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SHERMAN TO SPEAK AGAIN,

Making One More Effort to Prevent the Editor's Rejection.

EVARTS DENOUNCES THE APPOINTEE

Halstend's Cause Champloned by Senator Spooner-Evarts, Teller and Payne Show Would-Be Minister No Mercy-Payne Says the Fight in the Cincinnati Paper Against Rim Was the Result of a Newspaper Row-He Would Vote to Send Halatend Permanently to Siberia-How Scontor Sherman Took Suap Judgment on His Colleague-Payne Confiden the Senate Will Sustain Its Digulty and Reject the Appointment,

Three hours were consumed by the Senate vesterday in consideration of the nomination of Murat Halstead, of Cincinnati, to the German Mission. Several Republicans spoke against the confirmation, and Mr. Sherman was given till to-day to close the ease for the nominee. It has been learned that Senator Sherman rushed the name of Halstend through the Committee on Foreign Relations, taking snap judgment on Senator Payne, who is a member of the committee, but who was not aware that Halstead's name was under consideration until he read the report in the papers,

ISPECIAL TELEGRAN TO THE DISPATCE. WASHINGTON, March 29.-The Senate of the United States was occupied for three hours and a half to-day in the discussion of personal journalism pending the confirmation of Editor Halstead as Minister to Berlin. No action was taken upon his nomination, because Mr. Sherman, who wants to close the debate, was not feeling well, and asked that a vote be deferred until to-

Perhaps the one day of grace granted Mr. Halstead is due somewhat to the appearance of the chaplain this morning to open the Senate with prayer. He was detained by a funeral yesterday, and didn't arrive in time, so that the divine blessing was not invoked for the proceedings of that day.

Mr. Sherman made the first speech, and it was very short. He said that he hoped stead's confirmation would agree with him | servative body in the world, and resurt is that words written in the heat of passion rarely taken to snap judgment. The pershould not be permitted to rest against a man of such worthy character and usefulness in the party.

Warm Words Always Used in Debate. Mr. Spooner followed Mr. Sherman and spoke at length in the same way, taking the ground that lawyers in court often said is all the more conspicuous.

Mr. Halstead's name was sent to the Sentaken in a Pickwickian sense. Political opponents did the same thing on the stump; Senators and Representatives in Congress had their tilts in debates, and used language which was often offensive, but not intended so, and that editors who did the same thing

ought to be forgiven for it. Mr. Spooner said he had received as much newspaper abuse as anybody of his age and experience, but he had always kept up his friendship with the men, and had never felt that he should cherish any resentment. He thought that Mr. Halstead's course had been imprudent; that he had used language that was unjustified; that by disappointments he had been provoked into making attacks that he sincerely regretted, and that it was hardly fair, after this lapse of time, to hold him to account and punish him so severely as was proposed.

Mr. Evarts on Senatorial Dignity. Then Mr. Evarts took the floor and made what the Senators say was a very funny speech, in which he recounted the comments that had been made upon him in the newspapers from time to time, particularly by Mr. Halstead. He spoke in a jolly mood at first, but afterward became serious, and said that while he did not object to fair and honorable criticism, he thought the time had come to assert the dignity of the Senate and rebuke the class of editors who took the liberty behind the anonymous editorial page to assault the honor and the motives of men who might differ with them in

Mr. Hoar defended Mr. Halstead, and revived the history of the Payne case, he having made the report from the Committee or Privileges and Elections, which recommended the forfeiture of the seat of the junior Senator from Ohio.

Mr. Payne in His Own Defense. This brought Mr. Payne to his feet. He is suffering from a very severe cold, and although his voice is at times not strong enough to reach the corners of the chamber. his words were scarcely audible to-day, and he uttered them with great effort and apparent pain. He said that he had been a candidate for the Senate against his wish, and that he had been elected without any effort on his own part, as the candidate of his party. No sooner had his election been announced than Mr. Balstead, through the Commercial Gazette, commenced a series of attacks upon him and his friends which were not only unjust, but outrageous; that there was no intention on the part of the Legislature of Ohio to question the title to his seat until the Republican members of that body had been dragooned into doing so

by Mr. Halstead. The fight made against him, Mr. Payne said, was not made by the Republicans of the State, but by Mr. Halstead personally, because of newspaper rivalry; that the Cincinnati Enquirer and Commercial Gazette had been at war for some time, and as the Enquirer favored his election, the Commercial fought that paper over his shoulders. He said if the nomination had been to Russia, with a provise that the nominee should go on to Siberia and never return, he would gladly vote for confirmation.

