DECLARED OFF.

An Agent of the English Brewery Syndicate

SAYS IT WILL NOT PAN OUT.

New Yorkers and J. J. O'Reilly Hold a Secret Conference.

THE PITTSBURG AGENT DENIES IT.

Brewer Eberhardt Emphatically States he Will Not Sell.

SOME VERY MYSTERIOUS MOVEMENTS.

Pierre and James Naser, the two New York agents of the much talked of English brewery syndicate, were in the city yesterday, and in the afternoon held a conference at the Duquesne with J. J. O'Reilly, who is handling the Pittsburg end of the deal, and Eberhardt & Ober, the Allegheny brewers. The utmost secrecy was maintained in regard to the conference, none of the parties registering. The conference ended before 6 P. M. and early in the evening Mr. James Naser was seen by a DISPATCH reporter incognito, and asked what had been done in regard to the brewery trust.

He said: "It has all fallen through. We couldn't come to terms."

He was asked for the reasons, but wouldn't talk further, but reiterated his former statement, and said J. J. O'Reilly would tell all about it if he was seen.

Later the reporter made himself known and finding Pierre Naser and two others taking a drink of coffee at a small table in the library, he asked Pierre about the statement made by Naser. He seemed somewhat disconcerted by the question, and when Naser attempted to talk stopped him.

PIERRE REFUSED TO TALK.

He said at first that if Naser said so, he must know what he is talking about. Taking another tack he said there was no change in the state of the deal. At last he denied that he had anything to do with it at all, and said it was his brother who was connected with the syndicate.

At last Pierre urged the reporter not to say anything at all about the whole matter, saying it would only be wrong. When asked whether Mr. Naser's statement was correct or not he refused to answer.

Mr. O'Reilly denied later that the deal was at an end. He said that Naser was considerably off, and had no cause for the statement. He said the statues of the deal was unchanged, and that the options taken had passed through the hands of the New York agents and was now

BEFORE THE SYNDICATE

in London, who were expected to send over their experts about September 25, when the whole thing would be made public. He said that Eberhardt & Ober met the others yesterday, but he did not know what they did.

In relation to the meeting said to have been held yesterday between local brewers and representatives of the English syndicate, William Eberhardt said last night: "Yes, there was some such meeting, I understand, but I have had no part or parcel in it. I am not anxious to sell out any interests I have, nor shall I offer my share in the brewery for sale. There is no truth in the so much talked of purchase of the Allegheny county breweries by either English or any other capitalists, and I have no idea that such a contingency will arise. We have capital enough to run our own business, and don't propose to run it on shares with any English or other combination."

BETHANY COLLEGE.

Meeting of Trustees and Annual Dinner Held in This City.

The trustees of Bethany College, West Virginia, met at the Y. M. C. A. rooms shortly after noon yesterday. Only routine business was transacted, preparatory to the opening of the fall term on September 30.

After the meeting the party took dinner, with a few friends, at the Seventh Avenue Hotel. The party included W. K. Pendleton, LL. D., President of Bethany College, his wife and daughter; Miss A. C. Pendleton; Archie W. Campbell, editor of the Wheeling *Intelligencer;* John C. Palmer and Alexander Campbell, Jr., of Bethany, W. Va.; Charles Turner, Wellsburg, W. Va.; M. M. Cochran, Uniontown, Pa.; Rev. Mr. Purvis, New Cumberland, W. Va.; Oliver S. Marshall, Fairview, W. Va.; H. K. Pendleton, W. C. Lyne, Charles D. Latimore, Mr. Shields, Mr. and Mrs. George H. Anderson and Dr. Roger Williams, all of this city. The West Virginia visitors left at 4 P. M. for their homes.

MAHARNEKE IN JAIL.

The Ex-Hospital Steward Charged With Embezzlement.

Chief of Police Kirschler, of Allegheny, yesterday received a telegram from the chief of the Cleveland police asking him to arrest Dr. Maharneke, the "Little Dutch Doctor," who figured in the late penitentiary investigation. In the telegram it was stated that the doctor was wanted on a charge of embezzlement, and officers would be sent after him to take him to Cleveland.

Upon going to the doctor's house on Carroll street, Mrs. Maharneke informed the officers that her husband was not at home, having left for Buffalo. The officers were satisfied he was in the house, and after making a careful search they found him secreted in the garret. He was taken to the Mayor's office and locked up. He says he had been working for a picture frame factory in Cleveland, and they owed him a month's salary. What he took was a standoff to that. The amount of money involved is only $100.

ANOTHER SHOOTING CASE.

Ella Lewis, a Colored Woman, Attempts to Shoot Her Husband.

At 7 o'clock last evening Apela Lewis, of Myrtleland street, East Liberty, rushed into the Nineteenth ward station house and swore out a warrant for his wife's arrest. He said she had been out visiting during the afternoon. When she returned she was worse for liquor. A quarrel arose between them about the Smith tragedy, and when they were in the midst of it Mrs. Ella Lewis drew a revolver and shot twice without inflicting serious injury.

