The Daily State Journal.

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Evening State Journal.

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TO ADVERTISERS.

[Advertisements of Lost, Wants, Found, For Rent, &c., not exceeding three or four lines, will be inserted under the proper headings at TWENTY-FIVE CENTS, for one insertion; or two insertions for FORTY CENTS; three insertions, SIXTY CENTS—invariably CASH IN ADVANCE.]

AMUSEMENTS.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY.

GRAND BALL FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE CATHOLIC MALE ORPHAN ASYLUM, AT ASSEMBLY HALL, ON ST. PATRICK'S DAY, MARCH 17TH.

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS:

J L Whittaker,	Walter Mahoney,
James Hays,	Wm Rankin,
James McGraw,	Wm Kelly,
Dr J A Simons,	John Ahern,
Capt Wm English,	John Gallagher,
D Brophy,	P Fennessey,
Dr Mahoney,	F J Reiley,
J P Cowardin,	James Golden.

MANAGERS:

Gen. P. T. Moore, Chairman.

His Ex Gilbert C Walker,	Hon A M Keiley, Mayor,
Gen Henry A Wise,	Hon James Lyons,
James A Cowardin,	Col H C Cabell,
Col Albert Ordway,	John Purcell,
Dr J D Cullen,	Capt William English,
James H Dooley,	Courtney Jenkins,
Joseph J English,	Thomas H Wynne,
John M Higgins,	Daniel Brosnahan,
Robert Kerse,	Michael Murphy,
John S Devlin,	Lawrence Lottier,
James P Cowardin,	Robert E English,
John Fizzini,	Ernest Wiltz,
Frank P Reiley,	Lucien Lewis,
Walter Mahoney,	James McGraw,
Thomas O'Farrell,	J G Baker,
David Fitzgerald,	Michael Ready,
William Simons,	William Rankin,
Patrick McGovern,	John H Walsh,
James Golden,	Joseph Augustine,
Capt P F Kennedy,	John H Knowles,
D Antelotti,	P F Boyle,
Capt W Lloyd,	John Ginnochi,

A Bravi.

—:o:—

TICKETS, admitting a Lady and Gentleman, $1; admitting a Gentleman and two Ladies, $1.50.

For sale at various places, and on the night of the Ball at the Assembly Hall.

A SPLENDID FESTIVAL and a large sum for the noble cause are anticipated. mh 7—td

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

Franklin street, opposite Ballard House.
JAKE BUDD.....Manager.

GREAT ATTRACTIONS FOR THIS WEEK.
NEW STARS, NEW ACTS.
The only Variety Theatre now open in the city.
A GRAND GALA WEEK.
IMMENSE SUCCESS OF THE FEMALE MINSTRELS.

Admission—10, 25 and 50 cents.
mh 7—6t

ASSEMBLY HALL.

The REGULAR ASSEMBLIES for Skating at the above Hall will take place every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY AFTERNOONS, at 4 o'clock, every TUESDAY, THURSDAY, and SATURDAY NIGHTS, at 8 o'clock, and every SATURDAY morning at 10

Every MONDAY and WEDNESDAY NIGHT, at 8 o'clock, the Rink will be open EXCLUSIVELY for gentlemen and youths.

The PRICE OF ADMISSION, with the use of Skates, is 50 cents, for a single ticket, or $3 per dozen. Children, under 14 years of age, 25 cents.

At the Afternoon Assemblies Ladies and Boys will only be charged 25 cents. mh 7—tf

WANTS.

WANTED—A SITUATION, either in a wholesale or retail Drug Store, by a competent man. Address "DRUGGIST," Evening Journal.
mh 9—2t*

RARE BOOKS.—WANTED—Rare old American Books; $5 for Robert B. Thomas' Almanac for 1793; $2 for 1795. Any person having rare old American Books, such as the works of Richard, Increase, Samuel, Eleazer, or Cotton Mather, or any of the works of the first New England writers, or Dr. Franklin's genuine Poor Richard's Almanac, or any American almanac in good condition, printed prior to 1752, or Ancient Indian Narratives, or any rare American newspaper, pamphlet, &c., can hear of a purchaser by stating price, condition, &c., and addressing JAMES T. MOULTON,
fe 14 d&w1m No. 4 Carnes street, Lynn, Mass.

SHIPPING

FOR NEW YORK.

The VIRGINIA STEAMSHIP and PACKET COMPANY'S elegant steamship WM. P. CLYDE, Captain Jno. H. PARKER, will leave her wharf at Rocketts on FRIDAY, March 10th, at 4 P. M. Freight received until 3 P. M.

Close connections and through bills of lading with all southern and eastern ports.

This elegant steamship has fine cabin accommodations.

