A TIMELY WARNING

To People Who Are Going for Gold to Santa Clara, New Mexico,

BY A MAN WHO KNOWS IT ALL.

A Scheme of a Large Land Company to Enrich its Stockholders

AT THE EXPENSE OF THE CREDULOUS.

Mr. Charles A. Ashburner, the eminent geologist, has returned from a trip to California and Mexico, where he has been for the last four weeks. During his trip he had an opportunity of getting a good many facts regarding the supposed new gold fields that are said to have been discovered in Santa Clara, Northern Mexico.

Speaking about these gold fields to a DISPATCH reporter yesterday, Mr. Ashburner said:

"I am of the opinion that the whole scheme has been gotten up by the English Land Company, for the purpose of speculation, and the only result will be that the land company will make a lot of money. All reports regarding the gold district are too highly flavored with sensationalism to be in any way credited.

"Like all mining enterprises, there are three possible foundations for these reports. One is, that there is absolutely nothing of commercial value in the land, and the gold found may have been put there. Second, there is a possibility of a small amount of the precious metal being there, which cannot be profitably mined unless a large amount of capital can be obtained to do it. Third, there is a large amount of gold in the Santa Clara fields, which may be profitably worked.

TAKE YOUR OWN CHOICE.

"As to which of these three foundations has caused the excitement in this case, I am not able to say. We know that placer mining has been carried on by native Mexicans for over 30 years in that district in a very small way with very questionable profits. Some of the prospectors, attracted by this fact, may have come and hoped to find the quartz ledges near the placer gold. But I consider that, very doubtful enterprise, since no paying quartz ledges have ever been found in the vicinity of some of the richest placer deposits in the United States.

"As an instance which may serve as an illustration of this fact, I may cite that, in the vicinity of one placer mine which produced $95,000,000 of gold bullion during the last 25 years, money was expended by large mining companies in the hope of finding the quartz ledges, which contain gold, and every effort was a signal failure. This, however, is not an invariable rule, but it is often the case.

"Therefore, the mere fact that the native Mexicans have mined placer gold at Santa Clara, is no indication of quartz ledges being found in the immediate vicinity, which might pay to be worked with profit.

"When I was in Los Angeles, 6,000 people had come through there on their way to Santa Clara, and at present the camp near the diggings has 3,000 inhabitants. Prof. Anthony, of England, who, by the way, has given a favorable report of the prospects of the gold district, is an employe of the English Land Company, and his word is, therefore, not to be relied upon.

NO RICHES IN IT.

"It is my opinion that there is not enough gold to be found in Santa Clara for a poor man to get rich in a few days. Living is enormously dear there, for a sack of flour costs $15. If gold is there it will take a long time before the field is sufficiently developed to make its operation profitable. In the meantime, however, the poor people who have gone out there will have almost starved and died in the hope of finding fortunes. Then the land company, which is now creating the bubble, will step in again and reap the benefits of the poor man's labor.

"A great reason why the gold in Santa Clara cannot be worked successfully by the every day prospector is that there is a great poverty of water in the entire district, and placer gold mining without water is almost an impossibility. Therefore, I must say again that the less credence there is put in the reports from the gold field the better it will be for the pocket of the average fortune-hunter, who labors under the delusion that he can go to Mexico and pick up a fortune from the sand."

THE GOLDEN MEDAL

Goes to Miss Lillian Lytle for an Essay on the Ticks of Life.

The annual literary contest for the General Ekin gold medal by members of the senior class took place in Curry University hall last evening. The judges were Hon. F. H. Collier, H. H. Byram and Rev. Nevin Woodside, D. D. The following programme was rendered:

Prayer, Rev. E. P. Cowan, D. D.; piano duet, "Galop de Concert," by Misses Birdie McElroy and Hattie Nichol; essay, "Men of One Idea," by Mr. Will Langfitt; essay, "Unseen Forces," by Miss Beth Locke; vocal trio, "Te Sol Quist Animæ," by Mrs. F. H. Haslage, Messrs. W. M. Stevenson and David Moore; essay, "What is Truth?" by Mr. Frank Whitmore; essay, "The Ticks of Life," by Miss Lillian Lytle; vocal duet, "Here 'Mid These Bowers," by Miss Stella Callahan and Mr. Simeon Bissell; essay, "Necessity," by Miss Lillian Gazzam; essay, "Discipline of Literature," Miss Kate Dempsey; piano solo, "Valse Brilliante," by Miss Olive Day; essay, "The Riches of a Poor American," by Mr. Will Hodkinson; essay, "Nature's Beneficence," by Miss Emma Woelfel; quartet, "Among the Lillies," by Mrs. Haslage, Miss Matilda George, Messrs. Stevenson and Moore.

The medal was awarded to Miss Lillian Lytle.

IRON POLES FOR WIRES.

An Inventor Who Says Millions Hover Over Pittsburg at Present.