She was arrested and placed in jail to await a hearing before Alderman Hyndman.

THE M'KEESPORT SPEAK-EASIES.

A Hearing Before Alderman Gripp in the County Prosecutions.

The hearing in the case of R. S. P. McCall against a number of proprietors of McKeesport speak-easies, was held before Magistrate Gripp yesterday afternoon. Conrad Hausman and W. T. Hunter were both held for trial at court in the sum of $500 each. A. Delacour was discharged, there being no evidence against him. The other cases were continued until next week.

The Transfer Made.

The stock of the Ninth street bridge was transferred to the Pleasant Valley syndicate yesterday. They will begin to build a bridge at once costing $100,000. The price was $300,000 for the $150,000 stock.

WANT MORE LICENSES.

The Brewers' Association Meet—They Claim Too Close Restriction Causes Illegal Liquor Selling.

A meeting of the representatives of the various breweries in Allegheny county was held yesterday afternoon in the regular assembly room on Fourth avenue. There were 12 representatives present of the 15 breweries of the county, and they passed a resolution which will be presented to the Court to-day, stating that the understanding of the Brooks law, as far as they knew it, was that any good citizen who applied for a license should be granted one. The illegal selling which is said to be so prevalent was condemned, although the reduction from 2,700 licenses to about 300 in the county, was regarded as an encouragement rather than a stoppage of the illegal business.

A comparison of the sales showed that the Pittsburg breweries suffered from the results of the Brooks law as enforced, for the reason that the home breweries refused to sell to places which were running contrary to law, and the outside firms made capital out of the position without paying a cent license. They made arrangements from Youngstown and other bordering Ohio towns, and put in their beer in competition with the handicapped Pittsburg beverage.

One firm alone, Eberhardt, Ober & Co., found a decrease in trade of 9,000 barrels last year on this ground, and others showed an equal decrease in business, in some respects, and a falling away generally in home trade, caused by the decrease in the number of licenses.

A committee was appointed to wait on Judge White to-day or to-morrow, consisting of William Eberhardt, Harry Dannels and Edward Frauenheim, to place before him the facts in the case. The general idea of the petition to be presented is the showing of the necessity of more licenses as a means to prevent the speak-easy business, which is so much complained of, and at present so prevalent. Among other reasons to be given for the granting of more licenses is the admission of Judge White, made in open court, that he considered the business was cut too short.

The argument was advanced that people who wished to live in accordance with the law were compelled to sell without license in deference to public opinion in places where one, two and frequently three wards were left without a single saloon. This is where the brewers say that the illegal selling is blamable upon the courts. From this point the rough class who see a chance to make money starts out, caring as little for license as for law, and puts the speak-easy into operation.

With these and other arguments of equal strength the brewers will present their case to the courts this week, asking on behalf of the retail dealers for an increase in the number of licenses. There is not one member of the association, however, who expects any change in the number before next May. At that time, however, they look for a large accession to the number of licensed saloons and a great decrease in the speak-easy interests.

The petition will be presented this afternoon or to-morrow to the court, and will bear the signature of every prominent brewer in Allegheny county.

DRENNING IMMOVABLE.

He is Determined to Marry Miss McCullough, in Spite of Opposition — His Mother Falls in a Dead Faint.

Thomas S. Drenning, white, and Ella McCullough, colored, who were to have been married, were still confined in the Nineteenth ward station last night. In the evening Drenning's mother, who has been away in the country, returned when she heard of her son's conduct, and visited him in his cell at the lockup. The mother plead long and earnestly with him, begging him to overcome his strange infatuation. Her son persistently refused to heed his mother's advice, and emphatically informed her that he would marry Miss McCollough. Mrs. Drenning became so worked up over his persistent refusal to listen to her that she fell in a dead faint, and it was some time before she could be brought to her proper senses.

This fact did not cause young Drenning to swerve from his position, and the mother was led from the station with tears streaming down her cheeks.

Drenning and Miss McCollough will have a hearing before Magistrate Hyndman this morning on a charge of undue intimacy. It is thought that nothing can be done in the case, as Drenning insists on marrying the girl and has the marriage license; this, it is said, will have the effect of quashing any such charge against them as is now pending.

HITHER AND THITHER.

Movements of Pittsburgers and Others of Wide Acquaintance.

—Thomas Keating, of New York, brother of A. F. Keating, the iron manufacturer, of this city, who has been here for several days, left last night for home. Mr. Keating is in the time lock business in New York, measures about 45 inches around the girth, and, to use a common expression, would make four of his Pittsburg brother.

—W. J. Rainey and son, of Cleveland, coke manufacturers, arrived at the Anderson last night on a late train. Mr. Rainey declined to say a word about the combination of lesser operators in the coke field, pleading the weariness of travel. It is known, however, that the Frick combination has an option on his ovens.

