MEMOIR OF DR. NORCOM.

We have before us, in pamphlet form, the Memoir of Dr. James Norcom, of Edenton, which was read before the Medical Society of this State, in this City in May last, by Dr. S. S. Satchwell, of New Hanover County.

Dr. Satchwell has given a rapid and glowing, but no doubt truthful sketch of this distinguished Physician; and this Memoir will be read with interest not only by the profession, but by the numerous friends and acquaintances of the deceased.

Dr. Norcom was born near Edenton in 1778, and commenced the study of medicine at the age of 17, and obtained his diploma at the Philadelphia School when in his 20th year. He was the private pupil of the eminent Dr. Benjamin Rush. After obtaining his diploma, he located in Edenton, where he was soon called into an extensive practice; but his health compelled him, after a time, to suspend his labors, and he visited, under advice, the East Indies, and was absent some three years. His health being restored, he returned to Edenton, where he continued the practice of his profession for nearly a half a century. He was eminently successful in his practice, and established a reputation in his portion of the State which will long survive him. Dr. Satchwell speaks in high terms of his excellent qualities as a man, as well as of his solid and varied attainments as a Physician.

The Lancet and Amerian Journal of Medical Jurisprudence, in which this Memoir appears, pays the following deserved compliment to Dr. Satchwell:

"Of the many articles that grace the orignal department of this number of our Lancet, none will be read with more pleasure and lively gratification than the ably written and interesting Memoir by Dr. Satchwell. The Author is a graceful and forcible writer; true to his calling and to his country, he utters sentiments alike honorable to the man and to the Profession; at times distrustful of his abilities to discharge the delicate duty imposed upon him by the Society, he dwells with impassioned and vivid style upon those attributes and noble qualities that mark the true physician; and with lively colors he paints the worth of the deceased, the perseverance, energy, industry, and integrity of one which it should be the ambition of all to emulate. How much more pleasing is the perusal of such Memoirs than that of the dry and incomplete topographical disquisitions which generally constitute the majority of the readings at Societies. We do not wish every great and good man in the Profession to die for the sake of having so happy an eulogist as Dr. Satchwell—but of those whom it has pleased the Arbiter of all to summon from the field of their labors to a haven of rest and happiness—men of tried and well-earned reputations, it is befiting that their virtues, moral and professional, should be made known, that they may serve as beacon lights to the younger members to guide them through the labyrinths of a professional career, to that high position which it should be the aim of all to secure."

IMPORTANT FROM FRANCE.

The Baltimore Sun contains the following private despatch, communicated exclusively for that paper, and received by the steamer America:

"Notwithstanding the profound dissimulation of Louis Napoleon and the three foreign ambassadors whose influence prevails in France, and the efforts which are maintained to conceal the treaty which is making between them, I have been able to discover what has been decided upon hitherto. It has been agreed that Russia shall extend her dominion into Turkey; Austria into Piedmont; and Prussia into the canton of Neufchatel. In the meantime, the combined fleets of the respective parties are to maintain such an attitude with respect to England as will prevent all interference from that power. What is to be the reward of France does not yet appear, but Belgium is the quarter to which her ambition tends.

"The city of Toulouse has lately been the scene of a new proof of the infamous character of Louis Napoleon. M. Maupas having been named *prefet* of that city, received instructions so to act in his office as to arrive at a motive for putting Toulouse in a state of siege. M. Maupas, having arrived in that city, soon effected his purpose, and in a short time thirty of the most respectable citizens were put under arrest, without any sort of proof against them. A search was instituted into the houses of the arrested parties, and in the course of this proceeding the police were required to introduce a quantity of powder and grenades, which were afterwards alleged to have been found on the premises. Detected in this infamous manœuvre, the inhabitants of Toulouse indignantly denounced the parties to it, and at the same time despatched a memorial to the President demanding the arrest and imprisonment of these officials, in the place of their fellow-citizens. To this the President responded by nominating M. Maupas, who directed the proceeding, to a place in the ministry! Alas, poor France!

"The army is beginning to be heartily ashamed to have at its head so contemptible a commander, and dissatisfaction is evidently diffusing itself rapidly in the ranks. Numerous instances of revolt are constantly occurring, and at a single word from a proper source a general movement would be made against the President. We are approximating to a decisive issue. Adieu."

SUPREME COURT.

The following opinions have been delivered since our last report:

By Ruffin, C. J. In State *vs.* Arnold, from Columbus, declaring there is no error in the judgment. Also, in *doe ex dem* Worth *vs.* York, from Randolph, awarding a *venire de novo*. Also, in Lowder *vs.* Nading and Shultz, in Equity, from Forsythe.

By Nash, J. In Gibbony *vs.* Miller, (two cases) from Guilford, declaring that there is no error in the order of the Superior Court. Also, in March *vs.* Leekie, from Rowan, affirming the judgment. Also, in Branson *vs.* Fentress, from Randolph, declaring that there is no error. Also, in Tilghman *vs.* West, in Equity, from Lenoir, declaring that there is no error in the interlocutary order. Also, in Roe *vs.* Lovick, in Equity, from Craven, dismissing the bill with costs. Also, in Simmons *vs.* McDonald, in Equity, from Rockingham, directing a decree for the Plaintiff.

