FORTY-NINTH CONGRESS.

THE INTERSTATE BILL AGAIN UP IN THE HOUSE.

Further Action on the River and Harbor Bill—The Payne Matter in the Senate.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—*House.*—Mr. Morrison's concurrent resolution, reported from the Ways and Means Committee providing for the adjournment of Congress on July 28th, after being opposed by Mr. Reagan, Mr. Weaver, Mr. Bayne, Mr. Hepburne and Mr. Willis, was passed by a vote of 145 to 36.

The House then went into committee of the whole (Mr. Hatch [Mo.], in the chair), on the Senate amendment to the river and harbor bill, the pending question being on the motion made by Mr. Hewitt [N. Y.], striking out the clause for the improvement of New York harbor. He withdrew the amendment.

The committee then rose and the Senate amendment having been nonconcurred in the bill was sent to a conference.

Then a struggle arose for priority of consideration between the interstate commerce and the Northern Pacific forfeiture bills, which was resolved—yes 142, nays 99—in favor of the former.

The Senate bill was read at length, together with the amendment reported by the Committee on Commerce, which is to strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the House bill.

Mr. Reagan supported the House bill, while Messrs. O'Neil [Pa.], Davis [Mass.] and Hepburn [Ia.] favored the Cullom bill.

Mr. Hitt [Ill.] favored both bills in so far as they contained the meritorious provisions prohibiting unreasonable rates, unjust discrimination, rebate, and preferred a commission bill because it had been practically tried in Illinois and many other States, as well as in England, France and other countries, while the Reagan bill was an experiment. The people demanded that something be done to relieve and protect them and they preferred the Senate bill to talking about reform and never reforming.

The House then took a recess until 8 o'clock, the evening session to be for general debate only on the interstate commerce bill.

The Senate.

Senator Hoar, from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported favorably a bill to repeal sections 1767, 1768, 1769, 1770, 1771 and 1772 of the Revised Statutes. (The tenure of the office act.) The repeal is not, however, to affect any officer hitherto suspended under the provisions of said sections or any designation, nomination or appointment heretofore made by virtue of the provisions thereof.

Senator Van Wyck, in presenting another baten of Knights of Labor petitions in favor of land bills and the Oklahoma bill, read a letter from Joseph Beaumont, chairman of the Legislative Committee of the Knights of Labor (by whom these petitions have been sent to so many Senators), stating (in response to Senator Vest's remarks yesterday) that these petitions were genuine and were sent to him either directly or by authority of the persons purporting to have signed them; and further, that they were expressly authorized and sanctioned by the Grand General Executive Board of the order in the United States.

The Senate then at noon proceeded to the consideration of the report in the matter of the election of Senator Payne, and was addressed by Senator Pugh in an advocacy of the position taken by himself, Senator Saulsbury, Senator Vance and Senator Eustis, to the effect that there had been no expression of a belief or suspicion on the part of any member of the committee to the effect that Senator Payne was connected in the remotest degree, by act or knowledge, with anything wrong, criminal or immoral in his election, and that no further investigation of the charges should be made. He criticised the views of the minority (Senators Hoar and Frye) and argued they were in conflict with the precedents of the Senate in former cases of a similar character. One remarkable feature in the report of the minority was that after declaring the Senate to be a court which would have to hear and pass upon the title of Senator Payne to his seat, they had "dumped" on the Senate all the trash and filth that could be scraped up from Democratic newspapers and anonymous letter writers in regard to the means employed to cover Mr Payne's election. Could it be that the minority believed that such stuff would have any weight on the minds of Senators? It never could have a feather's weight on the Senate. He had merely desired to present the case briefly, and now in the names of seven of the nine members of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, he moved that that committee be discharged from the further consideration of the subject.

Senator Hoar addressed the Senate in support of the views of himself and Senator Frye, recommending an investigation of the charges. Such investigation, he argued, was due to Senator Payne, because it could only make it appear that the suspicion which all Senators were so eager to remove, did not rest upon him personally and ought not to rest on friends near unto him, or upon the State that had so honored him.

Senator Logan took the floor to reply to the argument of Senator Hoar and to sustain the views expressed in the report signed by himself and Senators Teller and Evarts. He was as ready now as any Senator (and ever has been) to expel a member, if he felt justified in so voting, but if, as in this case, the Senate was appealed to on garbled statements, on garbled extracts of perversions of testimony to do injustice to a man or to his reputation, he (Senator Logan) was not the man to do it. There were many considerations in this matter. While he might be appealed to on one side for the benefit of his party associates to do an act which, in his judgment, was not warranted by the law or the fact, he was appealed to on the other hand by the knowledge which he had of honored age, of honesty of purpose and of fair character. Not only that, but he knew Senator Payne to have been as devoted to the government and to the country during the war as any man whose voice was heard within the Senate chamber. When he was asked to deal wrongly with the rights of such a man, his answer was that there was no power in the land that could be brought to bear upon him, either from newspapers or political brawlers, to do such injustice.

