

BUFFALO STOCK REVIEW

Cattle Weak and Lower All Along the Line at East Liberty.

PRIME BEEVES NOT ON MARKET

Farmers Pushing the Refuse to the Front to Save Wintering.

CHOICE SHEEP AND HOGS STEADY

OFFICE OF PITTSBURG DISPATCH, WEDNESDAY, October 1, 1920.

At the East Liberty yards there were 120 loads of cattle on the market at the opening on Monday morning, and all desirable grades started out steady at last week's prices.

Later on in the day additional receipts and unfavorable news from New York led to a decline all along the line.

Heavy butchers' cattle, weighing from 1,100 to 1,200 lbs., were in short supply, and hence suffered least from the decline.

Common to good grades were 10 to 15c per cwt. lower than last week. There was a few loads of good but not prime beefs on the market, weighing from 1,400 to 1,500 lbs., but there was only one buyer for this grade, and he very naturally made the most of his opportunity, and bought at 7c per cwt. lower.

There was a good inquiry for good feeders, but few were offered. Stockers were dull and slow at the lowest price of the season.

The biggest trade of the day was in 120 head of heavy butchers' cattle, weighing close to 1,500 lbs. The same grade would easily have brought \$1.75 last week.

There were about 300 head of stockers and commingled grades there were eight to ten head on in first hands, and a goodly number of other lots of stock were offered this morning.

An Illinois stockman that puts the situation of the country in a strictly prime beefs on the market this week, and even good grades were largely in the minority.

At the eastern yards on Monday it looked as though we were going to get better prices for our heavy butchers' cattle than we were.

Marked for sale, but the firm feeling was not lasting, and before noon on Monday there were only a few loads of heavy butchers' cattle.

There was a good inquiry for good feeders, but few were offered. Stockers were dull and slow at the lowest price of the season.

Small supply of sheep.

The run of sheep and lambs on Monday was very light, and fancy stock, which was very scarce, was in short supply.

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MARKETS BY WIRE

FACTS ABOUT MONEY.

Free Offsets Cause a Slight Bump in the Grain-Futures Generally Bullish—Half a Million Bushels of Corn Released.

CHICAGO—Wheat—Trading was very good on speculative account today, and the feeling developed somewhat unsettled. Prices again averaged higher, but the advance was not sustained.

The course of the market yesterday influenced many traders to change to the long side, and most of the local crowd was built up on the advance. The local crowd was particular opposition, but was rather held along by the majority of traders, the early advance was accomplished without any special effort.

The opening was about the same as yesterday, with particular opposition, but was rather held along by the majority of traders, the early advance was accomplished without any special effort.

Corn was fairly active and easier, a lower price was indicated by the market. The decline was almost entirely to the free offers of a heavy local speculator, who sold in the neighborhood of 500,000 bushels through brokers, which had a very depressing effect on prices.

First trade was at yesterday's close. The market opened at 43 1/2c, failed a little, rallied steadily and closed with a 3/4c gain.

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A Short History of the Silver Coin Minted by Uncle Sam.

ALL OF THEM COUNTERFEITED.

A Budget of Stock and Grain Gossip From New York and Chicago.

NEW TRENDS IN HOUSES AND REALTY.

The weight of the standard silver dollar in 41 1/2 grains, 900 fine, first coined in 1794.

The number of the old dollars were counterfeited, the composition generally being of German silver and brass, and heavily plated; milling and receding poor.

The Bland, or standard dollar, was first coined in 1878; fineness, 900; weight in grains, 412 1/2.

All of these dollars have been extensively counterfeited, the composition generally used being lead, pewter, typewriter and iron.

They are made in a mold, and over 100 grains lighter than the genuine coin, and can be readily detected, owing to their slippery feeling.

A number of very dangerous counterfeiters of this coin have been recently, which were nearly half weight, ranging from 380 to 410 grains.

This class of counterfeiters are composed of German silver and brass, and heavily plated; milling and receding poor.

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DOMESTIC MARKETS.

Wet Weather Proves Damaging to General Produce Trade.

Wholesale Grocers Excited Over Tariff Legislation.

SUPPLY OF GRAPES ABOVE DEMAND.

MOVEMENT OF LUMBER VERY ACTIVE.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURG DISPATCH, WEDNESDAY, October 1, 1920.

Country Produce—Jobbing Prices.

Wet weather was damaging to trade in this department and volume of business was light.

Dairy products are unchanged. Grapes are in excessive supply and range of markets is the lowest of the season.

Potatoes are steady at quotations. Apples coming in freely and market is active.

Sweet potatoes are very low. Tropical fruits are temporarily forced to the rear by the heavy supply of grapes.

Vegetables are growing more abundant in the market and prices are softening.

APPLS—\$1.00 1/2 bushel, 20c; Ohio do, 20c; fresh duty packed, 18c; fancy country, 18c.

BERRIES—Grapes, Concord, 25c 1/2 bushel; Delaware, 25c 1/2 bushel; cranberries, \$1.00 1/2 bushel; blueberries, 20c 1/2 bushel.

BRAN—New crop, 10c 1/2 bushel; marrowfat, 12c 1/2 bushel; white, 10c 1/2 bushel; yellow, 10c 1/2 bushel.

BUCKWHEAT—25c 1/2 bushel; common, \$1.00 1/2 bushel; extra, \$1.00 1/2 bushel; white, \$1.00 1/2 bushel.

CHEESE—Ohio, 10c 1/2 bushel; Michigan, 10c 1/2 bushel; New York, 10c 1/2 bushel; Wisconsin, 10c 1/2 bushel.

EGGS—12c 1/2 dozen for strictly fresh; 11c 1/2 dozen for strictly fresh; 10c 1/2 dozen for strictly fresh.

FRUIT—Extra, 10c 1/2 bushel; No. 1 do, 8c 1/2 bushel; No. 2 do, 6c 1/2 bushel; No. 3 do, 4c 1/2 bushel.

GRAIN—Wheat, 10c 1/2 bushel; corn, 8c 1/2 bushel; oats, 6c 1/2 bushel; rye, 8c 1/2 bushel; barley, 10c 1/2 bushel.

MEAT—Beef, 10c 1/2 bushel; pork, 10c 1/2 bushel; mutton, 10c 1/2 bushel; lamb, 10c 1/2 bushel; veal, 10c 1/2 bushel.

POULTRY—Spring chickens, 25c 1/2 pair; old do, 20c 1/2 pair; turkeys, 10c 1/2 pair; geese, 10c 1/2 pair; ducks, 10c 1/2 pair.

SALES—Country, 10c 1/2 bushel; city, 10c 1/2 bushel; foreign, 10c 1/2 bushel; export, 10c 1/2 bushel.

VEGETABLES—Potatoes, 10c 1/2 bushel; sweet potatoes, 10c 1/2 bushel; onions, 10c 1/2 bushel; carrots, 10c 1/2 bushel; celery, 10c 1/2 bushel.

FRUIT—California, 10c 1/2 bushel; Michigan, 10c 1/2 bushel; New York, 10c 1/2 bushel; Wisconsin, 10c 1/2 bushel.

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