By Pearson, J. In Lawyer *vs.* Jarvis, from Camden, awarding a *venire de novo*. Also, in Lewis *vs.* Cook, from Franklin, awarding a *venire de novo*. Also, in Waterman & Sons *vs.* Williams, from Columbus, awarding a *venire de novo*. Also, in Simpson *vs.* Justice, in Equity, from Craven, dismissing the bill with costs. Also, in Graham *vs.* Roberts, in Equity, from Craven, directing a reference. Also, in Simmons *vs.* Loftin, in Equity, from Lenoir. Also, in Simmons *vs.* Hendricks, in Equity, from Randolph, reversing the decretal order. Also, in Crudup *vs.* Patterson, on exceptions to Master's report.

The Pennsylvanian states that the "Aztec children" now being exhibited in New York, were purchased from two Spaniards, to be brought to this country, and that they have been bought and sold since they have been in New York. The Abolitionists are not only silent on the subject, but are said to have winked at the sale. What hypocrites!

The royal mail steamer America, of the Cunard (British) line, was seized at Boston on the 6th, on the charge of smuggling lace goods to the amount of $5,000. It was supposed that the officers of the steamer would be arrested. The matter had created some excitement.

A Profitable Railroad. The net profits of the South-Western (Georgia) Railroad, for the last six months, were $49,609,82; at the end of the year the company expect to declare a dividend of not less than eight per cent. The road was opened on the 4th of July last, from Savannah to Oglethorpe.

The gallant Maj. Ben. McCulloch, formerly commander of the Texas Rangers, and recently from California, arrived in this City a few days since, on a visit to his relatives and friends.

We shall publish in our next, the admirable Resolutions adopted by the Democratic State Conventions recently held in Pennsylvania and Connecticut.

CONGRESS.

The Senate, on Friday the 5th, took up the bill in addition to, and amendatory of, an act entitled "An act to provide for the settlement of the accounts of public officers and others who may have received moneys arising from military contributions or otherwise in Mexico," approved March 3d, 1849.

The bill extends the provisions of the act of '49, to the cases of officers who received money raised and collected in California and New Mexico, for contributions, penalties, or duties, from the commencement of the Mexican war to the day on which the United States collector of customs entered upon the discharge of his duty, (Nov. 12, 1849.) It authorizes and requires such officer to account for, settle and pay into the treasury, any balance of money shown to be in his hands. It allows the commanding officer who collected the duties in California, after the treaty with Mexico, the same compensation paid to the collector for same duties. It allows $86,600 for the expenses of the provisional government of California, and allows a credit of $125,000 for advances made for the relief of the destitute overland emigrants relieved by the authorities of California. It also gives to California, out of the fund thus collected in that country, $350,000.

After explanation by Mr. Hunter, the bill was ordered to be engrossed to a third reading.

A committee of conference was appointed on the Bounty Land Law.

Mr. Pratt presented a petition from merchants and others of Baltimore, asking that additional aid be given to the Collins line of steamers.

Messrs. Davis, Fish and Sumner presented similar petitions from New York and Massachusetts.

Mr. Seward presented the proceedings of the corporate authorities of New York, in favor of the release of the Irish exiles.

Mr. Shields presented the memorial of eight hundred citizens of Washington, D. C., asking amendments to the city charter, by the removal of certain restrictions upon the right of suffrage.

After reports, the private calender was taken up.

The Senate then adjourned till Monday next.

In the House, the Speaker decided that the special order, which was the consideration of the bill granting lands to heads of families, took precedence of the rule devoting Friday to private business.

Mr. Daniel appealed against this decision, which was supported by the House, which resolved into a committee of the whole on the state of the Union, Mr. Jones of Tennessee, in the Chair.

Mr. Campbell of Ohio, resumed the floor, and continued his speech of yesterday; he thought there were other platforms beside that of slavery, with reference to the Presidential election; alluded to the commerce of the lakes and rivers of the west, which he considered as unfairly dealt with, and expressed himself in favor of granting the public lands for education and internal improvement.

Mr. Chastain, of Ga., followed, who said he would vote in favor of the proposition before the committee, and against granting lands to aid railroad companies; defended the conduct of the Union party of Georgia, which, he said, had been misrepresented and misunderstood, and explained its past action and present policy; had gone before the country and met with the approval of the Democratic party.

