

Towanda, Thursday, May 30, 1867.

GREELEY AS DAVIS' BAIL.

Horace Greeley seems to think that all who find fault with him for becoming Jefferson Davis' bail, are enemies and scoundrels. It is a very common way, of common men, when they get into a bad scrape, are called to an account, and are unable to offer any justification for bad conduct, to feel, and to say they are abused, and abuse is not worth replying to; but we did not think Mr. G. would attempt to hide himself under this old subterfuge. Now what are the facts in this case? Why, that the entire republican party, so far as any expression has been given (and it has been pretty generally given) condemns Mr. Greeley's act in offering himself as security for the arch-traitor. All the men, and all the papers, in the party, denounce the act as an unmitigated piece of folly; and yet, almost all these—the people and the papers—up to this time, have been friendly to Mr. G., and have looked upon him as an able leader; and now, because these condemn his action in the premises, they are called enemies, and are scoundrels. They pity the man and condemn the act, but it is not the work of enemies, and the reason why they find fault with his action is, because it is wrong. They would not complain if those who thought and acted with Davis, went his bail. His traitorous proceeding was right in their eyes, and it was only consistent in them to help him, when he needed help. But for one, who had always contended that the rebellion was a crime, to assist in releasing from punishment the head and front of that rebellion, makes himself not only inconsistent, but he becomes the apostle for the criminals' wrongs. Do honest men, who condemn horse-stealing, house-breaking, pick-pocketing, &c., usually become the securities of this class of desperadoes? And it is because Horace Greeley, has, indirectly, at least, approved of Jefferson Davis' crimes, by bailing him away from punishment, that the republicans all over the land, condemn him. Not for the reason that they are his enemies, but because he has done wrong. By this step, he has lost more than he is aware of, and more than he will recover again soon. He may swagger, and boast his indifference, but no man can (and he is not a man if he can) be indifferent to the censure of a whole nation, such as the republican party now represents. Greeley, like every one else who is infatuated with his own wrong, says he was right in doing as he did. He alone has the sagacity, the intelligence, the liberality and magnanimity, to comprehend fully the generosity and nobleness which led him into this step—folly in our judgment. This grows out of excessive vanity, and egotism with which the Tribune's editor has been sorely afflicted for the last ten years. He has not been proof against the flattery and adulation which has been heaped upon him. The truth is, and it is nearly, and is in a fair way of ruining the man altogether. It may seem like a bold assertion in us to say, that the Tribune's editorials, in which arguments are advanced in justification of Mr. Greeley's conduct in becoming surety for Jeff. Davis, appear absurd, and yet such is the fact. Look at it. The main reason assigned for bailing Davis, is that he has been kept in prison for two years, and yet has not been convicted of any crime! Mr. Greeley does not know that Davis headed a rebellion against the government of the United States, and caused, through it, the commission of all the crimes that were ever committed against a people, oh no, he does not know this. It must be proven before a jury before he will believe it. Is this not mockery? Is it not an outrage upon the understanding of the people who suffered so fearfully through Davis' villainous crimes? And then, it was such a disgrace to the nation, such a gross injustice to keep an arch-traitor two years in prison before he had been convicted of crime! Oh yes, according to Greeley's logic, Jefferson Davis alone has been the sufferer in this controversy and fight with the United States. Where is his folly leading him? He says, the mass of the American nation hold that Davis should be hung for his crimes, and while he has received no just punishment, still Greeley contends that two years imprisonment is a great wrong to a man that ought to be hung. The malicious spite of Greeley, as exhibited in his fling at Bryant and Weed, adds a bad spot in his heart to the want of sense he has shown in this bail business. We have no liking for Weed, but was it air to draw a comparison between him and Davis? At most a rumor, or surmise is afloat, that Weed was concerned in a cheat against the government, and on a trial at court, it could not be proven against him. Yet how is it with Davis. Is there any doubt of his having been a traitor? This is a certainty, and all can say it with impunity, but Greeley dare not say that Bryant and Weed were concerned in a fraud against the government; yet he will meanly insinuate it.