—P. Bruper, Train Master, and his brother, G. N. Bruner, Chief Train Dispatcher of the Cleveland and Pittsburg Railroad, have resigned their positions. The former has gone to the Cleveland, Lorain and Wheeling road. Louis Ollinger, the well-known conductor, has been appointed train master.

—Charles Gangloff, son of Dr. Charles Gangloff, of West Main street, leaves for Cleveland this morning, where he goes to attend the medical college. Last evening the doctor presented his son with a handsome gold watch as a memento.

—C. L. Work, who represents the asphaltum block business, of Philadelphia, is at the Anderson, having come here to look after Pittsburg contracts and to converse, in a friendly spirit, with the Mayor of Allegheny.

—A. S. Wall, of Arch street, Allegheny, returned home yesterday from Bridgeville. During his vacation Mr. Wall has been busy with the brush, and he had in his knapsack many pretty sketches of his trip.

—H. M. Curry, Vice Chairman of Carnegie, Phipps & Co., left last evening for New York. He stated that Andrew Carnegie was now at Bar Harbor and would not be in this city for several weeks.

—The following families have returned to their homes from Valley Camp: Messrs. James Cameron, W. F. Williams, T. B. Stewart, W. Price, George Seebick, John Patterson and Francis Tinker.

—Miss Henrietta Martin, for a number of years assistant principal in the O'Hara school, has resigned. She declined with thanks to accept a lower position.

—A. Bryon Wall, the artist, sailed from Liverpool on the 3d instant. Mr. Wall has paid a visit to all the great art galleries on the continent of Europe.

—Rev. Dr. Nesbit, of Peoria, Ill., formerly of this city, who has been spending the summer in this vicinity, left last evening for home.

—R. D. and N. H. Campbell, with L. L. Sadler, have packed up their grips and gone to Canada to do some fishing and hunting.

—Dr. Markley Cameron, of Forty-third street, has returned home after an absence of three weeks on the Atlantic beach.

—Mr. J. Cooper, of the Union Line supply department, and wife, left yesterday for a trip to Chicago.

—Francis Murphy returned from Indianapolis yesterday to spend a short vacation with his son.

—Samuel I. Aleer, employed at the Union Planing Mill, was stricken with paralysis yesterday.

—Mr. J. Wilson, Jr., wife and son, of Wapakoneta, O., are at the Hotel Duquesne.

—A. C. Magnus, one of Chicago's iron manufacturers, is at the Hotel Duquesne.

—John K. Ewing, Jr., of Uniontown, is at the Duquesne.

TO BOYCOTT CHINESE.

A Labor Movement to Drive the Laundrymen From This City.

IT MAY SWEEP OVER THE COUNTRY.

Six New Flint Glass Houses Put Into Operation This Fire.

OTHER INTERESTING LABOR ITEMS

It was rumored around labor headquarters yesterday that a movement was on foot to boycott Chinese laundries throughout the two cities. The movement probably had its inception from the action of the members of the Cigarmakers' International Union No. 107, at Erie, who passed a resolution several weeks age imposing a fine of $5 upon any member of the union who patronized the Chinamen. The other unions are taking the matter up, and they threaten to exterminate the Chinese in that city. Already the influence of the boycott is being felt, and several of the Mongolians have removed from the town.

In Pittsburg alone there are 68 Chinese laundries, which give employment to 684 men. Their business is constantly increasing, and a great portion of it comes from wage-workers who are members of labor organizations. By passing union laws against the laundries it is expected that they will be driven out of the business, and the latter taken up by Americans.

CIGARMAKERS TAKE NO ACTION.

A meeting of the Pittsburg cigarmakers was held last night in Labor Hall. It was expected that they would take some action in the matter and carry out the idea of their Erie brethren, but after the meeting they stated they had done nothing about it. Corresponding Secretary George H. Konig, of the assembly, said:

"I think the action of the Erie cigarmakers is commendable, and something of the same kind should be done in this city. So far we have not taken any action against the Chinamen. It only requires someone to make the first move, when all the other unions will follow them in the suppression of the Chinese shops. Everyone knows that they are of no benefit to the community, and to patronize them is against the spirit of the laws of unionism. I cannot say when we will take the matter up."

Master Workman Ross, of D. A. No. 3, said: "I heard some talk about boycotting the Chinese, but have not heard how it was to be done. Any Local Assembly can take the matter up, and present it to the District. In order to get it before all the trades unions it would probably first be given to the Trades Council for indorsement. Then the unions could do as they choose with it.

A NOVEL QUESTION.

"The question is a novel one, and has never come up before. I see that the Trades Council of St. Louis inaugurated a war against the shops some weeks ago, and it is being prosecuted with vigor. Some of the Chinamen lost so much trade that they had to leave the town for other places. This city is being overrun with the Chinamen, and beyond patronizing the market they do not benefit the town by their presence. None of them become citizens, and it is well known that they hoard their money to spend it at home. With $3,000 or $4,000 they can return to China and live in plenty. While they are here they spread their views among the depraved youth who come into contact with them. Their laundries, too, are not a benefit in any way. They charge the highest price for doing work and do not spare people when they are in a hurry."

