

THE TARIFF DISCUSSED.

THE JOINT DEBATE BETWEEN BOB AND ALF

Continued Before a Large Audience at Cleveland—Principal Points of the Speeches.

(SPECIAL TO THE APPEAL.) CLEVELAND, TENN., September 11.—We reached Cleveland today. Thousands were in waiting for us, and the two candidates and others of the party were escorted to the town, while those who gathered to meet us vociferously called for Bob and Alf. Bob is in fine trim and getting stronger in his debates every day against the pounding logic of Alf. The candidates spoke today to an assembly of over 3000 and by far the finest gathering that has met them yet. A beautiful incident occurred today when the little children presented him with a superb bouquet of flowers. It was at the end of his speech, and he had closed. Rising to his feet, he reached forward, took the little child by the hand, and uttered in a volume of feeling the sentence which I have placed at the end of this report.

ALF'S SPEECH today was principally on the tariff, and was uttered with a plain view to head off Bob in that question. He also attacked the revenue system, and said the Democrats had not only proposed to reform, but were going to wipe it out of existence. He said that the capital of the country was locked up on account of this lack of confidence, and said that twenty years of Republican rule in this country had marked the golden age of the American Republic. The stagnation of business, he said, would continue until the Republican party was in power. He took Bob's position today on the penitentiary lease system and said the Democrats held that this was a heritage given the Republican party. He said that the Republican party voted for the system. The living feature was in it and was incorporated in the act of the Legislature of 1877.

"I am for the instant abolition of the penitentiary lease at any cost," was his statement. On prohibition he claimed that his party was the first to lead off in the fact of submitting to the vote of the people by constitutional amendment. On the Blair bill he said that all the children in the State who could neither read nor write were to take hands they would make a line of innocents 400 miles long or 100 miles longer than those who could read and write.

then rose in the midst of the wildest cheers. He devoted his speech principally to the tariff, and on this great question I have thought it well to give you literally what he says, as follows: The Republican party boasts that it is the champion of the protection of labor. Let us see if this is true; let us see if the practical workings of the present system of tariff brings this result. Tariff is a tax. The Republican system is 43 per cent average upon an immense number of articles never used by the common people, and then we investigate further and we find the common articles that the common people used taxed more highly than the luxuries of the rich. Now, so far as I am concerned, I am not a free trader, never was. The Democratic party is not a free trade party, but we are for a tariff which is necessary to bring us a revenue and to meet the expenses of the government, to pay the interest on the national debt and at the same time give protection to the labor and our industries. In short, the Democratic view of the tariff question is this. A tariff sufficient to meet the expenses of the government economically administered, and to cover the difference between the price of American labor and foreign labor. I just want to say one thing now on the Blair bill that you have heard so much of. Why, my fellow citizens, there is no such thing as the Blair bill; it has not become a law. The Republican Senate voted for a resolution appropriating the surplus to the payment of the national debt, and when it did that strangled it to death, and my brother is holding up to you a corpse and in swearing it is alive. It has always been the policy of the Democratic party to foster and maintain public education. What has my honorable competitor got to say about that \$240,000 in gold that Isham G. Hays turned over to the State, after he had carried it in easy throughout the war? He talks about the little children who can't read nor write. As he closed his speech, upon being handed flowers by the children he said: "Oh, the little children, this is the sweetest tribute of all, for if there is anything beautiful it is a beautiful child in its innocence. May the spirit of God hover eternally over the lives of these little ones, and may they grow up in the world to beautify its homes with the happiness and with the light of their little faces and to lift the world still higher toward goodness and toward God."

RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT FOR THE LATE EX-MAYOR PHILLIPS.

(SPECIAL TO THE APPEAL.) NASHVILLE, TENN., September 11.—A meeting of the City Council and Merchants Exchange was held today and adopted resolutions of respect for the late ex-Mayor Phillips, killed in Dakota. A committee appointed to meet the body at Evansville will leave here tomorrow and act as an escort for the remains, which reach here Monday morning.

