

SWALLOW BARN.

We are indebted to Mr. Turner for a copy of this interesting work, by John P. Kennedy. It is an old friend in a new dress. The present edition has been handsomely illustrated, and the work is in a condition well suited to a library; and as it is in the main descriptive of Southern habits and feelings, it will be read with interest by many at this particular crisis.

We quote from this work the following remarks relative to the domestic relations existing at the South between master and slave. It is, as the Petersburg Democrat truly observes, "a faithful and lively delineation of social life and customs in Virginia, during the first quarter of the present century, and to which very few exceptions can be found in other parts of the South." The author says:

"The air of contentment, and good humor, and kind familiar attachment, which was apparent throughout this little community, and the familiar relations existing between them and the proprietor struck me very pleasantly. I came here a stranger, in a great degree, to the negro character, knowing but little of the domestic history of these people, their duties, habits, or temper, and somewhat disposed, indeed, from prepossessions, to look upon them as severely dealt with, and expecting to have my sympathies excited towards them as objects of commiseration. I have had, therefore, rather a special interest in observing them. The contrast between my preconceptions of their condition and the reality which I have witnessed, have brought me a most agreeable surprise. I will not say that in a state of cultivation and agriculture, dependent as they are upon the soil, they might not become a respectable people, but I am quite sure they never could become a happier people than I find them here. Perhaps they are destined, ultimately, to that national existence, in which is a transition state in which we see them in Virginia.

If it be so, no tribe of people have ever passed from barbarism to civilization whose middle stage of progress has been more secure from harm, more genial to their character, or better supplied with mild and beneficent guardianship, adapted to the actual state of their intellectual feebleness, than the negroes of Swallow Barn. And, from what I can gather, it is pretty much the same on the other estates of this region. I hear of an unpleasant exception to this remark now and then; but under such conditions as warrant the opinion that the unfortunate case is not more common than that which may be found in a survey of any other department of society. The oppression of apprentices, of seamen, of subordinates indeed in every relation, may furnish elements for a herd of social grievances quite as striking, if they were diligently noted and brought to view.

The probability is, that the negro is not susceptible of a "high state of cultivation," and that the race would never take rank, under any circumstances, as a "self-dependent" and "respectable people."

The African race is now in a better condition in these States than it ever enjoyed before, or would ever enjoy, in case this condition should be changed. Nor have our domestics lost anything in the way of comfort or happiness, since Mr. Kennedy penned this work. On the contrary, they have gained; and they will continue to gain in this respect, as long as refinement and Christian sentiments shall increase and spread, as they are now doing, among our people. This work may be had at Mr. Turner's Bookstore, in this City.

TEXAS CROPS. The Civilian gives the following account of the crops: "Our last accounts from the interior embrace no news of particular interest. Cotton picking is going on with great animation and success. The season has proved remarkably favorable for picking, and the reports are reported to be gathered from the hands are almost incredible. Five, six, and in one case nearly nine hundred pounds of seed cotton are reported, on good authority, to have been taken out in a day by single hands. The crop is short, it is true, but nearly all of it will be saved in the very best condition. The yield of wheat promises to exceed that of last year, from the increased quantity of land in cultivation, though the average product per acre will probably be less. One of our intelligent citizens has just returned from a tour through the interior counties, extending some fifteen hundred miles by the route of the Pacific, and he informs us that he everywhere saw the most substantial evidences of comfort and prosperity among the people. The face of the country is rapidly changing. As an instance, we are told that there is, at one place, a continuous fence and corn fields for eight miles in extent along the road, where four years ago the Indians held almost sole possession."

THE FLYING CLOUD. The clipper ship Flying Cloud, Capt. Cressy, has made a most extraordinary passage to San Francisco—beating the celebrated run of the Surprise by seven days. The Flying Cloud sailed from New York on the 2d of June, at 6 P. M., and arrived at San Francisco on the 20th of August, thus making the passage in the unprecedentedly short period of eighty-nine days!—the shortest, by seven days, ever before made by a sailing vessel. She made Cape Horn in 50 days, and the line (Pacific) from there to San Francisco was 374 miles—the greatest run ever made by a sea-going vessel—averaging 15 1/2 miles per hour. While making this run, she was carrying top-gallant sails, with the wind one point forward on the beam. She ran in three days 992 miles! On one occasion, during a squall, the vessel was so buffeted by the wind that she was nearly driven upon the rocks. She was measured her speed. Forty miles in 24 hours, her main-mast head, rendering the mast very tender the rest of the voyage. The Flying Cloud was built by Mr. Donald McKay, of East Boston, and was commanded by the aid of Messrs. Grinnell, Minturn & Co., of New York.

