. An ordinary ship's medicine-chest contains no such comprehensive and reliable remedy, a fact well understood by mariners. The commercial traveler, tourist, emigrant, miner and western pioneer, all appreciate the value of the Bitters. It cures dyspepsia, costiveness, liver complaint, malarial disorders, inactivity of the kidneys, and is a fine nerve tonic.

**Western Nail Association.**

CINCINNATI, O., May 12.—The Western Nail Association at its regular monthly meeting here to-day adopted a resolution reducing the price of nails to $2 15 per keg for 10s ten cents per keg off in car-load lots, sixty days; or two per cent. off for cash. The association will meet in Chicago June 16th.

**Beautify Your Home.**

Finish the walls and ceilings with Alabastine. You can do it; inexpensive; try it. White and twelve tints. Cheaper and better than paint, kalsomine or paper. Disinfects and prevents diseases. Beautiful sample card free. By druggists, hardware and paint dealers. $350 given away. S. MANSFIELD & CO., Memphis.

# THE PENSION MACHINE.

## EXAMINATION OF GEN. BLACK RESUMED.

### A Couple of Very Queer Cases Developed—How They Were Advanced by Dudley.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—The Senate Committee on the Expenditure of Public Moneys resumed the examination of Commissioner Black this morning.

Senator Cullom laid before him the papers in the case of Corporal Alonzo Francisco, Thirty-ninth Indiana Volunteers (one of those submitted by Gen. Black to support the allegations in his report that the Pension Office had been managed as a political machine) and asked what there was therein to sustain the allegation.

The Commissioner, referring to the papers, said the claimant applied for a pension six days before the expiration of the limit to the payment of arrears. The records of the Adjutant General's office contained no records of disability. The original certificate of discharge states that the claimant had been unfit for duty by reason of a disease which he had contracted before he enlisted. Among the papers was found a letter from Thomas Graham, County Auditor of Jefferson county, Ind., to Commissioner Dudley, asking, if consistent, if he would look after the papers in this case, and, if it were right, hurry along the matter, stating that it would "be of advantage to us in the way of politics." Mr. Graham added that they were having a big fight against Holman, and asked that the Commissioner should not fail to do anything he could against Holman. The case was made special, and was rejected after examination. A second letter from Graham was received, upon which the case was reopened and sent to an examining board in Indiana, resulting in the granting of the pens on. The Commissioner said the whole history shows that office joined in the rejection of the case. He believed the granting of the pension was contrary to all law and the evidence.

Senator Platt called up the case of Capt. Charles Schoreck, Fifteenth New York Volunteers.

Among the papers were found a letter written by J. A. Fife to Senator Logan, in which he calls attention to the long time which claimant's papers had been in the Pension Office unacted upon. He says the claimant was a member of the "famous Springfield convention." The claimant was "feeling ugly" because of the delay, and the writer thought it a good scheme to have the matter settled as soon as possible to make him feel better. The writer asks Gen. Logan's aid to this end. Gen. Logan sent a letter to Commissioner Dudley with a request that the case be made special, which was granted, and the pension was allowed.

Pending further examination of the papers, the committee adjourned.

## PERSONAL MENTION.

SARAH ORNE JEWETT, now South on account of bad health, contributes an illustrated ballad to the June *Wide Awake*, entitled "York Garrison, 1640."

MRS. SUSAN ARCHER WEISS furnishes the June *Wide Awake* with a delightful page of folk-lore, interesting to all antiquarians, entitled "The True Bo-Peep."

CHARLES EGBERT CRADDOCK (Miss Murfree) is now credited with capturing a tail Tennessean while she was collecting stories and incidents of Tennessee mountain life.

MRS. LOUISE CHANDLER MOULTON, whose kindness to young literary people is a well known trait, sails for England on June 2d. *Through the Year With the Poets* includes many charming poems from her pen.

WILLIS BOYD ALLEN, editor of *The Cottage Hearth*, contributes an original poem to *May*, which D. Lothrop & Co. publish. Mr. Allen is a young Boston lawyer and graduated from Harvard University in 1878.

