

AND OHIO, TOO, HAS SLUMPED TO GROVER.

The Climax Reached With the Buckeye State Probably Democratic by 1,000.

REPUBLICANS WANT OFFICIAL FIGURES.

Dazed Democratic Leaders Can Hardly Realize the Full Extent of Their Victory.

A DECISIVE MAJORITY IS CLAIMED IN INDIANA.

Illinois is Certainly Democratic, and Wisconsin Appears to Have Gone With the Rest.

Kansas is Close, With the Chances Favoring Weaver—Others of the Far Western States in the Populist Column—If Cleveland Has Carried Ohio and Wisconsin He Has 296 Electoral Votes, and Additional Returns May Even Increase This Number—Ludicrous Surprise of the Buckeye Democracy When They Found They Had Possibly Carried the State—Tremendous Losses in the Strongholds of the Western Reserve—Interesting Details.

A tidal wave hardly describes the situation. The Democrats now claim Ohio, West Virginia, Indiana and Wisconsin as safely theirs, and nobody is disposed to contradict their estimates. Each additional hour increases the electoral majority secured by Cleveland and Stevenson.

Table with columns for State, Population, and Electoral Votes. Lists states from Alabama to Wyoming.

In doubt, For Cleveland 264, For Harrison 116, For Weaver 29. In doubt, probably Democratic 35.

If the Democrats have carried Ohio and Wisconsin, as seems probable, Cleveland's total electoral vote will be 299. Additional returns are more likely to increase than lessen this number.

The figure which the Buckeye State will cut in this year of grace 1892 on the Presidential results promises to be the most sensational and acrobatic in its history.

Waiting on the Official Figures. The situation, just 24 hours after the polls have closed, is that it will require the official count to determine the result in Ohio.

A Surprise All Along the Line. The Republicans met with a regular ground swell as regards the results on Congressmen. The Democrats have captured 11 of the 21 Congressmen.

man, of the Sixteenth district, claims his election by 84 votes, while the Democrats claim the election of his opponent, Albert J. Pearson, by over 100 votes. It can readily be seen there will be a contest in this district, and the chances are that if that case is ever referred to a Democratic House Colonel Poorman is not likely to wear his Congressional honors long.

Ex-Governor James Ashley, of Toledo, still claims his election by a small plurality over Byron Ritchie, the Democratic nominee in the Ninth district, but the Democrats figure the plurality in Ritchie's favor. Another contest, probably.

The defeat of Thomas R. Morgan, the Republican nominee in the Eighteenth district, is conceded, and the old McKinley district will be represented in the next Congress by Dr. George P. Ikert, of East Palestine.

Harter and Johnson Great Runners. The election of Tom Johnson (D.) over O. J. Hodges, at Cleveland, and Hon. Michael Harter over E. G. Johnson, in the Fourteenth, was conceded Tuesday night.

Besides these there were six districts which, under the new apportionment last winter, were made strongly Democratic. It will therefore be seen that the next Ohio delegation in Congress will not be 15 Republicans to six Democrats, as was expected when the Legislature passed the redistricting bill. The delegation will be about evenly divided, with the chances in favor of the Democrats eventually having 11 of the 21.

The vicious inroads on the pluralities in Republican districts had much to do with melting away the plurality on the head of the Republican ticket. A late telegram also indicates the Democrats may be successful in the other Cleveland district.

The Democrats Surprised Themselves. The avalanche in Ohio was as much of a surprise to the Democrats as to the Republicans. When Chairman Farley of the Democratic State Committee retired about 2 A. M. to-day, he was eminently satisfied with Cleveland's election, and was very willing to concede Ohio to the Republicans by 15,000 plurality.

Colonel W. A. Taylor, the head of the Democratic State ticket, was also anxious to hold the plurality down to that figure. He slept under the soothing assurance that the plurality would not reach 20,000 to 23,000, as claimed by Chairman Dick. In fact, Chairman Farley left for home at Cleveland early this morning still laboring under the delightful delusion that the Republican party would not exceed 15,000. He hadn't the faintest conception of the true situation.

He had a date to go on a hunting expedition with a party and he hurried off to meet that blaring engagement only to find to his surprise that the Republican party was probably surprised when he learns what large political game his associates are now trying to bag.

Colonel Al Carlisle in Charge. The Democratic State headquarters were left in charge of Colonel Al Carlisle, Colonel Taylor and others. During the forenoon reports from the various counties came in and showed remarkable Democratic gains. This was especially true of Cuyahoga county and other counties in the Congressional districts where the Democratic nominees have overcome Republican pluralities.