In his last article of self defense, Mr. Greeley gives extracts from the Richmond Whig, the Lynchburg Virginian, and Baltimore Sun, three rebel rebel organs, showing that he did right in going bail for Davis. What worse could he have done? Does not every republican in the land know that not only these three, but more than three hundred rebel and copperhead organs will land his act as so much of a justification of Davis' crimes, and that of all the other rebels? But are these quotations not fatal to Greeley's defense? Is he not hard up, has he not got into bad company, when he is obliged to take extracts from rebel papers to justify his acts. It seems to us, that is rehearsing the 'bull in the meshes,' the more he struggles the deeper he gets in. He declares that those who charge that he went Davis' bail for the sake of notoriety, "abuse him, throw mud at him," &c., and of course throwing mud is wrong. Hear what he says: "Nine-tenths of those now loudest in condemning that release are heartily glad of it, and only affect the contrary because they thereby gratify a spite, or hope to advance their own fortunes at the expense of some one else. If they could have Davis back in Fortress Monroe this hour by simply wishing it they would not." It is wrong in us to attribute selfish motives to G. Is it right in him to attribute them to us? Then, what spite have we to gratify? Or how is our fortune advanced by censuring Greeley for his errors? We would not, if we could, wish Davis back to Fortress Monroe to be entertained like a prince, but we would send him to the gallows, or to an Andersonville prison during his natural life. Mr. Greeley predicts that all those who find fault with the release of Davis, and with him for assisting in the matter, will "in three years be passed, protest that they did not mean it," or in other words, regret their condemnation of this business. This is barely possible, but highly improbable; and while Mr. G. has set us the example, we will also prophesy; and that is, that he will deeply regret this Davis bail transaction ere three years are ended, unless indeed, he goes entirely over to the enemy, and there is now some danger of this; even then, we can not see how he can get rid of deep mortification.

News of the Week. —Albert Allen, a boy of Linesville, Erie County, Penn., lately ran away with \$3,000 belonging to his father, and was finally arrested in Saginaw, Mich. He bought an interest in a saloon in Cleveland for \$150, and immediately sold it for \$100, then bought the tugboat Emma, of Saginaw, paying \$750 cash for it, and was about going in the towing business when arrested. —Last Saturday night, Hamilton Doughman, a farmer, of St. Joseph, Mo., had a street encounter with two of his brothers-in-law. After the exchange of some ten shots, he shot one of them, named William Monty, in the left breast, causing his instant death. Doughman was immediately arrested. The friends of the prisoner declare that the act was committed in self-defense. —A singular and imposing wedding ceremony came off at Millford, Conn., on Wednesday evening. The groom being a Knight Templar, the knot was tied in a Masonic hall, and the happy couple were escorted under the "arch of steel" with imposing grandeur. The Sir Knights were in full uniform, and appropriate music culminated the occasion. —Kentucky, Tennessee, Louisiana, Ohio, Illinois, Missouri and several of the Eastern States will be represented at the coming races on the Laclede Course at St. Louis. Fifty horses, some of them possessing national reputations, already occupy the stables at the track, and take their "constitutional" every morning outside the enclosure. —Gov. Patton has made arrangements for the payment, in New-York and London, of the total interest on the State debt of Alabama, up to July 1. The May interest, amounting to \$64,731, is already paid; the interest accruing in June and July has been forwarded. The aggregate in coin is \$128,000. —Over fifty plans and drawings for the new building for the War Department have been received. Many of them are very elaborate and nearly all are entirely different from the present style of public buildings, and vary in cost from \$2,000,000 to \$6,000,000. No plan will be adopted until next winter. —Carter D. Poindexter, formerly an officer of the navy, but who resigned and espoused the rebel cause during the rebellion, has just been pardoned by the President. He is cultivating a farm near Norfolk, Va., occasionally turning his attention to the taking of fish and oysters. —An emigrant and a special freight train collided at Whitty Station, C. W., Thursday. The rear emigrant car was badly smashed. One man, three women and a child were killed. Several others were more or less injured. The passengers were Germans. —The coming monthly statement of the Treasury will indicate a temporary increase in the national debt, which will be balanced by the return of June, when the income revenue will be received. —Jefferson Davis has reached the shores of Canada, the traditional refuge of Southern fugitives, black or white. He has escaped the land, but not the memory of Andersonville and Libby. —The Constitutional Convention of Michigan voted down, by a large majority, a motion to consider the eight-hour law; and very properly, such a regulation being a matter for statute and not constitutional enactment. —General Pope is reconstructing Mobile, having already removed the mayor and chief of police. This action of his rather throws doubt over the "accidental excitement" theory of the Mobile and Democratic press on the late riot.