It was impossible last evening to find who was behind the boycott movement here, but it is probable that the Trades Council may take some action in the matter.

SCARCITY OF LABOR.

The Building of New Glass Houses Will Deplete the Market—Five or Six Started This Fire—Where They Are.

A representative of the new flint glass house at Findlay, O., was in the city several days ago engaging men to go to work in the factory at that place. The officials of the American Flint Glass Workers' Association promised to have all the men he needed by the time the factory was ready to start up.

Five or six new houses will be in operation this fire, and when they are all under way there will be a scarcity of flint workers in the labor market.

Secretary Dillon stated yesterday that they could supply men for the new factories, but after this has been done there will be no available workers in the market until some more young men have been educated in the business.

The new factory at Findlay will be under the management of "Goff" Keefer, formerly of the Southside, and it is expected they will be ready to start this fall. They will run a 12-pot furnace and give employment to about 180 men. They will make chimneys and iron mold ware exclusively.

The latest scheme in the trade is a new prescription house at Tarentum. They will have 14 pots and will give employment to about 210 men. Charles Byers, late manager at Flaccus & Co.'s Works, will be the manager of the new plant.

The new prescription house at California, Pa., is almost ready and will start up September 25. John Auth, formerly manager at Wightman's house, on the Southside, will be in charge of the new works. They will give employment to about 120 hands. A local union of the Association has been organized at the factory and it will be known as No. 101.

The new tableware house at Greensburg will be ready to start in November. This is the old plant of the Brilliant Glass Company, at Brilliant, O. They will move all their employes to Greensburg. The Specialty Glass Company, at East Liverpool, is also moving their plant to East Jeannette. The company that has been operating Storm's old factory at Philadelphia are also building in Jeannette.

Bryce Brothers, of the Southside, will start up another furnace next week.

THE SECRET BOYCOTT,

Another Meeting of the Committee—What They Reported.

Another meeting of the committee having in charge the Marvin secret boycott was held last night. Reports were read from different committees representing trades unions showing the progress of the work. One committee reported that they learned that the factory was only running three days per week. This was caused by poor business lost by the grocers withdrawing their patronage. In one ward alone in Allegheny the committee reported over 20 customers had been taken from the firm. The work against the firm is being conducted by every labor organization in the city. It was reported, that Mr. Marvin stated he would make his works union if the K. of L. organized the Cleveland bakers.

PITTSBURGERS AHEAD.

They Take a Contract Out of the Hands of Other People.

R. W. Alleson, of the Empire Fire Proofing Company, of this city, left last evening for Louisville, Ky., where his company has secured two large contracts, which they took out of the hands of parties in the same business from all over the country. They have secured the contract to fire proof the Louisville Club house and one of the largest breweries in that city.

Boycotting a Firm.

L. A. 7190, composed of K. of L. warehousemen, have inaugurated a strike against Dilworth Bros., on account of the latter refusing to sign their scale. This is the second firm to be placed under the ban of the boycott.

THAT LOUISVILLE BRIDGE.

Heavy Coal Operators Discuss the Pending Negotiations.

A meeting of the representatives of the largest coal concerns on the Monongahela river met yesterday in the office of the Pittsburgh and Southern Coal Company. The object of the meeting was to consider the action of the Louisville Bridge Company and discuss the matter of selling out to the Eastern syndicate. An informal talk was held about the latter, but nothing was done. The negotiations, it was stated, are still going on, but a number of operators are afraid the deal will not be closed. Walton & Co. have not yet reorganized their company, pending the negotiations with the syndicate.

ADVERTISING FOR MEN.

Master Horse Shoers Will Make an Effort to Break the Strike.

The master horse shoers of this city are determined not to grant the demands of their men, and are now about to make an attempt to break the strike. They have had inserted in another column an advertisement for 75 horse shoers, stating they will pay them from $16 50 to $20 per week. They met last night, and again refused the advance in pay and reduction of Saturday hours. The reports showed all the master shoers standing firm.

SHOT WHILE ASLEEP.

William A. Smith Murders His Wife in a Cold-Blooded Manner—He Makes a Feint at Suicide.

About 1:30 yesterday morning William A. Smith killed his wife by shooting her through the head at their residence, 124 Fulton street. The shot was fired while Mrs. Smith was sleeping and the burns of the powder on the left temple showed that the murder was a most deliberate one. Smith then fired three shots apparently very carefully at himself, all being flesh wounds and none of them promising very fatal results. He notified his neighbor, Robert Bagaley, an officer of the police force, about 7 A. M. yesterday, that he wanted a policeman, and while Bagaley went out in search of an officer on duty, Mrs. Bagaley went into the room of the Smiths and found the woman dead and Smith very faint from loss of blood.

He was removed to Mercy Hospital, and his wounds pronounced not dangerous, the one in the head making only a slight scalp wound, and the two on his left side only showing how carefully he avoided any vital bull's-eye in his self-chosen target.