Fare	$10 00
Steerage	5 00
Round trip tickets, good until used, only	15 00

For freight or passage, apply to
DAVID J. BURR, President.
No. 1214 Main street.
WASHINGTON & Co., Agents,
Pier 21 North river, New York. mh 8—3t

FOR NEW YORK.

The OLD DOMINION STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S elegant side-wheel steamship ISAAC BELL, Capt. BLAKEMAN, will leave her wharf, at Rocketts on FRIDAY, March 10th, at 4 o'clock P. M.

Freight received until 3 P. M.

Fare	$12 00
Steerage	6 00
Round Trip Tickets	20 00

For freight or passage, apply to
JOHN W. WYATT, Agent,
mh 8—2t No. 3 Governor street.

BILLIARD TEMPLE.

REDFORD & IVES'
(late of the Spotswood Hotel.)
BILLIARD TEMPLE,
CORNER OF MAIN AND ELEVENTH STREETS,
RICHMOND, VA.
FINEST WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.
mh8—3m

BOARD.

TWO ELEGANT ROOMS TO RENT, and day boarders wanted at 733 Main street.
J. A. GARRETT.
fe 27—10t

THE SOUTHERN ASSOCIATION.—RAFFLE for the Benefit of the Widows and Orphans of the Southern States.

DISTRIBUTION No. 213. EVENING MAR. 8.
27, 43, 45, 22, 53, 49, 62, 57, 8, 32, 55, 41, 11,

DISTRIBUTION No. 214. MORNING MAR. 9.
66, 24, 39, 18, 74, 65, 29, 12, 67, 32, 1, 41, 42,

Witness my hand, at Richmond, Va., this 9th day of March, 1871.
SIMMONS & CO., Managers. C. Q. TOMPKINS, Commissioner.

CERTIFICATES OF RAFFLE, can be purchased from Capt. W. I. DABNEY, at the Branch office, No 3, Eleventh street, one door from Main.

DIVORCES

Absolute Divorces legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois, and other States, for persons from any State or country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity. No charge until divorce is obtained. Advice free. Address,

MOORE & RICHARDSON,
Counsellors at Law,
de 30—1y 180 Broadway, New York City.

Evening State Journal.

Temperance Lecture of Mr. Carswell

The Undine Temple of Honor has furnished the public a rare and high-toned treat at the theatre, in the lectures of Mr. Carswell, for two evenings past. The lecturer was introduced by Rev. J. L. Burrows with some excellent remarks, and held the delighted attention of his audience to the last. His lectures are groups of word-pictures, impressing the mind irresistibly, and making it "an April sky of smiles and tears." It is of course impossible to give even a sketch of them.

The large and intelligent audience (increased by half on the second evening) testified an appreciation of his ability and of their interest in the cause of temperance.

We should not omit to mention the fine performance of Professor Wendlinger at the piano, and the songs so well rendered by Master Wyatt and sister, as also some grand singing by a trio of young gentlemen whose names we did not learn.

The Temple of Honor deserve the gratitude of the public. It is a new organization, but is rapidly growing in members and influence, and includes in its membership many of the finest young men of the city. Its work is to win away young men from the allurements of the bar, and the gambling-house, and commend a life of temperance and purity. It bids them turn away from the poor garbage of sensualism to the banquet of virtue. In this noble aim all chivalrous qualities appear. He who enlists thus, in the war against the vices which are sapping the foundations of our young manhood, is, indeed, worthy of knightly decoration,—

"To wear the crest of Bayard,
And Sidney's plume of snow."

We trust the Temple will continue their lecture course, expanding it to include literary and scientific topics. Thus they will furnish innocent and attractive recreation and instruction, and win many a youth from ruin. We bid them Godspeed, and hope to hear of their continued success.

Commissioner of Fish.

Prof. Spencer F. Baird, of the Smithsonian Institute, has just been appointed by the President, Commissioner of Fisheries for the United States. Prof. Baird has been long known as one of the most accomplished and indefatigable naturalists in America. Bringing to his work vast information upon the subjects committed to his charge, honesty and industry, he needs only support and co-operation from the people to made his department rich in results. It is to be hoped that the State will take appropriate action in the premises. Meantime, we earnestly urge upon every person living along the inland waters of the State to communicate their views and all facts as to the habits of marketable fish, to Prof. Baird, at Washington. Further, we urge them to make some preparation for saving and hatching spawn of shad, rock, bass and other edible fish this season.

Plant One Tree.

The balmy days of Spring are here. They invite us to share in the re-awakening of nature, in dressing up the world for the holiday of Summer. A sense of obligation seems to impel us to plant some thing so as to share this fresh life which is coming to fill all things around us.

Look around you for some spot to plant a tree; some waste forgotten corner even, or by the roadside. If you leave no other monument you have one then, and, however humble your life, you have done one thing worth remembering.