The differences between Napoleon and the Corps Legislatif of France, on the army-organization question, have been satisfactorily settled, say the foreign dispatches of the morning. We suppose this means an amicable settlement. The differences between our Congress and the President were satisfactorily adjusted during the last session. —The resting place of the remains of the Murderer of Abraham Lincoln is in the Old Penitentiary, Washington city, adjoining the old Arsenal grounds. The building has not been used as a prison for many years, and at the time of the assassination was occupied as an ordnance department. One of the largest cells on the first floor was selected for the burial ground. The ammunition it contained was removed, a large flat stone was lifted from its place, a grave dug, and the remains of the assassin deposited therein, where they rest to this day. The stone was replaced, and should be engraved with the simple truth, "Here rests a youth made mad by the teaching of modern democrats;" for surely if the blood of Abraham Lincoln is on the soul of his murderer, the fearful end of Booth will forever be remembered as the result of the criminal influences of Democracy. —Adron G. B. Dodge, of New York city, has started a town in Cameron county, Pa., on an entirely new and liberal principle. He proposes to give fifteen acres of good land to every permanent settler. The location of this land is on the Smithport turnpike, twenty miles from the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad, in Cameron County. Good roads are being opened to the railroad, and it is expected that during the summer a good road will be made to using "volunteers" directly in communication with Clearfield. There is no questioning such liberality and enterprise. So says the Harrisburg Telegraph.

New Advertisements. A LIST AND CLASSIFICATION of persons engaged in the sale of Goods, Wares, & Merchandise, in the County of Bradford, for the year 1867: Class. License. Athens twp.—T W Knowles 11 \$7 40 McGuffee & Co. 14 7 00 A W Wall 14 7 00 David Gardner 14 7 00 Anson Beidleman 14 7 00 J & J L Bowdler 14 7 00 Athens Boro.—Page & Co. 10 20 00 C T Lyons 14 7 00 C & J W Comstock 13 10 00 J W Ackerman 13 14 00 E Averill 13 10 00 Spaulding & Wright 7 4 00 F S Wells & Co. 14 7 00 G W Perkins 9 25 00 D F Park 9 25 00 G H Voorhis 13 10 00 H A Kiff 14 7 00 Eastbrooks & Kenyon 14 7 00 Horace Garner 14 7 00 R C Sinsbaugh & Son 14 7 00 Asylum—U Moody 13 10 00 Albany—S D Stricker 14 7 00 Miller & Quirk 14 7 00 Alba Boro.—J N Wilson 14 7 00 Klockwell, Wilson & Co. 13 10 00 Burlington Boro.—D A Ross 13 10 00 Long Brothers 12 12 50 A F Gerowald 14 7 00 L T Hoyse 11 7 00 R Morley 14 7 00 Burlington west.—Ed E Loomis 14 7 00 Columbus.—W G Garnett & Co 12 12 50 A E Austin 11 7 00 J A Watkins 14 7 00 McChelland & Adams 14 7 00 Bates & Bates 14 7 00 Canton twp.—D Vandye & Son 13 10 00 Canton Boro.—S J Hickok 14 7 00 Robert Turner 14 7 00 S H Newman Jr 14 7 00 H Morgan 13 10 00 J Moore 13 10 00 Amer Duty 11 15 00 Geo E Bullock 11 7 00 A V Trout 11 7 00 J O Randall 13 10 00 Spaulding & Dartt 12 12 50 J N Vandye 14 7 00 Mox & Hooper 14 7 00 O Rockwell & Co 14 7 00 Wm Cradle 14 7 00 Simon Drifuss 13 10 00 Burke, Thomas & Co 11 15 00 Franklin.—Sterne McKee 14 7 00 K H Edwards 14 7 00 Fall Creek Bld. Coal Co. 13 10 00 Barclay Coal Co 12 12 50 Towanda Coal Co 13 10 00 Granville.—J T Leonard 14 7 00 John T Leonard 14 7 00 C W McMurray 14 7 00 Herrick.—E W Wickizer & Bros 14 7 00 Giddings & Ames 14 7 00 Litchfield—Lyon & Tuttle 13 10 00 John McKean 14 7 00 Lelloy.—J S Tears 14 7 00 E B Burtch & Royse 14 7 00 H M Holcomb 14 7 00 Samuel Bailey 14 7 00 Lelloyville.—Bailey & Bros. 13 10 00 L L Bosworth 14 7 00 Little & Lyon 13 10 00 J F Bosworth & Son 13 10 00 Bosworth & Son 12 12 50 Linus & Wunderpool 14 7 00 J P Carle 14 7 00 Monroe.—Dorsey H C Smith 14 7 00 J B Gardner & Co 14 7 00 Rockwell—L C Tracy 14 7 00 Anthony Mullon 14 7 00 Monroe twp.