"OLD BERKS"—a name as familiar to the Democracy as it is gloriously associated with ponderous democratic majorities—exceeded its former achievements, all things considered, at the recent election. The Pennsylvania thus assigns to this ever reliable democratic county, the post of honor among her sister counties. "Among the many counties that have aided to rescue this State from the misrule of whiggery, and have contributed to rescue Pennsylvania from the four corners of abolition, Old Berks towers a head and shoulders above the rest. Her majority for BLOOMER is 4807; and she has not only a regular democratic ticket against the efforts of a band of desperate disorganizers. These are grand results indeed; and we point to them as subjects alike of admiration and of adulation."

THE RESULT IN OHIO. Cincinnati, Oct. 18. The next Legislature will stand as follows: Senate—24 Democrats, 8 Whigs, and 12 distribs. To be heard from—one of which will most probably elect a Democrat and the other a freesoiler. The House—24 Whigs, and 2 Free-soil, with two districts yet to be heard from.

The official returns for Governor have been heard from all but 13 counties. If the majority for Wood (Dem.) would be increased in these counties, it will reach very nearly to 30,000 in the State.

Hon. Jesse D. Bright, U. S. Senator from Indiana, was struck by paralysis, at his residence in Madison, on Friday week, shortly after dinner. He was speechless for some months, but by the aid of a medical attendant was restored to consciousness.

ARRIVAL OF THE HERMAN.

Arrival of the Steamer Hermann—Three Days Later from Europe. New York, October 23—3, p. m. The steamer Hermann arrived at her wharf at 2 1/2 p. m., to-day. She brings London dates to October 8th, and Liverpool to the 7th.

Cotton in Liverpool on the 7th was firmer. For lower grades of American sales were made of 7,000 bales. In other quotations no change. Flour was in good request at 6d. advance. Wheat has advanced 3d. per bushel. Indian corn rather neglected, and selling more easily to buy.

The money market was steady, but special change was noticeable. Coffee firm, with an upward tendency. Tobacco in good request at previous prices. Rice 14 and 19 shillings.

The money market was easy. Stocks steady, without any material change in prices. Consols had fluctuated, and closed at 96 1/2 for money. The steamer Pacific arrived on the 7th. The rush to obtain admission to the great World's Exhibition continues, if anything, greater than ever. The average of visitors is about one hundred thousand per day.

The Gazette of Spain publishes several royal ordinances containing improvements and reforms to be introduced into the administration of Cuba. The great event and topic of conversation, when the Hermann sailed, was the expected arrival of Kosuth at Southampton, which was expected to take place about the 15th of October—the having sailed from Marseilles on the 1st inst. Business matters in England were improving. The influx of bullion into the bank was beginning to be favorably felt in the money market. Railway shares had advanced considerably. The Hermann brings over 100 passengers and a small amount of freight.

The Queen of Spain has conferred a pension of 2,000 reals on the widow of General Enna, on account of the gallant services of her husband. Kosuth, before leaving Marseilles, published an address to the democrats of France, in which he mentions the refusal of the French government to allow him to pass through France. The French government were seized for some remarks made on the subject. The liberal portion of the Paris press compare the action of the city of London with that of the French Government, and, naming the persecution to which the press has been subjected, speak in just terms of the conduct of the government. Private letters state that Lord Dudley Stuart had received intelligence that an attempt would be made to murder Kosuth on his arrival at Southampton. Two Austrian females had left Vienna for that purpose; and the authorities had resolved to take every precaution to protect him from these fanatics.

ARRIVAL OF THE NIAGARA—Three days later from Europe.

New York, Oct. 25.—11 a. m. The steamship Niagara has arrived with three days later news, and bringing about ninety passengers.

ENGLAND. Little business had been transacted in consequence of the Queen's visit to Liverpool. The French Government, which arrived at Southampton on the 10th inst., and which was expected to arrive at Marseilles on the 15th inst., which was momentarily expected, he having sailed from Marseilles on the 2d, on board of the Mississippi.