If you have never felt the exquisite pleasure of the miracle of growth which goes on around us in the spring time, we cannot communicate it. Don't wait till next season—you will lose one year's growth, and all the pleasure that comes of it. Plant for fruit or shade, and coming generations will bless you.

AN extraordinary wager was recently taken by a man in Washington, to wit: That he could eat a quail for breakfast thirty consecutive days. The party was an Israelite and won the six hundred dollars staked by the incredulous. The disgusting feat was relieved a little by a grim joker standing by, who, as the crowd was cheering the great quail eater, exclaimed: "That it was no wonder he could eat so many, being a Jew, whose ancestry had been so long fed upon that kind of fowl during their sojourn in the wilderness."

THE Charleston *News* claims that the commerce of that city is now in a sounder and healthier condition than it has been at any time since the war. The city, it says, has received this season, so far, 90,000 bales more of cotton than was received in 1870, the coastwise and foreign trade is steadily increasing in volume, and the jobbing trade of the city is now counted by millions. The *News* adds:

The phosphate business, in itself, is sufficient to lift Charleston above any competitor on the southeastern coast. We have now twelve phosphate mining and manufacturing companies, representing a capital of three million dollars. Eight of these companies are now mining and manipulating phosphates; a fleet of vessels carry the crude rock abroad, and to the North; long trains of cars bear the quickening fertilizer to all the States of the South. And the basis of all this business—the phosphatic depot—lies, in inexhaustible quantities, in the broad bosom of South Carolina. Several of the companies manufacture the acid required for their work—all of them draw their working material not from abroad but from this State.

The fair in Boston, in aid of a home for consumptives, last week, yielded $16,000.

Virginia and Pennsylvania.

The Philadelphia *Press* publishes in full the resolutions adopted by the Virginia House of Delegates relative to the proper observance of the centennial anniversary, and says:

Virginia has followed New Jersey in responding to the act of the Congress of the United States fixing Philadelphia as the place, and the 4th of July, 1876, as the time, to commemorate the one-hundredth year of the independence of this nation.

The connection between Virginia and Pennsylvania was always close and cordial until interrupted by the civil war. What Webster said of South Carolina and Massachusetts is true of Virginia and Pennsylvania in a special sense:

Would to God that harmony might again return! Shoulder to shoulder they went through the Revolution; hand to hand they stood round the Administration of Washington, and felt his own great arm lean on them for support. Constrained feeling, if it exist, alienation, and distrust are the growth, unnatural to such soils, of false principles since sown. They are weeds, the seeds of which that same great arm never scattered.

There are many localities in Philadelphia instinct with the services of Virginia soldiers and statesmen. No spot in what we know as America is so full of the presence of Washington and Jefferson except Mount Vernon and Monticello. Here were beheld the proceedings of the Colonial Congress which deliberated and decreed the Declaration of Independence; the action of the convention which delivered us from the chaos of the Articles of Confederation and placed the Republic upon the solid rock of the Constitution, adopted on the 17th of September, 1787, with the first ten amendments accepted on the 15th of December, 1791, the eleventh on the 8th of January, 1798, the twelfth on the 12th of December, 1803, the thirteenth on the 1st of February, 1865, the fourteenth on the 20th of July, 1868, and the fifteenth on on the 30th of March, 1870.

There is hardly an old family in Philadelphia that cannot recall the figures and maxims of the Virginia fathers who deliberated here before the capital was removed to Washington, at the beginning of the century. Her soldiers fought all around us in New Jersey and the adjacent counties of Delaware, Bucks, Chester and Montgomery. Her representatives in the first Congresses and in the final conventions, and their comrades-in-arms, have left in Philadelphia the impress of their statesmanship and their courage.

The committees of the Virginia Legislature may therefore expect a hearty welcome to Philadelphia. They will be greeted by men of all parties. Let them come as the representatives of all ideas, those of the past and those of the present. We will hail them as more than friends—as brothers; not only as the missionaries of commerce, but as the harbingers of peace and reconciliation, and of forgiveness and toleration on both sides. They will find here a genuine American city a growth not unworthy of the great minds who inspired the Declaration and framed the Constitution.