—J R Cowell 14 7 00 Orwell—S N Branson 14 7 00 Henry Gibbs 14 7 00 Anson Cass 14 7 00 C G Gridley 14 7 00 Workweizer & Shoemaker 13 10 00 Kimball & Ellsworth 13 10 00 Overton.—Kerchimer & Co 14 7 00 P K Burtch & Son 12 12 50 Stevens & Ross 13 10 00 Ridgway.—Evans & Hill 14 7 00 J G Robinson 14 7 00 E B Hammond 14 7 00 Geo H Fenton 14 7 00 Rome Boro.—L L Moody 12 12 50 Geo Nichols 13 10 00 L A Bery 14 7 00 Rome twp.—C S Park 14 7 00 Sylvia.—A G Reynolds 14 7 00 Peter Munroe 14 7 00 South Creek.—C Young 14 7 00 Gillett & Pettigale 13 10 00 Dunning & Hawly 14 7 00 Smith.—H C Tracy 12 12 50 Fricther & Drury 13 10 00 C R Riggs 13 10 00 R G Herald 14 7 00 Sheehy.—E Gore 14 7 00 Kinney & Brigham 14 7 00 Springfield.—R B Gleason 14 7 00 N S Watson 14 7 00 Williams F Daily 13 10 00 Standing Stone.—H W Tracy 13 10 00 Ennis & Angle 14 7 00 James Epy 14 7 00 Terry.—J L Jones & Co. 14 7 00 J H & W H Tort 14 7 00 Troy twp.—John Hrist 14 7 00 Troy Boro.—M Leonard 14 7 00 O J Ballard 14 7 00 Jewell & Pomeroy 12 12 50 F R Redington 13 10 00 A G Burtch 14 7 00 Ballard & Lament 14 7 00 Charles Grohs 14 7 00 C F Ferry & Co. 14 7 00 F J Cullen 14 7 00 Grant & Humphrey 14 7 00 G D Ling 9 25 00 M A Gates & Co. 13 10 00 E B Burtch & Son 12 12 50 Newbury & Peck 8 30 00 J J Jenoman 14 7 00 S W Paine 12 12 50 Pierce, Oliver & Co. 14 7 00 S N Aspinwall 10 20 00 E W Deary 14 7 00 Towanda Boro.—Hill & Smith 14 7 00 Alford & Barber 13 10 00 Marshall Brothers 12 12 50 Wm A Chamblin 8 30 00 Humphrey Brothers 8 30 00 Randall, Compton & Co. 13 10 00 C B Patch 8 30 00 R W Eddy 13 10 00 P W Eddy 13 10 00 Tracy & Moore 12 12 50 J M Collins 13 12 50

New Advertisements. M Lewis 14 7 00 A M Bley 12 12 50 Bramhall & Cowell 12 12 50 J A Jacobs 13 10 00 W A Rockwell 11 15 00 W E Smalley 14 7 00 Whalen Brothers 14 7 00 Solomon & Son 12 12 50 C F Cross & Co. 14 7 00 Gore & Powell 13 10 00 A M Warner 14 7 00 Taylor & Co. 7 40 00 Codling & Russell 8 30 00 Wickham & Black 13 10 00 Eva Schlam 14 7 00 Fox, Stevens, Mercer & Co. 3 100 00 H C Porter 13 10 00 J B Shepard & Co. 14 7 00 Montanye 10 20 00 J O Frost 12 12 50 John Carman 14 7 00 J A Rees 13 10 00 John Merdith 13 10 00 Ulster—Morris Clair 14 7 00 J W Smith 14 7 00 Wm J. Wood 14 7 00 Jason S Smith 14 7 00 C E Furguson 13 10 00 Henry Shaw 14 7 00 Edwin Thomas 14 7 00 Wysox—Wm Post 14 7 00 Menardi & Mehan 12 12 50 Welles—Osgood & Sergeant 14 7 00 J L Shepard & Co. 14 7 00 Windham—J P Russell 14 7 00 Warren—J W Bowen 14 7 00 John W Murphy 14 7 00 Gore & Powell 13 10 00 Joseph Pease 14 7 00 L B Colburn 14 7 00 G W Talmage 14 7 00 Wilton—James W. Keonok 14 7 00 Ben C Barnes 14 7 00 Michael Kinsley 14 7 00 P M Stowell 14 7 00 Garet & Cooper 13 10 00 G M Bixby 13 10 00 A Lewis 11 15 00 Dickson, Taylor & Co 9 25 00 J B Shepard & Co. 14 7 00 J N Biles 14 7 00 Clark Hollenback 14 7 00 C S Lafferty 12 12 50 Avery & Beaumont 13 10 00 J Boyd 13 10 00 A List and Classification of persons engaged in the sale of Patent Medicines, Nostrums, &c. Canton Boro.—J Moore 4 5 00 J O Randall 4 5 00 Burlington Boro.—L T Hoyse 4 5 00 Long Brothers 4 5 00 Columbus.—W G Garnett & Co 4 5 00 Granville.—L D Taylor 4 5 00 Lelloy.—B S Tears 4 5 00 Hartman & Royse 4 5 00 Lelloyville.—Bailey & Bros 4 5 00 Monroe Boro.—H C Tracy 4 5 00 Orwell.—S N Branson 4 5 00 Smithfield.—E S Tracy 4 5 00 Troy twp.—E B Mitchell 4 5 00 G F Redington 4 5 00 Towanda Boro.—Gore & Powell 4 5 00 H C Porter 4 5 00 Wysox.—C S Lafferty 4 5 00 Keeler & Vaughan 4 5 00 A List of Bankers and Brokers in the County of Bradford, for the year 1867. Troy Boro.—Pomeroy Brothers 9 26 75 Towanda Boro.—G F Mason & Co 9 26 75 S S Russell & Co 9 25 00 A List of Distilleries and Breweries in the County of Bradford, for 1867. Troy twp.—J J & G F Viehe 6 25 00 Towanda Boro.—A Loder 8 15 00 Garet & Cooper 8 15 00 Towanda twp.—Henry Jones 8 15 00 A List of persons engaged in running Billiard Tables and Bowling Saloons. Towanda Boro.