Mr. Olds of Ohio deprecated the disorganized state of the Democratic party, which rendered it impossible to obtain a vote of condemnation of any act of a corrupt government, and enables it to run riot in the disposal of the public funds; and expressed his determination to support any Democratic candidate for the Presidency who might be nominated by the Baltimore Convention. In the course of his remarks, he charged Mr. Corwin with receiving, besides his pay as a Senator from Ohio, $79,000 from a claim-agent, to induce him to take money out of the public treasury; which called up Mr. Campbell of Ohio in his defence, who declared that Mr. Corwin would challenge an investigation of his conduct. Mr. Olds concluded by advocating the provisions of the bill, and was in favor of granting the public lands to the soldiers who had fought the battles of the country, and to the working man, who would gather around him the endearments of home, and feel in any future war that he had an interest and a homestead to defend.

After Mr. Olds had concluded, Mr. Brown of Mississippi moved the amendment, of which he gave notice on a former day, which was read. After which a motion was carried that the committee rise, and the House adjourned.

The Senate was not in session on Saturday, the 6th.

In the House, on the 6th, after the journals had been read, Mr. Beall, of Virginia, made a personal explanation relative to a vote during the last session; after which the House took up the business on the Speaker's table; when several reports of Departments, transmitted by the President of the United States, were submitted by the Speaker; also, the papers connected with the case of Prosper M. Wetmore.

A bill extending the time for selling lands in Florida, granted to the Trustees of the Deaf and Dumb Asylum of Kentucky, was opposed by Mr. Cabell, of Florida, upon the principal that it is deemed impolitic to grant extensive lands to corporations, and which are thus shut out from settlement.

Amendments were proposed and negatived, extending the time to one or two years instead of five, as proposed in the bill; which was ultimately passed as originally introduced.

Another bill for extending the time of payment of duties on railroad iron by the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad Company, called up a discussion involving a proposition to abrogate the duties on railroad iron.

Mr. Woodward, of South Carolina, expressed himself in favor of abolishing all taxes on railroad iron; he considered the construction of railroads as being highly beneficial to a country, and as calculated to open it up for settlement and improvement, and regretted that no proposition was before the House to do away with the duty alluded to.

Mr. Carter, of Ohio, took the same view of the subject, and was in favor of extending aid to railroad companies generally, and was opposed to making invidious distinctions.

Mr. Meade, of Va., explained the condition and prospects of the company, which commenced under disadvantageous circumstances, owing to which the road had been assumed by the State, upon condition that stock to the amount of $400,000 should be subscribed. He begged gentlemen not to encumber the bill with a question that would effect its destruction. Several other members spoke on both sides.

It was then moved to refer the bill to the committee on ways and means; pending which, a motion was made to lay it upon the table, on which the yeas and nays were ordered, when it was negatived—ayes 64, nays 99.

On the question of the third reading, an effort was made to get the bill back into that state, in which it would be in order to move instructions to the committee of ways and means to report as to the expediency of abolishing the duty on railroad iron.

Mr. Clingman, of N. C., was in favor of abolishing the duty on railroad iron, and said he was glad find so many members in favor of the measure; and when the proper time arrived, would submit an amendment to the tariff to that effect. He concluded by moving that the motion to reconsider the resolution for a third reading be laid on the table, which was carried—yeas 84, nays 48.

Mr. Houston, of Ala., moved that the House resolve itself into a Committee on the State of the Union, on the special order, which was carried; and the House resolved itself into committee, Mr. Hibbard, of New Hampshire, in the chair, who stated that the first business before the committee is the bill granting one hundred and sixty acres of land to every head of a family.

By this time three o'clock had arrived, when Mr. Davis, of Mass., took the floor, and replied to the speech of Mr. Rantoul, on a former day, exculpatory of himself, and entering at much length into the consideration of the politics of the country generally, and of Massachusetts in particular, but which had no bearing upon the bill before the Committee.

In the Senate, on Monday the 8th numerous memorials were presented, and some bills presented; after which the Iowa land bill was taken up, and Mr. Underwood spoke at some lengh on the subject. Mr. Borland obtained the floor, and the further consideration of the bill was postponed until Wednesday next.

After the consideration of executive business, the Senate adjourned.

House of Representatives. After passing the bill for the relief of Lieut. Col. D. D. Mitchell, of Missouri, as amended on motion of Mr. Marshall, of Kentucky, Mr. Brown introduced a bill authorizing the State of Mississippi to dispose of the school lands of that State previously donated by Congress; and then the House went into a Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union, wherein Mr. Fitch delivered a speech, reviewing the acts of the present whig national administration.

Mr. Wilcox having then obtained the floor, the committee rose, and Mr. Houston reported from the Committee of Ways and Means the annual army appropriation bill, which was committed.

Mr. Clark, by leave, presented the joint resolutions of the legislature of Iowa on the subject of the Compromise, which Mr. C. explained at length, advocating the views his legislature had expressed.

Mr. Cobb, by leave, presented joint resolutions of the legislature of Alabama, the purport of which was not announced, which were referred to the Committee on Public Lands; and then, pending a request made by Mr. Florence to authorize him to introduce certain resolutions adopted at a meeting of soldiers in the war of 1812, the House adjourned.

In the Senate, on Tuesday the 9th, Mr. Rusk reported a joint resolution authorizing the appointment of an additional Assistant Postmaster General.

