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A ROYAL RECEPTION

Tendered the Young Kaiser and His Consort by the Sultan of Turkey.

CONSTANTINOPLE CLEANED

To a Point Painful and Phenomenal to the Oriental Eye.

GREAT DEMONSTRATION AT SPANDAU.

The Sultan Gazes on a Crowned Head for the First Time in His Life Outside His Own Mirror—The Liberals Make Gains in the Municipal Elections in England and Wales—Boulanger Reported Having Made a Flying Trip to France—A Bread Famine Threatened in London—Preparations for the Coming Lord Mayor's Procession—Talmage to be Received With a Tug and a Brass Band.

For the first time in his life the Sultan of Turkey has seen a royal face outside his own mirror. Yesterday he greeted, in an oriental manner, the young Empress of Germany and his wife. He would have had a pleasanter time at Spandau. Boulanger, it is reported, made a flying visit to France, in disguise, the other day. The Liberals gain at least 30 seats in yesterday's municipal elections in England and Wales.

[BY CABLE TO THE DISPATCH.]

LONDON, November 2.—[Copyright.]—Kaiser Wilhelm and his wife arrived at Constantinople to-day, and, thanks to the Tigli loan raised by the Sultan, their reception was marked by an average amount of oriental magnificence. The meeting of the two sovereigns was quite a change from what the world has been used to witness of late. The Kaiser did not wear the Turkish uniform, and the Sultan adhered to his native turban and baggy trousers. His sublime majesty made no attempt to kiss his German brother, and the latter contentedly gripped the Sultan's brown hand without proceeding to a closer personal acquaintance.

A ROYAL RECEPTION.

The Sultan, accompanied by the great officers of state, including the chief eunuch and her extraordinarily gorgeous suite, received his imperial visitors on the quay of the Dolma Batche palace, whence their majesties, the Empress and the Sultan in the first carriage, the Kaiser in the second, drove to the superb palace known as the Yildiz Kiosk, where they will be lodged sumptuously during their stay.

The streets all along the route had been repaved, the houses washed, the muck heaps carted away, and the unsightly ruins hidden by boarding freshly painted. In truth, to a conservative oriental eye, the aspect of the place was one of painful and phenomenal cleanliness.

After luncheon and a rest, the Kaiser reviewed 30,000 troops—fine fellows, physically, as he could not fail to note, but a trifle veteran-like in regard to uniform. They had not received a single piaster of the loan, but nevertheless continued to make a brave show. This evening THE DISPATCH'S Constantinople correspondent telegraphs that the city is gorgeously illuminated and their majesties are being entertained at a grand State banquet.

THE EMPEROR'S MESSAGE.

Emperor William telegraphed to Prince Bismarck to-day as follows: "YELDIZ KIOSK, 11 A. M.—Have just arrived here. Fine weather. View beautiful beyond description."

Other official dispatches give a detailed account of the meeting between the Turkish fleet and the German ships Kaiser and Hohenzollern at the entrance to the Dardanelles. It was a striking spectacle. The passage through the straits was made under a continuous roll of salutes from the forts.

On entering the Sea of Marmora Said Pacha, Minister of Foreign Affairs; Edam Pacha, formerly Grand Vizier, and Herr von Radowitz, German Ambassador, left the Sultan's yacht Izzedin and were received by the Emperor on the Kaiser. Luncheon was served on board the German war ship.

The Empress was invisible, as she was again suffering from seasickness, although the passage had been calm. The vessels proceeded, and were sighted off the entrance to the Bosphorus at 1 o'clock. A large number of vessels, gayly decorated, followed the German ships to the Dolmabaktche Palace, where the Sultan attended by his Ministers and the principal court officials, awaited the coming of the Emperor. Upon his arrival Emperor William was cordially

After partaking of refreshments, the two monarchs drove to the Yeldiz Palace in a carriage, under the escort of a squadron of cavalry. The Sultan and the Empress sat on one side, and Emperor William and Prince Henry on the other. The Sultan exchanged a few phrases in French with each of the guests, and then relapsed into absolute silence. Herr von Radowitz acting, under instructions from Prince Bismarck, will attend, with Said Pasha, the business interviews between the monarchs.

VISITING THE HAREM.

The incidents attending the Empress' visit to the royal harem are awaited with interest. The daughter of the Turkish Minister at Rome and the daughter of Muslin Astin Pacha, both of whom speak French, will attend the Empress throughout her stay in the Turkish capital. A gorgeous kaix, propelled by ten oarsmen, will convey her to the entrance of the harem gardens. The walls of the cabins of the kaix are covered with mirrors. The furniture is finished in blue velvet and gold.

