THE SIGN FOR SALE

Will Soon Decorate the Front of the Old University Building.

LEGAL AUTHORITY FOUND FOR IT.

An Injunction Sought to Secure Use of a Street Car Crossing.

POSTPONED GRAND JURY FINDINGS

Possible Prosecution of a Youthful Bridegroom for Perjury.

County Commissioner Robert E. Mercer has at last unearthed the long sought legal authority for selling the University buildings. He finds that County Commissioners are empowered to dispose of county property when no longer in use.

The question of disposing of the old University building and Criminal Court building, on Diamond alley, used for the courts during the erection of the new Court House has been determined. When Governor Beaver vetoed the act authorizing the County Commissioners to sell the property, he said that it would be establishing a precedent that would give County Commissioners too much power and be dangerous. He intimated, however, that there was legislation on the subject that would enable the property to be sold.

The County Commissioners thought differently, however, and for a considerable time the matter remained in statu quo. A number of schemes were devised to enable the sale to be made, but all were set aside as impracticable. Recently County Commissioner Mercer, in looking over some old laws, discovered an act still in force giving the County Commissioners the much desired authority. The act authorized County Commissioners, if necessary, to sell and dispose of county property not in use, permission to be first obtained from the Quarter Sessions.

In accordance with the act, County Solicitor Gever was instructed to prepare a petion to present to court for the necessary endorsement. The matter will be presented in a few days, and when the court's authority is received the building will be for sale.

THE NISBETT DIVORCE CASE.

An Effort to Obtain Information Against the Witness' Will—The Disclosures of an Uninteresting Nature.

The hearing in the Nisbett divorce case was continued yesterday before Commissioner Cornelius, Mr. Nisbett being cross-examined by Mr. Bruce. The principal feature of the hearing was an effort of Mr. Bruce to make Mr. Nisbett answer questions directly and the determination of Mr. Nisbett to answer pretty much in the manner he chose, claiming that the attorney was trying to entrap him. The probing was largely directed toward the ascertaining of Mr. Nisbett's financial status. He pleaded guilty to having some store accounts and money due him. He said he had never told his wife that his homestead was worth $15,000.

There was a tedious examination relative to presents of some silver spoons by Dr. Burleigh and a pair of diamond earrings and a diamond pin by Mr. Nisbett to Mrs. Nisbett, at the residence of Mrs. Nisbett's father, at Greentree. So far as could be learned the main point at issue was whether the spoons had been handed the lady by Dr. Burleigh or Mr. Nisbett. This was when she was Miss Wooster. The object of the examination may appear further along.

There was a long discussion relative to a visit by Dr. Wood one Sunday to Miss Wooster's father's residence, but the object of the questioning was not disclosed.

Much time was consumed investigating Mr. Nisbett's transaction in placing $300 in the Diamond National Bank to Mrs. Nisbett's account. In answer to Mr. Bruce's questions Mr. Nisbett stated that after his wife was examined in the Commissioner's office some weeks ago he went to the Diamond Bank and made inquiry for the deposit check, and, as he had expected, found it in his own handwriting. He thought he had gotten his check back from the Diamond Bank, but cannot find either it or his bank book of that date. He said he could not find either book or checks since his wife left. He denied that he said he had a settlement with the bank about six months ago.

Mr. Nisbett stated that the meeting spoken of previously at Miss Finney's house on Webster avenue, Fifth ward, was, he thought, in the latter part of November, 1887, and he thought the engagement between him and Miss Wooster was on the 7th of that month.

It is announced that testimony taking will be concluded at the next meeting.

THE GRAND JURY

Reconvenes and Considers a Large Number of Postponed Cases.

The grand jury yesterday reconvened to take up a number of cases that had been postponed. True bills were returned against Richard Scandrett and William A. Hadfield for corrupt solicitation. They are charged with putting $600 in the hands of C. W. Fisher to be paid to Councilman J. G. Ebbert in case he voted for Thomas A. Parke for chairman of Allegheny Common Council in opposition to Mr. Hunter.

True bills were also returned against Pat Griffin, Pat Moran, Thomas Cunneff, William Dolan, Miles Laughlin and James Crawford, charged with rioting at Duquesne. The bills against William McCance, Andrew Motts, Joseph Wilba, M. Lumber, J. McNally, Owen Salmon, W. Rush, Felix Gallagher, M. Stranger, M. Doddson and Andrew Sherwick for the same thing were ignored.

The other true bills were: Charles Kinzel, attempted assault; Samuel Abernathy, William Hoag, D. R. Strage, John Templemeyer, selling liquor without a license; Samuel Abernathy, selling liquor on Sunday; Charles Brooks, felonious assault; Margie Dunn, aggravated assault and battery; Thomas Farrell, Al Hendrickson, larceny; James W. Taggart, leasing houses for immoral purposes; William and Ruth A. Woodruff, keeping a disorderly house.