Mr. Payae Makes an Impression. The Senators gathered around the venerable gentleman from Ohio and listened to

his remarks, which were spoken in a conversational manner and made a marked im-

Following him Mr. Teller spoke again. and brought in several files of the Commercial Gazette, which had not been quoted from before. It appeared that he had been ndustriously searching them for evidence to show that the attack upon the Senate in the Payne case was not an exception, but that it was more freely about public men than circumstances justified. He read some of his attacks upon General Grant and Blaine and Garfield and other men, which he said showed a degree of imprudence and lack of discretion that unfitted Mr. Halstead to hold any diplomatic position. He had not only blackguarded members of the Senate, but had shown himself

Incapable of Being Fair or Decent in his treatment of his opponents, and was not the right kind of a man to intrust with the delicate duties incumbent upon the

Minister to Germany. When Mr. Teller concluded Mr. Sherman arose and asked an adjournment. The Republicans who are opposed to Mr. Halstead insisted upon a vote, but when Mr. Sherman appealed to them for a postpon ment on the ground that he was not feeling well, they consented to let the case go over

Mr. Watterson has been using a good many telegraph blanks to-day, and has kept the wires between Louisville and Washington hot with messages to Democratic Senators and people in Washington who are thought to have influence with them, urging Mr. Halstead's confirmation. He succeeded in persuading Mr. Blackburn take up a defense of his friend, but drove Mr. Beck from the Senate Chamber. The atter, it is said, will not vote against Halstead, but will not vote for him.

Several Waste Baskets Well Filled. Senators Eustis, Gibson, Vest, Harrisand thers, who have received messages from Mr. Watterson, have thrown them in the waste basket, and no other person, except Mr. Call, of Florida, is on the fence. Mr. Eustis will make a speech against Halstead o-morrow, and Mr. Harris and Mr. Gorman will endeavor to solidify the ranks so that Halstead will not get any more votes.

On the Republican side the same men who voted against Halstead yesterday will do so again to-morrow, and it is said that two or three others who were absent when the first vote was taken will join the opposition. Who they are cannot be learned, as there appears to be a certain degree of terrorism existing on the Republican side; a fear that the action in the Halstead case may affect the standing of the gentlemen who vote against him at the White House.

SNAP JUDGMENT.

How Senator Sherman Rushed the Name of Halstend Through the Committee on Foreign Relations-Payne Never Consulted.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. WASHINGTON, March 29 .- The manner which Mr. Sherman rushed the name of Mr. Halssead through the Committee on Foreign Relations has placed that gentleman in a very awkward position. The sonal wishes of Senators particularly interested in any measure or nomination are always given the greatest consideration. and for these reasons the action of Senator Sherman, in taking advantage of the absence of Senator Payne. a member of the Foreign Affairs Committee, to make a favor-able report on Mr. Halstead's nomination,

ate on Wednesday. Thursday was not the regular meeting day of the committee, but Mr. Sherman had ample time to send no-tices to the members if he desired a meet-ing of the committee on Thursday. No notices were sent, and no meeting was called in the morning, but a report was handed around for members of the commit-

Senator Pavne was not in his seat. had been extensively advertised that he would oppose Mr. Halstead's nomination on personal grounds of highest privilege, and Mr. Sherman did not intend to take any risks by waiting for his return. The favorable report received the signatures of Senators Frye, Dolph and Sherman. Mr. Eustis refused to join in any report, and Mr. Evarus said that he was opposed to the omination, but would not antagonize a re-

The Committee on Foreign Affairs consists of nine members, five of whom are a quorum for the transaction of business. Mr. Sherman, in his anxiety to rush Mr. Halstead's name through, took the liberty of making a favorable report signed by three members, and then moved its adoption, while Mr. Payne, the most interested members of the Service and the services of the ser ber of the Senate, was absent from the body, detained by sickness, no notice being given him of the contemplated action. In fact Mr. Payne did not know that Mr.

Halstead's name had been voted on till he read of his rejection in the paper next morning. He went immediately to Senator Sherman and demanded an explanation. which that gentleman was unable to give satisfactorily.

It is understood 'that Mr. Payne's desire

to dispose of the case promptly was the only thing that prevented his making an inquiry in the Senate upon the methods ador his colleague in securing a favorable report

AN OFFICE FOR STONEWALL'S WIDOW.

The Lady Tendered a Postmastership Which She Gracefully Declines. PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.1

RICHMOND, March 29 .- Very recently the assurance was conveyed to the widow of Stonewall Jackson, at the request of one who represented that he spoke for the President and Postmaster General Wanamaker, that they desired her to accept the appointment as postmaster of Lexington, Va. Mrs. Jackson has not been a resident of Lexing-Jackson has not been a resident of Lexing-ton for many years, and is now living in Randolph county, South Carolina. Her re-ply to a friend who wrote her that he was in-formed that she had only to signify her will-ingness to sceept to receive the sppointment, was that, while sensible of the kindness which prompted the move, she would be un-able to give an affirmative answer, but must positively decline. positively decline.