The Democrats were rather slow in sizing up the situation, and even that courageous statistician, Colonel Taylor, did not have the nerve to claim his election for some time. The Democrats continued to feel more rosy as the returns came in and began to reduce Governor McKinley's plurality of 21,511 last fall at the rate of 2,000 or 3,000 at a clip. Finally Colonel Taylor did his great juggling act on figures, turned all the Democratic gains into red, and announced with considerable flourish that he would be elected by 1,200 plurality.

The Republican Plurality Goes Glimmering. No one fell dead, as it was evident to the non-experts that the nominal Republican plurality had gone glimmering. The report spread like wildfire and created no small sensation in political circles. The possible defeat of Ohio Republicans in a Presidential election was all the talk in the hotel lobbies.

During the afternoon the Democrats strengthened their claims. They claimed that the Cleveland electors would be chosen, and that Ohio, like Illinois, had been swept from party moorings and must hereafter be classed as a doubtful State in the Presidential fight. They also claimed the election of John S. Eilen (Democrat) over W. J. White in the Twentieth district. By supper time Colonel Taylor claimed his election by 1,500 to 2,000.

Meantime there was a good deal of consternation in the Republican ranks. When Chairman Dick and Secretary Malloy left the City Hall, after hearing the returns last night, they confidently expected the plurality would reach 20,000.

Soon on the Anxious Seat. By noon they were on the anxious seat. Chairman Dick did not go to the Republican State headquarters, but remained in his room at the Neil House. The telegrams from the various county chairmen were sent to his room, where the estimates were made. Hon. S. M. Taylor, Joe Smith, Dr. Taylor, Frank Romaine, W. S. Gilbert and other Republicans took a hand in figuring on the results.

By noon Chairman Dick had reduced his majority to 12,000, and continued gradually to scale it down until by supper time it fluctuated around 10,000. A table was prepared by Mr. Gilbert in which the pluralities by counties were given.

The unofficial reports from counties were set down and close estimates were made on the results. A computation on this basis about 3 P. M., with about 30 counties still out, gave S. M. Taylor nearly 5,000 plurality. It dwindled, however, until a telegram from Cleveland announcing Cuyahoga county had given W. A. Taylor 3,750 plurality was received. This nearly annihilated the entire Republican party, and it was known then that the vote would be very close.

A Candidate Turns Pale. When Hon. S. M. Taylor read the Cleveland telegram he turned quite pale and trembled as if he had just been ordered to be shot. The agony in the Republican ranks about that time was thick enough to cut, and even Senator Jerry Carpenter had passages of Scripture appropriate for the occasion. He wouldn't believe "we were gone until the official vote was canvassed." From then on the situation improved, and Mr. Taylor's plurality vacillated between 300 and 500.

The situation became so interesting at 10 P. M. that the two State Committees compared notes and exchanged information in past and found that they did not vary materially on the estimated result. At the Democratic headquarters they had secured semi-official returns from all but three counties in the State, and the committee claims the State on these figures by a plurality of 74.

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STEVENSON'S HOUSE WRECKED.

His Floor Broken Down by the Crowd That Wanted to See Him.

BLOOMINGTON, ILL., Nov. 9.—It was 2 o'clock this morning when Hon. A. E. Stevenson and his family retired after carefully watching the returns and receiving the great multitude of visitors who called to extend to him their congratulations upon the Democratic victory. About midnight a delegation of Democrats, wild with enthusiasm, numbering about 1,000, invaded his home. Every foot of room was jammed with people crowding in to grasp General Stevenson's hands. Those upon the outside who could not get in crowded up as close as possible to the house. Such a number got upon the front porch that it gave way, and this morning the debris is all trampled as if by droves of wild buffaloes.

CONNECTICUT'S REVOLUTION.

The First Time the Democratic Elect State Officers Since 1882.

HARTFORD, Nov. 9.—[Special.]—The Democrats swept this State clean in yesterday's election. Cleveland's majority in the State four years ago was 326; this year it is over 5,000. Besides, the Democratic State ticket is elected throughout by the people, for the first time since the election of Governor Waller in 1882. The vote on State officers varies little from the vote for President. In previous years the Democratic State officers have received pluralities, but as a majority is necessary to elect in this State the election has been thrown into the Legislature which, as a Republican body, has chosen Republican State officers. This year all the Democratic State officers have large majorities and all the Legislature will have to concern itself about will be the election of a United States Senator. The State Senate will be a tie, with a Democratic Lieutenant Governor casting the deciding vote. The House of Representatives will be Republican by 14 majority, thus insuring the return of a Republican United States Senator. Democrats will have out of four members of Congress; Lewis Sperry, in the First District; James P. Pigott in the Second, and R. E. De Forest in the Fourth. Charles A. Russell (Rep.) is named in the Third District.

Complete figures on Connecticut: Harrison, 76,988; Cleveland, 82,465; plurality, 5,477. For Governor, Morris (Dem.), 82,269; Merwin (Rep.), 76,423; Morris' majority over all, 1,116.