Mr. J. W. Davy, an inventor from Kingston, Canada, walked into this office yesterday and said he was prepared to make as many millions for this city and for himself as Mr. Westinghouse had done. It's an iron telegraph and telephone pole he wants to substitute for wooden ones, the largest of the latter costing at present $14 to $16, shipped from Canada here, and his being just as cheap or cheaper. He wants to form a stock company to make these and iron tubular towers for electric lights, the latter so arranged that 16 moveable lights on the top will play havoc with the sun, moon and stars and put the blush to any planet. He insists, like Colonel Sellers, that "there's millions in it—millions."

ALL POLITICIANS BARRED

From Holding Meetings on the Court House Property at Any Time.

Mr. Bryce, manager of the temperance meeting which was dispersed at the Court House last Sunday, held a conference with County Commissioner McWilliams yesterday to see about to-morrow's outlook in that line. Early last fall the Commissioners passed a resolution that the Court House property should not be used for political meetings of any character. To this they still adhere, and Mr. Bryce abides by it.

On Sunday at 3 P. M. Mr. Bryce will hold a meeting opposite the Court House, however. In case of rain, the meeting will be held in the Moorhead building. Mrs. J. B. Horner will conduct the music and Mrs. Broadax Smith will address the meeting.

CHASING CHEYENNES *and fighting the rovers of the Far Western plains, together with the Custer massacre and incidents of cavalry life are described in a realistic manner by Captain Charles King in to-morrow's* DISPATCH.

A BIG FELLOW WANTED.

Search Being Made for a Man Who Has Been Left a Fortune—A Swiss Estate to Fit 7 Feet and 1 Inch.

Gottlieb Notz, who is believed to be located somewhere in this vicinity, is wanted in Switzerland to collect his portion of a fortune left him by his father. His brother, Jacob, is a farmer living at Salt Works station, near the city on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. He has employed an Allegheny officer to look for him.

Rudolph Kaetreider, a Northside butcher, who was acquainted with the man before he left his native land, is also engaged in the search. He says the missing man was born in Kerzers, Caton Freiburg, Switzerland, and left about 22 years ago. He was last heard of in New Philadelphia, O., where he was in the employ of a butcher. He is an extraordinary tall man, measuring 7 feet 1 inch in his stocking. He has not been heard of for about 20 years, and, according to the laws of his native country, he can be considered dead, and his portion of the fortune goes to his brother. The latter, however, has waived his right to accept it, and is making a determined effort to find the missing man.

Although the amount is not more than $25,000 it is considered a big fortune in Switzerland, and the refusal of Jacob Notz to accept his brother's portion is unprecedented.

FATHER OF IT IN KANSAS.

An Address by Prohibitionist Detwiler, of Topeka.

Hon. J. R. Detwiler, of Topeka, Kan., Past Grand Chief Templar of the I. O. G. T. of that State, the father of prohibition there, spoke in the Trinity M. E. Church, Twenty-fifth street, last night, on the success of prohibition where it had been fairly tried. He said:

As soon as the will of the people was expressed by prohibition the politicians flocked to the temperance ranks. Cities did not take to the new law until it became so popular that they were compelled to do so. Governor Martin, in his last annual message, said nine-tenths of the drinking had been abolished. The jails are thinly populated, and when crime is reduced public expenses become reduced.

There is not a single distillery or brewery in Kansas. Whisky men out there agree that prohibition is a success. There is not an open saloon in Kansas. Boys cannot get liquor, and treating is done away with entirely.

There is liquor drank in Kansas, but it must be done in secret. Total destruction of the traffic is the only remedy for this evil.

Mr. Detwiler will speak in the Grand Opera House Sunday evening.

A NEW SABBATH SCHOOL.

The United Presbyterians of Coraopolis Organize One.

There was a rather refreshing season at the United Presbyterian Church in Coraopolis last night. Rev. Mr. Lawrence, pastor, and Rev. Messrs. J. W. Harsha and Elliott made addresses and a Sunday school was organized. Mr. Harsha's subject was "The Relation of the Sabbath School to the Church," and that of Mr. Elliott, "Duties of Sabbath School Officers." The United Presbyterians of Coraopolis, as well as those in other places, do not find Sunday in their lexicons.

The choir sang several voluntaries, and the meeting was spirited.

A PARALYTIC STROKE.

Hon. Felix R. Brunot, of Allegheny, is Very Ill.

Hon. Felix R. Brunot, of Stockton avenue, Allegheny, is suffering from paralysis. The attending physician does not think the case is a serious one. He returned from a trip to Atlantic City last Saturday and attended prayer meeting on Wednesday evening. Since that time he has not been able to leave the house.

Mr. Brunot was 69 years of age last Saturday, and will celebrate the forty-eighth anniversary of his wedding next Monday.

THE MILK TRUST AGAIN.