—C T Smith 2 40 00 J B Shepard & Co. 2 40 00 Troy Boro.—Ballard & Lament 2 40 00 I. H. S. OWEN, Mercantile Appraiser for the County of Bradford, for the year 1867, do hereby certify the foregoing to be a correct list of the Appraisement and Classification of the same for the year; and that an appeal will be held for the purpose of hearing such as feel themselves aggrieved at the Treasurer's office in Towanda, on Saturday the 15th day of June, 1867, at 10 o'clock, p. m. H. S. OWEN, Mercantile Appraiser. May 26, 1867. SOLOMON & SON, Are now opening their general stock of SPRING & SUMMER CLOTHING, For men and boys wear. The assortment will be found the choicest they have ever offered, selected with reference to the quality of the trade. They respectfully invite an examination of their clothing, which is manufactured expressly for their trade, having a buyer at all times in the market we feel confident to give a better at a lower price than can be obtained elsewhere. All in store for the Trade a complete stock of GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, SUCH AS PLAIN & FANCY CASS. SHIRTS, LINEN AND MUSLIN SHIRTS, LINEN COLLARS AND CUFFS, PAPER COLLARS AND CUFFS, SUSPENDERS, GLOVES, TIES, HATS AND CAPS, &c. The entire stock must be sold by the first of August, next. We are offering great bargains, as we intend to remove, we feel confident in saying to our friends and customers, you will find it to your interest to call on us before purchasing elsewhere. Remember the place. SOLOMON & SON, No. 2, Patton's Block. Towanda, May 23, '67. NEW STORE! NEW GOODS! NEW GROCERIES! IMPROVED MELODEONS, ALL THE LATEST SHEET MUSIC, INSTRUCTION BOOKS, PIANO STOOLS, &c. Liberal discount to ministers, churches and schools. Sheet Music sent by mail. Old Pianos and Melodeons taken in exchange. Good instruments offered to agents and the trade generally. Address J. A. DEWITT, Towanda, Pa. May 23, 1867.—Jy. THE ANNUAL NORMAL MUSIC SCHOOL of the Allegheny Academy of Music, will commence on Monday, June 24. This Institution is located in the Town of Friendship, Allegheny Co., N. Y. (on the Erie R. R.). It occupies buildings erected expressly for the purpose, and is furnished with every convenience for the successful study of music. Thus offering many more facilities for improvement than smaller schools held in session rooms or halls. The members of this Normal School will be under the personal supervision of the members of this Institution who have been studying a year or more gratis. This Normal School will be under the instruction of Mr. A. N. JOHNSON. The tuition in Ten Dollars. All who wish for such an opportunity to study music are earnestly invited to send for a circular. IMPORTANT TO DAIRYMEN. DUNBUR & McNAUGHT'S FIRKIN STOP. Use it, and when you come to market your butter, you are saved the annoyance of having your firkins mutilated and disfigured, by rubbing the head. Use it, and you need no cloth over your butter, when the firkin is filled, and it requires no attention while in the cellar. Send your orders to Dunbur & McNaught, Alto, Bradford county, Penna., whom address for circulars, and further information. May 23, 1867. DOCTOR B. DEWITT, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.—May be found during the day—unless otherwise engaged—on Main st., a few doors below Codling & Russell's. Residence corner of William and Division sts., late occupied by E. A. Parsons. Towards April 25, 1867.—Jy. DOCTOR EDWARDS'S PERKINS. Offers his professional services to the citizens of Wysox and vicinity. Calls promptly attended to. Office hours from 8 a. m. to 6 p. m. May 25, 1867.—Jy. MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS of all kinds of Goods for the Trade. Sole agents for the Allegheny Valley for the sale of all kinds of Musical Instruments. Also Sheet Music and Music Books of all kinds prepared to order, at the lowest prices. RIDGWAY'S NEW STORE. FINE ASSORTMENT OF PRAY RIB BOOKS at the NEWS ROOM.