THE whirligig of time brings about his revenges. When the first Napoleon was bestriding Europe like a Colossus, and overturning crowns and kingdoms as though the world were a ten-pin alley, he exacted from the States of Germany, during the period 1793–1800, the following sums as pecuniary compensations to France for the expenses of war. The account does not embrace the subsequent immense monetary levies which he imposed on those countries after his elevation to the imperial throne:

	Francs.
Austria	1,450,250,000
Prussia	7,020,000
Territories between the Moselle, the Meuse and the Rhine	111,280,000
Palatinate of the Rhine	12,462,000
Zwei-Brucken	4,455,000
Duchy of Berg	2,464,000
Swabia	{24,248,418 / 27,510,000}
Hereditary States of the Emperor	10,100,000
Bavaria	16,970,000
Baden	3,245,000
Hamburg	7,090,000
Bremen and Lubeck	3,000,600
Total	1,670,904,000

The people of these States complained bitterly of the heavy infliction, but were none the less compelled to pay over the several indemnities demanded. Napoleon's theory was that "God is on the side of the best battalions," and that the vanquished had no rights which the conqueror was bound to respect. These exactions not only served to cripple his enemies for the time being, but also mortgaged them to future peaceable behavior. Kaiser William appears to have learned the lesson pretty thoroughly, and to have practiced it on France in its fullest application. Notwithstanding the wrathful passion for revenge which smoulders unquenchably in the hearts of the French people, we think Germany need not fear reprisals from that quarter for at least a score of years to come.

WE return our thanks to John Bell Bigger, Esq., the polite and courteous clerk of the House of Delegates, for advance copies of the acts of the General Assembly, from chapters 38 to 68 inclusive.

DIRECT TRADE WITH LIVERPOOL.—The direct trade movement between Memphis and Liverpool is now beginning to assume a tangible shape. At a meeting of the Memphis Chamber of Commerce the Memphis and Cincinnati railroad proposed to carry from that city, within the next three days, 3,000 bales of cotton to Norfolk, Va., where a steamer will be in waiting to transport it to Liverpool. A number of large shippers have furnished the cotton, and a quick trip will be made by the steamer. Fifteen days is the time in which the cotton is to be laid down in Liverpool.

THE PRESIDENT ON SOUTHERN AFFAIRS. It is not doubted in Washington, that the message which the President intends to send to Congress, within a week, will relate to the state of affairs in the South, and that it will result in legislation on the subject which will require a session at least a month or six weeks long. All hope of an adjournment is now, therefore, gone, and there is no doubt that both Houses will be fully organized within a week.

OUR RESOURCES.—Of the enormous undeveloped resources of the United States it is difficult to speak without an appearance of exaggeration. The following, however, will give some idea of their vastness:

The taxable value, which all men of property well know is always far below the exchangeable value, of all the property in the United States was, in 1860, in round numbers, $16,100,000,000, showing a rate of an increase, in ten years, of a fraction over one hundred and twenty-six per cent. It has been computed that if this rate is preserved through the next four decades, the taxable value of the United States would, in 1870, be $36,500,000,000; 1880, $82,800,000,000; in 1890, $187,300,000,000; in 1900, $423,300,000,000—an increase of wealth which will be over eight times our estimated increase in population. Vast as these sums appear, drowning in their sound all shoddy groans over our predicted financial ruin, and making our big debt of two billions and a half shrink by comparison into dwarf-like dimensions, there is no reason that they should not be realized, provided the brain of the nation adequately seconds its hands. Massachusetts, with an area of only 7,800 square miles, now owns a seventeenth of the whole taxable property of the nation. If the other States, with greater natural advantages, should increase, during the next thirty years, so that their wealth should bear the same proportion to the square mile of territory which the wealth of Massachusetts now does, the property of the nation in 1900 will be $415,000,000,000.

MUTILATED CURRENCY.—A Tennessee postmaster enclosed to the United States Treasurer a slip cut from a recent North Carolina paper, setting forth that the postmaster at Hillsboro, North Carolina, has been fined $2 and $90 costs for refusing to receive mutilated currency in payment for postage stamps, and says that since the appearance of the article in print, his office has been flooded with mutilated currency, and desires to know whether he is compelled to take or may refuse the money so presented. Treasurer Spinner replies, stating that under the rules of the Treasury Department, postmasters are authorized to receive such currency for its full value in payment of postage stamps, when, in cases of United States notes, not more than one-twentieth of the note is missing; and, in cases of fractional currency, when not more than one-tenth is missing. When such notes and fractional currency are mutilated beyond the standard referred to, no one is compelled to receive them for any part of their value, and the only place where such notes may be redeemed is at the United States Treasury.

RAID ON ILLICIT DISTILLERS.—Supervisor R. T. Gaines, accompanied by a deputy United States marshal and a squad of Federal soldiers, who left Nashville February 27, for a raid on illicit distilleries, have succeeded in breaking up twelve distilleries. At Shell Mount, in Smith county, the party was fired upon by bushwhackers but no one was hurt. Mr. Gaines was shot in the thigh by an accidental discharge of his pistol. The wound, though severe, is not dangerous. The remainder of the party are still in search of contraband distilleries.