She said that her father is now 91 years

of age and needs her presence; that, though she dearly loved Lexington and all its peoshe dearly loved Lexington and all its peo-ple, the place and not suit her health and she was confident she had not the requisite qualifications to fill the office. The cor-respondence with Mrs. Jackson, conducted through a personal friend, was, at the sug-gestion of a prominent Virginia Republi-can, who, it is believed, stands in high can, who, it is believed, stands in high favor at Washington. He said he spoke for both Wanamaker and Harrison, and that in this movement they designed to express their high appreciation of the noble wife of a great Confederate, and in so doing give evidence of their fraternal feeling for the Confederate soldiers.

OUR VICE PRESIDENTS. Sketches of the men who held the second office in the gif of the people, by Edward Wright Brady, in to morrow's DISPATCH.

The Champion Bank Robber of the World Shows Up at Denver.

HE PERSUADES THE PRESIDENT.

With a Cocked Revolver and a Bottle of Nitro-Glycerine, to

SIGN AND CASH A CHECK FOR \$21,000. A Score of Clerks Standing Around Nover Knew What

Was Happening.

A man secured an interview with the President of the First National Bank of Denver in order to expose a conspiracy to rob the bank. He exposed it by pulling out a revolver and a bottle of nitro-glycerine, and ordering a check to be filled out for \$21,000. Under similar inducements the check was duly cashed. The robber has escaped and the banker is prostrated.

DENVER, March 29 .- The boldest and most successful bank robbery ever reported in the West was perpetrated upon the First National Bank at 2 o'clock this afternoon. The robber succeeded in getting away with \$21,000. The cashier of the bank, in an interview with a reporter a few minutes after the robbery, gave the following account of the affair:

Yesterday morning, immediately after the opening of the bank, a well-dressed man, with light moustache and complexion, and of medium height, walked into the bank and asked Assistant Cashier Ross Lewin where he could see Mr. Moffatt, President of the bank. Mr. Lewin informed him that he could see Mr. Moffatt, who also is President of the Denver and Rio Grande Railway, at the President's office, in the Chees-

EXPOSING A CONSPIRACY. Nothing more was seen or heard of the stranger until this morning about 10 o'clock, when he entered the railway office and asked to see Mr. Moffatt on important business. He was admitted to his private room, and briefly stated that he had discovered a conspiracy whereby the First National Bank was to be robbed of a large amount of

Mr. Moffatt told the man he was very busy at that moment, but would be pleased to meet him at his private office in the bank at 1 o'clock. With this the man left the building. A few minutes after the hour appointed he called at the bank, and was shown into the President's office.

While remaining standing he inquired if the cashier, S. N. Wood, was in, and was told that he was at lunch. He then asked for a black check for the purpose of showing how the robbery was to be perpetrated. The check was handed him, he laid it upon the desk in front of Mr. Moffatt, and said: AN RARNEST REQUEST.

"I will have to do this myself," and pulling a large revolver from his coat, placed it at Mr. Moffatt's head and in a decidedly earnest, but unexcited manner, said: "I want \$21,000 and am going to have it. I have considered this matter and the if I fail and am arrested. I am penniless and a desperate man, and have been driven during the past week to that point where I have considered suicide as the only means of escape from the poverty and misery in which I exist. You have millions. I am determined to have what I have asked for. If you make a noise, call a man, or ring a bell, I will blow your brains out and then blow up the building and myself with this bottle of nitro-gylcerine (which he at that moment pulled out of another pocket).

Now take your choice." Moffatt started to argue with the man, but was stopped with the information that it was useless, and that he had but two min-utes in which to fill out the check before him for \$21,000, if he desired to live. Moffatt seeing no other alternative filled out the check and was then ordered to take it to the paying teller and get it cashed.

A CHECK THAT WAS CASHED. Mr. Moffatt left his office and with the man behind him with the revolver par-tially concealed under his overcoat, and with the muzzle almost against Moffatt's back marched him behind the counter and up to Paying Teller Keeley, with the request that the check be immediately cashed. They then remarched into Moffatt's office without attracting the attention of the 15 or 20 other clerks who were busy at work within two feet of where they passed. After they had remained in the private office three or four minutes, the robber informed Mr. Moffatt that they were wasting time, and that he had better step to the door and motion to his teller to come to him, which he did. Moffatt instructed him to bring the money into his office, and as the teller turned to go away the robber told him he wanted 20 \$1,000 bills and \$1,000 in

The money was brought in and hande over to the gentleman who for a few brief moments had owned the bank, and, waiting until the teller had reached his desk, he backed out to the front door, making Mr. Moffatt remain standing in his door until he had reached the curbstone. He then raised his hat and walked around the corner and has not yet been heard of. Mr. Moffatt is completely prostrated with the shock. Detectives are out after the man, but no trace of him has been found.