The oarsmen will wear garments of white silk, with gold embroideries. The Sultan, attended by Kislaraga, Chief of the Eunuchs, will receive the Empress on disembarking and conduct her to the entrance to the seraglio, where he will leave her, after introducing his mother, the Sultan Valide. The seven recognized wives of the Sultan, all mothers of Princes, attended by Odalisque suites, will receive the Empress in the grand saloon. The other women of the harem will be excluded. The visit will last three hours. A musical entertainment will be given, during which coffee will be served, and the Empress will then make a tour of the apartments and grounds.

The semi-official press of Berlin no longer denies the political importance of the visit. The North German *Gazette* of to-night states that if the intentions of the Emperor are realized the conference at Constantinople will create fresh guarantees of peace, based upon the general principles of Prince Bismarck's policy, and will strengthen the *Dreibund*, and further assure the well-being and prosperity of the Fatherland, adding to Germany's debt of gratitude to the Kaiser.

DON'T CARE FOR THE CZAR.

Other papers compare the present meeting with the Emperor's visit to Osborne House, drawing the inference that the result will be a similar entente cordiale. The frankness of these admissions of inspired organs is partly due to official advices from St. Petersburg that the Czar has relapsed under Pan Slavist influences; that the changes that were in progress to eliminate the war advocates from the Czar's council and entourage have been countermanded; that the German-hating press has resumed its former hostile attitude and that everything is the same as before the Czar's meeting with Prince Bismarck. The Czar's ill-humor causes no disappointment here.

It is a curious fact that the German Emperor is the first crowned head which the Sultan has seen outside of his looking glass. He is so much afraid of conspiracies that he rarely appears in public in his own capital, and he would not dare leave the country on visits to foreign potentates, for fear that the partisans of his dethroned lunatic half-brother, Monrad, who has been in close confinement for 13 years, might raise a rebellion in his absence.

A PLEASANTER PLACE.

A great Protestant demonstration took place to-day at Spandau, Bradenburg, when the statue of Elector Joachim II, raised in memory of his public adoption of the reformed faith, 350 years ago, was unveiled with much pomp and ceremony by Prince Leopold Kaiser. Wilhelm had intended being present, but family affairs having taken him to Athens, and the business of the State to Constantinople, he sent a telegram expressing his best wishes and a warm interest in the unveiling of the monument to his famous ancestor.

The sight would have been much pleasanter to the patriotic young monarch than the streets of Constantinople, even though they had been swept and garnished.

The fine old town was tastefully decorated, the local garrison, clubs and school children were drawn up in the great square of the town, the bells were rung, and the band of the artillery guards played Luther's favorite hymns from the steeple of St. Nicholas' Church. A dozen princes helped Leopold, and the occasion was fittingly graced by the presence of the descendents of Martin Luther and other Reformation heroes.

GREATER THAN EVER

Will be the Lord Mayor's Procession Next Saturday—Singular Predicament of the Lord Mayor Himself—Barnum's Parade to be the Afternoon Show.

[BY CABLE TO THE DISPATCH.]

LONDON, November 2.—The Lord Mayor's procession next Saturday, even without Barnum's accessories, is to be the most elaborate ever presented. There are to be representations of Merry England, the Lord of Misrule, Maypoles, and knights of chivalry and hundreds of the posterity of ancient aldermen will ride in triumph through the streets with leading members of all trades and professions.

The humorous feature of the show, this year, is the Lord Mayor himself. He is Sir Henry Isaacs, of Hebrew nationality and religion. No pious Hebrew takes part in a wordly function on the Hebrew Sabbath, as a matter of course, and yet Sir Henry's inauguration is fixed by unalterable traditions of English history on Saturday. To ride gloriously through Jewry on that day would impair the Lord Mayor's religious standing, and yet to have a Lord Mayor's procession without the Lord Mayor would be ridiculous. Accordingly Isaacs has effected a compromise. He will ride in the procession, but he will get out of his carriage and walk through Houndsditch and the rest of the Hebrew quarter.

In case of rain and mud, that are to be expected on any November day in London, the dignity of the Lord Mayor will not be enhanced by this proceeding, and the newspapers have been busy poking fun at Isaacs for the last few days. One journal suggests that the Lord Mayor be provided with a carriage with the bottom out, so that he can walk in the street while, to all appearances, reclining among cushions. But Sir Henry sticks to his compromise, and will walk through the habitations of his co-religionists, regardless of weather or anything else.

Barnum gives his street parade the same night, and expects to outdo the Lord Mayor's procession in everything. The great moral show is already undergoing a big boom. Barnum posters are part of the street show of London, and the newspapers are advertising him regardless of space. Part of the menagerie arrived to-day, in the Furnessia, and great crowds gathered at the docks to see the animals unloaded and sent by road to the Olympia. The show opens one week from Monday night.

A BREAD FAMINE FEARED.

London Bakers Expected to Strike—A Railway Company Raises Wages.

[BY CABLE TO THE DISPATCH.]

LONDON, November 2.—London is threatened with a bread famine, not from want of material, but in consequence of a prospective bakers' strike. The men feel aggrieved at having to work so many hours for such small pay, and consequently they have given the masters notice that they will cease work November 14 unless their demands are conceded.

