

# THE MEMPHIS APPEAL.

ESTABLISHED 1840.

MEMPHIS, TENN., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1886.

VOL. XLVI--NO. 245

## DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,  
ROBERT L. TAYLOR, of Washington.  
FOR CONGRESS,  
JAMES PHELAN, of Shelby.

## LEGISLATIVE TICKET.

HENRY J. LYNN,  
J. D. MONTEDONICO.  
W. R. HARRELL,  
RALPH DAVIS,  
J. W. ALLIEN,  
W. L. CLAPP,  
E. A. ODLUM.

On the third page we publish the particulars of the arrest of Jake Sharp and his principal lieutenants, together with several of the "boodle" Aldermen. The Sing Sing penitentiary is gaping for the whole crowd. They will get there.

The people of Harrison county, Miss., are complaining about the strict quarantine enforced by the State of Louisiana and the upper counties of their own State. The fact is, this quarantine should have been enforced a month ago, and would have been but for the false assurances of the health authorities of Harrison.

Mr. Blaine has reached the point inevitable with men who talk too much. He has grown silly. He talks nonsense. For instance, at Huntington, Pa., yesterday, he said the Republican was an American and the Democratic a foreign party, because the latter was for tariff reform and the protection of the poor man from unconstitutional class legislation, and the former was for protection and the robbery of the many to aggrandize the few. The Republicans of Maine should recall Blaine.

What Mr. Gladstone says in another column in reference to the demands of the Irish people for legislative autonomy is additional to and greatly strengthens what he has already said on that subject in the pamphlet recently published and which has had a widespread circulation in this country as well as in Europe. It clinches an argument already unanswerable, and makes it impossible for his enemies to make a successful reply in whole or in part. The case of Ireland was never more clearly or more forcibly stated.

The authorities of Chicago should make examples of the Pinkerton policemen who yesterday deliberately murdered two workmen. The jeering of the crowd of strikers furnished no justification for these special officers firing into the crowd. If there is one thing more than another that is expected of peace officers it is that they shall exercise forbearance, even at the risk of their lives. If he cannot do that he should not serve as a policeman. We hope these Pinkertons will be punished to the extent of the law.

Every Democrat in the Union will be glad to learn of Minister Cox's determination to resign the Turkish mission and enter political life again. He is needed in the House of Representatives. He admitted great abilities and lifetime experience were never more necessary than now, when selfishness seems to be the supreme incentive to party management and the personal ambitions of statesmen are obstructed to the injury of the Democratic party and the best interests of the country. Mr. Cox is a pure man, and is as free from selfishness as a man well can be.

This Helena Fair, as our special on the sixth page states, was opened yesterday under exceptional circumstances, and will no doubt prove a great success. The gentlemen who are managing it have had much experience in such matters, and are live and energetic and enjoy the confidence of the people of Arkansas. Memphis, interested in whatever affects Helena, has contributed her quota of visitors, and her business men are watching with eagerness the outcome of an enterprise that cannot receive too much encouragement. We shall continue to keep our readers advised of the progress of the fair by specials from day to day.

The reason assigned by railroad manager Miller, of Minneapolis, for not arbitrating the question of wages raised by the strikers are specious and will not hold good. Every case between employer and employe must be arbitrated upon its merits and without regard to similar cases in other cities. The question of wages and time already discussed by the Knights of Labor have been regarded from a purely local basis. The best and pork packers of Kansas City who were working ten hours a day were not influenced by those of Chicago who were working for eight. And so it is all over the country. Wages are regulated by rents and the cost of living, and not by the rates that rule in any one place.

SMITH, STILLWELL & Co., who are offering Holst-in-Friesian cattle for sale here, complain that an editorial in a recent issue of the APPEAL is likely to injure them. In this they are certainly mistaken. They have been introduced to the Memphis public by F. A. Jones & Co., a most respectable firm, who are guaranteeing that they are offering good and true breeds of cattle, whose pedigrees may be traced upon the pages of the American Association. They have, therefore, nothing to fear. Upon the same authority Jones & Co., they are honest, fair dealing men who need not fear criticism, whose business is a legitimate one and whose statements are entirely reliable.