HEAVY SUIT FOR DAMAGES.

OMAHA, Neb., September 11.—Judge Homer, of the Fourth Judicial District, while visiting in Omaha today, was sued for \$50,000 damages by an ex-penitentiary convict named John Williams. Even years ago Williams, who lived in Kearney county, had a quarrel with a neighbor named "Yon" man and his son, both of whom he shot and killed. Judge Homer, then a practicing attorney, defended him. Williams says in his petition that he was indicted for murder in the first degree; that there was great prejudice against him in Kearney county as well as in Buffalo county; that he was the defendant, Homer, permitted him to be indicted and allowed the case to go to Buffalo county; that he (Williams) was there convicted of manslaughter and sentenced to ten years; that a new trial was granted; that

OTHER COUNSEL ARGUED THE CASE IN THE SUPREME COURT; THAT THE CASE CAME BACK AND HE WAS TRIED IN BUFFALO COUNTY FOR THE KILLING OF THE SON, BUT THAT HE ALWAYS THOUGHT THAT ADAMS COUNTY WAS THE BEST COUNTY; THAT THE CASE FOR THE KILLING OF THE FATHER WAS SENT TO ADAMS COUNTY AND AS EVIDENCE THAT HE WAS RIGHT HE WAS ACQUITTED IN ADAMS COUNTY; BUT WAS CONVICTED AGAIN IN BUFFALO COUNTY FOR KILLING THE SON. HIS CLAIM FOR TIME SPENT IN THE PENITENTIARY IS PUT IN AT \$3 A DAY. THE REST OF THE \$50,000 IS FOR DAMAGE TO HIS FEELINGS.

THE GERMAN EMPIRE.

THE BELLESCOURT MANIFESTATIONS IN FRANCE.

The Approaching Meeting of the Reichstag—The Provincial Judiciary—The Poles.

Berlin, September 11.—Mr. Pendlton, the United States Minister, who has been traveling in Switzerland, returned to Berlin today and resumed the duties of his office. The meeting of the Reichstag is awaited with much anxiety. Nobody believes that the session will be limited to the discussion of the "Mittelschiff". It is reported that Prince Bismarck, in explaining the European situation, will seize the occasion to convey a frank warning to France. The North German Gazette and other official papers comment unfavorably on what they term the bellicose manifestations of France, and they denounce Gen. Boulanger's projects for organizing the French army as measures that immediately menace Germany. Further reasons are also given why Bismarck should direct his attention to France. It is asserted that he will adopt this course in order to divert the mind of the people from his unpopular policy regarding Russia, and to obtain a renewal of the military septennate and the sanction of the Reichstag to increase the war charges, among which is the cost of production of the new repeating rifles. The factories in which these rifles are made have been working night and day and have accumulated a stock of rifles sufficient to arm 1,500,000 men, the number that will be included in the next mobilization, and there is a large surplus besides.

Herr von Windthorst will endeavor to raise a question concerning the Poles in the East-Prussian provinces. It is thought improbable that the government will succeed in limiting the session to about three days in the face of prevailing excitement. The political and anti-Russian sentiment is increased by reports of the persecution of Germans in the Baltic provinces under the energetic carrying out of a scheme to Russify the provinces. The judiciary in Livonia, Esthonia and Kourland have been changed and the judges nominated through the German bourgeois have been dismissed or placed under Russian orders. The German schools are supervised by a Russian inspector, who insists that conversation and correspondence shall be carried on in the Russian language. Poles have been appointed to administer German rural schools, while Lutheran pastors are excluded. These measures are resulting in stagnation of business and the emigration of Germans homeward. Many of these emigrants are ruined financially, and all entertain the bitterest hate toward Russia. Prince Bismarck has ordered Baron von Schlessler, Prussian representative at the Vatican, to curtail his leave of absence and return to Rome. The Baron is instructed to ask that the Pope's influence be exercised to prevent a resurgence of the Kulturkampf upon the demand for the readmission into Prussia of religious orders. The Catholic press claims the approval of the Pope for the programme of the Breslau congress. The Papal brief on the 15th of July, in favor of the Jesuits, is cited as having prepared the way for the decisions made by the Conference of Bishops at Faldia and for the resolutions adopted by the Breslau congress.