Senator Logan continued at great length, saying that the present investigation looked like an attempt to kill off Republican Senators, and was especially directed against himself. He then referred to the Cincinnati *Commercial* in the following terms: "The Cincinnati *Commercial-Gazette* is a very influential paper, a very powerful paper, nobody disputes that. It is owned and edited (and has been for a long time) by a man named Halstead. He is a gentleman of wealth and influence, and it is easy for him to trample on a creature like me because I have no aspirations in the world beyond what I am, and inasmuch as the State of Illinois does not always ask my friend Halstead what she shall do about her Senators, and as I am not desiring to be a Senator from Ohio, I propose that my friend Halstead shall have all the power and influence and shall exercise it against me in Ohio. I will try to take care of myself at home. Halstead as I said is an influential man. In the days of Abraham Lincoln Halstead thought that Lincoln had ought to be chucked against the wall and his brains knocked out, or something like that. That was complimentary to Lincoln. In 1863 Halstead thought Grant was a drunken old loafer who ought to be kicked out of society. That was complimentary to Grant. After Grant was elected President, Halstead thought that he was a dirty, corrupt old scoundrel who was not to be trusted by the people of the country. So in 1872 Halstead supported Greeley for the Presidency against Grant because Grant was not a man to be trusted. I came to the Senate here almost accidentally, and the first thing I knew when I got here I picked up the Cincinnati *Commercial* one day and found five columns of that paper charging my friend from Ohio, who presides so honorably and fairly over this body, with all sorts of things. The article was written from Washington City and published with great head lines to show that our friend, Senator Sherman, was a dishonorable and corrupt man, who ought not to be trusted anywhere on account of some kind of denouement that he had with quartermasters during the war. The next thing that I found in the Cincinnati *Commercial* was that James G. Blaine was a scoundrel, a thief and a villain, who should be executed at the nearest lamp post. I did not believe it about Blaine. I did not believe it about Sherman. I did not believe it about Grant and I did not believe it about Lincoln. I did not think I was a big enough fellow to be attacked by the Cincinnati *Commercial*, and I never dreamed of such a thing. But I soon found it pitching in against some other people (it is not necessary for me to mention names), but the other day I picked it up and to my utter astonishment found my name mentioned in it in the complimentary way in connection with the names of two other Senators who are greater men than myself. Halstead is the man who got up this case by first publishing all these Donovan charges, and he says, speaking in a very kind manner of the Senator from New York, the Senator from Colorado and myself, that all the arts of corrupt schemes and all the blandishments of millions had been brought to bear upon us. Mr. Logan here quoted from the Cincinnati *Commercial Gazette* an article against himself and Senators Evarts and Teller, and speaking of Senator Evarts as a representative of coal oil in the Senate, and that as to Teller he was not worth talking about. "The Presidential boom," the article continued, "of two distinguished Republican United States Senators can now be tenderly laid away to enternal rest." "That," said Mr. Logan, addressing Senator Evarts, "means yourself and the Senator from Ohio, Senator Sherman." [Laughter.] "It can not allude to anybody else. There is nobody else that is spoken of in that article who is an aspirant for any office of that kind" (laughter), continuing to quote from the article, "Ohio Republicans will see that their graves are kept green." "Thanks," said Senator Logan, "to the Ohio Republicans. That is kind and generous of them (again quoting from the article). "The Standard Oil Company does not confine its influence to the Democratic party. Three Republican Senators have been waited upon in behalf of boodle." I read this to show how far men will go to destroy their brethren who are as honorable as they are. There is another article from the *Commercial Gazette* stating that Mr. George Fox had been on a visit to West Virginia, and that just before he left there Senator Camden, "whose intimate relations to the Standard Oil Company are well known," had telegraphed to prominent Democrats that only six more votes were wanted to carry the Senate, and that they were prepared to pay $5000 each for them. Now, said Senator Logan, I say that any man who will publish such an infamous slander, and such a villainous lie as that upon honorable members of his own party is unworthy of recognition anywhere. I ask Senator Camden to state whether that dispatch is true or not?

Mr. Camden repeated the statement which he had made in the Senate two or three weeks ago, when the dispatch was first called to his attention, denouncing it as malicious, false and without the slightest shadow of foundation.