The resolution referring the subject of the census printing to a select committee of five was adopted; and the committee was appointed by the Chair, consisting of Messrs. Bayard, Borland, Davis, Atchison, and Bell.

The joint resolution on the subject of non-intervention was taken up, and Mr. Seward spoke thereon; after which the further consideration of the subject was postponed until Wednesday of next week.

House of Representatives. In the House Messrs. Cobb and White, of Ala., addressed the House, each at length, on the bill making a donation of public lands to aid in the construction of the Selma and Gunter's Landing railroad; after which Mr. Phelps presented the petition of Mr. A. W. Reynolds, who contests the seat of the delegate from New Mexico, Mr. R. H. Weightman, which he accompanied with a few remarks. The House then went into committee, (Mr. Hibbard in the chair,) wherein they were addressed at length by Messrs. Wilcox and Rantoul; after which the committee rose, and the House adjourned.

Democratic Meeting in Pitt.

At a meeting of a portion of the Democrats of Pitt county, held at the Court-house in Greenville, on Wednesday, the 3d day of March, 1852, Col. L. P. Beardsley was appointed Chairman, and Willie Stancill, Secretary.

On motion, a committee of five persons was appointed by the Chair, to draft resolutions, viz:—A. W. Ernul, Wm. Moore, Levi Dawson and Henry Stancill, Esqrs., and Dr. W. M. B. Brown.

During the absence of the Committee, Wm. B. Rodman, Esq., of Washington, being called on, addressed the meeting, presenting views which received the hearty approbation of the audience.

The Committee reported through their Chairman, A. W. Ernul, Esq., the following resolutions which were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the Democrats of Pitt county feel an undiminished attachment to those principles of Democratic policy which have so long secured the prosperity and glory of our country,—that we believe the Union can only be preserved by a regard for the rights of the States, and by the Federal Government confining itself to the powers clearly granted by the Constitution.

Resolved, That we concur in the holding of the proposed Conventions at Baltimore and at Raleigh, and of a District Convention at Newberne on Thursday the 22d day of April next, to appoint delegates to represent the District at the Baltimore Convention, and that the Chairman appoint delegates to represent us in the said Conventions at Raleigh, and in the District Convention.

Resolved, That we recommend David S. Reid as our preference for the Democratic Candidate at the next election for Governor of the State.

Resolved, That while we express no preference for any particular person as a candidate for the Presidency, yet we confide in our representatives at the proposed Convention at Baltimore, that they will pledge our support to no man whose views on the great questions which are agitating the country, are not fully known, and who will not firmly sustain our just Constitutional rights.

The Chair appointed the following gentlemen delegates to the State Convention at Raleigh:

John Randolph, Sherrod Tyson, John T. Baker, Peter E. Hines, Benjamin May, Col. Matthew L. Carr, William May, John May, Wm. K. Delany, Wm. Moore, Dr. C. J. O. Hagen, Joseph J. Dancy, James Wilson, Thomas Hanrahan, Spencer S. Harriss, Redding Gay, R. H. Lewis, Willis R. Williams, Joseph Williams, Allen Kittrell, Levi Dawson, Stanly Kittrell, Hardy Johnson, Francis Brooks, Cornelius Kinsaul, Cannon Wilson, Willis Wilson, Henry S. Clarke, Dr. W. M. B. Brown, R. W. Rives, Wm. A. Jenkins, James A. Cobb, R. E. Rives.

The following gentlemen were appointnd Delegates to the Convention at Newberne:

John Randolph, Wm. L. Tyer, S. S. Harriss, Col. M. L. Carr, W. K. Delany, Jos. J. Dancy, B. C. Pearce, Jas. Nelson, Thos. E. Nelson, R. H. Lewis, Henry S. Clarke, Willie Brown, Gen. W. Wooten, Franklin Wooten, John Dawson, Levi Dawson, Wyatt Gardner, Willis R. Williams, Joseph Williams, Joseph S. Bell, Capt. Robert Pitt, Wm. Cobb, Jesse Stancill, Henry Stancill, Theo. J. Stancill, Maj. Luther Barnhill, Jesse Nelson, Johnson Nobles, Bryant Hardee.

The following resolutions were then adopted:

Resolved, That the Chairman and Secretary be added to the list of Delegates both to Raleigh and Newberne.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be forwarded to the Editor of the Goldsborough *Republican and Patriot*, with a request that he publish the same, and that the other Democratic papers of the State be requested to copy them.

The thanks of the meeting were then tendered the Chairman and Secretary, and the meeting adjourned, *sine die*.

L. P. BEARDSLEY, *Ch'm.*
Willie Stancill, *Sec'y.*

Democratic Meeting in Brunswick.

A large and respectable meeting of the Democratic citizens of Brunswick county was held at the Court House in Smithville on Monday the 1st inst. The meeting was organized by calling Owen D. Holmes, Esq., to the chair, and appointing J. W. Galloway, Secretary.

