Evening State Journal.

EDWARD DANIELS,
EDITOR AND MANAGER.

No 912½ Main Street, Richmond, Va

Official Paper for the Government.

SATURDAY EVE'G, MARCH. 18, 1871.

THE STATE JOURNAL has been designated as the official paper of the government in the State of Virginia, and has accepted. By this selection it is entitled to publish all laws, resolutions and treaties of the United States, and all official notices pertaining to the general government in Virginia.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—EASTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA,

RICHMOND, March 14, 1871.

An order this day received from Ed. McPherson, Clerk of the House of Representatives, substitutes the STATE JOURNAL of Richmond, in place of the PRESS of Lynchburg, as a paper designated in pursuance of an act of Congress for the publication of treaties, laws of the United States Congress, and notices and advertisements ordered by the Court.

All officers of this Court will take notice of the said order and act accordingly.

[Signed] JOHN C. UNDERWOOD,
District Judge for the Eastern District of Va.

A true copy—Teste,
[Signed] E. J. UNDERWOOD,
District Clerk.

TREATMENT OF INEBRIATES.—A number of Ohio journals are urging the enactment of a law which shall have for its object the prevention of drunkards from squandering their property, and to protect their families from their violence—an act which we trust may succeed in every State in the Union. The Cincinnati *Gazette*, in recommending it, says of the habitual inebriate that, whether he is capable or incapable, the propriety of taking him into custody is all the same. If capable, it is wrong to leave him at large and in the control of property and family. He should be taken and put under treatment to restore him to his right mind. Meanwhile, says the *Gazette*, a guardian should be appointed over his property, and if capable, the drunkard should be held responsible, and, therefore, should be taken into custody as a penalty. In this way a powerful moral influence would be brought to bear upon his sanity and his habits.

In concluding, the *Gazette* says: "We urge this as a reformatory measure for the inebriate, and as a protection to his family. This is a saving process. Suits for damages against the seller may succeed in punishing him, but they are no adequate remedy to the family, because the case cannot be made till the damages have accrued either by the death of the drunkard or by his abandoned habits. But this consciousness that there is a provision for placing him in a lunatic asylum for treatment will create a powerful influence to brace up the inebriate's moral nature, and to enable him to resist the easy indulgence which now offers temptation and no adequate penalty. Or if it does not brace up his moral nature to the sticking point, and if he be really incapable of resisting, the asylum is the fit place for him, and it is a great wrong to leave him free."

BY the election of three Democratic Congressmen in New Hampshire, the Republican majority in the House of Representatives has been decreased from thirty-five to thirty-two. There are thirteen vacancies in the House, four of which will be filled on the 3d of April by the election in Connecticut, and three more in September by the election in California. The other vacancies are from the States of Texas, Michigan and Illinois. The first named will have to elect an entirely new delegation of three members, and as there is no law by which it can be done until November, 1872, the present Legislature will have to provide for a special election. Next fall Michigan and Illinois will elect successors at the same time to Messrs. Ferry and Logan, promoted to the Senate. Leaving out of the count the contested seats, it is not probable that the relative strength of the two parties in Congress will be at all changed before the expiration of the Forty-second Congress.

THE Southern nepspapers say that for weeks past nearly every boat arriving at New Orleans from up river has come loaded down with cotton. Over a million bales have already been received in that city, and thousands of bales are still daily arriving. From all quarters of the cotton-growing regions of the valley of the Mississippi come reports that there are quantities of cotton awaiting shipment, and there are still miles of acres which are white with the unpicked staple. What is here said of New Orleans is also reported, to a good extent, of Savannah, Mobile, and in a less degree of Charleston, Galveston and other Southern ports.

THE news from Mississippi is to the effect that Governor Alcorn has decided to come to the United States Senate, and, therefore, the Legislature on the 15th inst. adopted a resolution that it was inexpedient to take any further action on the election of United States senator, thereby indefinitely postponing the resolution to go into an election, adopted sometime ago, when it was thought Governor Alcorn would decline.