The following bills were ignored: Chris Mohrhoff, Albert Lhota, selling liquor without a license; Samuel Abernathy, selling liquor to minors; Freb Bertram, larceny.

OWER YOUNG TO MARRY.

And the Result is a Probable Charge of Perjury.

Some important steps are likely to be taken shortly in the case of the clandestine marriage of Willis B. Cochran to Miss Anna H. Lewis, both of Franklin.

The Rev. J. C. White, who performed the ceremony, called at Register Connor's office and desired to see the record. He said that Miss Lewis' father had spoken very severely to him for performing the ceremony, saying that he should have known that the couple were not of age.

He replied that he did not know such was the case, and was further assured that it was all right by their having a marriage certificate.

The record showed that Mr. Cochran in obtaining the certificate, swore that he was 22 years of age, and Miss Lewis 21 years.

Following on the heels of Mr. White's visit, a communication was received at the Register's office, yesterday, from the clerk of the Orphans' Court at Franklin, asking for a certified copy of the record in the case, which was at once furnished. The parties, it is stated, are not of legal age. Miss Lewis, being but 19 years of age, which would make the groom liable for perjury. It is not known what steps are intended to be taken.

To-Day's Trial Lists.

Common Pleas No. 1—Martin vs Fidler; Brooks & Co. vs Baxter et al; Brooks & Co. vs Flynn et al; Hay vs Isaac; Marshall et al vs Rutledge; Godfrey vs Getty & Co.; Bottles vs Bottles; Penn vs Lindquist; Winbauer vs Winbauer; John vs Sauer; Jan vs Scheiring; Taylor vs Meehan et al; Schlingman vs Geyer et al; Slade et al vs Hahn; DeLong vs McKeesport borough.

Common Pleas No. 2—Duncan vs Evans; Lewis vs Hattigan et al; Callahan vs Miller; Smith vs Burgan; Gordon vs Brown.

Criminal Court—Commonwealth vs William Lott, Henry Rentzell, Dora Costern, Charles Wachter, W. Ceglieski (2), Michael Maloney, Christopher O'Rourke, Joseph N. Shearer, H. Printz, Julius Sheafer, Rose Gallagher, Frank Kill et al, John McQuaide, John Hughes, John Harvey, John Laffy et al (2), Louis Schmuth, Fredericka Uhlig, B. McConnell, Charles F. Gunther, Charles Flack, John Kramer, John Monday et al, Robert Moore, J. M. Shattenberger, H. G. Farrer.

Suit for a Heavy Penalty.

A bill in equity was filed yesterday by Thomas Harrington against the Damascus Bronze Company, Limited. Harrington states that he is the owner of a patent on an improvement in anti-friction metal. He leased the right to use his invention for five years in Allegheny for the bronze company for a royalty of [illegible] cents per pound. They refuse to let him know how much they manufacture, carrying on the business in secret, and paying him no royalty, and he asks the Court to compel them to make an accounting of all the metal they have made since June 1, 1887.

A STREET CAR DISPUTE.

A Suit Involving the Right to the Penn and Seventh Avenue Crossing—The Decision is Reserved.

An argument was had before Judges Stowe and Slagle yesterday afternoon on the motion for a preliminary injunction in the case of the Citizens' and Allegheny Traction Companies against the Federal Street and Pleasant Valley Railway Companies. Attorney James Reed appeared for the traction companies and D. T. Watson, Esq., for the Federal Street and Pleasant Valley Company. The matter referred to in the papers in the suit is the crossing at Penn avenue and Seventh street, though the real point at issue, it was developed, is the rights of the Federal Street and Pleasant Valley Railway Company and the Allegheny Traction Company, under their respective arrangements with the Citizens' Traction Company.

The Federal Street and Pleasant Valley line first made an agreement with the Citizens' line, whereby the latter was to construct tracks from Smithfield street down Sixth avenue to Liberty street, to Seventh street, to the Northside bridge, and maintain them, the Federal Street line to have the right to use them. In return they were to construct double tracks from the Northside bridge up Sandusky street to Church avenue, the Citizens' line to have the privilege of using them.

Subsequently the Citizens' Company leased the downtown portion of the old Transverse line, including the Seventh street portion, to the Allegheny Traction Company.

Mr. Reed, in presenting his case to the court, read the bills of the Citizens' and Allegheny Traction Companies, alleging that the Federal Street and Pleasant Valley Company was about to tear up the tracks on Seventh street and Penn avenue, and relay them to suit themselves, without authority from the Citizens' or Allegheny Company, and asking for an injunction to restrain them. He submitted affidavits from Superintendent Cotton, of the Pittsburg, Allegheny and Manchester line, Chief Engineer Rice, of the Citizens' line, and others, showing that the crossing at Seventh street was a good one and similar to the one at Sixth street and Penn avenue.