The London Times had made a violent attack on Kosuth and his character and pretensions, which had attracted great attention and caused much excitement.

There were rumors in London of a probable change in the cabinet.

The Manchester market was without animation, and in most cases goods and yarns were lower. Freight was dull, less offering, and lower rates were accepted.

The English papers are filled with accounts of the reception of the Queen at various cities on her way to Liverpool. At the latter place the people received her with the greatest marks of enthusiasm. She was attended by no military escort, and was accompanied by her husband, children, and a very limited suite. The intelligence that Kosuth would probably reach Southampton as a passenger in one of the Peninsular and Oriental Company's steamers from Gibraltar, and not on board the American national vessel, appears to have somewhat discouraged the people of Southampton.

The returns for the quarter ending on the 10th are of a highly satisfactory character. Notwithstanding the reduction of taxation, they show an increase over the corresponding quarter of last year.

Accounts from Sydney state that gold continues to be found in large quantities, and nearly the whole of the Sydney population were seeking there. The town of Sydney was nearly deserted, and wages had advanced 50 to 80 per cent.

FRANCE. The Prince de Joinville was offered the nomination for the northern department, but declined. Reports of a change in the ministry are still current. The Bourse was agitated, and the funds had declined. Five were offered at 91 a 21 1/2 cts.

ITALY. It is stated that there is doubt of the French troops leaving Italy, and the Pope will probably put himself under the protection of the Austrian troops in Bologna. The Emperor left Lombardy for Vienna on the 24 inst.

Austria has decided was known regarding the ministerial crisis. The Austrian government, in consequence of its dissatisfaction with the release of Kosuth, was assembling a body of troops on the frontier of Turkish Corinta and Herzegovina, to demand satisfaction of the Ottoman Porte for their persecution of the Christian population.

TRAVEL. Letters from Zadar, the 24th ult. state that the Governor of Bosnia had set out for Constantinople, and most of the troops stationed at Bosnia are to proceed to Herzegovina.

MARKETS. Cotton closed at rates current at the sailing of the America, with sales of 89,000 bales. Fair Orleans, 6d; fair upland and Mobile, 5 1/2. Exports took 4,000 bales.

Flour during the week had advanced 6 1/2, a 1s, with a good demand. Wheat had advanced 2d. Corn was scarce. Sales of yellow at 36 a 37s; white, 37 a 38s. 6d. Indian meal, 13 a 14s. 6d. Western Flour, 18 6 a 19s. 10, India 19 a 20s.

ARRIVAL OF THE GEORGIA.

The U. S. Mail steamer Georgia, Lieut. Porter commanding, arrived at this port last evening in four days and six hours from Havana, having on the 19th inst. We are indebted to Purser C. F. Wetmore, for memoranda and late Havana papers kindly furnished.

The news by the Georgia is, principally, anticipated by the arrival of the Empire City at New Orleans. Havana continues quiet. The account of the liberators of Leon A. Reeves, author of the invaders, and the arrest of Mr. Thrasher, editor of The Free Industrial, is confirmed.

It is said that six more steamers have been sent for to Spain in anticipation of war with the United States; and that heavy Falxhan guns are expected for the defense of the ports. We give this rumor as we find it, but must beg leave to express the conviction that it is as groundless as it is preposterous.

New York Times.

Later from the Rio Grande—Success of the Insurgents.

NEW ORLEANS, October 23. The steamship Fanny brings Rio Grande and Brownsville dates to the 16th, and gives favorable accounts of the success of the liberators. Captain Ford's company of Texas revolutionists. Captain Carvajal, our many deserters Rangers had joined Carvajal, and had gone out to him. His force was daily augmenting.

Advices from Galveston, to the 17th, state that Wild Cat had joined the Sierra Madre insurgents. The Indians in Western Texas were committing great depredations.

From Havana—Assassination of Spanish Officers.

NEW ORLEANS, October 30. The barque Abbott Lord has arrived here from Havana, bringing late dates. A letter from Havana says that the Spanish officers who captured Lopez have been secretly assassinated.

BOSTON MACHINISTS IN CUBA. The Boston Traveller states that there are one hundred Bostonians yearly employed in the mills and machine shops of the Island of Cuba, for which they receive individually from one hundred to one hundred and fifty dollars a month. The effect upon the health of many who go is very beneficial.