Dealers Meet, but Fail of a Quorum and Adjourn for a Week.

The milk dealers met at the Keystone Hotel last night. Failing to have a quorum they adjourned to meet Friday evening next to appoint a committee to confer with the producers, and form the trust, if possible.

Will Go Into the K. of L.

John Flannery, in the current issue of his journal, says the Miners' National Progressive Union is going to pieces in the coke region. He says that President Richard Davis and Secretary William Mullen have resigned their offices in the coke region district of the union. Mr. Flannery says many of them intend to join the Knights of Labor.

Throwing Cobble-Stones for Keeps.

William Dorsey, who lives on Wylie avenue, made an information before Alderman Jones last evening charging George Long with assault and battery. It is alleged by Dorsey that Lang threw a cobblestone at him, striking him on the back. He was arrested and gave $300 bail for a hearing Monday.

A Steel Worker Missing.

John Kennedy, an employe of the La Belle Steel Works, was reported to the Mayor of Allegheny as missing. He left his home on South avenue Tuesday evening. He is 30 years of age, tall, light hair and mustache. He deserts a wife and four children.

Fuss About a Defective Flue.

An alarm from box 35, yesterday afternoon about 2 o'clock, was caused by a fire on the roof of Mrs. Mary Ebberly's house, No. 20 Congress street. It caught from a defective flue. The roof was damaged to the extent of $100.

A Fireman's Fingers Gone.

James Layton, a fireman on the Panhandle Railroad, had his right hand caught while coupling cars and two fingers crushed yesterday morning in the freight yard. His hand was dressed by Dr. Hiett.

Under a Load of Metal.

George McPherson, an employe in Carnegie's Thirty-third street mill, had his leg broken yesterday by falling under a load of metal. He was taken to his home on the Twenty-eighth street hillside.

Another Landlord's Trouble.

Jacob Grodinsky had a hearing before Alderman Reilly yesterday, on a charge of renting a house for immoral purposes, preferred by Frank Williams. He was held under $500 bail for Court.

They Will Join the Procession.

The Republican Lincoln Club of the Seventeenth ward met last night and made partial arrangements to celebrate the Washington inauguration centennial.

CLARA BELLE, *in to-morrow's* DISPATCH, *gives a realistic account of Mary Anderson's first appearance in New York, when a raw country girl, with love for chewing gum and molasses candy.*

RE-OPENING, Monday, April 1, 1889, elegant dining room for ladies and gentlemen on second floor, 603 Liberty st. Entrance through Vogleson's confectionery, 54 Sixth street.

IF you want to buy a bedroom or parlor suit, call and examine the large stock at Dain & Daschbach's, 111 Smithfield street. Thssu

FISK, CLARK & FLAGG'S kid walking gloves, at James H. Aiken & Co.'s, 100 Fifth ave.

HOW HE FIGURES IT.

Ex-Governor St. John Thinks That 125,000 Republicans Won't Flop

JUST TO KNOCK OUT PROHIBITION.

An Interview With the Leader, on the Outlook Here and Elsewhere.

HIS ALLEGHENY LECTURE LAST NIGHT

The Hon. John P. St. John, ex-Governor of Kansas and now foremost pillar of the Prohibition party in this country, arrived in the city yesterday morning and went immediately to his room in the Seventh Avenue Hotel to get up a lot of letters prior to his evening lecture in Allegheny.

A DISPATCH representative called upon the honorable gentleman yesterday afternoon, and, during a conversation regarding the question of prohibition, Mr. St. John remarked:

"There is not much new in prohibition at present. The latest and most remarkable thing I have heard of is the fact that the Republicans of Rhode Island, at a convention which they held lately, declared themselves to be in favor of resubmitting the question of prohibition to the people of that State. My judgment is that this is done in order to fall in line with the future policy of the Republican party on the liquor question, which will probably be high license.

"I think the chances for the success of the amendment in this State are very good. In the first place, it is a Republican measure, submitted by a Republican Legislature.

FIGURING IT ALL OUT.

"The party has in the State about 50,000 majority. In this contest the Prohibitionists will ignore all party lines, and add their entire 25,000 prohibition votes to the Republican party's majority. To this may be safely added not less than 75,000 Democratic votes. It will therefore necessitate the votes of more than 125,000 Republicans against their own measure in order to defeat it. A lively canvass is already being made; but when such influential and stalwart Republicans as Governor Beaver, Senators Quay and Cameron take off their coats and put their shoulders to the wheel in the fight for the home against the saloon, we may safely expect to see such a shaking up of the saloon element in this State as was never before witnessed in Pennsylvania."

"How was it that the Prohibition amendment was defeated in New Hampshire?"

"Why? Because it was submitted there for that express purpose. I do not want to explain that any further. For the same reason (defeating it) was it submitted in Oregon, Michigan, Texas, Tennessee and West Virginia."