On motion, a committee was appointed to draft resolutions for the consideration of the meeting, which committee reported as follows:

Whereas, The principles of the democratic party are such as commend themselves to the affections of the people, and have almost invariably maintained their ascendency in the councils of the nation since the origin of the government, thereby making us a happy and prosperous people. Therefore,

Resolved, That in those principles we have the fullest confidence; that by an unwavering adherence to them we shall best subserve our country's welfare; and that we will use our most strenuous exertions to give them that preponderance they so justly merit.

Resolved, That, in all matters of State and National policy, our principles will be most appropriately expressed through the medium of our delegates to the State and National Conventions respectively.

Resolved, That the acts of the present State Executive meets our hearty approbation, and we recommend the re-nomination of David S. Reid, for Governor of North Carolina.

Resolved, That the nominees of the national convention for the Presidency and Vice Presidency, will receive the cordial support of the democratic party of Brunswick county, but in consequence of the distinguished ability, and lofty patriotism of James Buchanan and Robert Strange, manifested by long lives of public service, we shall be particularly gratified to have their names placed upon the banners of democracy, believing they would lead us on to a glorious victory in the coming contest.

Eloquent speeches were made by Robert Strange, Jr., and M. B. Smith, Esqrs., in which the principles of democracy, and the errors of whiggery were powerfully expounded. The remarks of these gentlemen were enthusiastically responded to by the cheers of the meeting.

After choosing a committee of five delegates to the district convention, and two delegates to the State convention the meeting adjourned.

OWEN D. HOLMES, *Chairman.*
J. W. Galloway, *Secretary.*

The Louisville Journal speaks of Mr. Clay as a "victim of locofoco slanders." Mr. Clay himself thinks he is the victim of whiggery, which since the coalition, has elected Harrison and Taylor to the presidency, and Tyler and Fillmore to the vice presidency. The whigs of Kentucky have just nominated Mr. Fillmore for another term. *Bost. Post.*

Democratic Meeting in Granville.

On Tuesday the 2nd of March a portion of the Democratic party of the County of Granville met at Oxford, when John S. Eaton, Esq. was called to the Chair and James Turner was appointed Secretary.

The object of the meeting being explained by the Chairman, a committee, consisting of J. M. Bullock, T. J. Hicks, and T. B. Venable were appointed to draft resolutions and prepare business for the Meeting.

The committee, through J. M. Bullock, reported the following Resolutions:

Resolved, That the Democracy of Granville do approve of the policy of holding a Convention in the city of Raleigh, on the 13th of May next, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for the office of Governor.

Resolved, That we approve of the administration of our excellent Chief Magistrate, the Hon. D. S. Reid, and cordially recommend him to the said Convention as the most proper candidate for re-election to the office which he now so ably fills.

Resolved, That the Chairman of this Meeting do appoint fifty delegates to represent us in said Convention.

Resolved, That whereas, the Convention of the Democratic party of the United States is to be held in the city of Baltimore on the 1st of June next, and it being expedient that we should be represented in said Convention, we would suggest that a convention of the Democrats of this Congressional district be held for the purpose of sending delegates to the National Convention, and would recommend that the said meeting be held at Hillsborough, on Thursday, the 29th April next.

Resolved, That the Chairman of this Meeting appoint twenty delegates to represent us in said convention.

All of which passed unanimously.

The Chairman appointed the following delegates to Raleigh:

Parry W. Wyche, H. Burwell, Col. W. Rolice, W. J. Hunt, B. T. Sims, Woodson Blackly, John S. Burwell, R. J. Boyd, Col. W. R. White, Samuel Canaday, Jonathan Jenkins, J. M. Stone, A. Davis, Wiley Mitchell, Ed. Lyon, N. E. Canaday, Wm. McGhee, Dr. D. C. White, Willis Harris, jr., W. H. Lyon, Thomas Lyon, Elijah Hester, Q. Hauefton, Jno. Hester, Jeff. Horner, Stephen Terry, John D. Hopgood, Stephen Beasley, jr. David S. Wilkerson, Littleberry Stone, James Hester, M. D. Royster, R. A. Speed, W. B. Hunt, Jas. M. Bullock, C. H. K. Taylor, George Bullock, N. J. Davis, James R. Duty, Isham Cheatham, J. S. Ellis, T. B. Venable, W. S. McClanahan, T. J. Hicks, James Cooper, Jno. Nance, T. Hicks, J. B. Daniel, B. Meadows.

The following were appointed delegates to Hillsborough:

J. M. Stone, N. E. Canaday, Wm. Lyon, W. S. McClanahan, E. H. Hicks, A. Hicks, T. B. Venable, Isham Cheatham, John J. Speed, James M. Bullock, T. Hargrove, Wm. Horner, Alfred Veasey, G. Winstead, E. Hester, R. J. Boyd, Thomas Miller, J. E. Allen, Durell Bobbitt, Wesley Bennett.