## JAMES BLAINE, OF MAINE,

IN A SPEECH IN PENNSYLVANIA YESTERDAY

Makes the Silly Statement That the Democratic is a Foreign and the Republican an American Party.

HUNTINGTON, Pa., October 19.—James G. Blaine left Harrisburg for the West at 8 o'clock this morning. When he reached a large crowd had assembled, and Mr. Blaine spoke for about fifteen minutes. His remarks were mainly on the subject of the tariff and prohibition. He said that he wanted to see one fact impressed by his visit to Lewistown today if no other made an impression, that all the wealth acquired in this State from the date of the grant of a charter to William Penn down to 1860, aggregated only one-third of the existing total, and that two-thirds had been acquired since 1860. The explanation was that prior to that year we had free trade, or only slight instances of protection. The census of 1860 showed the value of property in Pennsylvania to be less than \$1,600,000,000, whereas, after twenty-four years of Republican protection for our industries the value was \$5,000,000,000. When the party reached Huntington they were met by a large and demonstrative crowd at the depot and at the fair grounds, where the speaking took place. After speeches by Gen. Beaver and others, Mr. Blaine was greeted with a storm of applause. He said, among other things, "On my way to Pennsylvania I received much instruction from the Democratic papers along the road as to what I should say and how I should say it. I was specially requested to state that while the Democratic party was in power national prosperity continued, and that the warnings of the Republican orators of danger to the industrial system of the country, because of Democratic supremacy, had been falsified. I have in my life heard many definitions of what constituted the height of impudence, but here is a practical exemplification of it. Fortunately for the Republican party, it is not possible, however, to obliterate current history. After the Democratic party tried for six long months at the last session of Congress to break down the protective tariff they failed, and it is in consequence of that failure and because of the maintenance of the tariff that we find our industries springing forward with renewed activity all over the country. But these men who sought to destroy our industrial system are now calling upon us to testify that prosperity is possible under the rule of the Democratic party. They also contend that the change that the finances would be made safe under a Democratic administration has not been substantiated. But, in point of fact, the finances of the country at present are administered according to Republican principles, as far as the public credit is concerned, and in defiance of the predictions and desires of the great majority of the Democratic party of the country. So that the fact is apparent that Republican precedents have been followed in whatever has commended itself to the public judgment since the Republican party went out of power, and in spite of all the efforts of the Democracy the protective tariff still stands upon our statute books. "If I were to define between the two parties I would say that in all broad and comprehensive sense the Republican party is an essentially American party while the Democratic is dominated by foreign sentiments; that the hostility to the tariff is the demand of Great Britain and that the maintenance of the tariff is in the interest of every man in America, high and low, rich and poor. We were told years before the Democratic party were called to administer the government that we did not have a good civil service, and the gentlemen who went from us and joined the Democratic party charged that the Republican administration did not maintain a good civil service. Our reply was, we have the best civil service that has been ever known in any country, but we will continue to improve it." The Democrats, Mr. Blaine continued, wanted a civil service not administered after that of England. To show that the English service was inefficient, Mr. Blaine read a London dispatch in which the writer states that Lord Randolph Churchill's Civil Service Commission will endeavor to bring about needed reforms and increased economy, and that charges of high salaries, short hours, excessive staffs, extravagant pensions and general incompetency had been made against the existing system in England. "This," he continued, "is the standard of civil service reform which the Civil Service Reform Club (and I might use that name for our heads in the sense here) has held over our heads in the Republican party for the last ten years, declaring that if we did not reform our civil service and put it practically on the basis of the English civil service they would have no more of us. Well, gentlemen, they have placed the civil service under the control of the Democratic party, and all around in various parts of the country you see the visible improvements. Just as they have visibly improved it on this side of the water we get the humiliating but honest confession in regard to the civil service of England, that that service is rotten to the core and must be torn up by the roots." This was followed by a season of handshaking.