A FEMALE STRATEGIST.—Miss Ann Ella Carroll of Baltimore, Md., the lady who wants Congress to pay her a round sum for planning the Tennessee River campaign, the credit of which the country has heretofore given to Gen. Grant and other military chieftains, was the first to get a memorial referred in the new Congress. It was presented in the Senate, and referred to the Military Committee. This committee agreed last session to allow the lady strategist $5,000, but their bill died with the last session upon the Senate calendar.

BARN BURNT.—Mr. Samuel P. Campbell, living on South river, about three miles from Fairfield, Rockbridge county, Virginia, had his barn destroyed by fire, on the night of the 2nd instant. All his horses—five in number—harness, corn, straw, &c., were consumed.

There is a woman travelling through Massachusetts pretending to be the widow of General Washington, and collecting money to repair George's tomb. It is estimated that in a month she had raised over a dollar and a half, bleeding Boston alone to the extent of over thirty cents. The people of Massachusetts should be informed that Mrs. W. is not living now.

A Salem, Mass., man threw a lighted kerosene lamp at his wife. The lamp only cost a dollar, when a divorce of any magnitude would have cost him five dollars. But then he didn't make anything, because they fined him $15 for killing her, and he had to pay the funeral expenses.

Rumors are current in Havana that a heavy engagement has occurred at Los Tunes, Cuba. The insurgents had two pieces of artillery. The Spanish troops were victorious.

An ineffectual attempt was made on Monday night to throw the Ashland (Pa.) train off the track on Mahoney plain, by placing cross-ties on the track.

A school boy at Nauvoo, Ill., stabbed and killed another for capturing his brother, who had escaped from the school mistress to avoid punishment.

Congress was not in session yesterday, but re-assembled to-day.

Correspondence.

FORD'S HOTEL, Richmond, March 4th, 1871.

W. H. WADE, Esq. Grand Chancellor of the Order of Knights of Pythias of the State of Virginia, Richmond, Virginia:

SIR—I am requested by the Berger Family of Swiss Bell Ringers to state, that the company is desirous of tendering a benefit to the Order of Knights of Pythias, to aid in defraying the expense of fitting up the Pythian Hall in the city of Richmond, and would be pleased to know whether the same would be agreeable to you and the popular Order of which you are the superior officer in the State.

If satisfactory, you will please designate the time and place. Very respectfully,

E. P. KENDALL, Manager.

PYTHIAN HALL, Richmond, March 4th, 1871.

E. P. KENDALL, Esq., Manager Swiss Bell Ringers:

DEAR SIR—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of this date, on behalf of the Swiss Bell Ringers, in which they generously tender to the Order of Knights of Pythias a benefit for the purpose of aiding in defraying the expense of fitting up Pythian Hall.

Permit me on behalf the Order to thank you for your kind offer, and, if agreeable, I will name Tuesday evening, March 14th, as the time, and the Richmond Theatre as the place, for the proposed benefit.

Respectfully, W. H. WADE.

RICHMOND THEATRE, Richmond, March 4, 1870.

W. H. WADE, Esq., President Board of Trustees of New Pythian Hall:

SIR,—Your communication of this date, informing me that the manager of the Berger Bell Ringers had kindly tendered the Order of Knights of Pythias a benefit on Tuesday, the 14th instant, has just been received.

I take great pleasure in granting the use of the theatre on the night agreed upon, and will do all in my power to further the object in view.

Yours, respectfully,
E. MAGILL.

LOCAL NEWS.

Police Court.—The following cases were disposed of by Police Justice White this morning:

Susan Hughes, colored, for unlawfully and feloniously stealing a quantity of under clothing of the value of $2, from the trunk of Claiborne Braxton, was sent on for trial.

John Nathaniels, alias John Childs, charged with stealing and carrying away one accordeon, the property of Joseph Shriver, valued at $15, was required to give security for his appearance on the 10th, to which time the case was continued.

Hampton Crear, colored, charged with being a lunatic, was sent to the Howard's Grove Asylum.

Mollie White, for being drunk and throwing stones at detective John Wren, was required to pay a fine of $2.

Lewis Davis, charged with throwing rocks in the street, and with breaking the windows of dwelling-houses, was required to pay a fine of $5, and to give security in the sum of $500 for future good behavior.

Jane Overton, Ida Mason, Charlotte Gilman, Cary Trabien, Minnie Morris, Mary Davis and Tim Sullivan, were charged on warrant with being persons of evil name, fame and reputation, and with keeping an ill-governed and disorderly house. Trabien, Morris and Sullivan were discharged; the other parties were sent on for trial.

Zephaniah G. Lampkin, charged with unlawfully shooting W. L. Heath on the 18th day of February last, was required to give security in the sum of $700 for his appearance before the grand jury on Monday, the 3d day of April.

Quite a number of persons were up to show cause why they should be allowed to run wagons on the public streets without having the proper numbers affixed, as prescribed by city ordinance. Among the number were three prominent members of the City Council.