The railway companies have a fairly clear idea of the aim of John Burns, and in order to take the wind out of his sails, the London and Northwestern Company, the largest road in Great Britian, has, without solicitation, granted its work people an advance of sixpence per day. Other companies, if they desire to avoid trouble, will follow suit.

LIBERAL GAINS IN THE CITY.

Joseph Chamberlain's Son Austin Knocked Out at Birmingham.

[BY CABLE TO THE DISPATCH.]

LONDON, November 2.—Municipal elections in England and Wales took place today. They were fought as usual, upon political lines, and the results so far as they have been made known show a Liberal gain of 30 seats.

It is gratifying to find that Joseph Chamberlain's young son, Austin, was defeated at Birmingham.

Bears Her Pain With Fortitude.

[BY CABLE TO THE DISPATCH.]

LONDON, November 2.—Mrs. Booth, wife of the Salvation Army General, is slowly dying of cancer, and physicians this week have declared her end to be very near. She bears her pain with the utmost patience and fortitude, and bravely attempts to comfort those who mourn about her.

BOULANGER IN FRANCE.

The General Makes a Flying Trip in Disguise, But Does Nothing.

[BY CABLE TO THE DISPATCH.]

LONDON, November 2.—Boulanger, I am credibly informed, left Jersey last Sunday in disguise, and traveled to France, returning to Jersey again on Tuesday. He saw many of his supporters, but it has been decided to do nothing for the present. The General says now he will wait until discontent is seething in France, and then he will land as the savior of his country—a noble sentiment which may not work out exactly as he anticipates.

Boulanger is again receiving daily many subscriptions, a majority being from the working classes, who, however, rarely send more than a 5-franc piece at a time.

PREPARING TO GREET TALMAGE.

A Tug and a Brass Band Engaged to Go Out to Meet Him.

[BY CABLE TO THE DISPATCH.]

LONDON, November 2.—The Rev. T. De Witt Talmage, of the Brooklyn Tabernacle, is expected here in a day or two. John Lobb, of the *Christian Age*, has engaged a tug and a brass band, and organized a reception for the distinguished preacher at Liverpool, whence he will be brought to the Midland Hotel.

Lobb is an enterprising gentleman, who made a fortune some years ago by managing the alleged original of *Uncle Tom*, in Mrs. Stowe's books. In England, under his direction, Talmage's visit to London will not be uneventful.

A TANGLED KNOT.

A Romance of Two Continents Keeping the Cincinnati Courts Busy—One Judge Champions the Cause of the Lovers.

CINCINNATI, November 2.—The pretty little romance of Cornelius Oberwater, aged 23, and Bertha Weber, aged 19, who sailed recently from Bremerhaven on the steamship Lahn with a party of friends with the intention of finding a home in Decatur county, Indiana, where they intended to marry and to engage in gardening, promises to lead to no end of legal tangle. The honest lovers are already in two courts, and grave international questions are being raised by a half-dozen or more lawyers who seem to enjoy this refreshing bit of legal investigation where love, not money, is the motive.

The simple story is that Cornelius and Bertha, as lovers, left Holland for America. There is no assertion of anything but an honest purpose on the part of both to find their home here and then to marry. She does not accuse him of any impropriety or dishonesty of purpose. The law was invoked by Bertha's father, who was not satisfied with her choice. He got the Holland State Department to send a cablegram to the Holland Consul in New York to arrest Bertha and send her back to him, and to return Oberwater on the charge of abduction. They were found in this city, and the girl was arrested first. Oberwater applied for a habeas corpus, but before it was heard he was arrested by the United States Marshal on a warrant from a United States Commissioner in New York, and was started off yesterday to New York.

Judge Sage, of the United States Court, being told of this, telegraphed an order to have Oberwater returned. This afternoon another habeas corpus was in hearing on behalf of Oberwater. It was claimed that the foundation for the warrant against him was the cablegram to the Holland Consul, which did not allege any crime. Pending argument on this, the hearing was adjourned until Wednesday and Oberwater was put in the custody of the marshal, while Bertha, a handsome girl, is in care of a special constable of the State Court, in which her case is in hearing.

ENOUGH TO MAKE THEM BLUE.

The Democrats Looking for a Leader in the Next House.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

WASHINGTON, November 2.—A great deal of anxiety is felt by the Democrats over the condition of things in the next House of Representatives. Mr. Cox, who was always a safe dependence for party leadership when the men who ranked him gave out, is dead. Mr. Randall, though perhaps not bedridden, will be too ill to undertake any really severe work in Parliamentary generalship. Mr. Carlisle, who has been in much distress over the illness of his son, is himself so physically broken up as to be practically out of the lists. Mr. Mills has an affection of the stomach which is liable to incapacitate him at any time while on the floor, and his physicians will undoubtedly warn him, as he values life and health, not to let himself be led into any protracted battles, with night sessions and similar exercises.

