SUICIDE OF KING LUDWIG

THE MAD MONARCH DROWNED IN LAKE STARNBERG.

Accession of His Imbecile Brother, Otto, to the Throne—Prince Luitpold to Remain Regent.

MUNICH, June 14.—King Ludwig yesteiday took his departure for Berg castle, on Lake Starnberg. The scenes aleng the route of the journey were very affecting. The peasants knelt in the roads weeping. The King responded to their greeting mournfully, but kindly. He looked pale and weary. The utmost precau ions have been taken to prevent him from committing suicide.

SUICIDE OF THE KING.

Later.—Ludwig, who was recently deposed from the Bavarian throne, committed suicid at 6 o'clock yesterday evening. He had gone out for a promenade in the park of the Berg Castle, accompanied by Dr. Gudden, his physicin. The King suddenly threw himself into Starnberg lake and was drowned. The physician jumped into the water to res ue the King and was also drowned.

THE DEAD KING'S LAST ORDER.

The medical commission which examined the late King Ludwig report that he had ordered the members of the ministerial deputation, headed by Count Holstein, who called upon him to procure his consent to a regency to be flogged until they bled and then to have their eyes extracted. Before his death the belief was spreading among the common people of Bavaria that the King's deposition was illegal. The people did not believe he was insane. Precautions had been taken to prevent the people from rising to restore the King.

THE WATCH WORN BY KING LUDWIG,

and which was on his person when his corpse was received from the lake, had stopped at 6 45 o'clock last evening. Dr. Mueller and Hubert, the King's steward, had the bodies of Ludwig and Dr. Gudden conveyed to the Berg Castle and placed on beds. Although there was neither any perceptible respira ion nor pulse movement in either of the bodies, Dr. Mueller and his assistant of the ambulance corps attempted to restore animation in both, and only ceased their efforts at resuscitation at midnight, when life was pronounced extinct in both cases.

King Ludwig's suicide has cast a deep gloom over Munich. Now it is seen plainly that the people were deeply attached to the King, and evidences are everywhere manifest of the popular sorrow caused by his tragic death. The police have issued the following bulletin: "The King quietly submitted to the advice of the Medical Commission, and left for Berg Castle. Yesterday evening his majesty went out for a walk in the park in company with Dr. Gudden. Their prolonged absence caused anxiety at the castle. The park and the shores of Lake Starnberg were searched. The bodies of the King and Dr. Gudden were found in the water. Both showed slight signs of animation. Efforts to restore life, however, were unavailing."

THE NEW KING.

At 10 o'clock this morning the generals of the Bavarian army met and took the oath of allegiance to King Ludwig's brother, Otto, who at once assumed the title of King under the name of Otto the First. He is three years younger than Ludwig, having been born April 27, 1813. Otto, however, will be simply nominally King, as he is mentally incapable of government, and Prince Luitpold, his uncle, will remain regent. The generals of the army have taken the oath of allegiance to Prince Luitpold as regent. The Bavarian troops took oaths similar to those sworn by the generals.

A VIOLENT STRUGGLE IN THE LAKE.

There are evidences that a violent struggle occurred in the lake between the king and Dr. Gudden, in the endeavor of the latter to rescue his patient. Many footprints can be seen in the soil at the bottom of the lake near where the bodies were found, and there are several bruises on Dr. Gudden's face which were probably made by the King's finger-nails. The marks consist of two large and two small scratches, on the right side of the nose and forehead. These signs show beyond doubt that a struggle took place. The King, before plunging into the lake, divested himself of his two coats, which were found on the bank and led to the discovery of the bodies.

OTTO'S ACCESSION

According to the constitution Prince Otto, although deranged, becomes King. Prince Luitpold remains regent, and will administer the affairs of the government.

The church bells have been sending forth muffled peals throughout the day. Excited and sorrowing crowds of people thronged the streets despite the heavy rain that has been falling. Thousands of people surrounded the palace awaiting the issue of proclamations in regard to the succession to the throne.