Supreme Court of Appeals—Wednesday, March 8th.—Upon the petition of the Commonwealth of Virginia by James C. Taylor, Attorney General, a writ of error is awarded to a judgment of the corporation court of the city of Alexandria on the 18th day of January, 1871, in a suit in which the said Commonwealth was plaintiff and James H. Owen and James Guy were defendants.

Same day—Slaughter & Chapman, administrators of Reynolds Chapman, deceased, vs. L. B. Williams, administrator of George Shepherd, deceased, in his own right, and others. Upon an appeal from a decree pronounced by the circuit court of Orange county on the 8th day of May, 1866. Order of publication, some of the parties appellant being non-residents.

Arguments in the case of Brown vs. Burton and Burton vs. Brown are still going on.

Signorini Barratta.—"This talented and accomplished young lady, who made with *eclat* her *debut* at the La Scala of Milan as Leonora in Donizetti's *La Favorita*, and who distinguished herself at the San Carlo of Naples in the role of Elvira in Verdi's *Ernani*, crowned her grand success as *Valentine* at the *Theatre des Italiens* in Paris, will make her appearance in Richmond, on Monday, the 6th instant."

If the foregoing were copied from the London *Saturday Review*, or the *Times*, or the New York *Herald*, we would have for *our* primadonna a full house. But those who are born in our midst, are pecked at and neglected; realizing the truth of the adage, that a prophet is not without respect only in his own land. But Miss Barratta has a fresh, flexible and beautiful, albeit slender voice, and she will yet make reputation and fame.

The Black Tulip.—We have received from Messrs. West & Johnston the Black Tulip, one of Alexander Dumas' most popular effusions in the novel line. Messrs. T. B. Peterson & Co., of Philadelphia, are the publishers. The works of Alexander Dumas enjoy a popularity such as no other can boast of. In skillfulness of arrangement, vivacity, sustained interest of narrative, and inventive faculty, no French writer has ever rivalled him. The popularity of his novels, "The Count of Monte-Cristo," "The Three Guardsmen," "Twenty Years After," "Bragelonne, the Son of Athos," "The Memoirs of a Physician," "The Iron Mask," "The Queen's Necklace," "Six Years Later," "Andree de Taverney," "Love and Liberty," and others, have never been equalled. The "Black Tulip" is issued in a large octavo volume, with a portrait of the author on the cover. Price fifty cents, and is for sale by all booksellers, or copies will be sent to any one, post-paid, by the publishers, on receipt of price.

The Old Dominion Magazine.—We have received the March number of this excellent Virginia publication, and have been very much interested in reading the contents. We look upon this Magazine as one of the best and cheapest works of the kind published, and are pleased to know that its circulation is rapidly increasing in this and other Southern States. The "Tramps of Corse's Brigade" is continued in this number, as is also the serial of "Lurley;" besides which we have several interesting articles under the following titles: "Margaret Lynn," "The Boy Hero," "In Memoriam," "Extracts from a Frenchman's Diary," "Periodical Literature," "The Lugubrious Clown," "The Mother of Washington," "Only," "Valerie Aylmer," "Editorial Notes and Gleanings." The subscription price of the *Old Dominion* is only $1.50. Send in your name to the publisher, M. W. Hazlewood, 1117 Main street.

The most fascinating amusement in the world is roller-skating. Go to the Rink to-night and try it.

St. Patrick's Day.—Our Irish fellow-citizens are making preparations to celebrate St. Patrick's day in a becoming manner. They propose to have a parade during the day, and a grand ball at night at Assembly Hall on Eighth street. The committees appointed are actively at work, and from their known ability in such matters, we have no doubt that both the parade and ball will be gotten up in a style that will reflect credit on the sons of Erin's isle.

Executive Appointments.—The Governor to-day appointed two commissioners of deeds for distant States, to do business and reside as follows: Austin Gray, commissioner of deeds for Missouri, to reside in St. Louis, and Parker Crittenden, son of Col. Crittenden, lately killed in Oakland, California, by Laura Fair, of Lynchburg, Va., commissioner of deeds for California, to reside in San Francisco.

Dead Infant Found.—Yesterday morning the body of a colored infant, apparently about three days old, was found on a sand bank in the rear of Fulton Baptist church, Rocketts, where it had been partially buried. Nobody could tell anything likely to lead to the discovery of its mother, and Coroner Trent, after viewing the body, ordered it to be sent to Shockoe Hill burial ground for interment at the expense of the city.

Southern Planter and Farmer.—The March number of this valuable monthly has been laid on our table by the publishers. The contents embrace a number of original and contributed articles of value, besides a fine pho-lithograph of the county of Orange, by Jed Hotchkiss. No farmer should be without it.

Skating Rink open to-night at eight o'clock.