WILL H. HAYNE, the son of Paul Hayne, inherits much of his father's genius. *May*, which D. Lothrop & Co. publish, contains a musical poem from his pen. Mr. Hayne is about thirty years old, and lives with his parents in their home at Copse Hill, a few miles from Augusta, Ga.

ALFRED PERCIVAL GRAVES, so many of whose poems have been included in *Through the Year With the Poets*, is the son of one of the bishops of the Irish Episcopal Church, and was born in Dublin in 1846. He is at present a resident of Taunton, Eng., and is one of her majesty's school inspectors.

CHARLES E. FITCH, the editor of the Rochester *Democrat*, has just begun the delivery of a series of lectures on the profession of journalism before the students of Cornell University. The following are the subjects of the lectures: "Journalism Historically Considered." "The Development of American Journalism;" "Journalism as a Profession;" "Perils of Journalism;" "Preparation for Journalism."

THE Lord Chamberlain, in London, having refused to license Shelley's fearful tragedy, *The Cenci*, the audience last night assembled "by invitation" at the Grand Theater, Islington. Shelley's own opinion anent the theatrical representation of the drama is worth quoting: "This story of *The Cenci* is eminently fearful and monstrous. Anything like a dry exhibition of it on the stage would be insupportable."

IN his forthcoming lecture at Oxford, it is said, Mr. Henry Irving will review the history of the English stage, dividing his survey into four distinctive periods—namely, the Burbage or Shakespearean era; the Restoration; the Garrick period; and the period during which the genius of Edmund Kean so powerfully contributed to arrest the decline of the histrionic art and the public interest in the theater.

CHANGE of climate and water often affect the action of the bowels. One or two Brandreth's Pills taken every night are a perfect remedy in such cases; they also prevent malaria and are a protection against typhus fever, or diseases arising from bad sewerage.

**The Ohio Democratic Senators.**

COLUMBUS, O., May 12.—Judge Wilson, late Senator from Hamilton county, was in the city this morning, and held a consultation with Van Clef, Democrat, who remained in Columbus, relative to future plans. A definite programme will be formulated at a caucus of the absent Senators to be held at Covington, Ky., this afternoon. The Democrats have abandoned the idea of starting a Senate of their own. It has been decided, however, that they will make a fight in the courts against the action of the Republicans in the Senate by testing the validity of their acts in passing bills such as the loan bill.

## Sore Eyes

The eyes are always in sympathy with the body, and afford an excellent index of its condition. When the eyes become weak, and the lids inflamed and sore, it is an evidence that the system has become disordered by Scrofula, for which Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the best known remedy.

Scrofula, which produced a painful inflammation in my eyes, caused me much suffering for a number of years. By the advice of a physician I commenced taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla. After using this medicine a short time I was completely

**Cured**

My eyes are now in a splendid condition, and I am as well and strong as ever.—Mrs. William Gage, Concord, N. H.

For a number of years I was troubled with a humor in my eyes, and was unable to obtain any relief until I commenced using Ayer's Sarsaparilla. This medicine has effected a complete cure, and I believe it to be the best of blood purifiers.—C. E. Upton, Nashua, N. H.

From childhood, and until within a few months, I have been afflicted with Weak and Sore Eyes. I have used for these complaints, with beneficial results, Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and consider it a great blood purifier.—Mrs. C. Phillips, Glover, Vt.

I suffered for a year with inflammation in my left eye. Three ulcers formed on the ball, depriving me of sight, and causing great pain. After trying many other remedies, to no purpose, I was finally induced to use Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and,

**By Taking**

three bottles of this medicine, have been entirely cured. My sight has been restored, and there is no sign of inflammation, sore, or ulcer in my eye.—Kendal T. Bowen, Sugar Tree Ridge, Ohio.