Messrs. Herren, Crailsheim, Faustle and Von Riedel, Ministers of State, have gone to Berg Castle to prepare official minutes recording the circumstances in connection with the King's death and the discovery of his body.

The corpse of the monarch will shortly be brought to Munich and laid in state in the old castle chapel. The churches of the city have been crowded all day. The town is draped in mourning. The troops were held within their barracks to-day.

LUDWIG

promenaded Sunday morning, and quietly conversed with his attendant on a bench in Deer Park, near the point of the lake, where a placard is posted forbidding persons to land. Ludwig and Dr. Gudden dined together in the evening. The King was composed in demeanor. He ate rapidly, finishing the meal in half an hour. Afterward the King and the physician left the Castle together. The attendants were ordered to remain in the Castle. At 11 o'clock last night the two bodies were found in the lake fifty paces from the shore, in five feet of water, near the bench upon which the two sat in the morning. Dr. Gudden must have been forced beneath the water during the struggle, as the King's footmarks were traced further than the doctors. The umbrellas of both and the King's coat and overcoat, which had evidently been torn from his body, were lying on the bank of the lake. The dead King's fingernails exactly fit the scratches on Dr. Gudden's face. In a sworn deposition, dated June 8th, the four physicians who examined Ludwig unanimously declared that Ludwig was gravely deranged, his affection taking the form known to lunacy experts as paranaia, which is incurable; that further decay was certain; that the malady deprived the King of free volition, and that it would prevent his governing for the remainder of his life. This deposition was signed by Drs. Gudden, Hagen, Grashey and Hubrich.

A PROCLAMATION

has been issued "In the name of the King, the royal house and its people who, through good and evil fortune, have remained faithful." The proclamation says: "This house has sustained a severe stroke of destiny. By God's inscrutable decree King Louis has departed this life. By his decease, which has plunged Bavaria into grievous sorrow, the kingdom has passed, in pursuance of the constitution, to our well-beloved nephew Otto as he, by a long-standing malady, is prevented from governing himself, we, the nearest agnate, will administer the government in behalf of Otto. We summon Bavarians, willingly and dutifully, to acknowledge Otto as the rightful sovereign, and to tender to him, and to us as regent, inviolable loyalty and unswerving obedience. We command all officials to discharge their functions as heretofore until they receive more precise orders."

The proclamation is signed "Luitpold," and is countersigned by Baron von Lutz, the President of the Council, and by the rest of the Cabinet Ministers.

An hour before his death Dr. Gudden sent the following telegram to Baron Von Lutz: "Doctors Hagen and Hubrich have been summoned for Tuesday at 9 a.m. to give an opinion respecting Prince Otto. They will probably be able to give their decision on Tuesday evening. Here all is going wonderfully well. A personal examination, I may add, has only confirmed my written opinion.

RIOTS AT SLIGO.

Attacks on Orangemen by the Catholics.

SLIGO, June 14.—The residence of a leading Orangeman was burned last night by a mob. The military charged and shot some rioters. Extra police have been drafted. The town has been quiet to-day.

The rioting was originated by Catholics who were angry because somebody had destroyed the rails surrounding the Bishop's palace. They gathered in thousands and attacked houses of Protestants and molested and maltreated many persons. The windows in every house in which it was known a Protestant dwelt were smashed. The County Club House, the Constitutional Club, the Methodist Manse, the residence of the Congregational minister and several chapels were attacked and wrecked. The Orangemen made no attempt to retaliate. The Mayor, a Nationalist, and several Catholic magistrates penetrated to the front of the mob and tried to appease the rioters, but without avail. The riot act was then read, and the soldiers were ordered to clear the streets with fixed bayonets. A general stampede ensued, during which sixteen rioters were arrested.

Incendiary Fire.