Senator Logan continued his review of the career of Murat Halstead and the *Commercial* at some further length, referring particularly to his war record, and showing that his paper had always been against the leaders of the Republican party, and that the *Commercial* was unworthy of belief in any particular. He brought his speech to a close by declaring that he had done his duty, and would stand by it, for his action was right and just and proper. [Applause on the floor and in the gallery].

Senator Teller followed, and was proceeding to analyze the testimony in the case, but gave way to a motion to adjourn, holding the floor to conclude his remarks tomorrow.

Assigned.

CINCINNATI, O., July 21.—The Randle & Dugan Machinery Company, No. 109 East Front street, assigned to Harry Hughes. Preferences were given to the First National Bank of Covington, $2225; Union National bank of Cincinnati, $472; Helen Dugan, $6000, and a few other small amounts. Liabilities are estimated at $50,000. No statement of assets has been made.

The Faction Fight in Kentucky.

LOUISVILLE, KY., July 21.—A report from London, Ky., says the French and Eversale factions fought at Hazard Sunday, and that at least one man was killed. The report says the French faction holds the town.

Saved by a Little Girl—Presence of Mind.

ST. LOUIS, MO., July 21.—Yesterday afternoon Maud and Cora Davenport, and Anna, their cousin, were playing in a sand pit at Cunningham, when the sand caved in and buried all three. Anna freed herself, and dug away her search above Cora, uncovering her face, thus allowing her to breathe, and saving her life. The body of her other cousin she was unable to find, and ran to the nearest house for aid. Cora was taken out uninjured, but her sister Maud was dead when found.

THE NEW IRISH POLICY.

SUGGESTIONS TO THE INCOMING CABINET.

The Strongest Men Must Be Placed at the Helm—Gladstone's Resignation Accepted.

LONDON, July 21.—The *Times* urges that it is an indispensible necessity that the strongest and most capable statesmen in the Irish party be chosen to administer Irish affairs. "Another important charge," the *Times* says, "which is absolutely necessary is the transfer of Mr. Hamilton, Under Secretary at Dublin Castle, who is the driving wheel of the administration, to some other office. He is a man of remarkable ability, but it is idle to disguise the fact that he has gravely compromized his position as a permanent officiel by his close connection with Mr. Gladstone's Irish policy, of which, indeed, he is believed to be in some sense, the author."

GLANSTONE'S RESIGNATION ACCEPTED.

Mr. Gladstone at 2 o'clock this afternoon received from the Queen her acceptance of the resignation of himself and his Ministers. The Marquis of Salisbury left Dieppe today for London.

Royalist Rioting at Marseilles.

LONDON, July 21.—The royalist rioting at Marseilles continued yesterday and last night. The military at midnight charged the mob, capturing 200 of the rioters and turning them over to the custody of the police. Ten persons were wounded during the conflict.

The French Cable Company.

PARIS, July 21.—Soon after the meeting of the shareholders of the French Cable Company, which was held here June 23d, two cliques of shareholders began suit in the Tribunal de Commerce to compel the Board of Directors to call another general meeting and to resign thereat. The suit was dismissed yesterday by the Court, as under its charter a regular general meeting of the company must be held before the first week of October to examine the accounts of the fiscal year 1885.

Mrs. Mackay's London Party.

London *World:* The triumph of Mrs. Mackay is complete. She will soon forget all about her Meissonier misfortune and the Arc de Triomphe, and Paris will henceforth only know her when she accompanies M. de Castro to the French capital in search of novelties wherewith to deck a royal feast. His Royal Highness has solemnly consecrated by his presence the new temple of American hospitality in Buckingham Gate, and the fete of last week was a signal success. The Prince, of course, asked his own party to dinner, and he was graciously pleased to include the Prince and Princess Colonna in his list. The Duchess of Manchester, Lord and Lady Charles Beresford, "Lady A," (in a new and appropriate coiffure,) and Sir Arthur Sullivan, all exerted themselves to promote the harmony of the evening. The huge candelabra, the green and silver foliage, the plethora of diamonds, and the monumental menu cards all savored strongly of Big Bonanza. The viands and wines were worthy of the occasion, but the memories of the dinner will pale before those of the great fete which followed it. The crowd of ambassadors, ambassadresses, peers, peeresses, and American citizens soon became bewildering. Mrs. Cunard was there, of course, and Miss Grant brought her father. Oudin sang his most charming songs, the Russian singers chanted in costume, and the French actors and actresses played and recited. The supper, at separate tables, almost surpassed the dinner; and after thoroughly enjoying 'Lolotte" and the melody of MM. Viterbo and Le Lubez, H. R. H. finally sat down to a cheerful postprandial meal in the congenial company of Countess Karolyi, Mlle. Blanche Pierson, and M. Coquelin *aine.*

De Morny and His Bride.