It is estimated that 8,000,000 pounds of wool have been sent to the Eastern market this season from the State of Ohio.

THE LARGEST IS WORTHY OF HIS HIRE.

The telegraph brings us the news that Judge Sharkey, of Mississippi, has received the place of Consul at Havana, vice Owens, of Georgia, removed for impertinently presuming that the President meant what he said when he denounced the Cuban adventurers as pirates and outlaws; or rather, for stupidity in supposing that the President would bear the responsibility of what was discovered to be an unpopular act, when he had the choice of fastening it upon a subordinate. We have no sympathy for Mr. Owens. He was, to all appearance, the medium by which Georgia was to pay for deserting the South. He is now paid in his own coin,—betrayal and desertion.

But we admire the fortunes of Judge Sharkey! What a dear deluded politician he is! The President of that hot-headed Convention in Mississippi, which blew the first trumpet note of organized resistance to the North, and called into being the Nashville Convention; the writer of private letters to Foote, approving of the compromise, about which, on further consideration, he was so much concerned, he swore he would cut his (Foote's) throat if he dared publish them, and which were nevertheless published without anybody's throat being cut; the President of the first Nashville Convention, and refusing to attend the second which met in accordance with resolutions he had signed and approved; the writer of caustic retorts on the National Intelligencer, vindicting Southern resistance; and finally, the active agent for Southern submission;—ever new, fresh, and as strong as the first, he has received the reward for the necromantic activity of his tergiversations! Chas. Mercury.

THE PRESENT COTTON CROP. T. J. Stewart's New York Circular says, "An esteemed correspondent at Mobile, from whose letters I have formerly freely extracted, writes to me for my ideas about the yield as expressed in my circular per Atlantic, on the 13th ult., adds: "You will remember that last fall I was one of the few, comparatively, large crop men, and if you will turn to the files of my letters in September, October, and November, you will see that I was so different from yours at that period, came out very nearly right in the finale. Now, as to this crop, you may set it down as a pretty certain thing, that no matter what may be the character of the season from now until the 1st of January, we cannot reach a crop of 3,500,000 bales, and there is every probability that we shall not do better than last year—and perhaps it may turn out 2,900,000. It is useless to go over all the grounds that induced me to come to these conclusions, but as one of the veritable body of cotton crop soothsayers, I desire you to place on record my predictions."

It will be seen by advertisement in this paper that a School of high order is about to be established in Germantown. The names of the gentlemen who have taken the laudable step of organizing, and who are to be a character to command respect and furnish a guaranty for the success of the institution, so far as they are concerned. The disposition to build up Schools among ourselves, in all eligible locations, ought to receive the countenance and encouragement of all true North Carolinians; and we therefore express our sincere wishes for the success of our Germantown friends in their undertaking. Greenborough Patriot.

Thirty-eight sheep were killed by lightning in Dodge County, Wisconsin, last week, while sheltering under a tree.

THE MARKETS.

FAIRFACVILLE, October 25. Bacon 13 1/2 to 14 cents; cotton 75 to 80 cents; flour 85 to 90 cents; madder 80 to \$1 per hundred; lard 12 1/2 to 13 cents; molasses 26 to 28 cents; candles 15 to 16 cents per lb; salt, per sack, \$1 35 to \$1 50; no lime in market.

WILKINSON, October 25. Sales of 450 bbls. soft turpentine at \$3 35—nothing doing in rosin, spirit turpentine, lumber, or timber. A small lot of cow-peas sold at 85 cents per bushel. The supply of corn, bacon, and lard, equal to the demand; market well supplied with flour, and selling at from 4 75 to 5 75.

Perkins and Co. have an improvement in the price of good leaf tobacco; the cotton market dull, and sales at 7 1/2 cents; bacon, hog round, 12 cents, and scarce; wheat 81 to 85 cents; herrings, No. 1, at \$6—No. 2, 95 to 50; corn 80 to 85 cents, and dull.

New York, October 25. Cotton remains firm, with a free opening and moderate export enquiry, and sales of about 1,000 bales at full quotations; corn and wheat are in more demand—the former at 57 to 57 1/2, and the latter at from 84 to 85 cents.

MARRIED.