LAKE HILL, June 13.—A house belonging to Matthew Smith, an Englishman, a large manufacturer of boats, was destroyed by fire to-day. The fire was started by incendiaries with paraffine, the key-holes having been previously stuffed by the miscreants. The family, including five children, were nearly burned to death before they could be rescued. Mr. Davis, Crown Solicitor, fired a revolver and dispersed a crowd that was attempting to wreck his residence. Large military and police reinforcements have arrived. The town is now quiet.

EUROPEAN FINANCES.

The Course of the Market at London and on the Continent.

LONDON, June 14.—Discount closed at 1¼ for three months and ¾ for short. The reduction of the Bank of England rate surprised the market. The *Economist* considers the reduction unwarranted by the bank's position and likely to produce trouble later, and that it will only benefit borrowers of money. The outside market followed the downward movement, but maintained some disparity with the Bank of England rate. English railway and European securities were inactive during the week. There is little prospect of much business being done during the elections. American railway securities were firm and active. The good crop prospects and improved business in America induce the belief that there will be a general revival in the autumn, with higher prices. Canadian securities were firm. The Mexican Government has deposited funds here to pay bondholders one-half of one per cent. in cash and the balance in scrip. The new issue bonds steadily improved. Mr. Fullerton's argument before the House committee at Washington has been used to stimulate dealings in Confederate bonds with small effect.

At Paris.

PARIS, June 14.—During the past week the movement to confiscate the Orleans property disturbed other property holders and caused sales of rentes the proceeds from which were invested in foreign funds. Panama canal shares closed at 460.

At Berlin.

BERLIN, June 14.—A great transoceanic bank is being formed here. The Bourse was quiet during the past week, but prices were firm. Consols closed at 2.

At Frankfort.

FRANKFORT, June 14.—Prices on the Bourse during the past week were firm. United States funded 4s closed at 123, and exchange on New York at 420.

FOREIGN MISCELLANY.

Rubenstein Coming to America.

LONDON, June 13.—Rubenstein, the distinguished pianist, will shortly make a tour of America.

Panic in an English Theater.

HASTINGS, June 13.—At the Pavilion Theater last night, while Dion Boucicault's play, *The Shaughraun*, was being produced, one of the spectators fainted when "Con" fired the gun. An alarm of fire was given and the audience became panic stricken. A number of women fainted and were crushed. No lives were lost.

Death of a Noted French Author.

PARIS, June 14.—Dieudonne Alexander Paul Boiteau, French author, is dead. He was fifty-six years of age.

Not Quite a Pauper.

LONDON, June 14.—Queen Victoria has offered the Comte de Paris, during his exile from France under the expulsion bill, the use of Claremont Castle, where Louis Philippe found a home and where he died. The Comte de Paris declined the Queen's offer on the ground that he does not intend to reside in England permanently.

LUNDBORG'S perfume, Edenis
Lundborg's perfume, Alpine Violet.
Lundborg's perfume, Lily of the Valley.
Lundborg's perfume, Marchal Niel Rose.

MENACED BY THE DROUTH

RAIN BADLY NEEDED IN THE WHEAT REGIONS.

The Growing Crop Already Seriously Injured—The Harvest in Tennessee.

CHICAGO, ILL., June 14.—The following crop summary will appear in this week's *Farmers' Review:*

The great fear of drouth, which has been threatening the wheat sections, still continues, and has become in some respects a serious menace to the growing grain. Dry, hot winds have prevailed in Dakota and Minnesota, adding to the already serious outlook in many portions of that State and territory. The effects of the drouth have begun to be seriously felt in Wisconsin, Iowa and Nebraska, and very few of the reports received down to Saturday night dwell upon much but this subject. Many fields of oats are reported turning yellow, and injury to that cereal threatens now to be more severe than ever to wheat itself. The rains which have prevailed in the sections named, while saving many fields from ruin, have not given the relief which, according to nine-tenths of the reports from correspondents, would appear to be imminently needed. The reports from Faribault, Goodhue, Meeker and Mower counties in Minnesota, all indicate serious need of rain. The present prospect in Meeker county is for not to exceed one half of the average crop.