Paris letter to the London *Truth:* When the bride and bridegroom (the Duc de Morny and the daughter of German Blanco) came out of the sacristy and faced round toward the portal, there was a surge forward to stare at them just as there is at the Grand Prix race when the horses are flying past the winning post. By Heaven's own mercy nobody was crushed to death. There would not have been such a crushing forward had not the bride been rather less than the middle height and the bridegroom not quite so tall. She was delicately rosy going into the church, and pale when going out. I asked myself whether her pallor was bred of emotion or of the heavy fragrance of her orange blossom wreath and other adornments. Orange blossoms are nice to smell as one rides by an orange grove; but they are asphyxiating near one's nose for many hours at a time, for which reason I prefer artificial to real ones at a wedding. The young Duchess was too ignorant of life and human nature to know what she was doing in wedding the husband of her choice. As her childhood is not well over, and she had no more sense of the consequences of leaving him then she had a few years ago in accepting a doll. There was cool triumph in his countenance. He has a profile like what his mother's used to be. His features are long and refined, but the cheeks begin to threaten embonpoint. One sees the Don Juan in his eyes, lips and nostrils. The former show coolness and audacity, and retain the brown brightness of the squirrel. I fancied they gleamed with pride as they surveyed the race course looking crowd that scanned him. He was no dandy, though so small, but unquestionably had style. His build is perfect. But if the bride be inexperienced, he has the experience of 50 although he is only 28. Without being disingenuous, the bride did not look vulgar in her satin dress beclouded with tulle. She has the tranquil nerves of an English girl and the perfect skin and black eyes and hair of a Spanish creole. The cherry lips of the new Duchesse de Morny are not a trifle too red. Her features are not a little classical, but are quite regular. Grief and disappointment have not yet superimposed the delicately rounded cheeks. The eyes have only expressed so far the happiness which health and wealth give in conjunction with the animal spirits of youth.

A Murderer Respited.

ST. LOUIS, MO., July 21.—Gov Marmaduke has granted a respite to John T. Leahy, who was to have been hanged Friday next, until August 6th. The Governor will in the meantime examine into the case and determine the truth of the charge that the man murdered his wife. Many believe that he is innocent.

The White House Tragedy.

ST. LOUIS, MO., July 21.—The Coroner's inquest in the case of J. J. White and Eden Rose, who were murdered by Edward Clum on the 8th of July, was concluded last evening. The evidence of the colored servant, Willis Dehony, showed that every step in the tragedy was well considered, deliberately planned and carefully executed. The jury found a verdict that the victims came to their death by gun shot wounds from a shotgun in the hands of Edward Clum. The murderer is in jail.

Consolidation at New York.

NEW YORK, July 21.—At the meeting of the Board of Aldermen today a resolution was referred to a committee providing for the appointment of a commission to consider the advisability of uniting into one municipality the cities of New York, Brooklyn, Yonkers, Long Island City and adjacent cities. This commission will confer with others from these cities and must report before the meeting of the Legislature.

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"Mr. Henry Cheves, the writer of the above, formerly of Crawford county, now of Macon, Ga., merits the confidence of all interested in catarrh. W. A. HUFF,
"Ex-Mayor of Macon."

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CHANCERY SALE

—OF—

REAL ESTATE.

No. 5323, R. D.—Chancery Court of Shelby county—State of Tennessee for use, etc., vs. Josephine Vienna et al.

BY virtue of an interlocutory decree for sale, entered in the above cause on the 22d day of January, 1886, M. B. 51, page 168, I will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, in front of the Clerk and Master's office, Court-house of Shelby county, Memphis, Tenn., on

Saturday, July 31, 1886,

within legal hours, the following described property, situated in Shelby county, Tenn., to-wit:

The north part of lot 3, block 38, fronting 32½ feet on the east side of St. Martin street, and running back 240 feet, more or less, to the north line of said lot being 200 feet south of Beale street.

Terms of Sale—On a credit of six months; note with security, bearing interest required; lien retained; redemption barred. This June 20, 1886.

S. I. McDOWELL, Clerk and Master.
By H. F. Walsh, D. C. and M.
F. H. and C. W. Heiskell, solicitors.

CHANCERY SALE

—OF—

REAL ESTATE

No. 5407, R. D.—Chancery Court of Shelby county—State of Tennessee, for use, etc., vs. F. W. Smith et al.