In Chatham county, on the 7th, by the Rev. Wm. P. Taylor, Mr. Orpheus S. Hanner of Guilford, to Miss Margaret E., second daughter of G. W. Goldston, Esq. In Graham, on the 8th inst., by the Rev. John R. Holt, Mr. Wm. P. Deany, of Greensboro, to Miss Elizabeth H. Harden, daughter of Col. John Harden, of Graham. In Charlotte, S. C. on Wednesday, 15th inst. Mr. Thomas D. Lawrence to Miss Mary Sherrod, daughter of Mr. John Sherrod, dec'd, all of Edgecombe. On Thursday evening the 9th inst., by Rev. Solomon Lea, Mr. Richard Bradsher to Miss Mary Lea, daughter of Carter Lea, Esq., all of Person.

DIED.

In Salisbury, on the 21st inst., of Apoplexy, Dr. Pleasant Henderson, in his 51st year. In the 38th year of her age, at Waverly, near Tallahassee, Florida, on the night of the 16th October, 1851, Mrs. Mary Ann, consort of Gen. George W. Whitfield, and daughter of the late Jeremiah Brown, Esq., of Newbern, N. C. She was a lady of excellent mind, and of the same time possessed in a high degree of those graces and virtues which adorn the female character—amiable, sociable, and friendly to all. As a Christian, her sincerity has never been doubted by any who knew her; her general deportment having been marked by that consistency which is a true characteristic of the believer. She has left behind her a kind and affectionate husband, a mother, and many other relations and friends to mourn her loss. But thank God! they mourn not as those who have no hope. "Blessed are the dead which die in the Lord from henceforth; yea which shall rest, and their work shall follow them."

Tallahassee Floridian.

At his residence, in Jefferson County, Florida, on the 2d October, after a short illness, William Richard Taylor, Esq., at the age of 48.

Mr. Taylor emigrated from North Carolina, and was among the first settlers of Middle Florida, where he has since resided. He has been a valuable citizen, and in all the relations of life, a true, worthy and estimable man. During his residence in Florida, Mr. Taylor was often appointed to important trusts by his fellow citizens in the Territory, and he has discharged them with credit and honor. He leaves a family of four interesting children to mourn his loss, and battle with the ills of life without the benign influence of a kind parent to direct them. Ibid.

The readers of the Republican and Patriot will find in our advertising columns to-day the announcement of another new establishment in Goldsboro. Mr. DANIEL GILMAN LOEBNER is now opening on the corner nearly opposite this office, a Stock of Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, and Fancy Articles generally, and is ready to repair watches, clocks, jewelry, &c., to order. The wants of this community demand the services of a mechanic in this line, and we hope he will receive the patronage of the Public. C. P. Call and see him. Goldsboro Patriot & Republican.

WARRANTED Female Seminary.

The Examination of the Pupils of this Institution, will take place on the 5th and 6th of November ensuing. The friends of the Young Ladies and the public generally are requested to attend. Concert on the evening of the 5th. DANIEL TURNER, Principal. October 24, 1851. 102-21w.

Notice is Hereby Given,

That a Dividend of three dollars per share on the Capital Stock of the Wilmington and Raleigh Rail Road Company, fully paid in, will be made to Shareholders, or their legal representatives, on and after the 15th day of November next. By order. JAMES S. GREEN, Sec'y. October 21, 1851. 102-15N.

Elements of Algebra,

By Elias Loomis, Professor in the New York University. Received this day. H. D. TURNER. Raleigh, Sept. 27, 1851. 94-

PRODIGIOUS BARGAINS

IN CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, READY-MADE CLOTHING &c., &c., &c. The World's Fair is about closing, but that has nothing to do with the cheap Goods selling at PROCTER'S.

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS, FOR 1851-2.

ISAAC PROCTER, MERCHANT TAILOR. Successor to the firm of Oliver & Procter, Sign of the E. R. R. E. M. Doors Open from 6 o'clock, A. M. to 9 P. M. ADMISSION FREE.

HAVING purchased out the entire interest of Thos. M. Oliver, in the late firm of Oliver & Procter, I avail myself of the very first opportunity to inform the patrons of the said firm of the fact and to solicit from them the continuance of their support. I have just received a beautiful supply of goods, selected by Mr. Oliver, with great care, from the latest importations, embracing Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings of every colour and grade, Dress-Shirts, Under-Shirts, Drawers, Cravats, Handkerchiefs, &c., &c. In fact, everything usually kept by Merchant Tailors or Clothiers. I shall be assisted by Mr. Geo. L. Gould, an expert best coat cutter, (and a pupil of Mr. Oliver's for the last fourteen months.) I shall have charge of the pants and vest department myself, and I have had exclusive charge of it in the late firm for the last five years.