A First-Class Man Trap—the site of the late Spotswood hotel.—The owners should be required to put a railing up, else one of these nights that our gas man fixes for the moon to shine and it don't, somebody will get their neck broken.

Qualified.—W. G. Winne, Esq., of Virginia, was admitted to practice to-day in the Circuit Court of Richmond. Mr. W. was introduced to the court by Judge Alfred Morton, of the law firm of Chandler, Morton & Shields.

Skating at Assembly Hall to-night.

Old Dominion Granite Company.—The Secretary of the Commonwealth has received for record the copy of an act of incorporation granted the "Old Dominion Granite Company," by Judge Beverly R. Wellford, Jr., of the Circuit Court of the city of Richmond, on Saturday, March 4th, 1871. This act incorporates Paul P. Keller, Thos. W. Ackley, James A. Neall, and Thomas L. Ogden, into a company called the "Old Dominion Granite company," for the purpose of "owning, mining, working and operating a granite quarry, or any other mineral or minerals, on or in the lands of said company in Chesterfield county, Virginia, or elsewhere, and for selling or dealing in granite and such other minerals and for business connected therewith in all places in the United States."

The capital stock of the company is to be no less than $100,000 nor more than $500,000, divided into shares of $50 each. The company may acquire and hold real estate not exceding two thousand acres of land. Its chief office is to be in and its principal business to be transacted in the city of Richmond.

The following are the officers for the first year: Paul P. Keller, of Philadelphia, President; T. W. Ackley, T. L. Ogden, G. R. Haswell, of Philadelphia, and James A. Neall, of Virginia, Directors.

The company will commence operations in a short time with much success we hope. We hail with much pleasure any home enterprise.

Important Suit Decided.—In the Circuit Court of the City of Richmond, to-day, the following suit was decided, which, as involving material points, may be thus briefly stated: Instituted six years since, under the style of Edward H. Skinker, plaintiff, vs R. H. Maury & Co., defendants. The suit was brought upon a bill of exchange, drawn by the State Bank of South Carolina, on the Royal Bank of Liverpool, dated 18th March, 1862, for five hundred pounds sterling, and endorsed by B. M. Lee Cashier, R. H. Maury & Co., and E. H. Skinker. It was duly presented, and protested for non-payment 20th January, 1864. The court held that the plaintiff has not used due diligence in presenting said bill, and therefore gave judgment for defendants.

Dismissed.—T. H. Pollock was before United States Commissioner Hambrick this morning, on the charge of perjury, in having made a false schedule in the matter of T. H. Pollock, bankrupt. It appears that Pollock, who is a dealer in sheet music and musical instruments, has been acting as an agent for a party in New York, and in making his schedule in bankruptcy, left out a large amount of property which he claims was the property of the party for whom he was acting as agent. As the matter is in adjudication in the bankrupt court the Commissioner dismissed the case.

Portraits of Distinguished Men.—The authorities of the Virginia State Agricultural Society have deposited for safe-keeping in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, portraits of a number of distinguished Virginia agriculturists of the olden time, among whom are Brig. Gen. John H. Cocke, Fielding Lewis, and John Tyler, of Caroline. All of these men are known in history. The portraits are to be left for safe-keeping till called for.

Chancery Court—Judge E. H. Fitzhugh Presiding.—The following business was transacted to-day:

Small's administrator vs. Lumpkin's executor, &c—decree.

Doyle, Julia, &c., vs. Dougherty, &c—decree.

Stuart and wife vs. Dabney's administrator et als—report of Commissioner Hudnall under decree of December 6th, 1870, filed.

The Murder Case.—The witnesses in the case of John and Hugh Smith, charged with the murder of John Christie, in Dec[illegible] last, are being examined before Police[illegible] White. Up to the hour of our going to press only two witnesses were heard, but their evidence so far failed to elicit any new facts. Mr. George D. Wise appeared for the Commonwealth, and Mr. Jas. Dooley for the accused.

Sale of Whiskey.—Messrs. S. C. Tardy & Co. sold at their store, this morning, 800 barrels of whiskey. The new article (nine months) sold from $1.21@1.30 per gallon; that two years old, from $1 35@1.40 per gallon; 120 barrels superior old, for $1.70 per gallon.

The largest buyers were Brown, Pemberton & Co., and John M. Higgins.

Personal.—The following distinguished lawyers were in attendance in the Court of Appeals to-day, viz: Conway Robinson, Wood Bouldin, Jno. W. Gregory, Jno. S. Wise, A. Austin Smith, Alfred Jones, Judge Hunter Marshall, James C. Taylor, (Attorney-General,) Peachy R. Grattan, Henry Wickham, Gustace Gibson, and a full branch.