New Advertisements. POWELL & CO., HAVE VERY RECENTLY MADE LARGE ADDITIONS TO THEIR STOCK OF GOODS. SUMMER TRADE AT A STILL GREATER REDUCTION IN PRICE! With one member of our firm constantly in New York, we have been able within the past few days to profit largely by violent fluctuations in the markets, and have made heavy purchases of all kinds of Goods in our line. MUCH BELOW REGULAR MARKET RATES. MAY 23, 1867. MATHUSHEK PATENT PIANO FORTES. Wholesale and Retail Agents for North East Pennsylvania and Southern New York. AT THE NEW MUSIC STORE OF J. A. DEWITT, TOWANDA, PA. Next door to the National Hotel. All these Pianos are made to scales drawn and invented by MR. FREDERICK MATHUSHEK. Whose reputation for theory and practice, in building Pianos, is widely known. All the important improvements made in America, during the last eighteen years, in the manufacture of Pianos, are due to Mr. Mathushek, who is rightly styled the Father of American Manufacture. His improvements are now used by all the prominent firms. The Mathushek Piano Forte is the only instrument which Artists consider PERFECT IN EVERY RESPECT. Call and examine them and you will buy no other. The same may be found, also, at the New Music Store, of J. A. DEWITT, Towanda, Pa. IMPROVED MELODEONS, ALL THE LATEST SHEET MUSIC, INSTRUCTION BOOKS, PIANO STOOLS, &c. Liberal discount to ministers, churches and schools. Sheet Music sent by mail. Old Pianos and Melodeons taken in exchange. Good instruments offered to agents and the trade generally. Address J. A. DEWITT, Towanda, Pa. May 23, 1867.—Jy. THE ANNUAL NORMAL MUSIC SCHOOL of the Allegheny Academy of Music, will commence on Monday, June 24. This Institution is located in the Town of Friendship, Allegheny Co., N. Y. (on the Erie R. R.). It occupies buildings erected expressly for the purpose, and is furnished with every convenience for the successful study of music. Thus offering many more facilities for improvement than smaller schools held in session rooms or halls. The members of this Normal School will be under the personal supervision of the members of this Institution who have been studying a year or more gratis. This Normal School will be under the instruction of Mr. A. N. JOHNSON. The tuition in Ten Dollars. All who wish for such an opportunity to study music are earnestly invited to send for a circular. IMPORTANT TO DAIRYMEN. DUNBUR & McNAUGHT'S FIRKIN STOP. Use it, and when you come to market your butter, you are saved the annoyance of having your firkins mutilated and disfigured, by rubbing the head. Use it, and you need no cloth over your butter, when the firkin is filled, and it requires no attention while in the cellar. Send your orders to Dunbur & McNaught, Alto, Bradford county, Penna., whom address for circulars, and further information. May 23, 1867. DOCTOR B. DEWITT, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.—May be found during the day—unless otherwise engaged—on Main st., a few doors below Codling & Russell's. Residence corner of William and Division sts., late occupied by E. A. Parsons. Towards April 25, 1867.—Jy. DOCTOR EDWARDS'S PERKINS. Offers his professional services to the citizens of Wysox and vicinity. Calls promptly attended to. Office hours from 8 a. m. to 6 p. m. May 25, 1867.—Jy. MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS of all kinds of Goods for the Trade. Sole agents for the Allegheny Valley for the sale of all kinds of Musical Instruments. Also Sheet Music and Music Books of all kinds prepared to order, at the lowest prices. RIDGWAY'S NEW STORE. FINE ASSORTMENT OF PRAY RIB BOOKS at the NEWS ROOM.