Everything will be done that can be done, to give satisfaction and to render the establishment popular with its patrons. Profoundly thankful for the patronage so liberally bestowed upon me as a firm, I shall endeavor by assiduous attention to business and a desire to please, to merit its continuance. — ISAAC PROCTER. ALSO, ON HAND AND AM RECEIVING, daily, a large assortment of CLOTHING, of every description and style, of my own and Northern manufacture—all of which I have purchased under my own supervision. I can fully recommend. P. M. Raleigh, Oct. 24th, 1851. 103-

TO MY FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS IN NORTH CAROLINA.

HAVING made arrangements to leave the State, at the expiration of the present year, in the town of Oxford, I shall sell, by Public Auction, to the highest bidder, the House and Lot in said town, with the Lands thereto attached, for many years owned and occupied by Thos. B. Littlejohn, Esq. The improvements consist of a large well built two story Dwelling House, Kitchens, Dairies, Offices, Ice House, Granary, Carriage House, a large stable, and a well furnished barn, the latter usually belong to a well improved residence, in town or country. The Dwelling House is 56 by 40, with four good rooms and 12 feet passages on each floor, four rooms in the second story, a good garden, and is situated in the midst of a beautiful grove of fruit trees, of four or five acres in extent. There is no situation in this part of the country, which combines more advantages, as a residence, whether the object of elegance or comfort, or both together. Though not more than 250 yards from the Court House, it is as quiet and retired as a residence in the country.

Attached to the improved Lots, there is a Farm of some 120 or 130 acres, well watered, in good condition, with 9 or 10 acres well adapted for Meadow land. At any time before the sale, I will take pleasure in showing the premises to any one desiring to purchase. TERMS OF SALE: One-third Cash, and the balance in equal annual payments; the title to be reserved until the whole purchase money is paid. Possession to be given immediately. I shall sell the above described property as Trustee appointed under a decree of the Court of Equity of the State of North Carolina, in the case of Thos. B. Littlejohn, the original Trustee named in a Deed in Trust executed to him by the said Thos. B. Littlejohn, and for other purposes. The title is unquestionable. JAMES M. WIGGINS, Trustee. Oxford, October 23d, 1851. (pr. adv. \$8.) 891-wtd

SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE, IN OXFORD, N. C.

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NOTICE.

OFFICE of the N. C. RAIL ROAD, } Greensboro, Oct. 23, 1851.

IT is ordered by the President and Directors of the North Carolina Rail Road Company, that the Stockholders pay into the Treasury of said Company ten dollars upon each share of stock held by them in said Company, on or before the 8th day of January, 1852; and that interest be charged upon any deferred payment from and after the 1st day of February, 1852.

For the convenience of Stockholders, payments made to the Bank of the State, at Raleigh, and to the Bank of Cape Fear, at Salisbury, to the credit of the Treasurer of said Company, and the certificate forwarded to the Treasurer, will be received in full. G. P. MENDENHALL, Treasurer. 103-4tw.

State of North Carolina, Granville Co. Superior Court of Law, September Term.

William Wilson vs. Elizabeth Wilson—Petition for Divorce. IN this case it appearing that a copy of the petition and subpoena were issued to the defendant in manner and to the effect therein contained, and that the said defendant failing to appear, it is ordered by the Court that publication for three months be made in the North Carolina Standard for the said Elizabeth Wilson to be and appear at the Superior Court to be held for the County of Granville at the Court House in Oxford, on the first Monday of March next, and answer to the plaintiff's petition.

Witness, Benjamin C. Cooke, clerk of our said Court, at office, in Oxford, the 24th day of October, A. D. 1851. BENJ. C. COOKE, c. c. c. Oct. 27, 1851. (Pr. Adv. \$7.50) 103-3mw.

\$99 REWARD.