THE returns from New Hampshire show that there has been no choice for Governor in that State, Mr. Weston, the Democratic candidate, having failed to receive a majority of the votes cast. The complexion of the Legislature is still in doubt, although the indications are that it will be Democratic. The choice for Congressmen as first stated—three Democrats.

The French Republic has now been recognized by all European States with the exception of Greece, whose recognition is shortly expected.

THE Wilmington (N. C.) *Journal*, (Democrat,) says Judge Russell has issued a proclamation of outlawry against "nine young gentlemen in Robeson county." These "young gentlemen" went out with the sheriff to arrest parties accused of crime. They left a dead colored man in the woods. That was all the "young gentlemen" did.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE "PAIN KILLER."

The PAIN KILLER is by universal consent allowed to have won for itself a reputation unsurpassed in the history of medical preparations. Its instantaneous effect in the eradication and extinction Pain in all its various forms incident to the human family, and the unsolicited written and verbal testimony of the masses in its favor, have been, and ar its own best advertisements.

The ingredients of the PAIN KILLER, being purely VEGETABLE, render it a perfectly safe and efficacious remedy taken internally, as well as for external applications, when used according to directions. The stain upon linen from its use is readily removed by washing with alcohol.

This Medicine, justly celebrated for the cure of so many of the afflictions incident to the human family, has now been before the public over THIRTY YEARS, and has found its way into almost every corner of the world; and wherever it has been used, the same opinion is expressed of its medical properties.

In any attack, where prompt action upon the system is required, the Pain Killer is invaluable. Its almost instantaneous effect in Relieving Pain is truly wonderful; and when used according to directions, is true to its name, a PAIN KILLER.

See printed directions, which accompany each bottle.

Price 25 cts., 50 cts. and $1.00 per bottle.

Sold by all Druggists.

mh 1—d&w1m

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NOTICE TO RETAILERS, HOTELS AND PRIVATE FAMILIES.

We have added to our extensive Stock of choice TEAS, a large invoice of

FRESH NEW-CROP TEAS,

only forty-five days in transit from Canton, via Union Pacific Railroad.

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COFFEE ROASTED daily for Grocers and hotels.

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DYED AND CLEANED,
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LIVERY, SALE,
HACK AND EXCHANGE STABLES.
No. 716 Main Street, between Seventh and Eighth
de 21—ts WM. M. LEDLEY

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

95—Involuntary.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, for the District of Virginia.

In the matter of Fisher, Matthews & Roberts vs. John L. Cox, bankrupt—in bankruptcy.

To Whom it May Concern:—The undersigned, T. H. Brooke, of Caroline county, Va., hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of John L. Cox, of Henrico county, in said district, who was, on the 1st day of Dec., 1870, adjudged a bankrupt on his creditors' petition by the District Court of said district.

Dated Milford, Va., January 20, 1871.
ja 20—F3w T. H. BROOKE, Assignee.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES for the District of Virginia.

In the matter of P. D. Shepherd, bankrupt—in bankruptcy.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

The undersigned, W. C. Morgan, of Berryville, Clarke co'y, Va., hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of P. D. Shepherd, of Clarke county, in said district, who has heretofore been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

Dated December 9th, 1870.
de 10—S3w W. C. MORGAN, Assignee.

4131

IN the District Court of the United States for the District of Virginia.

In the matter of John Mosby, bankrupt—in bankruptcy.

To whom it May Concern:—The undersigned, Everett W. Early, of Charlottesville, Albemerle county, Va., hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of John Mosby, of Mechum's River, Albemarle county, Virginia, in said district, who was, on the 12th day of January, 1871, adjudged a bankrupt on his owa petition by the District court of said district.

Dated at Charlottesville, Va., Feb. 7, 1871.
EVERETT W. EARLY.
fe 13—M3w Assignee.

IN the District Court of the United States for the District of Virginia.

In the matter of Giles N. Thompson, bankrupt—in bankruptcy.

To Whom it May Concern:—The undersigned, J. P. Barksdale, of Patrick co., Virginia, hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Giles N. Thompson, of Franklin county, Virginia, in said district, who has heretofore been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition by the District court of said district.

ja 18—W3w J. P. BARKSDALE, Assignee.