Not so was it with his unfortunate wife, whose experience matrimonially disproves the proverb that second thoughts are best, as Smith was her second husband, she having married a man named Turner eight years ago, who was accidentally drowned. She had been married to Smith only about 15 months, and had been persecuted by him through jealousy ever since she formed the alliance. She left him about seven months ago and went home to her mother's to live, but was reconciled through his persuasion, and returned to his bed and board only to meet her death.

Dr. J. Guy McCandless yesterday afternoon made a post mortem examination of the woman at the morgue. The ball which struck her on the left temple, split on the bone and was found in two pieces lodged in the skull. At midnight Smith was reported from the Mercy Hospital as doing as well as could be expected, and better than he deserved. The inquest will be held at 11 A. M. to-day on the remains of his victim.

A MYSTERIOUS FIRE

Damages Captain McCloskey's Stock of Yarn and Silk Goods.

A fire broke out in the third story of Captain J. S. McCloskey's store, on Penn avenue, yesterday morning. The house was damaged to the extent of $600, and McCloskey will lose $1,500 on his damaged goods.

The origin of the fire is a mystery. When McCloskey tried to pull the box opposite his place he found the keyhole stuffed with dirt, and had to use a stone. The waiting room of the Citizens' Traction line adjoining the building was slightly damaged. The firemen did great work.

READY BY CHRISTMAS.

Work to be Commenced on the New Thirty-Sixth Ward Station House.

Tha lockup in the Thirtieth ward will be used until the new station house in the Thirty-sixth is completed. Kerr Bros. will begin to remove the old building on Monday and the new one will be ready by Christmas.

It will be two stories high and supplied with bathrooms and a gymnasium.

LOCAL ITEMS, LIMITED.

Incidents of a Day in Two Cities Condensed for Ready Reading.

THOMAS SULLIVAN, the riverman who, on August 19 attempted to stab himself at the office of the Marine Hospital Service, has recovered from his wound. It was just below the heart and was considered very dangerous. As Sullivan is suffering from other ills, he will for some time be confined in Mercy Hospital.

J. W. CALLAHAN, a resident of Upper St. Clair township, brought suit before Alderman Gripp yesterday against William H. Alender, charging him with aggravated assault and battery. The complainant alleges that the defendant struck him with a stone, knocking him down and seriously injuring him.

THE steamers Elizabeth and Hudson will be on duty at the Teemer-Gaudaur rowing race next Friday afternoon. The Hudson will carry general excursionists, while the Elizabeth has been engaged by Mr. Teemer and will carry the referee and the representatives of the press.

THE men arrested in the Parker joint on Grant street by Detective Fitzgerald, were fined $5 and costs each, yesterday morning, and Tom Byerley, the proprietor, was held for a hearing on a charge of running a gambling house.

ROBERT B. JEFFRIES, of No. 4006 Butler street, holds only a Government cigar manufacturing license. By an error in THE DISPATCH yesterday he was placed among those who took out liquor licenses.

A BRAKEMAN named Klingensmith, while coupling cars at Thirty-sixth street, had his arm caught between the bumpers and badly crushed. It is feared it will be necessary to amputate it.

GUY GRIFFITH and John Carey had a little scrap. Griffith, it is claimed, punctured Carey under the ear with a brick. He is now in jail, charged with aggravated assault and battery.

THE city employes will shortly be comforted with their monthly pay. The fire bureau and markets will be paid off to-day; the police to-morrow and streets and sewers on Monday.

INSPECTOR MCALEESE made an information yesterday against Carrie Winfield, colored, for keeping a bawdy house on Ross street which will be closed up.

SEAPOLE SEAMINE is charged with the larceny of a suit of clothes belonging to Jacob Heck. Seamine was sent to jail in default of bail.

'SQUIRE SAMUEL FIELDS, of McKeesport, was sued yesterday for forcibly ejecting W. A. Challener, Esq., from his office.

IN cleaning the upper Allegheny basin yesterday Abe Faust caught a fish weighing 3 pounds and 14 ounces.

THE Woman's Club met on Tuesday, and passed resolutions of respect on the death of Miss Bessie Wade.

RESTAURANTS report a decreasing business. Our wives have returned home to do the cooking.

JAMES GREEN was sent up for 30 days for kicking Officer Maxwell's dog into the gutter.

JOHN WARD, an old Panhandle conductor, died at Mansfield yesterday of consumption.

PETER KRAFFK accuses his wife and Debold Monegold of forging a money order for $18.

SEPTEMBER evening pastimes—counting the cost of your recent trip.

FALL roses now.

CANNING time.

"EXPO."

WHY THEY ARE BLACK

Rev. Cæsar A. Taylor Delivers a Lecture on the Colored Race.

PROOF BIBLICAL AND SCIENTIFIC,

Showing That the Caucasian is a Brother to the African.