Prince Bismarck's ready acceptance of M. Holst's the newly appointed French Minister to Germany, in person, is believed to arise from the Chancellor's knowledge of M. Holst's character, his want of subtlety and his inability to conduct delicate negotiations, the absence of which qualities would render him a mere cipher among the skilled diplomats of Berlin. Prince Bismarck will resign M. Holst once and afterward convince him to Count Herbert Bismarck, Under Secretary of State.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

Iron Men Jubilant Over the Dissolution of the Reseque Injunction.

(SPECIAL TO THE APPEAL.) BIRMINGHAM, ALA., September 11.—The iron men here are in high feather over the news of the dissolution of the Reseque injunction at Pittsburg, which, it seems, removes the last legal obstacle in the way of the operation of the basic process under Jacob Reese's patent right. The Pratt Company owns the Reese right for this county. There are half a dozen iron men here from Uniontown, Pa., with an assayer, looking into coal and iron properties. The management of the Pratt Company have already ordered the construction of a part of the plant required by the big furnace project.

Railroad Suits in Iowa.

DUBUQUE, Ia., September 11.—Today it is learned that the suit to be instituted by the State of Iowa against the railroad companies to compel compliance with the Swamy law will be brought in the form of quo warranto proceedings in the Federal Supreme Court. Attorney General Baker will next week visit Washington to institute the suit, and it is understood that he will build his argument upon the ground taken by Maj. Anderson, as Railroad Commissioner, of the notoriety of Barber vs. the Northwestern road, known as the "Buggy case," namely, that the law is an assertion of the reserved police power of the State. It is also said to assume great proportions in legal circles. Very large public interests are involved in its decision.

Catholic Missions in India.

LONDON, September 11.—The Pope has published a letter relative to the history of Catholic missions in India. Dr. Bull's Ough Sryd never fails to cure a cough or cold in a short time. Give it a fair trial.

THE BRITISHER BEATEN.

ANOTHER GLORIOUS VICTORY FOR THE MAYFLOWER.

The Galatea Outslaid at Every Point, and Defeated With the Greatest Ease.

New York, September 11.—Today's race has decided upon which side of the Atlantic the America's cup shall stay for at least another year. It resulted in a glorious victory for the sloop Mayflower. When the finished this evening at 6 hours, 1 minute 4 seconds the Galatea was nearly two miles astern. The course was twenty miles to leeward and return, from Scotland lightship. The race was sailed in a breeze that blew fresh from the northwest for three hours, then cutting two points to the westward, it fell light the last hours of the contest, being little better than a drift. The Mayflower had only 3 minutes 20 seconds to spare when she crossed the finish line, as the time limit of the race was 7 hours. The Galatea was defeated on every point of sailing by the Mayflower. In the run out to the outer mark, with spinnakers set, she was beaten 13 minutes 45 seconds, and in the windward work over half an hour. There is gratification among the yachtsmen here tonight, while the Bostonians are fairly wild with delight. Off the whistle buoy at 10:15 o'clock the Galatea was cast off. Her crew soon made sail, while the Mayflower crew did the same, both setting their club topsails. When the judge's boat ran alongside the Galatea, Lloyd Phoenix, representing the New York Yacht Club, told the Regatta Committee that Lieut. Henn was very sick in the cabin, and that he wished the course to be made fifteen miles instead of twenty, so as to be sure and finish within a reasonable time. In case it should fall calm, he wished the Luckenbach to be set back, if the race was not completed, so that he could see a doctor early. Secretary Robinson said he would consult with Gen. Paine as to the length of the course. That gentleman, when seen, said he would leave the matter entirely in the hands of the committee. They decided that the course should be southeast, twenty miles, and steaming back to the Galatea, that course was given them. Capt. Bradford was sailing the cutter; Beaver Webb looked after the sails. While Mr. Henn heaped up of the comparison with an anxious look in her eyes, for her husband's condition alarmed her considerably. A fleet of steam and sailing craft nearly as large as that of Thursday had assembled near the starting point—Submarine lightships, Mammoth flags bedecked the steamers Grand Republic and Columbia, and the iron steamers Sirius, Copheus and Taurus were black with their human freight of yachting enthusiasts. The Chamber of Commerce Charleston relief fund has received subscriptions amounting to \$44,777. The Stock Exchange total subscription now reaches \$13,433; and the Mechanics' and Traders', \$545.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