"What do you think of Judge White's procedure of handling the saloon keepers in our court here?"

"I have watched that very carefully, and I have followed the Judge's course of action very attentively. It seems to me that his conduct in connection with the matter should commend him to the favors of all good and well-meaning citizens of Pittsburg and Allegheny county."

THE EVENING LECTURE.

The Central Reformed Presbyterian Church in Allegheny was crowded with a large audience last night, listening to ex-Governor St. John in his lecture on the prohibition amendment. After some introductory remarks by Pastor Sproull, the lecturer said, in substance:

People of Allegheny, I once heard a story of a man who didn't know whether to get on God's or the devil's side of the fence; but I tell you we will get on God's side, and leave the results in His almighty hands. I never have heard so many falsehoods before as are being at present spread over this State in regard to prohibition. Now then, liquor men must think that Pennsylvania men are natural born fools when they think that the statement will be believed that prohibition lessens taxes. As if the closing of saloons was ever known to lessen taxes!

In my own State, Kansas, I have seen and know how prohibition affects taxes. We have built over 4,000 miles of railroads in the last eight years, have increased our population by 700,000. It is true we have lost some of the population. Part went to the penitentiary and another part—the saloonkeepers—went out of the State.

NOT GRIEVING OVER IT.

We are not sorry for it, for we are always ready to trade the saloon for the church and schoolhouse. I once heard a story about two boys who went to a lawyer and one of them said: "My father is this boy's father and his father is my father, but our fathers are not the same." The lawyer hunted all over his books to solve this curious problem, but was completely mystified. Going down street he met an old Quaker and told him the tale, asking if he knew what it meant. "Why, it is very plain," remarked the Quaker; "the boys told a lie."

And so, friends, the saloon-keeper tells a lie when he makes the above statements.

I have been in Sacramento, a "wet" city, and found it stand eight churches, but only four of these are going. In my own little town of 4,000 population we have ten churches and all in active operation. Subtract and you find the saloon as the difference. Besides, we have our asphalt pavements, our libraries, and what is better, we have not a single drunkard. We used to have about 25 who spent most of their time in the calaboose, lowering the taxes. So you see that prohibition, compared with all other systems, comes out ahead; but what is more, it is right and others are wrong. Here in Pennsylvania, it matters not under what set of officials you actually have a judicial officer granting licenses for this awful traffic.

A POINTED QUERY.

Do you think that the manhood of your State will be lowered when prohibition reigns? They will come to you and say that it can't be done, that prohibition can never pass. Well, just such people said just such things 25 years ago when we fought against slavery. To-day you can't find a single man who will admit that he was against abolition. I will venture to say, in 25 years you won't be able to find a single man who voted against the amendment on June 16, 1889. [Laughter.] I tell you we can pass the amendment, we can, and with God's help we will! One great thing we must overcome: that is ignorance and prejudice. They are hard characters, for I have known them both. They are responsible for the crucifixion of Christ, the mobbing of Garrison, the hanging of John Brown. You remember the story of Joshua marching around the walls of Jericho, relying on God, and trustingly marching around seven times. So we will march around the walls until the walls of the whisky traffic in Pennsylvania crumble before a shower of freemen's ballots.

There are those who prate of personal liberty. Ah! my fellow citizens, is personal liberty to be found in a saloon? Is that the influence which makes a man free? There are more prisons than those constructed of brick and mortar and iron bars, and self-debasement is the worst one. It is a pity that we are not as united against the liquor men as they are against us.

Lately, in Boston, when 72 preachers were asked as to their standing on the question, only 35 were in favor of prohibition. I tell you, I trembled when I read that, for the Church should be the first to espouse this cause.

PREACHERS LIKE JONAH.

The trouble is that they are a little too much like Jonah, who thought he could fool the Lord. But in the end a nice little balance was found in favor of the Lord, and then Jonah decided to go to Nineveh and preach. So it appears some of these must first see their balance ere they will answer the call of the Lord. In Chicago, about a year ago, I saw a poorly clad, shivering little girl leading a drunken father by the hand. Preach to me of the wickedness of the heathen, and of all his evil, but pray tell in what heathen country need I see a sight like this? In what heathen country is there such an abominable traffic as this? What use is there of sending so many missionaries out when right before our eyes such sights appear? Where legalized debauchery shows itself like this?

Liquor lets no one alone. Does it let alone the mother who sees her drunken son come reeling home at midnight? Does it let alone the wrecked and ruined man's family, brought on by drink? Has manhood left the nation, that we dare not face this evil, and have we become a race of moral cowards?

Will we let this thing go on, or shall we buckle on our armor and go forth bravely, and on the 18th of June show a freemen's will with that freemen's ballot, and put this destroying business away beyond the hope of resurrection?

A collection was taken up next, and this concluded the exercises.

THREE TIMES BURIED.