BROKE JAIL, and ran away in November last, from PAULING, Jasper county, Miss., the Negro FRED, alias A. W. aged 30 or 35 years, 5 feet 10 in. high, dark hair, had two scars on his face—one just above the right eye, running back into the hair, the other on his cheek bone, running towards the mouth; also, scars on the knees and on the left arm, caused by burns. He was purchased from Theo. N. Gadden, of Charleston, S. C., in August, 1850, by the subscriber's father. It is known, that he has false papers, and he will probably represent himself as a free man. The above reward will be paid to any person who will detect the said slave, and lodge him in jail, so that he can be obtained. THOS. P. FRITH, Holmesville. Avoyelles Parish, Louisiana. 103-2m.

EXECUTOR'S SALE.

JACKS and JENNIES, some 16 in number, of every age, will be sold by the undersigned to the highest bidder, on a credit of 9 months, at the late residence of Samuel W. Downey, deceased, in Granville County, together with the perishable property of every kind, on Thursday, the 13th day of November next. The sale to continue day by day, until completed. Bond with approved security required. JOHN A. DOWNEY, Executor. October 6th, 1851. 98-13No.

\$10 REWARD.

RANAWAY from the subscriber a yellow boy named RAMPSON DEW, about nine or ten years old, had on when he left a green coat and blue pantaloons. Said boy was bound to me until he attains the age of 21 years. I hereby forwarn all persons from harboring or employing said boy, and that if he is ever again brought to me, or \$5 for his consent in jail so that I can get him. ALFRED MITCHELL, alias BOOTS. Raleigh, October 20th, 1851. 101-

New Humorous Work.

THE WIDOW RUGBY'S Husband, and other Alabama Tales, by the author of Simon Suggs. For sale by W. L. POMEROY. Raleigh, Oct. 13th, 1851. 99-

PORTS' GOLD MINES FOR SALE.

ON Saturday the 20th day of December next, on the premises, I shall offer for sale, by virtue of a decree of the Court of Equity, entered in the matter of Thomas J. Fortis and others, heirs at law of John Fortis, deceased, the late famous Gold Mines, known as the PORTS' MINES.

The said mines are situated in Franklin County about thirty miles from Halifax town, twenty miles from Warrenton, and eighteen from Louisbourg. The tract of land contains about 1800 acres, lying immediately on Shocco Creek, and for farming purposes alone, is a valuable estate; but its agricultural value is completely eclipsed by its immense value as a mine.

There have been few instances in North Carolina, where an estate of such vast magnitude has been offered for sale publicly. A large portion of the mines—the very choice parts, were carefully reserved by the late proprietor, which he always called his "ROCKY BOON."

The value and richness of these reserves are beyond all human calculation. An effort will be made to divide the mining lands, so as to bring the lots within the limits of individual enterprise—very few men being able to purchase the whole estate. To the enterprising capitalist here is a most inviting field—even the portions that have been worked still abound with the precious ore, and those huge piles of rock and sand, by the ignorant thought valueless, under the control of scientific men, would yield unnumbered thousands, after paying the cost of machinery and labor.

In many parts of the reserves it is believed that every cart-load of gravel will produce a penny-weight of gold dust. The water, the cost of which is at hand, and timber and fuel in abundance on the land. The dwelling house is large and convenient—also a large number of framed negro houses, almost new, together with every necessary out building. This land is sold in conjunction among the numerous heirs, and it must go for what it will bring. A credit of one, two and three years will be given and bonds bearing interest from the 1st of January next, shall be required of the purchaser. The chaser, and possession given on the 1st of January 1852. Letters addressed to me at Louisbourg will, receive prompt attention. THOS. K. THOMAS, C. M. E. Louisbourg, Oct. 23, 1851. 891-3tw.

TO RAIL ROAD CONTRACTORS.

OFFICE of the NORTH CAROLINA RAIL ROAD CO., GREENSBORO, Oct. 24, 1851.

BIDS for the following work on the line of said Road will be received at the Office in this place until the 15th December next, when the Lettings will take place at said Office, viz: For the Grading and Masonry of the following Sections of the Second Division of said Road, viz: Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16; 30, 31, 32, 33 and 34.

For the Grading and Masonry of Sections 1, 2, and 3 of the Fourth Division, as they may be finally determined upon by the Engineer.

For the Masonry and Superstructure of the following Bridges, viz: across Crabtree, two across Eno, Back Creek, and Haw River, on the Second Division.

For the Masonry and Superstructure of a Bridge across Deep Run on the Third Division.

For the Masonry and Superstructure of the following Bridges on the Fourth Division