3052.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, for the District of Virginia.

In the matter of R. K. Chandler, Bankrupt—in Bankruptcy.

District of Virginia, ss:

Notice is hereby given that a last general meeting of the creditors of the said R. K. Chandler bankrupt, for the purpose of declaring a dividend, will be held at Richmond, at the office of W. W. Forbes, Register in Bankruptcy, in said district, on Thursday, the 23d day of February, 1871, at 10 o'clock A. M., in accordance with the provisions of the 27th and 28th sections of the Bankruptcy Act of March 2nd, 1867.

Dated at Rutherglen, the 2d day of February, 1871
fe 2—2t R. A. RICKS, Assignee.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES for the District of Virginia.

In the matter of Jos. A. Peck, Bankrupt—in Bankruptcy.

To Whom it May Concern:—The undersigned, P. W. Strother, of Giles county, Va., hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Jos. A. Peck, of Giles county, in said district, who has heretofore been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition by the District Court of said district.

Dated December 9th, 1870.
de 10 S3w P. W. STROTHER, Assignee.

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BOOK AND PAMPHLET PRINTING EXECUTED at THIS OFFICE

Apportionment of Representation in the General Assembly.

MINORITY REPORT OF SENATOR R. G. GREENE

SENATE CHAMBER,
RICHMOND, VA., 11th March, 1871.

The undersigned the minority of the Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections, beg leave to submit the following report:

The bill heretofore introduced by a majority of the Committee, being House bill No. 234 entitled, "a bill to distribute and apportion representation in the General Assembly of Virginia" is, in my judgment, in plain violation of the 13th Section of the 5th Article of the Constitution of this Commonwealth, which, among other things, requires that the State shall be divided into representative districts of contiguous, counties cities and towns being compact in form, and including, **"as nearly as may be an equal number of population."**

The districts as provided for by the bill referred to, are not compact nor have they, as near as may be, an equal number of inhabitants. A common ratio of population to representation is not preserved. But on the contrary, in some of the districts, as provided for, the inhabitants thereof, are given three times as large a representation as the same number of inhabitants in another district are entitled to. Nor is this gross inequality unavoidable or necessary.

But such apportionments are abitrary, unjust, and plainly made with reference to the party politics of such inhabitants. And in proof of the foregoing statement attention is invited to the following illustrations:

Spottsylvania county, having a population of 11,729, has two delegates, being one for each 5,864 inhabitants; while Norfolk county, having a population of 16,889, has but one delegate, being one to 16,889 inhabitants, or about one-third of the ratio of the representation granted in Spottsylvania county.

The Democratic candidate for State Senate, Hon. Charles Herndon, received at the last election 1,385 votes in Spottsylvania county, while his opponent, the Republican candidate, received only 839 votes. Hon. George Teamoh, the Republican candidate for State Senator at the same election received in Norfolk county, *2,527 votes, while the Democratic candidate received only * 1,458 votes.

The county of Bland, having a population of 4,002 inhabitants, is given one delegate, while Charlotte county, having a population of 14,513, is given only one delegate. The Hon. James M. French, the Democratic candidate for State Senator, received in the last election in Bland county, 346 votes, while the Republican candidate received only 26 votes. The Hon. J. W. D. Bland, the Republican candidate for the State Senate, received in Charlotte county, 1,664 votes, while the Democratic candidate received 1,113 votes.

The county of Greene, having a population of 4,634, is given one delegate, while the county of Prince Edward, having a population of 12,067, is given only one delegate. The Hon. R. S. Beasley, the Democratic candidate for State senator, received in Greene county at the last election 577 votes, while his opponent, the Republican candidate, received only 120 votes. The Hon. J. W. D. Bland, the Republican candidate for State senator, at the last election received in Prince Edward county 1434 votes, while his Democratic opponent received but 915 votes.