Mr. Watson replied for the defendants, submitting the agreement with the Citizens' Company. He also produced affidavits showing that the crossing over the Citizens' Company's tracks at Seventh street was defective. The Seventh street tracks were lower than the Penn avenue tracks, causing jolting of the cars of the defendants, and was very injurious to their rolling stock. They had endeavored to have the Citizens' Company put the crossing in good order and failed, and they were about to do it themselves. The new crossing would not interfere with the Citizens' line, and was similar to the one at Sixth street and Penn avenue for the Pittsburg, Allegheny and Manchester Railway.

In addition Mr. Watson contended that the Citizens' Company, after entering into an agreement with them, had no right to make a lease of the same tracks afterward to another company to the detriment of their line.

Mr. Reed maintained that the right of the defendant was only a running right, and when the road was leased to the Allegheny Traction Company it became the proprietor, subject to the defendant, to run over the tracks as per the agreement with the Citizens' Company. If there was any repairing to be done either the Allegheny or Citizens' Company should do it, and the defendant company had no authority to do so itself.

At the conclusion of the argument the court took the papers and reserved its decision.

SUPREME COURT WORK.

The List for the Week Now Completed—Arguments Heard.

The Supreme Court yesterday completed the list fixed for this week. Next week they will take up Indiana, Washington and Butler counties.

Yesterday an argument was heard on the appeals of S. P. Sweitzer, Jesse Boughman and Abraham Shultz from the Court of Quarter Sessions of Somerset county. The three cases are similar and involve the same point. The parties were distillers, and took our distillers' licenses, issued by the County Treasurer, authorizing them to distill whisky from May 1, 1888, to May 1, 1889. At this time there was considerable contrariety of opinion as to the construction of the wholesale license act of 1887. They sold liquor at their distilleries and were returned for selling without a license. They set up their licenses as a defense, but were tried and convicted for selling without a license. The cases were appealed on the grounds that the defendants having acted in good faith and believing that they were protected by their licenses, should not have been convicted.

An argument was heard in the case of O. L. Pringle against Margaret A. Pringle, an error to the Common Pleas of Cambria county. The suit was brought to recover from his father's estate $600, loaned by O. L. Pringle to his father. The suit was decided against him, and he appealed.

An argument was heard in the case of Robert Steckman against John J. Schell and wife, an error to the Common Pleas of Somerset county. The suit was an action in ejectment for some ground in Garrett, Pa., and was appealed by Steckman.

The appeal of H. W. Melvin from the Common Pleas of Mercer county was heard. The suit was brought by Melvin's wife for a divorce on the grounds of indignities. She was granted a divorce and alimony of $3 per week, and Melvin appealed.

An argument was heard in the case of John G. Schney against D. W. Schaeffer, administrator of John Scott, an error to the Common Pleas of Armstrong county. The suit was a contest for the ownership of a lot in Kittanning.

The appeal of E. Crawford & Co. from the Common Pleas of Armstrong county was argued. The suit was brought against Crawford & Co. by Gaskill and Miller to recover on a contract.

HE WANTS IT ALL NOW.

Mr. Neal Alleges That a Brokerage Firm Account Was Short at One End.

Attorney C. E. Cornelius yesterday entered suit in Common Pleas Court No. 1 on behalf of William B. Neal against George B. Hill & Co. to recover a balance alleged to be due on a sale of stock made by the defendants for the plaintiff. The latter alleges that some years years ago Hill & Co. sold 215 shares Consolidated Gas stock for him, and that subsequently during the trial of a case before Judge Stowe there was testimony showing that Hill & Co. got 50 cents a share more for the stock than the defendants reported to him. He sues for the amount claimed to be withheld from him, with several years' interest added.

What Lawyers Have Done.

CHARLES STANDLEY, tried for the larceny of $75 from William White, was acquitted.

WILLIAM LOTT is on trial for selling liquor without a license in the Twenty-seventh ward.

ROSE FAGAN was found not guilty of assault and battery on Nora Lenhart and the costs divided.

THE suit of Terrence Shields against Floyd & Allen, an action on a contract, is on trial before Judge Stowe.

FRED HELFRICK was convicted of selling liquor to minors and in a prohibitory district, Patton township.

THE jury is out in the suit of McFall, Hetzel & Co. against Christ Roebrich and C. Muscher to recover a bill for lumber.

IN the suit of David Donaldson against Jacob Kelly, for damages for slander, a verdict of 6¼ cents for the plaintiff was given yesterday.

IN the suit of S. Schmakey against William B. Martin an action on an account, a verdict was given yesterday for $5 for the plaintiff.

JOHN MELVILLE, tried for selling liquor without a license, on oath of Constable Mitchell, of Oakmont, was acquitted, but ordered to pay the costs.