Assignment of F. J. Ditter, Shoe Merchant.

(SPECIAL TO THE APPEAL.) LITTLE ROCK, ARK., September 11.—F. J. Ditter, a shoe merchant doing business at 422 Main street, this city, has received a writ of sequestration, appointing Henry D. Parker assignee. Below is a list of preferred creditors: Exchange National Bank, \$800; First National Bank, \$450; First National Bank, \$150; John E. Geyer, \$400; C. S. Collins, \$225. Parker & Worthen, \$500; Thomas Lafferty, \$450; Turner & Piets, \$1000; Miss Mattie Ditter, \$1600. Total, \$5565. There are other creditors not included in Schedule A of the deed of assignment having claims against the firm which will amount to nearly \$5000. Those mentioned are nearly all Little Rock people. Full times is given as the cause.

Mr. Thomas (of Thomas & Co., Broker), No. 57 Canal street, Baltimore, Md., indorses emphatically Serrin's Baking Powder for neuralgia.

when half the distance to the "outer mark" was covered. The steamboat captains regarded past warnings and kept well away from the contestants. At 12:50 o'clock the "outer mark" hove in sight, and in half an hour the fleet of steamers, numbering thirty-one in all, had gathered around to await the coming of the yacht. The wind had fallen light and had canted a point to westward. Down came the trio like white winged birds before the wind. The Mayflower's balloon jib topsail came in 1:41:30. Four minutes later came her spinnaker, and at 1:53 she gybed to port and came for the mark close hauled in the starboard tack. Luffing grandly around it a few minutes later, amid a serenade of steam whistles, the pride of Boston, under three lower sails and club topsail, began her windward work with

A LEAD OF NEARLY A MILE.

The Galatea gybed at 1 hour 52 minutes 30 seconds, having "done" her spinnaker three minutes before. The time of rounding the "outer mark" was: Mayflower, 1 hour 55 minutes 55 seconds; Galatea, 2 hours 10 minutes 20 seconds. The Priscilla luffed around the mark only three minutes after the Mayflower. The Galatea made a very pretty picture as she laid down to her scuppers and began her chase to windward after the sloop. Both had about all the wind they wanted to carry club topsail. In Capt. Stone put the Mayflower about at 1:55 and stood to the northward. Beaver Webb was sailing the Galatea. He refused to tack to. At 2:12 Capt. Stone brought the Boston sloop round again. She was then over a mile on the cutter's weather beam. Two minutes before going about the Mayflower took in her club topsail. She carried her working topsail for an hour, when, the wind having lighted considerably, she set the club topsail again, also her "baby" jib topsail, the Galatea having set hers shortly before. Both yachts went about at 4:20 and stood to the northward. They were off Deal Beach at this time, and the wind

was growing lighter every moment. The Mayflower was lucky enough to hold a tight air under the land, while the Galatea lay almost becalmed for twenty minutes. The cutter tacked at 4:35 and made a short board in shore, going about again at 4:45. From here she sailed up the New Jersey beach was little better than a drift. As the Mayflower slowly approached the finish she

THE EXCITEMENT BECAME INTENSE.