At Pheasant City, Gen. Beaver and Mr. Blaine made brief speeches of the same tenor as those at the previous stopping places. At Altoona the arrival of the train was signalled by the firing of cannon. The guests were escorted to the baseball grounds, where 10,000 people, most of them workmen, were gathered. After speeches by Gen. Beaver and others, Mr. Blaine spoke as follows: "I regret that the condition of my voice is such as to make it difficult for you to hear me distinctly, if at all; but I wish to lodge one idea in the minds of those whom I can reach, and that is this: The most prosperous, advanced, intelligent and powerful free trade country in the world is Great Britain. The country which stands most prominent, most powerful, most intelligent under the protection policy, is the United States. Twenty-six years ago the United States adopted the still existing policy. At that time the wealth of Great Britain was twice as great as that of the United States. We have run the race with the free trade Great Britain for a quarter of a century, and

## FIVE MEN KILLED, AND NINE MORE OR LESS WOUNDED

By the Destruction of a Construction Train Yesterday on a Nebraska Railroad.

LINCOLN, Neb., October 19.—A construction train on the Nebraska and Colorado division of the Burlington and Missouri River railroad was thrown from the track nine miles southwest of Fairfield this afternoon. The whole train was precipitated down an embankment twenty-five feet, and six cars were totally wrecked. Five men were killed outright and nine more or less seriously injured. The killed are Robert H. Marvin, Dewey, Neb.; George W. Burke, St. Louis; Daniel O'Connor, Weston, Mo.; Robert Collins, England. An unknown man is still under the wreck. He is supposed to be Denis Hamilton, who came from Michigan. John Fitzgerald, president of the Irish Land League, the contractor in charge of the work, was slightly injured. But one of the injured is dangerously hurt. The wreck was caused by the engine running over a bull.

## HOLLY SPRINGS, MISS.

Shot While Trying to Enter a House—Married.

(SPECIAL TO THE APPEAL.)  
HOLLY SPRINGS, MISS., October 19.—Mr. L. D. Kilpatrick shot and seriously wounded a negro named Phillip Morgan last night at 8 o'clock, who was trying to force an entrance into Mr. Kilpatrick's house. The negro was shot, the ball lodging in his left breast. Mr. Kilpatrick surrendered, and this morning the negro was found in an old field almost dead from the loss of blood. His recovery is doubtful. Mr. Kilpatrick was bound over to the Circuit Court which convenes again next April, having just adjourned this evening after being in session two weeks.

Mr. R. C. Dinkins, of San Francisco, Cal., was married to Miss Willie Tansall, of this city, at the Presbyterian Church, this evening at 8:30 o'clock. The church was beautifully decorated for the ceremony. The Rev. D. C. Rankin officiated.

"I love thee, ease, and only thee." Well, the only way to obtain it is to buy Salvation Oil. 25 cents.

Rotten Egg out of Town.  
BATTLE CREEK, MICH., October 19.—G. Eugene Howe, who edits the August Weekly Review, ten miles west of here, was rotten egged and driven from the village last evening for improper conduct. He is a married man with a family. Today his office was closed up by a mortgage foreclosure.

Tax people still cling to Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup as the only safe and reliable remedy for cough, cold, croup, catarrh and consumption. 25 cents.

Demand a Re-Organization.  
CHICAGO, ILL., October 19.—The Chicago and Alton and Rock Island roads today notified Commissioner Midgely, of the Southwestern Railway Association, that they should demand a re-organization of the pool percentages, on the ground that the present ones were unfair to their interests. Burlington also filed notice of withdrawal from the Southwestern lumber pool. The two matters will be taken up by the managers next week.

## GLADSTONE REINFORCES HIS STATEMENT OF THE JUSTICE OF IRELAND'S DEMANDS

By the Additional Testimony Furnished by the Repeated Remonstrances of an Oppressed People.

ST. PETERSBURG, October 19.—All the powers, including England, have formally assured Russia that they disavow Prince Alexander's return to Bulgaria and will not approve of his restoration to the Bulgarian throne.