About the only man left who can begin to do justice to the party and to himself as a leader, is Mr. Crisp, who has shown some strong qualities and a good deal of fortitude under fire. The outlook, however, is not encouraging, and all the Democrats who contemplate it, especially in view of the fights which are pretty sure to take place over the rules and the tariff, are feeling blue.

THE COURSE OF TRUE LOVE.

A Breach of Promise Suit a Sequel to a Happy Wedding.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

LEWISTON, ME., November 2.—The sequel to what seemed a happy wedding in this city on Tuesday is a suit for breach of promise for $10,000 against the bridegroom. The wedding was that of Geo. A. Wiseman, a well-to-do business man, and Miss Mary McGillicuddy, a sister of ex-Mayor D. G. McGillicuddy. The plaintiff is a daughter of Samuel Booth, an ex-Alderman of this city.

It is said that the love affair dates back a number of years. A few years ago Mr. Booth met with a business reverse, and this was followed by this alleged breach of promise. It is said that Wiseman's newly-wedded wife is worth $20,000 in her own right.

INDICTED FOR MURDER.

The Engineer and Conductor Responsible for the Chicago Railroad Accident.

CHICAGO, November 2.—Engineer Seth Twombley and Conductor Charles Buford were indicted to-day charged with the murder of the seven victims of the Rock Island disaster at Englewood. The grand jury did not indict either Master Mechanic Twombley or Fireman Cloche, who were held by the Coroner's jury, because they believed that the master mechanic's reason responsibility for the disaster in appointing his son engineer after he had been discharged for drunkenness, was too remote to hang an indictment on.

The fireman was a subordinate, acting under orders from his engineer, which he was bound to obey, and so could not be held responsible. The engineer and conductor are held in bonds of $175,000 each.

Mrs. Harrison in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, November 2.—Mrs. President Harrison and Postmaster General Wanamaker arrived here this evening.

THE LAST PROP GONE

From Under Martin Burke, and a Conspiracy is Clearly Proven.

THE LINKS OF THE CHAIN CLOSE

About O'Sullivan and Burke, and the Great Coil is Tightened.

EVIDENCE OF INESTIMABLE VALUE.

The Desperation of the Lawyers for the Defense Daily Growing.

The last prop was knocked from under Martin Burke, yesterday, by identification by the expressman Mortensen, who hauled the goods from the Clark street flat to the slaughter house. Mortensen swore that Burke was the man who hired him. He had previously picked him out of 50 prisoners at Winnipeg. This evidence also completed the proof that there was a conspiracy.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

CHICAGO, November 2.—There was only one prop under Martin Burke when the great Cronin trial was resumed this morning. His tenantry of the Carlson cottage before the murder having been proved by the prosecution and admitted by the defense, the only link necessary to connect the young man with the big packing trunk, and the mysterious J. B. Simonds, was his identification by Expressman Hakan Mortensen, who hauled the goods from the Clark street flat to the slaughter house on North Ashland avenue. If this identification were complete it not only branded Burke as one of the conspirators, but established the fact that there was a conspiracy and that O'Sullivan had knowledge of it.

Mortensen was on the stand to-day, and positively identified Burke as the man who hired him in the latter part of March to carry the goods from Clark street to the cottage. He had previously picked him out of a line of 50 prisoners in the yard of the Provincial jail at Winnipeg.

INESTIMABLY VALUABLE.

The value of this witness to the State is inestimable. If he had not been found, Burke's association with the stool pigeon furniture could not have been established, and O'Sullivan's conversation with Frank Williams (Burke) would have gone for nothing. Now, however, Burke and O'Sullivan have been tightly linked to the long belt which drew Dr. Cronin from his home to the den of the conspirators. Coughlin has already been identified as the man who negotiated for the rig in which the doctor was driven to his death. His association with the cottage will come this week, and Milkman Martes will at the same time identify little Kunze as the man who drove the detective to the place.

The Carlsons clinched the identification of Burke during the first two hours of court. Charles Carlson had drank beer and talked with Williams at the cottage before Dr. Cronin disappeared. He had been in the house which was soon to be the scene of the now famous tragedy, and saw the furniture and the carpet which J. B. Simonds had bought in February. At that time there were

NO PAINT OR STAINS

on the floor of the front room and vestibule, and the walls bore no evidence of having been washed for the purpose of concealing evidences of a crime.

The tenants of the house acted queerly. Young Carlson rarely saw Burke, who was then masquerading as Williams, about the house. Two days after the cottage was rented he saw Williams and a companion carrying furniture into the little building. Expressman Mortensen was standing outside, assisting in the transfer of the goods. The express wagon was backed up against the curbing.