IN the Criminal Court, yesterday, C. Cochran charged by Inspector McKelvey with selling liquor without a license and on Sunday was found guilty.

IN the suit of the Monongahela Manufacturing Company against Thomas Taylor, an action on an account, a verdict was taken by consent yesterday, giving the plaintiffs $537 50.

MICHAEL SNELD, tried for entering the house of John Koehler with intent to commit a felony and assault and battery on Kate Koehler, was found guilty of simple assault and battery. He was sentenced 30 days to the workhouse.

IN the case of James Kindlin against Doherty Bros. and the Sisters of Mercy to recover a balance alleged to be due for the new Home for Working Girls, a verdict was given yesterday for the defendants, and a balance in their favor certified to for $349 92.

MRS. NANCY E. EVERETT yesterday entered suit against the Citizens' Traction Company for $500 damages. She states that on July 15 she was a passenger on car No. 211. Through the carelessness of an employe the grip broke. The jolt threw her across the car, cut her about the head and face and broke some of her teeth.

PETER W. SCHMIDT petitioned the Court to appoint a receiver to wind up the business of the Youghiogheny Brick Company, Limited. He alleges that the company has been so mismanaged by A. H. Collins, a partner, that its assets do not amount to more than $8,500, while its liabilities are over twice that amount. The Court appointed J. E. Patterson receiver.

BEECHAM'S Pills cure bilious and nervous ills. PEARS' Soap secures a beautiful complexion.

LATE NEWS IN BRIEF.

—The Russian Government has agreed to the creation of a French vice consulship at Baku, Russia.

—The President yesterday appointed Oliver C. Bosbyshell Superintendent of the Mint at Philadelphia.

—A cable to the Maritime Exchange yesterday announced that Hippolyte has been unanimously elected President of Hayti.

—John Linnehan, of Fall River, Mass., serving a sentence for drunkenness in the Taunton Jail, hanged himself in his cell early yesterday morning.

—Judge Martin in Part I, New York General Sessions, yesterday morning, resentenced to death Henry Carlton, the murderer of Policeman Brennan, and fixed the date for the execution December 5.

—At Murray City, O., residents burned to the ground the house of George Washington, a colored man. He lost everything. The excuse given for the outrage is that no blacks are wanted in the place.

—Advices have been received by the Canadian Department of Agriculture, from the High Commissioner's office at London, that there has been another arrival at Deptford, from New York, of animals suffering from pleuro-pneumonia.

—As Wilson W. Hazelton was cleaning a cedar cask at Train, Smith & Co.'s pulp mill, at Bristol, N. H., with steam injected from the steam pipe, the cask exploded, hurling him some distance and killing him almost instantly.

—James Hickey was arrested on some minor charge down in Lower Chilton county, Ala. His captors subsequently found that he was concerned in some brutal murders near Montevailo, some weeks ago. In fact, he confessed, and then he was swung to a limb and shot.

—General A. R. Campbell, of Kansas, contradicts emphatically a dispatch from Topeka to the effect that he has been offered the position of Consul General at Melbourne. He says the President has tendered him no office, and that the publication of this report was without his knowledge or sanction.

—Henry W. Gilbert, United States Consul to Trieste, Austria-Hungary, reports to the State Department that the exports from the district of Trieste, Fiume, for 1888 were $1,690,043, a falling off from the previous year of $892,983. The aggregate value of imports from the United States was $557,007, a decrease of $184,765.

—The *North German Gazette* says it is not unlikely that Germany will refuse to recognize Mataafa as King of Samoa, and that it must be assumed that the other powers parties to the Samoan treaty have similarly expressed themselves, because at the conference recently held at Berlin all the representatives agreed that Malietoa should be King.

—An injunction was granted in the New York Supreme Court yesterday to Henry C. Conegys and George Y. Wyman restraining George S. Field et al from taking action under a resolution passed at a meeting of the stockholders in Louisville, Ky., on October 7, toward winding up the affairs of the North and South American Construction Company.

—At a meeting of the Andrew Jackson League at Chicago Colonel Robert Rae addressed the club. He said the time had come when the West should have a Presidential candidate, and that Illinois would present the name of Chief Justice Melville W. Fuller before the next Democratic Convention. His remarks were greeted by immense applause.

—Three young men, residents of Hudson, N. Y., John Lewis, Jerome Race and Thomas Cooney, each about 18 years old, while proceeding up the track of the Hudson River Railroad at 4 o'clock yesterday morning, were run over by a locomotive of a freight train as they stepped from one track to another to let an express train pass. They were all killed instantly.

—A wreck occurred on the Texas and Pacific road at Madden, about 60 miles east of El Paso, Tex. A washout threw a freight engine and several cars down an embankment. Engineer R. J. Bible, recently of St. Louis, and Fireman Charles Jones were caught under the side of the engine and literally roasted to death. Brakeman G. W. Mansfield was also killed.