In Dunn, Barrow, Monroe and Sauk counties in Wisconsin, the fields are dry and parched, and all grains are looking badly. The reports from Iowa, particularly from Adair, Cherokee, Mahaska, Pottawattamie, Winnebeik and Norman, indicate that many of the advanced fields of grain already show signs of turning yellow, and are badly in need of moisture.

In Otoe and Platte counties in Nebraska the wheat crop will be 25 per cent. below at average, while reports of serious drouths come from Douglas, Hamilton and Webster counties. Good rains rains would insure a full average yield in the larger portion of the entire spring wheat belt. But without them, and the continuance of the present hot and dry weather would undoubtedly prove fatal to the outlook for the entire crop, as the situation has already become critical.

The reports of damage continue to come from portions of Iowa, Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Kansas and Michigan, but none indicate that any general injury is to result either to the winter or spring wheat crops, and that it is to be confined in the main to isolated localities.

The section most seriously threatened is Southern Illinois, where the early prospects of a large crop yield has been lessened very considerably from the ravages of the chinch bugs.

Grasshoppers are reported in large numbers in Hamilton county, Ind.; Fayette and Logan counties, Ohio, and in Wapella county, Iowa.

The reports from Indiana indicate that the yield of winter wheat will fall slightly below the average. In some of the counties the wheat has gone back during the past three or four weeks. In Gibson county the fields do not promise as much as one month ago, owing to dry weather and rust. In Lagrange county wheat that promised twenty bushels to the acre will not produce to exceed five. The general prospects in Ohio continue good and the State has promise of a full average yield.

In Kansas and Michigan the prospect has not changed, the official report indicating that Kansas will not produce to exceed an 11,000,000 bushel yield on the report of the widespread injury inflicted on the crops early in the season. Harvesting is progressing in Missouri, Kentucky and Tennessee, and the general tenor of the reports continues very favorable.

In Southern Minnesota and Dakota.

ST. PAUL, MINN., July 14.—The *Pioneer Press* has crop reports from about 150 points in southern Minnesota and Dakota, showing the condition up to Saturday. Eighty per cent. of the reports show considerable damage from drouth. The rain of Friday night in the north and of Saturday night in the south have materially changed the situation, putting the crop in the north in excellent shape and improving the situation in the south, though in parts of southern Minnesota only a light crop can be hoped for with the most favorable conditions. Reports from all points along the Minneapolis and St. Louis railroad and Minnesota and Dakota are very discouraging. Special telegrams from Fort Keogh and Bozeman, Mont., report soaking rains, insuring good grass crops.

NEWBERN, TENN.

The Wheat Crop Expected to Be a Large Yield—Personal.

[CORRESPONDENCE OF THE APPEAL.]

NEWBERN, TENN., June 14.—The Rev. J. N. Hall, pastor of the Baptist church, baptized seven applicants into the church last night after services. There have been about thirty members added to the church here in the last few weeks.

Miss Belle Fortuna, who has been attending the Musical Conservatory at Boston for the past year, returned Saturday for the purpose of teaching a special class in music.

The wheat crop is nearly harvested, and an abundant yield is anticipated.

A. R. Pace has purchased a half interest in the livery stable of Hurt, Yancy & Co.

Capt Jack Pace and G. M Keenan, who with their families moved away sometime ago, have returned, and say they have returned to stay. Mr. Keenan has contracted for the erection of a large brick storehouse and dwelling.

Newbern has many signs of prosperity and indications of permanent growth. J. W. B.

"WINDOW ADVERTISING"

Receiving the Attention of New York Theatrical Managers.