One dark night, shortly after the murder and before the Carlsons knew that their tenants were involved in the crime, young Carlson met a man skulking about the cottage. The fellow wore an overcoat, a soft black hat and a light mustache. He said in explanation of his suspicious movements that he was out of work, and inquired about the location of the nearest police station. Carlson gave the desired information and then passed along the walk to his own house.

MORE SUSPICIONS AROUSED.

About a week before the strange letter from Hammond, Ind., was received, young Carlson noticed that one of the slats of the front blinds had been cut out. The next day after the letter came he crawled through the front window into the house. The carpet was gone, the floor of the parlor was daubed with yellow paint, the washstand was in the center of the room; there were blood stains on it and on the floor near the window.

Young Carlson gave the alarm the day the body was found, and the next day the young man, accompanied by police officers, entered the building. This time Carlson noticed splashes of blood on the wall and a spot where it was evident an attempt had been made to wash out the tell-tale stains. There were footprints in the vestibule and front room, as though the mysterious painter had walked about in his stockings. The cross-examination was based on the assumption that the police had painted the floor and walls with blood and paint.

To-day Mr. Forrest endeavored to draw out the admission that old man Carlson and his family had done the work for the purpose of establishing a museum. This merely

SHOWS THE DESPERATION

of the lawyers for the defense, as they see the coils tightening about their clients.

Young Carlson, in his re-direct examination, said he had seen men watching the house from the corner, soon after the murder had been committed. His identification of Burke as the Frank Williams he knew last spring produced as much sensation in the court room as the identification of the previous day. The prisoner, however, did not show any uneasiness as the witness leveled his finger at him. He laughed good naturedly, and resumed his reading of a morning newspaper.

Old Mrs. Carlson, in her story of the cottage and its tenants, did not have much that was new to tell. On the morning after Dr. Cronin disappeared she saw stains on the porch of the cottage, and the prints of muddy shoes on the steps and sidewalk. They were not there when she swept the porch and sidewalk the day before. About May 20 a stranger tendered her another month's rent for the house, but Mrs. Carlson, being convinced that all was not right, refused to accept the money. The fellow then asked to be admitted to the cottage, but was firmly refused. He then went away and was not seen again by Mrs. Carlson.

POSITIVE AS POSSIBLE.

The witness was positive that the stains on the wall and floors were not there last winter, and her son Charles, who was in the house two days before Burke leased it, swore to the same effect. The old woman identified Burke in the line of the prisoners without the slightest hesitation.

Then came Expressman Hakan Mortensen, the most important witness in the case. He sat with his hat in his hands. A man hired him at Market street and Chicago avenue, the latter part of March, to carry a light load of furniture from 117 Clark street to Lincoln and Belmont avenues. He reported at the downtown flat at 5:30 o'clock that afternoon. The stranger who had hired him stood in the doorway. When Mortensen started to go upstairs to get the furniture he was told to stand on the sidewalk. Then the stranger, accompanied by a man who had a dark complexion, began to bring the furniture down the stairs. They handed it to Mortenson, who piled it up on his wagon. There was a chamber set, a mattress, two chairs, a bed-spring and a trunk which was encircled by a huge strap.

VERY THIN EXCUSES.

The stranger who appeared to be conducting the transfer again told Mortensen to drive to Lincoln and Belmont avenues, where he said he would meet him, as he would take a cable train. When the expressman reached the corner the man was not there. An hour later the stranger appeared. He was in a buggy and accompanied by his companion, and Mortensen and his employe, who explained his delay by saying that the cable had broke, took a drink in a neighboring saloon, and then the stranger told the expressman to follow him. They drove through the dark streets until the buggy with its occupants stopped in front of the Carlson cottage. There all three alighted, and the work of carrying the furniture into the house begun. Young Carlson stood in the yard. Mortensen saw every piece of furniture carried into the cottage. The big trunk, which was empty, was placed in the front room.

When the work was all done, the men went to another saloon, where the stranger paid him from the change he received from a $5 bill. Two days later the expressman saw the same man at Market street and Chicago avenue. He

SAW HIM AFTERWARD

on the south side of Chicago avenue, or on the same side on which the East Chicago avenue police station stands, and the station where Coughlin reported. The next time he saw him was at Winnipeg, where he picked him out from a line of 50 prisoners, and when Mortensen was asked to-day if he recognized the stranger in the courtroom, he pointed directly at Burke, who showed more anger than he did during the rest of the ordeals he has passed through since Friday morning. His face flushed, his jaws set, and his eyes glared savagely at the witness.

The expressman also identified the bloody and shattered trunk as the one which he carted from the Clark street flat to the Carlson cottage. The cross-examination failed to shake any of the important points of the direct testimony. The young man will resume his seat on the gridiron Monday morning.