RUSSELL A PHENOMENON.

Re-Elected Governor of Massachusetts While Harrison Goes 20,000 Majority.

BOSTON, Nov. 9.—[Special.]—Governor Russell has again proved the strength of the popular favor by winning the Governorship in a Republican State in a Presidential election. It is a great triumph for him personally. It is nothing else. Aside from the election of Governor the Democrats have lost heavily in the State. It was expected that the Republican plurality for the national ticket would be smaller than it was four years ago. But the State repudiated the wave of free tradeism which swept over it two years ago, as is shown by the defeat of Congressmen Andrews, Crosby, Coolidge and Williams, who owed their election solely to that issue.

The returns show an average plurality of 20,000 for the Democrats, leaving the calculations upon the vote for President electors, and the remainder of the State ticket, not including the gubernatorial feature. It is everywhere admitted that both Democrats and Republicans will be elected, and that the Republican ticket will probably be the successor of Cleveland if Democratic principles prevail in the next Presidential election. Not until tonight was the result of the gubernatorial contest known. The returns from 13 out of 14 counties show that Cleveland has made gains in the Legislature as well as in the Congressional delegation, and will elect the successor to Senator Dawes.

CALIFORNIA'S MIXTURE.

The Legislature Very Close—Democrats Elect Four of Seven Congressmen.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 9.—The California Legislature consists of 120 members—40 Senators and 80 Assemblymen. Of these Republicans have 14 hold-over Senators and Democrats 6, leaving 100 members of the Legislature to be voted for. Republicans have 47, Democrats 47, control on joint ballot, and Democrats must elect 53. Incomplete returns from 19 out of 20 Senatorial districts, indicate that the Republicans elect 51 and the Democrats 14 counties. The complete returns from 83 out of 80 Assembly districts indicate that Democrats have elected 35 and Democrats 36, non-partisans 2 Assemblymen, making 54 members of the Legislature for the Republicans and 56 Democrats. Eight legislative districts not yet heard from, the Republicans must obtain seven and the Democrats five to control on joint ballot.

One thousand two hundred and sixty-six precincts out of 2,150 in California, including the entire San Francisco vote, gave Harrison 87,559; Cleveland, 88,693; Weaver, 15,352. According to present indications representation in the House of Representatives will be four Democrats and three Republicans, with Democrats pushing the Republicans closely in the districts in which Republicans are slightly in the lead.

INDIANA IS DEMOCRATIC.

The Latest Returns Give the State to Grover by About 8,000.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 9.—[Special.]—The returns continue to come in slowly, and especially from Southern Indiana. Seventy-three counties have reported, and Cleveland and the Democratic State ticket have in those counties by 7,200 plurality. The other nine counties are expected to give a net Democratic gain of 1,000. The Legislature will be Democratic by a big majority on joint ballot.

The Democrats elect eleven Congressmen, as follows: First district, A. H. Taylor; second, John L. Bretz; third, Jason B. Brown; fourth, W. S. Holman; fifth, George W. Cooper; seventh, W. D. Bannum; eighth, E. Y. Brodhead; tenth, Thomas Hammond; eleventh, A. N. Martin; twelfth, W. F. MacNagney; thirteenth, C. G. Conn. The Republicans elect the following Congressmen: Sixth, H. M. Johnson; ninth, Daniel Waugh.

BUZZARD'S BAY IS PLEASED.

Preparations for a Celebration at Grover Cleveland's Summer Home.

BUZZARD'S BAY, Nov. 9.—[Special.]—To say that Democrats at Grover Cleveland's summer home town are elated does not describe the situation. The supporters of Mr. Cleveland point with pride to a gain of 20 votes over 1888 in the small town, in the face of the unusual efforts to reduce their vote. The Democratic leaders are preparing for a demonstration in honor of their distinguished summer resident and his family. Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland, Mr. Wareham, the sister town adjoining, where Mr. Cleveland's influence is felt as much as in Bourne, went Democratic by a plurality of 5,500. The result is a great overthrowing Harrison's plurality in 1888

WYOMING IN DOUBT.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Nov. 9.—Both Republican and Democratic claim the State, each by from 500 to 600 plurality. The Legislature is equally uncertain, but the election of Osborn (D.) for Governor is conceded.

Cleveland's Delaware Plurality, 578. WILMINGTON, DEL., Nov. 9.—Delaware complete: Cleveland, 18,269; Harrison, 17,301; Cleveland's plurality, 978.

Iowa Republican by at Least 23,000. DES MOINES, IA., Nov. 9.—[Special.]—The Republican electoral ticket carried by a plurality of from 22,000 to 25,000. They also elect State officers. The Democrats obtain but one of the 11 Congressmen elected.

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