NEW YORK, June 14.—The "window advertising" question is now receiving the attention of New York theatrical managers. As a general rule there appears to be only one opinion regarding the matter, and that is, that if it is possible to carry out the scheme in its entirety it will save an immense amount of money to Chicago managers. To this was added the rider that if the same thing were attempted here it would probably receive the cordial support of all the New York York managers. It must be remembered, however, that experience has repeatedly taught that to induce theatrical managers to move as a unit in any question affecting their business interests is almost an impossibility. The *Tribune* this morning prints a number of interviews with leading managers in this city. Manager Palmer of the Madison Square says: "I merely use a plainly printed bill, setting forth the title of my attraction, and not many of those. The trouble that will be found in Chicago, however, and in New York among the so-called combination houses will be with the managers of traveling companies. These people have laid out many thousands of dollars, maybe, on their "paper," as it is called, and there have indeed been instances of shows which relied more on their lithographs than their play or actors. Now they will naturally object when told that all this outlay must go for nothing. However, I should be glad to see anything done which won'd reduce the measure of the evil. But as nowadays the manager of a good attraction relies more on newspaper than lithographic advertisement, the matter may right itself." Other managers who were seen approved of the plan to stop the show card advertising, and it was evident that it would not be difficult to duplicate in this city the movement set on foot in Chicago.

THOMAS SEAY,

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE FOR GOVERNOR OF ALABAMA.

Sketch of His Career—Steady Growth in Public Confidence and Advancement in Public Life.

Selma (Ala.) *Times:* Thomas Seay was born in 1846, in what was then a portion of Greene county, and in what now constitutes a part of the county of Hale. His father was a man of robust native strength of mind, and had brought to the management of his private affairs so much of business sagacity that he soon accumulated a large fortune. This fortune was freely used in bestowing upon his children the advantages of the best education that could then be had by the young men of Alabama. Thomas Seay begun his school course under Dr. J. W. N. Mears, one of the eminent teachers of his day. The quiet of school hours, however, was disturbed by the alarms of war, and the boy shouldered his musket when little more than seventeen years of age, and went out to the defence of his country. He left Selma in June 1864, with the Sixty-second Alabama Regiment and was engaged with this regiment in the fight at Cheehaw. From Cheehaw his regiment was transferred to Spanish Fort and from Spanish Fort to Blakely, Tom Seay being in all the engagements of those days. At Blakely he was captured and sent to Ship Island, from Ship Island sent to Vicksburg, from Vicksburg to Big Black, where he was paroled and when he returned home.

He resumed his school course at the Southern University and was graduated in the class of '67 at the head of it, taking the degree of A. M. He studied law as a profession and began its practice in 1868. He has been a signally successful practitioner. He has the reputation of being a case winning lawyer, and at the same time the solidity of his mind and the judicial habit have been so marked that his selection at various times as a Special Judge of the Supreme Court has been accepted by those who knew him as a deserved tribute to the trained ability of the man as a jurist.

He entered politics as Senator from Hale in 1876, and has remained continuously at service in the Senate since that time. In 1884 he was elected chairman of the Democratic State Convention, and in the ensuing session of the Legislature by a flattering vote he was elected president of the Senate. The fine courtesy, the unbending impartiality of an ideal parliamentarian, and his work there as a presiding officer, fitly crowned his selection as permanent chairman of the Democratic State Convention.

Mr. Seay, while trained under the influences of wealth, is pre-eminently a man of the people. His heart knows no beat that is not in sympathy with the welfare and the highest fortunes of our great State. He is a young man, and he will carry into the execution of the trusts the people will impose upon him a perfect comprehension of the pressing needs of the hour, and at the same time he will cherish the sound traditions of the past. He is one of the ablest of the younger generation of men in the State, and he will be accepted by them as their accredited leader and spokesman. As we feel no doubt of his election, so we feel no doubt of the perfect success of his administration. He will make it a memorable one in the history of our State. Few men have ever entered an executive office under the same great promises to his friends that are held out by his past career, and few promises ever held out by a past career are so certain to be redeemed. In addition to being trained in a profession that has been since the foundation of our government the high road to political honor and distinction, he has had the training that comes from a wide and varied business and political experience, and he now enjoys the command that these give. He will be in every sense a genuine Governor, and in the stainless character of the man, in his perfect breeding and gentle courtesy, and in his really commanding abilities, we think the good people of our State will take a larger and larger measure of satisfaction as Mr. Seay comes to be better and better known among them.