THE WRONG MAN ARRESTED. The man who committed the robbery at the First National Bank this afternoon in-troduced himself to President Moffatt as C. J. Wells. The name, however, is probably assumed. A moment after the alarm was given by Mr. Moffatt a man started rapidly up Sixteenth street from the bank, fol-lowed by a crowd and several officers. He was followed to room 14, Hallock and Howard block, where he and two companions were arrested and taken to the station

Mr. Moffatt arrived at police headquarte Mr. Moffatt arrived at police headquarters about 4 o'olock, and after a glance at the prisoner said he was not the man, and he was immediately released. The prisoner proved to be a well-known business man by the name of Clark. The Chief of Police has offered a reward of \$2,500 for the arrest of the robber, and gives the following description: The man's age is 32, height 5 feet 8 inches, swarthy complexion, weight 140 pounds, heavy brown mustache, badly sunburnt, derby hat, light brown overcoat, and wears a long-linked plated watch chain. The excitement over the affair is intense.

THE CHARLESTON NEARLY READY.

Its Trial Trip Will Probably Take Place a Fortnight. SAN FRANCISCO, March 29 .- The finish. ing touches are rapidly being put on the cruiser Charleston. Owing to the difficulty of setting electrical appliances, lights, sig-nals, etc., it is stated the trial trip has been postponed for a fortnight, and cannot take postponed for a fortnight, and cannot take place April 1, as previously announced.

The main engines have not been tested, but probably will be to-morrow. The hoisting machinery was tested yesterday and found to be satisfactory.

FRANK LESLIE, in her own bright, sparkling manner, tells women how to grow old gracefully, and how to be possessed of feminine charms in the evening of life, in to-morsow's DISPATOH.

A BIG TIN DEAL.

Englishmen Invest Millions of Dollars American Mines. PRPECIAL VELEGRAN TO THE DISPATCE.

NEW YORK, March 29 .- Samuel Untermeyer returned yesterday on the Trave from England, where he has been for the past two months engaged in floating tin and beer upon the English investment market. He reports that Lord Thurlow, William Garnet, the mill owner; Edward S. Baring Gould, of the Kimberley diamond mines, and others have gone into the Harnly Tin Commany to the extent of \$2,000,000 for working capital, and on the train to Southampton, on his way home, he signed a contract for \$2,000,000 more of the stock, to be taken by other English capitalists. The total stock of the company is \$15,-000,000, and Mr. Untermeyer and the other Americans retain \$11,000,000 of it, in addition to the last \$2,000,000 of English cash, which they will divide.

The Harnly Company's mines are in Da-kota, and are the first and only tin mines yet developed in this country. When the first attempt was made the Cornish mine owners cried "swindle," and the English newspapers joined in. The American premoters thereupon had reprinted and sent all through Dakota the articles from English papers denouncing the mines as fraudulent, and upon this bearing of the market they

and upon this bearing of the market they succeeded in buying up large amounts of mine property in addition to what they already owned, so that they now own practically the whole tin-bearing region. Meanwhile they had English experts come over and sample the mines. Upon the report of them they promptly increased the company's stock from \$10,000,000 to \$15,000,000, and at that capitalization took in the \$4,000,000 of English cash. Mr. Untermeyer says that a tariff on bar tin will be necessary to the foll development of the industry, and that if it had not been for the confidence in the American system of protection, it would had not been for the confidence in the American system of protection, it would have been impossible to induce English capitalists to invest in the mines.

Mr. Untermeyer also managed the floating of the stock of the New York Breweries Company and the Frank Jones Brewing Company, in England. There is a third deal consummated, but he is not at liberty to give the details yet.

OHIO REPUBLICANS UNEASY.

Elections Imperils the State. SPECIAL TREEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. COLUMBUS, O., March 29 .- The political utlook in Ohio is giving the Republicans great cause for unessiness, and all attention is now bestowed upon Hamilton county and

ilton county, if the Republican ticket is defeated at the spring election. This contingency seems likely to arise, and from the alarm thus created there has developed the most active hustling at political headquarters...