In his cross-examination of Mortensen and young Carlson Mr. Forrest sought to strengthen the theory of the defense that the police had

ENTERED INTO A CONSPIRACY

to convict the prisoners by drawing an admission from the witnesses that they had been almost constantly in the custody of officers since the Coroner's inquest, and that they had received some money from the State. Mortensen admitted that he was in the pay of the Police Department, as hostler in the patrol wagon of the Desplaines street station. There two men, however, have been detailed to guard them. The money paid to them by the State was for incidental expenses connected with their trips about the country.

Senator Kennedy, who made such a gallant fight to prevent Burke's extradition from Winnipeg, and who was retained to defend the prisoner in the present trial, today abandoned the case and returned to his home in Wisconsin. In an interview with THE DISPATCH correspondent he said he was promoted to take the step by the revelations of the jury-bribing conspiracy and the unfriendly attitude of his associates. He declared he was sick of the whole thing and wished to wash his hands of the case. Mr. Forrest, it is understood, will now look out for Burke's interests.

A SUICIDE CAUSES AN ASSIGNMENT.

The New York Firm of William Turnbull & Co. Closes Down.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

NEW YORK, November 2.—The members of the dry goods house of William Turnbull & Co. made a general assignment to-day, without preferences to Elijah P. Smith. The firm is composed of William Turnbull, Edward T. Choate, James McLean and Jules A. Montant. It was regarded as one of the most substantial houses in the trade. The partners say that the assignment was caused by the repudiation of the contracts with the firm made by the former trustee and manager of the Rochdale Woolen Mills, of Boston.

For years William Turnbull & Co. had been advancing him money upon his contract to deliver sufficient goods before the loan came due to meet the notes upon maturity. Dale had always lived up to these contracts, and in August the firm advanced him more money. On September 9 Dale shot himself. The new trustees, J. W. Wheelright, John D. Turnbull and Wm. Dale, found the affairs of the mills involved, and they repudiated Dale's contracts, holding that the money was advanced on Dale's private account.

EIGHT INDIAN PRISONERS

Kill and Rob Their Three Guards and Effect an Escape.

FLORENCE, ARIZ., November 2.—Sheriff Reynolds, W. A. Holmes and Eugene Middleton, while taking eight Apache Indians and one Mexican to Yuma Penitentiary this morning, were killed by their prisoners four miles from Riverside. It happened about 5 o'clock and before daylight. The prisoners were being walked up a heavy sandwash, and one of them grabbed a pistol from Holmes and shot the whites. The Indians then robbed the killed, took their arms and ammunition and started south. The Mexican convict was captured later.

Eugene Middleton, the owner of the stage line, was driving at the time, and was shot in the right side of the face, the ball coming out near the top of his head. Another shot took effect in his cheek. He walked back to Riverside to give the alarm. At last accounts he was nearly dead. A posse has gone from Florence in pursuit of the fugitives.

AN ATHLETE'S EXPERIENCE.

He is Attacked by Robbers and Knocked Insensible.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

NEW YORK, November 2.—Charles Ellingsworth, the young athlete who has been missing since Monday morning, when he bade his mother goodby to be gone for a few hours, put in an appearance at his home this evening. He went to Newark on Monday, and was returning Tuesday morning, but that when he reached the city he went into a saloon and was attacked by ruffians, who wanted to get his jewelry. He showed fight and was struck on the head with some blunt instrument and rendered insensible. When he came to his senses he went to the house of a friend, where he remained until he saw the article announcing his disappearance in to-day's newspapers.

SCOTT'S MINERS GOING TO WORK.

The Strikers Want the Working Contracts Modified.

SPRING VALLEY, ILL., November 2.—W. L. Scott's striking coal miners held a meeting to-day and instructed ex-Manager Devlin to communicate with Mr. Scott with a view to getting a modification of the working contract. Numbers of the strikers have broken ranks and secured re-employment during the past few days.

BIGLER'S LONE HAND.

He Has Had Precious Little Help in Conducting the Campaign.

REPUBLICAN LEADERS AROUSED.

They Will be Very Sad if Boyer Does Not Have 40,000 to Spare.

MR. ANDREWS IS SERENELY CONFIDENT,

But Positively Declines to Make an Estimate of the Party Majority.

The campaign in this State is now officially closed. Chairman Andrews states that Boyer will have a majority which will be eminently satisfactory, but declines to furnish any figures. Candidate Bigler has been conducting his campaign with scarcely any assistance, but is hopeful as to the outlook.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

PHILADELPHIA, November 2.—"The fight is over. The campaign is ended. Victory is ours, and it is only a question of majority," said Chairman Andrews as he sat in his room at Republican headquarters to-day. The Chairman heaved a sigh of relief as he saw Messenger Warren Jackson on his way to the postoffice with the last of the large number of letters which have been sent out from Republican headquarters during the past three months.

"I have entered into an agreement with Chirman Kisner," said Chairman Andrews, "and the return of the vote cast on Tuesday next will be compared with the vote cast in the Hart-McGlynn contest of 1887, and all estimates of per cent will be made accordingly.