My daughter, ten years old, was afflicted with Scrofulous Sore Eyes. During the last two years she never saw light of any kind. Physicians of the highest standing exerted their skill, but with no permanent success. On the recommendation of a friend I purchased a bottle of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, which my daughter commenced taking. Before she had used the third bottle her sight was restored, and she can now look steadily at a brilliant light without pain. Her cure is complete.—W. E. Sutherland, Evangelist, Shelby City, Ky.

**Ayer's Sarsaparilla,**

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price $1; six bottles, $5.

B-I-B-

WHAT IS IT?

RELIEF!

Forty Years a Sufferer from

Catarrh!

WONDERFUL TO RELATE.

"FOR FORTY YEARS I have been a victim to CATARRH—three-fourths of the time a sufferer from EXCRUCIATING PAINS ACROSS MY FOREHEAD AND MY NOSTRILS. The discharges were so offensive that I hesitate to mention it, except for the good it may do some other sufferer. I have spent a young fortune from my earnings during my forty years of suffering to obtain relief from the doctors. I have tried patent medicines—every one I could learn of—from the four corners of the earth, with no relief. And AT LAST (57 years of age) have met with a remedy that has cured me entirely—made me a new man. I weighed 128 pounds, and now weigh 146. I used thirteen bottles of the medicine, and the only regret I have is, that being in the humble walks of life I may not have influence to prevail on all catarrh sufferers to use what has cured me—

**Guinn's Pioneer Blood Renewer.**

"HENRY CHEVES,
"No. 267 Second street, Macon, Ga."

"Mr. Henry Cheves, the writer of the above, formerly of Crawford county, now of Macon, Ga., merits the confidence of all interested in catarrh. W. A. HUFF,
"Ex-Mayor of Macon."

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**FLESH PRODUCER & TONIC**

**Guinn's Pioneer Blood Renewer.**

Cures all Blood and Skin Diseases, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Old Sores. A perfect Spring Medicine.

If not in your market, it will be forwarded on receipt of price. Small bottles, $1, large, $1 75.

Essay on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.

MACON MEDICINE COMPANY, Macon, Georgia.

B-I-B-

WHAT IS IT?

**W. N. HALDEMAN,**

President of the Great LOUISVILLE COURIER-JOURNAL CO., tells what he knows of

**Wintersmith's Chill Cure.**

OFFICE OF THE COURIER-JOURNAL, LOUISVILLE, KY.

*Dr. Wintersmith, Sir*—I have a rule I have observed for many years, the value of your remedy prompting me to say, in reply to your request, what I know of your Chill Cure. The private assurances of its efficacy I had, and the good results of its effects I had observed on Mr. R. W. Meredith, who, for more than fifteen years, had been foreman of my office, induced me to test it in my family. The results have been entirely satisfactory. The first case was of two years' standing, in which I believe every known remedy had been tried with temporary relief—the chills returning periodically and with seemingly increased severity. Your cure broke them at once, and there has been no recurrence of them for more than six months. The other case was of a milder form, and yielded more readily to other remedies; but the chills would return at intervals until your medicine was used, since which time, now several months, they have entirely disappeared. From the opportunity I have had to judge, I do not hesitate to express my belief that your Chill Cure is a valuable specific, and performs all you promise for it. Respectfully,

W. N. HALDEMAN.

ARTHUR PETER & CO., Agents, Louisville, Ky.

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Absolutely Cured in 30 to 90 days by Dr Pierce's Pat. Magnetic Elastic Truss. Warranted ONLY ELASTIC TRUSS in world. Entirely different from all others. Perfect Retainer, worn night or day with ease & comfort. Cures the famous Dr. J. Simms, of N.Y. and hundreds others. Pamp. free. MAGNETIC ELAS. TRUSS CO. 312 N. 6th st. St. Louis.

**Administrator's Notice.**

Office Public Administrator, Shelby county Courthouse, Memphis, Tenn., May 3, 1886.

THE undersigned having been appointed and qualified administrator of the estate of J. H. Nuttall, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to come forward and settle; and to those to whom said estate is indebted, to file their claims with me, duly probated, within the time prescribed by law, or the same will be forever barred. JOHN LOAGUE, Public Administrator.