The county of Giles, having a population of 5664, is allowed one delegate, while the county of Goochland, having a population of 10,314, is given only one delegate. At the last election Hon. Edmund Pendleton, Democratic State senator, received in Giles county 567 votes, while his Republican opponent received only 124 votes. At the last election Hon. W. P. Moseley, Republican State senator, received 1,385 votes in Goochland county, while his Democratic competitor received only 829 votes.

The county of Warren, having a population of 5,721, is given one delegate, while the city of Portsmouth, having a population of 10,592, is given but one delegate. The Hon. John E. Rollen, Democratic State senator, received at the last election in Warren county 401 votes, while his Republican competitor received 170 votes. The Hon. George Teamoh, at the same election, received in Portsmouth city *1,000 votes, while his Democratic opponent received *700 votes.

Clarke county, having a population of 6,670, is given one delegate, while the county of Henry, having a population of 12,824, has but one delegate.—The Hon. W. D. Smith, Democratic senator, received in Clarke county at the last election 677 votes, while his Republican competitor received only 455 votes. The Republican candidate for State senator received at the last election in the county of Henry 943 votes, while the Hon. James Patterson, his Democratic competitor, received 505 votes.

Middlesex county, having a population of 4,931, is given one delegate, while Dinwiddie, having a population of 11,767, is given but one delegate. Hon Wm. K. Perrin, Democratic State senator, received at the last election in Middlesex county 476 votes, while his Republican competitor received 451 votes. Hon. David G. Carr, Republican senator, received at the last election 1,533 votes in the county of Dinwiddie, while his Democratic competitor received 826 votes.

Northumberland county, having a population of 6,865, is given one delegate, while Brunswick county, having a population of 13,427, has only one delegate. Hon. Merriwether Lewis, Democratic senator, at the last election received in Northumberland county 702 votes, while his Republican opponent received 521 votes. Hon. Wm. P. Austin, Republican State senator, received at the last election in Brunswick county 1,668 votes, while his Democratic opponent received 925 votes.

King George county, having a population of 5,743, is given one delegate, while York and James City counties together, having a population of 11,622, is given only one delegate. Hon. Merriwether Lewis, Democratic senator, received at the last election from King George county 546 votes, while his Republican opponent received 516 votes. The Republican candidates for State senators received at the same election from the counties of York and James City 1,196 votes, while their Democratic opponents received 881 votes.

Mathews county, having a population of 6,205, is given one delegate, while Buckingham, having a population of 13,371, has but one delegate. Hon. W. K. Perrin, Democratic State senator, received at the last election in Mathews county 669 votes, while his Republican opponent received 356 votes. Hon. Frank Moss, Republican State senator, received in Buckingham county at the last election 1,414 votes, while his Democratic opponent received 1,196 votes.

We find, then, that the twenty districts referred to above, give the following results when aggregated:

The ten Republican districts containing a population of 126,826 souls are given ten delegates, while the ten Democratic districts having a population of only 62,214 souls are given eleven delegates! It is believed that the annals of partizan legislation no where exhibit a case of unjust and partizan discrimination so monstrous as this! It defies a parallel; and is as subversive of the Constitution as of the liberties of the people. If this unjust discrimination was not designed, culpable and criminal, it is so careless, inconsiderate and otherwise monstrous that it ought not to receive the support of any body of patriotic or intelligent men.

It is true that a critical examination of the bill referred to, will show that in a very few instances, a like unjust discrimination has been made against the inhabitants of Democratic counties.

For example: Montgomery county, with a population of 12,564, is given but one delegate; while Stafford county, with a population of 6,421, is given one delegate. Such cases, however, only show that the purpose to deny the people of a just representation, was so fixed and determined that it would not halt, although it became necessary occasionally to outrage the rights of political friends.

It is also true that in some cases a like unjust discrimination is made in favor of a Republican county. But the instances are rare. For example: Lancaster county, having a population of 5,356, is given one delegate, while the Democratic county of Lee, having a population of 15,269, is given only one delegate, which can only be accounted for by supposing that the authors of the apportionment were so blinded as to overlook in their mad zeal such powerful constituencies as that of Lee. Their zeal outran their discretion.