On motion the Chairman and Secretary were added to each delegation.

On motion of Gen. W. S. McClanahan the following Resolutions were passed:

Resolved, That when this Meeting adjourn we do adjourn to meet on Monday after Whitsunday, at Oxford, for the purpose of nominating candidates for the Legislature, and that all the Democrats of Granville be requested to attend.

Resolved, That the Secretary be requested to have the proceedings of this meeting published in the Raleigh Standard and the Graham Democrat.

On motion the meeting adjourned.

JNO. S. EATON, *Chr'n.*
J. Turner, *Sec'y.*

Prof. Emmons Lectures. The State Geologist, Prof. Emmóns, and his Assistants, spent several days of last week in our place, during which various parts of the county were visited and explored by the scientific gentlemen. They left on Monday for some of the more Eastern counties. On Friday and Saturday nights, Prof. E. delivered his first lectures in North Carolina to the citizens of this County in the Court House. The general subject was agricultural Chemistry. We took some notes, which however a want of time to write them out and the crowded state of our columns, prevents us from laying before our readers. The Lectures were quite well attended, and much interest was felt in the subject discussed by the learned lecturer. *Goldsborough Rep. & Pat.*

Immense Capital. The capital of the Cunard Steamship Company is $7,500,000, more than double that of any company concern in the United States, and yet this is all owned by a few individuals, probably not more than ten or twelve, who make of it a partnership concern. This company own nine steamships; but the two largest, which have just been completed, the Arabia and the Persia, of 2500 tons and 250 horse power, have been sold to the West India Mail Steamship Company, which has 15 or 16 first class steamers and probably twice the capital of the Cunard Company.

Arrest of a Hungarian at Havana. Mr. Ullman, a Hungarian by birth but a resident of New York, who recently went to Havana as manager for a celebrated singer, has been arrested there on the charge of being an emissary of Kossuth, because he had a letter from Kutahia, in the Hungarian language, in his possession. The letter was merely from an old schoolmate, asking him to procure him employment in the United States. He was sent to the Moro, notwithstanding the silly charge.

Native Nutmegs in California. In Col. Bigler,s yard in Sacramento city, may be seen a beautiful tree, with nutmegs upon it, in nearly a ripe state. It was brought down, recently, from between the middle and south forks of the American river, by Capt. McClory, who also collected a quantity of the product of other trees of the same kind.

From the Rio Grande. At the term of the U. S. District Court, just closed, at Brownville, the Grand Jury found indictments against S. M. J. Carvajal, Jack R. Everett, Capt. Wheate, and nine others, for violation of the neutrality laws, by fitting out and joining in expeditions against the Mexican territories.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Wilmington and Manchester Railroad Company took place at Sumpterville on the 4th inst. pursuant to adjournment. The President and Directors were re-elected, and it was resolved to hold the next annual meeting in Wilmington. *Wilmington Journal.*

New Jersey Homestead Law. The homestead bill which has just passed the New Jersey Legislature, enacts that no person can procure a homestead which will be secured by this law, till he is actually worth $1,000, exclusive of debts.

MARRIED.

In Greene county, on Wednesday evening the 2d inst. by Rev. George Joyner, Mr. Elias Carr to Miss Nicy Frances, daughter of the late Francis Harper, Esq., all of Greene.

At the Old Church, in Tarboro, on Thursday morning last, by Elder Blount Cooper, Mr. Green Oberry to Miss Elvira Parker, daughter of Arthur Parker, dec'd.

On the 26th of February last, in Greene county, by Rev. Thomas Moore, Mr. Illandrew Philips of Lenoir, to Miss Nancy, daughter of John Turnage, Esq.

In Greenville, Pitt county, on the evening of the 20th ult., by Rev. Mr. Battle, Mr. A. W. Marshall, to Miss S. A. Hoyt, both of Greenville.

On the 4th inst., at the residence of Dr. G. W. Graves, Newton County, Georgia, Col. George Williamson, of Caswell Co. N. C., to Miss M. W. Hill, formerly of this State.

At Williamsboro' on the 4th inst., by the Rev. N. Z. Graves, Wm. Hunt, Esq., to Miss Agnes B., daughter of Dr. Leonard Hare, all of Granville county, N. C.

In Franklin County, on the 3d inst., by Lewis Bartholomew, Esq., Mr. Sweetham C. Hollingsworth to Miss Mary Stallings daughter of Irvin Stallings, all of Franklin.

At Portland, Me., 25th ult., Dr. Barrow C. Watson, of Edgcomb County, N. C. to Julia Whitmen, daughter of Wm. Willis, Esq. of P

DIED,

Near Warrenton, on the 7th inst., Mr. David Collins, aged about 65.

In Duplin County, on Friday, the 20th ultimo, Maj. George E. Houston, aged eighty years, three months and fifteen days.

In the same County, on the 23d ult., James Houston, aged 77 years. Also, Maj. Hampton Sullivan, aged 43.

Southern Rights Convention.