BY virtue of an interlocutory decree for sale, entered in the above cause on the 29th day of January, 1886, Minute Book 51, page 251, I will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, in front of the Clerk and Master's office, court-house of Shelby county, Memphis, Tenn., on

Saturday, August 7, 1886,

within legal hours, the following described property, situated in Shelby county, Tenn., to-wit:

Part of country lot 505, fronting 12 feet on the south side of Carroll avenue, 44¾ feet east of Geo. P. Cooper's lot and west of and adjoining Mary Welford's, by a depth of 170 feet, 8th ward.

Lots 1 and 2 Rembert's subdivision, fronting 50 feet on the east side of Manassas street, 50 feet north of Hawley street, by a depth of 146¾ feet.

Part of lot F, country lot 501, fronting 25 feet on the north side of Washington street, 62 feet west of B. Babb's lot, by a depth of 154 feet.

Part of country lot 499, fronting 75 feet on the north side of Adams street, northwest corner of Yates avenue, by a depth of 148½ feet.

Lot 2, country lot 519, fronting 50 feet on the west side of Johnson avenue, and running back west between parallel lines and parallel with Auction street, 190 feet to an alley.

Lot 10, country lot 519, fronting 28 5-6 feet on the east side of Covington road, southeast corner of alley south of Auction street, by a depth of 166½ feet—9th ward.

Lot 14, country lot 519, fronting 28 10-12 feet on the east side of Covington road, 28 5-6 feet south of alley south of Auction street, by a depth of 146½ feet.

West half of lot 62, country lot 496, fronting 30 feet on the north side of Madison street, by a depth of 148½ feet—8th ward.

Terms of Sale—On a credit of six months; notes with good security, bearing interest from date required; lien retained to secure same, and equity of redemption barred. This July 7, 1886.

S. I. McDOWELL, Clerk and Master.
By H. F. Walsh, Deputy C. and M.

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PRIVATE COUNSELOR

[illegible]

CHANCERY SALE

—OF—

REAL ESTATE.

No. 5046, R. D.—Chancery Court of Shelby county.—State of Tennessee vs. L. Cobb et al.

BY virtue of interlocutory decrees for sale, entered in the above cause on the 26th day of June and 9th day of November, 1885, M. B. 48, p. 560, and M. B. 50, page 111, I will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, in front of the Clerk and Master's office, courthouse of Shelby county, Memphis, Tennessee, on

Saturday, July 24, 1886,

within legal hours, the following described property, situated in Shelby county, Tennessee, to-wit:

Lot 8, block 56, fronting 50x170 feet, south side of Georgia street.

Part lot 1, block 41, beginning on south side of Vance street 80 feet east of the corner of St. Martin street; thence east with Vance street 70 feet; thence south 60 feet; thence west 70 feet; thence north 60 feet to the beginning.

Lot 19, block 64, beginning on the west side of Hernando street at northeast corner of said lot; thence westwardly with the line of J. M. Wilson's lot 196 feet to the east line of S. Mosby's lot; thence south with said line 21 feet; thence eastwardly with Henry Nolan's line to Hernando street; thence north with said street 21 feet to the beginning.

Terms of Sale—On a credit of six months, note bearing interest, with security, required; lien retained; redemption barred. This June 18, 1886.

S. I. McDOWELL, Clerk and Master.
By H. F. Walsh, Deputy Clerk and Master.
F. H. & C. W. Heiskell, solicitors.

CHANCERY SALE

—OF—

REAL ESTATE.

No. 5321, R. D.—Chancery Court of Shelby county.—State of Tennessee for use, etc., vs. Joseph Haines et al.

BY virtue of an interlocutory decree for sale entered in the above cause on the 22d day of January, 1886, M. B. 51, page 163, I will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, in front of the Clerk and Master's office, courthouse of Shelby county, Memphis, Tenn., on

Saturday, July 31, 1886,

within legal hours, the following described property, situated in Shelby county, Tennessee, to-wit:

Lots 19 and 20, Rembert subdivision, fronting 75 feet each on the west side of Ross avenue, and running back 148¾ feet. Sold as property of Asa Selby, Jennie Talbot and others.

Lot 31, E. P. Stewart's subdivision, fronting 60 feet on the east side of Mississippi avenue, and running back between parallel lines on the north line 253 feet, and on the south its 21½ feet to an alley, being third lot north of Chapin avenue.

Terms of Sale—On a credit of six months note with security, bearing interest required lien retained; redemption barred. This June 26, 1886.

S. I. McDOWELL, Clerk and Master.
By H. F. Walsh, Deputy Clerk and Master.
F. H. & C. W. Heiskell, Solicitors.

THIS PAPER is on file in Philadelphia at the Newspaper Advertising Agency of Messrs. N. W. AYER & SON, our authorized agents.