A NEW THEORY ON FLAT NOSES

Rev. C. A. Taylor, Secretary to the Colored Republican Organization, of New York, lectured last night at the Avery Mission Church, Allegheny. The subject of the discourse was, "The Negro Race; Why it Differs from its Kindred Races in Color and Outward Appearance."

Rev. G. V. Holliday took the chair, and briefly introduced the lecturer to his audience. Mr. Taylor said that he would speak on his subject under two heads: First as to the negro race being of common parentage with the whites, and, secondly, as to the scientific causes why the negroes gradually changed from their original color to their present hue.

The Caucasian races were in the habit of villifying, and often, of persecuting, the negro, justifying such actions on the ground that the two peoples are not of common origin. That this was a fallacy, holy writ would prove to all believers. To the sceptical another form of argument must be used, namely, the scientific. As to the Bible proofs of the descent of black and white from the same parents, they were numerous. The whole story of Noah, with his cursing of the unhappy Canaan, and the wonderful support which the whole legend receives from the ancient historians, in regard to dates, etc., left very little doubt as to its authenticity.

ANCIENT MIGHTY ETHIOPIANS.

The reverend lecturer then proceeded to describe the gradual migration of the children of Canaan into Africa. He enlarged upon the fact that so many of the mighty men of old, with whose name and fame the world is familiar, were of the cursed race of Canaan. Nimrod was Canaan's son. The proud dynasty of the Pharoahs, under the shadow of whose power the Shemitics were forced to cower, were likewise sprung from Canaan. Egypt under Canaanite rule was a country where the arts and sciences were cultivated in all their perfection. Why should not the Afro-American of to-day make his race famous in the same glorious paths trodden by his forefathers?

Having quoted extensively from the Bible in support of the Canaan theory, Mr. Taylor passed on to the scientific division of his lecture. He said: "To the skeptic there are other proofs of our common origin with the white man. We know that man's growth, complexion and health depend largely on the locality in which he lives, and the peculiar kind of food which that locality produces. It is my theory that the sun, and the heat that it gives forth, are the true causes of the Canaanite's change from white to black. Cast your eye over the three great continents of the Old World. In Europe the climate is temperate, but grows hotter toward the south. Consequently we find that in the north of Europe the people are light-complexioned, while in the south they are of swarthy skin. In Asia it is the same. The southern portion, through which the equator passes, produces the Hindoo races, all of whom are blacks. Africa, which lies in the hottest part of the globe, also produces black men. Had the sons of Canaan settled in Europe, and the children of Japhet in Africa, we negroes might have been Southern slaveholders, and the domineering Caucasians our slaves."

COLOR IN THE CUTICLE.

Mr. Taylor then pointed out that every man was possessed of three skins. The first skin, or cuticle, and the third skin, or cutis vera, were colorless. It was the middle skin which gave the coloring matter. This second skin was dinted with little cells, and in these cells was stored a limpid fluid. Under the cuticle of a white man this secreted fluid was mixed with a colorless liquid, and produced a red tinge. In the Mongolian this mixing fluid was partially dried up, and a brownish color was produced. In the negro it was dried up altogether by the tremendous power of the sun and turned into black. If blood were left in a saucer till the moisture had evaporated out of it, it would become black. It was just the same with the coloring matter of man. The sun had turned the sons of Canaan from white men to negroes. As to the hair of the African, its crispness was due to the same cause—heat. If a Caucasian put his hair close to a fire it also would shrivel up and grow crisp.

The flat noses with which negroes were usually depicted would soon be things of the past. "Their cause," said Mr. Taylor, "is to be sought in recent times. Our fathers and grandfathers, when enduring the horrors of slavery, were compelled to carry heavy burdens on their heads. The weight pressed on the frontal bone, which in turn pressed down the delicate construction of the nose, spreading that feature out over the face. In the native African races the flat nose is uncommon, except among nations who have become slaves of their more powerful neighbors."

The lecturer then announced the subject of his discourse concluded, remarking that it was not by the color and form that man was to be judged. It was the soul within which was the true index of his character. The negro race was waxing stronger every day, thriving under the very branches of the upas trees of prejudice and persecution. Some day men would be called upon to recognize new Pharaohs, and the world of the future would be proud to grasp the negro's hand.

A vote of thanks to the lecturer was proposed by Rev. G. V. Holliday and passed unanimously. The meeting then separated.

POLITICIANS IN TOWN.

A Flying Visit, Including a Good Supper, Make a Pleasant Stop.

State Senator G. W. Delamater and Chairman William H. Andrews, of the Republican State Executive Committee, came into the city early yesterday forenoon. They spent the greater part of the day in room 123 at the Seventh Avenue Hotel, where they received visits from Collector Warmcastle, Walter Lyon, James S. McKean, Arthur P. Kennedy and other local politicians and officials. The gentlemen enjoyed an early supper at the residence of N. P. Reed, in the East End, and departed, on the fast line, for Harrisburg.

MADE HIS ESCAPE.

A Convict Who Played the Insanity Dodge With Marked Success.