Dreams Cause a Young Man's Body to be Taken From His Grave by His Sweetheart's Mother—A Singular Case.

A peculiar case has been investigated by a reporter, in which a young man died, was buried, and a week later the remains were exhumed by his sweetheart and her mother. To-day the young man's mother will have the remains dug up again to satisfy herself that all is as it should be. The facts of the case are as follows:

George Wallaker, aged 23 years, died on March 6, and was buried on the 8th in Allegheny Cemetery from the home of his mother, No. 344 Wylie avenue. The deceased was for two years, and at the time of his death, advance advertising agent for P. T. Barnum's circus. He had for some years been paying attention to Miss Emma Cientner, who lives with her parents at No. 114 Elm street, and a year before his death they became engaged to be married. When he died of pneumonia on the 6th of March, the young girl was of course deeply affected. Mrs. Cientner being of a rather superstitious turn of mind became convinced from dreams and other influences, a few days after the interment, that the young man had been buried alive.

She went to Mrs. Wallaker about the matter and tried to persuade her that her son had been buried alive, but, as the body had been embalmed and showed no signs of life before its interment, Mrs. Wallaker would not listen to Mrs. Cientener's arguments. The latter, however, persisted in her entreaties to have the remains exhumed, day by day furnishing new reasons, founded on dreams and other manifestations of occult science.

Finally Mrs. Wallaker yielded, and gave Mrs. Cientner an order upon Undertaker Beinhauer to go out to Allegheny Cemetery and lift the body. Mrs. Cientner and her daughter went out with the undertaker, saw the corpse, and were satisfied then that everything was all right. Mrs. Wallaker now says they did not inform her about the result of her investigation. This action on the part of Mrs. Cientner aroused the suspicion of Mrs. Wallaker, and she has decided to have the remains lifted again to-day to satisfy herself that nothing is wrong.

A CANADIAN'S CONUNDRUM.

A Member of Parliament Asks Perplexing Questions About International Issues.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

OTTAWA, March 29.—In the Senate today Mr. Macdonald, of British Columbia, gave notice that on Wednesday next he would ask of the Dominion Government information on the following points:

Whether the Government of the United States still adheres to its contention that the portion of Behring Sea conveyed by Russia, together with Alaska, is under its exclusive jurisdiction, regardless of international usage? Whether any agreement has been come to between the Imperial Government and the United States Government, on the basis of international usage, under which British vessels could hunt and fish without molestation in the waters of Behring Sea beyond the international three-mile limit? If not, whether the Government will make such representations to the Imperial Government as may be deemed necessary for the more ample protection of vessels and citizens of the Dominion entering Behring Sea for lawful commercial purposes? Whether any correspondence has taken place between the Imperial and Dominion Governments and the Government of the United States on this subject, subsequent to that laid before Parliament last session, which marks any change in the attitude assumed by the respective Governments up to that time on the question of limit of jurisdiction in Behring Sea? Whether the question of compensation to the owners of the Dominion vessels and cargoes seized in Behring Sea in the year 1887 by armed vessels of the United States is receiving due consideration, and when may a settlement be reasonably expected?

Senator McInnis drew attention to the inevitable destruction of the sealing industry which must follow if the United States claim to exclusive jurisdiction in the Behring Sea was sustained, and called upon the Dominion Government to include the fisheries of the Pacific in any future negotiations which may be commenced for the settlement of the fisheries question on the Atlantic coast.

ALL ABOUT A WOMAN.

Discovery of the Cause of the Horrible Tennessee Cremation.

HUNTINGDON, TENN., March 29.—The people in the Hollow Rock neighborhood, where the Flowers family were cremated alive a week ago, suspect a man named John Knowles of the foul deed. It is known that Knowles had been trying to persuade Flowers' wife to elope with him for some time, and on the Monday before the burning he became very desperate in his entreaties, and offered to put Flowers out of the way.

Knowles being a desperate man, and he and Flowers having had a fight on the subject once before, Mrs. Flowers became alarmed, and told her mother of the state of affairs. Then Knowles, it is thought, fearing trouble would occur, and being in a frenzy, put an end to the whole family. Knowles disappeared the day after the burning, and has not been heard from since.

OVER TWO MILLIONS.

The Big Verdict Recovered by Cornelius K. Garrison.

NEW YORK, March 29.—A judgment for $2,194,131 was entered in the Superior Court to-day in favor of Cornelius K. Garrison against Clark Robinson Riggs, on the report of a referee in a suit brought by Riggs against Garrison to recover about $1,000,000 and for an accounting. Riggs had a contract for the construction and equipment of the second and third divisions of the Wheeling and Lake Erie Railroad Company.

Garrison had made large advances for the road and some trouble occurred which resulted in this suit. The referee found that Riggs was chargeable with $6,212,489 and should be credited with about $4,041,093.

DIDN'T WANT TO BE HANGED.

A Negro Who Required Considerable Assistance in the Matter.