Governor Foraker and his friends are

A-MAN FROM MISSOURI May Succeed Justice Matthews on preme Court Bench

PRECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. WASHINGTON, March 29 .- The arrival here of Henry Hitchcock, a leading lawyer of St. Louis, who has been mentioned as a possible successor to Justice Matthews, gives the color of probability to the report that the President has his name under serious consideration. Inquiries emanating from the White House have been made of the Missouri Senators regarding Mr. Hitch-cock's standing and qualifications, and Senator Vest, who knows him very well, speaks of him in terms of highest praise. He is a friend of Secretary Noble, and is recom-mended by Prof. T. W. Dwight, the Mas-sachusetts Senators, and leading lawyers

in the West.

Mr. Hitchcock is about 50 years of age and a graduate of Yale College. He does not live in the circuit of the Supreme Court to which Justice Matthews was assigned, and that is an objection to him from the point of view of the Supreme Court Justices, but not necessarily an unsurmountable one

BURNED IN A COKE OVEN. The Herrible Fate of a 13-Year-Old Boy a

Uniontown. INPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH! UNIONTOWN, March 29 .- John Harris, a 13-year-old boy, was riding on the larry, used to charge the coke ovens at the Percy coke works, with a companion. The larry passes directly over the coke oven mouths and when it stopped running the lad Harris supposed they were past all the ovens and stepped off the rear end of the larry, directly into a coke oven which was blazing up six feet above the mouth. The boy sank in to his armpits and was completely enveloped in flames, while his feet and legs were in the mass of red hot coal in the oven.

The driver of the tarry saw what had oc-curred and hastened to the boy's help, get-ting him out in ten seconds after he fell in, but in that short time young Harris was burned all over, great flakes of flesh falling off, while his clothing was charred into a cinder. Scarcely a spot was on him that was not scorched and burned. Although suffering horribly, the child is still living, with no hopes of his recovery.

COMMISSIONER WALKER RESIGNS. He Wlahes to Retire on Monday, to Step

Into His New Office. WASHINGTON, March 29.-Inter-State Commerce Commissioner Aldace F. Walker to-day placed his resignation in the hands of the President, to take effect April 1 next. He will leave Washington for Chicago next week, to assume his new position cago next week, to assume his new position as Chairman of the Executive Board of the Inter-State Commerce Railway Association. It is not necessary that a new appointment be made at once in Commissioner Walker's place, as the law provides that no vacancy in the commission shall impair the right of the remaining commissioners to exercise all the powers of the commission.

ANOTHER PINKERTON PULLED.

He is Charged With a Murderous Assault or a Prisoner.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. TIFFIN, March 29 .- About a week ago Jay D. Larmont, of Carey, who had been arrested for bigamy by his first wife, was found lying beside the railroad track badly injured and raving mad. He has since recovered, and has had George Williams, the Pinkerton detective who worked the case, arrested and jailed for assaulting and attempting to kill him.

GAIL HAMILTON, in to-morrow's Dis-to the possibility of miracles proving that mod-

A PLOT FOR A PLAY

Highly Dramatic Climax of the Life Story of a Young St. Louis Man.

HE RECOVERS HIS RUNAWAY WIFE

After Searching for Her and Has Lest \$10,000 All Over the Union.

MEETING IN THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER loads to a Marriage, Embezziement, Disgrace, Gam-

bling and Elopement

A highly dramatic story comes from Wilkesbarre. Anold young man is reunited to his wife, who four years ago deserted him, taking with her \$10,000 of her husband's money. The romantic manner in which the couple met and their singular manner of living, which led to their separation, are told by a DISPATCH correspondent.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE.] WILKESBARRE, March 29 .- For over a week a striking figure has been observed on the streets of Wilkesbarre. It was that of a man with iron-gray hair and mustache. He was tall, erect and handsome. He looked 50, but was only 37. His name is Morris Schultz. His home is in St. Louis, where his father is a wealthy commission mer-chant, and he came to Wilkesbarre in search of his wife.

The truant spouse deserted her better half four years ago, stealing from him \$10,000. He searched all over the country for her, and found her in this city yesterday. She saw him, though, and gave him the slip, but he followed her to Penn Haven, where there was a meeting, tears, and a reconciliation. Both will return to St. Louis.

A ROMANCE OF TWO LIVES. Mr. Schultz said that five years ago, when in the employ of his father, at a salary of \$2,500 a year, he was sent on an errand scross the Mississippi. While on the ferryboat he observed a beautiful young woman leaning over the guardrail, and the next moment heard a splash in the water. She had fallen overboard. He quickly divested himself of hat, coat and shoes, and jumped into the river after her. A boat was lowered and the girl's life was saved.

Schultz returned to St. Louis by the next Gindinati, where a political upheaval is expected as a result of the election on Monday. In this city so much interest in local to call at 759 Olive street and receive the class of Miss Irene Trescott, whom he had that day resound from drowning. He called as requested, met the beautiful Irene, who dire results for next fall's election in Hamand who introduced him to an aged lady whom she called her mother.