The Mechanics' Union will hold a regular monthly meeting this evening, at 8 o'clock, at Schott's Monticello Hall. This organization is now on a firm basis, and promises to be the means of great good to the mechanical classes. Every mechanic in good standing in the city should become a member of it.

Accident.—Yesterday afternoon, a colored man by the name of Thomas Jeter, employed in the foundry of Ettenger & Edmonds, on Cary, near Fifteenth street, had one of his hands severely injured by the falling of some heavy machinery. The wound was dressed by Dr. Riddell, and at last accounts Jeter was doing well.

The Grand Benefit by the Berger Family. On Tuesday next, the 14th, the Berger Family of Swiss Bell Ringers will give a grand benefit to the order of Knights of Pythias of this city. The order is making great preparations for the occasion, and tickets are going off with a rush.

Captain William English has been appointed chief marshal of the St. Patrick's celebration on the 17th instant, which bids fair to be a big thing.

The Sale of secured seats for grand benefit tendered the Order of Knights of Pythias, commenced at the book store of Messrs. West & Johnston this morning at 10 o'clock.

STRENGTH, PURITY, ECONOMY.—These three requisites are combined in DOOLEY'S well-known YEAST POWDER. As each ingredient entering into its composition is free from any deleterious or injurious substances, the PURITY and full STRENGTH of each article is guaranteed in the manufacture; and as one pound of DOOLEY'S YEAST POWDER will last a third longer in culinary department, than the vast majority of Baking Powders in market it proves conclusively that it is the most economical. Convenient to have in the house, and universally produces light and elegant food.

For sale by all Grocers.

PURITY VERSUS POISON.—There is as much difference between PHALON'S VITALIA OR SALVATION FOR THE HAIR, and the filth charged hair-darkners, as between the Pool of Bethesda, that an angel stirred, and a fever-breeding mud pond.—The VITALIA is a crystaline fluid, without a single impurity or noxious property, and the naturalness of the shades it imparts to grey hair is unequalled.

THURSTON'S IVORY PEARL TOOTH POWDER is strongly recommended as the best dentifrice known. It cleanses and preserves the teeth, hardens the gums, sweetens the breath; and, containing no acid or gritty substance, is perfectly harmless, and can be used daily with great advantage. Sold by all druggists. Price, 25 and 50 cents per bottle.

JOUVEN'S INODOROUS KID GLOVE CLEANER.—By its aid gloves can be quickly and repeatedly cleaned and made equal to new; even when badly soiled they can be readily restored. It is easy of application and is perfectly free from any odor. For sale by druggists and fancy goods dealers. Price, 25 cents a bottle.

THOMPSON'S POMADE OPTIME, as a dressing for the Hair is all that is required; purely vegetable and highly perfumed, it softens, improves and beautifies the Hair, strengthens the roots, and gives it a rich, glossy appearance. For sale by all druggists Price, 35 and 75 cents per bottle.

Rates of Advertising.

Advertisements will be inserted in the EVENING JOURNAL at the following rates:

One square, one insertion	$ 75
One square, two insertion	1 25
One square, three insertions	1 75
One square, six insertions	3 00
One square, twelve insertions	5 00
One square, one month	10 00
One square, two months	15 00
One square, three months	

For quarterly and yearly Advertisers special arrangements will be made.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Washington News.

Washington, March 9.—A most decided sensation has been produced in republican quarters over a vote in the Republican Senatorial caucus committee, deposing Mr. Sumner as chairman of the committee on foreign relations. The pretence for it was stated to be that Mr. Sumner was not on good official or personal terms with the President, or the Secretary of the State, thus rendering it impossible for the administration to communicate in confidence with the organ of the most important committee in the Senate.

The President has appointed Judge Aldize, of Vermont, ex-Senator Howell, of Iowa, and Orange Ferriss, of New York, commissioners to examine the claims of Southern people for quartermaster and commissary stores, and other claims, under the provisions of the new army bill authorizing the appointment of a board for that purpose. The secretary and stenographer of the commission are not yet appointed.

It is stated if the present session of Congress does not extend into April the President will make a trip to the Pacific coast, to be gone several weeks. He will then return here and remain till warm weather, and then depart for his summer residence at Long Branch.

The internal revenue receipts are averaging about a quarter of a million dollars a day.

Fighting in Cuba.

Havana, March 9.—In the late engagements near Mayari it is reported the insurgents cut off two companies of the battallion under Reno. The Spanish defeat was overwhelming. A captain, two lieutenants and three ensigns were killed.

The criminals sentenced to a number of years' confinement here have been pardoned on condition of joining the mobilized guerillas. Of those taken from the Havana jail, nine deserted on the first day.

An engagement which lasted two hours took place at Quemada, fifteen miles from Santiago de Cuba, on the 27th February. The field remained in the hands of the Spanish troops. The insurgents,