NOT GIVING FIGURES.

No amount of talk would have induced the Republican State Chairman to say just how many majority Boyer is expected to receive as he put his foot down firmly and said:

"I am not giving out figures. We'll have a majority which will be perfectedly satisfactory to us and little comfort to the opposition."

In spite of the refusal of the Chairman of the Republican State Committee to talk figures, the belief in general in Republican circles, among the well informed, that H. K. Boyer will have between 40,000 and 50,000 majority. It is maintained that great efforts have been made to get out a large Republican vote throughout the counties of the State and it has been the policy of the State campaign managers to instil into the minds of the active workers whom they met and conversed with during the tour of the counties the bearing of this year's fight on the party's future contests. As an evidence of how well the party managers have succeeded, Governor James A. Beaver, in his speech on Friday night to the young Republicans, cautioned them against inaction, and said that the

RESULT OF THE FIGHT

in this State at this time would be accepted as a forerunner of what may be expected in the struggle of next year, and the national contest of 1892. Ex-Senator Hood promised 2,400 majority for Mr. Boyer in Indians county, and said: "Our county has been thoroughly organized by school districts. We have a perfect organization. We have arranged to bring our men to the polls who work in the lumber mills, and we will poll more than the usual percentage of votes in an off-year contest."

It is known that Senator Quay had all along since his visit to this city from Washington been giving the benefit of his advice and experience to the State managers, and that while they have never felt in any way alarmed as to the outcome, yet every effort has been made to get out a large vote, and it is safe to say that if Henry K. Boyer's majority is not in the neighborhood of 40,000 that the Republican leaders will be sadly disappointed.

THE DEMOCRATIC CAMPAIGN.

Chairman Kisner did not, as at first intended, establish his headquarters in this city, but left the direction of the campaign at this end of the line in the hands of District Chairman Sheriff Krumbhaar. The Democratic leaders have followed in the wake of the Republican managers and the same system of campaigning has been carried on by both parties.

The claim is made that the Democrats have lost rather than gained by the operation, as it is believed that the Republicans have effected a more perfect organization by reason of the fact that they have a larger number of voters, giving them a natural majority supplemented by the fact of their being in possession of the national administration and having plenty of money with which to carry out their purposes. Another point advanced in favor of a large majority for Candidate Boyer is that the Republican leaders are making his fight their fight, while Candidate Bigler has been forced to rely solely upon the support of the State organization. Speaking on this subject yesterday a leading Democrat said:

ALL BY HIMSELF.

"Wallace is in Europe, Cassidy is busy with his law practice, Sam Randall is at Washington and Bigler is playing a lone hand in the game." It is no secret that the Democratic leaders are looking to the perfection of their organization for next year's great battle, and it is hinted that it was after consultation that it was decided to have no interference by any outside party, no matter what rank he filled in the Democratic army, who was not officially connected with the State organization for the purpose of preventing any jealousies.

Candidate Bigler, who spent last Sunday in this city, before leaving expressed himself as very well satisfied with the condition of things. He did not even hint that he expected to be elected, but spoke in very confident tones of the interest manifested and their expectations of a heavy Democratic vote. Neither Bigler nor Kisner is here.

CAMPAIGN LITERATURE.

Chairman Kisner Has Been Working Hard and Expects Good Results.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

HARRISBURG, November 2.—Chairman Kisner has had a large force at work the past few weeks, mailing documents to a few hundred thousand voters whose names are in his possession. He has done all he could to promote the election of the Democratic candidate for State Treasurer by disseminating campaign literature, but declines to make any guess as to the probable result of the election on Tuesday next. He talks as if he expected good results from his work, and regards the importunities of Chairman Andrews for money and votes as evidence that the leader of the Republican forces is not sure of his footing.

Representative Hall, who wants to succeed Boyer as Speaker of the House, was here to-day on his way home to vote. He has been stumping in Western Pennsylvania, and, although he believes the vote will be light, he put Boyer's probable majority at from 40,000 to 50,000.

A Verdict of Guilty Rendered.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

GREENSBURG, November 2.—The jury in the arson case returned a verdict of guilty to-night. The jury stood 11 to 1 for conviction for 24 hours. The counsel for Hetzel and Francis ask for a new trial.

GREATLY S[illegible]D UP.

A Catholic Congregation [illegible] Over the Removal of Its Cura[illegible] Sympathy for the Moth[illegible] Banished Priest—A[illegible] Raised for Her Bene[illegible]

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DI[illegible]

HOOSICK FALLS, N. Y., Nove[illegible] The Catholic portion of this comm[illegible] very much stirred up over the action [illegible] Rev. Father Waldron, the priest in charge of the Church of the Immaculate Conception, in sending away the curate, the Rev. D. J. Omahoney, first transferring him to Villanova College, and soon after to a mission station in Pennsylvania. The church is under the control of the Augustinian order, whose headquarters are at Lawrence, Mass. The Rev. Father Waldron has been a priest for 15 years, and during the absence in Europe, since last summer, of the provincial, the highest officer of the Augustinian Order, he has been acting provincial.