THE INEVITABLE OCCURS. An attachment sprang up between the young people, which was encouraged by the lady's mother, and after a brief court-ship they were married. For a few months they lived happily, he says, but gradually the wife happer year extrayagant, required nervous over the result, and are doing all they can to stem the tide which seems to be setting in against Republican success in the State this year.

they lived happily, no says, our granded the wife became very extravagant, requiring expensive clothing and so many luxuries that his salary could not afford. He tried to please her, and rather than admit his inability to furnish her the money she demanded, he began to tap the till in his father's store for small sums at first, but

gradually increasing his peculations until nearly \$30,0000 had been taken. The natural result followed. His theft was discovered, next came dismissal from his father's employ, a threatened pros tion which was never carried into effect, disgrace and humiliation. When his father dismissed him, young Schultz had saved from his salary and "takings" about \$6,000. With this money he visited the gambling dens of the Missouri metropolis. His fortunes varied for awhile, he sometimes winning and sometimes losing, until one event-ful night, four years ago last December, when he staked his all on the result of one

deal of the cards and won \$10,000. CHLOROFORMED AND BOBBED. Schultz then resolved to quit the game, and after placing a snug sum on deposit with a wealthy friend, took his winnings home to his wife and told her all about his lucky his wife and told her all about his lucky stroke. That night, while asleep, he was chloroformed, and when he recovered next day he found himself all alone. His wife and her mother had disappeared, and so had the \$10,000. He reported the matter to the police and the old lady was found, but the young wife had left the city and she had

taken the money with her.
Schultz then, for the first time, asce tained that the women were not mother and daughter. The note sent to the store after the rescue, and the subsequent courtship, were used as a bait by which to ensuare him, yet he continued to love the girl and determined to find her. Since then he has visited all the principal cities of the Union.

AN ARMY AFTER AN OUTLAW. Canadian Troops Sent to Hunt Down a No

terious Desperado. ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.1 MONTREAL, March 29 .- The armed expedition, which is at last to make a real attempt to capture the celebrated Megantic outlaw, started for the scene of operation this afternoon under the leadership of Judge Dugas, Colonel of the Sixty-fifth Regiment. Some months ago a true bill for murder was found against Morrison, who is looked upon as a Canadian Bob Roy, for shooting a bailiff sent to arrest him on a charge of arson. Repeated efforts have been made to secure him. He has up to the present succeeded in eluding arrest. It is evident that strong resistance and bloodshed are anticipated, as the Chief of Police explained the dangerous nature of the work before them to the men and would name no one to go but volun-

teers.

A special frem Megantic, P. Q., says: The news received here that a strong expedition is on the way to capture Merrison and anyone who has hitherto shielded him, has caused a great sensation. The sturdy Scotch villagers of Stornoway in the woods near which Morrison now is, are arming, being fully determined on resistance. They swear that the context when the least sense. that the outlaw, whom they look upon as a hero, will never be taken dead or alive, ex-

PALMER TAKING A RAND. He Will Try to Elect a Democratic Mayor

in Chicago. CHICAGO, March 29 .- General John M. Palmer, who arrived in this city this morning to take part in the Democratic campaign, is stopping at the Leland Hotel, where during all this afternoon he received and entertained callers. He appeared exceedingly brisk and lively, and when asked by a reporter, said he was in the best of "My visit here," he said, "does not

signity any apprehension as to the result next Tuesday, for if the victory of Mr. Creg-ler was an assured thing I should still have felt it my duty to take part in the

CLARA BELLE, in to-morrow's Dis-istic account of Mary Anderson's first appear-ance in New York, when a raw country girt, with love for chewing own and molasses candy.

OUR FLEET SUNK.

Three American and Three German Me of-War Go Down at Samon - Fifty Americans and One Hundred Germans Lose Their Lives.

LONDON, March 29.-Advices have been received from Samos to the effect that in a terrific hurricane there three American and four German men-of-war were wreeked, and that many persons were drowned.

A cablegram from Auckland says: Dispatches from Samoa state that the American men-of-war Trenton, Vandalia and Nipsic, and the German men-of-war Adler. Olga and Eber, were driven on a reef during a violent storm and totally wrecked. Of the American crews, 4 officers and

6 men were drowned, and of the German rews, 9 officers and 87 men lost their lives The cablegrams in reference to the reorted wrecking of the three American men-of-war at Samoa were sent to Secretary Tracy, at the Arno, in Washington, at an early hour this morning, and he sent down word that he had yet received no information on the subject.

NOT A BIT OF EXCITEMENT.

Mr. Magee's Bill Quietly Held Over-No Special Orders Made. (FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.)