Frederick Douglas pays a tax on an annual income of over \$6,000. A few years ago he was a slave in Maryland. —Another "last survivor" of the Revolutionary army is living in Noble county, Ohio. He is 104 years old. —Omar Pasha, the Turkish commander, has been severely handled in two battles, by the Cretans. His loss was over 3,000. —One of the cables of the Atlantic telegraph was recently broken by an iceberg; but the cable of 1867 is in good order, and doing all the business. —Judge Edmunds, of New York, asserted in a lecture, a few evenings since, that the Spiritualists now number, 300,000 believers. —The city of London has voted £500 towards the erection of a statue to George Peabody, the great philanthropist. —The Seventh Regiment, New York, is going to erect a \$700,000 monument to its fallen members, in Central Park. —The house of Thomas Parker, one of the "Indians" of the Boston Tea Party of 1776, is to be demolished in order to widen a street. —The Town of Normai, Ill., decided the other day to admit colored children into the public schools, by a vote of 94 to 4. —A freedman named Lenkhorn is running in Fluvanna county, Va., for delegate to the State Convention. —Several infants were christened, with religious ceremonies, at a recent spiritual meeting in the city of New York. —The United States Supreme Court has decided that the prohibitory liquor laws of Massachusetts are constitutional. —The steamer Santiago de Cuba, from Nicaragua, went ashore near Atlantic City, on Tuesday night. Six passengers were drowned. —Two thousand dollars worth of goods are annually purloined from the counters of A. T. Stewart's establishment by professional "shop-lifters." —S. B. Page, the present State Treasurer of Vermont, will be the Republican candidate for Governor. It is supposed that he will be elected. —John Seeley was stabbed and murdered at Saginaw, Mich., by Edward R. King, on the 10th inst. King escaped. —Henry Bremmen has been arrested, in New York city, for outrageously abusing three little step-children. —Anthony Mahorn, of New York city, has been sentenced to States Prison for life for murder in the second degree. —The copperheads of Monroe county, West Virginia, talk of running M'Casland, the incendiary of Chambersburg, for Congress. —The Starch Works at Oswego, N. Y., will produce 12,000,000 pounds of starch this year. They support 2,500 persons. —A Mr. Finch, while riding on a load of goods, in Tompkins county, N. Y., last week, was struck by lightning and instantly killed. —A Mrs. McCabe, of Buffalo, N. Y., is 110 years old. She can thread a fine needle without glasses, and walks to church. She was born in Ireland. —An Imperial decree has been promulgated in Austria, favoring the Protestant inhabitants of Hungary. —Gen. Pope will appoint one white man and two negroes in each registration district in his command. —A yard of fine lace, which was lying on a bush to dry, in Rochester, N. Y., one day last week, was stolen and carried into the top of a tree by a bird. —Within six years 25,000,000 of serfs have been liberated in Russia; 4,000,000 of slaves set free in the United States; and 3,000,000 in Brazil; making 32,000,000 in all. —The Emperor of France and the King of Prussia have both formally signed the Luxembourg treaty, and the war clouds have rolled away from the skies of Europe. —The steamer Wisconsin was burned near Cape Vincent, St. Lawrence River, on Wednesday morning. Three lives were lost. She was run ashore on Grenadiers Island. —Chicago is importing flour from Canada for home consumption. At the same time the speculators of Chicago are sending flour east, for which they get exorbitant prices. —A new railroad Spike factory is in progress of erection in Danville. —Wm. Borgmarder, an old hotel keeper, in Harrisburg, died in that city on Sunday last. —Pap Dietrick, the oldest man in Sellingsrove, died in that town last week. He was 85 years old. —The North Branch canal was severely injured, below Pittston, by the flood. —Three divorce cases were before the recent term of court in Luzerne county. —The Friendship Fire Company, of Reading, is to have a new steam engine. —The body of an unknown man in soldier's garb, was found floating in the Schuylkill, near Hamburg, on Friday of last week. —The Good Templars have a new and beautifully furnished hall in Danville. So they have in Williamsport. —A poor woman died in Harrisburg last week, and her friends got up a raffle to pay for a coffin and shroud. —Two young men, named McDonald and Murphy, were drowned at Wilkesbarre, during the recent flood, by being upset in a boat. —S. L. Custer, late a representative from old Berks, has been arrested and held to bail for selling his free pass on the Pennsylvania railroad. —The woolen factory of Simcon Lord, at Darby, was destroyed by fire on Tuesday of last week. One man was killed while going to the fire and another while returning. —On the 30th ult., a young man named Stacy was striking one of the fermenting tubs of Overholt's distillery, when he lost his balance, tumbled in and was drowned. —Some mean thief has stolen the young grape vines, the entire stock of turkeys and part of the soil, from the parsonage of the German Reformed church, in Bellefonte. The parsonage was unoccupied, but the thieves allowed that to remain.