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APPEARANCE UNRIVALED — SIMPLICITY UNPARALLELED

EXCELSIOR MANF'G. CO. CHARTER OAK STOVE 612-618 N. MAIN ST. ST. LOUIS, MO.

UNSURPASSED IN CONSTRUCTION — UNPRECEDENTED IN DURABILITY

The BEST of All

Indisputed in the BROAD CLAIM of being the VERY BEST OPERATING, QUICKEST SELLING, HANDSOMEST AND Most Perfect Cooking Stove EVER PLACED ON SALE.

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Electric Belt Free

TO introduce it and obtain agents we will for the next sixty days give away, free of charge, in each county in the U. S. a limited number of our German Electro Galvanic Suspensory Belts. Price $5; a positive and unfailing cure for Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Emissions, Impotency, etc. $500.00 Reward paid if every Belt we manufacture does not generate a genuine electric current. Address at once ELECTRIC BELT AGENCY, P. O. Box 2179, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Ladies

Do you want a pure, blooming Complexion? If so, a few applications of Hagan's MAGNOLIA BALM will gratify you to your heart's content. It does away with Sallowness, Redness, Pimples, Blotches, and all diseases and imperfections of the skin. It overcomes the flushed appearance of heat, fatigue and excitement. It makes a lady of THIRTY appear but TWENTY; and so natural, gradual, and perfect are its effects, that it is impossible to detect its application.

B-I-B-

WHAT IS IT?

DR. D. S. JOHNSON'S

PRIVATE

MEDICAL DISPENSARY,

No. 17 Jefferson Street,

(Between Main and Front.) MEMPHIS.

(Established in 1860.)

DR. JOHNSON is acknowledged by all parties interested as by far the most successful physician in the treatment of private or secret diseases. Quick, permanent cures guaranteed in every case, male or female. Recent cases of Gonorrhea and Syphilis cured in a few days without the use of mercury, change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis, the last vestige eradicated without the use of mercury. Involuntary loss of semen stopped in short time. Sufferers from impotency or loss of sexual powers restored to free vigor in a few weeks. Victims of abuse and excessive venery, suffering from spermatorrhea and loss of physical and mental power, speedily and permanently cured. Particular attention paid to the Diseases of Women, and cures guaranteed. Piles and old sores cured without the use of caustic or the knife. All consultations strictly confidential. Medicines sent by express to all parts of the country.

Workingmen cured at half the usual rates. Office hours from 8 o'clock a.m. to 9 o'clock p.m. D. S. JOHNSON, M.D.

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WRITE FOR CATALOGUE.

**PROBATE COURT SALE**

—OF—

**REAL ESTATE**

In the Town of Collierville, Tenn.

No. 512, R.D.—John Loague, Public Administrator of Shelby county, and as such Administrator of Mrs. E. M. Bleckley, deceased, vs. Maggie A. Brennan et al.

BY virtue of decree for sale entered herein, April 27, 1886, I will offer for sale, at public auction, at COLLIERVILLE, TENN., on

**Saturday, May 29, 1886,**

within legal hours, the following described real estate, to-wit:

I. A certain lot containing three and one-half (3½) acres in the Tenth Civil District of Shelby county, Tenn., in the neighborhood of Bray's Station: Bounded on the north by the State-line road; on the south by the M. and C. Railroad; on the east by the lands of P. M. Ward, and on the west by the lands of E. Read

And the following lots in the town of Collierville, Shelby county, Tenn.:

II. A vacant lot fronting on the west side of the public park, south of the lot owned by T. J. Morris, and being one hundred (100) feet by a depth of one hundred and twenty (120) feet.

III. A vacant lot on the south side of Front street, beginning about one hundred and forty (140) feet west of the intersection of Front street with the opening west of the public square, having a front of one hundred and seventy-four feet by a depth of about two hundred and twenty (220) feet.

IV. A vacant lot on the east side of Main street, thirty by sixty (30x60) feet, lying between the property of Geo. J. Blair and P. L. Gray.