—Emmet V. Rhoades, cashier of the First National Bank, of St. Paris, O., pleaded guilty in the United States Court to the misappropriation of the bank funds. It was shown that there was no ultimate intention of defrauding the bank and that the money was used in a public spirited effort to advance the interests of his community. The minimum sentence, five years in the penitentiary, was imposed.

—The Laundrymen's National Association has wound up its annual convention at Buffalo. M. F. Doremus, of Chicago, was elected President; C. H. Brace, of Pittsburg, and Major Taylor, of Indianapolis, Vice Presidents; H. A. Stoer, of Cleveland, Secretary, and Levi G. Carr, of Philadelphia, Treasurer. Pittsburg was selected as the next place for holding the convention, and the second Monday in October, 1890, the date.

—Representatives of the firms engaged in the bart-wire industry are in secret conference in Chicago, with a view, it is understood, of forming a trust. The principals in the negotiations are said to be G. S. Douglas, of New York; J. S. Gates, of St. Louis, and W. R. Stirling, of the Illinois Steel Company. It is not yet known whether or not Washburn and Moen are parties to the movement. Considerable secrecy surrounds the conference.

—The Atlas Line steamship Athos arrived at New York yesterday from Haytian points. The voyage was a tempestuous one. On September 15 and 16 a northeast gale was encountered with a heavy sea running. This state of things lasted for 50 hours, during which everything movable was swept from the decks. The vessel, however, sustained no serious damage. The Athos left Port au Prince on September 21, and brings the intelligence that Hippolyte at that time was busily engaged in arranging for the Presidental election. Hippolyte expects that he will be the unanimous choice of the people. The election takes place this month.

—Superintendent of Census Porter has had a conference with the special agents in charge of the collection of statistics of cotton, wool and worsted and silks and mixed textiles. The desire is to secure a better classification and a more complete collection of such statistics. The list of manufactories in the United States is complete now, and shows a total of 5,218. The most noticeable thing about the figures is the increase in the number of mills in the South. They have more than doubled since 1880. Another notable thing is that whereas there were 1,000 cotton mills in the United States in 1880, 1,447 have already been reported.

—General Master Workman T. V. Powderly, of the Knights of Labor, in speaking of the eight-hour question, yesterday, said: "I am certainly in favor of shortening the hours of labor in such a manner as not only to give the workingman time for recreation, but also to afford him an opportunity to study the questions of the day, for it is evident that the working classes are realizing the importance of investigating these things for themselves. I have never been in favor of a sudden change in the hours of labor, because I have feared that it would cause a terrible disturbance in manufacturing and commercial circles. On the contrary I have always preferred a systematic course, one that would gradually educate the people on the subject."

—The Paris *Temps*, in a resume of the financial results of the Exposition, says that before its close the number of people who will have visited the great show will reach 26,000,000, and will in all probability exceed that figure. Referring to the proposed World's Fair in 1892, the *Temps* says it is by no means as certain as it seemed a month ago that the Americans will select New York for the location of their Exposition, as Chicago is making strenuous efforts to secure it. Commenting on the availability of Chicago, as compared with New York, the *Temps* says: "We wonder how many of the Chicagoans who crossed the ocean to visit the Exposition in the first city of France would have taken the same trouble if the show had been held in Lyons, our second city of importance."

—Experiments which the British Government have been making for the past two weeks with Lord Armstrong's new explosive, "cordite," have so far proved highly satisfactory, and well-informed military men already say it is the explosive of the future for small arms as well as artillery. It is absolutely smokeless, which cannot be said of the so-called "smokeless powder" just introduced by Germany, and the deadly fumes which rise from the latter are entirely absent in the "cordite." It is confidently predicted that this new explosive will work a revolution in modern armament, and quick-firing guns, which with ordinary powders are of little use after the gunners are enveloped in a suffocating cloud of smoke, will become powerful weapons of destruction in the future.

—At a special meeting yesterday of the Northern Pacific preferred stockholders, the requisite majority was voted in favor of Villard's consolidated mortgage scheme. At noon James B. Williams announced that the financial plan had been carried, but owing to duplicate proxies having been deposited, he could not announce the exact result. An adjournment was therefore taken until Monday morning next at 11 o'clock. Henry Villard voted a majority of the stock.

Palpitation of the Heart.

Persons who suffer from occasional palpitation of the heart are often unaware that they are the victims of heart disease, and are liable to die without warning. They should banish this alarming symptom, and cure the disease by using Dr. Flint's Remedy. Mack Drug Co., N. Y. RWF

The Men's Overcoats

We offer at $10 and $12 for to-day's sale exceed in value anything ever seen in Pittsburg for double the money. They are fine Meltons and Kerseys, imported Vicunas and Venetians. Many of them are silk lined, some silk faced, with satin sleeve linings. They were marked $20, $22 and $25. They include fall overcoats, top coats, box coats, winter coats and ulsters. We have divided 'em into two bargain lots at $10 and $12 for to-day and to-morrow. P. C. C. C., Cor. Grant and Diamond sts., opp. the new Court House.