Merchandise. NEW GOODS AT THE OLD STAND OF J. W. TAYLOR. The subscribers having availed themselves of the late low prices of Goods in New York, are now receiving a fine assortment of SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, Consisting of every thing in the line of STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS, Such as BROWN SHEETING AND SHIRTINGS, A variety of widths, from 10 to 20 cts. per yard. A good assortment of BLEACHED MUSLINS, From 12 1/2 to 35 cts. PRINTS, From 10 to 18 cts. TABLE LINEN & TABLE CLOTHS CRASH & DIAPER FOR TOWELS, SPRING & SUMMER DE LAINS, A variety of styles. A large and splendid assortment of DRESS GOODS FOR THE SEASON, Including the latest styles, with varieties to suit the most fastidious. A nice assortment of SPRING & SUMMER SHAWLS, SACKING CLOTHS, For Ladies' Sacks, BALMORAL SKIRTS AND SKIVING, HOOP SKIRTS, The latest styles. UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS, A nice line of DRESS TRIMMINGS, Latest styles. A splendid assortment of RIBBONS, A good assortment of YANKEE NOTIONS, and PERFUMERY, &c., &c. MILLINERY! THE MILLINERY DEPARTMENT will be kept in good style, under the supervision of MISS L. A. MOSHER. Of well known reputation. Having just received from New York, a splendid assortment of SPRING STYLES of HATS AND BONNETS, Together with a nice assortment of FANCY TRIMMINGS. We are prepared to furnish in that line something that will please and suit all. No pains will be spared to give in this branch of our business entire satisfaction. Call in and examine our goods, one door north of the Post Office, Main Street, Towanda, Pa., April 16, 1867. G. LASS WARE! 235 Greenuch Street, 2 doors below Barclay st. Is the Great Depot for CROCKERY DEALERS' GLASS WARE, CONFECTIONERS' DRUGGISTS' GREEN GLASS BY THE PACKAGE In fact all kinds of GLASS WARE. Also, a complete assortment of BRITANNIA WARE, And SILVER PLATED WARE, KEROSENE WARE, CHANDELIERS, LANTERNS, &c. Best brands of Kerosene Oil. The best patent Fruit Jars in the market, to be sold at the lowest price. A full line of Looking Glass Shores. Wood and brass knobs to order. Agent for Merline's Britannia Company. J. T. WRIGHT, 235 Greenuch Street, April 15, '67. 2 doors below Barclay, N. Y. NEW BOOK STORE, NEW BOOK STORE, NEW BOOK STORE, IN TOWANDA. C. F. CROSS & CO. The attention of the public is invited to the large and attractive assortment of BOOKS, STATIONERY, PAINTINGS, STATUARY, GOLD PENS, PLATES, MUSIC, &c., &c. Usually kept in a FIRST CLASS BOOK STORE. Their goods have all been bought with cash, and they feel confident they can in view of the quality and price of their goods, satisfy the public. They design to keep constantly on hand all kinds of MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, Such as PIANOS, MELODEONS, GUITARS, ACCORDIONS, CLARINETTS, VIOLINS, MUSIC BOXES, &c., &c. Please call and examine. Towanda, May 9, 1867. FOR SALE.—A level upland Farm containing 125 acres of cleared and stumps out; in the grazing county of Tioga, Belmont Township, 3 miles south of Wellsboro, near cheese factory, school house, and on the direct road to Jersey Shore. Wood land, hickory, beech and maple. Good springs of water, and orchard of 100 grafted fruit trees, frame house and barn, some part out of repair. Price \$25,000 per acre, a liberal deduction for cash. For particulars apply to J. BRAM SHUART, Mansfield, Tioga county, Pa. May 23, 1867.—3t.