Again, this apportionment divides the delegates as follows: Democrats, 94; Republicans, 38. That is, although the Democratic party had a majority at the last State election of 18,000, on a total vote of 220,000, they are given more than two-thirds and nearly three-fourths of the whole representation.

Again: In Republican counties, taking the whole State at large, it requires one-tenth more population to secure a delegate, than it does in Democratic counties.

But perhaps the most startling exhibit of this remarkable bill is found by comparing fifty counties which are entitled to one delegate each, and arranging them according to population without regard to politics, we have this result: Twenty-five of these counties have a population of 307,864, while the other twenty-five counties have an aggregate population of 171,141, and yet they have the same number of delegates.

The Senatorial apportionment of the bill reported by the majority of the committee has the same unjust discriminations. For instance: The Democratic districts, composed of the counties of Lee, Wise and Buchanan, with a population of 21,843, is given one Senator, while the Republican district composed of the counties of Chesterfield, Amelia and Cumberland, is entitled to only one Senator for 36,558 inhabitants.

Richmond city and the county of Henrico form a Democratic district of 65,276 inhabitants, and is given three Senators, or one for each 22,002 inhabitants, while the Republican counties of Charlotte and Mecklenburg, are put together to form one district with a population of 35,357 inhabitants, and given only one Senator.

The Democratic county of Campbell, with a population of only 21,559 inhabitants, is given one Senator, while the counties of Buckingham, Appomattox, and Prince Edward, are put together so as to form a Republican district with 31,230 inhabitants, and given only one Senator.

Now aggregating the six Senatorial districts given above, and we find the following result:

The three Democratic districts containing a population of 109,678 souls are given five Senators, while the three Republican districts with a population of 106,745 souls are allowed only three Senators, nearly an equal number of population, but grossly unequal in Senatorial representation; or in other works, it takes 35,581 Republicans to entitle the inhabitants of the districts named to a Senator, while it only takes 21,935 Democrats to entitle the inhabitants to a Senator.

Another remarkable feature of the Senatorial apportionment in the bill referred to, is, that by an arbitrary act of the General Assembly there will be forced upon the people of certain counties, representatives in the Senate, in the election of whom they had no voice whatever.

Section 3d of article 5th of the constitution provides that Senators elected in districts bearing odd numbers shall vacate their offices at the end of two years, and those elected in districts bearing even numbers at the end of four years. But the bill prepared by the majority of the committee, places certain counties, whose Senators go out of office this year, into districts with certain other counties where Senators reside who will hold over under the constitution. By this means the voters of the following counties will be deprived of their constitutional right to elect their Senators: Buckingham, Appomattox, Mecklenburg, New Kent, Highland and Giles.

Again: By the bill referred to, the district composed of the counties of Buckingham, Appomattox and Prince Edward will be deprived altogether of representation in the Senate from the close of this session of the General Assembly until the election to be held on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday in November, 1873.

And again: The counties of Chesterfield and Amelia each have a Senator that holds over under the constitution. Yet both are put into one district, that is to be entitled to only one Senator.

The undersigned feels it to be his duty to enter his protest against the manner in which this bill comes before the Senate. It is reported from a majority of the committee without having received that consideration which its great importance demands. It was presented to the Committee on Privileges and Elections for the first time, in printed form, by the chairman at a meeting of the committee held last Thursday morning. After a few slight verbal amendments, and without the bill even having been read in committee, a motion was submitted and carried that the bill be reported.

The undersigned asked for further time to carefully examine the bill, so that if he did not agree with the report about to be made, he might prepare a minority report, so as to have it go before the Senate at the same time with the majority report, but it was refused. He was told he could present a minority report afterwards.

On the submission of the majority report to the Senate, attempts were made to push the bill through on the day of, and the day succeeding its presentation without giving Senators time for a careful examination of the bill. It looks very much like an attempt to smuggle the monstrous thing through this body without giving its members time to investigate its iniquitous details. And certainly giving no time for this very imperfect analysis of the bill, which the undersigned felt constrained to give as a part of his minority report.