OH! MY BACK
Every strain or cold attacks that weak back and nearly prostrates you.
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS
QUALITY NOT QUANTITY. P PURITY. On Every Bottle. Trade Mark.
PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND IT.
THE BEST TONIC
Strengthens the Muscles, Steadies the Nerves, Enriches the Blood, Gives New Vigor.
DR. J. L. MYERS, Fairfield, Iowa, says: "Brown's Iron Bitters is the best iron medicine I have known in my 30 years' practice. I have found it specially beneficial in nervous or physical exhaustion, and in all debilitating ailments that bear so heavily on the system. Use it freely in my own family."
MR. W. F. BROWN, 527 Main St., Covington, Ky., says: "I was completely broken down in health and troubled with pains in my back. Brown's Iron Bitters entirely restored me to health."
Genuine has above Trade Mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

DEMOCRATS TO THE FRONT—To all persons seeking Government Employment in any of the departments at Washington, or any other positions under the Government, I will send full instructions as to how to proceed to obtain the same, and Blank Forms of Application on receipt of One Dollar. Address JOHN D. BURGE, Lock-box 388, Chicago.

For Toilet Use.

Ayer's Hair Vigor keeps the hair soft and pliant, imparts to it the lustre and freshness of youth, causes it to grow luxuriantly, eradicates Dandruff, cures all scalp diseases, and is the most cleanly of all hair preparations.

AYER'S Hair Vigor has given me perfect satisfaction. I was nearly bald for six years, during which time I used many hair preparations, but without success. Indeed, what little hair I had, was growing thinner, until I tried Ayer's Hair Vigor. I used two bottles of the Vigor, and my head is now well covered with a new growth of hair. —Judson B. Chapel, Peabody, Mass.

HAIR that has become weak, gray, and faded, may have new life and color restored to it by the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor. "My hair was thin, faded, and dry, and fell out in large quantities. Ayer's Hair Vigor stopped the falling, and restored my hair to its original color. As a dressing for the hair, this preparation has no equal.—Mary N. Hammond, Stillwater, Minn.

VIGOR, youth, and beauty, in the appearance of the hair, may be preserved for an indefinite period by the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor. "A disease of the scalp caused my hair to become harsh and dry, and to fall out freely. Nothing I tried seemed to do any good until I commenced using Ayer's Hair Vigor. Three bottles of this preparation restored my hair to a healthy condition, and it is now soft and pliant. My scalp is cured, and it is also free from dandruff.—Mrs. E. R. Foss, Milwaukee, Wis.

Ayer's Hair Vigor,
Sold by Druggists and Perfumers.

PERFECT SAFETY, prompt action, and wonderful curative properties, easily place Ayer's Pills at the head of the list of popular remedies for Sick and Nervous Headaches, Constipation, and all ailments originating in a disordered Liver.

I have been a great sufferer from Headache, and Ayer's Cathartic Pills are the only medicine that has ever given me relief. One dose of these Pills will quickly move my bowels, and free my head from pain.—William L. Page, Richmond Va.

Ayer's Pills,
Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Dealers in Medicine.

RELIEF!

Forty Years a Sufferer from

Catarrh!

WONDERFUL TO RELATE.

"FOR FORTY YEARS I have been a victim to CATARRH—three-fourths of the time a sufferer from EXCRUCIATING PAINS ACROSS MY FOREHEAD AND MY NOSTRILS. The discharges were so offensive that I hesitate to mention it, except for the good it may do some other sufferer. I have spent a young fortune from my earnings during my forty years of suffering to obtain relief from the doctors. I have tried patent medicines—every one I could learn of—from the four corners of the earth, with no relief. And AT LAST (57 years of age) have met with a remedy that has cured me entirely—made me a new man. I weighed 128 pounds, and now weigh 146. I used thirteen bottles of the medicine, and the only regret I have is, that being in the humble walks of life I may not have influence to prevail on all catarrh sufferers to use what has cured me—

Guinn's Pioneer Blood Renewer.