V. A vacant lot on the west side of Main street, beginning about one hundred and fifty-eight (158) feet north of the intersection of Front and Main streets; thence north twenty (20) feet, with a depth of one hundred and sixty (160) feet, running south at right angles with the south line of said lot from a point one hundred and twenty (120) feet west of the beginning point, a distance of fifty-eight (58) feet, until it joins with lot No. four (4), fronting on Front street.

VI. A certain lot commencing on the northwest corner of J. W. and W. D. Keen's lot, in the town of Collierville, deeded to them by Leake and Irby; running thence north thirty (30) feet to a stake; thence east sixty (60) feet to a stake; thence south thirty (30) feet to a stake to the northwest corner of said lot of Keen's; thence west sixty (60) feet to the beginning point.

Book 30, page 135.

VII. A lot known as the Orchard lot, described as: Beginning at the northeast corner of lot No. 2, on a range of lots north of public square and opposite the M. and C. R.R.; thence north two hundred and seven feet six (207½) inches to a stake; thence west two hundred and twenty (220) feet in J. K. Wadling's east boundary; thence south two hundred and seven feet six (207½) inches to a stake, which is the northwest corner of John Lynch's lot No. 11; thence east two hundred and twenty (220) feet to the beginning, containing, by estimation, a little over one acre. Book 73, page 542.

VIII. Lot No. one (1), forty (40) feet by one hundred (100) feet, in a range of lots Nos. 1 to 11, on the north side of the public square or park, purchased from V. Leake September 24, 1867, and recorded in Register's office of Shelby county, in book No. 62, pages 203, 204.

IX. Lot No. 2, forty (40) by one hundred (100) feet, in a range of lots Nos. 1 to 11 on the north side of the public square or park, purchased from V. Leake, December, 1867, and recorded in the register's office of Shelby county, in book No. 65, page 476.

X. Lot No. 4 (and part of lot 3), forty (40) by one hundred (100) feet, and part of lot 3, eight (8) by one hundred (100) feet, west of and adjoining lot No. 2, in a range of lots No. 1 to 11, on the north side of the public park or square. On this lot, 48x100 feet, are two brick storehouses, on which there is a trust deed of record. (Sale subject to the rights of the mortgagee.)

XI. Lot No. 5, forty (40) by one hundred (100) feet, west of and adjoining lot No. 4, above described, and fourteen (14) feet six (6) inches of lot No. 6, west of and adjoining lot No. 5. [This is the lot on which Mrs. M. Bleckley resided at the time of her death, being fifty-four (54½) feet six inches by one hundred (100) feet. One-story frame and improvements. Book 83, page 236.

XII. Lot No. 9, forty (40) by one hundred (100) feet, in a range of lots on the north side of the public park or square, record book No. 59, part 2, pages 457-8. A lot fronting the west side of the public park, beginning forty-eight (48) feet south of front street, lying between the lot of J. K. Waddy on the north and T. J. Morris on the south, being forty-eight by one hundred and twenty (48x120) feet, having two (2) two-story brick improvements and also one (1) small tenement of wood. Upon this lot there is a trust deed of record. Sale subject to the rights of the mortgagee.

As per said decree, I will first sell said unimproved property, or so much thereof as may be necessary for the payment of the debts and charges, and state, county and municipal taxes against said estate; and in the event said unimproved property does not realize sufficient, then I will offer said improved property for sale for the payment of the remainder of said debts, costs, charges and taxes. This decree is made without prejudice to the claims of creditors secured by mortgage or trust deed, and the right of the estate in property embraced in such mortgage or trust deeds shall be last sold in case a sale thereof becomes necessary to pay the debts allowed.

At the time of the sale the guardian, M. Gavin, may direct the order in which the different lots or tracts may be sold, except that the mortgaged property is to be last sold as above stated.

Terms of Sale—One-fourth (¼) cash, one-fourth (¼) on December 27, 1886, and one-half (½) on December 27, 1887; purchaser to execute notes with approved personal security for the unpaid purchase money, and a lien retained on the property to secure the deferred payments. This April 26, 1886.