For the reasons given, the undersigned earnestly recommends that the Senate do not pass the apportionment bill reported by the majority of the committee on Privileges and Elections.

He would recommend the adoption of the apportionment as given in the present Constitution of this Commonwealth.

This may not in all particulars be as just an apportionment as might be made under the new enumeration; but it is as good as any that is likely to be prepared at this late day in our session. The people have become accustomed to it, and no great hardships will be felt. It is infinitely more just and equitable than that proposed by a majority of the committee.

In conclusion, the undersigned would report the accompanying bill.

Very respectfully, R. G. GREENE.

*Estimated.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

GRAND LODGE.

W. H. Wade, Grand Chancellor; Lingan B. Allen, Vice Grand Chancellor; H. C. G. Hartman, G. R. and C. S.; J. B. Vaughan, G. Banker. Representatives to the Supreme Lodge—W. H. Wade, D. W. Bohanon, William J. Tyson.

SUBORDINATE LODGES.

Virginia Lodge, No. 2, meets every Monday night in Pythian Hall. W. V. Glazebrook, W. C.

Old Dominion Lodge, No. 4, meets every Tuesday night in Pythian Hall. C. E. Wingo, W. C.; C. W. Macfarlane, R. S.

Syracuse Lodge, No. 5, meets every Friday night in Marshall block. J. McCarthy, W. C.; Dr. Jenifer Garnett, R. S.

Damon Lodge, No. 7, meets every Friday night, at Mason's hall, Twenty fifth street. G. Watt Taylor, W. C.; T. Wiley Davis, R. S.

Marshall Lodge, No. 12, meets every Thursday night, at their hall corner Second and Broad streets. Charles Epps, W. C.

Richmond Lodge, No. 42, meets every Thursday night in Pythian Hall. M. P. Handy, W. C.; J. P. Wood, R. S.

Germania Lodge, No. 15, meets every Tuesday night in Marshall block. Charles Ducker, W. C.; Charles E. Lohr, R. S.

Hines Lodge, No. 17, meets every Wednesday night in Pythian Hall. W. C. Carrington, W. C.; W. J. Riddick, R. S.

Friendship Lodge, No. 20, (Manchester), meets in Engine House every Thursday night. E. S. Cardoza, W. C.; W. R. Gary, R. S.

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The extensive use of these watches for the last fifteen years by Railway Conductors, Engineers and Expressmen, the most exacting of watch-wearers, has thoroughly demonstrated the strength, steadiness, durability and accuracy of the Waltham Watch. To satisfy that class in all these respects, is to decide the question as to the real value of these time-keepers.

More than 500,000 of these watches are now speaking for themselves in the pockets of the people—a proof and a guarantee of their superiority over all others.

The superior organization and great extent of the Company's Works at Waltham, enables them to produce watches at a price which renders competition futile, and those who buy any other watch merely pay from 25 to 50 per cent. more for their watches than is necessary.

These time-pieces combine every improvement that a long experience has proved of real practical use. Having had the refusal of nearly every invention in watch-making originating in this country or in Europe, only those were finally adopted which severe testing by the most skilfull artisans in our works, and long use on the part of the public, demonstrated to be essential to correct and enduring time-keeping.

Among the many improvements we would particularize:

The invention and use of a centre pinion of peculiar construction, to prevent damage to the train by the breakage of main-springs, is original with the American Watch Company, who, having had the refusal of all contrivances, adopted Fogg's patent pinion as being the best and faultless.

Hardened and tempered hair-springs, now universally admitted by Watchmakers to be the best, are used in all grades of Waltham Watches.

All Waltham Watches have dust proof caps, protecting the movement from dust, and lessening the necessity of the frequent cleaning necessary in other watches.

Our new patent stem-winder, or keyless watch is already a decided success, and a great improvement on any stem-winding watch in the American market, and by far the cheapest watch of its quality now offered to the public. To those living in portions of the United States where watchmakers do not abound, watches with the above mentioned improvements which tend to ensure accuracy, cleanliness, durability and convenience, must prove invaluable.