"HENRY CHEVES,
"No. 20½ Second street, Macon, Ga."

"Mr. Henry Cheves, the writer of the above, formerly of Crawford county, now of Macon, Ga., merits the confidence of all interested in catarrh. W. A. HUFF,
"Ex-Mayor of Macon."

A SUPERB

FLESH PRODUCER & TONIC

Guinn's Pioneer Blood Renewer.

Cures all Blood and Skin Diseases, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Old Sores. A perfect Spring Medicine.

If not in your market, it will be forwarded on receipt of price. Small bottles, $1, large, $1.75.

Essay on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.

MACON MEDICINE COMPANY,
Macon, Georgia.

WILBOR'S COMPOUND OF
PURE COD LIVER OIL AND LIME.

Get the Genuine Article—The great popularity of "Wilbor's Compound of Cod-Liver Oil and Lime" has induced some unprincipled persons to attempt to palm off a simple article of their own manufacture; but any person who is suffering from Coughs, Colds or Consumption, should be careful where they purchase this article. The results of its use are its best recommendations; and the proprietor has ample evidence on file of its great success in pulmonary complaints. The Phosphate of Lime possesses a most marvelous healing power, as combined with the pure Cod-Liver Oil by Dr. Wilbor. It is prescribed by the medical faculty. Sold by A. B. Wilbor, Chemist, Boston, and all druggists.

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MANUFACTURING CO.
817 and 819 N. Second St. ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI.

MANUFACTURERS OF
SAWS, ENGINES AND BOILERS
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LOGGERS' & RAFTERS' APPLIANCES
SAW AND PLANING MILL SUPPLIES
WRITE FOR CATALOGUE.

Electric Belt Free

TO introduce it and obtain agents we will for the next sixty days give away, free of charge, in each county in the U. S. a limited number of our German Electro Galvanic Suspensory Belts. Price $5; a positive and unfailing cure for Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Emissions, Impotency, etc. $500.00 Reward paid if every Belt we manufacture does not generate a genuine electric current. Address at once ELECTRIC BELT AGENCY, P. O. Box 1179, Brooklyn, N. Y.

BIG G. Cures in 1 TO 5 DAYS. Guaranteed not to cause Stricture. Mfd only by the Evans Chemical Co. Cincinnati, Ohio. G has taken the lead in the sales of that class of remedies, and has given almost universal satisfaction. MURPHY BROS., Paris, Tex. G has won the favor of the public and now ranks among the leading Medicines of the oldest. A. L. SMITH, Bradford, Pa. Sold by Druggists. Price $1.00.

BROOKLYN, N. Y.—Board on the Hill, Mrs. H. C. Howard, 206 Washington Park. Rooms large; location delightful; convenient to cars to Manhattan Beach, Coney Island, Long Beach and Central Park; also to New York places of amusement.

Neuralgia

CAN BE CURED WITHOUT THE USE OF OPIUM OR MORPHINE!

The *Medical Brief*, published at St. Louis, says in the June, 1884, issue: "Many have become victims to the use of opium or morphine, from the use of those drugs for the relief of Neuralgia. It is gratifying to observe that such dangerous consequences may be averted by the use of TONGALINE, which is almost a specific in the acute form of Neuralgia."

"Used Tongaline in a case of Neuralgia of Mar 15 years standing, which had resisted all treatment. This was six months since and the patient has enjoyed perfect freedom from her complaint." E. L. HOWE, M. D., Centreville, Mo.

"Have given Tongaline a fair trial in Neuralgia. To use my patient's own expression, "It is the medicine for that disease." J. P. RINKEL, [illegible], Ill.

"I consider Tongaline the best preparation for Neuralgia I have ever tried." C. V. DUVAL, M. D., Pinsville, Mo.

Tongaline IS HIGHLY RECOMMENDED BY PHYSICIANS

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

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Doors, Sash, Blinds, Molding, Lumber,
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