DANVILLE, VA., March 29.—Jed Pritchett was hanged at Chatham to-day. He was a stout, strong negro about 30 years old, and when the officers attempted to spring the trap on him he fought like a tiger. Four deputies were called on to assist in the awful deed. The prisoner fell down and lay prostrate on the scaffold, clinging to the framework.

The trap was finally sprung, and by main force the deputies pushed him off the scaffold, after the rope had been tied about his neck. The struggles of the condemned man lasted fully 11 minutes. Under the new statute, the body was shipped to the University of Virginia for dissection.

THE SENATE SOON TO QUIT.

President Harrison Thinks it Can Adjourn Tuesday Next.

WASHINGTON, March 31. — President Harrison is said to have given semi-official notice to Senators to-day that they may adjourn Tuesday next, so far as business from the Executive is concerned.

It is believed that a successor to the late Associate Justice Stanley Matthews will not be nominated before adjournment.

GAIL HAMILTON, *in to-morrow's* DISPATCH, *argues as to the probability of miracles proving that modern scientific discoveries are more marvelous than the miracles of the Bible.*

ECHOLS, MCMURRAY & CO., 123 Sandusky street, report selling 19 pianos and organs in the last two weeks. Intending purchasers will do well to call and examine their stock, as prices are lower than the lowest, and terms easier than the easiest. Remember, they are sole agents for Haines Bros., Ahlstrom, Mason & Hamlin and Schultz & Co. pianos, and Mason & Hamlin, Tabor, Worcester and Keystone organs.

THE PARTING GUEST

Is Royally Feasted by Citizens of Blairsville, Who Like Him.

SUPT. KIRTLAND'S NICE BANQUET

Before He Left the Upper End of the West Penn for Allegheny.

TOASTS AND SOME OF THE SPREECHES

Blairsville is noted for old-time hospitality, for its prominence in the early history of the Western part of the State, for its culture and scenery. The men who laid the foundations made them as solid in character as the everlasting hills surrounding the town. Their impress still bears fruit. A large number of the worthy citizens of the town and a number from abroad assembled at the Central Hotel in Blairsville last night to give a banquet in honor of A. P. Kirtland, Superintendent of the West Penn Division of the Pennsylvania Railroad, whose office is to be moved to Allegheny City on April 1. The large dining hall had a cheerful look, and the menu was quite tempting. Major T. D. Cunningham, of the First National Bank of the town, presided with dignity and good cheer. The Major is prominent on account of his capability, public spirit and benevolence of character, and stands very high in this community. His father was the first settler in Blairsville, and possessed such marked worth of character that his name stands prominent in history. During the beginning of the war, when the Major and another son enlisted, their father, Judge Cunningham, said: "You are doing right to go. It is the duty of all who can to go."

The following toasts were responded to in their order:

TOASTS OF THE EVENING.

Major T. D. Cunningham, Master of Ceremonies and Toast Master.
The Officials and Office Employes of the West Penn Division, and the First and Last Resident Superintendent....T. D. Marseall
The Absent Officials.....S. R. Rutledge, M. D.
The West Penn Division, P. R. R....Antes Snyder
The Railroad Surgeon..J. P. Klingensmith, M. D.
The Past of the Town.....Robert Smith
Song by the Trio.
The Business Interests of the Town..J. I. Chapman
The Culture of Blairsville.....Rev. T. R. Ewing
The Future of the Town.....Hon. John Hill
Reading, by Prof. G. W. Innes.
Song by the Trio.
The Days Gone By.....R. G. Ford
Our Social Relations.....Rev. M. Woodring
Saints' Rest.....Joseph Moorhead
The Poetry of Life.....Rev. D. V. Mays
Song by the Trio.
Recitation.....C. H. S. W. Stiffey
Our Absent Friends, the Ladies.....T. B. Dobson
Our Town.....A. P. Kirtland

A. P. Kirtland, for whom the banquet was made, graduated at the Polytecnic Institute at Troy, N. Y., in 1871, and after a short experience elsewhere came to the West Penn Division of the Pennsylvania Railroad in 1872 as assistant engineer, and made the drawings for most of the bridges and culverts on this division. He remained in that position until 1881, when he was made Superintendent, which place he has occupied since. His staff are T. H. Dobson, Assistant Engineer; M. M. Wilson, Chief Clerk; W. C. Richey, Trainmaster, and W. R. Smith, Superintendent of Telegraph, all genial gentlemen.

THE LEADING TOAST MAKER.

Mr. Marshall, who responded to the first toast, spoke of the high esteem in which Mr. Kirtland was held in by the people, and also of Antes Snyder, the first resident Superintendent in Blairsville, and for some years past the right of way engineer for the western part of the State for the Pennsylvania Railroad, making his home in Blairsville, in the same line and pronounced them both cultivated and Christian gentleman, affable, benevolent and public spirited, and also spoke of the very pleasant relation between the town and all the officials and employes under them.