HUGH B. CULLEN, Clerk.

By G. L. McDonald, Deputy Clerk.

John Loague, W. D. Wilkerson, H. C. Warriner and Albert Suggs, solicitors.

**CUTHBERT.**

BAY STALLION, star, left hind ankle and right hind heel white. Foaled May 6, 1881, by Cuyler (sire of Algath, three-year old record, 2:25¾); First dam Marcia S., by William's Mambrino (sire of the dam of Santa-Claus, 2:17¾); second dam Ned (dam of Clemmie G., record 2:15¾, Post Boy 2:23¾, Alice Stoner 2:24¾, by Berkley's Edwin Forrest); third dam by Mambrino Chief (sire of Lady Thorn, 2:18¾); fourth dam by Grey Eagle; fifth dam by Bolivar; sixth dam by Blackburn's Whip; seventh dam by Comet

CUTHBERT is a mahogany bay, 15¾ hands high, and magnificently proportioned. He has never been handled for speed, but can show a 2:40 gait with two men in a buggy. Was bred and reised by J. C. McFerran & Co., Glenview, near Louisville, Ky., and sold at a two-year old for $2,000. Cuthbert will be allowed to serve 25 approved mares this season. Services, twenty-five ($25) dollars cash. Can be seen at our stable.

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**Probate Court Sale Real Estate.**

No. 535, R.D.—In the Probate Court of Shelby County, Tenn.—T. J. O'Neil, administrator, vs. Cath. Ellen O'Neil.

BY virtue of a decree for sale, entered in this cause on April 27, 1886, minute book 46, pages 494, etc., I will sell to the highest bidder, at public auction, in front of the court-house door, on Main street, on

**Saturday, May 22, 1886,**

within legal hours, the following described real estate, to-wit: A certain piece or parcel of land, situated in Memphis, Tenn., commencing on the west side of Main street, and running thence north 37¾ feet; thence west 148½ feet to Center alley; thence south along said alley 37¾ feet to a stake, and thence east 148½ feet to the beginning. The said lot is the south half of lot No. 153, and is situated at the intersection of the north side of the first alley south of and parallel with Overton street with Main street. The said sale will be subject to right of homestead of Cath. Ellen O'Neil in said real estate.

Terms of Sale—On a credit of seven (7) months; the purchaser to execute note with surety, and a lien will be retained to secure unpaid purchase money. Equity of redemption barred. This April 27, 1886.

H. B. CULLEN, Clerk.

By G. L. McDonald, Deputy Clerk.

Wm. M. Randolph, Solicitor.

DR. RICE,

For six years at 59 Court Place, now at

322 Market Street, Louisville, Ky.

Bet. Third and Fourth.

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Cures all forms of PRIVATE, CHRONIC and SEXUAL DISEASES.

Spermatorrhea and Impotency, as the result of self-abuse in youth, sexual excesses in mature years, or other causes, and producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Seminal Emissions, Sleeplessness, Pimples on Face, Aversion to Society of Females, Confusion of Ideas, Loss of Sexual Power, &c., rendering marriage inexpedient or unhappy, are thoroughly and permanently cured. SYPHILIS positively cured and no poison prescribed to ruin the system. Gonorrhea, GLEET, Stricture, Orchitis, Hernia, or Rupture, Piles and other private diseases quickly cured.

It is self-evident that a physician who pays special attention to a certain class of diseases, and treating thousands annually, acquires great skill. Physicians treating this but often recommend patients to my care. When it is inconvenient to visit the city for treatment, medicines can be sent privately and safely by mail or express anywhere.

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DEMOCRATS TO THE FRONT—To all persons seeking Government Employment in any of the departments at Washington, or any other positions under the Government, I will send full instructions as to how to proceed to obtain the same, and Blank Forms of Application on receipt of One Dollar. Address JOHN D. BURGH, Lock-box 288, Chicago.