Among the passengers on board the steamers there was no longer any fear that the Mayflower would be defeated, but the limit of time, seven hours, had almost passed, and there was great fear that after being so near the boat the Boston sloop might yet be unable to finish. Just as all hope was dying out the breeze freshened, and with only 3 minutes and 50 seconds to spare the Mayflower shot across the finish line close hauled on the port tack, just as the sun sank to rest in the crimson halo behind Sandy Hook. The cheering and whistling and waving of thousands of handkerchiefs lasted fully ten minutes, the crew of the victorious sloop waving and cheering themselves until the yacht was long past the finish. The Galatea finished 31 minutes and 18 seconds after the Mayflower. As she came to anchor the Mayflower gave her three cursing cheers, which the Englishmen answered. The following shows the record of the race:

Table with columns: Name, Start, Finish, Time, Co's'd. Includes entries for Mayflower and Galatea.

AT CHARLESTON.

The City Rapidly Returning to its Normal Condition.

CHARLESTON, S. C., September 11.—It is a bright and beautiful day, though it rained heavily in the early morning. People are gradually recouping their houses, and the number in shelters and tents are rapidly diminishing. There were three or four slight shocks of earthquake during the night, but none serious, and comparatively few persons were aware of their occurrence. The Seaboard Committee have changed their plan of operations and have appointed visitors for each ward to ascertain the cases of distress, all of which will be supplied at their homes. The Board of Engineers are still at work surveying buildings, and continue to condemn those that are unsafe. The latest reports from points along the South Carolina railway indicate that the reports of distress at Lincolnton, Knightville and elsewhere were greatly exaggerated. Whatever is necessary will be done for them.

Subscriptions at New York.

New York, September 11.—The Chamber of Commerce Charleston relief fund has received subscriptions amounting to \$44,777. The Stock Exchange total subscription now reaches \$13,433; and the Mechanics' and Traders', \$545.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

Assignment of F. J. Ditter, Shoe Merchant.

(SPECIAL TO THE APPEAL.) LITTLE ROCK, ARK., September 11.—F. J. Ditter, a shoe merchant doing business at 422 Main street, this city, has received a writ of sequestration, appointing Henry D. Parker assignee. Below is a list of preferred creditors: Exchange National Bank, \$800; First National Bank, \$450; First National Bank, \$150; John E. Geyer, \$400; C. S. Collins, \$225. Parker & Worthen, \$500; Thomas Lafferty, \$450; Turner & Piets, \$1000; Miss Mattie Ditter, \$1600. Total, \$5565. There are other creditors not included in Schedule A of the deed of assignment having claims against the firm which will amount to nearly \$5000. Those mentioned are nearly all Little Rock people. Full times is given as the cause.

Attention, Bicyclers.

A MEETING of Memphis bicyclers will be held at GAYSON'S HOTEL, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1886, at 8 o'clock in the afternoon. All members of the club are cordially invited to attend. FRID TREP.

BLUFF CITY LODGE No. 22, A. O. U. W., will meet TUESDAY, Sept. 14, at 8 o'clock in the evening at the schoolroom or address T. A. LADD, Principal.

Warranted absolutely pure Cocoa, from which the excess of oil has been removed. It has twice the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, easily digested, and admirably adapted for invalids, as well as for persons in health. Sold by Grocers everywhere.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878. BAKER'S Breakfast Cocoa.

SCHOOL OF ART

DRAWING, Painting and Wood Carving taught by methods of celebrated Cincinnati School of Design. First successfully introduced here by Miss Carrie DeLong, Principal School of Art, the Higbee School. Send for Special Circular for Art Students.

A. F. Davis, Painter

Has Removed to No. 353 Second, South of Union TELEPHONE 451 FOR SALE.

Ice Machines in Atlanta, Ga.

I HAVE for sale TWO ARCTIC ICE MACHINES, in Perfect Condition. Capacity, about ten tons each per day. Price less than half the cost. Address, G. W. DAIR, Atlanta, Ga.