HARRISBURG, March 29,-Mr. Lafferty this morning offered the resolution to place Senate bill No. 70 on the calendar. He made a number of attempts before the Speaker recognized him, and as quick as it was offered the Speaker an-nounced that it would go over under the rules. There was no excitement whatever, and when Mr. Magee returns here next week he will find that the flurry he caused has subsided and that the sober second thought of the members is to stand by the man who has the offices to give out. When these are disposed of the fun may be-

Many other resolutions were offered mainly for the purpose of having special orders made, but the House sat down on then with great uniformity and unanimity. A motion to make a special order for the County Commissioners' equalization tax bill had a majority, but not enough under the rules to succeed. To-night's resolution for a Road Commission was carried with practically no opposition, but Mr. Dravo falled in an attempt to get a special order for his bill putting a tax on dogs. He argued that it was in the line of a protection to sheep and therefore of wool, which, he said, both parties were in favor of taxing in the

last campaign.

A week ago, however, Captain Dravo had spoken against the making of special orders, and on this occasion ex-Speaker Graham did the same with such good result that the Captain's effort failed.

OSCAR STRAUS PRETTY SOLID. Mr. Wannmaker Has Advised the President to Retain the Turkish Minister.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. WASHINGTON, March 29 .- Mr. B. F. Peixotto, formerly Consul to Roumania, is Turkish mission. Mr. Peixotto is now a ing as middleman in the transaction. citizen of New York, and that fact militates against him at present, as the State already has its share of foreign missions. He is recommended by Thomas C. Platt, Whitelaw Reid, Jesse Seligman, Edward Lauterbach, E. H. Ammidown, Henry O. Havemeyer, John C. New, William L. Strong, and others. The two Senators from New York are not on the list, but are not adverse to his

Mr. Peixotto ran up against the Postmaster General yesterday, and Mr. Wana-maker told him that he was in favor of keeping Mr. Oscar Straus, our present Minister to Turkey, in office. Mr. Peixotto protested that preference ought not to be given to an active supporter of Mr. Cleveland over a Republican with experience in omacy in the Orient, and especially that Mr. Wanamaker ought not to use his influence to retain in office a man with whom he had such close business relations. Mr. Wanamaker remained firm, however, and unless Mr. Blaine can establish closer relations at the White House, the chances of a change in the Turkish mission are re-

DEATH REVEALS CRIME.

Pwenty Years of Forgery Not Discovere

Until the Criminal is Dead. PAPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. NEW OBLEANS, March 29 .- Four days The penalty is a fine not exceeding \$500 ago Mr. Oscar Drouett, a Notary Public with a large clientage, died. Mr. Drouett stood high socially and in a business way, and not the slightest suspicion was excited as to him or his business methods. When, however, it came to settling up his estate today, it was discovered that for 20 years he had been carrying on an extensive aveter. had been carrying on an extensive system of forgery through which he had swindled

various persons out of over \$75,000.

Mr. Drouett's method was simple but sure. When a person came to him to have mortgage notes on property made out Drouett made two copies of the notes, giving one of them to the owner of the property, while the second note, to which he forged while the second note, to which he forged the signature of the mortgager and the recorder of the mortgage was sold for his own account to some capitalist desiring to invest money. When the note became due Drouett pretended that the person to whom the money was loaned wanted it continued, and again a continued, and got a continuance by paying some of the interest on it. He carried on the business in this way for 20 years, no one apparently having the slightest suspicion. It was only when his death was announced and the holders of the forged mortgage notes came forward to-day with their claims that his

ACQUITTALS BY WHOLESALE. Violators Thrown Out.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.1 INDIANAPOLIS, March 29 .- Fifteen indictments for crimes against election laws were thrown out of the Federal Court today by Judge Woods, all against Republicans. Judge Claypool says that the indict-ments were properly and legally drawn. Commenting on Judge Woods' action, the Sentinel says the indictments were carefully drawn by able lawyers, in accordance with the requirements of the statute, and in the precise forms heretofore followed in similar eases in Judge Woods' court, and adds: "So far as Indiana is concerned, the laws against bribery, illegal voting, and other offenses against the suffrage are a dead letter, unless perchance, a Democrat violates them. They will remain a dead letter while our judicial machinery continues in its present hands."

present hands."

If the errors are, as it is said, technical, the grand jury that found the indictments can be recalled, the flaws corrected, and new indictments found without delay or expense. There is precedent for this. But it is not the intention of the present United States District Attorney, a Republican, to call back the old grand jury. He says that any grand jury can return the indictments, and that some of the cases may be brought up in the State courts.