Dr. Rutlege spoke in a very pleasant way of Robert Neilson, now in the same position at Williamsport of James McCreighton and E. B. Taylor, now General Superintendent of the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago, all of whom served as superintendents here, and others. Antes Snyder gave a very interesting talk on the West Penn Railway. The balance of the responses were very interesting and enjoyable. Messrs. Innes and Moorhead gave something to laugh at. Mr. Stiffey, a fine elocutionist, afforded much fun. Mr. Dobson, a ready and witty speaker, did his subject full justice. The songs by the trio were most enjoyable. Mr. Kirtland in closing spoke of having lived here some 16 years. He alluded to the magnificent scenery surrounding the town in a most pleasing way. Of the people he said:

They are a whole-souled, appreciative and sociable people, and the years I have spent among you have been most agreeable ones. I think no place in the world produces a class of women superior to those reared in the classic shades of Blairsville. [He then alluded to the great benefit the seminary has been to the town.] Your town's natural advantages in location promises for it a bright future, and with natural gas, manufacturing interests must center here at once. I cannot express to you my full appreciation of this manifestation of good will on your part toward me to-night. To us it must always remain a delightful remembrance. I came among you a stranger, but the friendly ties now binding us will never be severed.

POSTPONED FOR A FEW DAYS.

Action by the Supreme Court Bar on Justice Matthews' Death Deferred.

WASHINGTON, March 29.—At the request of several Senators and others who desire to participate in the proceedings, the proposed meeting of the Bar of the Supreme Court of the United States, to take suitable action incident to the death of the late Justice Matthews, which had been called for to-morrow, has been deferred. The meeting called for to-morrow will probably resolve itself into a preliminary meeting, at which time a suitable committee will be appointed to draft a series of resolutions and fix a day on which the meeting shall be held.

This will probably be on the 6th of April, after the meeting already called for that day to take action upon the death of ex-Justice Campbell, whose death occurred recently, and who resigned his seat on the bench at the breaking out of the War of the Rebellion.

CUBANS AT HOME, *the manner in which they live, their pleasures and their superstitions and how they appear to an American, are brightly described in to-morrow's* DISPATCH *by Beverly Crump.*

You'll Need

A new spring suit for Sunday, and while you're thinking the matter over drop in and see the choice lines we're offering at $10.

We have many other styles, ranging in price from $6 to $18, but our $10 suit is a wonderful specimen of the tailor's art, and we're anxious for you to see how near $20, in actual value, we can give you for $10. P. C. C. C., cor. Grant and Diamond sts., opp. new Court House.

Just for Saturday.

On Saturday we will sell men's $2 50 pants for $1 75 and $3 50 pants for $3; $22 spring overcoats for $18, and $6, $7, $8, $10 and $12 spring overcoats that can't be equaled by any house in the city. Special bargains in suits for man and boy at the Hub, and every boy gets a fine ball and bat. You find nothing but the best at the Hub. Clothing for men and boys at the Boston Clothing House, 439 Smithfield street.

CARPETS and curtains. See our stock; it will please you. GEO. W. SNAMAN, MWSSu 136 Federal st., Allegheny.

DON'T buy a carpet or pair of curtains until you see our stock.
GEO. W. SNAMAN, MWSSu 136 Federal st., Allegheny.

MEN'S balbriggan underwear, medium weight, at James H. Aiken & Co.'s, 100 Fifth ave.

Great Kid Glove Sale.

Soft goods, 48, 68, 75, 89, 98c, $1 25; best for the money. ROSENBAUM & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PRACTICE MAKES PERFECT.

The makers of the Ivory Soap have been engaged in the manufacture of Soaps for over fifty years, and the "Ivory" is the happy result of their long experience, and is unquestionably the soap to be used by all who value the advice (quoted below) of Ellen H. Richards, Instructor in Chemistry, Woman's Laboratory, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, who says, "In the purchase of soap, it is "safest to choose the make of some well known and long established "firm who have a reputation to lose if their product is not good."

A WORD OF WARNING.

There are many white soaps, each represented to be "just as good as the 'Ivory';" they ARE NOT, but like all counterfeits, lack the peculiar and remarkable qualities of the genuine. Ask for "Ivory" Soap and insist upon getting it.

Copyright 1886, by Procter & Gamble.

THE WEATHER.

For Western Pennsylvania, West Virginia and Ohio, light rain or snow, followed in Tennessee and Kentucky by fair; colder, northwesterly winds.

PITTSBURG, March 29, 1889.

The United States Signal Service officer in this city furnishes the following.

Time.	Ther.		Ther.
7:00 A. M.	37	Mean temp.	34
10:00 A. M.	47	Maximum temp.	52
1:00 P. M.	50	Minimum temp.	29
3:00 P. M.	—	Range	23
5:00 P. M.	43	Precipitation	.12
8:00 P. M.	31		

River at 5 P. M., 5.4 feet; a fall of 0.4 feet in 24 hours.