The trade-marks of the various styles made by the Company are as follows:

AMERICAN WATCH CO., Waltham, Mass.
AMN. WATCH CO., Waltham, Mass.
AMERICAN WATCH CO., Crescent street, Waltham, Mass.
APPLETON, TRACY & CO., Waltham, Mass.
AMERICAN WATCH CO., Adams St., Waltham, Mass.
WALTHAM WATCH CO., Waltham, Mass.
P. S. BARTLETT, Waltham, Mass.
WM. ELLERY, Waltham, Mass.
HOME WATCH CO., Boston, Mass.

Examine the spelling of these names carefully before buying. Any variation even of a single letter, indicates a counterfeit.

For sale by all leading jewellers. No watches retailed by the Company.

An illustrated history of watch making, containing much useful information to watch-wearers, sent to any address on application.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
General Agents for American Watch Co.,
182 Broadway, New York.

FOR

HAND AND MACHINE SEWING.

J. & P. COATS'

BEST,

SIX-CORD IN ALL NUMBERS,

From No. 8 to No. 100 inclusive.

FOR SALE BY

ALL DEALERS IN DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

WASHINGTON, February 16, 1871.

SOLDIERS OF 1812—The bill to pension soldiers of the war of 1812 having become a law, I shall be ready to forward forms of application as soon as the necessary instructions are issued by the Department. Address for particulars

R. W. DOWNMAN, Agent,
No. 412 Seventh street.

DR. S. S. FITCH'S FAMILY PHYSICIAN; 90 pages; sent by mail free. Teaches how to cure all diseases of the person; skin, hair, eyes, complexion. Write to 714 Broadway, New York.

A GREAT OFFER.—HORACE WATERS, 481 Broadway, N. Y., will dispose of One Hundred PIANOS, MELODEONS, and ORGANS of six first-class makers, including Waters', at EXTREMELY LOW PRICES, FOR CASH, DURING THIS MONTH, or will take a part cash and balance in monthly or quarterly installments.

BLOOMINGTON (ILL.) NURSERY.

19th Year. 600 Acres. 13 Greenhouses. Largest Assortment—all sizes. Best Stock! Low Prices! Would you know What, When, How to Plant! Fruit, Shade, Evergreen Trees, Root Grafts, Seedlings, Osage Plants, Apple Seed, Early Rose Potatoes, Shrubs, Roses, Greenhouse and Garden Plants, &c., &c. FLOWER AND VEGETABLE SEEDS! Finest, Best Collection—Sorts and quality. Send 10 cents for New, Illustrated, Descriptive Catalogue—90 pages. Send stamp, each, for Catalogues of Seeds, with plain directions—64 pages; Bedding and Garden Plants—32 pages, and Wholesale Price List—24 pages. Address F. K. PHENIX, Bloomington, Illinois.

1826. USE THE "VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM," 1870.
The old standard remedy for Coughs, Colds, Consumption. "Nothing better."
CUTLER BROS. & CO., Boston.

PRACTICAL FRUIT PROPAGATORS; OR, HOW TO GROW IT. Improved Treble Tongue Mode.—Illustrated. Tells how to graft and cultivate your own trees; what stock to use; where to get cuttings, also grafted trees, of the most superb fruits in this country. By a Southern Nurseryman of 20 years' experience. Pamphlet form. Post-paid by mail on receipt of 50 cents by letter. JOHN DOLLINS, Albemarle Nurseries, Greenwood Depot, C. & O. R. R., Va.

FOR $2 PER LINE,
We will insert an advertisement
ONE MONTH
In Thirty-nine First class
VIRGINIA NEWSPAPERS,
Including Five Dailies.
We refer to the publisher of this paper, to whom our responsibility is well known.
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Advertising Agents,
Nos. 40 and 41 Park Row, New York.

EMPLOYMENT
For all classes, the year round, at home or abroad. Business light, easy, and profitable. We will send $1 to those not satisfied. Send 10 cts. and stamp for valuable samples and circular. Address MUTUAL EMPLOYMENT ASSOCIATION, F. R. Partridge, Treas'r, Augusta, Maine.