NOTICE

All persons are hereby warned not to purchase or use shares of the Memphis Masonic Temple Stock, issued to R. W. Shiloh, April 11, 1874, as it has been lost or stolen and I have applied for a writ of injunction to restrain its sale.

DR. R. L. LASKI, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher, RESIDENCE AND OFFICE, 343 Main Street, Near Union. Telephone No. 88.

DIED.

STEWART—On Saturday, September 11, 1886, at 6:30 o'clock p.m., at the residence of his parents, No. 51 Mulberry street, Passy, N. J., aged 3 years, son of James and Helen Stewart.

GIN HOUSE INSURANCE

Country Store Insurance Given Special Attention. GILBERT RAINE, GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT, Room 1, Cotton Exchange Building.

KREMER'S

Display Exclusive Styles for Correct and Artistic AUTUMN COSTUMES.

English Tailorings. Paris Combination and Viseuses, Camels Hair, Plushes and Velvets. Of Superb Qualities.

MONDAY. Special and First Exhibition of Novelties in Dress Goods, Velvets and Silks. TRIMMINGS.

Rich in Quality and Unique in Design. Passementeries and Ornaments in Jute and Linen. Trimmings in Camels Hair and Astrakhan Goat Effects.

LONDON AND PARIS NOVELTIES in our 1st Department. Misses' and Children's School HATS. RICH FANCY FEATHERS, Special Bargains for Monday—500 Fancy Feathers at 50c each.

THE SEASON IDEA of Trimmings is handsome Ribbons, Effects, Elegant Fancy Ribbons in New and Attractive Effects. MONDAY a Line of Handsome Ribbons—Thirty Different Designs—at 25c a yard.

SPECIAL OFFERINGS in Fall Weight Wraps. We are enabled to offer our patrons Wraps suitable for present season at One-Third Less Than Value.

MONDAY. Special Display of Fall WRAPS. IN OUR GLOVE DEPARTMENT we offer the Balance of Our Fine Silk and Linen Gloves at 25c a pair.

MONDAY a Line of Five Different Lines of Ribbons in New and Attractive Effects. We will offer them all at 50c Monday. A great opportunity to get a "Bride's" and "Misses' Corsets" in this lot.

We can confidently say to our patrons this season that we are enabled to offer them the choicest patterns of Ribbons, and an early selection is prudent and advisable. We shall be pleased to wait upon you.

MASONIC FUNERAL NOTICE.

THE officers and members of LEWIS & CLARK LODGE No. 22, A. O. U. W., will meet in special communication this (SUNDAY) afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, for the purpose of securing the remains of our late deceased Brother, JAS. H. FORD, of Washington Lodge, No. 3, Fort Gibson, Miss. Members of Sister city lodges and visiting brethren fraternally invited.

By order, U. F. GAVANAUGH, M. W. A. S. MYERS, Secretary.

PENN ROYAL ARCH CHAPTER No. 22, F. & A. M., will meet in stated convention MONDAY NIGHT, Sept. 13th, at 7:30 o'clock, for purpose of business. All members and companions fraternally invited.

By order, MARCUS JONES, M. E. H. P. Attest, DORIS C. FRASER, Secretary.

Serrin's Baking Powder

Absolutely Pure. This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be beaten in purity, strength or wholesomeness. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 107 N. Wall st., New York.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

Mrs. Wade's School For Young Ladies and Children, NO. 498 SHELBY ST. Eleventh Annual Session will begin Monday, September 20, 1886.

Miss S. F. May's Art Studio. REOPENS OCT. 4, 1886. PUPILS prepared for "The Art Students' League" of New York, or any other first class art school they may desire to enter. Address, No. 57 Madison Street.

DR. R. L. LASKI, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher, RESIDENCE AND OFFICE, 343 Main Street, Near Union. Telephone No. 88.

New York Life Insurance Co.

GILBERT RAINE, GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT. ROOM 1, COTTON EXCHANGE BUILDING, MEMPHIS, TENN.

Mutual Life Insurance Co. OF NEW YORK.