The Rev. Mr. Omahoney has great personal popularity, and it is felt that it is because of this that he has been sent away. Out of his salary here he was supporting his aged and dependent mother, which he will now no longer be able to do, as in his new place his salary will not be continued. Many gifts were made to the curate on his departure, and a movement was made with great success to raise a collection for his mother.

While this movement was on foot Father Waldron claimed to have received from the parish priest at Lawrence, and from the aged lady herself, telegrams to the effect that she was not in want, and these telegrams be publicly read. Then the delegation went to Lawrence, saw the mother of Omahoney, ascertained that she was in need, that she would be glad to receive the proposed contribution, and that she had not sent the telegrams as represented.

Wednesday night a large meeting of the members of the parish was held in the Opera House. Supervisor Buckley presided, and Village Attorney John J. Madden was secretary. Resolutions eulogistic of the Rev. Mr. Omahoney and deprecating his removal were unanimously adopted. At morning mass last Sunday Father Waldron began to speak of the late assistant priest, when nearly the whole congregation arose and left the church.

The public meeting was one of the largest gatherings of people Hoosick Falls has seen in many years. More than 1,500 persons have signed the resolutions, and $2,000 has been raised for the Rev. Mr. Omahoney's mother. The provincial of the Augustinian Order was expected to arrive in New York to-day on the steamer Alaska, and Father Waldron has gone to meet him.

AN INCLINE ACCIDENT.

The Cable Breaks With a Dozen Persons on the Car—Half That Number Probably Fatally Injured—Leaps for Life.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

BEDFORD, PA., November 2.—A terrible accident occurred this afternoon at Gooseberry, a small station on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, about two miles west of Hyndman, at the fireclay mines of Hoblitzell & Sons. While the miners were at work the mine caved in and two of the men were badly injured. Their fellow-workmen went to their assistance, and soon had them on a car and started down the steep incline to take them to their homes.

The incline is about 500 feet long and very steep. They had hardly started down until the cable broke, and the car started down at a terrible rate of speed. The car contained ten men beside the two who had been injured in the mine. All saw that it was instant death to remain in the car so they jumped for their lives, all receiving more or less injuries. Broken arms and legs and bruised heads constituted their injuries.

The two poor unfortunates who were hurt in the mines were in the car helpless going at the rate of a mile a minute and were hurled over the tipple with the car 30 feet below, and small hopes are entertained for their recovery. At this writing it is hard to get the exact number who are fatally injured, but six are known to have their arms and legs broken besides the two who were penned in the car.

VIRGINIA OFFICIALS ARRESTED.

Charged With Erasing the Names of Republican Voters From the Books.

DANVILLE, VA., November 2.—United States District Attorney Craig arrived here to-day, and T. A. Fox, Registrar at the last Presidental election, was arrested, charged with improperly erasing from the registration books the names of Republican voters. The case was heard before United States Commissioner Tinsley and at the beginning of the trial several exciting scenes occurred, though no violence was done, and Fox was finally sent on to the grand jury for indictment.

The Democrats here are indignant, and the whole city has been in a state of feverish excitement all day over what the Democrats construe as the unwarranted interference of the United States officials with citizens just on the eve of a State election.

A HONEYMOON IN ALLEGHENY.

Lovers Elope From England and Come Here to Get Married.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

NEW YORK, November 2.—Among the arrivals at Castle Garden to-day were Walter Winter, aged 19, and Edith Portwood, aged 18. They said that they left their homes in London to come here and get married. Edith, who is a remarkably pretty girl, said that she had been employed as a domestic in a family who resided in Dublin. Her mother left her father six years ago and was living at Allegheny, Pa. Walter said he was a gold beater by trade and had left his father, mother and two brothers behind. The couple will start for the girl's mother's house to-day. They were passengers on the Adriatic.

NOT IDENTIFIED AS THE BENDERS.

The Oswego Prisoners Claim to be Controlled by a Spiritualist.

OSWEGO, KAN., November 2.—Mrs. Griffith and Mrs. Davis, who were arrested at Niles, Mich., on suspicion of being the old woman Bender and Kate Bender, have not yet been identified as members of the notorious family. Seven persons who had known the Benders well were taken to see the suspects to-day, but only two of them could come anywhere near making an identification.

Mrs. Davis to-day consented to see reporters. She said Mrs. McCann, who was instrumental in procuring their arrest, was a Spiritualist and had her (Mrs. Davis) completely under her control whenever they were alone.

PURITY OF PRIMARY ELECTIONS.

A Chicago Ballot Box Manipulator Very Promptly Found Guilty.

CHICAGO, November 2.—The first prosecution in this city for infractions of the recently enacted law to preserve the purity of preliminary elections