AMONG the many brands of lager beer thrown upon the market the output of the Bauerlein Brewing Co., of Bennetts, Pa., has been justly assigned a place in the front rank of the brewing industry and is adjudged to be one of the finest beers brewed. Families and the trade supplied. Telephone 1,018, Bennetts, Pa., opposite Forty-third st., Pittsburg, Pa. MWFSu

B. & B.

Choice goods and low prices is what brings the crowd of customers to these cloak rooms daily. BOGGS & BUHL.

B. & B.

If you can save dollars on your seal purchase that's the place you'll trade if quality is right. We will guarantee finest Alaska seal and less price. BOGGS & BUHL.

TIME is the true test. F. & V.'s Pilsner beer grows daily in popularity.

CASH paid for old gold and silver, at Hauch's, No. 295 Fifth ave. WESu

75c. The Public Delighted 75c.

With Yeager & Co.'s 75c per doz. cabinet photos, at 70 Federal street, Allegheny. Bring the little ones.

Crowded Daily.

Aufrecht's Elite Gallery, 516 Market st., Pittsburg. Cabinets $1 per dozen. Bring baby. Use elevator.

Look Pleasant, Please.

For a good expression and fine photo of yourself or little ones, go to Aufrecht's Elite Gallery, 516 Market st., Pittsburg. Cabinets $1 per dozen.

75c. 13 More Days. 75c.

Only 13 more days for 75c per doz. cabinets at Yeager & Co.'s Gallery, 70 Federal street, Allegheny. Come early, rain or shine.

A Life-Size Crayon for $5.

Also one doz. cabinets of anybody for $1, at Aufrecht's Elite Gallery, 516 Market st., Pittsburg. Bring baby. Use elevator. D

They Won't Fade.

Yeager & Co.'s cabinets for 75c per doz. Bring the children, rain or shine. No. 70 Federal street, Allegheny.

LEAVENING POWER

Of the various Baking Powders illustrated from actual tests.

ROYAL (Pure)
Grant's* (Alum)
Rumford's* (fresh)
Hanford's (when fresh)
Charm* (Alum Powder)
Davis'* and O. K.* (Alum)
Cleveland's
Pioneer (San Francisco)
Czar
Dr. Price's
Snow Flake (Groff's)
Congress
Hecker's
Gillet's
Hanford's (None Such), when not fresh
Pearl (Andrews & Co.)
Rumford's* (Phosphate), when not fresh

Reports of Government Chemists.

"The Royal Baking Powder is composed of pure and wholesome ingredients. It does not contain either alum or phosphates, or other injurious substances." EDWARD G. LOVE, Ph. D."

"The Royal Baking Powder is undoubtedly the purest and most reliable baking powder offered to the public." HENRY A. MOTT, M. D., Ph. D."

"The Royal Baking Powder is purest in quality and highest in strength of any baking powder of which I have knowledge." "WM. MCMURTRIE, Ph. D."

* All Alum Baking Powders, no matter how high their strength, are to be avoided as dangerous. Phosphate powders liberate their gas too freely, or under climatic changes suffer deterioration.

oc3-10-MWFSu

GAIN ONE POUND A Day.

A GAIN OF A POUND A DAY IN THE CASE OF A MAN WHO HAS BECOME "ALL RUN DOWN," AND HAS BEGUN TO TAKE THAT REMARKABLE FLESH PRODUCER,

SCOTT'S EMULSION OF PURE COD LIVER OIL WITH Hypophosphites of Lime & Soda

IS NOTHING UNUSUAL. THIS FEAT HAS BEEN PERFORMED OVER AND OVER AGAIN. PALATABLE AS MILK. ENDORSED BY PHYSICIANS. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. AVOID SUBSTITUTIONS AND IMITATIONS.

oc2-28-MWFSu

PAINLESS BEECHAM'S PILLS EFFECTUAL

THE GREAT ENGLISH MEDICINE WORTH A GUINEA A BOX

For Bilious and Nervous Disorders, such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Fullness and Swelling after Meals, Dizziness and Drowsiness, Cold Chills, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Scurvy, Blotches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations, &c. THE FIRST DOSE WILL GIVE RELIEF IN TWENTY MINUTES. This is no fiction. Every sufferer is earnestly invited to try one Box of these Pills, and *they will be acknowledged to be a Wonderful Medicine.*—"Worth a guinea a box."—BEECHAM'S PILLS, taken as directed, will quickly *restore females* to complete health. For a WEAK STOMACH; IMPAIRED DIGESTION; DISORDERED LIVER; they ACT LIKE MAGIC—*a few doses* will work wonders upon the Vital Organs, Strengthening the muscular System; restoring long-lost Complexion; bringing back the keen edge of appetite, and arousing with the ROSEBUD OF HEALTH the *whole physical energy* of the human frame. These are "facts" admitted by thousands, in all classes of society, and one of the best guarantees to the Nervous and Debilitated is that BEECHAM'S PILLS HAVE THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PATENT MEDICINE IN THE WORLD. Full directions with each Box.