Death of the Marquis of Aylesbury.  
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Upholds Mr. Gladstone's Irish Policy.  
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ANNUAL SALE, 10 MILLIONS.  
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Peters, October 19.—The Feather Lays says: "England's chief interests are centered in Egypt, and to protect them she seeks allies. A Russo-French alliance, which does not exist now, would be concluded if the Central European powers should undertake to support British rule in Egypt. England, as an equivalent, would defend the freedom of the Balkan people, but only in case Austria should make a successful stand. England would expect to protect British interests in Egypt, with Austrian resistance. Austria being permitted to protect England's Eastern interests with her own resources when English and Austrian interests are identical. It is highly improbable that such a programme will allure any Austrian statesman, whether proposed by the Queen's ordinary or extraordinary envoy. The above undertaking would have some reason if England accepted the foremost place in the Balkan conflict and expected the other powers concerned to cover her rear in Egypt. Any other combination would show that England intended to use her continental relations for egotistical purposes. If England entertains such plans she should preserve a decent incognito in advancing them."

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## NEW YORK LIFE INSURANCE CO.

FORTY ODD YEARS OLD. ASSETS, \$66,800,000  
Paid Policy-Holders in 1885, \$8,000,000, and Not a Dollar of Contested Claim!

Such a record is really remarkable in its exhibit of energetic and skillful management and liberal treatment of policy-holders. The present statement is plainly the best Commercial Bulletin, February 15, 1886.

PURELY MUTUAL, AND HENCE INSURANCE AT COST.

GILBERT RAINE,  
GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT,  
Room 1, Cotton Exchange Building,  
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

## Mercantile Bank of Memphis,

Capital, \$200,000. Surplus, \$25,000.

J. E. GODWIN, Pres't. J. M. GODDARD, Vice-Pres't. C. H. RAINE, Cashier.

Board of Directors.  
J. M. GODDARD, J. R. GODWIN, W. R. HARRELL, W. P. DUNAVAN, W. L. CLAPP, R. B. SNOWDEN, J. W. ALLIEN, C. H. RAINE, A. W. BROWN, J. W. BROWN, J. W. BROWN.

## GREAT FALL MEETING

OF THE  
Memphis Jockey Club!

5 Days Racing  
COMMENCING  
TUESDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1886.

Four and Five Races Each Day. Steeplechases and Hurdle Races. Many of the Fastest Horses in America will participate. Races commence at 2:30 o'clock p.m. HALF RATES on all Railroads and Steamboats.

## KREMER'S

TODAY,  
ON EXHIBITION.  
EIDER DOWN!

SHRIMP, CIEL, CARDINAL, GARNET, CREAM.  
AT \$1 PER YARD.

## NEW HATS

TODAY,  
AT KREMER'S  
New Wraps & Jackets  
TODAY.

Novelties in Handkerchiefs, Silk Cape Scarfs.

HANDSOME  
Dress Goods and Silks.  
NOVELTIES JUST OPENED.

## KREMER'S

CRYPTIC MASONRY—The stated assembly of Eureka Council No. 6, and S. Masters, will be held this (WEDNESDAY) night, Oct. 20, at 7:30 o'clock. Visiting Companies R. and S. M. are fraternally invited. By order, W. M. BROOKS, T. I. M. Attest: DONOS C. TRADER, Recorder.

LEILA SCOTT LODGE, No. 289, F. & A. M.—Will meet in special communication this (WEDNESDAY) evening, Oct. 20th, at 7:30 o'clock for work in the F. C. degree. All F. C.'s are fraternally invited. By order, W. F. O'AVANAGH, W. M. Attest: A. S. MYERS, Secretary.

## GIN HOUSE INSURANCE

And Country Store Insurance Given Special Attention, by  
GILBERT RAINE,  
GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT,  
Room 1, Cotton Exchange Building.  
Capital Represented, \$10,000,000.  
Invites Correspondence and Interview.

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Our Attorney will send Circulars to all who will write for them.

## LEE & LEWIS

(SUCCESSORS TO S. L. LEE, JOBBER OF  
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275 Main Street, Opp. Court Square, Memphis, Tenn.

## SECURITY BANK

OF MEMPHIS—A SAFE DEPOSIT, TRUST CO.—AND  
SAVINGS BANK,  
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Physician, Surgeon and Accouchement  
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Telephone No. 86.

THE business of our house will be continued as heretofore.  
CHAS. HERZOG & BRO.

THE business of our house will be continued as heretofore.  
FURBER & WELFORD.