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CENTS

An Allegheny on Councilman Receives an Offer of \$500

to Vote for Mr. Parke

FOR CHAIRMAN ON MONDAY

Mayor Pearson Receives the Money and Gives a Receipt for It.

CONFESSION OF THE MIDDLEMAN.

He Turns the Meney Over and Says He is Sorry He Had Anything to Do With the Councilman Ebbert Interested in the Attempted Bribery-Some Interesting Salts May Be the Result-From the Parties Interested.

Allegheny's periodical sensation is a big one this time. It's alleged bribery. The money's in the official safe to prove it. The man who paid it says he's only a middle man anyway. The other fellow pleads not guilty. So does Councilman Parke, in whose Chairmanship interests it is alleged to have been paid. He says men who bet on the result evidently did this thing to make sure of saving their wagers. Mayor Pearson has got the money, and promises a benitentiary shall get the man. Chairman Hunter only smiles, and talks of another victory. Monday will settle that part of it.

An Allegheny Councilman was, as is stated on official and documentary evidence, last evening offered a bribe of \$500 to vote for Thomas A. Parke for Chairman of Common Council next Monday, but refused to accept it. The man was J. G. Ebbert, a member from the Third ward. He is alleged to have been approached by William Fisher, a liveryman on South Diamond street, and offered ten crisp \$50 bills if he would agree to vote for Parke. Mr. Fisher explained that the money would be turned over to him if he voted for Parke, whether

he was elected or not.

Mr. Ebbert did not give any definite auswer, but at once went to the Mayor's office and reported the matter to Mayor

Chief of Police Kirschler was instructed to bring Mr. Fisher to the office. That gentlemen accompanied the Chief, and, in the presence of the Mayor, stated that he had received the money from Mr. William A. Hadfield, a liveryman doing business at in the city looking after his chances for the No. 258 Federal street, and was merely act-

> AN OFFICIAL RECEIPT. He gave the money to the Mayor, and received from him the following receipt: Received:

ALLEGHENY, PA., March 29, 1889, Of William Fisher, \$500, this money being left under arrangements made between William A. Hadfield, J. G. Ebbert and William C. Fisher, to be paid over to Mr. Ebbert in case he voted for Thomas A. Parke for Chairman of Com-

mon Conneil on Monday, April 1, 1889. The money was placed in a large envelope,

marked "Bribery Money," and deposited in the Mayor's private safe. The Mayor stated that he proposed to have informations made against the persons implicated in the bribery. He said there were other cases of attempted bribery in the chairmanship fight on the part of Mr. Parke's friends; but none had been accepted, to his knorrledge. The law on bribery is given in section 17 of the act of

1874, and is as follows: Any person who shall, directly or indirectly offer, give or promise any money or thing of value, testimonial, privilege or personal advan-tage to any member of Councils to influence him in the performance of any of his public or official duties, shall be guilty of bribery, and be punished in such manner as that offense is by law punishable.

and imprisonment not exceeding one year. NON-COMMITTAL EXCITEMENT. This disclosure created great excitement around City Hall last night. Mr. Hunter iropped into the hall shortly after 9 o'clock, and was made acquainted with the circumstances. He did not seem to be at all worried over his chances of re-election, but declined to talk on the subject. He said: "I have enough votes pledged to elect

me, and I do not believe that any of them can be bought off." Mayor Pearson said he did not know what action he would take in the matter. but would likely have an information made against the persons concerned in the bribery, and of several other cases of which he has received knowledge. He had a consultation with his attorney, and afterward stated that no charge could be brought against Fisher, as Hadfield and the persons who furnished the money were guilty, if

Mr. Hadfield and Mr. Fisher were seen together early in the evening, but could not be found by a DISPATCH reporter until after 10 o'clock. Mr. Fisher was at home and when asked for a statement of the affair, said: "I was foolish to have anything to do

with it. Hadfield is a friend of mine and so is Ebbert. I would rather not say anything on the subject. I was merely the middleman in the transaction. I got the money and offered it to Ebbert this evening. HOW AND WHEN HE GOT IT. 'It was given to me by Hadfield at sup-

per time, and I met Ebbert later. He evidently told the Mayor about it, for the Chief of Police called on me soon after and brought me to the office, where I gave up the money and received a receipt for it. have no choice for Chairman of Council, and

I am not interested in the contest." Mr. Fisher, when asked who furnished the money originally, said he understood that it came from -, representing corporation that tried to secure a monopoly in Allegheny and was opposed by Chair man Hunter. Several measures were before Councils during the year, all of which were

prosed by Mr. Hunter. When Mr. Hadfield was seen he said he did not know anything about the attempted oribery; had not given the money, and had not heard of it.

LAID TO THE GAMBLERS. He was shown the receipt printed above (Continued on seventh page.)