River Telegrams.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAMS TO THE DISPATCH.]

BROWNSVILLE—River 5 feet and stationary. Weather cloudy. Thermometer 47° at 6 P. M.

WARREN — River 2 6-10 feet and falling. Weather cold and snowing.

MORGANTOWN—River 4 feet and stationary. Weather cloudy. Thermometer 51° at 4 P. M.

For additional local news, see second, fifth and tenth pages.

BILL NYE *in to-morrow's* DISPATCH, *addresses an open letter to Postmaster General Wanamaker, in which he orders a suit of clothes and incidentally makes a bid for the New York Postoffice.*

CURED OF SICK HEADACHE.

W. D. Edwards, Palmyra, O., writes: "I have been a great sufferer from Costiveness and Sick Headache, and have tried many medicines, but

Tutt's Pills

is the only one that gave me relief. I find that one pill acts better than three of any other kind, and does not weaken or gripe." Elegantly sugar coated. Dose small. Price, 25 cents.

Sold Everywhere.

OFFICE, 44 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK. TTSSu

STRICTLY

PURE LIQUORS

—FOR—

MEDICINAL PURPOSES

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY

of Pure Wines and Liquors for medicinal purposes, embracing full lines of both Foreign and Domestic, at prices for the age and quality of the goods that is not, and cannot be met, some of which we quote:

Pure eight-year-old export Guckenheimer Whisky, full quarts, $1 00, or $10 per dozen.

Overholt Pure Rye, five years old, full quarts, $1 00, or $10 per dozen.

Finch's Golden Wedding, ten years old, full quarts, $1 25, or $12 per dozen.

Gin, Pure Holland, our own importation, full quarts, $1 25, or $12 per dozen.

Dunville's Old Irish Whisky, quarts, $1 50, or $15 per dozen.

Ramsay's Old Scotch Whisky, distillery at Islay, $1 50 per bottle, full quart.

Wise's Old Irish Whisky, distillery at North Mall, Cork, $1 50 per bottle, full quart.

Kentucky Bourbon, ten years old, full quarts, $1 25.

Cork Distilleries Co. Old Irish Whisky, $1 50 per bottle; $15 00 per dozen.

James Watson & Co.'s Dundee Fine Glenlive Scotch Whisky, $1 50 per bottle: $15 per dozen.

Pure Jamaica Rum, $1 25 per quart.

Old Tom Gin, $1 00 per quart.

Gold Seal Champagne, pints, 75 cents; quarts, $1 50.

All of the different varieties of California Wines you purchase from us are the very best, and only 50 cts. for full quarts, or $5 00 per doz.

Send for complete Price List, mailed free to any address.

All mail orders receive prompt attention. Goods sent via express to any address. No extra charge for boxing.

JOS. FLEMING & SON, Druggists.

412 Market street, Pittsburg, Pa.,

Corner of the Diamond.

mh23-TTSSu

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR LOCK ON MUSKINGUM RIVER—U. S. Engineer Office, Zanesville, O., February 13, 1889. Sealed proposals, in duplicate, for furnishing material and constructing a new masonry lock in the Muskingum River at Taylorville, Ohio, 10 miles below Zanesville, will be received at this office until 1 P. M., Central time, on Thursday, the 4th day of April, 1889. All information furnished on application to Lieut. Lansing H. Beach, Corps of Engineers, Zanesville, Ohio. The attention of bidders is invited to the Acts of Congress approved February 20, 1886, and February 23, 1887. WILLIAM E. MERRILL, Lieut. Col. of Engineers. mh3-101-4,5,6,7,29,30

OFFICIAL—PITTSBURG.

PITTSBURG, PA., March 29, 1889.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE report of Viewers on the opening of South Twenty-eighth street, from East Carson street to Mary street, has been approved by Councils, which action will be final, unless an appeal is filed in the Court of Common Pleas within ten (10) days from date.

E. M. BIGELOW, Chief of Department of Public Works.

mh30-5-D

OFFICE OF CITY CONTROLLER, PITTSBURG, March 18, 1889.

PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT this office until 3 P. M., March 30 next, for printing 100 copies of controller's annual report, to be completed in three weeks' time, and bond furnished in sum of $200. Specifications furnished on application and right reserved to reject any bids.

E. S. MORROW, City Controller.

mh20-74-D

STATIONERY — SEALED PROPOSALS will be received up until Wednesday, April 3, 1889, at 2 o'clock P. M., for furnishing stationery for the use of the several departments of the city government for the year beginning May 1, 1889.

Bonds in the penal sum of one thousand dollars must accompany each bid.

The right reserved to accept or reject any or all bids.

Blanks and information furnished on application at the Controller's office.

E. S. MORROW