$5 TO $10 PER DAY.
MEN, WOMEN, BOYS and GIRLS who engage in our new business make from $5 to $10 per day in their own localities. Full particulars and instructions sent free by mail. Those in need of permanent, profitable work, should address at once,
GEORGE STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine.

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$30 SALARY PER WEEK, and expenses, to sell our new and useful discoveries. Address
B. SWEET & CO., Marshall, Mich.

EMPLOYMENT, BUSINESS FOR ALL.—Best Industrial 8 page Newspaper. 50 cents, per year. Send stamp for copy. PATENT STAR, Boston, Mass.

SADLER BRO., Manufacturers of Cheap Jewelry. Circular sent free. So. Attleboro, Mass.

XAVIER BOUKOO.
The leaves of the Barosma, or true Buchu plant, imported from South Africa. A packet of XAVIER BOUKOO, sufficient to make
A QUART OF EXTRACT BUCHU,
Forwarded free on receipt of
THIRTY CENTS
by mail. A sure way to obtain a pure article at one-third the cost. It is used and made, as required, like common tea, with or without sugar. The simplest and best way. A pleasant beverage. Great remedy for inflammation of Bladder and Kidney Diseases; Urinary Organs of each sex; Dropsy and Colds. F. MILBURN, 59 Cedar Street, New York, sole agent for the United States.

GREAT MEDICAL BOOK AND FRENCH SECRETS for Ladies and Gents. Sent free for 2 stamps. Dr. BONAPARTE & CO., Cincinnati, O.
mh 10

ASSIGNEE SALES.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE
OF
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE IN THE COUNTIES OF ROANOKE, FLOYD AND MONTGOMERY,
AT AUCTION.

Pursuant to an order of the District Court of the United States for the district of Virginia, made in the matter of Warfield Price, bankrupt, we shall, as assignees of said bankrupt, proceed to sell at the Court-House door of Roanoke county, Virginia, in the town of Salem, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 8TH DAY OF MARCH, 1871,

at public auction, to the highest bidder,

EIGHTEEN HUNDRED ACRES OF LAND,

lying in the counties of Floyd, Roanoke and Montgomery, belonging to the estate of said bankrupt most of which is quite valuable. Said land will be sold free of all liens and encumbrances.

TERMS—One-third of purchase money will be required to be paid in cash; residue in two equal instalments of six and twelve months, the purchaser giving bond, with good personal security, for the deferred payments, and the title retained until the purchase money is fully paid.

McKINSEY & BROWN, Assignees
Ja 23—2aw3w of Warfield Price, Bankrupt.

POSTPONEMENT.—The above sale is postponed until the 17th APRIL, 1871. fe 11—td

ASSIGNEE'S SALE
OF
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE IN THE COUNTY OF FRANKLIN, VIRGINIA,
AT AUCTION.

In compliance with a decree of the United States District Court, for the District of Virginia, made on the 13th day of January, 1871, in the matter of Walter C. Calloway, bankrupt, I shall, as assignee of said bankrupt, sell, at Franklin Court-House, on

SATURDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF APRIL, 1871,

at 12 o'clock M., the following described REAL ESTATE, surrendered by said Calloway, as part of his assets:

FIVE HUNDRED AND SIXTY-FIVE ACRES OF VALUABLE BOTTOM LAND

on Black Water river, in the county of Franklin, six miles west of Franklin Court-House.

The above will be sold intact and free from all liens and encumbrances whatsoever.

TERMS—One-third cash; the balance on a credit of six and twelve months, the purchaser to give notes, with ample security, for the deferred payments, the title to be retained until the whole purchase money shall have been paid.

JNO. P. BARKSDALE, Assignee
of Walter C. Calloway.
Traylorsville, Henry county, Va., March 16, 1871.
mh 17—2aw3w

ASSIGNEE'S SALE
OF
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE IN THE COUNTY OF FRANKLIN, VIRGINIA,
AT AUCTION.

In pursuance of an order of