Peter Griffin, who was sentenced for six years to the penitentiary 18 months ago for robbing a store, developed symptoms of insanity, and after serving six months was sent to Dixmont. Yesterday morning he made his escape from the hospital and is still at large. The supposition is that he was playing 'possum on the hospital authorities to make his escape.

Started as a Newsboy.

A boy named John Lape, alias John Molloy, 15 years old, was picked up yesterday by the Allegheny police. He had been adopted from a children's home at Irwin by Patrick Molloy, of Braddock, and said that he had run away from home because his foster father abused him. He was turned over yesterday afternoon to Agent Dean, of the Anti-Cruelty Society, who placed him in the Newsboys' Home, and gave him a financial start as a newsboy.

COME HOME AT ONCE.

The Command Which Michael J. Dougherty Gave His Daughter—He is Prosecuted by Agent M. J. Dean.

Michael J. Dougherty was arraigned last night before Alderman Porter, in Lawrenceville, for cruelty to his 16-year-old daughter, Stella, who has for several months been serving as a domestic in the Fifteenth ward. A few days ago the gentleman for whom Stella is working applied to Agent O'Brien, of the Humane Society, for protection from her father, saying that he was threatening her with harm if she did not pay over to him her earnings. Mr. O'Brien refused, for personal reasons, to take the case, and referred the gentleman to Agent Dean, of the Anti-Cruelty Society, who began a vigorous investigation.

On Wednesday an information was filed before Alderman Porter, of the Fifteenth ward, by Mr. Dean, against Michael J. Dougherty, for cruelty to his daughter, Stella, in depriving her of support. Mr. Dougherty is married to his second wife, and has six children in all. He is at present a time keeper for the Malleable Iron Works, at the corner of Smallman and Thirty-second streets.

Agent Dean says that last Saturday afternoon Dougherty went to the house where Stella is employed as a domestic and demanded her wages. The money was not paid to him and he left with threats.

On Sunday he wrote the following letter to his daughter, sending it by a smaller sister:

PITTSBURG MALLEABLE IRON WORKS, PITTSBURG, PA., September 1, 1889.

MY DEAR DAUGHTER STELLA—I, your father, when you were born, and your mother, that is now dead, and for three long weeks after your birth, kept you alive and struggled this life, through thick and thin, to take care of you the best I could. But when a little bit of poverty struck your loving father you left him in the cold, cold ground like a dog. But it shan't be so. I demand you to give up your position on Tuesday and come home. Do you understand? I say come home, or you comply with my wishes at once, and send with the bearer. I shall not go to see you again only to bring you home, and that I will do if I had to go to —— to do it. As ever,

Your loving father, M. J. D.

Mr. Dougherty was arraigned last evening, at 8 o'clock, before Alderman Porter. He and his wife, who is the stepmother of the girl, were present. Neither party was ready for trial, and it was stated to the Alderman that Miss Stella Dougherty, the prosecutor's witness, was sick abed. The case was continued until next Thursday evening between 7 and 8 o'clock.

STILL ANOTHER VICTIM.

John Morgan Dies in Pittsburg From Johnstown Flood Injuries.

John W. Morgan, whose remains were taken away from Pittsburg to Johnstown in a coffin yesterday, was a victim of the late flood. His experience in the flood was a series of thrilling escapes. He was in the water for 12 hours. While the water was filling his house rapidly, he, with his family, ascended into the upper floor, but it was but a few minutes before they were again within the power of the waters. Just then a house came alongside their home. The roof of the floating house was a little beneath their window, and they thought it best to trust themselves on the roof rather than meet what seemed to be an inevitable death.

After floating about for 12 hours they were rescued just as day began to dawn. Mr. Morgan was brought to Pittsburg, suffering acute pain throughout his system. He was taken to the Homeopathic Hospital, but he only remained there one evening. He was transferred from the hospital to his daughter's home, corner of South and Thirty-eighth streets, Lawrenceville. He suffered intense agony for six weeks, which culminated in a paralytic stroke from which he died.

Mr. Morgan was 62 years of age. A remarkable fact connected with the family of the deceased is, that he had three married daughters, with their husbands, one with five children, another with two and one with one child, beside a son married, yet all of them passed through the raging waters and were saved.

FOR YOUNG THEOLOGS.

A Pretty, New Catholic Institute Out in Lawrenceville.

A beautiful gothic building is in course of erection on Thirty-seventh street which will be used as a residence for the priests in connection with St. Augustine's German Catholic Church. The structure is commodious, and will contain all modern conveniences. The clergy expect to turn a portion of it into an elementary theological seminary, where youths may be trained for entry into higher grade theological colleges.

The Hump Cut Question Revived.

The Board of Viewers held a preliminary meeting yesterday on the grading and paving of Fifth avenue from Penn avenue to Frankstown. This may reopen the old hump cutting question.