Prepared only by THOS. BEECHAM, St. Helens, Lancashire, England.

Sold by Druggists generally. B. F. ALLEN & CO., 365 and 367 Canal St., New York, Sole Agents for the United States, who (*inquire first*), if *your* druggist does not keep them, WILL MAIL BEECHAM'S PILLS ON RECEIPT OF PRICE, 25 CENTS A BOX.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Constitutional Catarrh.

No single disease has entailed more suffering or hastened the breaking up of the constitution than Catarrh. The sense of smell, of taste, of sight, of hearing, the human voice, the mind—one or more, and sometimes all, yield to its destructive influence. The poison it distributes throughout the system attacks every vital force, and breaks up the most robust of constitutions. Ignored, because but little understood, by most physicians, impotently assailed by quacks and charlatans, those suffering from it have little hope to be relieved of it this side of the grave. It is time, then, that the popular treatment of this terrible disease by remedies within the reach of all passed into hands at once competent and trustworthy. The new and hitherto untried method adopted by Dr. Sanford in the preparation of his RADICAL CURE has won the hearty approval of thousands. It is instantaneous in affording relief in all head colds, sneezing snuffling and obstructed breathing, and rapidly removes the most oppressive symptoms, clearing the head, sweetening the breath, restoring the senses of smell, taste and hearing, and neutralizing the constitutional tendency of the disease toward the lungs, liver and kidneys. SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE consists of one bottle of the RADICAL CURE, one box of CATARRHAL SOLVENT, and IMPROVED INHALER; price, $1. POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Boston.

No Rheumatiz About Me!

In one minute the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster relieves rheumatic, sciatic, sudden, sharp and nervous pains, strains and weaknesses. The first and only pain-killing plaster. A new and infallible antidote to pain, inflammation and weakness. Utterly unlike and vastly superior to all other plasters. At all druggists, 25 cents; five for $1; or, postage free, of POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Boston, Mass. oc14-MF

The eyelet of a corset seems a trifle to make a business on; but what if one eyelet cuts the laces, while another eyelet don't?

And what if the eyelet that cuts is in universal use?

And what if the eyelet that cuts the laces also rusts the corset?

And what if the eyelet that cuts is not so neat and proper and womanlike as the other?

And what if it costs as little or less to put in and never comes out or wears out?

The new eyelet is made of loops of corset lace instead of metal.

The Ball and Kabo corsets have it; the Ball is the easy corset, the Kabo the one that does not yield a barleycorn.

You can wear them two or three weeks and return to where you got them, if you want to. The makers provide you that privilege.

CHICAGO CORSET CO., Chicago and New York.

Established 1832.

BROOM CORN. Broom Manufacturers Supplies PEANUTS.

ROBERT DICKEY & CO., 77 WATER ST. AND 96 FIRST AVE. Telephone 1685. e25-31-MWF

PATENTS.

O. D. LEVIS, Solicitor of Patents, 311 Fifth avenue, above Smithfield, next Leader office. (No delay.) Established 20 years. se25-60

IMMENSE THRONGS—WELL-PLEASED BUYERS —AT— DOUGLAS & MACKIE'S

Will be laid out 50 pieces fancy checked, 54-inch cloth dress goods that cost 50c to make, this week for 39c a yard.

A most recherche collection of pretty check and silk stripe, all wool dress goods, in all new and lovely colors for 39c a yard; they'd be cheap at 50c.

The plain, striped and plaid all wool dress goods we'll exhibit this week at 50c a yard, for beauty, variety in patterns and wears, and altogether general excellence, are unsurpassable in this or any other city.

Another couple of hundreds of those famous $7 50 Applique embroidered cloth robes, all colors, have been secured to sell at $5 00 each.

And the elegant assortment of 54-inch all wool cloth suitings we are offering at 45c a yard is simply astounding; they're worth 60c.

Interesting and Profitable For You This Week.

Our mammoth, well-lighted cloak salons are filled to repletion with all the latest novelties and designs in wear, fashion and manufacture of ladies, misses and children's cloaks, wraps, etc., from the modest $1 75 garment up to the finest London Dye Alaska Seal Skin.

Visit Us This Week. We'll Make it Pay You.

151 and 153 FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY. oc14-MWF

THE LARGEST STOCK. BEST ASSORTMENT. LATEST STYLES. LOWEST PRICES.