RICHARD A. M'CURDY, President. The Largest, Strongest and Cheapest Company in the World.

OFFICE--NO. 2 COTTON EXCHANGE JOHN F. WILKERSON, Agent.

GEO. C. HARBIN. JAS. A. MATTHEWS. H. W. LEATH.

Established in 1854 G. W. JONES & CO. WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, 257 Main St., Memphis, Tenn.

Mercantile Bank of Memphis, Capital, \$200,000. Surplus, \$25,000.

J. R. GODWIN, Pres't. J. M. GOODBAR, Vice-Pres't. C. H. RAINE, Cashier. Board of Directors: J. M. GOODBAR, J. E. GODWIN, W. W. BAKER, W. P. BAKER, W. R. BAKER, W. S. BAKER, W. T. BAKER, W. U. BAKER, W. V. BAKER, W. W. BAKER, W. X. BAKER, W. Y. BAKER, W. Z. BAKER.

M. H. COOVER & CO. LUMBER YARD & PLANING MILL

MANUFACTURERS OF Doors, Sash, Blinds, Moldings, all kinds of Door and Window Frames, Brackets, Scroll-Work, Rough and Dressed Lumber, Shingles, Laths, Water Tanks, All kinds of Wood Work Executed at Short Notice. Nos. 157 to 173 Washington street, Memphis, Tenn.

LEMMON & GALE WHOLESALE Dry Goods, Notions, Hosiery

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, Nos. 326 and 328 Main St., Memphis, Tenn.

OUR STOCK OF FALL AND WINTER GOODS IS LARGER AND MORE COMPLETE THAN EVER BEFORE, and our prices will compare with those of any house in the United States. We are Agents for Tennessee Manufacturing Co.'s Plaids, Drills, Shooting, Shirting, Etc. LEMMON & GALE.

NONE BETTER—BY THE BARREL OF CAR-5 OR 1

rates to those who desire to try it. Special rates to all points on railroad leading out of Memphis. P. M. PATTERSON & CO.

C. B. BRYAN & CO. COAL and WOOD, Wholesale and Retail, No. 20 MADISON STREET.

J. F. HOLST & BRO. (SUCCESSORS TO G. H. HOLST & BRO.)

SAVE REMOVED TO No. 336 1/2 SECOND ST., MEMPHIS. A FULL and complete stock of Wood and Metallic Cases and Oakers, Cloth-Covered Caskets and Burial Homes always on hand. Orders by telegraph promptly filled.

EARTHQUAKES.

FOR information about these fearful visitations and other physical phenomena of the globe see Baker's Physical Geography, a work of exceeding interest for schools or general readers. Specimen copies \$1.20. U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, GEOLOGICAL DEPARTMENT, 19 Murray Street, New York City.

Trustee's Sale. ON SATURDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1886, at No. 130 Market street, Memphis, Tenn., I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, all the Household and Kitchen Furniture, including one Parlor Set, three Iron Beds and Kitchen Furniture, in said residence. I say under trust deed made by John Kent to me, recorded in book 31, page 533, in Register's office, and by direction of beneficiary thereto.

Carl M. Dorster Funeral Directors, Leipzig Conservatory, WILL RESUME HIS CLASSES in MUSIC on the first of September. Voice Training and Vocalization a specialty. Apply at E. WILKINSON & Co.'s, Second street, or O. K. Houck, Main street.

TO THE PUBLIC. WE, the undersigned, having bought the entire business of manufacturing Furniture, Mattresses, Awnings, Tents, etc., from Henry Buttenberg, would respectfully ask a share of your patronage, knowing full well that, from long experience, we can and will give entire satisfaction to all work entrusted to us. We will be ready at all times to furnish Awnings, Tents, Pauline and all kinds of canvas work; make all kinds of first class Mattings; repair, varnish and make all kinds of Furniture; reupholster Parlor Suits, and deliver goods free of charge. Catalogue sent upon request. S. Buttenberg & Co., 331 Second.