Montgomery, Ala., March 5th. The Southern Rights Convention adjourned this evening, after a session of two days. A series of resolutions, embracing the usual generalities, were adopted without difficulty.

An animated and protracted discussion arose on the 26th resolution, which in substance was as follows:

"*Resolved*, That in consideration of the fact that the people of Alabama and of the other Southern States, had decided against resistance to the Compromise measures, that the Southern Rights party could no longer make that an issue, but would guard the future."

This resolution was earnestly opposed as dissolving the Georgia Platform, but was supported by Messrs. Buford, Yancey, Elmore, and others. A substitute slightly modifying the language, but not altering its meaning, was accepted and finally passed.

A resolution against the doctrince of intervention was also adopted, and after some unimportant proceedings, the Convention adjourned *sine die*.

Later from Northern Mexico—Renewal of Hostilities by Carvajal—Recapture of Camargo—Probable Attack upon Matamoras.

New Orleans, March 5. By an arrival to-day from Brazos, Santiago, we have advices from Brownsville, Texas, via Indianola, to the 24th ult., stating that hostile operations had been renewed by Carvajal, the 18th ult., with a largely increased force, and that on the 20th he had stormed and captured Camargo, after but a feeble resistance from the Mexican troops. The accounts represent the force of Carvajal much to exceed his former force, and that disaffection with the Government was spreading, thus increasing his chances of success.

It was the purpose of Carvajal to move immediately upon Matamoras, and passengers report that there is little doubt that the attack had been commenced on the morning of the 25th, as heavy cannonading was heard in that direction the day the vessel left.

SECOND DISPATCH.

Later from the Rio Grande—Repulse of Carvajal.

New Orleans, March 7th. The steamer Fanny has arrived from the Brazos, bringing very contradictory statements of Carvajal's movements. The American Consul had received information which was probably correct, that Carvajal had attacked Camargo, but had been repulsed, and obliged to retreat with the loss of his artillery and ammunition. Carvajal had about 500 men with him.

The Maine Liquor Law in Massachusetts.

Boston, March 9. The Maine Liquor Law passed the Senate to-day, by a vote of 30 ayes to 9 nays. Several amendments were adopted, besides the one submitting the final adoption of the law to a direct vote of the people at the next general election.

Arrival of the Falcon.

New Orleans, Feb. 8th. The steamer Falcon, with five days later news from Havana, has arrived. She reports that Conde Milleflores had been appointed Captain-General of Cuba. The brig Tartan had arrived from Charleston.

Sailing of the Empire City.

New York, March 9. The steamer Empire City sailed this afternoon, for Chagres, crowded with passengers for California.

Heavy Shipment of Cotton.

New Orleans, March 7. The American ship Winchester cleared for Liverpool yesterday with a cargo of 5,753 bales of cotton, being the largest ever known.

The Maine Liquor Law in Ohio.

Columbus, March 5. In the Ohio Legislature resolutions to refer the Maine liquor law to a vote of the people was indefinitely postponed, by yeas 44, nays 38.

Notice was given of a bill to prevent the further settlement of negroes in the State.

Bela Badger, a prominent Philadelphia Whig, died in that City on the 6th.

Just Received.

A Lot of fine Buckwheat Flour.
8 Barrels of No. 1 Herrings.

Raleigh March 10, 1852. HENRY KEIM.

Spring Supply Just Landing.

200 BOXES Raisins—Bunch.
50 do do Layers.
250 drums Figs—Smyrna.
5 frails Dates.
5000 fresh Cocoa Nuts.
250 boxes Oranges.
100 do Lemons.
10,000 lbs. fresh Nuts, assorted.
10 cases Prunes.
254,000 Cigars of the very best quality.

In addition to which, I am just opening a heavy assortment of Soaps, Perfumery, Extracts, Oils, Fancy Articles, Common Jewelry, French Candies, &c.

Merchants are informed that I sell at Northern prices, and warrant my goods.

SAM'L. H. MARKS.

P. S. Good article of Candy at 12½c. per pound when purchased by the hundred.

Petersburg, March 9, 1852. 36—

RECTIFIED WHISKEY.

THE Subscribers have constantly on hand, and are prepared to furnish any quantity of their very

Superior Rectified Whiskey,

at about Baltimore prices, in lots of four barrels and upwards for *Cash*. Also, New England Rum, Brandy, Gin, Wine, Cordial, and all Domestic Liquors. Persons buying of us will save a profit in freight and other charges, from the Northern Markets, and always get a good and pure article. All we ask is a trial of quality and prices.

L. LUNSFORD & SON.
Petersburg, Va.
March 10, 1852. 911—4tw.

New Books.

NEW Novel by Mrs. Marsh, Ravenscliff, Price 25 cents. A Daugereotype of the liveliest stamp. Florence Sackville, or Self Dependence, by Mrs. Burbury, price 25 cents. The most complete life of Robt. Burns. Robert Burns, his life and works, edited by Robert Chambers, 4 vols. 12 mo. Lever's new novel, Mawrice Tiernay, the soldier of fortune, by Charles Lever, price 50 cents. For sale at the N. C. Bookstore by

H. D. TURNER.
March 3, 1852. 36—

Layard's Ninevah.