Gettysburg.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company have arranged to run a special train from Pittsburg to Gettysburg, to leave the Union station, Pittsburg, at 9 A. M. Tuesday, September 10, arriving at Gettysburg at 6 P. M. same date. This train will be made up of this company's finest Eastlake coaches, running on fast time, stopping at East Liberty, Braddock, Irwins, Greensburg, Latrobe, Johnstown and principal points east of Altoona. Passengers from points west of Pittsburg can use local trains to Pittsburg. From Pittsburg, Virginia and Charleston will connect with special at Pittsburg; from Southwest Penn connect at Greensburg, and points on West Penn division can connect at Bolivar Junction. Rate from Pittsburg $8 95 for the round trip, tickets good to return until September 18.

To the Public.

We, the undersigned, master horseshoers of the city of Pittsburg, Allegheny and vicinity, do positively declare our intention to protect ourselves and the public at large, as the demand of the journeymen horseshoers is on the ground of giving them their demand and then put it on to the owners of horses, which we declare $2 is good, reasonable price for ordinary shoeing, and furthermore, journeymen have $2 75 per day to $3 and $3 50, according to their workmanship, which is the best wages any other mechanic can demand in Allegheny county.

THE MASTER HORSESHOERS.

Ten Thousand.

Though most houses are unprepared with new fall styles, our counters are crowded with the newest, brightest and most fashionable clothing ever seen in this city. All the latest fall styles in both rough and smooth-faced goods we display, and to introduce them we will sell 10,000 men's suits at the two bargain prices of $12 and $15. These suits are cut, trimmed and finished equal to custom make, and at $12 and $15 are the greatest value ever offered. Sale starts at 8 o'clock this morning. Pittsburg Combination Clothing Company.

P. C. C. C., cor. Grant and Diamond sts., opp. the new Court House.

Men's Fancy Percale Shirts.

Closing out what is left of the summer stock at $1 each—gents' department.

JOS. HORNE & CO.'S
Penn Avenue Stores.

Ladies!

Jno. S. Roberts, 414 Wood st., has the largest and most complete stock of wall paper in all grades found in this city. WF

Society Emblems, Rings.

Marks and jewels of every description on hand and made to order by E. P. Roberts & Sons, corner Fifth ave. and Market st. Largest stock in the city. TTFSu

EXHIBITS GROWING.

Art, Music and Flowers Console for the Absence of Machinery.

THE LATTER WILL SOON WHIRR.

A Moist Hot Day Was Not Conducive to a Very Large Attendance.

THE OUTLYING COUNTRY ON THE MOVE

People who attended the Exposition yesterday found it a very pleasant place to spend a few hours, but some were disposed to grumble on account of chloride of lime being placed on the stairway. Noses disagreed, however, and some said the odor was from the tanbark in the floral department. It seemed to be largely a question of nose, as some people said they enjoyed the odor.

The attendance was not large, probably owing to the preference of many to witness machinery exhibits, which still show more of promise than performance. It is probable that exhibitors are doing the best they can, as it isn't likely they would care to pay for space unoccupied. It will be a fine display when launched.

In the meantime most people find solace in the floral and artistic departments. The lights were better in the art gallery last night, and lovers of paintings enjoyed themselves. Those who had little or no art appreciation found enjoyment in the displays made by the mercantile houses, foundries, etc.

GOOD NIGHT FOR CABMEN.

The weather, capricious as a 16-year-old maiden, was a drawback, but it put shekels into the pockets of cab proprietors about 10 o'clock last night.

The railway companies' tickets last night showed that the influx from the country had begun. This should be a sufficient hint for exhibitors to hurry up their cakes, as this is one of the principal things to be desired.

The Great Western Band was resplendent in its new uniform.

The war between the official and non-official programme companies continues with non-abated fervor. Last night the non-official representatives were fired from the steps of the building into the street.

To-day's musical programme of the Great Western band is:

AFTERNOON, PART I, 2 P. M.

1. March—"State Militia Review"....Koppitz
2. Overture—"Perche Mignon".....Langey
3. Selection—"Queen's Lace Handkerchief".....Strauss
4. Gavotte—"Our Little Nestling".....Moses
5. Duet for Piccolos—"Golden Robin" Bousquet

PART II. 4 P. M.

1. Selection—Harrigan and Hart's "Investigation".....Braham
2. Waltz—"Deutsche Gruesse".....Fahrbach
3. Medley—"Southern Plantation"..Conterno
4. Gavotte Irish—"Rose of Erin".....Moses
5. Lancers—"Silver Chimes".....Weigand

SOME CURIOUS EXHIBITS.

Outside of the Art Gallery, the exhibit which attracts the greatest attention by visitors is the Edison phonograph display. It is in charge of Mr. Browning, sent here from Menlo Park. During the past two evenings the crowd has been so great around the stand that the iron rail was almost broken down. A double railing will be put up to-day. The men in charge have a number of cylinders containing band and piano music which are ground out for the edification of the curious.

At the booth of the Brunswick-Balke-Collender Company there is shown an ivory ball, nearly five inches in diameter, which was made from an elephant's tusk weighing 685 poun