W. M. LAIRD, LEADING SHOE DEALER

Wholesale House, 515 and 517 Wood street. | Retail Stores, 406 and 408 Market street. oc16-48-MWF

Established 1847. L. GLESENKAMP & SON. Builders of FINE CARRIAGES. Our assortment includes light and heavy work of every description. See Display at Exposition. Salesrooms, 318 and 320 Penn avenue. No connection with any other carriage house.) se13-65-WFSu

NEW GOODS.

We have just received and have now ready for inspection, beautiful China Dinner Sets, Fish Sets and a full line of nice China, odd pieces, to which we invite the attention of the ladies.

R. P. WALLACE & CO., 211 Wood st. OPPOSITE ST. CHARLES. au4-WFSu

USE PEARL TOP LAMP CHIMNEYS THE BEST IN THE WORLD MADE ONLY BY GEO. A. MACBETH & CO. PITTSBURGH, PA.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A VERITABLE SENSATION HAS BEEN CAUSED BY RUBEN'S

$1 25, $1 50 and $1 90.

FUR HAT SALE.

Certain local dealers have been filling the columns of the daily papers lately with "cheap hat" advertisements. Knowing by experience that these were tricks to catch the unwary, we have examined one of these cheap hats and find that they are cheap in more senses than one, being not only cheap in price, but also cheap in looks and no doubt will make the wearer feel pretty cheap besides. In contrast with these goods we would urge economical buyers to inspect our low priced but reliable Fur Hats, which we guarantee strictly hand made, silk trimmed and positively fast black. You'll never make a mistake by patronizing the reliable establishment of

RUBEN, The Hatter and Furnisher, 421 and 423 Smithfield St.

P. S.—Mail orders promptly filled. oc13-WFSu

Latest improved Spectacles and Eye-Glasses; will fit any nose with ease and comfort. The largest and best stock of Optical Instruments and Artificial Eyes.

KORNBLUM, Theoretical and Practical Optician.

No. 50 Fifth avenue, near Wood street. Telephone No. 1686. se19-DSu

RAILROADS.

BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD—Schedule in effect May 12, 1889. For Washington, D. C., Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York, *3:00 a. m., and *3:20 p. m. For Cumberland, *3:00 a. m., 11:00, *3:20 p. m. For Connellsville, 4:40 and *8:00 a. m., 11:00, 4:00 and *3:20 p. m. For Uniontown, 11:40, *3:00 a. m., 11:00 and 4:00 p. m. For Mount Pleasant, 11:40 and 11:00 a. m., 4:00 and 11:00 p. m. For Washington, Pa., *3:00, 10:40 a. m., *3:20, 4:00 and *3:20 p. m. For Wheeling, *3:00, 10:40 a. m., *3:20, *3:20 p. m. For Cincinnati and St. Louis, *3:00 a. m., 11:00 p. m. For Columbus, *3:00 and 9:40 a. m., *3:20 p. m. For Newark, *3:00, 10:40 a. m., *3:20, *3:20 p. m. For Chicago, *3:00, 10:40 a. m., *3:20 and *3:20 p. m. Trains arrive from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, *3:20 a. m. and *3:20 p. m. From Columbus, Cincinnati and Chicago, *7:45 a. m. and *9:00 p. m. From Wheeling, *7:45, *10:50 a. m., 12:00, *9:00 p. m. Through sleeping cars to Baltimore, Washington and Cincinnati.

Wheeling accommodation, 8:30 a. m., Sunday only. Connellsville accommodation at 4:35 p. m. *Daily. ‡Daily except Sunday. §Sunday only.

The Pittsburg Transfer Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences upon orders left at B. & O. Ticket Office, corner Fifth avenue and Wood street. CHAS. O. SCULL, Gen. Pass. Agt. J. T.ODELL, Gen. Mgr.

PITTSBURG AND CASTLE SHANNON R. R. Summer Time Table. On and after May 1, 1889, until further notice, trains will run as follows on every day, except Sunday. Eastern standard time: Leaving Pittsburg—6:20 a. m., 7:10 a. m., 8:00 a.m., 9:30 a. m., 11:30 a. m., 1:40 p. m., 3:40 p. m., 5:10 p. m., 5:50 p. m., 6:30 p. m., 9:30 p. m., 11:30 p. m. Arlington—8:40 a. m., 6:20 a. m., 7:10 a. m., 8:00 a. m., 10:20 a. m., 1:00 p. m., 2:40 p. m., 4:20 p. m., 5:10 p. m., 5:50 p. m., 7:10 p. m., 10:30 p. m. Sunday trains, leaving Pittsburg—10 a. m., 12:50 p. m., 2:30 p. m., 3:10 p. m., 7:10 p. m., 9:30 p. m. Arlington—9:10 a. m., 11 m., 1:50 p. m., 4:30 p. m., 6:30 p. m., 8:50 p. m. JOHN JA