A POPULAR account of Discoveries at Ninevah, by Austin Henry Layard, Esq., new edition, containing the whole work, without abridgement of the Text, with numerous engravings, 1 vol. 12 mo.

Just received and for sale by

H. D. TURNER.
March 3, 1852. 36—

Notice.

WAS entered on the Ranger's Book of Chatham County, on the 4th of March, 1852, by Lunsford Jenkins, living near Moringsville, a sorrel Horse, supposed to be seven or eight years old. He has a Fistulo, no brands, and is barefooted.

JOSEPH HACKNEY, C. R.
March 10, 1852. 911—3t.

Democratic Meeting in Johnston.

A MEETING of the Democrats of Johnston County is requested in Smithfield on Tuesday of next March Court, to nominate candidates for the Legislature, and also to appoint Delegates to the State and District Conventions. A full attendance is desired.

February 28, 1852. 33—td.

Democratic Meeting in Randolph.

A MEETING of the Democrats of Randolph County is requested in Ashborough, on Tuesday after the fourth Monday in March, it being Tuesday of Court. A full attendance is desired.

February 23d, 1852. 31—tf.

200 Laborers and Carpenters Wanted

ON the line of the Cape Fear and Deep River Navigation. Liberal wages will be paid on the 10th of every month, for the above number, which, as the season advances will be increased to 500 hands.

ISAAC CLEGG, *Pres't.*
March 8th, 1852. 35—tf.

"Eagle Hotel," Chapel Hill, for Sale.

THE Proprietress of this well known and profitable establishment, having realized a sufficient income to warrant her in resuming the quiet of a private life, offers to the public generally the opportunity of bidding for its advantages.

The citizens of the State are so well acquainted with the advantages of its position, that but few remarks are necessary to complete their information.

The Hotel itself possesses all the requirments of room and comfort, which its purchasers can desire. It has capacity for the accommodation of one hundred and fifty boarders, and the recent and rapid growth of the University, adjacent, makes it an easy matter to possess such or even a greater number of students.

In addition to this, the frequent travel through Chapel Hill gives the Hotel, (being the only one in the place) a transient custom equal to any in the State.

The lots and stables adjoining are extensive and commodious, and the country-market supplies abundantly and on profitable terms much of its provisions.

The terms of sale require one third of the price to be paid on taking possession. A note, with safe security and time of payment suited to the convenience of the purchaser, are the reasonable demands for the remainder.

If further information be desired concerning the inducements to purchase, the President of the University or any other resident of the village, will furnish it.

Possession can be obtained at any time, after the 1st of May. Apply to ANNE S. HILLIARD.
Chapel Hill, N. C. Feb. 27, 1851. 33—

Office of N. C. Mut. In. Co.

RALEIGH, Feb. 18, 1852.

THE Board of Directors of the North Carolina Mutual Insurance Company, at their annual Meeting held in this City, on the 13th day of January, 1852, levied an assessment of 3½ per cent on all premum Notes of the Company outstanding on the 15th day of December, 1851.

This with one-half per cent levied September 2nd, 1849, one per cent levied November 9th, 1850, and one per cent levied September 18th, 1851, will make six per cent on all notes subject to assessment on the 2nd September, 1849, and remaining unexpired and uncancelled on the 15th of December, 1851.

These assessments under the provisions of the Act of Incorporation, will be payable on or before the 20th day of April, 1852. All persons having premium notes in the Office will please remit the assessments thereon with as little delay as practicable.

By order of the Board,
JNO C. PARTRIDGE, *Sec'y.*
Raleigh, Feb. 18, 1852. 29—td.

SPRING STOCK.

Boots, Shoes, Brogans, Trunks, &c.

WE have received by the recent arrivals, direct from the manufacturers our stock of Boots, Shoes Carpet Bags and other articles in our line, all of which have been selected with much care for our

WHOLESALE SPRING TRADE.

We flatter ourselves that a better or cheaper stock of Goods has never been offered in this market.

The attention of Merchants visiting our city is particularly called to the above.

W. R. JOHNSON, & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Boots, Shoes, &c.,
two doors below Paul & McIlwaine.
Petersburg, March 2, 1852. 34—1m.

Music. Pianos. Banjos, &c.

NOW OPENING at the North Carolina Music Store, a lot of Pianos so far superior to anything of the kind ever offered for sale in this State, that we deign not to challenge competition. Comparison is all that is necessary to convince the most indifferent observer of the vast superiority of the splendid Instruments from the celebrated Factory of Knabe Gehle.

These Instruments we sell at *Factory prices*, as may be seen by an examination of the Manufacturer's Card and List of prices.

New Music, Foreign and American, several dozen Banjos, beautiful and brilliant Guitars, Violins, Flut